# \* MAGIA ADAMICA: The Antiquitie of Magic, The Descent thereof from Adım

downwards, proved.

Wheleunto is added a perfect, and full Discoverie of the true Cælam Terra, or the Magician's Heavenly . Chaos, and first Matter of all Things.

By Eugenius Philalethes.

·Εγω δε τι βελομαι; καταμαθείν τίωρυσιν, κ rairn emedz. Epict. in Enchirid.

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Tomy Learned, and much Respected friend, Mr. MATHEW HARBERT.

SIR



Know are not *Great*, there's a bet*ter title*, you are Good.

might have fix'd this Piece to a Pinnacle, made the Dedication high: but to what purpose? Greatness is a Thing I cannot admire

## The Epistle

admire inothers, because I de sire it not in my self. It is a proud Follie, a painted ceremonious Raunt. There is nothing Necessarie in it, for most men live without it, and I may not applie to that, which my Reason declines, as well as my Fortune. The Truth is, I know no use of Hoghens and Titulados, if they are in an bumor to give, I am no Beggar to receive. I look not any thing

## Dedicatorie.

thing Sir, but what the Learned are inrich'd withall, fudgement, and Candor. You are a true friend to Both, and to my third self. This Discourse shuffl'd up for your spare-boures, for it was born in a Vacation, when I did not so much labour, as play. I was indeed necesstated to some Levity, for my Adversarie proved so impotent, I might not draw out all my forces, because I  $A_{2}$ knew

The Epistle

knew not where to employ them. You have here a simple Bedlam corrected, and whipt for his mad Tricks.A certain Master of Arts of Cambridge, & a Poet in the Loll & Trot of Spencer.It is supposed he is in Love with his Fairie-Queen,& this hath made him a very Elf in Philosophie. He is indeed a scuvie, flabbie, fnotty-fnowted thing. Hee is troubl'd with a certain Splenetic 100 -

### Dedicatorie.

of the Mouth, his Readers cannot distinguish his Breath from his Breech. He is a new kind of Pythonist, speakes no man knows what, & his Bulls have much of his Belly. But I have studied a Cure answerable to his Disease, I have bin somwhat Corrosive, and in defiance to the old Phrase, I have wash'd a Moore clean. I have put his Hog-noddle

in pickle, & here I present him to the world, a Dish of Sous'd Non-sence. This is my Subject Sir, & now I must tell you, my Address to your self hath somthing of Duty in it. I had no sooner left Milke for Meat, but my first Learning came from you. Bee pleas'd to accept this small Acknowledgement from

From Heliopola

1630.

Tour Pupill, & Servant

E. P.

Some ten dayes after the Presse was delivered of my Adversarie's MAURO-MANGO.



TO
The most Excellently accomplished, my best of Friends,
Mr. Thomas Hanshaw.

SIR,



T was the Quare of Solomon, and it argued the Supremacie of his wisedom, What Eccle.2.3. was best for Man to

doe all the dayes of his Vanitie under the Sun? If I wish my selfe so Wise, as to know this great Af-A 2 faire The Epistle

faire of Life, it is because you are fit to manage it. I will not advise you to pleasures, to build Houses, and plant Vine-yards: to inlarge your private Possions, or to multiplie your Gold and Silver. These are old Errors, like Vitriol to the stone; So many false Receipts which Solomon hath tried before you, And behold all was vantie, and vexation of Spirit. I have sometimes seen Actions as various, as they were great, and my own ful-len Fate hath forc'd me to severall Courses of life, but I finde not one hitherto, which ends not in Surfets, or Satietie. Let us fansie a man as fortunate as this world can make him;

Dedicatorie.

him; What doth hee doe but move from Bed to Boord, and provide for the Circumstances of those two Scenes? To day hee eates and drinkes, then sleeps, that hee may doe the like to morrow. A great Happinesse! to live by cloying Repetitions, and fuch as have more of Necessity, than of a free pleasure. This is Idem per Idem, and what is held for Absurditie in Reason, can not by the same reason be the true perfection of Life. I deny not but Temporall blessings conduce to a Temporall Life, and by Consequence are pleasing to the Body, but if we consider the Soule, shee is all this while upon the wing!

Cap. 2. ver. 11.

## The Epistle

wing, like that Dove sent out of the Ark, seeking a place to rest: shee is busied in a restless Inquisiion, and though her Thoughts, for want of true Knowledge, differ not from Desires, yet they sufficiently prove she hath not found her San tisfaction. Shew me then but a practice wherein my Soule shall rest without any further Disquisition, for this is it, which Solomon calls Vexation of Spirit, and you shew mee, What is Best for Man to doe under the Sun. Surely, Sir, this is not the Philosophers stone, neither will I undertake to define it, but give me leave to speak to you in the Language of Zoreasten:

Quære

## Dedicatorie.

Quare Tu Anima Canalem. I have a better Considence in your Opinion of mee, than to tell you, I love you: and for my present Boldness, you must thank your self, you taught me this Familiaritie. I here trouble you with a short Discourse, the Brokage and weake Remembrances of my former, and more intire studies; It is no labour'd Peece, and indeed no fit Pre-Sent, but I beg your Acceptance as of a Caveat, that you may see, what unprofitable Affections you have Purchased. I propose it not for your Instruction, Nature hath already admitted you to her Schoole, and I would make you my Judge, not

my

The Epistle, &c.

my Pupill. If therefore amongst your serious and more deane Restirements, you can allow this Trifle but some few Minutes, and think them not lost, you will Perfect my Ambition. You will place mee Sir, at my full Height, and though it were like that of Statious, amongst Gods and Stars, I shall quickly find the Earth again, and with the least Opportunitie present my self

Sir,

Your most humble Servant,

E.P.



On the Author's Viulication, and Replie to the scurvie, scribling, scoolding Alazonomastix

Could not have hit to thy Advantage so.

what he styles Ignorance, is Depth in Sense;

He thinks there is no skill, but Common Fense.

Had Bacon liv'd in this unknowing Age,

And seen Experience laugh'd at on the Stage,

What Tempess would have risen in his Bloud

To side an Art, which Nature hath made Good?

Do'st think that Knowledge comes to thee Imate, As Preaching on a sudden to thy Pate? No fure; thou art a fimpler Erother; fie! I must Allarum thee with Hue and Cry. What art? from whence? a Presbyterian furc, An Academic Ratt, holy and pure. But for thy Soule ( and Plato tells thee fo) Thou haft spail'd that, and plaister'd Plato too. Just like I. T. thy Poet, who doth lend Thee fansies in cleveland from end to end, And not one righ: apply d; you doe mistake The Stagyrit's Philosophie, and make His Logic Magicall, what is unknown Is Conjuration, frothic, and high-flown. If Arguments arise, you Arcight grow hourse, Thou know it nor what belongs to Topic Courfe. Shall thou and I to Disputation come Practic or Theorie, for the Totall funme?

Whata

What ? is't not lawfull for my ( learned ) friend T'improve his Reason to his greatest end? Or shall wee envie him, 'cause hee hath more Of Nature's favours let upon his Score? Tell mee in earnest do'st thou think 'tis sit To believe all that Aristotle writ? Though he was blinded, yet Experience can Sever the clouds, and make a Clearer man. If Digbie once but view thy rayling Ucine, Hee'l think th'art Atoms, not yet form'd to braine; Then to the Pot thou go'ft : Oh there's the Loffe! There's no Elixir in Thee, th'art all Droffe. Then fing another Song, thou that controules Our Metempsychofis of Bodi'ed Soules: Yet Platonist thou are, but canst not tell Where these mysterious spirits have their Cell. Thus Ambrofe flung dark Perfius on the ground, A' blind Contempt! because he was profound. Look neerer man, can'st not distinguish yet Betwixt the highest, and the lowest wir. When Cynthia to the watrie Tethis hies Wee know not there what Treasures she espies, What Margarits in Chrystall streames; she sends Onely to us her Influence, and lends A kind, large Light. But thou poore, trapt Rattoon! Like Scythian Dogs, do'ft bark against the Moon. Great, rare Engenius! doe not thou delay Thy Course, because his Dirt lyes in thy way. Stain thy white skin for once, and bee thou not Surpris'd like Ermins, by the dawbing Plot. Mount to thy full Meridian, let thy Star Star Create a Rubric to our Calendar, And wee will offer Anthems to thy shrine So long as Date can give a Name to Time.

P.B. A.M.Oxonienf.



## To the Reader.



Ell-fare the Dodechedron! I have examined the Nativitie of this Book by a Cast of Constellated Bones, and Deuz Ace tels me this Pa-

was comanded into Exile, and the Lady Lie was seated in her Throne. To performe the Tenor of this Sentence, Truth went from amongst Men, but she went all alone, poore and naked. She had not travail'd very far, when standing on a high mountain, she perceived a great Train to passe by: In the middest of it was a Chariot atrended with Kings,

B Princes

Princes and Governors, and in that a stately Donna, who like some Queen regent, commanded the rest of the Company. Poor Truth, shee stood still whiles this pompous Squadron past by, but when the Chariot came over against her, the Lady Lie who was there feated, took notice of her, and causing her Pageants to stay, commanded her to come neerer. Here she was scornfully examined, whence she came? whither she would goe? and what about? To these Questions she answered as the Custome of Truth is, very simply and plainly: Whereupon the Lady Lie commands her to wait upon her, and that in the Reare, and Tayle of all her Troop, for that was the known place of stotel and his Lady Lie, think not thy Truth. Thanks then not to the stars, but to the Configurations of the Dice! lips of poor Truth. It is not my Intenthey have acquainted mee with my future fortunes, and what præferment my Book is like to attain to. I am for my part contented, though the Consideration

#### To the Reader.

ration of this durty Reare be very nauseous, and able to spoile a stronger stomach than mine. It hath been faid of old, Non el Planta veritatis super terram, Trueth is an herb, that grows not here below: and can I expect that these few seeds, which I scatter thus in the storm and tempest, should thrive to their full eares, and Harvest? But Reader, let it not trouble thee to see the Truth come thus behind, it may be there is more of a Chase in it, than of Attendance, and her Condition not altogether so bad, as her Station. If thou art one of those, who draw up to the Chariot, pause here a little in the Reare, and before thou dost addresse thy self to Ari-Courtship lost, if thou doest kisse the tion to jest with thee, in what I shall write, wherefore read thou with a good Faith, what I will tell thee with a good Conscience. God, when hee first made

B 2

Man

Man, planted in him a spirit of that Capacitie, that he might know All, adding thereto a most fervent Desire to know, lest that Capacitie should be useless. This Truth is evident in the Posteritie of Man: For little Children before ever they can speak, will stare upon any thing, that is strange to them; they will crie, and are restless till they get it into their hands, that they may feele it, and look upon it, that is to fay, that they may know what it is in some Degree, and according to their Capacitie. Now some ignorant Nurse will! think they doe all this, out of a defire to play with what they see, but they themselves tell us the Contrarie; For when they are past Infants, and begin to make use of Language, if any New thing appeares, they will not desire to play with it, but they will ask you, what it is? for they defire to know; and this is plain out of their Actions; for if you put any Rattle into their bands, they

#### To the Reader.

they will view it, and studie it for some short Time, and when they can know no more, then they will play with it. It is well known, that if you hold a candle neer to a little Child, hee will (if you prævent him not) put his finger into the flame, for hee defires to know what it is, that shines so bright; but there is something more than all this, for even these Infants desire to improve their Knowledge. Thus when they look upon any thing, if the fight informes them not fufficiently, they will, if they can, get it into their hands, that they may feel it: but if the touch also dorn not satisfie, they will put it into their Mouthes to taste it, as if they would examine Things by more senses than one. Now this Desire to know is born with them, and it is the Best, and most mysterious part of their Nature. It is to be observed, that when men come to their full Age, and are serious in their Disquisitions, they are ashamed to Erre, B 3 because

because it is the proprietie of their Mature, to Know. Thus wee see that a Philosopher being taken at a fault in his Discourse, will blush, as if he had committed something unworthy of himself, and truly the very Sense of this Disgrace prevailes to farre with some, they had rather persist in their Error, and defend it against the Truth, than acknowledge their Infirmities; in which respect I make no Question but many Peripatetics are perversly ignorant. It may bee they will scarcely hear, what I fpeak, or if they hear, they will not understand: howsoever I advise them not wilfully to prevent, and hinder that glorious end and perfection, for which the very Author, and Father of Nature created them. It is a terrible thing to præser Aristotel to Aelohim, and condemn the Truth of God, to justifie the Opinions of Man. Now for my part I dare not be so irreligious, as to think God so vain, and improvident in his workes

#### To the Reader.

workes, that he should plant in Man a Desire to know, and yet deny him Knowledge it self. This in plain termes were togive me Eyes, and afterwards shutt mee up in Darkness, lest I should see with those eyes. This earnest Longing, and busie Inquisition wherein Mentyre themselves to attain to the Truth, made a certain Master of Truth speak in this fashion. Ergo liquido apparet in hac Mundi structura, quam cernimus, aliquam triumphare Veritatem; qua toties rationem nostram commovet, agitat, implicat, explicat; toties inquietam, toties insomnem miris modis sollicitat, non fortuitis, aut aliunde adventitiis, sed suis & propriis, & originariis Natur & Illicibus; que omnia cum non siunt frustra, utig, contingit, ut Veritatem Eorum que sunt, aliquo tandem opportuno tempore amplexemur. It is clear therefore (faith he) that in this Fabric of the world, which we behold, there is some Truth that rules; which Truth so often

often stirrs up, puzzles, and helps our Reason; so often sollicites her when shee is restless, so often when shee is watchfull, and this by strange meanes, not casual and adventitious, but by genuine provocations and pleasures of nature; All which Motions being not to no purpose, it falls out at last that in fome good time wee attain to the true Knowledge of those things that are. But because I would not have you build your Philosophie on Coralls and whistles, which are the Objetts of little Children, of whom we have spoken formerly, I will speak som what of those Elements, in whose Contemplation a Man ought to employ himself, and this Difcourse may serve as a Preface to our whole Philosophie. Man according to Trismegistus hath but two Elements in his power, namely Earth and Water: To which Dollrine I adde this, and I have it from a Greater than Hermes, That God hath made Man absolute

Lord

#### To the Reader.

Lord of the first Matter, and from the first matter, and the Dispensation thereof, all the fortunes of man both good and bad doe proceed. According to the Rule, and Measure of this Substance all the world are rich or poore, and hee that knows it truly, and withall the true use thereof, he can make his fortunes constant, but hee that knowes it not though his Estate be never so great, stands on a slipperie Foundation. Look about thee then, and consider how thou art compassed with infinite Treasures. and miracles, but thou art so blind, thou doest not see them: nay, thou art so mad, thou doest think there is no use to be made of them, for thou doest believe that Knowledge is a meere Peripateticall Chatt, and that the Fruits of it are not works, but words. If this were true, I would never advise thee to spend one Minute of thy life upon Learning, I would first be one of those should ruine all Libraries and Vniversities in the world, which God forbid, any good Christian

Christian should desire. Look up then to Heaven, and when thou feest the Cælestiall fires move in their swift and glorious Circles, think also there are here below some cold Natures, which they over-look, and about which they move incessantly to heat, and concost them. Consider again, that the Middle spirit, I mean the Ayre, is interpos'd as a Refrigeratorie, to temper and qualifie that Heat, which otherwise might be too violent. If thou doest descend lower, and fix thy Thoughts where thy feet are that thy wings may be like those of Mercurie, at thy Heeles; thou wilt find the Earth surrounded with the water, and that water heated, and stirr'd by the Sun and his starrs, abstracts from the Earth the pure, subtil, saltish parts, by which means the water is thickened, and coagulated as with a Rennet: out of these two Nature generates all things. Gold and Silver, Pearles and Diamonds are nothing els but water, and falt of the

#### To the Reader.

the Earth concolled. Behold! I have in a few words discovered unto thee the whole system of Nature, and her Royal High-way of Generation. It is thy Duty now to improve the Truth, and in my Booke thou mayst, if thou art wise, find thy Advantages. The foure Elements are the Objects, and implicitly the Subjeds of Man, but the Earth is invisible. I know the common Man will stare at this, and judge me not very fober, when I affirme the Earth, which of all substances is most groß and palpable, to be invisible. But on my soule it is so, and which is more, the Eye of Man never san the Earth, nor can it be seen without Art. To make this Element visible, is the greatest secret in Magic, for it is a miraculous Nature, and of all others the most holy, according to that Computation of Trismegistus, Calum, Æther, Aer, & sacratissima Terra. As for this Fæculent, gross Body upon which we malk, it is a Compost, and no Earth.

Earth, but it hath Earth in it, and even that also is not our Magicall Earth. In a word all the Elements are visible but one, namely the Earth, and when thou hast attained to so much perfection, as to know why God hath placed the Earth in Obscondito, thou halt an Excellent Figure whereby to know God himself, and how he is visible, how invisible. Hermes affirmeth, that in the Beginning the Earth was a Quakemire, or quivering kind of Jelly, it being nothing els but mater congealed by the Incubation, and heat of the Divine spirit; Cam adhuc (sayth hee) Terra tremula esset, Lucente sole compasta est. When as yet the Earth was a quivering, shaking substance, the Sun afterwards shining upon ir, did compast it, or make it Solid. The same Author introduceth God, speaking to the Earth, and impregnating her with all forts of feeds in these words; Cumq; manus aque validus implesset rebus, qua in Naturâ.

#### To the Reader.

turà, Ambienteq; erant, & pugnos valide constringens; Sume (inquit) ô Sacra Terra, qua Genitrix omnium es futura, ne ulla re egena videares; & manus quales oportet Deum habere, expandens, demisit Omnia ad rerum Constitutionem necessaria. When God (faith he) had filled his powerfull hands with those things which are in Nature, and in that which compasseth Nature, then shutting them close again, hee said; Receive from me O holy Earth! that art ordained to be the Mother of all, lest thou shouldst want any thing; when presently opening such hands as it becomes a God to have, hee powr'd down All that was Necessary to the Constitution of things. Now the meaning of it is this; The Holy Spirit moving upon the Chaos, which Astion some Divines compare to the Incubation of a Hen upon her Eggs, did together with his Heat communicat other manifold Influences to the Matter; For as wee

weeknow the Sun doth not onely difpense heat, but som other fecret Influx; so did God also in the Creation, and from him the Sun and all the starrs received what they have, for God himself is a supernaturall Sun, or sire, according to that Oracle of Zoroaster,

Factor, Qui per se operans fabrefecit Mundum, Quadam ignis Moles erat altera.

Hee did therefore hatch the Matter, and bring out the fecret esences, as a Chick is brought out of the shell, whence that other Position of the same Zoroaster,

Omnia sub uno I gne genita esse.

Neither did he onely generat em then, but he also preserves them now, with a perpetuall effux of heat and spirit; Hence hee is styl'd in the Oracles.

Pater Hominumq, Deumq; Affatim animans Ionem, Lucem, Æthera, Mundos.

This

To the Reader.

This is Advertisement enough: And now Reader, I must tell thee, I have met with some late Attempts on my two former Discourses, but truth is Proof, and I am so far from being overcome, that I am no where understood. When I first ey'd the Libell, and its Addresse to Philalethes, I judg d the Author serious, and that his Design was not to abuse mee, but to informe Himselfe. This Conceit quickly vanish'd, for perusing his forepart, his Eares shot out of his skin, and presented him a perfest Asse. His Observations are one continued Kdag, and the Oyster-VV hores read the same Philosophie every day. 'Tis a Scurril, senselese Piece, and as he well stiles himself, a Chip of a Block-head.

His qualities indeed are transcendent abroad, but they are peers at home; his Malice is equall to his Ignorance. I laugh'd to see the sooles disease: A flux of Gale, which made him still at

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the Chops, whiles another held the Presse for him like Porphyries Bason to Aristotles Well. There is somthing in him prodigious: his Excrements run the wrong way, for his mouth stooles, and hee is so farr from man, that hee is the Aggravation to a Beaft, These are his parts, and for his person, I turn him over to the Dog-whippers, that hee may be well lash'd, a posteriori, and bear the Errata of his front imprinted in his Rere. I cannot yet find a fitter punishment: For since his Head could learn nothing but Nonsense, by sequel of parts, his Tayle should be taught some sense.

This is all, at this time, and for my present Discourse, I wish it the common fortune of Truth and Honestie, to deserve well, and hear ill. As for Applause, I fish not so much in the Agre, as to catch it. It is a kind of Popularitie, which makes mee scorn

#### To the Reader.

it, for I defie the Noyse of the Rout, because they observe not the Truth, but the success of it. I doe therefore commit this peece to the world, without any protestion but its own worth, and the Assimat of that Soule that understands it. For the Rest, as I cannot force, so I will not beg their Approbation. I would not bee great by Imposts, nor rich by Briefes. They may be what they will, and I shall be what I am.

Eugen.Phila;

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Ma-



## Magia Adamica:

The Antiquitie of Magic, &c.

Cælum Terræ, &c.

Hat I should professe Magic in this Discourse, and Justifie the Professors of it withall, is Impictie with Many, but Religion with Mcc It is a Confcience I have learnt from Authors greater than my Self, and

Scriptures greater than Both. Magic is nothing els but the Wisdom of the Creator revealed and planted in the Creature. It is a Name (as Agrippa faith ) ipsi Evangelio non ingratum, not Distallefull to the very Gospel it self. Magicians were the first Attendants our Saviour met withall in this world, and the onely Philoso.

phers, who acknowledged Him in the Flesh before that hee himself discovered it. I find God Conversant with Them, as Hee was formerly with the Patriarchs; He directs Them in their Travails with a Star, as hee did the Ifraelites with a Pillar of Fire; Hee informes Them of future Dangers in their Dreams, that having first seen his Son, they might in the next place tee his Salvation. This makes me believe They were Filii Prophetarum, as well as Filii Artis; Men that were acquainted with the very same Mysteries, by which the Prophets acted before them. To reconcile this Science, and the Masters of it to the world, is an Attempt more plausible, than possible, the prejudice being so great, that neither Reason, nor Authoritie can ballance it. If I were to persuade a Jew to my Principles, I could do it with two words מרו חם the Hachamim, or Wisemen have spoken it. Give him but the Authoritie of his Fathers, and presently hee submits to the Seale. Verily our Primitive Galileans (I mean those Christians whose Lamps burnt neer the Crosse, and Funerall) were most Compendious in their Initiations. A Proselyt in those dayes was confirmed with a simple riedoor, Believe, and no more. Nay, the folemnitie of this short Induction was fuch, that Julian made it the Topic to his Apostasie; isser was niedow, you have (faia

The Antiquitie of Magic. (sayd he) nothing more than your Crede, to c-Rablish your Religion. Such was the simplicitie of thole first Times, dum calebat cruor Christi, whiles his wounds were as yet in their Eyes, and his bloud warm at their Hearts. But Alas! those holy Drops are frozen, our Salvation is translated from the Crosse to the Rack, and dismembred in the Inquisition-house of Aristotle. Bee not angrie O Peripatetic! for what els shall I call thy Schooles, where by severall Sects and Factious Scripture is so seriously murthered Pro & Con! A spleen first bred, and afterwards promoted by Disputes, whole damnable Divisions and Distinctions have mine'd one Trueth into a Thousand hareticall whimzies. But the Breach is not considered: Divinitiestill is but Chaff, if it be not sifted by the Engine, if it acts not by the Dimonstrative Hobby-horse. Thus Zeale poyloned with Logie breathes out Contentious Calentures, and Faith quitting her wings and Perspective, leans on the Reed of a Syllogism. Certainly I cannot yet conceive, how Reason may judge those Principles, Quorum Verstas pendet à sola Revelantis authoritate, whose Certaintie wholly depends on God, and by Consequence is indemonstrable without the Spirit of God. But if I should grant that, which I will ever deny: Verily, a True Faith consists not in Reason, 4

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but in Love; for I receive my Principles, and believe Them being received Solo erga Revelantem amore; onely out of my Affection to Him that reveales them.

Thus our Saviour would have the Jowes to believe Him first for his own fake, and when that fayled for His Workes fake; But some Divines believe onely for Aristotle's fake, if Logic renders the Tenet probable, then it is Creed, if not 'tis Alcoran. Nevertheless Aristotle himself, who was first Pedlar to this ware, and may for Sophistrie take place of Ignatius in his own (a) That Conclave, hath left us this Concession: Emotiois, We say my west or sion obex to respect, That Reason is subnot onely ject to Error, as well as Opinion. And Philopomus expounding these words of his, (a) Non Principle solum scientiam, sed & Frincipium Scientia esse aliquod du imus, Quo Terminos cognosci-Science to mu, hath this excellent and Christian obser-Vation. 'Apple the imediate view relangue, it vor hunt-खा मांग्रेश ते जित्ती दर्भ एक है। मेहाबिंद : 'Opus की प्रवा vostad, में जित्ति हैं। तेन we under- I aking indecu (taith hee) the mind, to bee the Aund the Principle, or first Cause of Knowledge, not our Termess own, but that of God, which is above us : but taking the Termes to be Intellectual, and Divine Formes. Thus according to Aristotle (if you trust the Comment) the Divine mind is the first Cause of Knowledge: for if this Mind once un-

folds himself, and sheds his light upon us, wee

The Antiquitie of Magic. shall apprehend the Intellectuall Formes, or Types of all things that are within him. These Formes hee very properly calls 'Opes, because they terminat, or end all Things: For by them the Creature is defined, and hath his Individuation, or to speak with Scotus, his Hacceitie, by which he is This, and not That. This now is the Demonstration we should look after, namely the Expansion, or opening of the Divine Mind, not a Syllogism, that runns perhaps on all Foure. If once wee be admitted to this Communion of Light, wee shall be able with the Apostle to give a Reason for our Faith, but never without it. Now you are to understand that God unfolds not himself, nisi magno Calo priùs patefacto, unlesse the Heaven of Man bee first unfolded. Amovete ergo velamen Intel- C. Agrip. lettus vestri, Cast of the veile that is before your faces, and you shall bee no more blind. God is not God a far off, but God at hand. Behold (faith he) I stand at the Doore, and knock : Open your selves then, for it is written, If any man opens, I will come in, and Sup with Him. This is the inward Mufticall, not the outward Typicall Supper, and this is the Spirituall Baptism with Fire, not that Elemental one with water. Trucky I am much comforted, when I confider two Things; First, that Ma-

gic did afford the first Professors of Christianity,

whole

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whose Knowledge and Devotion brought them from the East to Jerusalem. Secondly, that this Art should suffer as Religion doth, and for the very same Reason. The main Motives, which have occasion'd the present Rents, and Divisions of the Church, are the Ceremonies and Types used in it. For without Controvcisie the Apostles instituted, and left behind them certaine Elements or Signes, as Water, Oile, Salt and Lights, by which they signified unto us some great, and reverend Mysteries. But our Reformers mistaking these things for superstitious, turn'd them all out of Doores. But verily it was ill done: for if the shadno of Saint Peter healed, shall not these shadowes of Christ doe much more? The Papist on the contrary knowing not the signification of these Types, did place a certain Inharent holiness in them, & so fell into a very dangerous Idolatrie. I omit many Things which he invented of his own, as Images, Holy Lambes, and Reliques, adding these dead Bones to the Primitive, and beauteous Bodie of the Church. Now to draw up the Paralell: The Magicians, they also instituted certain Signes, as the Clavis to their Art, and these were the same with the former, Namely Water, Oile, Salt and Light, by which they tacitly discovered unto us their Three Principles, and the Light of Nature, which fills and actuats

The Antiquitie of Magic. actuats all Things. The common Man perufing their Books, but not their Sense, took Candles, Common Water, Oile, and Salt, and began to Consecrat, and exorcile them, to make up his daninable and Devilish Magic. The Magicians had a Maxim amongst themselves, Quod nulla vox operatur in Magià, nisi prius Dei voce formetur, That no word is efficacious in Magic, unless it be first animated with the word of God. Hence in their Books there was frequent mention made of Verbum, and Sermo, which the Common Man interpreting to his own Fansie, invented his Charmes, and Vocabula, by which he promifed to do wonders. The Magicians in their writings did talk much of Triangles and Circles, by which they intimated unto us their more secret Triplicitie, with the Rotation of Nature from the Beginning of her Week, to her Sabaoth. By this Cricle allo, or Rotation they affirmed that Spirits might be bound, meaning that the Soul might be united to the Body. Presently upon this the Common Man fanfied his Triangles and characters, with many strange Cobwebs or Figures, and a Circle to Conjure in; but knowing not what Spirit that was, which the Magicians did bind, he laboured, and fludied to bind the Devill. Now if thou wilt question mee, who these Magicians were? I must tell thee, They were Kings,

Kings, they were Priests, they were Prophets: Men that were acquainted with the Substantial, Spiritual Mysteries of Religion, and did deal, or dispense the outward Typicall part of it to the People. Here then wee may fee how Magic came to be out of Request; For the Lawyers and Common Divines, who knew not these Secrets, perusing the Ceremonial, Superstitious Trash of some Scriblers, who prætended to Magic, præscribed against the Art it self as Impious, and Antichristian, so that it was a Capital sin to professe it, and the Punishment no lesse than Death. In the Interim those few who were Masters of the Science, observing the first Monitories of it, buried all in a deep Silence. But God having suffered his Truth to be obscured for a great time, did at last stirr up for resolute, and active spirits, who putting the Pen to Paper, expell'd this Cloud, and in some measure discover'd the Light. The Leaders of this brave Body, were Cornelius Agrippa, Libanius Gallus, the Philosopher, Johannes Tritemius, Georgius Venetus, Johannes Renelin, called in the Greek Capnion, with severall others in their severall Dayes. And after all These as an Vsher to the Traine, and one borne out of due time, Eugenius Philalethes.

Seeing then I have publickly undertaken a Province, which I might have governed privatly

vatly with much more Content and Advantage, I think it not enough to have discover'd the A. buses and misfortunes this Science hath suffered, unleis Iindeavour withall to demonstrate the Antiquitie of it. For certainly it is with eArts, as it is with Men, their Age and Continuance are good Arguments of their strength, and Integritie. Most apposit then was that Cheek of the Egyptian to Solon: O Solon, Solon! Vos Greci semper pueri estis, nullam habences antiquam Opinsonem, nullam Discop inam tempore canam; You Gracians (faid hee) are ever childish, having no Ancient opinion, no Ditcipline of any long standing. But as I contesse my self no Antiquarie, to I with tome Selden would fland in this Breach, and make it up with those Fragments, which are so neer Duft, that Time may put them in his Glass. I know for my own part, it is an Enterprise I cannot infficiently performe, but fince my hand is already in the Bag, I will draw out those few Pebbles I have, and thus I fling them at the Mark.

This Art, or rather this Mysterie is to bee considered severall wayes, and that because of its severall Subjects. The Primitive, Original Existence of it is in God himself: for it is nothing els but the practice, or operation of the Divine Spirit working in the matter, uniting

Principles

It is the constant Opinion of the Hebrewes, That before the Fall of Adam there was a more plentifull and large Communion between Heaven and Earth, God and the Elements, than there is now in our Days. But upon the Transgreffion of the first Man, Mileuth (lay the Cabalifts) was cut off from the Ilan, so that a Breach was made between both Worlds, and their Chanel of Influences discontinued. Now Malcuth is the Invisible, Archetypall Moone, by which our visible Calestiall Moone is governed, and imprægnated: And truly it may be that upon this Retreate of the Divine Light from Infe riors, those Spots and Darknes, which we now see, succeeded in the Body of this Planet, and not in her alone, but about the Sun also, as it hath been discovered by the Telescope. Thus (lay They) God to punish the Sin of Adam withdrew himself from the Creatures, so that they were not feasted with the same measure of Influences as formerly. For the Archetypall Moone which is placed in the שמים Hafchamaim, to receive, and convey downe the Influx

Principles into Compounds, and resolving those Compounds into their Principles. In this Sense wee seek not the Antiquity of it, for it is Atternal, being a Notion of the Divine Wisdome, and Existent before all Time, or the Creation of it. Secondly, we are to Consider it in a Derivative Sense, as it was imparted, and communicated to Man, and this properly was no Birth, or Beginning, but a Discoverie, or Revelation of the Art. From this Time of its Revelation, wee are to measure the Antiquity of it, where it shall be our Task to demonstrat upon what Motives God did reveale it, as also to whom, and when.

The Eye discovers not beyond that stage, wherein it is Conversant, but the Eare receives the Sound a great way off. To give an experience of Testimonie of Actions more Ancient than our selves, is a thing impossible for us, unlesse wee could look into that Glass, where all Occurrences may bee seen, Past, Present, and to Come. I must therefore build my Discourse on the Traditions of those Men, to whom the Word, both Written and Mysticall was intrusted, and these were the Jewes in Generall, but more particularly their Cabalists. It is not my Intention to rest on these Rabbins as Fundamentals, but I will justifie their Assertions out of

Scripture, and intertain my Reader with Proofes,

Influx of the six superior Invisible Planets, was (as the Jewes affirme) either separated from the Ilan, or her Broasts were to sealed up that she could not dispense her Milk to Inferiors in that happy and Primitive Abun. dance. But because I would not dwell long on this point, let us heare the Cabalist himself state it in a clear, and apposit phrase. Initio Creations Mundi Divina Cohabitatio erat descendens in Inferiora, & cum esset Divina Cohabitatio inferius, reporti sunt Cæli & Terrauniți, & crunt Fontes, & Canales activi in perfectione, & trabebantur à Superiore ad Inforius, & inveniebatur Deus complens supernè & Inferne. Venit Adam primus, & peccavit, & diruti sunt Descensus, & confracti sunt Canales, & desiit Aque-dustus, & cessiavit Divina Cohabitatio, & divisa est Societas. "That is: In the Beginning of the Creation of ,, the world God did descend, and cohabitat " with Things here below, and when the Di-" vine Habitation was here below, the Hea-, vens and the Earth were found to be uni-,, ted, and the Vital Springs and Chanels were ,, in their persection, and did flow from the ,, Superior to the Inferior World, and God "was found to fill all Things both Above, " and Beneath. Adam the first Man came, and ,, sinned, whereupon the Descents from above

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, were restrained, and their Chanels were bro-

, ken, and the Water-Course was no more, "and the Divine Cohabitation ceased, and the "Societie was divided. Thus far my Rabbi; Now because I have promised Scripture to my Cabalism, I will submit the Tradition to Mofes, and truly that Rabbi also is of my side, for thus I read in Genesis. And to Adam he said, Cap. 3. v. Because thou hast eaten of the Tree, whereof I 17. commanded Thee saying, Thou shalt not eate of it: Cursed is the Ground for thy sake, in sorrow shalt thou eate of it all the Dayes of thy Life, Thornes and Thistles shall it bring forth unto Thee, and Thou shalt eate the Herb of the Field. In the sweat of thy face shalt Thou eate Bread, untill thou returne unto the Ground, for out of it wast thou taken, for Dust Thou art, and to Dust shalt thou returne. This is the Curse, and Adam was so sensible of it, that he acquainted his posterity with it. For Lamech prophelying of his Son Noah, hath these words. This same shall comfort us, concerning our Cap. 5. vi work, and Toyle of our Hands, because of the 29. Ground, which the Lord hath cursed. And this indeed was accomplished in some sense after the Floud, as the same Scripture tells us. And Cap. 8.v.

the Lord said in his Heart, I will not Againe 25.

First.

curse the Ground any more for Mans sake.

Here now we are to consider two Things:

Porta Lueis.

First, The Curse it self, and next the Latitude of it. To manifelt the Nature of the Curfe, and what it was, you must know, that Good essentially is Light, and Evillis Darknes. The Evill properly is a Corruption that immediatly takes place upon the Removall of that which is Good. Thus God having removed his Candle-Stick and Light from the Elements, presently the Darknes and Cold of the Matter prævailed, so that the Earth was necret her first Deformitie, and by Consequence lesse fruitfull and Vitall. Heaven and Hell, that is Light and Darknes, are the two Extremes which Consummat Good and Evill. But there are fome mean Bleffings which are but, in ordine, or disposing to Heaven, which is their last perfestion, and such were these Blessings, which God recalled upon the Transgression of the first Man. Againe there are some Evills, which are but Degrees conducing to their last Extremitie, or Hell, and such was this Curse or Evill, which succeeded the Transgression. Thus our Saviour under these Notions of Blesfed and Cursed comprehends the Inhabitants of Light and Darknes: Come you Bleffed, and Goe you Curfed. In a word then, The Curfe was Nothing else but an Ast repealed, or a Restraint of those Blessings which God of his meer Goodnes, had formerly communicated to

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his Creatures: And thus I conceive there is a very faire and full Harmonie between Moses and the Cabalists. But to omit their Depositions, though great and high, we are not to leek in this point for the Testimonie of an Angel. For the Inter of Esdras, amongst his other Myslerious Instructions, hath also this Do-Cap. 7. Ctrine. When Adam transgressed my Statutes, V.11,12, then was that decreed, which now is done. Then were the Entrances of this World made Narrow, full of forrow, and Travell: They are but few and Evill, full of perils, and very painfull. But the Entrances of the Elder World, were wide and sure, and brought forth Immortal Fruit. Thus much for the Curse it self: Now for the Latitude of it, It is true that it was intended Chiefely for Man, who was the only Cause of it, but Extended to the Elements in Order to him, and for his fake. For if God had excluded him from Eden, and Continued the Earth in her Primitive Glories, he had but turned him out of one Paradise into Another, wherefore he fits the Dungeon to the Slave, and sends a Corruptible Man into a Corruptible World. But in Truth it was not Man, nor the Earth alone that suffered in this Curse, but all other Creatures also; For saith God to the Scrpent, Thou art Curfed above all Cattel, and above every Beast of the Field, so that Cattel

Cap. 8. v.

Cattel and Beasts also were cursed in some measure, but this Serpent above Them all. To this also agrees the Apostle in his Epistle to the Romans, where he hath these words. For the Creature was made subject to Vanitie, not willingly, but by Reason of him, who hath sub. jested the same in hope. Because the Creature it selfalso, shall be delivered from the Bondage of Corruption, into the Glorious Liberty of the Children of God. Here by the Creature he understands not Man, but the inferior species, which he distinguisheth from the Children of God, though he allows them both the fame Liberty. But this is more plaine out of the subsequent Texts, where he makes a clear Difference between Man, and the whole Creation. For we know (faith he) that the whole Creation groaneth, and travaileth together in paine untill now. And not only They, but our selves also, which have the first fruits of the spirst, even we our selves groane within our selves, waiting for the Adoption, to wit, the Redemption of our Body. Here we see the first Fruits of the Spirit, referred to Man, and why not some fecond subordinat fruits of it to the Creatures in General? for as they were cursed in the Fall of Man, for Man's sake, to it seems in his Restitution they shall be also bleffed for his sake. But of this enough. Let us now fumme up, and consider

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consider the feveral inconveniences our first Parent was Subject to, for they will be of some use with us hereafter. First of all, he was eje-Eted from the presence of God, and exposed to the Malice and Tentations of the Devill. He was altered from Good to Bad, from Incorruptible to Corruptible: In the Day (faith the Scripture, Thou eatest thereof, Thou shalt dye the Death. He was excluded from a glorious Paradyse, and confin'd to a base world, whose sickly infected Elements conspiring with his own Nature, did affilt and hasten that Death, which already began to reign in his Body. Heaven did mourn over him, The Earth, and all her Generations about him. He look'd upon himself as a Felon, and a Murtherer, being guilty of that Curse and Corruption, which disceeded in the world because of his fall, as wehave sufficiently proved out of the Mofaicall and Cabalificall Traditions. He was Ignorant, and therefore hopeles of Life aternal, and for this Temporal present Life, he was not acquainted with the Provisions of it. The Elements of Husbandrie were not as yet known, there was neither House nor Plow, nor any of those manuall Arts, which make up a worldly providence. He was exposed to the Violence of Rains and Winds, Frosts and Snows, and in a word deprived of all Comforts Spiritual,

and Natural. What should I say more? He was a meer Aranger in this World, could not distinguish Medicines from Poysons, neither was he skill'd in the ordinarie praparations of Meate and Drink. He had no Victuals ready to his hands, but the crude unseasoned Herbage of the Earth, so that he must either starve. or feed as Nebuchadnezar did, with the Beafts of the Field. He heard indeed sometimes of a Tree of Life in Eden, but the Vegetables of this world for ought he knew might be so many Trees of Death. I conclude therefore that he had some Instructor to initiat him in the wayes of Life, and to shew him the intricate and narrow paths of that wilderness. For without question his outward Miseries, and his immard Despaire were Mitives whereupon God did reveale a certaine Art unto Him, by which he might relieve his present Necessities, and imbrace a firme Hope of a future and glorious Restitution. For God having ordained a second aternal Adam, did by some mysterious Experience manifelt the possibilitie of his comming to the First, Who being now full of Despaire, and overcharged with the Guilt of his own sin was a very fit Patient for so Divine and mercifuil a Physician. But omitting our own Reasons, which we might produce to this purpose, let us repayre to the Cabalists, who

The Antiquitie of Magic. indeed are very high in the Point, and thus they deliver themselves, God (lay they) having made fast the Doores of his Paradyse, and turn'd out Adam, sometimes the Dearest of his Creatures, did notwithstanding the Present Punishment, retaine his former Affection towards him still. For God is said to love his Creatures, not that there is any thing lovely in Them without their (reator, but in that hee desires their perfection: That is to say he would have them Conformable to himself, and fitt to receive his Image or Similitude, which is a spiritual Impress of his Beauty. Now to restore this Similitude in Adam was impossible unlesse God should reassume that to himself which was now fallen from him. So transcendent, and almost incredible a Mercie had God treatur'd up in his fecret Well, being resolved to unite the Nature of Man to his Own, and to vindicat him from Death, by taking him into the Deitie, which is the true Fountain and Conter of Life. This Will (fay the Cabalists) was first revealed to the Angels, and that by God humself in these words; Ecce Adam sient unus Gen. cap. ex Nobis: Behold an Adem like one of us, knowing Good and Evill! This speech they call Orationem occultissimam à Creatore Mundi cum beatis Angelis in sue Divinitatis Penetralibus habitam; A most secret Conference

Magia Adamica, or

which God had with the bleffed Angels in the Inner-Chambers of Heaven. Now that the same Scripture should speak one thing in the Letter, and another in the Mysterie, is not strange to mee, how difficult soever it may feem to another. For verily this Text may not concern the first Adam, who knowing Evill by Committing it, could not be like God in respect of that Knowledge, which made him finfall, and altogether unlike him. For God (if I may so expresse it ) knows the Evill onely speculatively, in almuch as nothing can escape his Knowledge, and therefore is not guilty of Evill: For as Tritemius hath well observed, Scientis Mali non est Milum, sed Usus; The knowledge of Evill is not Evill, but the practice of it. It remains then, that this Speech concern'd the Second Adam, Christ Jesus, who knew the Evill, but did not commit it, and therefore was like one of us, that is like One of the Trinitie, knowing Good and Evill, and yet no way quiltie of the Evill. This primitive and Compendious Gospell was no sooner imparted to the Angels, but they became Ministers of it, the Law (as St. Paul faith) being ordained in their hands, till Christ should take it into his own and their Administration to Man took Beginning with this Oracle. Thus (fay the Cabalists) Ruziel the Angel was presently dispatch'd disparch'd to communicat the Intelligence to Adam, and to acquaint him with the Mysteries of both World, Eternall, and Temporall. For as he could not obtain the Bleffings of the Eternall World, unless by a true faith hee apprehended the Three Aternall Principles of it, fo neither could he fully injoy the benefits of this Temporall World, unless hee truly understood the Three Visible substances whereof it confifts. For there are Three above, and Three beneath, Three ( as St. John faith ) in Heaven, and Three on Earth; The Inferior bear witness of the Superior, and are their only Proper Receptacles. They are Signatures and Created Books, where wee may reade the Mysteries of the supernaturall Trinitie. But to proceed in our former Discourse: The Cabalifts doe not onely attribute a Guardian to Adam, but to every one of the Patriarchs, allowing Them their Prasidents and Tutors both to assist and infruct Them in their wearisome and worldly Peregrinations. A Dollrine in my Opinion not more Religious than Necessary, how Prodigious foever it may feem to fome Phantastic, infiped Theologicians. For Certainly it is impossible for us to find out Mylteries of our selves, wee must either have the Spirit of God, or the Instruction of his Ministers, whether they bec Men or Angels. And thus wee see out of the TradiTraditions and Dollrine of the Jewes, how their Cabala, and our Magic came first into the world. Ishall now examine the Scriptures, and consult with them: where (if I am not much mistaken) I shall find some Consequences, which must needs depend on these Principles, and thus I apply my self to the Task.

The first Harvest I read of, was that of Cain, and the first Flocks, those of Abel. A Shepheards life in those Early Dayes was no difficult Profession, it being an Imployment of more Care, than Art, but how the Earth was plow'd up before the sound of Tubal's Hammers, is a piece of Husbandrie unknown in these Dayes. Howsoever it was a Labour perform'd, and not without Retribution. Cain hath his Sheaves, as well as Abel his Lambs: both of them receive, and both acknowledge the Benefit. I find established in these Two a certain Priesthood, they attend both to the Altar, and the first Blond was shed by Sacrifice, the Second by Murther.

Now so dull am I, and so short of Syllogismes, those strange Pumps, and Hydragogues, which lave the I ruth ex Puteo, like Water, that all my Reason cannot make these Men Levits without Revelation. For I desire to know how came they first to Sacrifise, and by whom were they instrated? If you will say, by Adam:

The Question indeed is deferr'd, but not satisfied For I would know surther. In what Schoole was Adam instructed? Now that it was impossible for him to invent these Shadowes and Sacraments of himself, I will undertake to Demonstrate. and that by invincible Reason, which no Adversarie shall dare to contradict.

It is most certain that the Hope and Expe-Etation of Man in Matters of Sacrifices, confift in the Thing fignified, and not in the Signe it self. For the Material Corruptible shadow is nor the Object of Faith but the Spiritual, æternall Prototype, which answers to it, and makes the dead figure Effectual. The Sacrifices of the Old Testament, and the Elements of the New, can be no way acceptable with God, but inafnuch as they have a Relation to Christ Jesus, who is the great, perfect Sacrifice offered up once for all. It is plain then that Sacrifices were first instituted upon supernatural grounds, for in Nature there is no reason to be found, why God should be pleased with the Death of his Creatures. Nay the very Contrary is written in that Book, for Death both Natural and Violent proceeds not from the pleasure, but from the displeasure of the Creator. I know the learned Alkind builds the efficacie of Sacrifices on a Sympathie of parts with the great world; for there is in every Animal a portion

of the star-fire; which fire upon the Dissolution of the Compound is united to the General fire from whence it first came, and produceth a Sense, or Motion in the Limbus to which it is united. This indeed is true, but that Motion causeth no Joy there, and by Consequence no Reward to the Sacreficer: for I shall make it to appeare ellewhere that the Astral Mother doth mourn, and not rejoyce at the Death of her Civildren. Now if wee look back on these two first Sacrificers, we shall find Abel and his Oblation accepted, which could not be, had he not offerr'd it up as a Symbol, or Figure of his Saviour. To drive home my Argument then, I fay, that this knowledge of the Type, in whom all offerings were acceptable, could not bee obtained by any humane Industrie, but by fole Revelation. For the Passion of Christ Jesus was an Ordinance wrapt up in the secret will of God, and he that would know it, must of Necessitie bee of his Councell. Hence it is called in Scripture the Hidden Mysterie, for the Truth and Certainty of it, was not to bee received from any, but onely from him, who had both the Will, and the Power to ordain it. if you will tell mee (like the Author of the Pradicables) that men sacrifiled at first by the Instinct of Nature, and without any Respect to the Type, I shall indeed thank you for my

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mirth, when loever you give mee so just a Reafon to laugh. It remains then a most firme infallible Foundation that Adam was first infrutted concerning the Passion, and in order to that, he was taught further, to Sacrifife, and offer up the Blonds of Beasts as Types and Prodroms of the Bloud of Christ Jesus, the Altars of the Law being but steps to the Cross of the Gospell. Now if it be objected that severall Nations have facrifiled, who did not know God at all, much lets the Son of God, who is the Prototype and perfection of all Oblations: To this I answer, that the Custome of Sacrificing was communicated to Heathens by Tradition from the first Man; who having instructed his own Children, they also delivered it to their Posteritie, so that this Vizard of Religion remained, though the Substance and true Do-Etrine of it was lost. And thus in my Opinion it sufficiently appears, that the first men did sacrifile, not by Nature as Prophyrius that Encmie of our Religion would have it, but some by Revelation, others by Custome and Tradition. But now I think upon it, I have Scripture to confirme me concerning this Primitive Revelation, for Salomon numbring those feverall Blessings which the Divine Wisdome imparted to the Ancient Fathers, amongst the rest specifies her Indulgence to Adam. Shee praserved ( saith

Porphyr. & Sacrif.

(saith hee) the first formed Father of the world, that was created alone, and brought him out of his Fall. Here I find Adam in some measure restored, and how could that bee, but by discovering unto him the Great Restorative Christ Jesus, the second Adam in whom he was to believe? for without Faith he could not have been brought out of his Fall, and without Christ revealed, and preached unto him, hee could have no Faith, for hee knew not what to believe. It remaines then that hee was instru-Eted, for as in these last dayes wee are taught by the Son of God, and his Apostles; so in those first times they were taught by the Spirit of God, and his ministring Angels. These were their Tutors, for of them they heard the Word, and verily wee are told that faith comes by hearing.

It is now (as Ithink) sufficiently proved, that Adam had his Metaphysics from Above; our next Service (and perhaps somewhat difficult) is, to give some probable, if not Demonstrative reasons, that they came not alone, but had their Physics also to attend them. I know the Scriptures are not positive in this point, and hence the Selts will lug their Consequence of Reprobation. Truly for my part. I desire not their Hum but their patience: I have though against the Pracept for many years attended

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their Philosophie, and if they spend a sew hours on my Spermalogie it may cost them some part A&.17.18 of their Justice, but none of their Favours. But that we may come to the thing in hand; I hold it very Necessarie to distinguish Arts, for I have not yet teen any Author, who hath fully considered their difference. The Art I speak of is truly Physicall in Subject, Method, and Effeet But as for Arts publickly professed, and to the Disadvantage of Truth allowed, not one of them is so qualified: for they are meer Knacks and Bables of the Hand, or Braine, having no firm Fundam neals in Nature. These in my opinion Silmon numbers amongst his Vanities, when hee speakes in a certaine Ecclesiplace, That God had made man upright, but hee aft. 7.29. had sought out many Inventions. Of these Inventions we have a short Catalogue in Genesis, where Moses separates the Corn from the Chaff, the Works of God, from the Whymzies of Man. Thus wee read that Jubal was the Gen. 4. Father of such as dwell in Tents, his brother Jubal the father of all such as handle the Harp and Organ, and Tubal-Cain an Instructer of every Artificer in Braffe and Iron. What mifchiefes have succeeded this Brasse-and-Iron Cyclops. I need not tell you: if you know not the fates of former Times, you may studie the Actions of your owne, you live in an Age that

Coloff, 2.

De vanit.

Scient.

can instruct you. Verily, it is worth our observation that these Arts, and their tooles, proseeded not from the Posterity of Seth, in whole Line our Saviour Hands, for as wee shall make it appeare hereafter, questionlesse they had a better knowledge; But they proceeded from the Seed of Cain, who in Altion was a Murtherer, and in the Circumstance of it a fratricide.

To be short, there is no Vanity to the Vanitie of Sciences, I mean those Inventions, and their Professors, which produce nothing true and Natural, but Effetts either false, or in their Ends corrupt and Violent. But 'tis no Conquell to tread on Ruines, Cornelius Agrippa, hath already layd these Rodomontados in the Dirt, and that so handsomely, they were never since of a general Reputation. Give me an Art then, that is a perfect intire Map of the Creation, that can lead me directly to the Knowledge of the true God, by which I can discover those Universal invisible Essences which are subordinar to him; An Art that is no way subject to Evill, and by which I can attain to all the Secrets and Mysteries in Nature. This is the Art where. in the Physics of Adam, and the Patriarchs confilted, and that this Art was revealed to him, I will undertake to demonstrat by Scriptures, and the Practice of his Posteritie.

This Truth, I am certain, will feem difficult,

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if not incredible to most men, the Providence

of God being præjudic'd in this point, for they will not allow kim to instruct us in Naturall things, but onely in Supernaturals, such as may concerne our Souls, and their Salvation. for our Bodies he must not prascribe for their Necessities, by teaching us the true Physic, and discovering the Lawes of his Creation; for though he made Nature, yet hee may not tutorus in Natural Sciences: by no means, Aristotle and his Syllogism can doe it much better. Certainly this Opinion is nothing different from that of the Epicure, Deum ad Civili Cardines obambulare, & nulla tangi Mortalium curâ, That God takes the Aire I know not in what walkes, and Quarters of his Heaven, but thinks not of us Mortals, who are here under his feet. Questionlesse, a most eminent Impietie, to make God as Tertullian said of old, Oti- Apologic osum, & inexercitum Neminem in rebus Hu- advers manis, Anidle, unprofitable No body in this Gent. Cap World, having nothing to doe with our A- 24.

to trade onely with our immortal parts, not

with Corruptible bodies that have most need of

faires, as they are Natural, and Humane.

Sure these Men are afraid lest his Mercy should diminish his Majestie, they suffer him

his Assistance, they are base Subjects, which he hath turned over to Galen, and the Apotheca-

vies.

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ries. Not so my friend: he hath created Thyfic, and brings it out of the Earth, but the Galenist knowes it not; Hee it is, that pitties our afflictions, he is the good Samaritane that doth not pais by us in our miseries, but poures Oile and Wine into our wounds; This I know very well and I will prove it out of his own Mouth, Did not hee instruct Noah to build an Ark, to pitch it within and without, and this to fave life in a Time, when hee himselse was resolved to destroy it? In a time when the world was acquainted with no Mechanics, but a little Husbandrie, and a few Knacks of Tubal-(ain, and his brethren? But even those Inventions also proceeded from that light which hee planted in man: an Essence perpetually busie, and whose Ambition it is to performe wonders, yet hee seldome produceth any thing of his owne, but what is fantastic, and monstrous. Exod. 31. Did he not put his spirit in Bezaleel the son of Uri, and in Aboliab the son of Ahisamach? Did hee not teach them to devise cunning Workes, to work in Gold, in Silver, in Braffe, in Cutting of stones, in setting of them, in Carving of Timber, and in all manner of Workmanship? But to come necrer to our purpose: did hee not informe Moses in the Composition of the Oile, and the Perfume? Did hee not teach him the Symptoms of the Leprosie, and the

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3 I

Cure thereof? Did he not præscribe a Plaster of Figs for Hezekiah, and to use your owne Term, an Ophthalmic for Tobit? Did not Jefus Christ himself in the Dayes of his Flesh, work most of his Alracles on our bodies, though his great Cure was that of our Soules? Is hee not the same then to day as resterday? Nay was hee not the same from the Beginning? Did he care for our Bodies then, and doth he meglect them now? or being seated on the right hand of the Maj. stie on righ, is hee become les good, because more glorious? God forbid to think so were a sin in Superlatives. Let us then take him for our Prasident, for he is not (faith St. Paul) fuch an one which cannot Hebr. 4. beet uched with the feling of our Infirmities, 15. but hee is indeed one that looks to our present estate aswell as to our future, and is as sensible of our Insirmitie, as hee is Carefull of our Immortal tie. When hee was on Earth, with the Duft of that Earth hee made the Blind to John 9. see, and of meer Water he made Wine. These were the visible Elements of his Physic, or rather ( so the Notion doth not offend you ) of his Magic. But shall I shew you his Librarie, and in that his Three-fold Philosophie? Obferve then first, and censure afterwards. Have Salt in your selves, and again, you are the salt of the Earth, and in a third place, salt is good.

V.25.

This is his mineral Doctrine, will you know his Vegetable? It is in two little Books, 2 Mustard-seed, and a Lillie. Lastly, he hath his Animal Magic, and truly that's a Scrowle Scal'd Joh. c2p.2 up, I know not who may open it. Hee needed not that any (hould be are witnesse of man, for he knew what was in man. And what of all this Blasphemic sayes some splenetic Sophister? Behold I will instruct thee. First of all have Salt in thyself, for it will season thy soule that is infected, and praserve thy Braines that are putrified with the Dirt of Aristotle. In the second place learn what the Salt of the Earth is, to which the Disciples are compared, and that by a regular, folid speculation. Thirdly come up to Experience, and by a Physicall legitimat practice know in what sense Salt is most good. Fourthly, examine the Lilies by Fire, and the Water of Fire, that thou mayst see their miraculous invisible Treasures, and wherein that speech of Truth is verified, I hat Salomon in all his Royaltie was not cloathed like one of them. If thou wilt attempt a higher Magic, thou mayst being first seasoned, but in this place it is not my deligne to lead Thee to it. Animal and Vigetable Mysteries thou canst never perfeetly obtain without the Knowledge of the first mineral secret, namely the Salt of the Earth, which is Salt and no Salt, and the Praparation

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paration thereof. This Discourse I consesse, is somewhat remote from that I first intended, namely that Philosophic was revealed to Adam, as well as Divinitie, but some Pates are Blocks in their own wayes, and as I told you formerly, will not believe that God dispenseth with any Naturall fecrets; This made mee produce these sew Instances out of Scripture, as Praparatives to the Proposition it self, and if hee be any thing ingenious, to the Reader. His Compliance to my Principles I expect not, nay I am so far from it, hee may suspend his Charitie. Let him bee as rigid as Justice can make him, for I wish not to pravaile in any thing but the Truth, and in the Name of

Truth, thus I begin.

You have been told formerly, that Cain and Abel were instructed in Matters of Sacrifice by their father Adam, but Cain having murthered his brother Abel, his Priesthood descended to Seth, and this is confirm'd by those Faculties which attended his Posteritie, for Enoch, Lamech, and Noah, were (all of them) Prophets. It troubles you perhaps that I attribute a Priesthood to Abel but I have besides his own practice, Christs Testimonie for it, who accounts the Bloud of Abel amongst that of Luke cap. the persecuted Prophets and Wisemen. Now & Math. to conclude that these men had no Knowledge 23.35.

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in Philosophie, because the Seripture doth not mention any use they made of it, is an Argument that denies fomething, but proves nothing. To shew the vanitie of this Inference, I will give you an Example out of Moses himself. Weeknow very well there are no Prophecies of Abraham extant, neither doe wee read any where, that ever hee did Prophesie, but notwithstanding he was a Prophet. For God reproving Abimelech King of Gerar, who had taken Sarah from him, supposing she had been his Sister, hath these words; Now therefore restore Genel. 20 . the Man his Wife, for hee is a Prophet, and hee shall pray for thee, and thou shalt live. Hence wee may learn, that the holy Ghost doth not alwayes mention the fecret perfections of the Soul, in the public Character of the Person. Truly I should not be so impudent, as to expect your assent to this Dollrine, if the Scriptures were filent in every Text, if I did not find there some infallible steps of Magic, such as may lead me without a Lanthorn to the Archives of the Art it self. I know the Troup, and Tumult of other Affaires are both the Many, and the Maine in the Historie of Moles. But in the whole Current, I meet with some Alts which may not be numbred amongst the fortunes of the Patriarchs, but are performances extraordinarie, and speak their Causes not ConsThe Antiquitie of Magic. 35

mon. I have ever admir'd that Discipline of Eliezer the steward of Abraham, who when Genes.24. he prayed at the Well in Mesopotamia, could 11 12. make his Camels also kneele. I must not believe there was any Hocas in this, or that the spirit of Banks, may be the spirit of Prayer. Jacob makes a Covenant with Laban, that all the spotted and brown Cattell in his Flocks should be affigued to him for his wages. The Bargain is no sooner made, but he finds an Art to Multiplie his own Colours, and lends his Father-in-law almost a Woolgathering, And Jacob took him Rods of green Poplar, and of the Hasel, Gen. 30. & Che snut-tree, & pilled white strakes in them, 37. and made the white appear which was in the rods; And hee set the rods, which he had pilled, before the Flocks in the Gutters, in the watering troughs when the flocks came to drink, that they should conceive when they came to drink: And the Flocks conceived before the Rods, and brought forth Cattel ring straked, speckled and spotted. As for that which the Scripture tells us eliewhere, namely that Jacob faw in a dream, and behold Cap. 31. the Rams that leaped on the Cattell were ring-v.10. straked speckled, and gristed. This doth no way impaire our Assertion, or prove this generation miraculous, and supernatural; For no man, I believe is so mad as to think those Appearances, or Ramms of the dream, did leap, and (upplie

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supplie the natural males of the Flock: God using this Apparition onely to signific the Truth of that Ar: 7.100b acted by, and to tell him that his hopes were effected. But I shall not infilt long on any particular, and therefore I will passe from this Dream to another. Joseph being seventeen years old, an Age of some Discretion, propounds a Vision to his Father, not lootly and to no purpose, as wee tell one another of our dreams, but expecting, I believe, an Interpretation, as knowing that his Eather had the skill to expound it. The wise Patriarch being not ignorant of the Secrets of the two Luminaries, attributes Males to the Sun, and Females to the Moon, then allowes a third Signification to the minor starrs, and lastly answers his some with a Question: What is this Dream that thou hast dreamed? Shall I, and thy Mother, and thy Brethren indeed come to bow down our selves to thee, to the Earth?

Now, I think no man will deny but the Interpretation of Dreams belongs to Magic, and hath been ever fought after as a piece of fecret Learning. True it is, when the Interpreter receives his knowledge immediatly from God, as Daniel did, then it falls not within the Limits of a Naturall Science; but I speak of a Physicall Exposition as this was, which depends on certain abstruse Similitudes, for hee

that knowes the Analogie of parts to parts in this great body, which wee call the World, may know what every Signe fignifies, and by Confequence may prove a good Interpreter of dreames. As for Jacob's first practice, which wee have formerly mention'd, namely the Propagation of his speckled Flocks, it is an effect so purely Magicall that our molt obstinat Adversaries dare not Question it. I could cite one place more, which referrs to this Patriarch, and points at the Fundamentals of Magic, but being annex'd to this discourse, it would discover too much, I shall therefore leave it to the Search of those, who are Considerable Proficients, if not Masters in the Art. The summ of all isthis: Man of himself could not attain to true Knowledge it was God in meer mercie did instruct him. To confirm this, I shall defire the Reader to Consider his own Experience. Wee have in these our dayes many Magicall Books extant, wherein the Art is discovered both truly, and plainly. Wee have also an infinite Number of Men, who studie those books, but after the Indeavours of a long life not one in Ten Thousand understands them. Now if wee with all these Advantages cannot arrain to the Secrets of Nature, shall we think those first fathers did, who had none of our Libraries to affilt them, nor any learned man upon

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Earth to instruct them? Could they doe that without means, which wee cannot doe with means, and those too very considerable? Peripateties perhaps will tell me their Syllogism is the Engine that can perform all this. Let'em then in Barbara or Baroco demonstrate the sirst matter of the Philosopher's stone. But they will tell mee there is no fuch thing. Behold I tell them again, and affure them too on my Salvation, there is, but in Truth their Logic will never find it out. It is clear then, that God at first instructed A.lam from him his Children received it, and by their Tradition it descended to the Patriarchs, every Father bequeathing these Secrets to his Child, as his best and most lasting Legacie. I have now attended Jacob, the Israel of God, both in his Pilgrimage at Padan-aram, and in his Typicall Inheritance, the Earnest of the Land of Canaan. But two Removalls perfect not the wandrings of a Patriarch; God calls him from the Habitation of his Fathers to the Prison of his Posteritie, and provides him a place of Freedom in the house of Bundage. I must follow him where his Fortune leads, from I saac's Hebron, to the Golhen of Phaarol, then back again to the Cave and Dust of Machpelah. As for his sons and their I'r sine, who attended his Mo-. tion thither, I find not any Particular Remem-

branc**e** 

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brance of them, onely Mofes tells me of a ge- Exod. 1. nerall Exit : Joseph died, and all his brethren, ver.6. and all that Generation. I must now then to prove the Continuance and Succession of this Art addresse my self to the Court, where I shall find the Son of Levi newly translated from his Ark, and Bulrushes. Yet, there is fomthing may be layd of Joseph, and verily it proves how Common Magic was in those dayes, and the effetts of it no newes to the Sons of Jucob; for having conveyed his Cup into the Sack of Benjamin, and by that policie detain'd his Brethren, hee asks them: What Deed is this Cap.44. that you have done? Knew ree not that such a ver. 15.

man as I can certainly divine?

In this Speech he makes his Brethren no strangers to the performances of Art, but rather makes their familiarity therewith on Argument against them : Knew you not? but the following words are very effectuall, and tell us what qualified persons the ancient Magi were. They were indeed (as hee speaks of himself) fuch as Joseph was, Princes, and Rulers of the People, not beggarly Gypfies, and Mountebanks, as our Doctors are now. It was the Ambition of the Great in those Dayes to bee Good, and as these Secrets proceeded from God, so were they also entertained by the Gods, I mean by Kings. For faith the Scripture, I have said yee are Gods:

Gen.32. 28.

Gods; a name Communicated to them, because they had the power to doe wonders, for in this Magical sense the true God speaks to Moses: Exod car. See, I have made thee a God to Phaaroh, and 7. VC. ,1. thy Brother Aaron shill bee thy Prophet. And verily this true Knowledge, and this Tule that belongs to it, did that falle Serpent prz. tend to our first Parents; Eritis sicut Dii, You Genef. shall be as Gods knowing good and evill. But Cap.3. Vers. 5. 'tis not this subtill Dragon, but Bonus ille Serpeats, that good, Crucified Serpent, that can John 1.3. give us both this Knowledge, and this Title; for by him all things were made, and without him not any thing was made, that is made; If hee made them then, hee can teach us also how they were made. I must now refer my self to Moses who at his first Acquaintance with God, saw many Iransmutations. One in his own Flesh, another of the Rod in his hand, with a third promised, and afterwards performed upon Water. It is written of him, that he was skill'd inall the learning of the Egyptians: but for my part I doe much question what kind of learning that was, the Scripture affuring, mee, and Exod.7. that by the Pen of Moses, their Wonders were 11,22. effected by Inchantments. This is certain, their Learning was Ancient, for I find Magicians in Ægypt, four hundred and thirty years and up-

wards, before Jamnes and Jambres. This is

Confirmed

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Confirmed by Phaaroh's Dreame, which his own Sorcerers, and Wizards could not interpret, but Joseph alone expounded it. Verily it can- Gen. not be denyed, but some Branches of this Art, Cap. 9. though extremely corrupted, were dispersed among all Nations by I radition from the first man, and this appeares by more Testimonics than one. For in the Land of Canaan, before ever I frael possest it, Debir, which Athniel the fon of Kenaz conquered, was an Universitie, at least had in it a famous Librarie, wherefore the Jewes call'd it Kiriath-Sepharim. I might speak in this place of the Universalitie of Religion: for never yet was there a people, but had some consused Notion of a Deitie, though accompanied with Lamentable Ceremonies, and Superstitions. Besides, the Religious of all Nations have alwaies pratended to Powers Extraordinarie, even to the performance of Miracles, and the healing of all Discases, and this by some secret meanes, not known to the common Man: and verily if wee examine all Religions, whether false, or true, weeshall not find one, but it pratends to something, that is Mysticall. Certainly if men be not resolved against Reason, they must grant, these Obliquities in matters of Faith proceeded from the Corruption of some Principles received, ( as we see that Heretics are but so many false Interpreters)

preters) but notwithstanding in those very Er. rors there remained some Marks and Imitati. ons of the first Truth. Hence comes it to passe, that all parties agree in the Action, but not in the Objett. For Example: I frael did Sacrifile, and the Heathen did Sacrifile, but the One to God, the other to his Idol; Neither were they onely Conformable in some Rites, and Solemni. ties of Divinitie, but the Heathens also had some Hints left of the Secret Learning, and Philosophie of the Patriarchs, as wee may see in their false Magic, which consisted for the molt part in Astrologicall Observations, Images, Charmes, and Characters. But it is my Designe to keep in the Rode, not to follow these Deviations, and missortunes of the Art, which notwithstanding want not the weight of Argument, the Existence of Things being proved as well by their Miscariage, as by their Successe. To proceed then, I say, that during the Pilgrimage of the Patriarchs, this Knowledge was delivered by tradition from the Father to his Child, and indeed it could be no otherwise, for what was I frael in those Dayes, but a privat Familie? Notwithstanding when God appointed them their Possession, and that this private house was multiplied to a Nation, then these secrets remained with the Elders of the Tribes, as they did formerly with the Father

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of the Familie. These Elders, no doubt, were the Moysaicall Septuagint, who made up the Sanhedrim, God having Selected some from the rest, to be the stewards, and Dispensers of his Mysteries. Now that Moses was acquainted with all the abstruse Operations, and Principles of Nature, is a Truth I suppose which no man will resist. That the Sanhedrim also participated of the same Instruction and Knowledge with him is plain out of Scripture, where wee read, That God took of the spirit that Numb. was in Moses, and gave it to the Seventy. cap. II.

But lest any Man should deny that, which ver.25. wee take for granted, namely the Philosophie of Miles, I Thall demonstrate out of his own Books, both by reason, as also by his practice,

that hee was a Natural Magician.

First of all then it is most absurd, and therefore improbable, that hee should write of the Creation, who was no way skill'd in the Secrets of God and Nature, both which must of necesfitie be known before wee should undertake to write of the Creation. But Moses did write of it, Ergo. Now I defire to know what hee hath written, Truthor a Lie if Truth, how dare you denie his Knowledge ? if a Lie ( which God forbid) why will you believe him? You will tell mee perhaps he hath done it onely in general Termes: and I could tell you that Aristotle

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hath done no otherwife; but think you in good earnest that hee knew no more, than what hee did write? There is nothing you can fay in this point, but wee can disprove it, for in Genesis he hath discovered many particulars, and especially those Secrets which have most Relation to this Art. For Instance; hee hath Discovered the Minera of Man, or that Substance out of which Man, and all his fellow-Creatures were made. This is the first matter of the Philosophers stone: Moses calls it sometimes Water, sometimes Earth; for in a certain place I read. Gen. cap. thus; And God said, Let the waters bring 1.ver.20. forth abundantly the moving Creature that hath life, and Fowle that may fly above the Earth in the open Firmament. But elsewhere weeread otherwise: And out of the Ground the Lord God formed every beast of the field, and every fowle of the Aire. In this later Text hee tels us that God made every fowle of the Ayre out of the Ground, but in the former it is written, hee made them out of the Water. Certainly Aristotle and his Organ can never reconcile these two places, but a little skill in Magic will mak them kiffe, and be friends without a *Philtre*. This substance then is both Earth and Water, yet neither of them in their Common Complexions, but it is a thick water, and a subtil Earth. In plain termes it is a llimie

The Antiquitie of Magic. slimie, spermatic, viscous Masse, imprægnated with all powers Calestiall, and terrestrial. The Philosophers call it Water and no Water, Earth and no Earth: and why may not Moses speak as they doe? or why may not they write, as Moses did? This is the true Damascon Earth, out of which God made man: you then that would be Chimists, seem not to be wifer than God, but use that subject in your Art, which God himself makes use of in Nature. He is the best workman, and knowes what matter is most fit for his work, hee that will imitate him in the Effect, must first imitate him in the Subject. Talk not then of Flint-stones and Antimonie, they are the Poets Pin-dust, and Egshells; Seek this Earth, this Water. But this is not all that Moses hath written to this purpose, I could cite many more Magicall and mysticall places, but in so doing I should be too open, wherefore I must forbeare. I shall now speak of his Practice, and truly this is it which no Distinthion, nor any other Logicall Quibble can wave, nothing but Experience can refell this Argument, and thus it runs. And Moses took the Calf which they had made, and burnt it in the fire, and grinded it to powder, and strewed it upon the water, and made the Children of Ifrael drink of it. Certainly here was a strange kind of Spice, and an Art as strange as the

Cap.z. ver.19.

Spice it self. This Calf was pure gold, the Ifraelites having contributed their Eare-rings to the Fabric. Now would I gladly know by what meanes so tolid and heavie a Body as Gold, may bee brought to such a light powder, that it may bee sprinkl'd on the face of the water, and afterwards drunk up. I am sure here was Aurum potabile, and Moses could never have brought the Calf to this passe, had he not plowed with our Heyfer. But of this enough: if any man think hee did it by common fire, let him also doe the like, and when he hath performed, hee may fell his powder to the Apothecaries. If I should insist in this place on the Moyfascall Ceremoniall Law with its severall Rcverend shadows and their Significations, I might lose my less in a Wilderness of Mysteries both Divine and Naturall; For verily that whole System is but one vast Skreen, or a certain Majestic Umbrage drawne over two Worlds, Visible, and Invisible. But these are things of a higher speculation than the Scope of our present Discourse will admit of. I onely informe the Reader that the Law hath both a shell, and a Kernell, it is the Letter speaks, but the spirit interprets. To this agrees Gregorie Nazianzen, who makes a twofold Law, w peinume, and in movieure: one literal, another spirituall. And elsewhere hee menti-

OIIS, To salvour or volume, to to promitisher, the hidden, and the manifest part of the Law; the manifest part (faith he) being appointed, with monaic with the emm, for many men, and fuch whose thoughts were fixed here below but the hidden, wit shipse a) arm educations, for few onely, whose Mindes aipired upwards to heavenly Things. Now that the Law being given, might benefit the people in both parts, spiritual and literal, therefore did the Law-giver institute the Sanhedrim, a Councell of Seventy Elders, upon whom hee had poured his Spirit, that they might discerne (as Esdras did) the Deep Things of the Night, in plain Termes, the hidden things of his Law. From these *Elders* the *Cabala*(I believe) had its Originall: for they imparted their Knowledge by word of Alouth to their Successors, and hence it came to passe, that the Science it self, was styl'd Cabala, that is, a Reception. This continued so long as Israel held together; but when their Frame began to discompose, and the Dilapidations of that House proved desperat, then Esdras a Prophet Incomparable (notwithstanding the brand of Apocrypha) writ that Law in Tables of Box, which God himself had

fometimes written in Tables of stone. As for the

more fecret, and mysterious part thereof, it was

written at the same time in Seventy Secret

Bookes, according to the Number of the Elders,

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Destatu Episcop. in whose hearts it had been sometimes written. And this was the very first time the Spirit martied the Letter; for these Sacraments were not trusted formerly to Corruptible Volumes, but to the aternall Tables of the Soul. But it may bee there is a blind Generation, who will believe nothing but what they see at hand, and therefore will deny that Ljuras compos'd any fuch Bookes; To these Owles (though an unzqual Match ) I shall oppose the Honour of Prcus, who himself affirmes, that in his time hee met with the Secret Bookes of Esdras, and bought them with a great Price; Nor was this all, for Eugenius Bilhop of Rome order'd their Translation, but hee dying, the Translators also fell afleep. It is true indeed, something may be objected to mee in this place concerning the Cahala, An Art which I no way approve of, neither doc I condemne it as our Adversaries condemne Migic, before I understand it; for I have spent some yeares in the Search, and Contemplation thereof. But why then should I propose that for a Truth to others, which I accompt for an Error iny felf? To this I answer that I condemne not the true Cabala, but the Inventions of some dispersed Wandring Rabbies, whose braines had more of Distraction, than their fortunes; of this thirteenth Tribe I understand the Satyrist, when when hee promiseth so largely.

Qualiacung, voles, Judai Somnia vendunt.

Thele I say have produc'd a certain up-start, bastard Cabala, which consists altogether in Alphabeticall knacks ends alwayes in the Letter where it begins, and the Vanities of it are grown Voluminous. As for the more Ancient, and Physicall Traditions of the Cabala, I embrace them for so many Sucred Truths, but verily those Truths were unknown to most of those Rabbins whom I have seen, even to Rambim himself, I mean Rabbi Moses Egyptius, whom the Jewes have so magnified with their samous Hyperbole: A Mose ad Mosen non surrexit sicut Moses.

But to deale ingenuously with my Readers, I say the Cabala I admit of consists of two parts, where we are and admit of consists of two parts, where we are is inversely Typicall in reference to the later, Serving only as the shadow to the substance. I will give you some instances. The Literal Cabala, which is but a Veile cast over the Secrets of the Physicall, hath Three Principles, commonly styl'd Tres Astres, or the Three Mothers: In the Mascaline Complexion the Jewes call them WDN Emes, in the Faminine DUN Asam, and they are N aleph, D mem, W schin. Now I will shew you how the Physical Cabala expounds the

Literall,

Literall. Tres Matres UDN Emes (faith the great Abraham, or as some think Rabbi Akiba) idest, Aer, Aqua, & Ignis; Aqua Quicta, Ignis sibilans, Aer spiritus medius. That is, the Three Mothers Emes, or Aleph, Mem and Schin, are Aire, Water, and Fire; a still Water, (mark that) a hissing Fire, and Aire the middle Spirit. Again fayth the same Rabbi, Tres Matres UDN Emes in Mundo, Aer, Agua, & Ignis. Cali ex Igne Creati sunt, Terra ex Aqua, Aer egressus est ex spiritu, qui stat medius. The Three Mother Emes in this world are, Ayre, Water and Fire. The Heavens were made of the Fire, The Earth was made of the Water, (mark well this Cabalism) and the Ayre proceeded from a middle spirit. Now when the Cabalist speaks of the Generation of the Three Mothers, he brings in Ten secret Principles, which I think ten men have not understood fince the Sanhedrim, such Nonsence doe I find in most Authors, when they undertake to discourse of them. The first Principle is a Spirit, which fits in Retroceffu fuo fontano, in his primitive, Incomprehensible Retreats, like Water in its Subterraneous Chanel, before it springs. The Second Principle is the Voice of that first Spirit, this breaks forth like a Well-spring, where the Water flowes out of the Earth, and is discovered to the eye, They call

The Antiquitie of Magic. it Spiritus ex Spiritu. The third Principle is Spiritus ex Spiritibus, a Spirit which proceeds both from the first Spirit, and from his Voice. The Fourth Principle is Aqua de Spiritu, a Certain Water which proceeded from the Third Spirit, and out of that Water went Aire and Fire. But God forbid that I should speak any more of them publickly, it is enough that wee Know the Original of the Creature, and to whom wee ought to ascribe it. The Cabalist when hee would tell us what God did with the Three Mothers, useth no other phrase than this, Ponderavit Aleph cum omnibus, & omnia cum Aleph, & sic de Singulis, He weighcd (faith he) Aleph with All, and All with Aleph, and so he did with the other Mothers. This is very plain, if you consider the various mixtures of the Elements, and their Secret Proportions. And so much for the Physicall part of the Cabala, I will now shew you the Metaphysicall. It is strange to Consider what Unitie of Spirit, and Doctrine, there is amongst all the Children of Wisdom. This proves infallibly that there is an Universall Schoole-master, Who is Present with all Flesh, and whose Principles are ever Uniforme, namely the Spirit of God. The Cabalists agree with all the world of Magicians, That Man in spiritual! Mysteries is both Agent and Patient. This is plain;

For

For Facobs Ladder is the greatest Mysterie in the Cabala. Here wee find two Extreams . 74. cob is one, at the Foot of the Ladder, and God is the other, who stands above it, immittens ( faith the Jew ) Formas, & Influxus in Jacob, five Subjection Hominem, shedding some secret Influx of Spirit upon Jacob, who in this place Typifies Man in general. The Rounds, or steps in the Ladder signific the middle Natures, by which fixed is united to God Inferiors united to Superiurs. As for the Angels of whem it is fayd, that they ascended & Descended by the Ladder, their Motion proves they were not of the superior Hierarchie, but some other secret Essences, for they Ascended first and Descended -afterwards but if they had been from above, they had Descended first, which is Contrario to the Text. And here Reader, I would have thee studie. Now to return to Jacob, it is written of him, that he was afteep, but this is a Mjsticall Speech, for it signifies Death, namely that Death which the Cabalist calls Mors Ofculi, or the Death of the Kis, of which I must not speake one Syllable. To bee short, they agree with us in Arcano Theologia; That no word is efficacious in Magic, unlelle it be first quickened by the Word of God. This appears out of their Semhamaphores; for they hold not the names of Angle effectuall, un-

lesse some name of God, as 11 or 38 be united to them, then ( fay they ) in the power and verthe of those names they may worke. An Example hereof wee have in all Extracted names, as Vehu-Iah, Elem-Iah, Jeli-El, Sita-El. Now this Practice in the Letter was a most subtil Adumbration of the Conjunction of the Substantiall Word or Spirit with the Water; See that you understand me rightly, for I meane with the Elements and fo much for the Truth. To Conclude, I would have the Reader obferve, that the false Grammaticall Cabala confifts onely in Katitions of the Alphabet, and a Metathesis of Letters in the Text, by which means the Scripture hath suffered many Racks, and Excoriations. As for the true C.bala, it uleth the Letter onely for Artifice, whereby to obscure, and bide her Povicell Secrets, as the Egyptims heretofore did use their Hiroglyphics. In this Sense the Primitive Professors of this Ari, had a liveral Cabala, as it appeares by that wonderfull, and most ancient Inscription in the Rock in Mount Horeb. It conteines a Prophecie of the Virgin Mother, and her Son Christ I.f.s., ingraven in Hieroglyphic. frain'd by Cymbination of the Hebrew letters, but by whom God onely knows, it may be by Moses or Elinah. This is most certain, it is to be icen there this day, and wee have for

it the Testimonies of Thomas Obecinus, a most learned Franciscan, and Petrus a Valle, a Gentleman, who travailed both of them into those parts. Now that the learning of the Jewes, I mean their Cabala, was Chimicall, and ended in true Physicall performances, cannot be better proved than by the Booke of Abraham the Jew, wherein hee layd down the Secrets of this Art in Indifferent plaine Termes and Figures, and that for the Benefit of his unhappy Country-men, when by the wrath of God they were scattered over all the World. This Book was accidentally found by Nicholas Flammel a French-man, and with the help of it hee attained at last to that miraculous Medicine, which Men call the Philosophers stone. But let us hear the Monsieur himself describe it.

There fell into my hands ( faith he ) for the Summ of two Florens, a gilded Book, very old, and large; It was not of Paper, nor Parchment, as other books bee, but it was made of delicate rindes ( as it seemed to mee ) of Tender young Trees: The Cover of it was of Brasse, well bound, all ingraven with Letters, or strange figures, and for my part, I think they might well bee Greek Characters, or some such ancient language. Sure I am, I could not read them, and I know well they were not Notes, nor Letters

Letters of the Latine, nor of the Gamle, for of them I understood a little. As for that which was within it, the Bark leaves were ingraven, and with admirable diligence written, with a point of fron in faire and neat Latin letters coloured. It contained thrice Seven leaves for so were the leaves counted at the top, and alwayes every Seventh leafe was without any writing, but instead thereof upon the first seventh leaf there was painted a Virgin, and Serpents swallowing her up; In the Second Seventh a Crosse where a Serpent was Crucified; and in the last Seventh there were painted Deserss, or Wildernesses, in the middest whereof ran many faire Fountains, from whence there issued forth a Number of Serpents, which ran up and down here and there. Upon the first of the Leaves was written in great Capitall letters of gold ABRAHAM THE JEW PRINCE PRIEST LEVIT, ASTROLOGER, AND PHILOSO-PHER, TO THE NATION OF THE JEWES, BY THE WRATH OF GOD DISPERSED AMONG THE

GAULES SENDETH HEALTH.

crations, and Curses (with this word Maranatha, which was often repeated there ) a-

After this it was filled with great Exe-

gainst

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Rainst every person that should cust his eyes Sponit, if hee were not Sacrificer, or Scribe. Heethat sold methis Booke, knew not what it was worth, no more than I, when I bought it. I believe it had been stolne or taken by violence from the miserable Jewes, or found hid in some part of the Ancient place of their Habitation. Within the Booke, in the Second leafe hee comforted his Nation, counselling them to fir Vices, and above all Idolatrie, attending with sweet patience the Comming of the Messiah, who should vanquish all the Kings of the Earth, and should reigne with his people in glorie eternally. Without doubt this had been some wife, and understand. ing Man. In the third leafe, and in all the ether writings that followed to help his Cap. tive Nation to pay their Tributes to the Roman Emperours, and to doe other things, which I will not speak of, hee taught them in Com. mon words the Transmutation of Mettals; hee painted the Vessels by the sides, and her informed them of the Colours, and of all the rest, except the first Agent, of the which he spake not a word but onely (as he said ) in the fourth and fifth leaves he had intirely painted it, and figured it with very great Cunning and Workmanship: for though it was well, and Intelligi-

The Antiquitie of Magic. bly figured and painted yet no man could ever have been able to understand it, without being well skill d in their Cabala, which goeth by Tradition and without having well studied their Bookes. The Fourth and fifth leafe therefore was without any writing all full of faire Figures inlightned or as it were inlightned, for the work was very Exquisis. First hee painted a young man, with wings at his Ancles having in his hand a Caducean Rod writhen about with two Serpents, wherewith hee strooke upon a Helmet which covered his head; hee seemed to my small judgement to be Mercurie the Pagan Gad. Against him there. came running, and flying with open wings, a great old man, who upon his head had an Houre-glasse fastned, and in his bands a Hooke or Sithe like Death, with the which interrible and furious Maner, he would have cut off the feet of Mercurie. On the other side of the fourth Lease, hee painted a faire Flower on the top of a very high Mountaine, which was fore shaken with the North wind; it had the Root blew the Flowers white and red, the leaves shining like fine Gold; And round about it the Dragons and Griffons of the North made their nests. On the Fifth leafe shere was a faire Rose tree slowred in the mid-

dest of a Sweet Garden, climbing up against a bollow Oake, at the foot whereof boyled a fountain of most white water, which ran headlong down into the Depths, notwith standing it passsed first among the hands of infinite people, who digged in the Earth, seeking for it; but because they were blind, none of them knew it, except here and there One, which considered the weight. On the last side of the sift leafe, was painted a King, with a great Faucheon, who cansed to bee kill'd in his presence by some Souldiours a great Mulistude of little Infants, whose Mothers wept at the Feet of the mercidesse Souldiours. The Bloud of these Infants was afterwards gathered up by other Souldin ours, and put in a great vessell, whereto the Sun and the Moone came to bathe themselves. And thus you see that which was in the first five leaves; I will not represent unto you that which was writien in good and Intelligible Latinin all the other written leaves, for God would punish mee because I should commit a greater wickednesse, thanhe, who (as it is sayd) wished that all the men of the world had but one head that hee might cut it off at one Blow. Thus farre Nicholas Flammel.

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I could now paffe from Moses to Christ, from the Old Testament to the New not that I would interpret there, but request the Sense or the Illuminated. I defire to know what my S.zviour means by the Key of Knowledge, which Luc, cap. the Lawyers (as he tells mee and them too) had 11.ver. 52 taken away. Questionlesse it cannot signissie the Law it self, for that was not taken away being read in the Smagogue every Sabaoth. But to let go this: I am certain, and I could prove it all along from his Birth to his Passion, that the Dollrine of Christ Jesus is not onely agreeable to the Laws of Nature, but is verified and established thereby. When I speak of the Law of Nature, I mind not her Excessive irregular Appetites and Inclinations, to which shee hath bin subject since her Corruption, for even Galen looked on those obliquities as Diseases, but fludied Nature her self, as their Cure. We know by experience that too much of any thing weakens, and destroyes our Nature, but if wee live Temperately, and according to Law, wee are well, because our Course of life accords with Nature. Hence Diet is a prime Rule in Physic, far better indeed than the Pharmacopea, for those sluttish Recepts doe but oppresse the stomuch being no sit fuell for a Coelestiall fire. Believe it then, these excessive bestiall Appetites proceeded from our Fall, for Nature of her

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self is no lavish insatiable Glut, but a most mice delicat essence. This appears by those sits, and pangs she is subject to whentoever she is overcharg'd. In common, customarie Excesfes there is not any, but knows this Truth by Experience, indeed in spiritual sins, the Body is not immediatly troubled, but the Conscience is terrified, and furely the body cannot be very well, when the foule it felf is fick. We see then .that Corruption, and fin do not so much agree with us, as they doe disturb us, for in what sense can our Enemies be our friends, or those things that destroy Nature, be agreeable to Nature? How then shall we judge of the Gospel? Shall we say that the preservation of Man is contrarie to Man, and that the Do-Etrine of Life agrees not with Life it self? God forbid: The Laws of the Resurrection are founded upon those of the Creation, and those of Regeneration upon those of Generation, for in all these God works upon one, and the same Matter, by one and the same spirit. Now that it is so, I meane that there is a Harmonie between Nature and the Gospel, I will prove out of the Sinic Monument of Kim Cim priest of Judea. In the yeare of Redemption 1625. there was digg'd up in a Village of China call'd Sanxuen, a square stone, being neer Ten measures of an hand-breadth long,

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five broad, In the uppermost part of this stone was figur'd a Crosse, and underneath it an Inscription in Sinic Characters, being the Title to the Monument, which I find thus render'd in the Latine.

Lapis in Laudem & memoriam aternam
Legis Lucis, & veritatis portate
de Judaa, & in China
promulgata,
Erellus.

That is: A stone erected to the praise, and aternal Remembrance of the Law of Light, and Truth, brought out of Judea, and published in China. After this followed the body of the Monument, being a Relation, how the Gospel of Christ Josus was brought by one Olo puen out of Judea, and afterwards by the assistance of God planted in China. This happened in the yeare of our Lord six hundred, and thirtie fix. Kim Cim, the Author of this Historie, in the very beginning of it, speaks mysteriously of the Creation; Then he mentions three hundred fixty five forts of Sectaries, who succeeded one another, all of them striving who should get most Proselyts. Some of their vaine Opimons he recites, which indeed are very suitable with the Rudiments, and Vagari's of the Hea-

then

then Philosophers. Lastly he describes the professors of Christianitie, with their Habit of Life, and the Excellencie of their Law. Difficile (faith he) est ei Nomen Congruum reperire, cum ejus effectus sit Illuminare, & omnia Claritate perfundere; unde Necessurium suit eam appellare; Kim ki no, h. e. Legem claram & magnam. That is: It is a hard matter to find a fit name for their Law, feeing the effect of it is to illuminat, and fill all with Knowledge; It was necessarie therefore to call it Kim ki ao, that is, the great Law of Light. To be short, Olo puen was admitted to the Court by Tai cum veu huamti King of China, here his Doctrine was thoroughly fearched, examin'd, and fifted by the King himfelf, who having found it most true and folid, caus'd it to be proclam'd thorough his Dominions. Now upon what this Dollrine was founded, and what estimat the King had both of it, and it's professor, we may easily gather from the words of his Proclamation. First then, where he mentions Olo puen, he calls him Magna virtutis Hominem, a man of great virtue or power; it seems he did something more than prate and preach, could confirme his Doctrine, as the Apostles did theirs, not with words only, but with works. Secondly the Proclamation speaking of his Doctrine,

runs thus, Cujus intentum docendi nos a Fundamentis examinantes, invenimus Doctrinam esus admodum excellentem, & sine strepitu exteriori, fundatam principaliter in Creatione Mundi: That is, The Drift of whole teaching we have examin'd from the very Fundamentals, we find his Doctrine very excellent, without any worldly noyse, and principally grounded on the Creation of the world. And againe in the same place, Dostrina ejus non est multorum verborum, nec supersicie tenus suam sundat Veritatem: His Doctrine is but of few words, not full of noyfe and notions, neither doth he build his Truth on superficial probabilities. Thus we see, the Incarnation, and Birth of Christ Jesus (which to the Common Philosopher are fables and Impossibilities, but in the Booke of Nature plaine evident Truths) were proved, and demonstrated by the Primitive Apostles and Teachers out of the Creation of the world. But instead of such Teachers, we have in These our Dayes two Epidemical Goblins, a Schoole-Man, and a Saint forfooth. The one swells with a Syllogistial pride, the other wears a broad face of Revelation. The first cannot tell me why Grasse is Green: The second with all his Devotion knows not A.B.C. yet prætends he to that Infinit Spirit which knows all in all; and truly

of them Both, this lift is the worst. Surely the Devill hath been very buse, to put out the Candle, for had all written I ruths been extant, this false searning and Hypocrisie could never have pravailed. Kim Cim mentions leven and Twenty Books which Christ Focus left on Earth to further the conversion of the world. It may be we have not one of them: for though the Books of the new Testament are just so many, yet being all written, at least some of them a long Time after (brift, they may not well passe for those Scriptures which this Author attributes to our Saviour, even at the time of his Ascension. What should I speake of Thole many Books cited in the old lestament, but no where to be found, which if they were now extant, no doubt but they would prove so many reverend, Invincible patrons of Magic. But Ink and paper will perssh, for the hand of Man hath made nothing aternall: The Truth only is Incorruptible, and when the Letter fails, she shifts that Body, and lives in the spirit.

I have not without some labour, now traced this Science from the very Fall of Man to the Day of his Redeposition; Along, and folicary Pilgimage, the paths being unfrequented because of the Briars, and scruples of Antiquitie, and in some places overgrown with the Poppie of Obli-

The Antiquitie of Magic. vion. I wil not deny but in the shades and I vie of this Wildernesse, there are some Birds of Night, Owles and Bats, of a different Feather from our Phænix; I meane some Conjurers, whose dark indirect Affection to the Name of Magic, made them invent Traditions more prodigious than their Practices. These I have purposely avoyded left they thould wormwood my stream, and I seduce the Reader thorough all these Groves and Solitudes to the Waters of Marah. The next Stage I must move to, is that whence I came out at first with the Ifraelites, namely

Egypt; here if Bookes faile me, the stones will ciyout; Magic having been so inthron'd in this place, it seems shee would bee buried here also: So many Monuments did shee hide in this Earth, which have been fince digged up; and serve now to prove that shee was sometimes above Ground. To begin then I will first speak of the Egyptian Theologie, that you may see how far they have advanc'd, having no

Leader, but the Light of Nature. Trifmegistus is so Orthodox and plain in the Mysterie of the Trinitie, the Scripture it self exceeds him not; but hee being a particular Author, and

one perhaps that knew more than those of his order in Generall, I shall at this time dispense With his Authoritie. Their Catholic Doctrine,

and wherein I find them all to agree, is This.

Emepht, whereby they expresse their Supreme God, and verily they mind the true One, fignifies properly an Intelligence, or Spirit converting all things into himself, and himself into all Things. This is very found Divinitie and Philosophie, if it be rightly understood. Now (fay they) Emepht produc'd an Egg out of his mouth, which Tradition Kircher expounds imperfectly, and withall Erroneoully. In the Troduction of this Egg was manifelted another Deitie, which they call Phtha, and out of some other Natures and Substances inclos'd in the Egg, this Phtha formed all Things. But to deale a little more openly, wee will describe unto you their *Hieroglyphic*, wherein they have very handsomely, but obscurely discovered most of their Mysteries. First of all then, they draw a Circle, in the Circle a Serpent, not folded, but Diameter-wife, and at length; her head resembles that of a Hawke, the Tayle is tyed in a Small Knot, and a little below the head her wings are Volant. The Circle points at Emephs, or God the Fasher being Infinite, without Beginning, without End. Moreover it comprehends, or Conteines in it self the Second Deitie Phiha, and the Egg, or Chaos, out of which all Things were made. The Hanke in the Egyptian Symbols signifies Light, and Spirit; his head annexed here to the Serpent represents

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represents Phtha, of the Second Person, who is the first Light, as wee have told you in our Anthropofophia. Hee is faid to forme all Things out of the Egg, because in him, as it were in a Glasse, are certain Types or Images, namely the Distinct Conceptions of the Paternall Deitie, according to which by Cooperation of the Spirit, namely the Holy Ghost, the Creatures are formed. The Inferiour part of this Figure fignifies the Matter or Chaos, which they call the Egg of Emephe. That you may the better know it, wee will reach you tomething not Common. The Body of the Serpent tells you it is a sierie Substance, for a Serpent is full of heat and fire, which made the Egyptians effects him Divine : This appears by his quick motion without feet or finns, much like that of the Pulse, for his impetuous hot spirit shootes him on like a Squib. There is also another Analogie, for the Serpent renewes his youth, so throng is his natural heat, and casts off his old skin. Truely the Matter is a very Serpent, for shee renews her self a thousand wayes, and is never a perpetuall Tenant to the same Forme. The wings tell you this Subjett or Chaos is Volatile, and in the outward Complexion Apric, and Waterie. But to teach you the most Secret Resemblance of this Hieroglyphic. The Chios is a certain Creeping Substance, for it moves like a

Serpent

Serpent sine pedibus, and truly Moses calls it not Water, but Serpitura Aqua, The Creeping of Water, or a water that creepes. Lastly, the Knott on the Tayle, Tells you this matter is of a most strong Composition, and that the Elements are fast bound in it, all which the Philophers know to be true by Experience. As for the Affinitie of Inferiors with Superiors, and their private Active Love, which consitts in certain Secret Mixtures of Heaven with the Matter, their Opinion flands thus. In the Vital fire of all Things here below, The Sun ( fay they) is King. In their Secret Water the Moon is Queen. In their pure Aire the five lesser Planets rule; and in their Central, Hypostaticall Earth, the fixed starrs. For these Inferiors according to their Doctrine, are Provinces, or Thrones of those Superiors, where they sit Regent, and Paramont. To speak plainly, Heavenit self was originally extratted from Inferiors, yet not so intirely, but some portion of the Heavenly Natures remained fill below, and are the very same in Essence and Substance with the separated starrs and skies. Heaven here below differs not from that above but in her Captivitie, and that above differs not from this below but in her Libertie. The one is imprisoned in the Matter, the other is freed from the grossiness and impurities of it, but they are both

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of one and the same Nature, so that they easily unite; and hence it is that the Superior descends to the Inferior to visit, and comfort her in this sickly insections Habitatim. I could speak much more, but I am in haste, and though I were at leisure, you cannot in scason expect I should tell you all. I will therefore decline these generals Principles to tell you something that makes for the Egyptian Practice, and proves them Philosophers adepted. The first Monument I reade of to this purpose, is that of Synesius, a very learned intelligent man. Hee found in the Temple of Memphis mainsellance, Bookes of stone, and in those hard leaves these Difficult Instructions.

H'svine vi svoi vipasny H'svine vi: svine enck H'svine vie svine ugavii

That is, One Nature delights in another; One Nature overcomes another; One Nature over-rules another. These short lessons but of no small Consequence, are fathered on the great Hostines. The Some Monument is that admirable, and most Musicall one mentioned by Barachias Abenesis the Arabian. This also was a stone erected neere Memphis, and on it this prosound Scripture.

 $G_4$ 

OYPA.

OTPANO ANΩ, OTPANO KATΩ, AΣΤΡΑ ΑΝΩ, ΑΣΤΡΑ ΚΑΤΩ, ΠΑΝ Ο ΑΝΩ, ΠΑΝ ΤΟΥΤΌ ΚΑΤΩ, ΑΑΥΤΑ ΛΑΒΕ, ΚΑΙ ΕΥΤΥΧΕ.

That is,

Heaven Above, Heaven Beneath; Starres Above, Starres Beneath; All that is Above, is also Beneath; Understand this, and bee Happy.

Under this were figur'd certain apposit Hieroglyphics, and for a Close to all, this Dedicatorie Subscription (I find it onely in the Coprie Character, but our Founts wanting that Letter, I must give it you in the Greeke.)

STNOPONOIS, TOIS EN AITTHTOT OE-OIS ISIAS APXISPETS ANSO.

I sim the High Priest erected this, to the Resident Gods in Agypr.

And now, though I formerly suspended the Authoritie of Irismegistus, I might like the Italian, produce his weapons Stodrato; but I love no Velitations, and I ruth is so brave, it needs no Feather. Quod est Superius (sayd Hermes) est sient id quod est Inferius, & quod

The Antiquitie of Magic. 71 quod est Inferies, est sicut id quod est superius. This is his Mysterie, and 'tis great: The Bc-

nest that attends the Purchase, is no lesse: habebus Gloriam totius Mundi. All the Pemp, and Splendor of the World shall bee Thine. To this Language, the Dialett of I sias doth so Echo, these two, like Euphorbus and Pytnagoras, might passe for Ono.

Colum sursum, (laydhe) Colum deorsum; Astra sursum, Astra Deorsum: Omne quod sursum, omne id deorsum.

And then follows a reward for the Intelligent, Hac cape, & falicitare, understand this, and thou are fortunate, Thou hast made thy selfvery happy. This is enough to prove that Magic sometimes flourished in Egypt, and no doubt but they received the Truth of it from the Hebrewes, who lived amongst them to the terme of four hundred and thirtie years. This is plain; for their own Native Learning was meere Sorcerie and Witchcraft, and this appears by the Testimonie of Moses, who tells us their Magicians produc'd their Miracles by Inchantments. And why I befeech you, should this Instruction seem impossible? For Joseph being married to Asenath, daughter of Potipherah Priest of On, some of the Egyptian Priests, and those likely of his own alliance, might

might for that very Relation receive a better Doctrine from him. But this is not all say of this Nation, and their Scorer if I were dispos'd to bee their Mercurie. There is not any I believe, who prætend to Antiquitie or Philosophie, but have seen that famous Monument, which Paul the Third bestow'd on his Cardinal Ferrus Bembus, and was ever fince called the Bembine Table. No doubt but the Hieroglaphics therein contained, were they all reduced into Letters, would make a Volume as ample, as Mysterious. But 'tis not my Designe to comment on Memphis, that were to make Brick, and look out the fram withall, Agrpt having no compleat Table but the World, over which her Monuments are Scatter'd. This place then was the Pitcher to the Fountain, for they received their Mysteries immediatly from the Hebrewes, but their Do-Etrine, like their Nilus, swelling above its private Chanel, did at last over-run the Universe. Jamblicus the Divine, in that excellent Discourse of his de Mysterns, tells us that Pythagoras and Plato had all their learning ex Columnis Mercurii, out of the Pillars, or Hicroglyphicall Monuments of Trismegistus. But the Ancient Orpheus in his Poem de Verbo Sacro. where hee speakes of God, hath these Words.

Nemo

The Antiquitie of Magic. 73 Nemo Illű, nisi Chaldao de Sanguine Quiddam Progenitus vidit.

None (saith he) hath ever seen God, but a certaine Man descended of the Chaldaan Bloud. Now this was Moses, of whom it is written, That he spake with God face to face, as one Man speaks with another. After This he gives us a short Character or Description of the Deitie, not in the Recesse, and Abstract, but in reference to the Incubation of his spirit upon Nature. Lastly he acquaints us with the Originall of his Doctrine, from whence it sirst came, and verily he derives it from the Well-head.

Priscorum nos hac docuerunt Omnia Vates, Que Binis Tabulis Deus olim tradidit Illis.

The Priests (saith he) (or Prophets) of the Ancient Fathers taught us all These things, which God delivered to them heretosore in two Tables. Thanks be to that God, who made a Heathen speak so plainly. I need not tell you to whom these Tables were delivered, Cavallero D' epistola can informe you. I cited this place, that it might appeare, though the Philosophic of Greece came generally out of £gypt, yet some Greecians have been disciplined by the Jews, and this is proved by

no contemptible Testimonies. Aristobulus, who lived in the Dayes of the Machabies, and was himself a Jew, writes to Ptolomie Philometor King of Agypt, and affirmes that the Pentateuch, or five Books of Moles, were translated into Greek before the Time of Alexander the Great, and that they came to the hands of Pythagoras and Plato. Indeed Numenius the Pythagorean cals Placo, Mosen Attica lingua loquentem, Moses speaking in the Greek Dialect; by which he minded not a similarude of style, but a Conformitie of principles. There is a florie of Clearchus the Peripatetic in his first de somno, how true I know not, but the Substance of it is this. He brings in his Master Aristotle relating, how he met with a very reverend and learned 7ew, with whom he had much Discourse about Things Natural and Divine, but his special Confession is, That he was much rectified by him in his Opinion of the Deitie. This perhaps might be, but certainly it was after he writ the Organon, and his other lame Discourses, that move by the Logical Crutch. Now if you will aske me, what Greek did ever professe any Magicall Principles? To this I answer, that if you bate Aristotle and his Ushers, who are borne like the Insecta, ex putredine, out of their Masters Corruptions; Greece yeelded

not a Thilosopher, who was not in some Positions, Magicall. If any man will challenge my Demonstration herein, I doe now promise him my performance. To give you some particular Instances, Hippocrates was altogether Chemicall, and this I could prove out of his owne Mouth, but at this Time his works are not by me. Democritus who lived in the same Age with him, writ his queine and pusine, that is, Physicall and Mysticall Things, in plaine English, Naturall Secrets. To this mystical peece Synesius added the Light of his Comments, and dedicated them to Dioscorus Priest of Serapis. Of this Democritus Seneca reports in his Epistles, That he knew a secret Costion of Pebles, by which be turned them into Emeralds. Theophrastus, a most ancient Greek Author in his Book de lapidibus mentions another mineral work of his own, wherein he had written something of Metals. True indeed, that Discourse of his is lost, but notwithstanding his opinion is upon Record, namely that he referred the Original of metalls to water. This is confirm'd by his owne words, ( "Fares pir to ustainevéusya natamip apy upos nai upiess) as I find them cited by Picus in his Book De auro. But that the Art of Transmutation was in Request in. his Dayes, and no late Invention or Imposture, as some think, appears by the Attempts and prattice

practice of that Age out of the same Theophrastus; For he mentions one Callias an Athenian, who indeavouring to make gold, brought his Materials into Cinnabar. It were an endles labour for me to recite all the Particulars, that Greece can affoord in order to my present Designe, I will Therefore close up all in this short Summarie. There is no wildome in Nature, but what proceeded from God, for he made Nature, he first found out, and afterwards ordained the very wayes, and method how to corrupt, and how to generate. This his own wisdome and Knowledge, he communicated in some Measure to the first Man, from him his Children received it, and they taught it their posteritie; but the Jewes having the spiritual Birthright, This Alysterie was their Inheritance, and they possest it intirely, being the Annointed Nition, upon whom God had powred forth his spirit. By Tradition of the Jewes, The Egyptians came to be instructed. From the Agyptians their secrets descended to the Gracians, and from the Gracians (as we all know) the Romanes received their Learning, and amongst other common Arts, this Magicall mysterious one; This is confirm'd by some proper, genuine Effelts and Monuments thereof, namely that flexible malleable Glasse, produced in the

The Antiquitie of Magic. dayes of Tiberius, and the miraculous Olybian Lamp. But these Times wherein I am now, and those thorough which I have past, are like some Tempestuous Day, they have more clouds, than Light. I will therefore enter Christendome, and here I shall find the Art in her Infancie: True indeed, The Cradle is but in some private hands, sew know where, and many believe there is no fuch Thing. The Schoole-men are high in point of Noyse, and condemne all, but what Themselves professe: It is Aristotei's Almodena, they expose his Errors to the sale, and this continues for a long time. But every Thing (as the Spamard faith) hath its Quando; Many years are palt over, and now the Child begins to lisp, and peeps abroad in the fustion of Arnold, and Lullie. I need not tell you how he hath thrived fince, doe but look upon his Iraine, for at this Day who prætends not to Magic, and that so magisterially, as if the Regalos of the Art were in his powers? I know not any Refragans, except some fickly Galenists, whose pale tallow faces speak more Disease, than Physic. These indeed complaine their Lives are too short, Philosophie too tadious, and so fill their Mouths with Ars longa, Vita brevis. This is true (faith the Spanish Picaro) for they cure either late, or never, which makes

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their Art long: but they kill quickly, which makes life short, and so the Riddle is expounded.

I have now, Reader, performed my promise, and according to my Posse proved the Antiquitie of Migic. I am not so much a foole as to expect a generall subscription to my endeavours, every man's Placet is not the same with mine; but Jacta est Alea, I have done this much, and he that will overthrow it, must know in the first place, it is his Task to do more. There is one point, I can justly bind an Adverfarie too, That he shall not oppose Man to God, Heathen Romances to Divine Scriptures: He that would foyle me, must use such weapons as I doe, for I have not fed my Readers with straw neither will I be confuted with stubble. In the next place it is my Defigne to freake something of the Art it self, and this I shall doe in rationall termes, a Forme different from the Ancients, for I will not stuffe my Discourse like a Wilderness with Lions and Dragons. To Common Philosophers that fault is very proper, which Quintilian observed in some Orators: Operum fastigia spectantur, latent fundamenta; The spires of their Babel are in the Clouds, its Fundamentals no where, they talk indeed of fine Things, but tell us not upon what grounds. To avoid these Flights, I shall

Calum Terra, or the corc. in this my Olla (for I care not much what I shall call it) observe this Composition. First, I shall speake of that One only Thing, which is the Subject of this Art, and the Mother of all Things. Secondly, I will discourse of that most admirable, and more than natural 1 Medieme, which is generated out of this one Thing. Lastly, though with some disorder I will discover the means how, and by which this Art works upon the Subject; but these being the Keyes which lead to the very Estrado of Nature where the sits in full Solemnitic, and receives the Visits of the Philosophers, I must scatter them in severall parts of the Discourse. This is all, and here thou must not consider how long, or short Ishall be, but how full the Discoverie: and truly it shall be such, and so much, that Thou can't not in modestie expect more. Now then, you that would be what the Ancient Phylicians were, Manus Deorum Salutares, not Quacks and Salvos of the Pipkin; you that would performe what you publickly professe, and make your Callings honest and Conscionable, attend to the Truth without spleen. Remember that Prajudice is no Religion, and by Confequence hath no Reward. If this Art were damnable, you might fafely studie it notwith Handing for you have a pracept to prove all Things, but to hold fast

that which is Good. It is your Duty not to bee wanting to your felves, and for my part, that I may be wanting to none, thus I begin.

Said the Cabalist, Domus Santharii, qua est hie inferius, disponitur Secundum Domum Sanctumii, que est Superius, The Building of the Santtuarie, which is here below, is framed according to that of the S.instuarie, Here wee have two worlds which is above. Visible and Invisible, and two universall Natures Visible and Invisible, out of which both those Worlds proceeded. The Puffive Univerfall Nature, was made in the Image of the Active Universall one, and the Confermitie of Both Worlds, or Sanctuaries, confift in the Originall Conformitie of their Principles. There are many Platonics, (and this last Centurie hath afforded them some apish Disciples) who discourse very boldly of the Similatudes of Ixferiors and Superiors, but if wee throughly fearch their Trash, it is a pack of small Conspiracies; namely of the Heliotrope and the Sun, Iron and the Load-stone, the Wound and the Weapon. It is excellent sport to hear how they erow, being roofted on these pittiful Particulars, as if they knew the Universal Magnet, which binds this great Frame, and moves all the Members of it to a Mutuall Compassion. This

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This is an Humor much like that of Don Quixote, who knew Dulcinea, but never faw her. Those students then, who would be better instructed, must first know There is an Univerfall Agent, who when hee was dispos'd to Create, had no other Patterne or Exemplar whereby to frame and mould his Creatures, but himself, but having infinite inward Idea's, or Conceptions in himself as hee conceived so hee created, that is to fay, hee created an outward forme answerable to the inward Concep in, or figure of his Mind. In the second place they ought to know, there is an Universall Patient, and this Puffive Nature was created by the Univerfall Agent. This generall Patient, is the immediat Catholic Character of God himself in his Unitie, and Trinitie. In plain Termes, it is that Substance which wee commonly call the first e Watter. But verily it is to no purpose to know this Notion, At iter, unlesse we know the Thing it felf, to which the Notion relates; wee must fee it, handle it, and by experimentall ocular Demonstrations know the very Contral Invisible Essences, and Proprieces of it. But of these things heare the most excellent Carnion, who informes his Jew, and his Epicure of two Catholic Natures Material and Spiritual: Alteram (faith he) que videri oculis, & attingi manu possit, propè ad omne Asmentum H 2 altera.

alterabilem. Detur enim venia (ut ait Ma. daurensis) Novitati Verborum, rerum obscuritatibus inscrvienti. Hac ipsa cum eadem & una persistere nequeat, nihilominus à tali Virtute animi hospitio suscipitur, pro modo rectius quo est, quam quo non est, qualis in verstate res est, id est, mutabilis. Alteram autem substantiarum Naturam incorruptam, immutabilem, constantem, eandemq; ac semper Existentem. The English of it speaks thus One Nature is fuch, it may be seen with the eyes, and telt with the hands, and it is subject to Alteration almost in every Moment. You must Pardon (as Apuleus faith) this strange Expression, because it makes for the Obscuritie of the Thing. This very Nature, fince shee may not continue one, and the same, is notwithstanding apprehended of the mind under her such Qualification, more rightly as shee is, than as shee is not, namely as the Thing it lelf is in Truth, that is to fay, Changeable. The other Nature, or Principle of Substances, is incorruptible, immutable, constant, One and the same for ever, and alwayes existent Thus hee. Now this Changeable Nature whereof he speaks, is the first Vifible, Tangible Substance that ever God made; it is white in Appearance, and Paracelfus gives you the Reason why: Omnia (faith he) in Dei Manu alba sunt, is ea tingit, ut vult : All things

Maoiciaus Heavenly Chaos. 83 things when they first proceed from God, are white, but hee colours them afterwards, according to his pleature. An Example wee have in this very matter, which the Philosophers call sometimes their red Al gnesia, sometimes their white, by which Descriptions they have deceived many men; for in the first præparation the Chaos is Blond-red, because the Central Sulphur is stirr'd up, and discovered by the Philosophicall Fire. In the Second it is exceeding white and transparent like the Heavens. It is in Truth somewhat like Common Quick silver, but of a Colestiall transcendent be ghtnesse, for there is nothing upon Earth like it. This fine substance is the Child of the Elements, and it is a most pure, sweet Virgin; for nothing as yet hath been generated out of her: but if at any time shee breeds, it is by the fire of Nature, for that is her husband. Shee is no Animal, no Vegetable, no Moneral, neither is shee extra-Eted out of Animals, V. getables, or Minerals, but shee is praexistent to them all, for shee is the Mother of them. Yet one thing I must say, shee is not much short of Life, for shee is almost Animal. Her Composition is miraculous and different from all other Compounds whatfoever. Gold is not fo compatt, but every Sophister concludes it is no Simple; but shee is so much One, that no man believes she is more.

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## Cælum Terræ, or the 84

Shee yeelds to nothing but Love, for her End is Generation, and that was never yet perform'd by Violence. Hee that knows how to wanton, and toy with her, the same shall receive all her Treasures. First, shee shedds at her Nipples a thick heavy water, but white as any fnow; The Philosophers call it Virgin-milk, Secondly, she gives him Blond from her very heart; it is a quick heavenly fire, some improperly call it their sulphur. Thirdly and lattly shee presents him with a secret Chrystall, of more worth and lustic than the white Rock, and all her Rosials. This is shee, and these are her Favours: Catch

her, if you can,

To this Character and Discoverie of my owne. I shall adde some more Descriptions, as I find her 'imm'd and dreft by her other Lovers. Some few (but fuch as knew her very well) have written that shee is not onely One and Tirce, but withall Foure and Five, and this Truth is Effectiall. The Titles they have bestowed upon her, are divers. They call her their Catholic Magnesia, and the Sperme of the World, out of which all Naturall things are generated. Her Birth (fay they) is Singular, and not without a miracle; her Complexion heavenly, and different from her Purents. Her Body also in some sense is Incorruptible, and the Common Elements cannot destroy it, neither Magician's Heavenly Ch.10s. 85

will thee min with them Essentially. In the outward shape, or figure, shee relembles a stone, and yet is no stone, for they call her their white Gum, and Water of their Sea, water of Life most pure, and most blessed water, and yet they minde not water of the Clouds, or Rain-water nor water of the Welnor Dew, but a certain thick permanent. faltish water, a water that is drie, and wetts not the hand, a viscous, slimie water generated out of the faltish fatnesse of the Earth. They call her also their twofold Mercurie, and Azoth begotten by the Influences of two Globes, Calestrall, and Terrestriall. Moreover, they affirme her to bee of that Nature, that no fire can defroy her, which of all other Descriptions is most true, for shee is fire her self, having in her a portion of the univerfall fire of Nature, and a fecret Calestiall spirit, which spirit is animated, and quickened by God himfelf, wherefore alto they call her their most blessed stone. Lastly, they say shee is a middle nature between thick and thin, neither altogether Earthy, nor altogether Firie, but a mean aereall substance to bee found every where, and every time of the year.

This is enough: but that I may speak something my felf in plain Termes, I say shee is a very falt, but extreme fost, and somewhat thin and fluid, not so hard, not so thick as

H 4 common common extracted Salts, for shee is none of them, nor any kind of Salt whatfoever that man can make. Shee is a sperme that Nature her self drawes out of the Elements, without the help of Art: man may find it, where Nature leaves it, it is not of his office to make the sperme, nor to extract it, it is already made, and wants nothing but a Matrix, and heat convemient for Generation. Now should you consider with your selves where Nature leaves the feed, and yet many are to dull, they know not how to work, when they are told what they Wee see in Animal Generations, must doe. the sperme parts not from both the Parents, for it remaines with the Female, where it is perfetted. In the great world though all the Elements contribute to the Composure of the sperme, yet the sperme parts not from all the Elements, but remaines with the Earth, or with the Water, though more immediatly with the one, than with the other. Let not your Thoughts feed now on the Phlegmatic, indigeffed Vomits of Aristotle, look on the green, youthfull, and flowrie Bosome of the Earth; Consider what a vast Universall Receptacle this Element is. The Starrs and Placets over-look her, and though they may not descend hither themselves, they shed down their golden Locks, like so many Bracolets, and Tokens of their Love. The Sun is perpetually

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perpetually busie, brings his Fire round about her, as if he would sublime something from her bosom, and rob her of some secret, inclosed Jewell. Is there any thing lost fince the Creation? Would'A thou know his very bed, and his pillow? It is Earth. How many Cities dost thou think have perished by the Sword? how many by Earth-quakes? and how many by the Deluge? Thou doest perhaps defire to know where they are at this present: believe it they have one common Sepulcher, what was once their Mother, is now their Tombe; All things return to that place from whence they came, and that very place is Earth. If thou half but leasure, run over the Alphabet of Nature, examine every Letter, I mean every particular Creature, in her Booke. What becomes of her Grasse, her Corne, her Herbs, her Flowers? True it is, both Man and beast doc use them, but this onely by the way, for they rest not till they come to Earth again. In this Elemert they had their first, and in this will they have their last Itation. Think (if other Vanities will give thee leave, ) on all those Generations that went before thee, and anticipate all those that shall come after thee. Where are those Beauties, the Times past have produc d, and what will become of those that shall appear in source Ages? They will all to the same Dust, they have

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one Common house, and there is no Familie so numerous, as that of the Grave. Doe but look on the Daily sports of Nature, her Clouds and mists, the Scane, and Pageantrie of the Aire, Even these Momentary Things retreat to the Closet of the Earth. If the Sun makes her drie, thee can drink as fast, what gets up in Cloudes, comes down in Water, the Earth swallows up ail, and like that Philosophicall Dragon eats her own Tayle. The wife Poets faw this, and in their mysticall language call'd the Earth Saturne, telling us withall, Thee did feed on her own Children. Verily there is more Truth in their stately Verse, than in Aristotle's dull Prole, for hee was a blinde beaft, and Malice made him to. But to proceed a little further with you, I wish you to concert what you reade, to dwell a little upon Earth, not to fly up prefently, and admire the Meteors of your own Braines. The Earth you know in the Winter time is a dull, dark, dead Thing, a contemptible frozen phlegmatick Lump. But towards the Spring, and Fomentations of the Sun, what save Pearles are there in this Dung-hill? what glorious Colours, and I inctures doth the discover? a pure eternall green overspreads her, and this attended with innumerable other Beauties; Roses red and white, golden Lilies, Azure Violets, the Bleeding Hyacinths, with their leverall coclestiall Magicians Heavenly Chaos. 89

collectial odours, and Spices. If you will be adviled by me, Learn from whence the Earth hath these invisible I reasures. This Annual Flora. which appears not without the complements of the Sun. Behold I will tell you as plainly as I may. There are in the world two Extremes, Matter and Spirit: one of these I can affure you is earth. The Influences of the spirit animate and quicken the matter, and in the Material Extreme the feed of the spirit is to be found. In middle Natures, as Fire, Aire. and Water, this Seed stayes not, for they are but Dispenseros, or Media, which convey it from one extreme to the other, from the Spirit to the Matter, that is to the Earth. But stay my friend, this Intelligence hath somewhat stirr'd you, and now you come on fo furiously, as if you would rifle the Cabinet. Give me leave to put you back. I mind not this Common, facu-. lent, impure Earth, that falls not within my Discourse, but as it makes for your Manuduthon. That which I speak of is a Mysterie, it is Calum Terra, and Terra Cali, not this dirt, and dust, but a most Secret, Calestall, Invisible Earth.

Raymund Lullie in his Compendium of Alchimie, calls the Principles of Art Alagic, Spiritus fugitives in Acre condensates, in forma Monstrorum Diversorum, & Animalium,

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etiam Hominum, qui vadunt sicut Nubes, modo huc, modo illuc, Certain sugitive spirits condensed in the Ayre in the shape of Divers Monsters. Beasts and Men, which move like Cloudes hither and thither. As for the Sense of our Spaniard, I refer it to his Readers, let them make the most of it.

This is true; As the Ayre, and all the Volatile Substances in it, are restlesse, even so it is with the first Matter. The eye of Man never faw her twice under one and the same shape, but as Cloudes driven by the winde are forced to this, and that figure, but cannot possibly retain one constant forme, so is shee persecuted by the fire of Nature; for this fire, and this water are like two Lovers, they no looner meet, but prefently they play and toy, and this Game will not over till some new Babee is generated. I have oftentimes admired their subtil perpetual Motion, for at all Times, and in all places these two are busie, which occasioned that Notable sentence of Trismegistus, That Action was the Life of God. But most excellent, and Magisterial is that Oracle of Marcus Antoninus, who in his Discourse to himself, speaks indeed things Worthy of himself, dustr buttle gives in The shar quines, લોક જો જલે જલેમન દુધકાન βαίλογη, κή νοιείν νία όμωια, The Nature (faith he) of the Universe delights not in any Thing so much, as to alter all Things, and

Magicians Heavenly Chaos. then to make the like again. This is her Tick Tack, shee playes one Game, to begin another. The matter is placed before her like a pecce of Wax, and shee shapes it to all formes, and sigures. Now shee makes a Bird, now a Beast, now a Flowre, then a Frog and shee is pleas'd with her own Migicall performances, as men are with their own fansies. Hence shee is call'd of Orpheus, modulinguros minne, and amofiquespooling. ms, the Mother that makes many Things, and ordaines strange shapes, or figures. Neither dorh shee, as some finfull Parents doe, who having their pleasure, care not for their Child; shee loves them still after shee hath made them, hath an eye over them all, and provides even for her Sparrowes. 'Tis strange to consider that shee workes as well privatly as publicly, not onely in Gardens where Ladves may finell her perfumes, but in remote Solitudes and Deferts. The Truth is, shee seeks not to please others so much as her felf, wherefore many of her works, and those the Choysest, never come to Light. Wee see little Children, who are newly come from under her hand, will be dabling in Dirt and Water, and other idle sports affected by none but Themselves. The Reason is, they are not as yet Captivated, which makes them feek their own pleasures; But when they come to Age, then Love or Profit makes them square

their Actions according to other mens Defires. Some Cockney claps his Revenues on his backe, but his Galantrie is spoil'd, if his Mistris doth not observe it. Another fights, but his Victory is loft, if it be not Printed, it is the world must heare of his Valour. Now Nature is a free spirit, that seeks no Applause, shee observes none more than her felf, but is pleased with her own Magic, as Philosophers are with their Secret Philosophie. Hence it is that wee find her busie, not onely in the Potts of the Balconies, but in Wildernesses, and ruinous places, where no eyes observe her, but the Starrs and Planets. In a word, wherefoever the fire of nature finds the Virgin Mercurie, there hath he found his Love, and there will they both fall to their Hisbandrie, a pleasure not subject to Surfets, for it still Presents new Varieties. It is reported of Marc Antonie, a famous, but unfortunate Romane, how he sent his Agent over the world to Copie all the handsome faces, that amongst so many excellent features, hee might scleet for himself the most pleasing peece. Truly Nature is much of this straine, for shee hath infinite beauteous patternes in her self, and all these shee would gladly see beyond her felf, which shee cannot doe without the matter, for that is her Glaffe. This makes her gene-Tate perpetually, and imprint her conceptions in

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the matter, communicating life to it, and figuring it according to her Imagination. By this Practice shee placeth her Fansie, or Idea, beyond her felf, or as the Peripateises say, extra Intellectum, beyond the divine Mind, namely in the Matter; but the Idea's being innumerable, and withall different, the pleasures of the Agent are maintain'd by their Varietie, or to speak more properly by his own fruitfulnesse, for amongst all the Beauties the world affords, there are not two, that are altogether the same. Much might bee spoken in this place concerning Beautio, what it is, from whence it came, and how it may be defaced, not onely in the outward figure, but in the inward Idea, and lost for ever in both worlds. But thele pretty shuttles I am no way acquainted with, I have no Mistris but Nature, wherefore I shall leave the fine Ladies to fine Lads, and speak of my simple Ælia Lælia.

It was scarce Day, when all alone
I saw Hyanthe and her Throne.
In fresh, green Damascs she was drest,
And o're a Saphir Globe did rest.
This slipperie Sphære when I did see,
Fortune, I thought it had been Thee.
But when I saw shee did present
A Majestic more Permanent,

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## Calum Terra, or the

I thought my Cares not lost, if I Should sinish my Discoverie.

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Sleepie shee look'd to my first sight,
As if shee had Watch'd all the Night,
And underneath, her hand was spread,
The White Supporter of her head.
But at my Second, studied View,
I could perceive a silent Dew
Steale down her Cheeks; lest it should Stayne
Those Cheeks where onely Smiles should reigne.
The Tears stream'd down for haste, and all
In Chaines of liquid Pearle did fall.
Faire Sorrows; and more dear than Joyes,
Which are but emptie Ayres and Noyse,
Your Drops present a richer Prize,
For they are Something like her Eyes.

Pretty, white Foole! why hast thou been Sulli'd with Teares, and not with Sin? The true: the Teares, like Polish'd Skies, Are the Bright Rosals of the Eyes, But such stringe Fates doe them attend, As if the Woes would never end. From Drops to Sighes they turn, and thou Those sighes return to Drops agen: But whiles the Silver Torrent seeks Those Flowr's that watch it in the Cheeks, The White and Red Hyanthe weares, Turn to Rose-water all her Teares.

Have

Calum Terra, or the, &c.

Have you beheld a Flame, that springs
From Incense, when sweet, curled, Rings
Of sinoke attend her last, weak Fires,
And Shee all in Persumes expires?
So dy'd Hyanthe. Here (faid shee)
Let not this Vial part from Thee.
It holds my Heart, though now 'tis Spill'd,
And into Waters all distill'd.
'Tis constant still: Trust not salse Smiles,
Who similes, and weeps not shee beguiles.
Nay trust not Teares: salse are the few,
Those Teares are Many, that are True.
Trust Mee, and take the better Choyce,
Who hath my Teares, can want no Joyes.

I know some Sophisters of the Heptarchie, I mean those, whose Learning is all Noyse, in which Sense even Py-annets, and Paraquitges are Philosophicall, will conclude this, all Baye and Poetrie, that wee are Pleasing not Positive, and cheat even the Readers Discretion. To prevent such imporent Calumnies, and to spend a little more of our secret Light upon the well-disposed Student, I shall in this place produce the Testimonies of some able Philosophers concerning the first Matter it self, as it is naturally found, before any alteration by Art; and here verily the Reader may discover the Mark, it is most casily done, if he will but eve

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the Flights of my Verse, or follow the more grave pace of their Profe. The first I shall cite is Arnoldus de Villa nova, an absolute perfect Muster of the Art, hee describes the Philo-Sophicall Chaos, in these plain termes. Lapis est, ர் non lapis, Spiritus, Anima, & Corpus ; Quem si dissolvis, dissolvitur, er si congules, congulatur, & si volare facis, volat; Est enim Volatilis, ulbus ut lacryma oculi : postea efficitur citrinus, salsus, pilis carens : quem nemo sua lingua tangere potest. Ecce ipsum jam suá demonstravi descriptione, non tamen nominavi. Modo volo ipsum nominare. & dico, quod si dixeris eum Aquam esse, verum dicis; & si dixeris eum Aquam non esse, mentiris. Ne igitur decipiaris pluribus descriptionibus, & operationibus, unum enim quid est, cui nihil alieni infertur. It is (faith hee) a stone, and no stone Spirit, Soule, and Bodie; which if thou dissolvest, it will bee dissolved, and if thou doest coagulat it, it will be coagulated, and if thou doeft make it fly, it will fly, for it is Volatil, or flying, and cleare as ateare; afterwards it is made citrine then saltish, but without shoots, or Chrystals, and no man may touch it with his Tongue. Behold I have described it truly to thee, but I have not named it. Now I will name it, and I say, that if thou sayest it is Water, thou doest say the Truth, and if thou fayest it is not water, thou

Magician's Heavenly Chaos. 97 doest lie. Bee not therefore deceived with manifold Descriptions and Operations, for it is but one Thing, to which nothing Extraneous may be added. Thus Arnoldus; and he borrowed this from the Turba. Let us now heare his Difciple Raymund Lullie, who speaking very cnviously and obscurely of Seven Metallic Principles, describes the I hird wherein foure of the feven are included in these words; Tertium (faith hee) est Aqua clara Composita, & illa est res Argento vivo magis propingua, qua quidem reperstur supra Terram currens & sluens. Et istud argentum vivum in omni Corpore Elementato à materia aeris est proprie generatum, & ideo ipsius humiditas est valde ponderosa. That is: The third Principle, is a Cleare Compounded water, and it is the next substance in Complexion to Quick-Silver, it is found running, and flowing upon the Earth. This Quickfilver is generated in every Compound out of the Substance of the Aire, and therefore the moysture of it is extreme heavy. To these I will adde Albertus Magnus, whose Suffrage in this kind of Learning is like the Stylana to Gold, for hee had thoroughly fearch'd it, and knew very well what part of it would abide the Test. Mercurius Sapientum (saith hee) est Elementum Aqueum frigidum, & humidum, Aqua permanens, spiritus Corporis, vapor 12 unituunctuosus, Aqua Benedicta, Aqua virtuosa, Aqua Sapientum, Acetum Philosophorum, Aqua Mineralis, Ros cœlestis gratia, Lac Virginis, Mercurius Corporalis, & alies infinitis Nominibus in Philosophorum libris nominatur, que quidens Nomina quamvis varia sunt, semper tamen unam & eandem rem significant, utpote Solum Mercurium sapientum. Ex ipso solo elicitur omnis virtus Artis Alchimia, & suo modo l'instura alba & rubea. In plain English thus; The Mercurie of the Wisemen is a waterie Element, Cold and moyst. This is their Permanent water, the spirit of the Bodie, the un-Etuous vapour, the Blessed water, the virtuous water, the water of the Wisemen, the Philosophers Vinacre, the Mineral Water, the Dow of heavenly Grace the Virgins Milk, the Bodily Mercurie, and with other numberlesse names is it named in the Bookes of the Philosophers, which names eruly, though they are divers notwithstanding alwayes significance and the same thing, namely the Mercurie of the Wife men. Out of this Mercurie alone all the Virtue of the Art is extracted and according to its Nature the Tincture both Red and White. To this 2grees Rechalatiethe Perfian; Sperma Lapidu Taith hee ) oft frigidum & humidum in Manifesto, & in Occulto calidum & siccum. The Sperme, or first matter of the stone is outward-

Magiciaus Heavenly Chaos. 99 ly cold and mouth, but inwardly Hot and Drie-All which is confirmed by Rhodian, another Instructor (it seemes ) of Kanid King of Persia; his words are these; Sperma est album & liquidum, postea rubeum. Sperma istud est lapis fugitivus, & ast Aereum & Volatile, & est frigidum & humidum, & cali um & siccum. The Sperin (faith hee) is white and Liquid, afterwards red. This Sperm is the flying stone, and it is acreal, and volatil, cold and movit, hot and drie. To these subscribes the Author of that excellent Tract intituled Liber trium Verborum. Hiceft Liber (faith hee) Trium verborum, Liber Lapidis preciasi, qui est Corpus aereum & volatile, frigidum & humidum, aquosum & adustivum, & in co est Caliditas eo siccitas, frigiditas & humiditas, alia virtus in occulto, alia in Manifesto. This is the Book of Three words, meaning thereby Three Principles, The Book of the Precions stone, which is a Body aereal and volatil, cold and moyst water is and adultive, and in it is Heat and Droughe, Coldnesse and Movsture, one virtue inwardly, the other outwardly. Relus the Philosopher in that famous and most Classic Synod of Arifleus, inverts the order, to conceale the practice, but if rightly understood, he speaks to the purpose. Excelsum (layth hee) of hoc apud Philosophos magnos Lapidem non

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esse lapidem, apud I diotas vile & Incredibile. Quis enim credet Lapidem Aquam,& Aquam Lapidem fiers, cum nihil sit diver sius? Attamen revera ita est. Lapis enim est hec ipsaper manens Aqua, & dum Aqua est lapis non est. Amongst all great Philosophers it is Magisterial, that our Itone is no Itone, but amongst Ignorants it is ridiculous and incredible. For who will believe that water can be made a stone, and a stone water, nothing being more different than these two? And yet in very truth it is to. For this very permanent water is the stone, but whiles it is water, it is no stone. But in this sense the Ancient Hermes abounds, and almost discovers too much. Scitote Filii Sapientum, quod priscorum Philosophorum aqua est Divisio, qua dividit ipsam in Alia quatuor. Know ( saith hee) you that are the Children of the wife, the Separation of the ancient Philosophers was performed upon water, which Separation divides the water into other foure Substances. There is extant a very learned Author, who hath written something to this purpole, and that more openly than any, whom we have formerly cited. Sicuti Mundus Originem debet Aqua, cui Spiritus Domini incubabat, rebus tam Cœlestibus, quam Terrestribus omnibus inde prodeuntibus; ita Limbus hic emergit ex Aquâ non unlgari, neg; ex Rore (œlesti, aut ex aere CondenMagician's Heavenly Chaos. 101

Condensato in Cavernis Terra, vel in Recipiente ipso, non ex Abysso Maris, fontibus, puteis, fluminibusve hausto, sed ex Aqua quadam perpessa, omnibus obvia, paucissimis cognita, Qua in se habet, quarung, ad totius operis Complementum sunt necessaria, omni amoto Extrin-(faith hee) was generated out of that Water, upon which the Spirit of God did move, all things proceeding thence, both Cœlestiall and Terrestriall. So this Chaos is generated out of a certain Water that is not common, not out of Dew, nor Ayre condented in the Caverns of the Earth, or Artificially in the Receiver; not out of water drawn out of the Sea, Fountains, Pitts, or Rivers, but out of a certain tortured water, that hath suffered some Alteration, obvious it is to All, but known to very few. This water hath all in it, that is necessarie to the perfection of the work, without any Extrinfecal Addition. I could produce a Thousand Authors more, but that were tedious; I shali conclude with one of the Rosie Brothers, whose Testimonie is Aquivalent to the Best of These but his Instruction far more Excellent. His Discourse of the sirst Matter is somewhat large, and to avoyd prolixitie, I shall forbeare the Latin, but I will give thee his Sense in punctuall plaine Eng-

## 102 Calum Terra, or the

I am a Goddesse (faith hee, speaking in the person of Nature) for Beauty and Extra-Etion samous, born out of our own proper Sea, which compasseth the whole Earth, and is ever restlesse. Out of my Breasts I poure forth Milk and Bloud; Boyle these two, till they are turned into Silver and Gold. O most excellent Subject ! out of which all things in this world are generated, though at the first sight thou art Poyson, adorned with the name of the flying Eagle. Thou art the first Matter, the seed of Divine Benediction, in whose Body there is Heat and Rain, which notwithstanding are hidden from the wicked, because of thy Habit, and virgin vestures which is scatter'd over all the world. Thy Parents are the Sun and Moone, in Thee there is Water and Wine, Gold also and Silver upon Earth, that mortall man may rejoyce. After this manner God fends us his Blessing and Wisdome with Raine, and the Beams of the Sun, to the eternall Glory of his Name. But consider o Man, what Things God bestows upon thee by this means. Torture the Eagle till shee weeps, and the Lion bee weakened, and bleed to death. The Blond of this Lion incorporated with the Teares of the Eagle, is the Treasure of the Earth. These Creatures use to devoure and kill one another, but not withstanding their love is mutuall, and they put on the Proprietie

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Proprietie, and Nature of a Salamander, which, if it remains in the fire without any detriment, it cures all the Diseases of Men. Beafts and Metals. After that the Ancient Philosophers had perfectly understood this Subject, they diligently sought in this Mistorie for the Center of the Middlemost Tree in the Terreferial Paradyse, entring in by Five litigious Gates. The first Gate was the Known ledge of the true Matter, and here arose the first, and that a most bitter Conslict. The second was the Praparation by which this matter was to bee prapared, that they might obtain the Embers of the Eagle, and the Bloud of the Lyon. At this Gate there is a most sharp fight, for it produceth water and blond, and a Spirituall bright Body. The Third Gate is the Fire, which conduceth to the Maturitie of the Medicine. The Fourth Gate is that of Multiplication and Augmentation in which Proportions and Weights are Necessarie. The fifth and last Gate is Projection. But most glorious, full rich, and high is hee who attains to the fourth Gate, for hee hath got an Universall Medicine for all Diseases. This is that great Character of the Book of Nature, ont of which her whole Alphabet doth arife.

The fifth gate serves onely for Metals. This Mysterie existing from the Foundation of the World, and the Creation of Adam is of all others the most ancient, a knowledge which God Almighty by his Word breathed into Nature, a miraculous power, the bleffed fire of Life, the Transparent Carbuncle, and red Gold of the Wise men, and the Divine Benediction of this life. But this mysterie, because of the Malice and wickednesse of men, is given onely to few notwithstanding it tives, and moves every day in the sight of the whole world, as it appears by the following parable. I am a possonous Dragon, present every where, and to bee bad for nothing. My water and my fire difsolve and Compound; out of my body thou shalt draw the Green, and the Red Lyon: but if thou doest not exactly know mee, thou wilt with my Fire destroy thy five Senses. A most pernicious quick posson comes out of my Nostrils, which hath been the Destruction of many. Separate therefore the I hick from the Thin artificially, unlesse thou dost delight in extreme Povertie. I give thee faculties both Male and Female and the Powers both of Heaven and Earth. The Mysteries of my Art are to bee performed magnanimously, and with great Courage,

Magicians Heavenly Chaos. 105 Courage, if thon wouldest have mee overcome the Violence of the Fire, in which Attempt many have lost both their Labour and their Substance. I am the Egg of Nature known

many have lost both their Labour and their Substance. I am the Egg of Nature known onely to the Wise, such as are pious and modest, who make of mee a little world. Ordain'd I was by the All-mighty God for men, but (though many desire mee) I am given onely to few that they may relieve the poore with my Treasures, and not set their mindes on Gold that perisheth. I am call'd of the Philosaphers. Mercurie: my husband is Gold ( Philosophicall. ) I am the old Dragon that is present every where on the face of the Earth; I am Father and Mother; Youthfull and Ancient; weak and jet most strong; Life and Death; Visible and Invisible; Hard and Soft; Descending to the Earth and Ascending to the Heavens; most high and most low; light and heavy; In mee the Order of Nature is oftentimes inverted, in Colour, Number, Weight and Measure. I have in mee the light of Nature, I am dark and bright, I spring from the Earth, and I come out of Heaven, I am well known, and yet a meer Nothing, all Colours shine in mee, and all Metals by the Beams of the Sun. I am

## 106 Cælum Terræ, or the sho Carbuncle of the Sun, a most noble clari.

fied Earth by which thou mayest turns Copper, Iron Tin, and Lead into most pure Gold.

Now Gentlemen you may fee which way the Philosophers move, they commend their Secret water, and I admire the Teares of Hyanthe. There is formerning in the Fansie belides Poetrie, for my Mistris is very Philosophicall, and in her Love a pure Plate. nie. But now I think upon't, how many Rivals shall I procure by this Discourse? Every Reader will fall to, and some fine Thing may break her heart with Non-fense. This Love indeed were meer Luck, but for my part I dare trust her, and selt any man should millake her for some things formerly named, I wil tell you truly what shee is; She is not any known water what soever, but a Secret Spormatic Mossture, or rather the Venus that yeelds that moysture. Therefore doe not you imagine that thee is any crude, phlegmatic, thin water, or shee is a fatt, thick, beavie, simie humidisie; But lest you should think I am grown jealous, and would not trust you with my Mistris, Arnoldus do villanevashall speak for me, hear him. AmMagicians Heavenly Chaos. 107

plius tibi dico, quod nullo modo invenire potuimus, nec similiter invenire potuerunt Philosophi, aliquam rem perseverantem in igne, nisi solam unttuosam Humiditatem. Aqueam humiditatem videmus de facili evaporare, Arida remanet. & ideo separantur, quia non sunt Naturales. Si autem eas humiditates confydereremus, que difficulter separantur ab his que funt Naturales, non invenimus aliquas nisi un-Etuosas, & viscosas. I tell thee further (faith hee) that wee could not possibly find, neither could the Philosophers find before us, any thing that would perful in the fire, but onely the Nactnous Humiditie. A waterie Humiditie, we see, will easily vapour away, and the Earth remains behind and the parts are therefore feparated because their Composition is not natural. But if wee consider those humidities, which are hardly separated from those parts which are naturall to them, wee find not any such but the unttuous, viscous Humidities. It will be expe-Red perhaps by some Flint, and Antimonie-Dottors, who make their Philosophicall Contrition with a Hammer, that I should discover this Thing out-right, and not suffer this strange Bird-lime to hold their pride by the Plumes. To these, I say, it is water of Silver, which some have called water of the Moon, but 'tis Mercurie of the Sun, and partly of Saturn,

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for it is extracted from these three metalls, and without them it can never bee made. Now they may unriddle, and tell me what it is, for it

is Truth, if they can understand it.

To the Ingenuous and modest Reader, I have something else to replie, and I believe it will sufficiently excuse mee. Raimund Lullie, a man who had been in the Center of Nature, and without all Question understood a great part of the Divine Will, gives me a most terrible Charge not to prostitute these Principles. Juro Tibi (saith hee) supra animam meam, quod si ea reveles, damnatus es. Nam a Deo omne procedit bonum, & ei soli debetur. Quare fervabis, & Secretum tenebis illud, quad ei debetur revelandum, er affirmabis quam per re-Stam proprietatem subtrahis, qua esus honori debentur. Quia si revelares brevibus verbis illud quod longinquo tempore formavit, in die magni Judicii condemnareris, tanguam qui perpetrator existens contra Majestatem dei lasam, nectibi remitteretur Casus Lasa Majestatis. Talium enim Revelatio ad Deum, & non ad Alterum spectat. That is; I swear to thee upon my foule, that thou art damn'd, if thou shouldest reveale these Things. For every good thing proceeds from God, and to him onely it is due. Wherefore thou shalt reserve, and keep that Secret, which God onely should reveale,

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and thou shalt affirme thou doest justly keep back those things, whose Revelation belongs to his honour. For if thou shouldest reveale that in a few words, which God hath been forming a long time, thou shouldest be condemned in the great day of Judgement, as a Traytor to the Majestie of God, neither should thy Treason bee forgiven Thee. For the Revelation of fuch Things belong to God, and not to Man. So fayd the wife Raymond.

Now for my part I have alwayes honoured the Magicians, their Philosophie being both rational, and Majestic, dwelling not upon Notions, but Effects, and those such as confirme both the Wisdome and the Power of the Creator. When I was a meer Errant in their Books, and understood them not, I did believe them. Time rewarded my Faith, and payd my Credulitie with Knowledge. In the Interim I suffer'd many bitter Calumnies, and this by some envious Adversaries, who had nothing of a Scholar, but their Gownes, and a little Language for Vent to their Non-sense. But thele could not remove mee, with a Spartan patience I concocted my Injuries, and found at last that Nature was Magicall, not Peripateticall. I have no Reason then to distrust them in Spirituall Things, whom I have found so orthodox and faithfull even in Natu-

cap.6.

Theor.

rall Mysteries. I doe believe Raymund, and in order to that Faith, I provide for my Salvation. I will not discover, that I may not be condemn'd. But if this will not fatisfie Thee, who ever thou art, let me whitper thee a word in the ear, and afterwards doe thou proclaime it on the housetopps. Doest thou know from whom, and how that Sperme or Seed which men for want of a better name call the first matter, proceeded? A certain Illuminaire, and in his daics a member of that Societie, which some painted Buzzards use to laugh at, writes thus; Deus optimus Maximus ex Nihilo aliquid creavit, ıllud Aliguid vero fiebat unum aliquod, in Quo See Jacob Omnia, Creatura Caleftes co Terrestres. God in his most (sayth hee) incomparably good and Great, out of nothing created something, but that Something was made one Thing, in which all Things found Dis- were contained Creatures both [wlessiall and Terrestriall. This first Smething was a corthe Three tain kind of Cloud, or Darknesse, which was scondensed into water, and this water is that One Thing in which all Things were contained. But my Question is, what was that Nothing, out of which the first Cloudy Chaos, or Something was made? Canst thou tell mee? It may bee thou doest think it is a meere Nothing. It is indeed Ninil quo ad Nos. Nothing that wee perfectly know. It is Nothing as Diony fine faith,

Behmen

excellent

Princi-

ples.

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Nihil eorum qua sunt, & Nihil eorum qua non funt. It is nothing that was created, or of those things that are : and nothing of that which thou doest call nothing, that is of those Things that are not, in thy empty destructive sense. But by your leave, it is the True Thing, of whom wee can affirme nothing; it is that transcendent Essence, whole Theologie is Negative, and was See Dyaknown to the Primitive Church, but is loft in 191. Ar. These our Dayes. This is that Nothing of Cor- Th. Neg. Thele our Dayes. This is that Nothing of Cornelius Agrippa, and in this nothing, when hee was tyr'd with humane Things, I mean humans Sciences, hee did at last rest: Nikil Scire, (fayd hee) est vita felicissima, to know Nothing is the happiest Life; true indeed, for to know this Nothing, is Life Eternall. Learne then to understand that Magicall Axious, Ex Invisibili factum est Visibile, for all Visibles came out of the Invisible God, for hee is the Well-spring from whence all things flow, and the Creation was a certain stupendious Metaphysicall Birth, or Deliverie. This fine Virginwater, or Chaos, was the second Nature from God himself, and if I may say so, the Child of the Bleffed Trinitie. What Doctor then is hee, whose hands are fit to touch that Subjett, upon which God himself when he worker, layes his own Spirit, for verely to we reade, The Spirit of Gen. c.t. God moved upon the face of the water? And

can it bee expected then, that I should prostitute this Mysterie to all hands whatsoever. that I should proclame it, and crie it, as they cry Orsters : Verily these Considerations, with some other which I will not for all the world put to Papyr have made mee almost displease my dearest friends, to whom notwithstanding I owe a betrer Satisfaction. Had it been my fortune barely to know this Matter, as most men doe, I had perhaps been lesse carefull of it. but I have been instructed in all the Secret Circumstances thereof, which few upon Earth understand. I speak not for any Ostentation, but I speak a I ruth which my Conscience knowes very well. Let me then Reader, request thy Patience, for I shall leave this Discoverie to God, who if it bee his bleffed will, can call unto Thee, and say: Here it is, and thus I worke it. I had not spoken all this in my own Defence, had I not been assaulted (as it were) in this very point, and told to my face I was bound to discover all that I knew, for this Age looks for Dreames and Revelations, as the Traine to their invisible Righteousnesse. I have now sufficiently discours'd of the Matter, and if it be not thy fortune to find it by what is here written, yet thou can't not bee deceived by what I have fayd, for I have purpofely avoyded all those Termes, which might make thee mi

Magicians Heavenly Chaos. 113 Hake any Common Salts, Stones, or Minerals for it. I advise thee withall to beware of all Vegetables, and Animals avoyd them, and every part of them whatfoever. I speak this becaule some ignorant, Sluttish Broylers, are of Opinion, that mans Bioud is the True Subjett. But Alas! is mans Bloud in the Bowels of the Earth, that Metals should bee generated out of it? or was the world, and all that is therein, made of man's Bloud, as of their first Matter? Surely no fuch Thing. The first Mutter was existent before Man, and all other Creatures what loever, for shee is the Mother of them all; They were made of the first Matter, and not the first Matter of them. Take heed then, Let not any man deceive thee. It is totally impossible to reduce any particular to the first Matter, or to a Sperm, without our Mercurie, and being so reduc'd, it is not Universall, but the Particular Sperm of its own Species, and works not any Effect s but what are agreeable to the Nature of that Species, for God

hath seal'd it with a particular Idea. Let them alone then who practife upon man's bloud in their Chemicall stoves, and A. thanors, or as Sendivow hath it, in Fornaculis mirabilibus; they will deplore their Error at last, and sie without Sackcloth, in the Ashes of their Compositions.

Anima

Magica.

But I have done: I will now speak something of Generation, and the wayes of it, that the Process of the Philosophers upon this Matter, may be the better understood. You must know that Nature hath two Extremes, and between them a Middle Substance, which elsewhere wee have call'd the Middle Nature. Example enough wee have in the Creation. The first Extreme was that Cloud or Darkness whereof we have spoken formerly; some call it the Remote Matter, and the Invisible Chaos, but very improperly, for it was not invisible. This is the Jewish Ensoph outwardly, and it is the fame with that Orphic Night;

Ω Nu'ξ widaura zuistan alsegot tered.

O Night! thou black nur (e of the golden stars. Out of this Darkness all things that are in this world came as out of their Forntain or Matrix: hence that Polition of all famous Poets and Philosophers, Omnia ex Notte Prodiisse. The middle Substance is the Water, into which that Night or Darkness was condensed, and the Creatures fram'd out of the Water make up the other Extreme. But the Magicians when they speak strictly, will not allow of this last Extreme, because Nature doth not stay here, wherefore their Philosophie runs thus; Man (lay they) in his natural state, is in the meane Creation, from which hee must recede to one of Magician's Heavenly Chaus. 115

wo Extremes; either to Corruption, as commonly all men doe for they die, and moulder away in their graves : or elle to a spirituall, glorified Condition, like Enoch and Elijah, who were translated, and this (say they) is a true Extreme, for after it there is no Alteration. Now the Magicians reasoning with themselves, why the meane Creation should be subject to Corruption, concluded the Cause and Original of this disease to be in the Chaos it self, for even that was corrupted, and cursed upon the Fall of Man. But examining Things further, they found that Nature in her Generations did onely concoll the Chaos with a gentle heat, shee did not separate the parts, and purifie each of them by it felf, but the purities and impurities of the Sperme remained together in all her Productions, and this Domestic enumie prevayling at last, occasion'd the Death of the Compound. Hence they wisely gathered, that to minister Vegetables, Animals, or Minerals for Physic, was a meer madness, for even these also had their own Impurities and Diseases, and required some Medicine to cleanse them . Upon this Adviso, they resolved (God withour all Question being their Guide) to practise on the Chaos it self, they opened it, purified it, united what they had formerly separated, and fed it with a twofold Fire, Thick, and Thin, К 3

till they brought it to the immortal Extreme, and made it a spirituall heavenly Body. This was their Physic, this was their Magic. In this performance they saw the Image of that sace, which Zoroaster calls Triadis Vultus ante Essentiam. &c. They perfectly knew the Secundoa, which contains all things in her naturally, as God contains all things in himself spiritually. They saw that the Life of all things here below, was a Thick Fire, or site imprisoned, and incorporated in a certaine incombustible Aereall morsture. They sound moreover that this sire was originally derived from Heaven, and in this sense Heaven is styl'd in the Oracles.

Ignis, Ignis Derivatio, & Ignis Ponu.

In a word, they saw with their Eyes, that Nature was Male and Female; Ignis ruber super Dorsum Ignis Candidi, as the Cabalists expresse it: A certain Fire of a most deep red Colour, working on a most white, heavy, salacious Water, which Water also is Fire inwardly, but outwardly very cold. By this practice it was manifested unto them, that God himself was Fire, according to that of Eximidius in Turba: Omnium rerum Initum esse Naturam quandam, camá, perpetuam, insinitam, omnia soventem, Coquentemá, The Beginning of all things (sayth he) is a Certain Nature, and

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that eternall, and infinite, cherishing and hearing all Things. The truth is , Life which is nothing else but Light, and heat, proceeded originally from God, and did apply to the Chuos, which is elegantly call'd by Zoroaster, Fons fontium, & fontium cunctorum, Matrix continens cuntta. The Fountain of fountains, and of all fountains The Mitrix containing all Things. Wee see by Experience that all Individuals live not onely by their own heat, but they are preserved by the outward universal beat, which is the life of the great world. Even fo truly the great world it felf lives not altogether by that heat which God hath inclosed in the parts thereof, but it is præserved by the circumfused influent heat of the Deitie; For above the Heavens God is manifested like an infinite burning world of Light and Fire, to that hee overlooks all that he hath made, and the whole Fabric stands in his heat and Light, as a man stands here on Earth in the Sun-shine. I say then that the God of Nature employes himself in a perpetuall Coction, and this not onely to generate, but to preserve that which hath been generated: for his spirit and heat coagulat that which is Thin, rarifie that which is too grosse, quicken the dead parts, and cherish the cold. There is indeed one operation of heat, Whose method is vitall, and far more mysterious

K 4

than

than the rest, they that have use for it, must studie it. I have for my part spoken all that I intend to speak, and though my Book may prove fruitless to many, because not understood, yet some few may be of that Spirit as to comprehend it: An pla mentis ampla flamma, fayd the great Chaldeim. But because I will not leave thee without some Satisfaction, I advise thee to take the Moone of the firmament, which is a middle nature, and place her fo that every part of her may be in two Elements at one and the fame time, these Elements alto must equally attend her Body, not one further off, not one neerer than the other. In the regulating of these two, there is a twofold Geometrie to be observed, Natural, and A toficial. But I may speak no more. The true Farnace is a little simple shell, thou maysteasily carry it in one of thy hands. The Glaffe is one, and no more, but fome Philosophers have used two, and so mayst thou. As for the work it self, it is no way troublesome a Ladr may reade the Arcadia, and at the same time attend this Philosophie without diffurbing her fansie. For my part I think women are fitter for it than men, for in such things they are more neat and patient, being ufed to a small Chimistrie of Sack-possets, and other finicall Sugar-fops. Concerning the Effests of this Medicine, I shall not speak any

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thing at this time, hee that desires to know them, let him reade the Revelation of Paracelsus, a Discourse altogether incomparable, and in very truth miraculous. And here without any partialitie, I shall give my Judgement of honest Hohenheim. I find in the relt of his workes, and especially where hee falls on the stone, a great many fulse Processes, but his Do-Elrine of it in Generall is very found. The truth is, hee had some Pride to the Justice of his Spleen, and in many places hee hath err'd of purpole, not caring what Bones hee threw before the Schoole-men for hee was a Pylot of Guadalcana, and fayl'd sometimes in his Rio de la recriation. But I had almost forgot to tell thee that, which is all in all, and it is the greatelt Difficultie in all the Art, namely the fire. It is a close, ayrie, circular, bright fire; the Philosophers call it their Sun, and the glasse must stand in the shade. It makes not the matter to vapour, no not so much as to sweat, it digests onely with a still, piercing, vitall heat. It is continuall, and therefore at last alters the Chaos, and corrupts it; The Proportion and Regiment of it is very Scrupulous, but the best rule to know it by, is that of the Synod : facite ne Fasianus volet ante Insequentem; Let not the Bird fly before the Fowler; make it sit whiles you give fire, and then you are fure of your

your Prey. For a Cloze, I must tell thee, the Philosophers call'd this Fire their Balneum, but it is Balneum Natura, a Naturall Bath, not an Artificiall one, for it is not any kind of Water, but a certain subtill temperate morsture which compasseth the Glasse, and feeds their Sun, or Fire. In a word without this Bath nething in the world is generated. Now that thou mayst the better understand what Degree of fire is requisit for the work, consider the Generation of Man, or any other Creature what soever. It is not Kitchin fire, not feaver that works upon the Sperm in the Womb but a most temperate, mouft, natural heat, which proceeds from the very life of the Mother. It is just to here; Our Matter is a most delicate Substance, and sender like the Animal sperme, for it is almost a living thing, nay in very truth it hath some small portion of life, for N sture doth produce some Animals out of it. For this very reason the least violence destroyes it, and prevents all generation, for if it be over-heated but for some few minutes, the white, and red Sulphurs will never effentially unite, and coagulat. On the Contrary, if it takes cold but for half an hour, the work being once well begun, it will never fort to any good purpose. I speak out of my own Experience, for I have (as they phrase it) given my felf a Box on the Eare, and that twice

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or thrice, out of a certain confident Negligence, Expecting that, which I knew well enough, could never bee. Nature moves not by the Theorie of men, but by their practice, and furcly Wit and Reason can performe no Miracles, unlesse the hands supplie them. Bee sure then to know this fire in the first place, and accordingly bee sure to make use of it. But for thy better Securitie, I will describe it to thee once more. It is a drie, vaporous humid fire; it goes round about the Glasse, and is both equals and Continuall. It is restlesse, and some have call dit the white philosophicall Coale. It is in it felf naturall, but the praparation of it is Artificiell, it is a heat of the Dead, wherefore some call it their unnatural, Necromantic fire. It is no part of the Matter, neither is it taken out of it, but it is an external fire, and serves onely to firr up, and strengthen the inward oppressed fire of the Chaos. But let us hear Nature her felf, for thus shee speaks in the Serious Romance of Mehung. Post putrefactionem sit ipsa Generatio, idg, per internum incomburibilem Calorem ad Argenti vivi frigiditatem calcficiendam, quod tantum equidem patitur, ut tandem cam sulphure suo uniatur. Omne illud uno in Vase complexum est, I gnis, aer, & Aqua videlicet, qua in Terreno suo vase accipio, eademá, uno in Alembico relinquo; or tum coquo. dissolve,

dissolvo, & sublimo, absá, Malleo, forcipe, vel lima, sine Carbonibus, vapore, Igne aut Maria-Balneo, & Sophisturum Alembicis : Calestem namá, meum ignem habeo, qui Elementalem, prout M. teria idoneam decentemá, formam habere desyderat, excitat. That is: After Putrefaction succeeds Generation, and that because of the inward incombustible Sulphur, that heats, or thickens the Coldness, and Crudities of the Quick silver which suffers so much thereby, that at last it is united to the Sulphur, and made one Body therewith. All this namely (Fire, Ayre, and Water ) is contained in one Vessell; in their earthly Vessel, that is in their grosse Body, or Composition I take them, and then I leave them in one Alembic, where I concoct, dissolve, and sublime them without the help of Hammer, longs, or File; without Coales, Smoake, Fire, or Bath, or the Alembics of the Sophisters. For I have my heavenly fire, which excites, or stirs up the Elementall one, according as the matter defires a becomming, agreeable forme. Now Nature every where is one and the same, wherefore shee reades the same lesson to Madathan, who thinking in his Ignorance to make the stone without dissolution, receives from her this Check. An tu nunc Cochleas, vel Cancros cum Testis devorare niteris? An non prius à vetussissimo Planetarum Coquo maturari,

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rari, & praparari illos oportet? Doest thou think (fayes hee ) to eat Oysters shells and all? ought they not first to bee opened, and prepar'd by the most Ancient (ooke of the Planets? With their agrees the excellent Flammel, who speaking of the Solar, and Lunar Mercurie, and the Plantation of the one in the other, bath thele words. Sumantur itag,, & nollu, interding, assidne supra ignem in Alembico foveantur. Non autem ignis Carbonarius, velè ligno confectus sed clarus pellucidus q'ignis sit, non secus ac Sol ipse, qui nunquam plus justo calidus ardens g, sed omni tempore ejusdem caloris esse debet. Take them therefore (fayth hee) and cherish them over a fire in thy Alembic; But it must not be a fire of Coales, nor of any wood, but a bright shining fire, like the Sun it self, whose hear must never be excessive but alwayes of one and the same Degree. This is enough, and too much, for the Secret in it self is not great, but the Consequences of it are so, which made the Philosophers hide it. Thus Reader thou hast the outward Agent most fully and faithfully described. It is in Truth a very simple mysterie, and if I should tell it openly, ridiculous. Howfoever by this, and not without it, did the Magicians unlock the Chaos, and certainly it is no newes that an Iron-key should open a Treasurie of Gold. In this Universall Subject

Subject they found the Natures of all particulars, and this is signified to us by that Maxim: Qui Proteum non novit, adeat Pana. This Pan is their Chaos, or Mercurie, which expounds Proteus, namely the Particular (reatures, commonly call'd Individualls, For Pan transformes himself into a Proteus, that is, into all varieties of Spicies, into Animals, Vegetables, and Minerals; for out of the Universall Nature, or first matter, all these are made, and Pan hath their Proprieties in himself. Hence it is that Mercurie is call'd the Interpreter, or Expositor of Inseriors and Superiors, under which Notion the Ancient Orpheus invokes him.

Κλόθι μου Έρμεια, Διος αγγελε, Μαίαθες διέ, Ερμητου πάντων,

Hear me o Mercurie, thou messenger of Jove, and son of Maja, the Expositor of all Things.

Now for the Birth of this Mercurie, and the Place of it, I find but few Philosophers that mention it. Zoroaster points at it, and that very obscurely, where he speaks of his Jynges or the I dea's in these words;

Multa quidem ha scandunt lucidos Mundos, Insilentes: Quarum Summitates sunt Tres. Subjectum est Ipsis Principale pratum.

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This Pratum, or Meadow of the Idea's, a place well known to the Philosophers, (Flammel calls it their Garden, and the Mountain of the seven Merals, see his Summarie, where hee describes it most learnedly, for hee was instrueted by a Jow ) is a certain fecret, but Univerfull Region : one calls it Regio Lucis, the Region of Light, but to the Cabalist it is Nox Corporus, a Terme extremely appolit, and significant. It is in few words the Rendezvous of all Spicits, for in this place the Idea's when they descend from the Bright world to the Dark one, are incorporated. For thy Better Intelligence thou must know that Spirits whiles they move in Heaven, which is the Fire-world, contract no impurities at all, according to that of Stel-

Omne quod est supra Lunam, aternum g bo-

Esse scias, nec triste aliquid Calestia tan-

All (fayth hee) that is above the Moon, is eternall and good, and there is no Corruption of Heavenly Things. On the contrary, when Spirits descend to the Elementall Alurix, and reside in her Kingdom, they are blurr'd with the Original Leprose of the Matter, for here the Curse raves and rules, but in Heaven it is not Pradominant. To put an end to this point,

This

Occult. Pbil.

let us hear the admirable Agrippa state it; This is hee, between whose lipps the Truth did breathe, and knew no other Oracle. Calestium vires, dum in se existant, & à Datore Luminum per sanctus Intelligentius, & Calos influuntur, quous quad Lunam pervenerint : earum Influentia bona est, tanquam in primo gradu; deinde autem quando in Subjecto vilsori suscipitur, ipsa etiam vilescit. That is; The Heavenly powers, or spiritual Essences whiles they are in themselves, or before they are united to the Matter, and are shower'd down from the Father of Lights thorough the holy Intelligences and the Heavens, untill they come to the Moone: Their Influence is good, as in the first degree ; But when it is received in a corrupt Subject, the Influence also is corrupted. Thus He. Now the Astronomers pretend to a strange familiaritie with the starrs, the Natural Philosophers talk as much : and truly an Ignorant man mighe well think they had been in heaven, and conversed, like Lucians Menippus, with Jove himself. But in good Earnest these Men are no more Engles than Sancho, their fansies are like his flights in the Blasket, and every way as short of the Skies. Ask them but where the Influences are received, and how; bid them by faire Experience prove they are present in the Elements, and you have undone them; if

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you will trust the foure Corners of a Figure, or the three Legs of a Syllogism, you may; this is all their Evidence. Well fare the Magicians then, whose Art can demonstrate these Things, and put the very Influences in our hands. Let it be thy studie to know their Region of Light, and to enter into the Treasures thereof, for then thou mayst converse with Spirits, and understand the Nature of invisible Things. Then will appear unto thee the Universal Subject, and the two minerall Spermes, White, and Red, of which I must speak somewhat, before I make an end.

In the Pythagoricall Synod, which consisted of Threescore and Ten Philosophers, all Masters of the Art, it is thus written. Ignis Spifsum in Aera cadit; Aeris vero Spissum, & quod ex igne Spisso congregatur, in Aquam incidit; Aqua quog, Spissum, & quod ex Ignis & Aeris Spisso coadunatur, in Terrà quiescit. Ita istorum Trium spissitudo in Terrà quiescit, ing, eà conjuncta funt. Ipfa er go Terra omnibus cateris Elementis spissior est, uti Palam apparet, & videre est . That is, The Thicknesse, or Sperm of the Fire falls into the Ayre; The Thickness or Spermatic part of the Ayre, and in it the Sperm of the Fire, falls into the Water; The Thickness or spermatic Substance of the Water, and in it the two Spermes of Fire and

Ayre fall into the Earth, and there they rest, and are conjoyned. Therefore the Earth it felf is thicker than the other Elements, as it openly appears, and to the eye is manifest. Remember now what I have told thee formerly concerning the Earth; what a generall Hospitall it is, how it receives all things, not onely Beafts and Vegetables, but proud and glorious Man: when Death hath ruin'd him, his courfer parts stay here, and know no other Home. This Earth to Earth, is just the Dostrine of the Magi; Metalls (fay they) and all things may bee reduc'd into that whereof they were made. They speak the very Truth, it is God's own Gen. c.3. Principle, and he first taught it Ad. m. Dust thou art, and to Dust shalt thou return. But lest any man should be Deceived by us, I think it just to informe you, there are two reductions; One is Violent and Destructive, reducing Bodies to their Extremes, and properly it is Death, or the Calcination of the common Chimist. The other is Vital, and Generative, resolving Bodies into their Sperm, or middle Substance out of which Nature made them, for Nature makes not Bodies immediatly of the Elements but of a Sperm, which shee drawes out of the Elements. I shall explain my self to you by Example. An Egg is the Sperm, or middle Substance out of which a Chick is ingenMagician's Heavenly Chaos. 129

dred, and the moss fure of it is viscous, and simie, a water and no water, for such a Sperme ought to bee. Suppose Dr. Coale, I mean some Broyler, had a minde to generat something out of this Egg. Questionlesse he would first destill it, and that with a fire able to roast the Hen that layd it, then would hee calcine the Caput mortuum, and finally produce his Nothing. Here you are to observe that Booses are nothing els but Sperm coagulated, and he that Destroyes the Body, by confequence destroyes the Spirm. Now to reduce Bodies into Elements of earth and water, as wee have instanc'd in the Egg, is to reduce them into Extremes beyond their Sperm, for Elements are not the Sperm, but the Sperm is a Compound made of the Elements, and containing in it self all that is requisit to the frame of the Body. Wherefore be well advis'd before you distill, and Quarter any particular Bodies, for having once separated their Elements, you may never generat, unless you can make a Sperm of those Elements, but that is impossible for man to doe, it is the Power of God, and Nature. Labour then you that would be accounted wise, to find out our Mercurie, to shall you reduce things to their mean spermaticall Chaos, but avoyd the broyling Destruction. This Doctrine will spare you the vain Task of Distillations, if you will but remember this Truth:

ver.19.

Truth: That Spirmes are not made by Separation, but by Composition of Elements, and to bring a Body into Sperm, is not to distill it, but to reduce the whole into one thick water, keeping all the parts thereof in their first naturall union. But that I may return at last to my former Citation of the Synod. All those Influences of the Elements being united in one Mass, make our Sperm, or our Earth, which is Earth and no Earth. Take it if thou doest know it, and divide the Essences thereof, not by violence, but by naturall putrefaction, such as may occasion a genuine Dissolution of the Compound. Here thou shalt find a miraculous white Water, an Influence of the Moone, which is the Mother of our (haos: It rules in two Elements Earth and Water. After this appears the Sperm or influx of the Sun, which is the futher of it. It is a quick, Coelestiall fire, incorporated in a thin, oleous, Aereall Moysture. It is incombustible, for it is fire it self, and feeds upon fire, and the longer it stayes in the fire, the more glorious it growes. These are the two mineral Spermes Masculine. and Faminine: if thou doest place them both on their Chrystalline Basis, thou hast the Philosopher's flying Fire-drake, which at the first fight of the Sun breathes such a poyfon, that nothing can stand before him. I know not what to tell thee more, unlesse in the Vogme

Magicians Heavenly Chaos. 131 of some Authors, I should give thee a flegmatic Description of the whole process, and that I can dispatch in two worlds.

dispatch in two words. It is nothing els but a continual Costion, the Volatil Essences ascending and descending till at last they are fix'd, according to that excellent Prosopopaia of the stone.

Non ego continuò morior, dum spiritus exit, Nam redit assiduè, quamvis & sweetedat, Et mihi nunc magna est Anima, nunc nulla fa-

Plus ego sustinui, quam Corpus debuit unum; Tres Animas habui, quas omnes intus habebam, Discessere dua, sed Tertia pænè secuta est.

I am not dead, although my spirit's gon, For it returns, and is both off, and on, Now I have life enough, now I have non.

I suffer'd more, than one could justly doe; Three soules I had, and all my own, but Two Are sled: the Third had almost left mee too.

have written. And now give me leave to look about mee. Is there no Powder-Plott, or practice? What's become of Aristotel, and Galen? Where is the Scribe and Pharisee, the Disputers of this world? If they suffer all this,

and believe it too, I shall think the General Conversion is come about, and I may sing,

Jam redit & Virgo, redeunt Saturnia Regna.

But come what will come, I have once more spoken for the Truth, and shall for Conclusion speak this much Again. I have elsewhere call'd this Subject, Limus calestis, and the middle Nature: The Philosophers call it the Venerable Nature, but amongst all the Pratenders I have not yet found one, that could tell me why. Hear me then, that whenfoever thou doest attempt this work, it may be with reverence, not like some proud, ignorant Doctor but with lesse Confidence & more Care. This Chaos hath in it the foure Elements, which of themselves are contrarie Natures, but the wisdome of God hath so placed them, that their very order reconciles them. For Example, Ayre and Earth are Adversaries, for one is hot and mossif, the other cold and drie. Now to reconcile these two, God placed the Water between them, which is a middle Nature, or of a mean Complexion between both Extremes. For the is cold and moyst, and as shee is cold, shee partakes of the Nature of the Earth, which is cold and drie, but as shee is moyst, she partakes in the Nature of the Ayre, which is hot and moyst. Hence it is, that Ayre and Earth which are Contraries

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in Themselves, agree and imbrace one another in the water, as in a middle Nature which is proportionate to them both, and tempers their Extremities. But verely this Salvo makes not up the Breach, for though the water reconciles two Elements like a friendly Third, yet shee her self fights with a Fourth, namely with the Fire: For the Tire is hot and drie, but the water is cold and moyst, which are clear Contraries. To prevent the Distempers of these two, God placed the Ayre between them, which is a Substance hor and morst; and as it is hor, it agrees with the fire, which is hot and drie; but as it is morft, it agrees with the water, which is cold and morst; so that by mediation of the Ayre, the other two Extremes, namely fire and water are made friends, and reconciled. Thus you fee, as I told you at first, that Contrarie Elements are united by that Order and Textore wherein the Wife God hath placed them. You must now give me leave to tell you that this Agreement or friend hip is but puvil, a very weak love, cold and skitish : for whereas thele Principles agree in one qualitie, they differ in two, as your selves may easily compute. Much need therefore have they of a more strong and able Mediator to confirme and preserve their weak Unitie, for upon it depends the very eternitie, and Incorruption of the Creature. This bleffed

L 4 Cament,

Cament, and Balfam, is the Spirit of the living God, which some ignorant Scriblers have call'd a Quintessence, for this very Spirit is in the Chaos, and to speak plainly, the fire is his Thrrne, for in the Fire he is Seated, as wee have sufficiently told you elsewhere. This was the Reason, why the Magicall'd the first Matter their Venerable Nature, and their bleffed stone, and in good earnest what think you, is it not so? This blessed Spirit fortistes, and perfects that weak Disposition which the Elements already have to Union and Peace, (for God works with Nature, not against her,) and brings them at last to a beauteous specificall Fabric. Now if you will aske me, where is the Soul, or as the Schoole-men abuse her, the Form, all this while? what doth shee doe? To this I answer, that shee is, as all Instrumentals ought to be, subject and obedient to the will of God, expecting the perfection of her Body: for it is God that unites her to the Body, and the body to her. Soule and Body are the work of God, the one as well as the other: the Soul is not the Artificer of her house, for that which can make a Body, can also repaire it, and hinder death; but the Soule cannot docthis, it is the Power, and Wisdome of God. In a word, to fay that the Soule form'd the Body, because sine the Body, is to say that the Jewell made the Cabinet, because the

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Jewell is in the Cabinet, or that the Sun made the world, because the Sun is in the world, and cherisheth every part thereof. Learn therefore to distinguish between Agents and their Instruments, for if you attribute that to the Creature, which belongs to the Creator, you bring your selves in Danger of hell-fire, for God is a jealous God, and will not give his glorie to Another. I advise my Doctors therefore, both Divines and Physicians, not to bee too rash in their Censures, nor so Magisterial in their Discourse, as I have known some Professors of Physic to be: who would correct and undervalue the rest of their Brethren, when in Truth they Themselves were most shamefully ignorant. It is not ten, or twelve years Experience in Druggs and Sopps can acquaint a man with the Mysteries of God's Creation. Take this, and make a world : Take I know not what, and make a Pill or Clyster, are different Recepts. Wee should therefore consult with our Judgements, before wee venture our Tongues, and never speake, but when wee are lure wee understand. I knew a Gentleman, who meeting with a Philosopher Adept, and receiving so much Courtesse, as to be admitted to Discourse, attended his first Instructions passing well. But when this Magician quitted my friends known Roade, and began to touch, and drive round the

great

Anthropo-Joph.

great Wheele of Nature, presently my Gentle. man takes up the Cudgells, and urging all the Authorities, which in his vain judgement made for him, opprest this noble Philosopher with a most clamorous, insipid Ribaldrie. A goodly fight it was, and worthy our Imitation, to see with what an admirable Patience the other received him. But this Errant concluded at last, That Lead or Quick-silver must be the Subject, and that Nature work'd upon one of both. To this the Adeptus replied, Sir, it may bee so at this time, but if hereafter I find Nature in those old Elements, where I have Cometimes (een her very Busie, I shall at our next meeting confute your Opinion. This was all hee faid, and it was fomething more than hee did. Their next meeting was referr'd to the Greek Calends, for he could never be seen afterwards, notwithstanding a thousand Sollicitations. Such Talkative babling people as this Gentleman was, who run to every Doctor for his Opinion, and follow like a Spaniell every Bird they spring, are not fit to receive these Secrets, they must be serious, silent men, faithfull to the Art, and most faithfull to their Teachers. Wee should alwayes remember that Dotrine of Zeno: Nature (said hee) gave us one Tongue, but two Eares, that wee might heare much, and speak little. Let not any man there-

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fore be ready to vomit forth his own shame and ignorance: Let him first examine his know. ledge, and especially his practice, lest upon the Experience of a few violent Knacks, hee presume to judge Nature in her very Sobrieties. To make an end; If thou doest know the first Matter, know also for certain, thou hast discovered the Santtuarie of Nature; There is nothing between thee and her Treasures, but the Doore: that indeed must be opened. Now if thy Desire leads thee on to the Practice, consider well with thy self what manner of man thou art, and what it is that thou would'st do, for it is no small matter. Thou hast resolved with thy self to be a Cooperator with the Spirit of the living God, and to minister to him in his worke of generation. Have a Care therefore that thou doest not hinder his work: for if thy heat exceeds the Naturall Proportion, thou hast stirr'd the wrath of the moyst Natures, and they will stand up against the Central fire, and the Central fire against them, and there will be a terrible Division in the Chaos: but the sweet Spirit of Peace, the true eternal Quinteffence will depart from the Elements, leaving both them and Thee to Confusion; neither will hee apply himself to that Matter, as long as it is in thy violent, deftroying hands. Take heed therefore, lest thou turn Partner with the Devill,

for

There

for it is the Devil's designe from the Beginning of the world, to set Nature at Variance with Her felf, that he may totally corrupt, and dostroy her. Ne tu augeas fatum, doe not thou further his Designes. I make no question but many men will laugh at this, but on my Soule I speak nothing But what I have known by very good Experience, therefore believe mee. For my own part it was ever my defire to bury these Things in silence, or to paint them out in shadowes, but I have spoken thus clearly, and openly, out of the Affection I bear to some, who have deferved much more at my hands. True it is, Lintended sometimes to expose a greater work to the world, which I promised in my Anthroposophia, but I have been since acquainted with that World, and I found it base, and unworthie: wherefore Ishall keep in my first happy Solitudes, for Noyse is Nothing to mee, I feek not any man's Applause. If it be the will of my God to call me forth, and that it may make for the Honour of his Name, in that respect I may write again, for I feare not the Indgement of Man, but in the interim here Shall be and End.

FINIS.

A Nd now my Book, let it not stop thy Flight, That thy just Author, is not Lord, or Knight. I can define my self: and have the Art Still to present one face, and still one Heart. But for nine years some Great ones cannot see What they have been nor know they what to bee. What though I have no Rattles to my name, Do'st hold a simple Honestie no Fame? Or art thou such a stranger to the Times, Thou canst not know my Fortunes fro my Crimes. Goc forth, and fear not : some will gladly bee Thy learned friends, whom I did never sec. Nor shouldst thou fear thy welcom thy small Cannot undo 'em, though they pay Excile. (Price Thy Bulk's not great: it will not much distresse Their emptie Pockets, but their Studies leffe. Th'art no Galcon, as Books of Burthen bee, Which can not ride but in a Libraric. Th'art a fine Thing and little: it may Chance Ladies will buy thee for a new Romance. Oh how I'le envy Thee ! when thou art spread In the bright Sun-shine of their Eyes, and read With Breath of Amber, Lips of Role, that lend ! Perfumes unto thy Leaves, shal never spend: (fall When from their white hands they shall let thee Into their Bosomes, which I may not call Ought of Misfortune, Thou do'st drop to rest In a more pleasing place, and art more blest.

There in some silken, soft Fold thou shalt lye Hid like their Love, or thy own Mysterie. (fine, Nor shouldst thou grieve thy Language is not For it is not my Best, though it be Thine. I could have voye'd thee forth in such a Dresse. The Spring had been a Slut to thy Expresse: Such as might file the rude, unpolish'd Age, And fix the Readers Soule to ev'ry Page: But I have us'd a cour se, and homely strain, Because it suits with Truth, which should be plain. Last, my dear Book, if any looks on Thee As on Three Suns, or some great Prodigie, And swear to a full point, I do deride All other Sects, to publish my own pride; Tell such they lie, and since they love not Thee. Bid them goe learn some High-shoe heresie. Nature is not so simple, but thee can Procure a folid Reverence from man; Nor is my Pen so lightly Plum'd that I Should ferve Ambition with her Majestie. 'Tis Truth makes me come forth, & having writ This her (hort Scane, I would not stifle it : For I have call'd it Childe, and I had rather See't torn by them, than strang!'d by the Father.

Soli Deo Gloria.

Amen



Faults escaped in Magia Adamica,

Page 70. line 4. for AATTA read TATTA. p. 106.

1. 23. for or, r. for.p. 126. l. 26. for dotrine, odefrine.

Faults escaped in the Man- Mouse.

Page 15. line 2. tor sires, read fires. p. 49. 1, 24. f, the, r. that. p. 82. 1. 23. f. he, r. she.

