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NIMA MAGICA ABSCONDITA;

Or

A Discourse of the universall Spirit of Nature,

With his strange, abstruse, miraculous Ascent, and descent.

By Eugenius Philalethes.

Stapul: in Dion:

Est autem Vniversum speculum Unum,

ad Quod astans Amor, suum efformat Idolum.

Dû a Digon: Hêb Dhû, Hêb Dhim.

Printed by T.W. For H. B. 1650.





Ow God defend!
what will become
of me? I have neither confulted with
the stars, nor their
Vrinals, the Almanacks. A fine Fellow, to neglect the

Prophets, who are read in England every Day! They shall pardon me for this meiera. There is a Mystery in their profession, they have not so much as heard of: Cælum stellatum Christianum; a new Heaven fansied on the old Earth. Hete the Twelve Apostles have surprised the Zodiak, and all the Saints are

2 sing'd'

rang'd on their North, and South sides. It were a pretty vanity, to preach when Saint Paul is ascendent, and would not a Papist smile to have his Pope elected under Saint Peter? Reader, if I studied these Things, I should think my self worst imployd then the Roman Chaucer was in his Troilus. I come out as if there were no Houres in the Day, nor Planets in the Houres in either do I care for any thing, but that Interlude of Perendenga in Michael Cervantes! Let the old Man my Master live, and Christ be with us all. Thou will wonder now where this drives, for I have neither a Conde de lemos, nor a Cardinal to pray for. I pray for the Dead, that is, I wish him a fair Remembrance, whose Labours have deferved it. It happened in exposing my former Discourse to Censure. (a cufrom hath firangl'd many Truths in the Cradle) that a Learned Man suggested to me some bad Opinion he had of my Author, Henricus Connelius Agrippa.

To the Reader.

I ever under flood, it was not One, but many in whose sentiment that miracle suffer'd. It is the Fortune of deep writters to miscary because of obscurity: Thus the Spots in the Moon with some Men are Earth, but 'tis more probable they are water. There is no Day fo slear, but there are Lees towards the Horizon: Coinferior Wits, when they reflect on higher Intelletts, leave a Mist in their Beames. Had he liv'd in Ignorance, as most do, he might have past hence like the last yeares Cloudes, withont any more Remembrance. But as I believe the Trusth a maine Branch of that End to which I was born; fo I hold it my Duty to vindicate him, from whom I have receiv'd it. The world then being not able to confute this mans Principles by Reason, went about to do it by Scandal, and the firt Argument they fastend on, was that of the Jews again A his Sviour : Thou art a Samaritan, and hast a Divel. The Chief in this

this Persecution is Cicognes, and after him Delrio in his Fabulous Disquisitions. But Paulus Jovius stirr'd in the Vomit, who amongst other mens Lives hath put my Author to Death. It is done indeed Emphatically betwixt Him, and his Poet, whom he hir'd (it seems) to stitch verse to his Prose, and so patch'd up the Legend. Quis (sayth he) in Henrici Cornelii Agrippa (edato vultu portentosum Ingenium latuisse crediderit? In his subsequent Discourse he states his Question, and returns my Authors best parts as a Libell on his memorie. But that which troubles him most of all is, That Agrippa should prove his Dollrine out of the Scriptures. Then he inculcates the folemn Crambe of his Dog-Devill, whose Collar Emblematically wrought with Nails, made the Russe to his Familiar. For a Close to the story, he kills him at Lyons, where being neer his Departure he unravell'd his Magick in this desperat Dismission,

To the Reader.

mission, Abi perdita Bestia, qui me totum perdidifti. This is the most grosse Lie, and the least probable in every circumstance that ever was related. Devils use not to quit their Conjurers in the day of Death, neither will they at such Times be exterminated. This is the hour wherein they attend their Prey, and from seeming servants become cruell Masters. Besides, is it not most gross, That any should dog this Devil from Agrippa's Lodging to Araris, where (fayth this Prelate) he plung'd himself? Certainly spirits passe away invisibly. and with that dispatch no mortall man can trace them. Believe this, & believe all the Fables of Purgatory. Now Reader, thou hast heard the morst lend a just Eare, and thou shalt hear the Best. Fohannes wyerus, a profest Adversarie to Ceremonial Magick, and sometimes seccretary to Cornelius Agrippa, in his Dæmonomania speaks thus. He wonders that some learned Germans and Italians

were not asham'd to traduce his Master in their publick writings. That he had a Dog whose Call was Mounfieur he confesseth: and this Spaniell during his service he us'd to leade, when Agrippa walk'd abroad, in Loro expilis concinnato. At revera (faith he) Canis erat Naturalis Masculus. To which also Agrippa coupl'd a Bitch of the same colour call'd Madammoyscelle. It is confest he was fond of this Dog, as some men are, and having divored his first wife, would suffer him for a Sarcasm, to seep with him under the sheetes. In his study too, this dog would couch on the Table by his Master, whence this great Philosopher, inver supellectilem Chartaceam certe infignem delitescens, fayth wyerus, would not somtimes stir out for a whole week together. So studious was he for the good of posterity, who have but coldly remurded him for his pains. I have observed also in his Epistles, That when he was resident at Malines.

To the Reader.

Malines, his Domesticks us'd to give him an account in their Letters how his dogs Far'd; so fond was he of those Creatures. But to come to the rest of the Legend; Paulus Iovius tells you he died at Lyons ignobili, & tenebroso in diverforio: But Wyerus, who had more Reason to be inquisitive after his masters death, tells me he died at Granople, and that in Domino, not desperatly as his Enemies would have it. Here now was a Joviall Stride from Gratianopolis to Lugdunum: Sure this Paul was a feant Geographer. But Reader, it is not my Intention to conceale any thing in this matter, know therfore that Agrippa had another dog, his Filioli: and this last died in more respect then most of his masters Adversaries. For my author by some secret meanes having strangely qualified him, divers learned men writ Epitaphs upon him, whereof some have been published, and are yet extant. Out of this Fable of the Cerberus Ba-

Baptista Possevinus pumpt these ver-

'Vivens quem cernisTumulum, ne ferte meretur 'Os placidum, stygii Rex fuit iste Lacus. 'Quare etiam Custode habuit, du viveret, Orci, '(ui nunc in Tenebris prada daret Comitem. 'Ast Hic,si Ingeniu moderari scisset, ad Auras 'Tantum isset, Quantum Tartara nigra subit.

Thus have they all-to-be-divell'd him, but why may not Trueth run in verse, aswell as scandal?

'Sic Agrippa ingens, duplici quoq; sufficit Orbi, Fractaque diversas Fabrica monstrat Opes.
'Terram Terra capit Caloque affinia Calum Possidet: Hoc vivus scripserat ante Sophos.
'Naturam Natura trahit: similemg. Superna Hanc animam, agnoscit vita superna suam.
'Sic vivens, Moriensque Docet: dumque altus in Astra
'Tendit, habet Magicas parca vel ipsa Manus.

Now

To the Reader.

Now Reader, if thou wouldest be further satisfied in his distaste of Black Magick, I wish thee to read his most Christian Investive against the German Conjurer entertained in the French Court. Nay, so zealous, and nice of Conscience was he, that being sollicited by some Divines for a Comment on Trismegistus, he return'd them a very tart answer, referring all true knowledge to the Scripture. In a word, he did not onely have impious, but vain Arts; For he lost the Favour of the Queen-Mother, because he would not be imployed by her in Astrologie. A science in whose true naturall part, which concernes Generation and Corruption, he was skill'd to a miracle: but he knew it was bootles to look fatal Events in the Planets, for such are nor written in Nature, but in the superior Tables of Pradestination. Having thus then sufficiently prov'd his Integrity, I will

Joine Reader.

I will in a few words discover the grounds of his persecution. He was a mun reform'd in his Religion, and had I the leysure to cite his workes, I could quick+ ly prove he was not of the Roman Church, For in his Book de vanitate scientiarum he allows not of Monks and Friars, but calls them Sects, Quibus carvit Ecclesia, cum fuit Optima. And certainly that notable Jest of his on the Cowle, neccles the Papists to this Day. He disclaimes also their Images, their Invocation of Saints, their Purgatory and Pardons, and would have the Luity communicate sub utraque specie. He corretts the Popehimsels sufficiently, and is utterly against the Inquisition Office. what also his Opinion was of Luther, is nor hard to guesse our of his Epistles: For in a letter to Melanathon he hath these words. Salutabis per me invittum illum Hereticum Martinum Lutherum, qui (ut

ait

To the Reader.

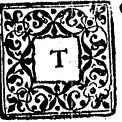
ait Paulus in Astibus) servit Deo suo fecundam festam quam vocant Heresin. Lastly, he was altogether for the written word, preferring it to humane Constitutions, which is contrarie to the Papist, who will not allow it to be the Judge of Controversies. This is the Man, and thus qualified at Home, howsoever the morld hath rendred him abroad. Now for his more mysterious Principles, thou hast their Maine in this Discourse, which if thou canst apprehend, I know thou wilt style him in particular, as Trismegistus doth Man in Generall, his ieuro: or as Panætius did his Plato, Hominem Divinum, Sanstissimum, sapientissimum & Homerum Philosophorum. But this suttish shuffle fits not his Memorie, and Things fall from me now as strictures, not Compostions. I shall say nothing more, but

Quisquis es, si pius, Agrippam Et suos ne vexes: Anguse Iacent, & soli volunt esse.

E. P.



ANIMA MAGICA ABSCONDITA.



O build Castles in the air, is a Common Proverb with all Men, but a Common Pra-Etice with the Peripateticks onely. I have oftentimes admir'd, That the very end and Result of their Philoso-

phy did not cleerly discover its fassity. It is a meer Help to Discourse. Moode and Figure are their two pillars, their Non ultra: Their Heptarchie ends in a Syllogism, and the best professour amongst Them is but a scold well disciplin'd. Their seven years studie are seven years of Famine; They leave the Soul not satisfied and are more a Gen:

Soul not satisfied, and are more a. Gen: Dream then that of Pharaoh. For verily if the stage, and Reign of Dreams be no

where

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where beyond Fansie, then the Fansies of these men being no where beyond their Authors, may rest on the same Pillow. This Sect then may be styl'd sures sincer: Their Conceptions are not grounded on any Reason existent in Nature, but they would ground Nature on Reasons fram'd, and principl'd by their own Conceptious. Their Philosophie is built on generall empry Maxims, Things of that Aretch and latitude they may be applied to any Thing but conduce to the Discovery of Nothing. These are the full Lineaments of their Monster, and in reference to them they have many subordinate Errors, which pracend a Symmetrie with their Fundainentalls, but in truch have none at all. These later Quillets are forminc'd with Divisions and Distinctions, That their very patrons are dubious how to state them. I could compare their Physiologie to a Chase in Arras, where there is much of similitude, but nothing of Truth. Tis the Childe of Fancie, a Romance in Syllegisms, & Texture of their one Brain, like, that Cob-web Campagnia, which Lucians Spiders planted beswitt the Moon, and Venus. Nature in Generall (fay They) is Principium Motus, or quietis. A Form is there we worke, a definition they know not what to make of, and the foul is cinition, or actus Corporas Organicia Thele Two last Descriptions (for they are no Substant tial

tial definitions) are such Riddles, that I verily believe Aristotle made use of those words hips & stinized because he would not discover his Ignorance in these points. For why should a Form, be call'd xope, or in what other Author can we find this and the? But becaule Nature in Generall, that is, in her Active, and Pallive portions, namely Matter and-Form, together with the Soul of man, are the main Fundamentals wherein to build a Philosophie, and that this Aristotle is so Sainted by his Olients, that the Divines of Collein tell us. He was, precursor Christi in Naturalibus, ut Johannes Raptista in Gratuitis; Ishall further examine these his Definitions, and acknowledge the Benefit when I finde it.

In the first place then, it may be thought I am beholding to this Man for telling me, that Nature is a Principle. So I may tell the Reader, The Magician's passive spirit is a principle, but if I tell him not what kind of substance it is, I will allow him ten years studie, and if the Sun went back every day ten Degrees in his Diall, he shall not without a supernatural assistance know what, or where it is, But you will reply: He tells me surther, it is a principle causet. Bodies to move and rest. I thank him for his Nothing. I desire not to know what this Principle doth, for that is obvious to every Eye; but I would know what

it is, and therefore he may packet his Definition. Again you will object, he tells me not onely that Nature is a Principle, but that Natura est Forma, and by Contequence Forma off Natura. This is I dem per I dem, he retains me in a circle of notions, but refolves nothing at all Essentially. Besides, Forma in the genuine scope of the Language signifies the outward symmetrie, or hape of a Compound. But the Peripateticks who impose on Toungs, as they do on Nature, render it otherwise in their Books; and mistake the effett for the cause. I shall therefore take" it in Their sense, and be content for once to subscribe to their Come ments. Forma then in their Conception is the same with summers or wis Formatrix, which Aristotle defines where we woise. I must confesse I do not understand him, and therefore Ishall take him upon Trust, as his Disciples expound him. Est enim Mase (faith Magirus) quoniam absolvit, expolit, & infort mat Rem Naturalem, ut per cam una ab Alterá distinguatur. This is an expresse of the Office and Effect of Formes, but nothing at all to their Substance, or Essence

Now let us see what he sayth to the Soul of Man. The Soul (sayth he) is impose that is in plain Torms Consummatio, for barbar rously but truely Finitatio, though his own sollowers feltly render it, Altus Corporis Organici.

But this definition is comon to beafts, & plants, & therfore he hath stumbl'd on another; Anima eft Principium qua vivimus, sentimus, movemur, to Intelligimus. Now both these descriprions concerne buly the Operations and Faculties which the Soul exerciseth in the Body, but discover not her Nature, or Originall at all. It was ingentiously done of Galen, who confest dhis Ignorance concerning the fulflance of the Soul, but this Fellow who had not so inucli honestic is voic'd Prince of Philosophers, and the politions of more glorious Authors are examin'd by his Dibtats, as it were by a Touchstone Nay the Scripture it self is oftentimés wrested, and forc'd by his Disciples to vote a Placet to his Conclusions. It is a miscrable task to dwell on this Ethnick, to gather his string and stubble most of our Dayes, and after all to be no better acquainted with our selves, but that the Soul is the Cause of Life, sense, motion, and understanding. I pity our Customarie Follies, that we binde our felves over to a Prontiship of Expence and study, onely to compasse a few superficiall Trueths which every plow-man knows without book. Verily Nature is fo much a Tutor, that none can be ignorant in these Things , for who is so supid as not to know the Differenco between Life and Death, the absence, and presence of his Soul ? Yet these very definitions. B 2

ir is and therefore he may packet his Defini... tion. Again you will object, he tells me nor onely that Nature is a Principle, but that Natura est Forma, and by Contequence Forma off. Natura. This is I dem per I dem, he retains me in a circle of notions, but relolves nothing at all Essentially. Besides, Forma in the genuine scope of the Language signifies the outward symmetrie, or shape of a Compound. Burthe Peripateticks who impole on *Toungs*, as they do on Nature, render it otherwise in their Books; and mistake the effect for the cause. I shall therefore take it in Their sense, and be content for once to subscribe to their Come ments. Formathen in their Conception is the same with diamendaria, or vis Formatrix, which Aristotle defines tops we write. I must confesse I do not understand him, and therefore Ishall take him upon Trust, as his Disciples expound him. Est enim nige (laith Magirus) quoniam absolvit, expolit, & informat Rem Naturalem, ut per cam una ab Alterá distinguatur. This is an expresse of the Office and Effect of Formes, but nothing at all to their Substance, or Essence

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But this definition is combn to beafts, & plants, & therfore he hath stumbl'd on another; Anima eft Principium qua vivimus, sentimus; movemur, & Intelligimus. Now both these descriptions concerne only the Operations and Faculties which the Soul exerciseth in the Body, but discover nother Nature, or Originall at all. It was ingentioutly done of Galen, who confes'd his Ignorance concerning the substance of the Soul, but this Fellow who had not so inucli honestic is voic'd Prince of Philosophers, and the politions of more glorsous. Authors are examin'd by his Dictats, as it were by a Touchstone; Nay the Scripture it self is oftentimes wrelted, and forc'd by his Disciples to vote a Placet to his Conclusions. It is a miserable task to dwell on this Ethnick, to gather his string and stubble most of our Dayes, and after all to be no better acquainted with our selves, but that the Soul is the Cause of Life, sense, motion, and understanding. I pity our Customarie Follies, that we binde our selves over to a Prontiship of Expence and study, onely to compasse a few superficial Trueths which every plow-man knows without book. Verily Nature is to much a Tutor, that none can be ignorant in thele Things: for who is so stupid as not to know the Difference between Life and Death, clic absence, and presence of his Soul ? Yes these very defi-

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nitions.

nitions, though look'd upon as rare, profound, Philosophicall Determinations; instruct us in nothing more. Away then with this Peripateticall Philosophy, this Vain Babling, as S. Paul justly stiles it, for sute inough he had some Experience of it at Athens, in his Dispute about the Resurrection. Let us no more look on this Olla Podrida, but on that Spirit which relides in the Elements for this produceth reall Effects by the subsequent Rotations of corruption & generation, but the spirit of Errour, which is A. ristotl's, produceth nought but a multiplicity of Notions. Observe then, that this Stagirit and Nature are at a great distance, the One ends in works, the other in word this Followers refine the old Notions, but not the old Creatures. And verily the Mystery of their profesfion consists onely in their Termes: if their Speculations were exposed to the world in a plain dresso, their sense is so empty, and shallow, there is not any would acknowledge. Them for Philosophers. In some Discourses, I confesse they have Nature before them, but they go not the right way to apprehend her, They are still in Chase, but never overtake their Game: for who is he amongst Them, whose knowledge is so intire and regular, that he can justifie his Positions by Practice? Againe, in some Things they are quite belidos the Culhion, they scold and squable.

fquable about Whymzics and Problems of their own, which are no more in Nature then: Lucian's Lachanopters, or Hippogypians. Now the Reason of their Errours is, because they are Experienc'd in nothing but outward Accidents, or Qualities: and all the performance they can do in Philosophic is, to pronounce a Body Hot, or Cold moyst, or drie; But if they minde the Esfentiall Temperament, they are grofly mistaken in stateing these Qualifications, for it is not the Touch or fight that can discern Intrinsccal, true Complexions. A Body that is outwardly Cold to the Sense, may be hotter in Occulto where the genuine Temperament Ives, then the Sun himself is in Manifesto. But they know not the Providence of Nature how the interpofeth a different relifting Quality in the Circumference of every Thing, lest the Qualities of Ambient Bodies should conspire in too great a measure with the Center, and so procure a Dissolution of the Compound. Thus the interpor feth her passive refreshing Spirit between the Centrall Fire, and the Sulphur; Again she placeth the Sulphur between the Liquor of the Calestiall Luna, and her outward Mercurie. Arare and Admirable Texture, infallibly proving, That none but God onelv wife, who forefaw the Conveniencies and Disconveniencies of his Creatures, could range them in that fa-

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ying Order, and Connexion, But to go further with these Paripateticks: Their Philosophy is a kinde of Physiognomy, They will judge of invisible, Inward Principles, (Formes as they call them) which are shut up in the Closet of the Matter, and all this in perusing the outside, or Crust of Nature. 'Twere a soolish presumption. iff a Lapidarie should undertake to state the valud, or Lustre of a Jewell that is Lockt up, before he opens the Cabinet. Ladvice them therefore to use their Hands, not their Fansies, and to change their Abstractions into Extractions, for verily as long as they lick the theil in this fashion, and pierce not experimentally into the Genter of things, they can do no otherwise then they have done; they cannot know/things fubstantially, but onely describe them by their outward effects and Motions, which are subject, and obvious to every Common Eye. Let them confider therefore, That there is in Nature a Certain spirit which applies himself to the matter, and actuated in every Generation. That there is allow passive Intrinsecal principle where he is more immediatly refident then in the refl; and by mediation of which he communicates with the more gross, materiall parts. For there is in Nature à Certain Chain, or subordinate propinquity of Complexious between Villbles, and unvilables, and this is it by which the firectiour,

spiritual Essends descend, and converschere bed low with the Master. But have a care less you misconvence me. I speake not in this place of the Divine spirit, but I speake of a certaine And by which a particular Spirit may be united to the universally, and Navare by consequence may be strangely exalted, and multiplyed. Now then, you that have your Eyes it your Heaves, and not your Hearts in som Eyes, attend to that I may exhore you to Magick in the Magicians phrase, Intellectu Cordis Andire.

Abscondita.

It is obvious to all those whom Nature hath inrich'd with sence, and convenient Organs to to exercise it, That every body in the World is hibjectico a certain Species of Motion. Animals have their Progressive outward; and their Vitall Inward Motions. The Heavens are carried with than species which the Peripareticks call Lation, where by the way I must relliyou, it proceeds from an Intrinsecall Enimiple, tox Intelligences are fabilities. The Aire mooves variously, The Soa hath his Flux and Refluxe'. Fegetubles have their growth and augmentation, which necessarily inferre a Concoction; And finally the Earth; with her Mineralls and all other Treasures, are subject to alteration, that is to Generation and Corruption. Now the Matter of infelfe being meerely Passive, and

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furnished

furnished with no motive Faculty at all, wee must of necessity conclude that there is some on ther inward Principle which acts and regulates it in every severall species of motion. But verily it is not enough to call this Principle a Form, and so bury up the Riches of Nature in this narrow, and most absurd Formality. We should rather abstaine from Scribling, or study to publish that which may make ion ething for the Authors Credit, but much more for the benefit of the Readers. To be plaine then, this Principle is Anima Mundi, or the universall spirit of Nature. This Anima is retaind in the Matter by certaine other Proportionate natures, and missing a Vent, doth Organizare Molem. She labours what the can to refume her former Liberty, frames for her selfe a Habitation here in the Center, puts her Prison into fome good order, and brancheth into the feyerall Members, that the may have more rooms to act and imploy her Faculties. But you are to observe, that in every Frame there are a leading Principles. The first is this Anima whereof we have spoken something already. The second is that which is called spiritus Mundi, and this spirit is the medium per quod Anima infunditur & movet suum corpus. The third is a certaine oleous athereall water: this is Menstruum, & Matrix Mundi, for in it all things

are framed and preserved. The Anima is a Compound ex aura tenuissima, & luce simplicisima. Hence that admirable Platonicall Poet Ril'd it - Aurai simplicis ignem. Virg. Neither should you wonder that I say it is a Compound, for there is no perfett spécificall Nature that is simple and voyd of Composition, but only that of God Almighty. Trust nor then to Aristotle, who tells you, that the Elements are Corpora simplicia, for the contrary hath been manifested by absolute, infallible Experience. The Passive spirit is a thinne acreal substance, the only immediate Vestiment wherein the Anima wraps her felfe, when the descends and applies to Generation. The Radicall Vitall liquor is a pure Coelestiall Nature, answering in Proportion and complexion to the supersour interstellar Waters. Now as soone as the Passive spirit attracts the Anima, which is done when the first link in the Chayne moves (of which we shall speake in its due place) then the ethereall water in a moment attracts the Passive spirit, for this is the first visible Receptacle wherein the superiour Natures are Concentrated. The Soule being thus confined and imprisoned by lawfull Magick in this Liquid Chrystall, the Light which is in her streams thorough the Water, and then it is Lux manifest e visibilis ad oculum, in which state it is firlt

first made subject to the Artist. Here now lies the Mystery of the Magicians denarius, his most desiret and miraculous Pyramid, whose first V. inty or Cone is alwaies in Horizonte Eternital vis, but his Basis or Quadrate is here below in Morizonte Temporis. The Anima confifts of three Portions of light, and one of the matter. The Passive spirit hath two parts of the Matter. and two of the Light, wherefore it is called Naturamedia, and Sphara Equalitatis; The Coleffial Water hath but one portion of Light to three of the Muter. Now the Chaine of Deleune which concernes the spirituall pares, is grounded on a similar de, or Symboll of Natures according to that Principle of Ofthener words of over remay. For there being effect Portions of Light in the Anima, and two in the Passive spirit, the Inferiour tracks the Superiour. Then there being but one Portion in the Coelestiall Nature, and two in the Middle spirit; this solitary shining Unity, acreacts the other Binarius to Fortific and augument its selfe, as Light joynes with Light, or Plante with Flame, and thus they hang in a Vitall magneticall Series. Againe the Chayn of Afcent which concerne the Matter, is performed thus. The Coelestial nature differs not in substance from the Acreall Spirit, But only in Degree and Complexion; and the Aereall spirit differs

differs from the Ama, or Materiall part of the Anima in Constitution only, and not in Nature; So that these three being but one substantially, may admit of a perfect, Hypostatioall Penion, and be carried by a certaine intel-Icctuall Light in Horizontem Mundi super-supremi, and so swallowed up of Immortality. But me thinks Nature complaines of a Prostitution, that I goe about to dimmish her Majelly, having allmost broken her Scale, and exposed her naked to the World! I must confelle I have gone very far, and now I must recall my selfe: For there is a necessity of referving, as well as publishing some things, and yet I will speake of greater matters. The A. nima though in some sence active, yet is she not lo clientially, but a meer Instrumentall Agent. For the is guided in her Operations by a Spirituall Metaphysicall Graine, a Seed or Glanco of Light, simple, and without any Mixture descending from the street Father of Lights. For though his fall-ey'd Love things on nothing but Man, yet every thing in the World is in tome measure directed for his Preservation by a spice or touch of the first Intellect. This is partly confirmed by the Habitation and Relidence of God: For he is seared above all his Creatures, to hatch as it were, and cherish them with living Eternall Influences which daily and hourdly

exerci_

hourely proceed from him. Hence he is call'd of the Cabalists Cether, and it answers to Parmenides his Corona I gnea, which he plac'd above all the Visible spheares. This Flux of Immateriall powers, Christ himself, in whom the Fullnesse of the Godhead resided, confirm'd. and acknowledged in the Flesh. For when the diseased touch'd his Garment though the prease was great , he questioned who it was, adding this Reason, I perceive (said he) that vertue is gone out of me. But laying aside such Proofs, though the Scripture abounds in Them, let us consider the Exercise, and prastise of Nature here below, and we shall finde her Game such, she can not play it without this Tutor. In the first place then, I would faine know who taught the spider his Mathematicks? how comes he to lodge in the Center of his Web, that he may fally upon all Occasions to any part of the Circumference? How comes he to prameditate, and forecast? for if he did not first know, and imagine that there are Flies, whereupon he must feede, he would not watch for them, nor spin out his Netts in that exquisite form, and Texture. Verily we must needs consesse, that he who ordain'd Flyes for his sustenance, gave him also some small light to know, and execute his Ordinance. Tell me if you can, who taught the Hare to Countermarch, when she doubles her Trace in the pur fuit

pursuit to confound the sent, and puzzle her persecutors? Who counsels her to stride from the Double to her Form, that her steps may be at a greater distance, and by enosequence the more dissibilit to sinde out? Certainly this is a well ordered policy, enough to prove that God is not absent from his Creatures, but that

Wisdom reacheth mightily from one Wif. end to another, and that his Incorruptible spirit filleth all things. But to speak fomething more immediatly appoint to our purpose. Let us consider the severall products that are in nature, with their admirable features and symmetrie. We know very well there is but one matter out of which there are form'd to many different shapes, and Constitutions. Now if the Agent which determinates, and figures the matter, were not a discerning Spirit, it were impossible for him to produce any thing at all. For let me suppose Hyliard with his Pencill, and Table ready to pourtray a Rose : if he doth not inwardly apprehend the very shape, and proportion of that which he intends to limne, he may aswell do it without his eyes, as without his Intellectualls. Let us now apply this to the Spirit which workerh in Nature. This moves in the Center of all things, hath the matter before him, as the Potter hath his clay, or the Limner his colours. And first of all he

Judgement, and Discretion. Now our Saviour

tells us, My Father worketh bitherto; and its

another place, it is God cloathes the Lilie of the

Field & again not one Sparrow fals without your

Father. Verily this is the Trueth, and the Te-

stemony of Trueth, notwithstanding Aristotle

and his Problems. Neither should you think the

fome-

exerciseth his chymistry in severall Transmutations, producing Sinews, Veines, blond, flesh, and bones: which work also includes his Arithmetick for he makes the Joynto and all Integrall parts, nay, as Christ tells us, the very Hairs of our Heads in a certain determinate Number; which may conduce to the beauty and motion of the Frame, Again in the outward Lineaments, or symmetrie of the compound, he proves himself a most regular Mathematician, proportioning Parts to Parts, all which Operations can proceede from Nothing, but a Divine, Intellectuall spirit. For if he had not severall Ideas or Conceptions correspondent to his several Intentions he could not diffinguish the one from the other: And if he were not sensible, if he did not foresee the work he doth intend, then the End could be no Impullive caule, as the Reripateticks would have it.

The Consideration of these severall offices which this spirit performs in Generation, made Aristotle himself grant, That in the Seeds of all Things these were Virtues similes Actificits. We should therefore examine who weaves the flowers of Vegetables? who colours them without a pencill? who bolts the branches upwards, and thieds (as it were) their Roots downwards? for all these actions include a certain Artisice, which cannot be done without Judge-

Divine Spirit disparag'd in being president to every generation, because some Products seem poor, and contemptible: For verily as long as they conduce to the Glory of their Author, they are noble inough, and if you reflect upon Egypt, you will finde the basest of his Creatures to extorta Catholik Confession from the Wizards; Digetus Dei est bio, The Finger of God is here. That I may come then to the point, These invisible, Centrall Artists are Lights seeded by the first Light, in that primitive Emanation, or sit Lux, which some falsly render Fiat Lux. For Nature is som w ou, not a meer found or Command, but a substantiall active Breath, proceeding from the Creatour, and penetrating all things. God himself is with antiquant or; and this is the only sense wherein a Form may be defined Myse wie worse. I know this will feem harsh to sonie Men, whole ignorant zeal, hash

made them Adversaries to God, for they rob

him of his Glory, and give it to his Creature, may

sometimes to fancies, and Inventions of their own. I wish such Philosophers to consider, whether in the beginning there was any life or wifdom beyond the Creator, and if so, to tell us where. Verily (to use their own Term) they can never finde this Ubi. For they are gratious concessions, or Talents which God of his free will hath lent us, and if he should resume them, we should presently return to our first Nothing. Let them take heed therefore whiles they attribute Generation to Qualities lest the true Author of it, should come against them with that charge, which he brought sometimes a-

it self against Him that heweth there-Isai. with? or shall the saw magnific it self against kim that shaketh it? as if the Rod should shake it self against them that lift it up, or as if the staffe should lift up it self, as if it were no mood. Let them rather cashier their Aristotle, and the Errors wherewith he hath infatuated for many Generations. Let them approach with confidence to the Almighty God, who made the world, for none can give a better account of the work then the Architect. Let them not despair to attain his Familiarity, for he is a God that desires to be known, and will reveale himself both for the manifestation of his own glory, and the Benefit of his Creature. There is no reason

gainst the Assirian. Shall the ax boast

reason then why we should decline this great, and glorious School-Master, whose very Invitation speaks more then an Ordinary Incouragement. Thus sayeth the Lord, the Holy One of I frael, and our Maker: Ask me

of things to come concerning my Sons, Il.xlv. and Concerning the Work of my Hands Command you Me. I have made the Earth, and created man upon it; I, even my hand, have stretched out the Heavens, and all their Hostes have I commanded. But It will be question'd perhaps, how shall we approach to the Lord, and by what means may we finde him out? Truely not with words, but with workes, not in Audying ignorant, Heathenish Authours, but in peruling, and trying his Creatures: For in them Lies his fecret path, which though it be shut up with thornes and Briars, with outward worldly Corruptions, yet if we would take the pains to remove this luggage, we might Enter the Terrestriall I aradise, that

Hortus Conclusus of Solomon, where God desends to walk, and drink of the scaled Fountain. But verily there is such a generall prejudice such a customary opposition of all Printiples which crosse Aristotle, That trueth can

no fooner step abroad, but some Sopkister or other flings Dirt in her Face. It is strange that

none of these Schoolmen consider, how the se-

verall

verall distinctions, and divisions translated from Logick to Divinity, have set all Christendom on fire! How they have violated the Peace of many flourishing Kingdoms, and occasion'd more sects in Religion, then there are opinions in Philosophie. Most seasonable then and Christian is that Petition of Saint Augustine, A Logica libera nos Domine! And In Gen. here I must desire the Reader not to mistake me : I do not condemn the Vse, but the Abuse of Reason, the many fubileties, and Fetches of it, which Man hath fo applied, That truth and Errour are equally difputable. I am One that stands up for a true Naturall knowledge, grounded as Nature is, on Christ Jesus, who is the true Foundation of all things visible, and Invisible. I shall therefore in this Discourse, touch neerly upon those my-Reries, which some Few have delivered over to posterity in difficult, obscure termes; That if posfible, the Majesty of tructh, and the Benefit they shall receive from it, may settle Men in a new way, and bring them at last from vain, empty Fansies, to a Reall, sensible Fruition of Nature,

You may remember how in my former distourse of the Nature of Man, I mention'd a certain triplicity of Elements according to their severall Complexions in the severall Regions of the world. I shall now speak of another tripli-

city much more obscure and mysticall, without which you can never attain to the former, for these three principles are the Clavis of all Magick, without whose perfect Knowledge you can never truely understand the least Idioms in Nature. The first Principle is One in One, and One from One. It is a pure, white Virgin, and next to that which is most pure, and simple, This is the first created unity. By this all things were made, not actually, but Mediately, and without This, Nothing can be made either Artissiciall or Naturall. This is Uxor Die, & stellarum. By mediation of this there is a descent from One into Four, and an ascent from three by four to the invisible, supernaturall Monas. Who knows not This, can never attain to the Art. for He knows not what he is to look for. The second Principle differs not from the sirst in substance and dignity, but in Complexion and Order. This fecond was the first, and is so still Essentially, but by adhasion to the Matter it contracted an impurity, and so fell from its first unity, wherefore the Magicians stile it Binarious. Separate therefore the Circumference from the Center per Lineam Dismetralem, and there will appear unto thee the Philosophers Ternarine, which is the third Principle. This third is properly no principle, but a product of Art. It is a various Nature, Compounded in one sence, and Decompounded in ano-

another, confifting of Inferior and Superior powers. This is the Magicians Fire, This is Mercurius Philosophorum, celeberrimus ille Microcosmus, & Adam. This is the Labyrinth and Wild of Magick where a world of students have lost themselves : a thing so confusedly and obscurely handled by such as knew it, that it is altogether impossible to find it in their Records. There is no late writer understands the full Latitude, and universality of this Principle, nor the genuine Metaphysicall use thereof. It moves here below in shades and Tiffanies, above in whites athereall Vestures; neither is there any thing in Nature expos'd to such a publique prostitution as this is, for it passeth thorough all liands, and there is not any Creature but hath the use Thereof. This Ternarius; being reduc'd per Quaternarium ascends to the Migicall Decad, which is Monas Unitissima, in which state Quacunque vult , potest; for it is united then per Aspettum to the first; eternall, spirituall unity. But of these Three, hear the Oracle of Magick, the great, and solenin Agrippa, "Quatuor itaque quæ diximus sunt Elementa, "fine Quorum notitià perfectà nullum in Ma-"già producere possumus essectum: Sunt au-"tem Singula Triplicia, ut sie Quaternarius "com pleat Duodenarium: & per seprenarium "in Denarium progrediens ad supremam Uni-

"tatem, unde omnis Virtus; & mirabilis ope-"ratio depender, fiat progressus. Primo igitu "ordine Elementa pura funt, Quæ nec Compo-"nuntur, nec mutantur, nec patiuntur commix-" tionem, sed Incorruptibilia funt, & non a quibus, sed per quæ omnium naturalium rerum "Virtutes producuntur: in Effectum. Virtutes " Illorum a Nu lo explicari possunt, quia in om-"nia possunt omnia. Hæc qui ignorat, ad nul-Iam mitabilium Effectium operationem per-"tingére potest. Secundi Ordinis Elementa "Composita: sunt, multiplicia, & Varia, & im-" pura, reducibilia tamen per Artem ad puram "simplicitatem, quibus tuno ad suam simplici-"tatem reversis virtus est super omnia comple-" mentum dans omnium operationum occulta-"rum, & operationum nature hac funt fun-" damentum torius Magiæ naturalis. Tertii or-"dinis Flementa, hæc primò & per se non sunt "Elementa, sed Decomposita varia multiplicia, 8 inter le invicem permutabilia : Ipsa sunt in-"fallibile Medium, ideoque vocanțur media "Natura, five Anima mediæ naturæ paucif-" simi sunt, qui illorum profunda Mysteria in-"telligunt". In ipsis per certos Numeros, gradus, "& ordines: est Consummatio omnis Effectus "in quacunque re Naturali, Cœlesti, & super-"cœlesti, miranda sunt. & plena mysteriis quæ "operari possunt in Magianam Naturali, quam

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Anima Magica "Divina: per ipla enim othnium return ligatio-

"nes, etiam folutiones, & Transmutationes, & "Futurorum cognitio & prædictio, etiam Malorum Dæmonum Exterminatio, & Bono-"rum Spirituum conciliatio ab Illis descendit. "Sing his igitur Triplicibus Elementis deorun-"demque cognitione, nemo confidat so in oc-"cultis Magiæ, & naturæ scientiis quicquam " posse operari. Quicunque autem hæe in illa, "Împura in pura, Multiplicia in Simplicia redu-"cere noverit, Eofundemque Naturam, Virtu-"tem, potestatem in Numero, gradibus, & ordine fine Divisione substantiæ discernere scive-"rit: Is facile obtinebit omnium naturalium re-"rum & coelestium secretorum selentiam, & o-"operationem perfeotam. This is He with the bluck Spaniell: or rather. This is he Qui ab ineunte atate semper circa mirabilium Effectuum, & plenus Mysteriorum operationus Curiosus, in trepidusque extitit Explorator. Now Joan. for your further Instruction hear also Truh. the Dark Disciple of the more dark Libanius Gullus. Primum principl-'um in uno confissit, non a quo, sed per Quod omnis mirandofum nacuralium virtus: produdicut in Effectuin per Quod diximus, quia Purtuit ab uno procedens non componitut, 'neque mutatur. Ad ipsum a Ternario & quarernario fit ad Monadem progressus, ut compleatur

pleatur Denarius: per, ipsum enim est Numeri regressits ad unuin, simul descensus in quatuor, & Ascensis in Monadem. Impossibile est compleri Denarium, nisi per ipsum: Monas in Triade læta convertitur. Omnes hoc principium post principium Monadis Ignorantes nil in Ternario proficiunt, nec ad facrum quaternarium pertingunt. Nam etsi sapientum Libros omnes habeant, syderum cursus, virtutes, potestates, operationes, & proprietates perfecte cognoscant, ipsorumque imagines, Annulos,&Sigilla & secretissima quæque ad plenum intelligant, nullum tamen mirandorum confequi possent in suis operationibus essectum, sine hujus principii a principio cognitione, in principium; unde omnes quorquot vidi in Magià Naturali Operantes aut nihil consecuti sunt, aut ad vana, frivola, & superstitiosa, post Iongas & inutiles operationes desperatione prolapsi sunt. Principium vero secundum ordine non Dignitate quidem a Primo separatum quod unum existens facit Ternarium, est quod operatur miranda per Binarium. In uno est enim unum, & non est unum, est simplex, & in Quaternario componitur: Quo purificato per 'Ignem in sole Aqua pura egreditur, & ipsum ad 'luam simplicitatem reversum, Complementum operanti monstrabit occustorum. Hic Centrum est totius Magiæ naturalis, enjus circumferentia

, ferentia fibi unita circulum repræfentat immensus ordo in infinitum: Virtus ejus super Omnia , purificata, & simplex minor Omnibus, Quaternario super gradu composita. Quaternarius 'autem Pythagoricus numerus Ternario luffultus, fi ordinem gradumque observat; purificatus 'purusque in uno, ad Binarium in Ternario miranda & occulta Naturæ operarii potest. Hic est Quaternarius in cujus mensura Ternarius Binario conjunctus in uno cuncta facit, quæ mirabiliter facit. Ternarius ad unitatem reductus per aspectum omnia in se continet, & quæ vult potest. Principium tertium per se non elt principium, sed inter ipsum & Binarium est finis omnis scientiæ & Artis mysticæ, ac infalflible Medii Centrum: in alio quam in ipso sacilius non erratur, quoniam paucissimi vivunt 'in Terris qui profunda ejus intelligant: Vari. um est compositum, & per septenarium in Ternarium octies multiplicatum confurgens, & manens fixum. In iplo est consummatio Numeri graduum, & ordinis : per hoc omnes Philosophi, occultorum natura veri Inquisitores mirabiles effectus consecuti sunt; per ipsum ad simplex Elementum in Ternario reductum subiro fiunt infirmitatum curæ miraculofæ, & naturaliter omnium ægritudinum: opusque in Magia Naturali & præternaturali operantis consequitur Effectum per dispositionem quaternarii.

ternarii. Prædictio futurorum per ipsum verificatur, Occultorumque infinuatio, non aliunde quam per ipsum a Natura percipitur. Hoc unico Medio secretum Naturæ aperitur Alchimiflis, fine quo nec Intellectus Artis acquiritur, 'nec operationis Effectus invenitur. Errant, ' crede mihi, Errant omnes, qui sine istis Tribus Principiis quicquam operari in occultis Naturæ Scientiis Se posse confidunt. Thus far Trithemius; where for thy better understanding of him I must inform thee there is a twofold Binarius, Lucis, & Confusionis: but peruse Agrippa seriously de scalis Numerorum, and thou mayst apprehend all, for our Abbot borrowed this Language from Him, the perufall of whose Books he had, before he publish'd any thing in this Nature of his own. Now for thy further Instruction go along with me nor to Athens or stagyra, but to that Secretary and Pen-Man of God Almighty, who flood in a Cleft of the Rock when he made all his Goodnes to passe before him. I am certain the world will wonder I should make use of Scripture to establish Physiologie, but I would have them know that all lecrets Physicall and Spirituall, all the close Connexions, and that mysterious Kisse of God and Nature is clearly and punctually discovered there. Consider that mercifull mystery of the Incarnation wherein the fullnesse of the Godhead

head was incorporated, and the Divine Light united to the Matter in a far greater measure then at the first Creation. Consider it I say, and thou shalt finde, that no Philosophie hath perfeetly united God to his Creature, but the Christian, wherefore also it is the onely true Philofoplie, and the onely true Religion: for without this union there can be neither a naturall Temporall, nor a Spiritual aternall Life. Moses tells us that in the Beginning God created the Heaven and the Earth, that is the Virgin Mercurie, and the virgin Sulphur. Now let me advice you not to trouble your selves with this Mercurie, unlesse you have a true friend to instruct you, or an Expresse Illumination from the first Author of it, for it is a Thing attain'd Arte mirabili. Observe then what I shall now tell you. There is in every flar, and in this Elomentall world a certain pronciple which is Uxor folis. Thele two in their Coition do emittere femen, which feed is carried in the womb of Nature: But the ejection of it, is perform'd invigbly, and in a Sacred silence: for this is the conjugall mystery of Hoaven and Earth, their Att of Generation, a thing done in private between particular Males and Females, but how much more think you, between the Two universall Natures? Know therefore that it is impossible. for you to extract, or receive any feed from the

29 Sun, without this Faminine Principle, which is the Wife of the Sun. Now then my small Sophisters of the stone, you that consume your time and substance in making waters and Oyles with a durty Caput Mortuum : You that deal in Gold and Quick-filver being infatuated with the Legends of some late and former Mounte. banks . Consider the last end of such men. Did they obtain any thing by it but diseases & Poverty? Did they not in their old age Inveterate dierum malorum, fall to Glipping and Counterfeiting of Comerand for a Period to their Me. mory did they not die in Despair, which is the Childe of Ignorunce? Know then for certain That the Magicians Sun and Moon are two universall Peeres Male and Female, a King and Queen Regents, alwayes young, and never old. These two are Adaquate to the whole world, and coextended thorough the univerfe. The one is not without the other, God having united them in his work of Creation in a folemn Sacramentall union. It will then be a hard and difficult Enterprise to rob the Husband of his wife, to put those asunder, whom God himself hath pur together: for they fleep both in the same Bed, and he that discovers the one must needes fee the other. The Love betwixt these two is so great, That if you use this Virgin kindly, shee will forth back her Capid, after he hath afcend-

Sun

ed from her in wings of Fire. Observe moreover that Materiall Principles can be multiplyed but materially, that is by addition of paris, as you see in the Augmentation of Bodies, which is perform'd by a Continuall Assumption of Nutriment into the stomack, but it is not the Body that transmutes the Nutriment into slesh and bloud, but that spirit which is the life and light of the Body. Materiall Principles are pafsive, and can neither alter nor purifie, but well may they be altered, and purified neither can they communicate themselves to another substance beyond their own extension which is finite and determinate. Trust not those Impostors then who tell you of a Sulphur Tingens, and I know not what Fables; who pin also that new and narrow name of Chemia, on a science both Ancient and Infinite. It is the light onely that can be truely multiplied, for this ascends to, and descends from the first Fountain of Multiplication, and Generation. This Light applied to any Body whatsoever exalts & perfects it in suo genere. If to Animals, it exalts Animals, if to Vegetables, Vegetables, if to Minerals, it refines Minerals, and translates them from the worst to the best Condition. Where note by the way, that every Body hath passive principles in it felf, for this light to work upon, and therefore needs not borrow any from Gold, or filver. Con-

sider then what it is you fearch for, you that hunt after the Philosophers stone, for Einsdem est Transmutare, cujus est Creare: you seek for that which is most high, but you look on that which is most Low. Two things there are which every good Christian may, and ought to lookafter, Verum, & Necessarium. Trueth is the Arcanum, the Mystery & Essence of all Things: for every fecret is trueth, and every substantiall trueth is a secret. I speak not here of outward Historicall trueths, which are but Relatives to Actions, but I speak of an inward Efsentiall Trueth which is Light, for Light is the Trueth, and it disco vers Falshood which is Darknesse. By this trueth all that which is neceffary may be compass'd, but never without it. I preferred wildom (faid the wife King) before Sceptors and Thrones, and effected Ri-'ches nothing in comparison of her. Neither compared Iunto her any precious stone, be-'cause all Gold in respect of her is as a little fand, and filver shall be counted as Clay be-'fore her. I loved her above health and beau-'ty, and chose to have her instead of light, for 'the light that commeth from her never goeth out. All good things came to me together with her, and Innumerable Riches in her Hands. 'And I rejoyced in them all, because wisedom goeth before them, and I knew not that she was 'the

the Mother of them. If Riches be a Possesfion to be desired in this Life, what is Richer then Wisedom that worketh all things? For "The is privy to the mysteries of the knowledge of God, and a lover of his works. God hath granted me to speak as I would, and to concerve as is meet for the things that are given me: because it is he that leadeth unto Wisdom, and directeth the wife, For in his hand are both we and our words, all wildom also, and knowledge of workmanship. For he hath given me certain knowledge of the things that are, namely to know how the world was made, and the Operation of the Elements. The beginning, ending, and middest of the Times, the alterations of the turning of the Sun, and the Change of seasons. The Circuit of yeares, and the position of stars. The Natures of living *Creatures, and the furies of wild Beasts, the wiolence of windes, and the reasoning of Men: the Diversities of Plants, and the vertues of raotes. And all such things as are either secret or manifest, them I know. For wildom which is the worker of all things taught me. For in her is an under standing spirit, holy, onely begotten, manifold, subtil, lively, clear, undefi-'led, plain, not subject to hurt, loving the thing that is good, quick, which cannot be letted, exeady to do good, Kind to Man, stedfast, free from

from Care, having all power, overseeing all things, and going thorough all understanding, pure, and most subrill Spirits. For wisdom is more moving then any motion, she passeth, and goeth thorow all Things by reason of her purenesse. For she is the Breath of the power of God, and a pure Influence flowing from 'the Glory of the Almighty, therefore can no defiled thing fall into her. For the is the brightnesse of the everlasting light, the unspotted mirror of the power of God, and the image of his goodnesse. And being but One she can 'do all things, and remayning in her self she 'maketh all things new and in all Ages entring into Haly Souls, she maketh them friends of God, and Prophets. For God loveth none but Him that dwelleth with wisdom. For she is more beautifull then the Sun, and above all the Order of stars, being compared with the Light, she is found before it. For after this commeth Night, but Vice shall not prevail against Wisdom. Thus Solomon, and again a greater then Solomon'; First feek you the King. dom of God, and all these Things shall be given you. For of a trueth Temporali bloffings are but ushers to the Spirituall, or to speak more plainly, when once we begin to love the Spirit, then the sends us these things as Tokens and pledges of his Lave, For Promotion comes neither from the EAST

East nor from the West, but from God that givethir. Verum (saith One) est esse, a quo nihil abesse cuiq nil adesse multoquinus obesse * potett. Necessariu id omne, quo carere no possumus. Veritas itaq, suma virtus elt, ac inexpugnabile Castrum paucissimis inhærentibus Amicis, at innumeris obsessum inimicis, paulo minus quam toti mundo nunc invisium, sed insuperabile Pignus iis qui possident illud. Hac in Arce verus & indubitatus Philosophorum Lapis, & Thesaurus continetur, qui non erosus a tineis, enec perfossis a furibus, manet in æternum cæfteris dissolutis omnibus, multis in Ruinam po-'situs, alus ad salutem. Hæc est res vulgo wilis-'sima, spreta plurimum, & exosa, non tamen odibilis, at amabilis, & preciosa supra Philosophis, iupra Gemmas, & aurum obrizon: Om-"nium amatrix, omnibus ferme inimica, ubique reperibilis, & a paucissimis, quasi nullis, inventa per vicos acclamans omnibus, Venite ad me omnes qui quæritis, & Ego vos ducam in veram femitam. Hæc est res illa tautum a veris prædicata Philosophis, quæ vincit omnia, nec ab 'ulla re vincitur, Corpus, & Cor omne durum & folidum penetrans, ac omne molle consolidans, * & ab omni duro refistendum confirmans. Nobis omnibus se facit obviam, & non videmus eam, vociferans, & alta voce dicens, Ego sum 'via veritatis, transite per me: quia non est alius

ad vitant transitus, & nolumus cam audice. O. dorem suavitatis emittit; sed non percipimus eumi Dapibus sese nobis liberaliter in suavitatem offert indies; & non degustamus cam-Blande nos ad saluteni trahit, & ejus trectui relistences, sentire nolumns. Quoniam facti fumus ficut lapides, oculos habentes & non videntes, aures habentes & non audientes, nares non olfacientes habentes, ore linguaque muniti non degultantes, neque loquentes. manibus & pedibus nil operantes, nec ambulantes. O miscrum tale genus Hominum, quod lapidibus non est præstantius, imò longe inférius co, quod hocmonlli rationem daturi func operationum 'suarum ! Transmutemini (inquit) transmutemini de lapidibus mortuis in Lapides vivos philosophicos. Ego sum vera Medicina, corrigens & transmutans id quod non est amplius, in id quod fuit ante Corruptionem, ac in 'Melius, ac id quod non est, in id quod esse debet. Ecce præ foribus conscientiæ vestiæ sum 'Noctes ac Dies pullans, & non aperitis mihi. 't men expecto mitis, nec a vobis irata recedo, 'sed patiens injurias sustinco vestras, cupiens 'per patientiam ad earn exhortando vos ducere. 'Venite iterum, atque sæpius iterum venite, Qui 'sapientiam quæritis & emite gratis, non auro nec Argento, minus laboribas propriis, quod

'yobis offertur ultro. Sonora yox, suavis & gra-

ta Philosophantium auribus. O Fons divitia. tum Inexhaulfibilis yeritatem & Justitiam fitientibus! O Desolatorum Imperitectioni sola. tium! Quid ultra queritis Mortales anxii? Cur infinitis animos veltros curis exaginatis Mileri? Que veltra vos excecar Demontia, queso & Cum in vobis, non ex Vobis sit omne quod extra yos, non apud vos quæritis. Proprium hoc solet esse vulgi vitium, ut Propria contennens, aliena que sunt, semper appetat. Proprium his pro nobis appropriati lumimus, nam ex nobis ipsis nihil habemus Boni, sed si quid habere Boni pollumus, ab co qui tolus cit Bonus, ferinius acceptum: è Contra quod habemus Mali, nobis ipli nos appropriavimus ex alieno malo per inohedientiam. Proprium ergo nihil Homini elt ex suo præter quam Malii quod possidet: Quod ex Bono Bonum habet, non ex seipso, sed contribute proprium habit, ex Bono cum recipit tamen. Lucet in nobis (licer obscure) Vita Lux hominum tanquain in Tenebris, que non ex nobis est, sed ab co cujus est. Hic Illam planta vit in Nobis, ut in ejus Lumine, qui lucem inhabitat inaccellibi-Lein, videremus Lumen, & hoc Czteras ejus 'præcelleremus Creaturas ; Illi fimiles hac ratione facti, quod scintillam sui luminis dederit 'nobis. Est igitur veritas non in nobis quaren-'da, sed in imagine Dei, quæ in Nobis est

Abscondita.

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This is He to whom the Brothers of R. C. gave the Title of Sapiens, and from whose perstangs they borrowed most of these Instruction ons ad Candidatum quendam Germania. But that you may the better understand how to come by this stone, hear what he speaks in ancther place. 'Non prius incipie vera Cognitio, quam perennium & Labilium; cum vice, tum Inteditus oblara comparatione, selegar anima cumanimo jungi, delectatione majori iracta hujus, quam Corponis, Ex ea ognitione Mons oritur, & Corporis voluntaria separatio sumit chordinna cum anima respiciens ex una Corpotis fit ditatem Se intornum, exaltera parte præftairiam & fælicitatem animi perpoedam, cumbility (divinolfic difference flam) connecti cupit, alciro ponieus neglecto, un hoc folum appdear, qued a Déo coriclusum este vider in faluten & Gloriam. Corpus in ambount fam unitohummioneim condelectidere cogittir.l-læc chadmirabilis illa Philosophorum transmutatio Corporis in Spirituin & hujus in corpus. de qua Dictum nobis relinquitur a Saplentibus: Fao Fixu Volavile, 80 volacile fao Fixu ut habeas magisterium nothum: (intellige) fac de percinaci copore Tractabile, quod ameni piralimicia cum anima convenience constantissimum flate corpus adiomnia fulfinendum exalmina Probatur enimaurum igrie, quo repro-

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ta Philosophantium auribus. O Fons divitia. rum Inexhaustibilis veritatem & Institum sitientibus! O Desolatorum Impertectioni solatium! Quid ultra queritis Mortales anxii? Cur infinitis animos veltros curis exagiratis 'Mileri? Quæ veltra vos excæcat Dementia quæso ? Cum in vobis, non ex Vobis sit omne quod extra yos, non apud vos quæritis. Proprium hoc solet esse yulgi vitium, ut Propria contennens, aliena quæ funt, femper appetat, Proprium hic pro nobis appropriati fuminus nam ex nobis iplis nihil habemus Boni, fed si 'quid habere Boni poslumus, ab eo qui solus est Bonus, ferimus acceptum : è Contra quod habemus Mali, nobis ipfi nos appropriavimus, ex 'alieno malo per inobedientiam. Proprium er 'go nihil Homini elt ex suo præterquam Malii quod possider: Quod ex Bono Bonum habet, non ex seipso, sed contribute proprium habet ex Bono cum recipit tamen. Lucet in nobis '(licer obscure) Vita Lux hominum tanquam in Tenebris, qua non ex nobis est, sed ab co cujus est. Hie Illam planta vit in Nobis, ut in ejus Lumine, qui lucem inhabitat inaccessibilein, videremus Lumen, & hoc Cæteras ejus 'præcelleremus Creaturas: Illi similes hac ratione facti, quod sentillam sui luminis dederit nobis. Est igitur veritas non in nobis quæren-'da, sed in imagine Dei, quæ in Nobis est.

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Abscondita.

batur omne quod aurum non est. O præ-Hantissimum Philosophorum aurum, quo ditantur sapientiæ silii, non Illo quod cuditur: Adeste qui Thesaurum Philosophorum tam vario Conatu quæritis, reprobatum a vobis Lapidem cognoscite, prius quis 'illesit antequam quæratur. Mirum est super omne miraculum, quod quispiam appetat ignotum sibi : fatuum certè videtur id ab hominibus quæri, cujus Veritatem non norunt 'investigantes, quia nihil in co spei relinquitur. 'Suadeo quibusvis ergo perquirentibus, ut co-'gnoscant prius ejus quod quærunt, veram exi-· Hentiam, antequam quærant: sic eos laboribus frustrari non continger. Sapiens quærit quod 'amat, nec amare potest quod non cognoscit,a-'lioquin Insipiens esset; Ex cognitione igitur 'natus est amor omnium Veritas, quæ sola vi-'get in omni bus veris Philosophis. Thus He, and again: Frustra laboratis omnes abditorum Naturæ secretorum Indagatores, cum a-Iiam ingressi viam, Terrenorum virtutes per 'Terrena detegere conamini. Discite igitur 'Coclum per Coclum, non per Terram, sed hu-' jus per illius virtutes cognoscere. Nemo enim 'ascendit in Cœlum quod quæritis, nisi qui de 'Colo (quod non quæritis' descendit, priùs il-'Imminet eum. Incorruptibilem quæritis medi-'cham, quæ Corpora nedum a Corruption frank!

transinutet in verum Temperamentum, sed etiam temperata diutissime conservet : talem alibi quan in Calo reperire non poteritis un-. quam, Cœlum virtute sua per invisibiles radios in Terræ Centrum undique concurrentes, omnia penetrat Elementa, & Elementata generat, foverque Nemo in scipto, sed in sui simili, quod ctiam ex ipso sit, generare potest. Fœtus etiam promiscuus utriusque parentis in se 'Naturam ita retinet, ut in co parens uterque potentia & actu sit reperibilis. Quis harebit 'amplius nifi lapis in Generatione Philosophi-'ca? Disce ex Teipso, quicquid est in Calo, & 'in Terrà cognoscere, ut sapiens sias in omnibus Ignoras Cœlum & Elementa prius Unum 'suisse, Divino quoque ab invicem artisscio sepa-'rata, ut & Te, & omnia generare possent? si 'hoc nosti, reliquum & Te sugere non potest, 'aut Ingenio cares omni. Rurius in omni generatione talis separatio est necessaria, qualem de 'te supra dixi fiendam, antequam ad veræ Phi-'losophiæ studia velum applices. Ex aliis nunquam unum facies, quod quæris, nili prius ex ·Teipso siat unum quod audisti. Nam talis est voluntas Dei, ut pii pium consequantur Opus quod quærunt, & perfecti perficiant aliud cui fuering intenti. Malæ voluntatis Hominibus inihil præter quod seminaverint, datur metere: ino quod magis est, persape bonum corum ' scinci femen in Lolium, propter corum Malitiam convertitur. Fac igitur ut Talis evadas, quale tuum esse vis, quod quasieris opus. This is now the true Essential mystery of Regeneration, or the Spiritual Death. This is, and ever was the onely scope, and upshot of Magick. But for your further Instruction ruminate this his

other mysticall speech.

Agitedum igitur anima mea, corpulque meum : surgite nunc, animum sequamini ve-'Arum. Ascendamus in montem hunc excellum nobis oppositum, de cujus cacumine vohis q-'Bendam iter hoc bivium de quo per Nubem, & fine immine locutus off Pythagoras, Nobis aperti funt oculi, tum prælucet sol pietatis St Justitiæ, quo duce non possimus à via veritatis deflecters. Volvire primum oculos ad detrain, ne videant vanitatem, antequam iapientiam perceperint, Videtissie relucens illud, & Inexpugnabile Castrum? In co se continer Philosophicus amor, de cujus Fonte fluunt Agua viva, quas qui degularit semal, non sitict vanitatem amplius. Ah co loco tamamano, suavique recta progrediendum est ad ameniorem, in 940 Sorbia moram trahit de cuius ctiam fonce seaturium Aqua primis longe faliciores, quas qui gultarint inimici, pacem cos mire necelle est: Forum qui deveniunt ca plesique folent aluns rendere, sed non omnes optatuin fassequ-

'affequuntur. Est locus ultra dictos, quem adire walicee mortalibus, nisi per Divinum numen fad immortalitatis gradum assumpti sunt : at 'antequam introducantur, mundum coguntur exuere, caducæ vitæ spolio retento. Non est co 'cum pervenerint, quod amplius mortem timeant, imo potius cam indies amplectantut sua-'vius, quam in mundo quid unquam fuave ju-'dicatum est eis amplexu dignum. Ultra hæe tria loca quicunque progrediuntur, ab homi-'num oculis evanescunt. Quod si secundum & 'tertium Locos videre lubet, ascendamus altius. En supra Chrystallinam primam arcem, aliam 'Argenteam videtis, ultra quam & Tertiam a-'damantinam, Quarte vero non cadie sub senfum donce ultra Tertiam deverruim sit. Hic 'est aureus perpetuæ fælicitatis locus, solliejtu-'dinis expers, & omni repletus gaudio perenni. This is the pitch and place, to which if any man ascends, he enters into Chariots of Fire with Horses of sire, and is translated from the earth, foul and Body. Such was Enoch, such was Elijab, such was Esdras, to whom this Medicine was ministred by Vriol the Angel. Such was Saint Paul, who was carried up to the third Heaven; such was Zoroaster, who was transfigured and such was that Anonymus mention'd by Agrippa: I dipsum (saych he) & de se prodidit sapiens quidant, ita ut scintillantes Flamina

mina hine inde ctiam cum sono prosilirant. This I suppose; was R.C. the founder, of a miest Christian, and famous society, whole Body also by vertue of that Medicine he took in his life tinte, is preserved intire to this Day, with the Epitomes of two worlds about it. Such Elijahs also are the Members of this Fraternitie, who as their own writings testifie, walk in the supernatural light. Vt nobisoum autem Covenias (fay they) necesse est hanc Lucem cernas, sine enim huc Luce impossible est nos videre, nisi quando volumus. Iknow some illiterate School-Divines will no sooner read this, but they will cry out with the Towes: away with such a follow from the earth. Truly they are the men, Quibus & ego nunc consulo, ne nostra scripta legant, nec intelligant, nec meminerint : nam noxia funt, venenosa sunt; acherontis ostium est in in hoc libello, Lapides loquitur, caveant ne cerebrum illis excutiat. Let them not mind it, buy it not, touch it not.

Procul hinc, procul ite Prophani. Go on still, and proceed in your own corrupt Fancies, ut servetur Justinia locus, Follow your old beggarly Elements, the Rudiments of this World, which hitherto have done despight to the spirit of grace: which have grieved that holy and loving spirit of God, whereby you are - seal'd to the Day of Redemption. But consider whiles

whiles you are yet in the flesh, whiles it is to Day with you, and timely to confider, that God will use those men whom you revite for his Trueth, as witneffer against you in a Day when you shall have nothing to speak for your Ignorance, unless you plead your obstinacie. Of a mueth God himself discovered this Thing to the First man, to confirm his Hopes of thole three supernaturall mysteries, the Incarnation, Regeneration, and Resurrection: For Lamblichus citing the Agyptian, Records with a Gredendum est Arcanis fermonibus, hath these very words, Traditum fuisse Materiam quandam a Deis' per beata Spectacula, hac er go illis ipsis tradentibus cograta est. And our former Christian Author in a certain place speakes thus, Dubium non est quin Deus Antiquis Patribus medicinam aliquam revelaverit, per spiritum (anttum (uum qua tuerentun Cannis Corruptionem & potissimum iis, cum quibus locutus est, & fedus invit. Let me tell you then that the Period and perfection of Magick is no way Physicall, for this Art - 1986 1986 1986

Attingit solium Jovis, & Cælestia tentat.

In a word it ascends per lumen Natura in lumen Gratia, and the last end of it is truely Theologicall. Remember therefore that Elijah Rlijah depor'd his mantle, and palt thorow the history of Jordan before he met with the Chariots of Israel. But as Agrippa fayth, Clausum of voritatis Armarium: The Scripture is obscure, and mysticall even in Historicall passages. Who would believe that in the History of Agar and Sarah, the mystery of both Testaments was couch'd, but that Saint Gal. Paul himself hath told us so? For it

is written (fayth he) 'that Abraham 'had two Sons, the one by a Bondinaid, the other by a Free-woman. But he who was of the Bond-woman, was born after the field but he of the Free-woman by proinife. Which Things are an Allegoric; for these are the Two Covenants, the one from Mouse Sinai, which gendereth to bondage, which is Agar: For this Agat is Mount Sinai in Arabia, and answereth to Jerusalem that now is, and is in Bondage with her Children; Hue Jerusalem from above is free, which is the Mother of us All. Leould instance in many more such places, as that of the Royal Prophet, That the Dew of Hermon descends to Mount Sion, which is altogether impossible in the literall Sense, for every Geographer knows there is a valt destance between These two. But to return to my former discourse: some Philosophers who by the special mercy of God attain'd to the

the Ternarius, could never notwithstanding obtaine the perfect Medicine, neither did they understand it. I never met in all my Reading but with Six Authors, who fully apprehended this Mystery. The first an Arabian, a most profound, but exceedingly obscure writer, and from him I conceive, Artefin borrowed all his Knowledge. The second a most ancient Christian Anonymus, the greatest that ever was in point of Practice, for he ascended to that glorious Metaphysicall Height where the Archtype shadows the Intellectual Spheares. The other Four are famously known in Chris stendam. To instruct Thee then, This Mystery is perfected when the Light in a suddain, initaculous Corescation strikes from the Center to the Circumference, and the Druine Spirit hath so swallowed up tha Rody, that it is Coxpus glorificatum tanguate Col & Luna Splendidum. In this Rotation is doth passe (and no sooner) from the Naz tural to a supernaturall state, for it is no more fed with Visibles, but with invisibles, and the Eye of the Creator is perpetually upon it. After this the Material parts are never more 'Atq: hac est illa tories decanto be seen, tata, & sine scelere Magorum Invisibilitas Verily this is the way that the Prophets and the Apostles went this is the trusprimitive. $Divi_n$

Abscondita.

Orandum est, ut sit Mens sana in Corpore sano. Thou must prepare thy self, till thou are conformable to Him, whom thou wouldest entertain, and that omnimoda Similitudine. Thou hast Three that are to receive; and there are three accordingly that give. Fitt this Roose to thy God in what Thou canst, and

in what thou canst not, he will help Thee. When thou hast thus set thy House in Order, do not think thy Guest will come without Invitation: Thou must tyre him out with pions importunities,

Perpetuall Knockings at his Doore, Teares sullying his transparent Roomes. Sighes upon sighes: weep more and more, He Comes.

This is the way thou must walk in, which if thou doest, thou shalt perceive a sudden Illustration, eritque in Te cum 'Lumine Ignis,' 'cum Igne Ventus, cum Vento Potestas; cum 'Potestate scientia, cum scientia sanæ Mentis; Integritas. This is the Chain that qualifies a 'Magician; For sayth Agrippa, Explorare de Futuris, & Imminentibus, allisve Occultis, . & quæ hominibus divinitus portenduntur, veridicas sententias, atque operari opera Virtutum communem Natura Consuctudinem excedentia, non nisi profundæ & perfectæ Doctrinæ, Integerrimæque vitæ, ac fidei elt, non hominum levissimorum, ac indoctorum; and in an-'other place. Non poterit illa Dare, qui non 'habet. Habet autem Nemo, nisi qui jam cohibitis Elementis, victa Natura Superatis Co-'lis, progre sus Angelos, ad ipsum Archetypum ulque

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fulque transcendir, cujus tuno Cooperator Bs fectus patelt Omnia. This is the place, where if thou can't but once ascend, and then de-(cend.

(redire.

'Tunc ire ad Mundum Archetypum sæpe, atq; 'Cunctarumq; Patrem rerum spectare licebit.

Then I say, Thou hast got that Spirit, Qui quicquid portentosi Mathematici, quicquid prodigiofi Magi, quicquid invidentes Naturæ perrecutores Alchymultz, quiequid Dæmonibus deteriores Malefici Necromantes promittere audens, Iplo novit dilectuere, & efficere, idque fine omni Crimine, fine Dei offenså, fine Rele glonis injuria. Such is the power be shall roceave, who from the Clamorous Tumults of this World alconds to the Supernaturall, fill Voice: from this bale Earth and Mad whereve his Body is allyed to the Spiritual invelible Elements of his Soul Illo Douns virans accipiet, do vigge undabie Permotos Harcan, de I pre videbetur Illis. This Reader, is the Christian Phislosophanse stone : a stone for often inculcated in Scriptures. This is the Rock in the wilderneffe; in the wildernessa, because in great obsouries, and fon there are that knowithe right that unto it. This is the stone of sirving Excepted a this is the spano with squent eyest upon it in Zaabarie, and

and this is the white stone with the new Name in the Revelation. But in the Gaspel where Christ himself speakes, who was born to discover Mysteries, and communicate Henven to Earth, it is more clearely describ'd. This is the Salt which you ought to have in your felves, this is the Water and spirit whereof you must be born again, and this is that seed which falls to the ground, & multiplies to an hundred fold. But reader, be not deceived in me. I am not a Man of any luch faculties, neither do l'expect this Blessing in such a great measure in this Life: God is no debtor of mine. I can affirm no more of my felf, but what my Author did formerly: Accipe me volo velut Indicent, qui semper pra forebus, manens, Aliès quod Iter ingrediendum sit, ostendat. Behold! I will deal fairely with Thee; shew me but one good Christian, who is capable of, and fit to receive such a secret, and I will show him the right, Infallible way to come by it. Yet this I must tell Thee, It would link thee to the Ground to hear this mystery related: for it cannot ascend to the heart of the Naturall Min, how neer God is to bins, and how to be found. But of this Enough. I will now speak of a Naturall Coelestial Medicino, and this latter is Common amongst some wife Men, but Few are they, who attain

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attain to the Former. The common Chymist. works with the common fire, and without any Medium, wherefore he generates nothing; for he works not as God doth, to preservation, but to Destruction; hence it is, what he ends alwayes in the Ashes. Do thou use it cum Phlegmute Medii : fo shall thy materials rest in a Third Element, where the violence of this Tyrant cannot reach, but his Anima: There is also a better way: for if thou canst temper him with the Spirit of Heaven, thou hast alter'd him from a corrupting to a gend+ rating fire. Sublime the middle Nature fire per Trigonum & Circulum, till thou comist to a Breach of Inferiors and Superiors. Laftly, feparate from the Magicall compounded Earth that Principle which is call'd Terra Media; because it is middleshost between the Widarius. and the Binarius: for as it attaines not to the simplicity of the First, so it is free from the . Impurities of the Second. This is the true Pestra Christallina , a bright virgin Earth without spot or Darknesse. This is Terra Magain ethere clarificata; for it carries in its Belly Winde and Fire. Having got this fundamentallof a little new world, unite the heawen in a triple proportion to the Earth, then apply a Generative heat to Both, and they will attract from above the Star-fire of Nature.

Sic habebis Gloriam totius Mundi, Ergo fugict a Te omnis Obscuritas! Now because the Law of Nature is infallible, and confirm'd to the Creature by Gods Royall Assent, think not therefore there is any Necessity upon God, but what he hath inacted in General, he can repeal in any particular. Remember who translated the Dew from the Earth to the Fleece and from the Hetce to the Earth. God bestowes not his Bleffings where they are to turn to Curses. He cursed the Earth once for Adam's sake: take heed he doth not curle it again in thy work for thy fake. It is in Vaine to look a Buffing from Nature without the God of Nature: for as the Scripture fayth, without Controver se the lesser is bleffed of the Greater. He must be a good feward, that shall overlook the Treasuries of :God: Have therefore a Charitable Seraphick foul: Charitable at Home, in being not Deltructive to thy felf, as most men are: Charitable abroad, in a Diffusive goodnesse to the poor, as many are not. There is in every true Christian a spice, I can not say a grain of Faith, for then we could work Miracles: But know thou that as God is the Father, to Charity is the Nurle of Faith. For there springs from Charitable works a Hope of Heaven, and who is he that will not gladly believe what he hopes to receive? On the contrary there springs no Flope

at all from the Works of Darknesse, and by Consequence no faith, but that Faith of Divels, To believe and tremble. Settle not then in the Lees, and Puddle of the World, have thy Heart in Heaven, and thy Hands on Earth: Ascend in Pietie, and descend in Charity, for this is the Nature of Light, and the Way of the Children of it. Above all Things, avoyd the Guilt of innocent Blood, for it utterly leparates from God in this Life, and requires a timely, and ferious Repentance, if thou would'st find Him in the Next Now for thy studie, in the Winter Time thy Chamber is the best Residence; here thou mayelf use Fumigations, and spicie Lamps, not for superstition, but because such recreate the Animal Spirsts, and the Brains. In the Summer translate thy self to the Fields, where all are green with the Breath of God, and fresh with the Powers of Heaven. Learn to refer all Naturals to their Spirituals, per viam Secretioris Analogie: for this is the way the Magicians went, and found out Miracles. Many there are who bestow not their Thoughts on God, till the World failes them; He may say to such Guests, Quum Nemini obtrudi potest, itur ad Me. Do thou think on Him first, and He will speak to thy Thoughts at Last. Sometimes Thou may'lt walk in Groves, which being

full of Majestie will much advance the Soul. Sometimes by clear, Active Rivers, for by such (say the Mystick Poets) Apollo contemplated.

"Omnia, quæ Phabo quonda meditante, beatus "Audit Eurotas: &c.

So Have I spent on the Banks of Ysca many a serious Hour.

'Tis Day, my Chrystal Usk: now the sad Night Resignes her place, as Tenant to the Light. See, the amazed mists begin to flye, And the Victorious Sun hath gor the skie. How shall I recompence thy ftreamy that keep Me and my Soul awak'd, when others fleep ?: I watch my stars, I move on with the skies, And weary all the Planets with mine Eyes. Shall I feek thy forgotten Birth, and fee What Dayes are spent fince thy Nativity ! Didst run with ancient Kishon? canst thou toll So many yeers as holy Hiddekel? Thou art not paid in this. I'le leavie more Such harmles Contributions from thy store, And dresse my Soul by Thee as thou do'st passe, As I would do my Body by my Glaffe. What a clear, running Chrystall here I find? Sure I will strive to gain as clear a Mind.

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And

And have my spirits freed fro dross, made light. That no baje Puddle may allay their Flight. How I admire thy humble banks! Nought's here, But the same simple vesture all the yeer. I'le learn fimplicity of Thee, and when I walk the freets, I will not forme at Men, Nor look as if I had a mind to crie, It is my valiant Cloth of Gold, and I. Let me not live, but I'm amaz'd to see What a Clear Type thou art of Pietie. ... (fin Why should thy Flouds inrich those theres, that Against thy Liberty, and keep thee in? Thy waters nurse that rude Land wet inslaves And Captivates thy free, and spaceous waves. Most blessed Tutors! I will learn of Those will To hew iny charity unto my Fues, the hard to And strive to do some Good unto the Poor As thy streams do unto the Barren shore: All This from Thee my Y sea? yes, and more.

Trust me thy maters yet: why, wilt not so?
Let me but drink again, and I will go.
I see thy course anticipates my Plea,
I'le haste to God, as Thou dost to the Sea.
And when inveres in maters drown their beams,
The Pieus imitation of thy streames,
May every Holy, happy, hearty Tehre
Help me to run to Heavin, as Thou do'st there.

This is the way I would have thee walk in, if thou doest intend to be a solid, Christian Philosepher. Thou must as Agrippa layth, Vivere Deum, & Angelos : reject all Things Qua Colo dissimilia sunt, otherwise thou canst have no Communion with Superiors. Laftly, Unus esto. non Solus: Avoid the Multitude, aswell of Passions, as Persons. Now for Authors, I wish thee to trust no moderns, but Michael Sendivow, and that other of Physia Restituta, especially his first. A phonisticall part. The Rest whom I have feen fuggest Inventions of their own, fuch as may palle with the Whymzies of des Chartes or Bovillus his Mathematicall Roses. To conclude, I would have thee know, That every day is Annus Contractus: That every year is Dies extension. Anticipate the yeer in the day, and lose not a day in the yeer. Make use of Indeterminate Agents till thou caust finde a Determinate One: The Many may wish well but One onely Loves. Circumferences spread, but Centers contract: so superiors dissolve, and Inferiors coagulate; fland not long in the fun, nor long in the shade: where Extremes meet, there look for Complexions. Learn from thy Errors to be Infallible, from thy Misfortunes to be constant: There is nothing stronger then Perseverance. for it ends in Miracles. I could tell thee more, but that were to puzzle Thee: Icarn this

Firft.

This

Anima Magica, &c.

First, and Thou mayst teach me the

Thus Reader, have I published that knowledge which God gave me, ad fruitum Bona Conscientia. I have not Busheld my Light, nor buried my Talent in the Ground. I will now withdraw and leave the stage to the Next Actor: Some Peripatetick perhaps, whose sie probashall serve me for a Comadie. I have seen scolds laugh dat, but never admir'd so he that multiplies Discounse, makes a serious cause, Ridinius. The onely Antidote to a shrem, is silence: And the best may to convince Fools, is to Negalett Them.

Fælices Animæ! Quibus Hæc cognoscere primu, 'Inque Domos Superas Scandere, Cura fuit, 'Credibile est Illos parites Vitilque Jocisque Altius Humanis exeruisse Caput.

Si Tu Jehova, Deus meus, Illuminaveris Me, : Lux fient Tenebra mea.



Tohis ever honour'd friend, the Learned Author.

IR, Our book now finish'r. Let a shallower Pen Ad these few drops, to your vast Ocean. Not by my shaddowing praise, t'eclipse the glory of your high worth; this book must tell that story, o truth-beleiving Soules; whose Eagle-eyes Can penetrate these hidden Mysteries. But you (thrice honor'd fir) my groveling minde lave rais'd to higher Pitch, to tell how kinde, How rare a freind, how deare, how choise a Treasure My Fates have bleft me with, above the measure of vulgar thought; how this diviner ray Of your bright foul, would fill with clearest day The darkened world : did not earth-shadowing mist. Vith thickest clouds, heavens influence relist But who from envies fordid mire Is washt, is clad in pure attire Of innocence; a light shall see, (unthral'd from errors Sophistry) Will kindle that magnetick fire, Which thall concenter, wild defire: And fix the roving thoughts in one Inseperate TRIVNION Heel then disdaine the symie Earth; A house too mean for nobler birth, His heaven-rais'd foul, will then aspire To bear a part in th'Angels quire. Dear so, fare well. Let seekers thirsty flames, Refresht by these your soul-reviving streames, Eccho you Praise : with thankfull elogies Your ever-living name immortalize.

> Your own beyond Expresses H. B.