INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 15609-5

> Second edition 2011-10-01

Corrected version 2011-12-01

Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure specification —

Part 5: Resistance welding

Descriptif et qualification d'un mode opératoire de soudage pour les matériaux métalliques — Descriptif d'un mode opératoire de soudage —

Partie 5: Soudage par résistance



Reference number ISO 15609-5:2011(E)



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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 15609-5 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Resistance welding and allied mechanical joining*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 15609-5:2004), which has been technically revised.

ISO 15609 consists of the following parts, under the general title Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure specification:

- Part 1: Arc welding
- Part 2: Gas welding
- Part 3: Electron beam welding
- Part 4: Laser beam welding
- Part 5: Resistance welding
- Part 6: Laser-arc hybrid welding

This corrected version of ISO 15609-5:2011 incorporates the following corrections:

- correction of the French title on the cover page of the English version;
- removal of "16" at the end of key item 17 in Figure D.1;
- replacement of the graphic in Figure D.5 raising the lower arrow near "10";
- removal of the second key item 13 in Figure D.5.

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this part of ISO 15609 should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 6 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org.

Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure specification —

Part 5:

Resistance welding

1 Scope

This part of ISO 15609 specifies requirements for the content of welding procedure specifications for resistance spot, seam, butt and projection welding processes. It is necessary to establish the acceptability of applying the principles of this part of ISO 15609 to other resistance and related welding processes before any qualification is undertaken.

NOTE Details of ISO 15609 (all parts — for titles, see Foreword) are given in ISO 15607:2003, Annex A.

Variables listed in this part of ISO 15609 are those influencing either weld dimensions (quality), weld nugget dimension, weld pattern positioning, mechanical properties or geometry of the welded joint.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 669, Resistance welding — Resistance welding equipment — Mechanical and electrical requirements

ISO 4063, Welding and allied processes — Nomenclature of processes and reference numbers

ISO 5183 (all parts), Resistance welding equipment — Electrode adaptors, male taper 1:10

ISO 5184, Straight resistance spot welding electrodes

ISO 5821, Resistance welding — Spot welding electrode caps

ISO 5827, Spot welding — Electrode back-ups and clamps

ISO 8205-1, Water-cooled secondary connection cables for resistance welding — Part 1: Dimensions and requirements for double-conductor connection cables

ISO 8205-2, Water-cooled secondary connection cables for resistance welding — Part 2: Dimensions and requirements for single-conductor connection cables

ISO 8430 (all parts), Resistance spot welding — Electrode holders

ISO 15607:2003, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — General rules

ISO 15614-12, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure test — Part 12: Spot, seam and projection welding

ISO 15614-13, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure test — Part 13: Resistance butt and flash welding

ISO 17677-1, Resistance welding — Vocabulary — Part 1: Spot, projection and seam welding

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the terms and definitions given in ISO 15607, ISO 17677-1 and ISO 669 apply.

4 Technical contents of welding procedure specification

4.1 General

The welding procedure specification (WPS) shall provide all information required to make a weld. The minimum information required in a WPS for resistance welding processes is listed in 4.2 to 4.4.

For some applications, it is necessary to supplement the list. All relevant information shall be specified in the WPS.

Tolerance ranges shall be specified.

Examples of the WPS format are shown in Annexes A, B and C; these forms should be modified according to actual practice.

4.2 Product manufacturer

- Identification of the product manufacturer.
- Identification of the WPS.
- Reference to the welding procedure qualification record (WPQR see ISO 15614-12 and ISO 15614-13).

4.3 Parent materials

4.3.1 Composition

- Designation and type(s) of the material(s) and referenced standard(s).
- In case of coating(s), type, thickness, single or double sided.

4.3.2 Dimensions

- Thickness of material(s).
- Dimensions of cross-section of pipe or section (butt welding).

4.4 Common to all welding procedures

4.4.1 Welding process

— Welding process(es) specified shall be designated as listed in ISO 4063:

a)	Spo	t welding (21):
		manual,
		multi,
		— direct
		— indirect
		— push-pull
		— series,
		mechanized,
	_	automated,
	_	robotic,
	_	weld bonding;
b)	Sea	m welding (22) (roll spot welding):
		manual/mechanized/automatic/robotic;
c)	Proj	ection welding (23):
		single/multiple,
		embossed/solid;
d)	Flas	sh welding (24):
	_	flashing/upsetting,
		with/without preheating;
e)	Ups	et welding (Resistance butt welding) (25).
4.4	.2 [Machine specification
Тур	oe of	machine used and appropriate identification.
4.4	.3 .	Joint design
		erlap, edge distance, pitch, sequence and pattern, spot or projection dimensions, shall be specified and mply with the appropriate standards, as applicable.
NO	TE	A sketch can be used to show the joint design/configuration.
4.4	.4 \$	Surface and edge preparation
_	Deg	greasing, wire brushing, chemical etching, etc.
	For	butt welding, any mechanical edge/joint-face preparation (e.g. facing, finishing).

— For spot, seam and projection welding any removal of edge burrs to avoid shunting.

4.4.5 Welding technic	aue
-----------------------	-----

	Manual, mechanized, automated, robotic welding.					
	Access details, weld sequence and/or pattern.					
	Clamping or guidance systems, tack welding, etc.					
	Procedures to minimize distortion, indentation, contamination, corrosion, etc. (e.g. use of face or backing electrodes).					
Ope	erator protection shall be taken into consideration.					
4.4.0	6 Resistance welding electrodes and auxiliaries					
	Geometry and material composition of electrodes (see ISO 5184), caps (see ISO 5821), and adaptors (see ISO 5183).					
	Geometry and material composition of backing electrodes (see ISO 5827).					
	Geometry and material composition of auxiliaries, e.g. electrode holder (see ISO 8430), cables (see ISO 8205-1 and ISO 8205-2).					
—	Applicable tolerances for the maintenance of the specified quality requirements.					
4.4.	7 Machine parameters and control settings					
_	Type of power source (alternating current, direct current, capacitor discharge).					
	- Transformer setting(s).					
	Controller settings (see Annex D), e.g.:					
	— welding current value(s);					
	— squeeze time;					
	— heat time;					
	— number of impulses, cool time;					
	— hold time;					
	off time;					
	post-weld heat treatment (chill time, post heat time, post heat current);					
	up-slope, down-slope.					
_	Electrode force.					
_	Secondary voltage readings (for flash welding – recorded for information only).					
	Seam welding speed.					

NOTE

Cooling requirements for electrical components and electrodes.

For further information see ISO 14327.

Annex A

(informative)

Example of a WPS — I: Planned process requirements

			1	No.:		
Issu	re/Revision:	No. of welding p	procedure specification for next			
Date	e:	operational sequ	uence for this joint/assembly:			
Cus	tomer:					
Mar	nufacturer:					
Pro	duct					
Des	cription:		Quality requirements:			
Ass	embly name:		Product identification No.a:			
Joir	t location/operation		Assembly No.a:			
Nur	nber/identification code ^a :		Joint type:			
Par	ent material:		Form:			
Sur	face condition:		Weld pattern/sequence (sketch) ^a :			
Nur	nber of welds per joint:		Quality acceptance specification:	Annex B		
We	ding Procedure Specification					
Pro	cess:		Welding rate (welds/min or m/min):			
Env	ironmental constraints:		Location:			
Mad	chine identification No.:		Machine type:	b		
Mar	nual/mechanized/automated:		Machine size/capacity:			
Elec	ctrode set-up ^a :		Tooling ^a :			
Spe	cial services needed:		Electrode change/dressing program:	Annex C		
Mad	chine control type:		Control settings (program) chart No.:			
Elec	ctrode holder drilled/not drilled:		Welding current form:			
Mad	chine control identification number:		Monitor type:			
Auxiliary services:			Welding current (kA):			
Type of actuator (air cylinder):			Secondary voltage (V):			
			Electrode force (kN):			
			Forge force:			
			Cooling type/flow rate (I/min):			
			Specified post-weld treatment:	Annex C		
			Post-weld treatment equipment:			
Sp	ecial instructions:					
Pre	epared by:	_				
Da	te:	_				
		_				
а	Insert drawing number.					
b	Enter identification letter from chart, e.g.:	Optional subgro	oups:			
	SP = pedestal spot weld equipment;	D = dual st	· ·			
	PW = projection weld equipment; CG = portable C-qun:	H = hydrau S = soft de				
	MW = multiweld equipment;		e. g. electromagnetic).			
	SG = portable scissor gun;					
	PS = portable seam weld equipment; RW = welding robot;					
	SW = seam weld equipment.					
С	S = single stroke;					
	D = dual stroke;					
	P = diaphragm; R = flow restrictors.					

Annex B

(informative)

Example of a WPS — II: Quality acceptance criteria

				No.: _	
Issue/Revision:					
Date:					
Customer:					
Manufacturer:					
Product					
Description:		Product identification No.a:			
Assembly name:		Assembly No.a:			
Joint location/operation	_	Joint type:			
number/identification code ^a :					
Quality requirements					
Product:		Type of weld:			
Welds quality rating:		Appearance:			
Geometrical and physical properties of journal of the Specified test values	value (mm)		min. value (kN)	min. weld diameter (mm)	fracture type
Nugget diameter (min.):		Chisel test:	_		
Nugget indentation (min./max.):		Peel force:			
Electrode indendation diameter (nominal):		Shear force:			
Electrode indentation depth (max.):		Cross tension force:			
Sheet separation (max.):		Impact force:			
		Fatigue force (kN) an	d cycles:		
Special instructions:		Corrosion test:			
Prepared by:					
Date:					
a Insert drawing number.					

Annex C (informative)

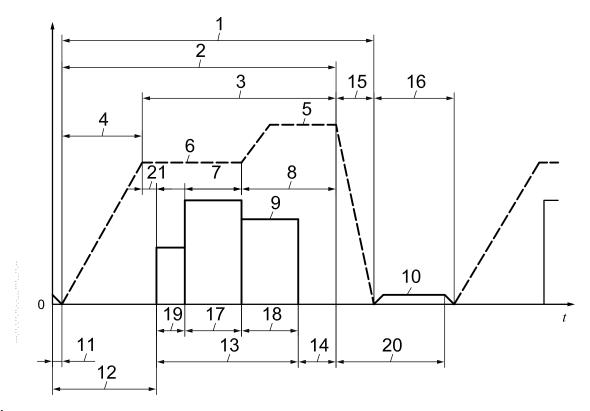
Example of a WPS — III: Welding machine set-up

	No.:
Issue/Revision:	
Date:	
Customer:	
Manufacturer:	
Product	<u> </u>
Description:	Product identification No.a:
Assembly name:	Assembly No.a:
Joint location/operation	Joint type:
number/identification code ^a :	
Machine	
Machine/Gun type:	Machine identification No.:
Platen/electrode dimension (mm):	Secondary cable/shunt size (mm × mm):
Transformer rating (kVA):	Secondary cable(s) type × length (m):
Tap No.:	Transformer identification No.:
Control timer/programmer:	Control timer/programmer identification No.:
Cylinder type:	Tooling ^a :
High lift:	Cooling type/flow rate (I/min):
Electrode set-up ^a :	Electrode approach rate (mm/s):
Check of auxiliaries:	Source of start signal:
Electrode force (kN):	End of cycle trigger signal:
Safety guard:	Throat dimensions:
Location (work station):	
Weld control parameters	
Pre-squeeze time	Weld current (kA):
(cycles with 50 Hz or 60 Hz):	Heat setting:
Squeeze time (cycles or milliseconds):	Number of impulses:
Weld time (cycles or milliseconds):	Weld current (kA):
Off time (cycles or milliseconds):	Heat setting:
Repeat weld time (cycles or	Up-slope:
milliseconds):	
Hold time (cycles or milliseconds):	Down-slope:
Off time (cycles or milliseconds):	Recorder active:
Monitor type:	Stepper control active:
Stepper control type:	Stepper control program:
Machine/tooling	_
Machine control settings:	Condition of electrodes:
Conditions of auxiliary services:	Condition of tooling:
Post-weld treatment:	
Special instructions:	
Prepared by:	
Date:	

a Insert drawing number.

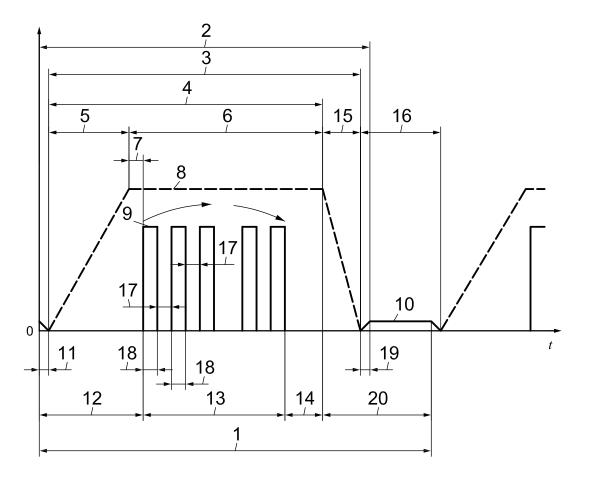
Annex D (informative)

Examples of parameters in resistance welding



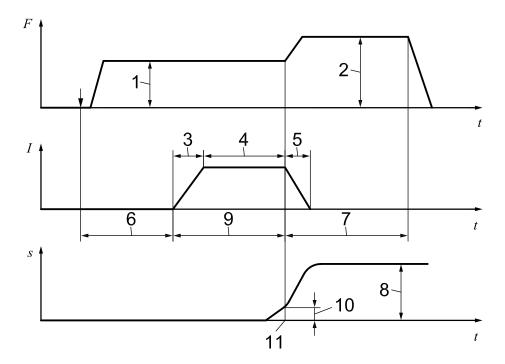
- 1 force application time
- 2 electrode force time
- 3 force maintenance time
- 4 force rise time
- 5 forge force
- 6 electrode force
- 7 forge delay time
- 8 forge time
- 9 current
- 10 electrode movement
- head approach time 11
- 12 squeeze time
- total weld time 13
- hold time 14
- force fall time 15
- actual force off-time 16
- 17 heat time/individual weld time
- post-heat time 18
- preheat time 19
- 20 off time
- 21 current delay time
- time t

Figure D.1 — Time and electrode force diagram for spot welding — Current and electrode force programme control



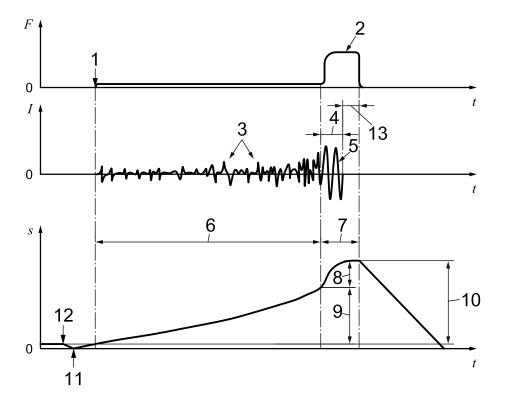
- 1 working cycle time
- 2 welding cycle time
- 3 force application time
- 4 electrode force time
- 5 force rise time
- 6 force maintenance time
- 7 current delay time
- 8 electrode force
- 9 current
- 10 electrode movement
- 11 head approach time
- 12 squeeze time
- 13 total weld time
- 14 hold time
- 15 force fall time
- 16 actual force off-time
- 17 cool time
- 18 heat time/individual weld time
- 19 electrode return time
- 20 off time
- t time

Figure D.2 — Time and electrode force diagram for seam welding



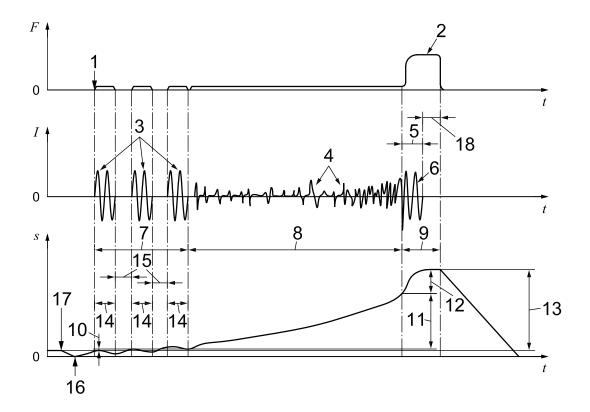
- Fforce
- current
- platen movement
- time
- welding force 1
- 2 forge force
- 3 upslope time
- 4 heat time
- 5 downslope time
- 6 squeeze time
- 7 forge time
- 8 start forging
- 9 forge delay
- 10 start forge travel
- start of forging

Figure D.3 — Force-current-travel diagram for upset welding



- F force
- I current
- s platen movement
- t time
- 1 start of contact
- 2 upset force
- 3 flashing current or flash current
- 4 upset current time
- 5 upset current
- 6 flashing time or flash time
- 7 upset time
- 8 upset travel
- 9 flashing travel
- 10 total travel
- 11 start of platen movement
- 12 setback position of platen
- 13 hold time

Figure D.4 — Force-current-travel diagram for flash welding

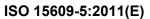


- F force
- I current
- s platen movement
- t time
- 1 start of contact
- 2 upset force
- 3 preheating current
- 4 flashing current, or flash current
- 5 upset current time
- 6 upset current
- 7 preheating time
- 8 flashing time, or flash time
- 9 upset time
- 10 preheating travel
- 11 flashing travel
- 12 upset travel
- 13 total travel14 heat time
- 15 cool time
- 16 start of platen movement
- 17 setback position of platen
- 18 hold time

Figure D.5 — Force-current-travel diagram for flash welding with preheating

Bibliography

[1] ISO 14327, Resistance welding — Procedures for determining the weldability lobe for resistance spot, projection and seam welding



ICS 25.160.10

Price based on 13 pages