



Edition 1.0 2015-06

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Electric motor-operated hand-held tools, transportable tools and lawn and garden machinery – Safety –

Part 2-14: Particular requirements for hand-held planers





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Part 2-14: Particular requirements for hand-held planers

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ELECTRIC MOTOR-OPERATED HAND-HELD TOOLS, TRANSPORTABLE TOOLS AND LAWN AND GARDEN MACHINERY – SAFETY –

Part 2-14: Particular requirements for hand-held planers

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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International Standard IEC 62841-2-14 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 116: Safety of motor-operated electric tools.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
116/222/FDIS	116/236/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This Part 2-14 is to be used in conjunction with the first edition of IEC 62841-1 (2014).

This Part 2-14 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 62841-1, so as to convert it into the IEC standard: Particular requirements for hand-held planers.

Where a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this Part 2-14, that subclause applies as far as relevant. Where this standard states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- notes: in small roman type.

The terms defined in Clause 3 are printed in **bold typeface**.

Subclauses, notes and figures which are additional to those in Part 1 are numbered starting from 101.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62841 series, under the general title: *Electric motor-operated hand-held tools, transportable tools and lawn and garden machinery* – *Safety*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

NOTE The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 36 months from the date of publication.

ELECTRIC MOTOR-OPERATED HAND-HELD TOOLS, TRANSPORTABLE TOOLS AND LAWN AND GARDEN MACHINERY – SAFETY –

Part 2-14: Particular requirements for hand-held planers

1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

Addition:

This part of IEC 62841 applies to planers.

2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

Additional definitions:

3.101

planer

tool intended for removing surface material, equipped with a rotating **cutting head** where the axis of rotation of the **cutting head** is parallel to the plane of the base plate, which is the part supporting the **planer** on the workpiece

Note 1 to entry: The base plate consists of a fixed shoe and an adjustable shoe that determines the depth of cut.

3.102

lift-off device

device which keeps the blade(s) from making contact with a flat surface when the base plate of the **planer** is attempted to be placed on the flat surface

3.103

cutting head

assembly of blades, cutter block, blade fixing elements, relevant screws and spindle, the whole being ready for working

4 General requirements

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

5.17 Addition:

The mass of the tool includes the **cutting head** including blades and the dust extraction adapter, if any.

6 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

7 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

8 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

8.1 Addition:

rated no-load speed.

8.3 Addition:

 direction of rotation of the working spindle. This shall be indicated by an arrow, raised or sunk, or by other means no less visible and indelible.

8.14.1 *Addition:*

For **planers**, the additional safety instructions as specified in 8.14.1.101 shall be given. This part may be printed separately from the "General power tool safety warnings".

8.14.1.101 Safety instructions for planers

- a) Wait for the cutter to stop before setting the tool down. An exposed rotating cutter may engage the surface leading to possible loss of control and serious injury.
- b) Hold the power tool by insulated gripping surfaces, because the cutter may contact its own cord. Cutting a "live" wire may make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live" and could give the operator an electric shock.
- c) Use clamps or another practical way to secure and support the workpiece to a stable platform. Holding the workpiece by your hand or against the body leaves it unstable and may lead to loss of control.

8.14.2 b) Addition:

- 101) instructions on how to adjust the entire range of the depth of cut;
- 102) instruction on the correct use of the dust collection system.

8.14.2 c) Addition:

- 101) information about types of cutting heads which can be used, if applicable;
- 102) instructions for the changing of the blades and their adjustment to the correct position;
- 103) instruction on how to properly clean/clear the chip ejection opening.

9 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

10 Starting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

11 Input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

12 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

13 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

14 Moisture resistance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

15 Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

16 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

17 Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

17.101 If a **lift-off device** is provided to meet the requirements of 18.8 or 21.18.1.1, it shall be sufficiently durable.

Compliance is checked by a new tool sample completing the following test.

The **planer** is to be set in horizontal position. The **lift-off device** is cycled through its intended range of operation for 50 000 cycles. This sequence is repeated at a rate not less than 10 cycles per minute.

After completion of the cycling test as specified above, the **planer** shall then comply with 19.111.

18 Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

18.8 Replacement of Table 4 by the following:

Table 4 - Required performance levels

Type and purpose of SCF	Minimum Performance Level (PL)
Power switch – prevent unwanted switch-on	С
Power switch – provide desired switch-off for planers with lift-off device	а
Power switch – provide desired switch-off for planers without lift-off device	b
Any electronic control to pass the test of 18.3	а
Overspeed prevention to prevent output speed above 130 % of rated no-load speed	b
Provide desired direction of rotation	а
Prevent exceeding thermal limits as in Clause 18	а
Prevent self-resetting as required in 23.3	b
Lock-off function as required by 21.18.1.2	b

19 Mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

19.1 Addition:

For the requirements given in 19.107, 19.108 and 19.109, only the test probe shown in Figure 102 is used.

19.4.101 Planers with a mass according to 5.17 exceeding 3 kg shall have at least two handles. The auxiliary handle, if any, may also be used for the depth-of-cut setting, provided the adjustment of depth of cut is achieved by a rotary action.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

19.101 The **cutting head** shall be cylindrically shaped except for the blades, the gullet and the blade clamping means.

The maximum gullet width s shall be

$$s_{\text{max}} = 0.235 d + 7.2 \text{ mm}$$

where d is the diameter of the rotating circle of the cutting edges. See Figure 101.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

19.102 The blades when aligned with the fixed shoe shall not project by more than 1,1 mm radially beyond the cutter block (as per dimension "a" in Figure 101).

Compliance is checked by measurement.

19.103 At any depth of cut, the distance "b" (see Figure 101) between the rotating circle of the cutting edges and the trailing edge on the adjustable shoe shall not exceed 5 mm measured radially.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

19.104 The blades shall be secured in the cutter block in such a way that friction alone is not relied upon to prevent the radial ejection of the blades.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

19.105 Cutting heads shall be designed and made of such materials that they withstand the forces and loads expected in **normal use**.

Compliance is checked by the following test:

An overspeed test shall be made on a sample **cutting head**, equipped with blades for the largest cutting diameter and the largest cutting edge width, the test speed being 1,5 times the **rated no-load speed**. If applicable, tension elements such as clamping screws shall be tightened in accordance with the instructions required by 8.14.2 b).

After the test, the **cutting head** shall not be deformed or cracked, no screws shall be loosened and displacements of separable parts shall be less than specified in the test procedure.

The test procedure is as follows:

- 1) Measure the cutting head dimensions.
- 2) Bring the cutting head to the rated no-load speed, for 1 min.
- 3) Stop and re-measure the **cutting head**; measured displacements of the separable parts of the **cutting head** shall not be greater than 0,15 mm.
- 4) Bring the cutting head to the test speed, for 1 min.
- 5) Stop and re-measure the **cutting head** and compare the results with those obtained from step 3. The compared displacements shall not exceed 0,15 mm.
- **19.106** Clamping screws or bolts shall not project beyond the cutter block as shown in Figure 101.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

19.107 It shall not be possible to inadvertently touch rotating parts from the sides of the **planer**, except for the cases covered by 19.108.

Compliance is checked by the following test:

The **planer** is set to minimum depth of cut and is positioned with the shoes resting on a flat surface that extends beyond the **planer** by at least 100 mm in all directions. Any **lift-off device** is disabled. The accessibility is checked by means of the test probe shown in Figure 102 with a force not exceeding 5 N.

19.108 Planers with rabbeting facilities shall be provided with a **guard** that avoids inadvertent contact at the sides with the blades.

NOTE Rabbeting is also known as rebating.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the following test:

The **planer** is set to minimum depth of cut and is positioned with the shoes resting on a flat surface that extends beyond the **planer** by at least 100 mm in all directions. Any **lift-off device** is disabled. The accessibility is checked by means of the test probe shown in Figure 102 without any force.

19.109 It shall not be possible to touch the blades through the chip ejection opening.

Compliance is checked by testing all apertures for chip ejection with the test probe of Figure 102. It shall not be possible to touch the blades in the **cutting head** at any angle of the probe.

19.110 Planers shall stop within 10 s after switching off.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

19.111 Lift-off device

19.111.1 If a **lift-off device** is provided to meet the requirements of 18.8 or 21.18.1.1, it shall meet the requirements of 19.111.2 and 19.111.3, which are checked only after completing the endurance test of 17.101.

19.111.2 If a lift-off device is provided, it shall be designed so that

- it is automatically activated, when the **planer** is lifted up from a horizontal surface; and
- the blade(s) do not make contact, when the **planer** is set at maximum depth of cut in accordance with 8.14.2 b) 101) and placed on a horizontal surface.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

19.111.3 A **lift-off device** shall provide sufficient stability.

Compliance is checked by the following test:

The **planer** is set to maximum depth of cut in accordance with 8.14.2 b) 101) and with the **supply cord**, if any, removed. The **planer** is then placed on a flat board of medium density fibreboard (MDF) having a density of 650 kg/m³ to 850 kg/m³ that is inclined at an angle of 10°, such that the rear of the **planer** is nearest to the high side of the board and allowed to rest freely for 10 s to 12 s. During the test, the **planer** is permitted to slide, however, the **lift-off device** shall not collapse such that the **planer** blades come into contact with the board.

20 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

21 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

21.18.1.1 *Addition:*

Planers whose blade(s) make contact with a flat surface when the base plate is placed on the flat surface and without a **lift-off device** are regarded as tools having a risk associated with continued locked-on operation.

NOTE In Europe (EN 62841-2-14), the above text is replaced by the following:

For planers, the switch shall not have any locking device to lock it in the "on" position.

21.18.1.2 Addition:

Planers are regarded as tools having a risk associated with inadvertent starting.

21.35 This subclause of Part 1 is applicable.

22 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

23 Components

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

24 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

25 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

26 Provision for earthing

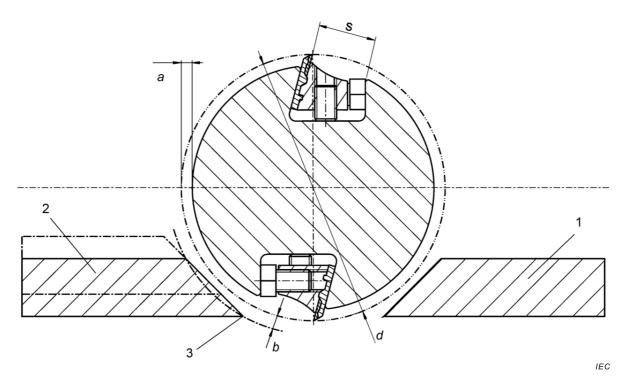
This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

27 Screws and connections

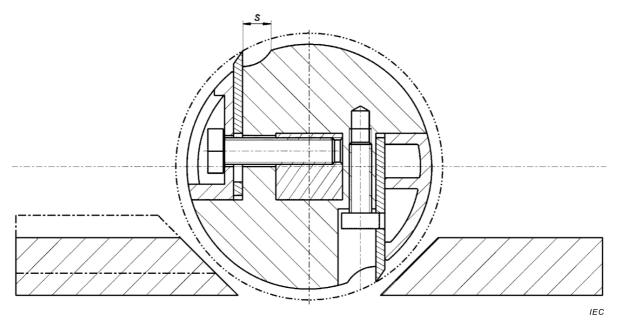
This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

28 Creepage distances, clearances and distances through insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.



a) Example 1 and explanation of basic dimensions



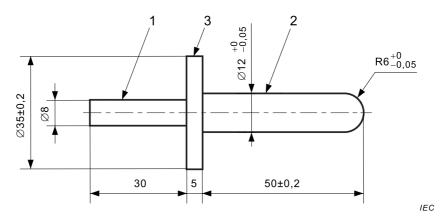
b) Example 2

Key

- 1 fixed shoe
- 2 adjustable shoe
- 3 trailing edge
- a radial projection of the blades beyond the cutter block
- b distance between the rotating circle of the cutting edges and the trailing edge of the adjustable shoe
- d diameter of the rotating circle of the cutting edges
- s gullet width

Figure 101 – Examples of cutting heads with basic dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

- 1 handle section
- 2 test section
- 3 probe's flange

Figure 102 – Test probe

Annexes

The annexes of Part 1 are applicable except as follows.

Annex I

(informative)

Measurement of noise and vibration emissions

NOTE In Europe (EN 62841-2-14), Annex I is normative.

I.2 Noise test code (grade 2)

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows:

1.2.4 Installation and mounting conditions of the power tools during noise tests

Addition:

Planers are held and used as specified in I.2.5.

I.2.5 Operating conditions

Addition:

Planers are tested under load observing the conditions shown in Table I.101.

The temperature requirements of 5.6 are not applicable.

Table I.101 - Test conditions

Т	
Orientation	Planing along a horizontal surface of a softwood workpiece free of knots and having a residual moisture not exceeding 14 $\%$.
	The workpiece shall have a minimum length of 600 mm, a minimum height of 90 mm and a width $\it B$, where $\it B$ is the maximum planing width of the tool minus (15 \pm 2) mm.
	The workpiece shall be supported on resilient material and fixed vertically by screws, clamps, air cylinders or the like to a test bench of Figure I.1, see Figure I.101. For the fixing, the workpiece may have recesses or the like; an example is shown in Figure I.101. The resilient material shall be mounted so that it does not have any significant resonance in the frequency range that can influence the test result.
	To prevent absorption of airborne noise, the resilient material shall either
	 not extend the contact area between workpiece and test bench; or
	 be of non airborne-sound absorbing material, such as rubber.
	If a parallel guide is provided, this may be used.
	NOTE Examples of softwood are pine and fir.
Tool bit	Blade as specified for planing softwood. The depth of cut shall be set to maximum capacity.
Feed force	As necessary to achieve a constant feed rate resulting in 10 s to 15 s planing time for one test cycle (600 mm). Equal forces are applied to the main handle and the auxiliary handle, if applicable, avoiding excessive gripping forces.
	However, if it is not possible to plane the whole surface length within the given time, because the planer may stall, a longer test cycle time is permitted using a feed force as high as possible without stalling the planer .
Test cycle	Planing the complete length of 600 mm at maximum depth of cut.
	The measurement takes place over a length of approximately 400 mm that does not include the ends of the workpiece.

I.3 Vibration

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows:

I.3.3.2 Location of measurement

Addition:

Figure I.102 shows the positions on the main handle and the auxiliary handle, if applicable.

I.3.5.3 Operating conditions

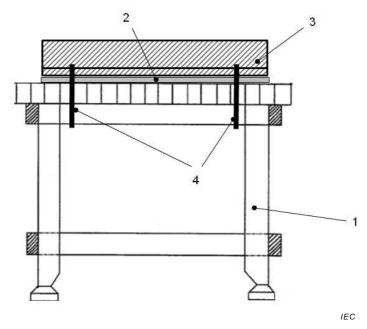
Addition:

Planers are tested under load according to the conditions shown in Table I.101.

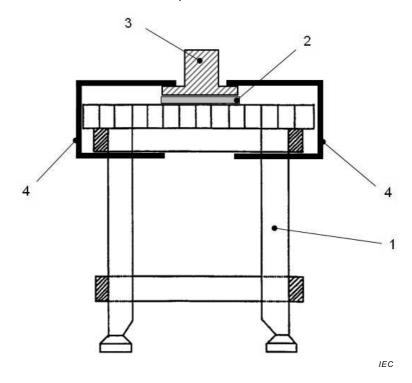
I.3.6.2 Declaration of the vibration total value

Addition:

The vibration total value a_h of the handle with the highest emission and the uncertainty K shall be declared.



a) Side view



b) Front view

Key

- 1 test bench of Figure I.1
- 2 resilient material
- 3 workpiece
- 4 fixing means (e.g. clamps)

Figure I.101 – Test set-up for planers

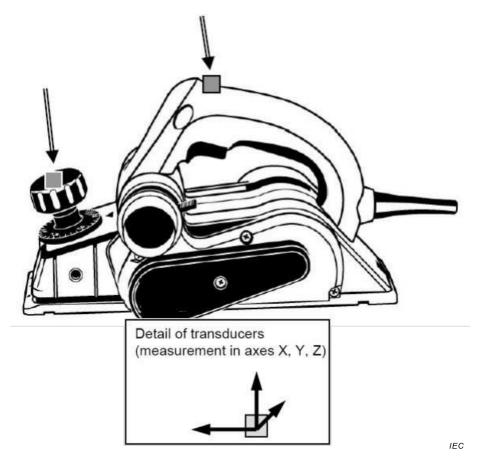


Figure I.102 – Positions of transducers

Annex K

(normative)

Battery tools and battery packs

K.1 Scope

Addition:

All clauses of this Part 2-14 apply unless otherwise specified in this annex.

K.8.14.1.101 Item b) is not applicable.

K.12.2.1 This subclause is not applicable.

K.20.5 This subclause is not applicable.

K.21.18.1.2 *Addition:*

Two separate and dissimilar actions shall be necessary before the motor is switched on (e.g. a **power switch** which has to be pushed in before it can be moved laterally to close the contacts to start the motor). It shall not be possible to achieve these two actions with a single grasping motion or a straight line motion.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

K.21.30 This subclause is not applicable.

NOTE In Europe (EN 62841-2-14), the following additional subclause applies:

K.21.18.Z101 Isolation device

Planers with an integral battery shall be equipped with an isolation device to prevent the risk of injury from mechanical hazards during user maintenance that

- ensures a reliable disconnection of at least one pole of the battery from the relevant load(s);
- has a reliable mechanical link between the manual control and the disconnecting element(s);
- is equipped with an unambiguous indication of the state of the disconnection device which corresponds to each position of its manual control (actuator);
- protects against accidental reconnection.

NOTE 1 Examples of methods to achieve this disconnection include removable jumpers, removable **batteries** or a electromechanical **power switch** with a direct mechanical link between the actuator and the contact.

NOTE 2 The risk of accidental reconnection for a **power switch** is addressed by the requirement of 21.18.1.2. The other examples in Note 1 achieve this by the necessary actions for reconnection.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

Annex L

(normative)

Battery tools and battery packs provided with mains connection or non-isolated sources

L.1 Scope

Addition:

All clauses of this Part 2-14 apply unless otherwise specified in this annex.

L.21.18.1.2 Addition:

Two separate and dissimilar actions shall be necessary before the motor is switched on (e.g. a **power switch** which has to be pushed in before it can be moved laterally to close the contacts to start the motor). It shall not be possible to achieve these two actions with a single grasping motion or a straight line motion.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

NOTE In Europe (EN 62841-2-14), the following additional subclause applies:

L.21.18.Z101 Isolation device

Planers with an integral battery shall be equipped with an isolation device to prevent the risk of injury from mechanical hazards during user maintenance that

- ensures a reliable disconnection of at least one pole of the battery from the relevant load(s);
- has a reliable mechanical link between the manual control and the disconnecting element(s);
- is equipped with an unambiguous indication of the state of the disconnection device which corresponds to each position of its manual control (actuator);
- protects against accidental reconnection.

NOTE 1 Examples of methods to achieve this disconnection include removable jumpers, removable **batteries** or a electromechanical **power switch** with a direct mechanical link between the actuator and the contact.

NOTE 2 The risk of accidental reconnection for a **power switch** is addressed by the requirement of 21.18.1.2. The other examples in Note 1 achieve this by the necessary actions for reconnection.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

Bibliography

The bibliography of Part 1 is applicable.



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