



IEC 61754-20

Edition 2.0 2012-04

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic connector interfaces –

Part 20: Type LC connector family





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### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic connector interfaces – Part 20: Type LC connector family

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

# FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – FIBRE OPTIC CONNECTOR INTERFACES –

Part 20: Type LC connector family

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International Standard IEC 61754-20 has been prepared by subcommittee SC86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2002. It constitutes a technical revision. The changes with respect to the previous edition are to reconsider the whole document and to add Interface IEC 61754-20-9 to IEC 61754-20-16 for a plastic optical fibre (POF).

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86B/3343/FDIS	86B/3393/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The list of all parts of IEC 61754 series, published under the general title, *Fibre optic interconnecting and passive components – Fibre optic connector interfaces* can be found on the IEC website.

Future standards in this series will carry the new general title as cited above. Titles of existing standards in this series will be updated at the time of the next edition.

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- · withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

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#### INTRODUCTION

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## FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – FIBRE OPTIC CONNECTOR INTERFACES –

Part 20: Type LC connector family

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard defines the standard interface dimensions for the type LC family of connectors.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61755-3 series, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Fibre optic connector optical interfaces

#### 3 Description

The parent connector for type LC connector family is a simplex plug connector set of plug/adaptor/plug configuration which is characterized by:

- A 1,25 mm nominal diameter ferrule or, in the case of 1 mm OD POF, the fibre acts as the ferrule.
- The connector includes a single coupling latch and a ferrule spring loaded in the direction of the optical axis
- The plug has a single male key, which may be used to orient and limit the relative position between the connector and the component to which it is mated.
- The optical alignment mechanism of the connectors is a rigid bore sleeve or a resilient sleeve.

Drawings and dimensions provided consist of those minimum features that are functionally critical during the mating and unmating sequences of the plug with its adapter/receptacle counterpart component. The provided dimensions might cause intermateability problems with plugs not compliant to the standard.

#### 4 Interfaces

This standard contains the following standard interfaces:

Interface 20-1: simplex plug connector interface – PC

Interface 20-2: simplex adaptor interface

Interface 20-3: simplex active device receptacle interface

Interface 20-4: duplex plug connector interface - PC

Interface 20-5: duplex adaptor interface

Interface 20-6: duplex active device receptacle interface

Interface 20-7: simplex plug connector interface - APC 8 °

Interface 20-8: duplex plug connector interface - APC 8 °

Interface 20-9: simplex plug connector interface - POF 1,25 mm jacketed OD

Interface 20-10: duplex plug connector interface - POF 1,25 mm jacketed OD

Interface 20-11: simplex plug connector interface - POF 1 mm

Interface 20-12: duplex plug connector interface - POF 1 mm

Interface 20-13: simplex adaptor interface - POF 1 mm

Interface 20-14: duplex adaptor interface - POF 1 mm

Interface 20-15: simplex active device receptacle interface - POF 1 mm

Interface 20-16: duplex active device receptacle interface - POF 1 mm

- The plug of interface IEC 61754-20-1 and interface IEC 61754-20-4 has a ferrule with a spherically polished endface (PC) shown in Figure 2a.
- The plug of interface IEC 61754-20-7 and interface IEC 61754-20-8 has a ferrule with a spherically polished angled endface (APC) shown in Figure 2c.
- The plug interfaces IEC 61754-20-9 through IEC 61754-20-12 have a flat smooth endface shown in Figure 2b (POF only).
- Plug interfaces IEC 61754-20-9 and IEC 61754-20-10 (POF 1,25 mm jacketed OD) have a POF fibre of up to 0.750 mm in a 1,25 mm OD ferrule.
- Plug interfaces IEC 61754-20-11 and IEC 61754-20-12 is the 1 mm POF without the use of a ferrule (see Table 3, Note f).
- The plug connector interfaces and associated details are given in Figures 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 along with Tables 3 and 4.
- The adaptor interfaces and associated details are given in Figures 6, 7, and, 8 along with Table 5.
- The active device receptacle interfaces and associated details are given in Figures 9, 10, and 11 along with Tables 6, 7, and 8.
- The intermateability between plugs, adaptors, and receptacles are given in Table 1.
- The intermateability between the different plug interfaces are given in Table 2.

Table 1 - Plug to Adaptor/Receptacle Intermateability

Plug	Adaptor/Active Device Receptacle Interfaces IEC 61754							
Interfaces IEC 61754	20-2	20-3	20-5	20-6	20-13	20-14	20-15	20-16
20-1	Mate	Mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-4	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-7	Mate	Not mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-8	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-9	Mate	Mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-10	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-11	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate	Mate	Mate
20-12	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Not mate	Mate

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Table 2 - Plug to Plug Intermateability

Plug	Plug Interface IEC 61754							
Interfaces IEC 61754	20-1	20-4	20-7	20-8	20-9	20-10	20-11	20-12
20-1	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not Mate	Not Mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-4	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not Mate	Not Mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-7	Not mate	Not Mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-8	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Mot mate	Not Mate	Not mate
20-9	Not Mate	Not Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-10	Not Mate	Not Mate	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate	Not mate	Not mate
20-11	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate
20-12	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Not mate	Mate	Mate

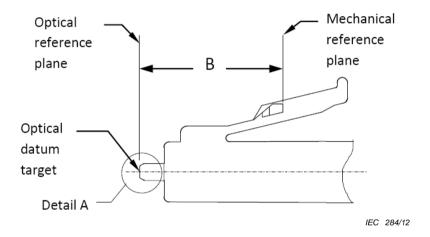
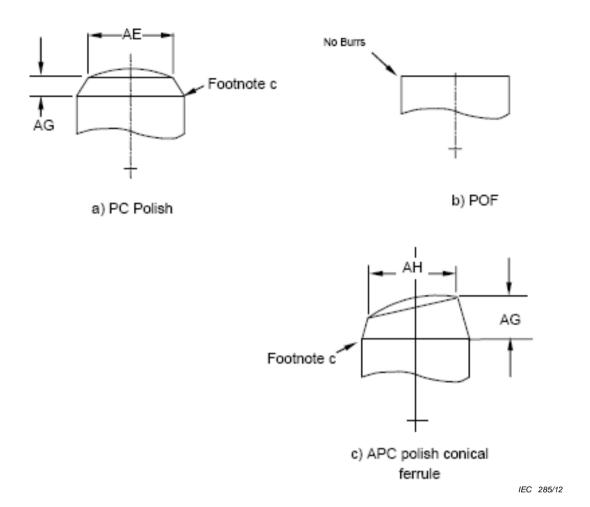


Figure 1 – Plug connector interface reference planes

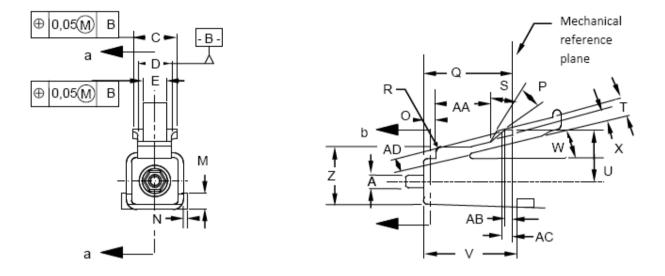


Key

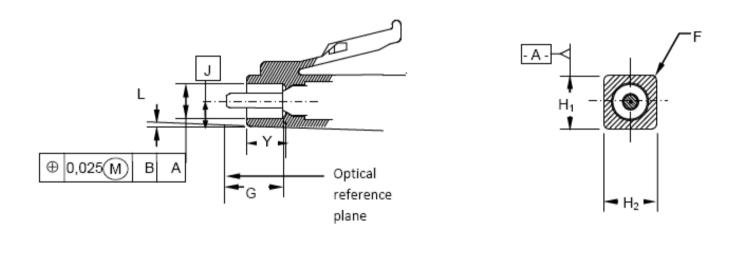
See Table 3.

Figure 2 – Detail A of Figure 1 – Plug connector interface – Expanded view drawings not-to-scale

Refer to IEC 61755-3 series documents for information on the end-face geometry requirements of PC and APC interfaces, respectively.



#### a) Plug connector interface



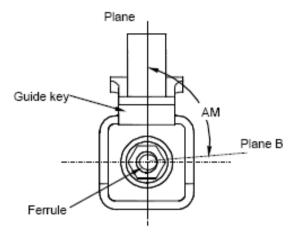
b) Section a-a c) Section b-b

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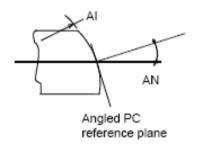
Key

See Table 3.

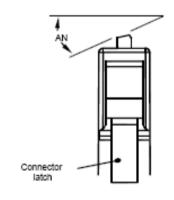
Figure 3 – Plug connector interface



a) - Expanded view from front



#### b) - APC ferrule endface geometry



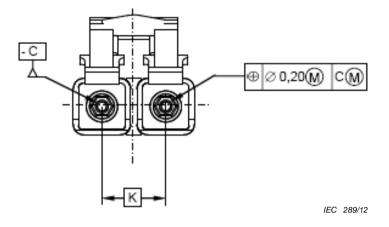
c) - Top view

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Key

See Table 3.

Figure 4 – APC plug connector interface



#### Key

See Table 3.

Figure 5 – Duplex plug interface

Table 3 – Dimensions of the plug connector interface

Deference	Dimensions i	in millimeters	Damarka
Reference	Minimum	Maximum	Remarks
Α	-	-	Table 4 <sup>f</sup>
B <sup>a</sup>	10,3	10,5	
С	4,2	4,4	
D	3,2	3,35	
E	2,2	2,4	
F	0,3	0,5	Radius
G	4,88	5,00	Ferrule extension
H <sub>1</sub> <sup>e</sup>	4,42	4,52	
H <sub>2</sub> <sup>e</sup>	4,42	4,52	
I	3,0	3,2	Diameter
J	H/2	H/2	
К	6,	25	Basic dimension
L <sup>e</sup>	-	0,2	Degrees
М	-	1,0	
N	-	0,5	
0	1,1	1,3	
Р	2	11	Degrees, typical
Q	8,5	8,7	
R	0,4	0,6	Radius
S	3	30	
Т	1,4	1,6	
U	5,0	5,1	
V	12,1	_	

Table 3 – Dimensions of the plug connector interface (continued)

Defenses	Dimensions in	millimeters	Damada
Reference	Minimum	Maximum	Remarks
W	14		Degrees, typical
X	0,5	0,7	
Υ	3,3	_	
Z	5,6	5,7	
AA	5,2	5,4	
AB	0,3	0,5	
AC	0,8	1.0	
AD	1,2	1,4	
AE	0,6	0,85	Pedestal diameter
AG	-	1,0	
AH	0,6	0,85	Pedestal diameter
AI c	5	12	Radius
AM <sup>d</sup>	90		Basic dimension, degrees <sup>d</sup>
AN	8		Basic dimension, degrees

Dimension B is given for a plug endface when not mated. The ferrule is movable by a certain axial compression force, with direct contacting endface, and therefore dimension B is variable. Ferrule compression force shall be 5,0 N to 6,0 N when the position of the optical datum target, dimension B is moved to the range 9,8 mm to 10,0 mm. Forces are for buffered fibre only, different cord constructions can result in higher forces, see IEC 60794-2-50.

Table 4 - Plug connector interface - Ferrule grade

Grade		OA in millimeters	Remarks
	Minimum	Maximum	
1	1,2485	1,2495	
2	1,2483	1,2495	
3	1,2467	1,2495	
4	1,200	1,250	1,25 mm OD jacketed POF
5	0.90	1.00	1 mm OD POF

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> A chamfer or radius is allowed to a maximum depth of 0,5 mm from the ferrule endface.

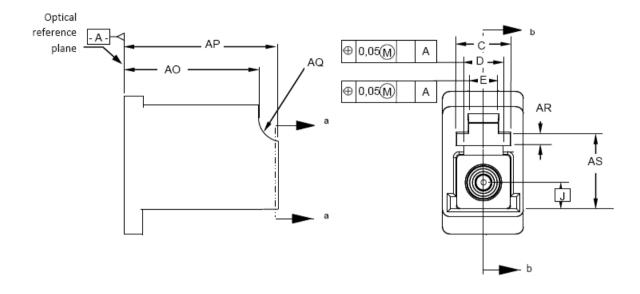
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> These dimensional requirements apply to the finished ferrule, after all polishing procedures have been completed.

Dimension AM is defined as an angle between two planes: One plane, plane A, passes through the axis of the ferrule and the axis of symmetry of the key of the angled endface connector plug. The other plane, plane B, passes through the axis of the ferrule and the plane normal to the angled PC reference plane.

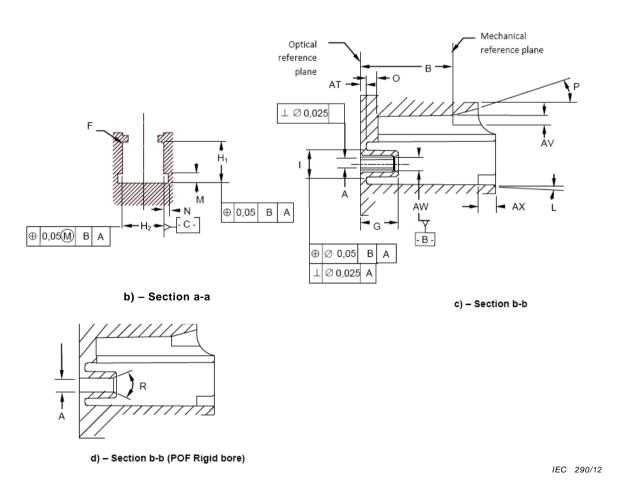
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Taper, dimension L, is applied to the surfaces associated with dimensions/features H<sub>1</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>.

For 1 mm POF and 1,25 mm jacketed POF the fibre or the fibre jacket will act as the connector ferrule/alignment feature.

Drawings and dimensions provided consist of those minimum features that are functionally critical during the mating and unmating sequences of the plug with its adapter/receptacle counterpart component. The provided dimensions might cause intermateability problems with plugs not compliant to the standard.

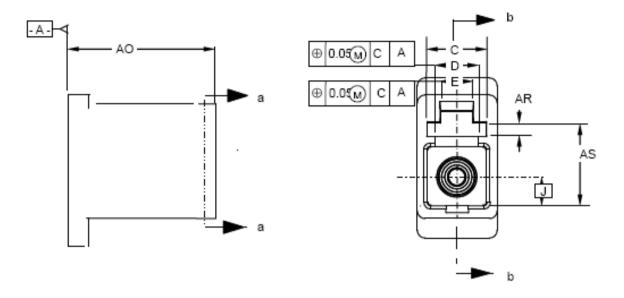


#### a) Simplex adapter interface dimensions

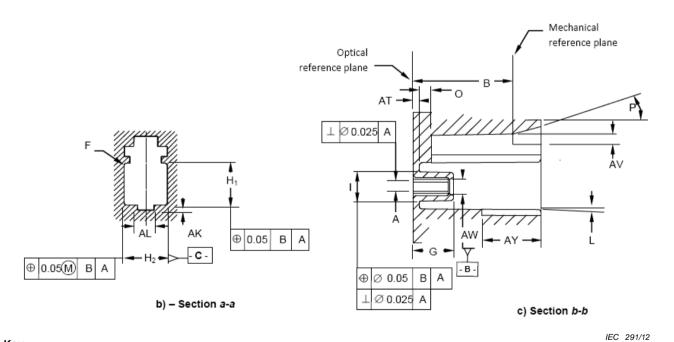


**Key** See Table 5.

Figure 6 - Simplex adaptor interface



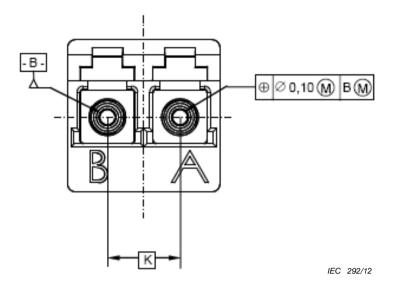
#### a) Junior adapter interface dimensions



Key

See Table 5.

Figure 7 – Junior (Jr.) adaptor interface (optional – note g of Table 3)



#### Key

See Table 5.

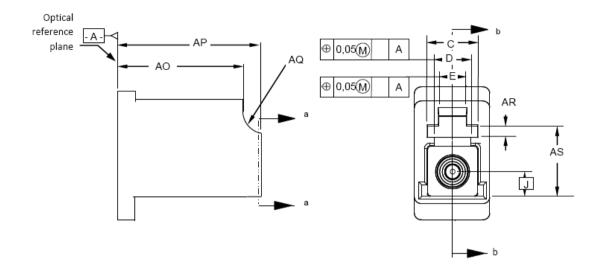
Figure 8 – Duplex adaptor interface

Table 5 – Dimensions of the adaptor interface

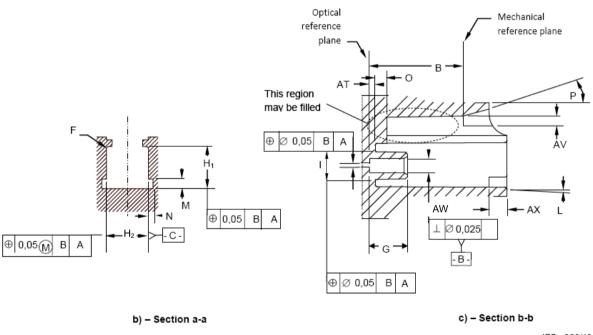
Defenses	Dimensions i	n millimeters	D
Reference	Minimum	Maximum	Remarks
A a,b,c,d	-	_	Diameter
В	9,9	10,0	
С	4,5	_	
D	3,4	3,5	
E	2,6	2,7	
F	0,2	0,3	Radius
G	4,0	4,1	
H <sub>1</sub>	4,60	4,75	
H <sub>2</sub>	4,60	4,75	
I	2,87	2,97	Diameter
J	2,	29	Basic dimension
К	6,	25	Basic dimension
L e	-	0,2	Degrees
M	1,0	1,1	
N	0,5	0,6	
0	-	1,3	
Р	1	5	Degrees, typical
R	60		Degrees, typical
AK	0,5	0,6	
AL	1,7	1,8	
AO	11,0	12,8	
AP	14,5	14,7	

Deference	Dimensions	Remarks	
Reference	Minimum	Maximum	Remarks
AQ	2,2	2,4	Radius
AR	1,1	1,2	
AS	6,6	6,8	
AT	0,6	0,7	
AV	1,0	1,1	
AW	1,4	1,5	Diameter
AX	1,9	_	
AY	5,3	5,4	

- The connector alignment feature is a resilient (split) alignment sleeve, and the sleeve may be either fixed or floating. Rigid bore for POF. For a fixed sleeve the positional tolerance of dimension I applies to both A and I dimensions. For a floating sleeve, a gauge pin inserted in the sleeve must be capable of moving freely into a position such that it is coincident with datum B. Dimension A defines the inner diameter of the alignment feature.
- The connector alignment feature is a resilient (split) alignment sleeve. The feature must accept a pin gauge to the centre of the adaptor with a force of 1,0 N to 2,5 N under the condition that another pin gauge is inserted into the feature from the other side until both pin gauges butt against each other. The pin gauge shall be 1,2490 mm as shown in Figure 11 and Table 8. The centre of the adaptor is defined by the left side position of dimension B.
- <sup>c</sup> For POF the connector alignment feature is a rigid bore as depicted in Figure 6d. See Table 7 for gauge pin measurements of dimension A. All positional tolerances apply.
- d Each of the units in the duplex adaptor shall comply with all of dimensions of Figures 6, Figure 7 and Figure 8
- e Taper, dimension L, is applied to the surfaces associated with dimensions/features H1 and H2.
- f Additional information for different port configurations, panel cut-outs and outside dimensions can be found in Informative Annex A, Figures A.1 to A.4 and Tables A.1 to A.4 of this document.
- The Jr. adaptor configuration is optional for one half of an adaptor. The distance from the optical plane to the mechanical plane (dimension B) is the same for all adaptors and receptacles. The Jr. configuration does not use feature/dimension AP. The Jr. side of the adaptor is ONLY for protected environments such as inside of a cabinet or shelf. The Jr. side of an adaptor shall NEVER protrude through to the "user" side of a panel.
- Drawings and dimensions provided consist of those minimum features that are functionally critical during the mating and unmating sequences of the plug with its adapter/receptacle counterpart component. The provided dimensions might cause intermateability problems with plugs not compliant to the standard.



#### a) Active device receptacle interface dimensions

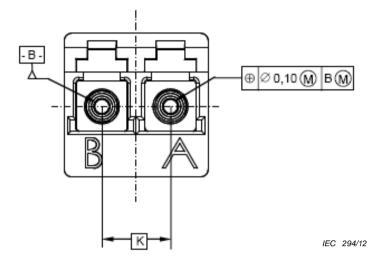


IEC 293/12

Key

See Table 6.

Figure 9 - Active device receptacle interface



#### Key

See Table 6.

Figure 10 - Duplex active device receptacle interface

Table 6 – Dimensions of the active device receptacle

Defenses	Dimensions i	Dimensions in millimeters		
Reference	Minimum	Maximum	Remarks	
A a, b, c	-	-	Grade, Table 7	
В	9,9	10,0		
С	4,5	_		
D	3,4	3,5		
Е	2,6	2,7		
F	0,2	0,3	Radius	
G	4,0	4,1		
H <sub>1</sub>	4,60	4,75		
H <sub>2</sub>	4,60	4,75		
I	2,87	2,97	Diameter	
J	2,29		Basic dimension	
К	6,	25	Basic dimension	
L <sup>d</sup>	-	0,2	Degrees	
М	1,0	1,1		
N	0,5	0,6		
0	-	1,3		
Р	1	5	Degrees, typical	
AO	11,0	12,8		
AP	14,5	14,7		
AQ	2,2	2,4	Radius	
AR	1,1	1,2		
AS	6,6	6,8		

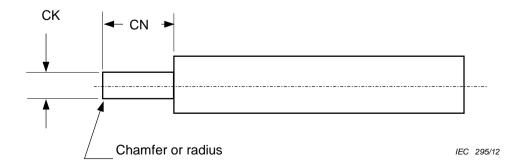
Defenses	Dimensions i	Remarks	
Reference	Minimum	Maximum	Remarks
AT	0,6	0,7	
AV	1,0	1,1	
AW	0,5	0,6	Grade, Table 7
AX	1,9	_	

- The connector alignment feature is a rigid bore sleeve or a resilient alignment sleeve. Dimension A defines the inner diameter of the alignment feature.
- <sup>b</sup> The sleeve may be fixed or floating. For a fixed sleeve, the positional tolerance applies. For a floating sleeve, a gauge pin, as shown in Figure 11, inserted in the sleeve must be capable of moving freely into a position such that it is coincident with datum B.
- <sup>c</sup> Each of the units in the duplex receptacle shall comply with all of dimensions of Figures 9 and 10.
- Taper, dimension L, is applied to the surfaces associated with dimension/feature H<sub>4</sub> and H<sub>5</sub>.
- Drawings and dimensions provided consist of those minimum features that are functionally critical during the mating and unmating sequences of the plug with its adapter/receptacle counterpart component. The provided dimensions might cause intermateability problems with plugs not compliant to the standard.

Table 7 - Active device receptacle interface - Alignment sleeve grade

Grade		ence A in millimeters	Remarks
	Minimum	Maximum	
1	1,251	1,252	Rigid bore sleeve a, b
2	1,251	1,254	
3	1,251	1,257	
4 (POF 1,25 mm jacketed OD)	1,251	1,265	
5 (POF 1mm)	1,070	1,200	
6			Resilient alignment sleeve b, c

- The connector alignment feature is a rigid bore sleeve. The dimension A shall be tested using two pin gauges. One pin gauge has the pin gauge grade number 1 μm larger than the maximum value of dimension A, the other pin gauge has the pin gauge grade number 1 μm smaller than the minimum value of dimension A. The appropriate pin gauge shall be selected from the pin gauge grade table.
- The connector alignment feature is a resilient (split) alignment sleeve. The feature must accept a pin gauge completely to the left side of dimension G with a force of 1,0 N to 2,5 N. Insert the pin gauge completely, from only one side, the connector side of the active device receptacle interface. The pin gauge is defined in Table 8
- Add grade number to the interface reference number.



#### Key

See Table 8.

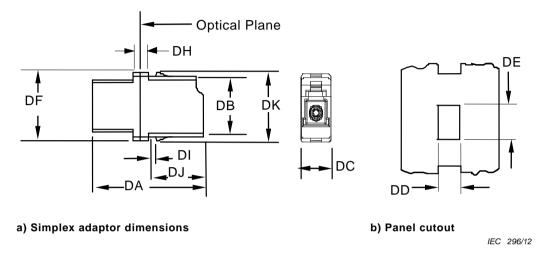
Figure 11 – Pin gauge for active device receptacle

#### Table 8 – Pin gauge grade

Pin gauge grade	CK diameter Dimensions in millimeters		CN Dimensions in millimeters		Remarks
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
1,249	1,2488	1,2492	4,2	15	Resilient sleeve <sup>a</sup>
$^a$ Surface roughness should be $<0.2~\mu m$ Ra; cylindricity is less than 0.5 $\mu m.$					

### Annex A (informative)

#### Additional adaptor dimensional information



Key

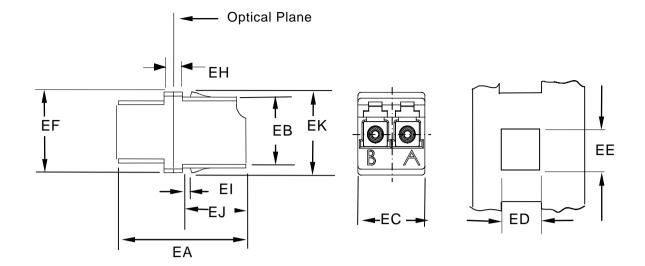
See Table A.1.

Figure A.1 – Simplex adaptor

Table A.1 – Dimensions of simplex adaptor

Ref.	Dimensions in millimeters		Domonto
	Min.	Max.	Remarks
DA	25,5	27,5	
DB	11,5	11,6	
DC	6,9	7,0	
DD	7,1	7,2	
DE	11,7	11,8	
DF	_	13,3	
DH	_	3,8	
DI	1,7	2,0	
DJ	12,6	12,9	
DK	13,0	13,4	

NOTE Panel cutout: panel thickness should be between 1,0 and 1,5 mm.



a) Duplex square flange adaptor dimensions

b) Panel cutout

IEC 297/12

Key

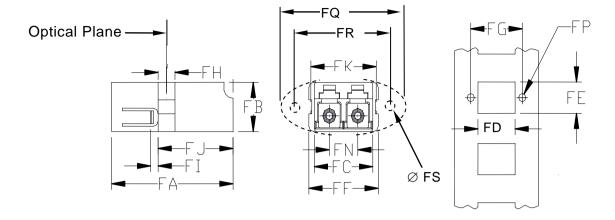
See Table A.2.

Figure A.2 – Duplex square flange adaptor

Table A.2 – Dimensions of duplex square flange adaptor

Ref.	Dimensions in millimeters		Domonto
	Min.	Max.	Remarks
EA	25,5	27,5	
EB	13,0	13,15	
EC	13,0	13,15	
ED	13,2	13,4	
EE	13,2	13,4	
EF	_	15,3	
EH	_	3,8	
EI	1,7	2,0	
EJ	12,6	12,9	
EK	14,5	15,3	

NOTE Panel cutout: panel thickness should be between 1,0 and 1,5 mm.



a) Duplex rectangular flange adaptor dimensions

b) Panel cutout

IEC 298/12

Key

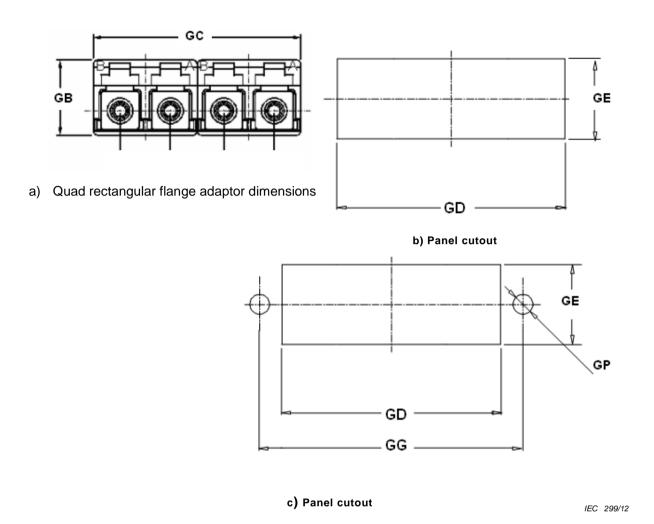
See Table A.3.

Figure A.3 – Duplex rectangular flange adaptor

Table A.3 – Dimensions of duplex rectangular flange adaptor

5.	Dimensions i	n millimeters	
Ref.	Min.	Max.	Remarks
FA	25,5	27,5	
FB	9,2	9,45	
FC	12,6	13,0	
FD	13,1	13,5	
FE	9,5	10,0	
FF	-	15,6	
FG	17,9	18,1	
FH	2,8	3,2	
FI	1,7	2,0	
FJ	15,95	16,6	
FK	14,5	14,9	Dimension over latches
FP	2,4	2,6	Holes optional
FQ	21,5	22,5	Flange Optional
FR	17,5	18,5	Flange Optional
FS	2,2	2,5	Flange Optional

NOTE  $\,$  Panel cutout: panel thickness should be between 1,0 and 1,5 mm.



**Key** See Table A.4.

Figure A.4 –Quad rectangular flange adaptor

Table A.4 – Dimensions for quad rectangular flange adaptor

Ref.	Dimensions i	n millimeters	Remarks
	Min.	Max.	Remarks
GB	9,35	9,45	
GC	25,6	25,9	
GD	26,0	26,5	
GE	9,5	10,0	
GG	30,6	30,8	
GP	2,39	2,59	Holes optional

NOTE 1 Dimensions same as duplex rectangular flange adaptors (A.3) except as noted. Flange not shown.

NOTE 2 Panel cutout: panel thickness should be between 1,0 and 1,5 mm.

#### Bibliography

IEC 60793-2-40, Optical fibres – Part 2-40: Product specifications – Sectional specification for category A multimode fibres

IEC 60794-2-50, Optical fibre cables – Part 2-50: Indoor cables – Family specification for simplex and duplex cables for use in terminated cable assemblies

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