



Edition 2.0 2016-07

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard –

Part 052-3: Single-mode fibre non-connectorized fixed attenuator – Category U in uncontrolled environment





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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

Part 052-3: Single-mode fibre non-connectorized fixed attenuator – Category U in uncontrolled environment

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International Standard IEC 61753-052-3 has been prepared by subcommittee SC86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2001. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical change with respect to the previous edition:

• reconsideration of performance requirements.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86B/3994/FDIS	86B/4009/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61753 series, published under the general title *Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Performance standard*, can be found on the IEC website.

Future standards in this series will carry the new general title as cited above. Titles of existing standards in this series will be updated at the time of the next edition.

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FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – PERFORMANCE STANDARD –

Part 052-3: Single-mode fibre non-connectorized fixed attenuator – Category U in uncontrolled environment

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61753 contains the minimum initial test and measurement requirements and severities which a fibre optic attenuator satisfies in order to be categorised as meeting the requirements of single-mode fibre non-connectorized fixed attenuator devices used in uncontrolled environments. IEC 60869-1 contains the generic specification of the optical attenuator.

Optical performances specified in this document relate only to non-connectorized configurations optical attenuators.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60793-2-50, Optical fibres – Part 2.50: Product specifications – Sectional specifications for class B single mode fibres

IEC 60794-2-50, Optical fibre cables – Part 2.50: Indoor cables – Family specification for simplex and duplex cables for use in terminated cable assemblies

IEC 61300-2-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-1: Tests – Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 61300-2-4, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-4: Tests – Fibre/cable retention

IEC 61300-2-5, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion

IEC 61300-2-9, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-9: Tests – Shock

IEC 61300-2-14, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-14: Tests – High optical power

IEC 61300-2-17, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-17: Tests – Cold

IEC 61300-2-18, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-18: Tests – Dry heat – High temperature endurance

IEC 61300-2-22, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-22: Tests – Change of temperature

IEC 61300-2-26, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-26: Tests – Salt mist

IEC 61300-2-27, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-27: Tests – Dust – Laminar flow

IEC 61300-2-42, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-42: Tests – Static side load for strain relief

IEC 61300-2-44, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-44: Tests – Flexing of the strain relief of fibre optic devices

IEC 61300-2-46, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 2-46: Tests – Damp heat, cyclic

IEC 61300-3-2, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-2: Examination and measurements – Polarization dependent loss in a single-mode fibre optic device

IEC 61300-3-3, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-3: Examinations and measurements – Active monitoring of changes in attenuation and return loss

IEC 61300-3-7, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-7: Examinations and measurements – Wavelength dependence of attenuation and return loss of single mode components

IEC 61300-3-28, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-28: Examinations and measurements – Transient loss

3 Test

All test methods are in accordance with the IEC 61300 series. Tests validate performance over the required operating wavelength and power range. The samples shall be terminated onto single-mode fibres as per IEC 60793-2-50, type B1.1 or B1.3 or B6 in either coated fibres (primary and secondary) or reinforced cable format as per IEC 60794-2-50.

4 Test report

Fully documented test reports and supporting evidence shall be prepared and shall be available for inspection as evidence that the tests have been carried out and complied with.

5 Performance requirements

5.1 Sample size, sequencing and grouping

The sample size to be used for the tests shall be as defined in Annex A.

5.2 Dimensions

Dimensions shall comply with those given in appropriate manufacturer's drawings.

5.3 Test details and requirements

Table 1 defines the performance requirements and test details for single-mode non-connectorized fixed attenuators, category U.

Table 1 – Test details and requirements

No.	Tests	Requirements	Details	
1	Attenuation	C 61300-3-7 range: 1 260 nm to 1 360 nm and/or 1 460 nm to 1 625 nm. For nominal values \leq 5 dB, the tolerance shall be \leq \pm 0,5 dB around the nominal insertion loss value.	Method:	Method B2.1
	IEC 61300-3-7		Launch patchcord length:	≥ 2 m. Only the fundamental mode shall propagate at the limiter interface and at the detector.
			Launch conditions:	The wavelength of the source shall be longer than cut-off wavelength of the fibre.
			Optical source wavelength:	Tunable narrowband non polarized source. 1 260 nm to 1 360 nm and 1 460 to 1 660 nm.
		\leq ± 10 % around the nominal insertion loss value.	Source power stability:	Within \pm 0,05 dB over the measuring period or at least 1 h.
			Total uncertainty:	≤ ± 0,1 dB
2	Return loss	≥ 50 dB Grade U	Method:	Measurement method 1 OCWR
	IEC 61300-3-7	31300-3-7	Optical source wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
				Test every sample with the three wavelengths.
			Other requirements:	This test shall be performed twice, reversing the sample. Both measurements shall be within the specified limits.
			Total uncertainty:	≤ ± 1 dB
3	Polarization	≤ 0,3 dB at 1 550 nm		
	dependent loss IEC 61300-3-2	The samples shall be terminated onto single-mode fibres as per IEC 60793-2-50,	Optical source Wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
			Total uncertainty:	$\leq \pm~0,05$ dB over the dynamic range to be measured
4	High optical power	Before, during and after the test, the insertion loss shall		
	IEC 61300-2-14	meet the requirements of	Test temperature:	60 °C ± 2 °C
	120 01000 2 11	test No. 1. Before, during and after the	Optical source wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
		test, the return loss shall meet the requirements of	Test duration:	1 h at each power level
		During the test, the change in insertion loss and return loss shall be measured by	Power increments:	For nominal insertion loss ≤ 5 dB: start at 0 dBm and go up to maximum allowed power input in 100 mW increments of CW source input
		test method IEC 61300-3-3		For nominal insertion loss > 5 dB: 10 mW continuous power increments
				The above increments are applied up to the maximum allowed power input of 100 mW

No.	Tests	Requirements	Details	
5	Vibration (sinusoidal) IEC 61300-2-1	Before and after the test, the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 1.	Metohd:	During the test, the change in insertion loss shall be measured by transient loss test method IEC 61300-3-28.
	Before and after the test, the return loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 2. During the test, the change in insertion loss shall be $\leq \pm 0,5$ dB.		Frequency range:	10 Hz to 55 Hz
		Constant vibration amplitude:	0,75 mm	
		in insertion loss shall be	Number of cycles:	15
			Number of axes:	3 orthogonal
			Sweep rate:	1 octave/min
			Optical source wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
			Specimen optically functioning:	Yes
6	Cold IEC 61300-2-17	During the test, the maximum allowed change in insertion loss is:	Method:	During the test, the change in insertion loss shall be measured by test method IEC 61300-3-3.
		$\leq \pm 0.5$ dB for attenuator	Temperature:	–25 °C ± 2 °C
	\leq 5 dB. \leq \pm 10 % for attenuators > 5 dB. Before and after the test, the insertion loss requirements of test No. 1 shall be met.	Duration of the exposure:	96 h	
		Before and after the test, the insertion loss requirements of test No. 1	Optical source wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
				Before and after the test, the samples will be measured with three wavelengths. During the test, the samples will be measured with one
				wavelength.
			Maximum sampling interval during the test:	1 h
			Specimen optically functioning:	Yes
7	Dry heat – High temperature endurance	During the test, the maximum allowed change in insertion loss is:	Method:	During the test, the change in insertion loss shall be measured by test method IEC 61300-3-3.
	IEC 61300-2-18	≤ ± 0,5 dB for attenuator ≤ 5 dB	Temperature:	+ 70 °C ± 2 °C
	$\begin{array}{c} \leq \pm \ 10\% \ \text{for attenuators} \\ > 5 \ \text{dB} \\ \\ \text{Before and after the test,} \\ \text{the insertion loss} \\ \text{requirements of test No. 1} \\ \text{shall be met} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Duration of the} \\ \text{exposure:} \\ \\ \text{Optical source} \\ \text{wavelength:} \\ \\ \text{wavelength:} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1 \ 310 \ \text{nm} \pm 10 \ \text{nm}, 15 \\ \\ \text{and/or 1 625 nm} \pm 10 \\ \\ \text{Before and after the test} \\ \\ \text{samples will be measure} \\ \\ \text{wavelengths.} \\ \end{array}$	≤ ± 10% for attenuators		96 h
		Before and after the test,		1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
		Before and after the test, the samples will be measured with three wavelengths. During the test, the		
		the return loss		samples will be measured with one wavelength.
		1 h		
			Specimen optically functioning:	Yes

No.	Tests	Requirements	Details	
8	Damp heat (cyclic) IEC 61300-2-46	Before, during and after the test the insertion loss requirements of test No. 1	Method:	During the test the change in insertion loss shall be measured by test method IEC 61300-3-3.
		shall be met Before and after the test	High temperature:	+ 70 °C ± 2 °C
		the return loss requirement of test No. 2	Low temperature:	+ 25 °C ± 2 °C
		shall be met	Humidity:	> 95 % RH ± 2 % RH
		During the test the change in Insertion Loss shall be measured by test method IEC 61300-3-3	Number of cycles:	4
			Duration of each cycle:	24 h
			Optical source wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
				Before and after the test, the samples will be measured with three wavelengths. During the test, the samples will be measured with one wavelength.
			Maximum sampling interval during the test:	1 h
			Specimen optically functioning:	Yes
9	Change of	Before, during and after	Method:	Test Nb
	temperature IEC 61300-2-22	the test, the insertion loss requirements of test No 1 shall be met.		During the test, the change in insertion loss shall be measured by test method IEC 61300-3-3.
		Before and after the test, the return loss requirement of test No 2	High temperature:	+ 70 °C ± 2 °C
		shall be met.	Low temperature:	– 25 °C ± 2 °C
			Number of cycles:	12
			Rate of temperature change:	1 °C/min
			Duration at extreme temperatures:	1 h
			Optical source wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
				Before and after the test, the samples will be measured with three wavelengths. During the test, the samples will be measured with one wavelength.
			Maximum sampling interval during the test:	15 min
			Specimen optically functioning:	Yes

No.	Tests	Requirements	Details	
10 Dust		Before and after the test,		
	IEC 61300-2-27	the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of	Temperature:	+ 35 °C ± 2 °C
		test No. 1. Before and after the test,	Relative humidity:	+ 60 % RH ± 2 % RH
		the return loss shall meet the requirements of	Dust type:	Talc
		test No. 2. Before and after the test.	Dust particle diameter:	< 150 μm
		Specimen tested in mated position.	Dust concentration:	10,6 g/m ³ ± 7,1 g/m ³
		No significant difference either in the visual aspect or in the strength coupling mechanism shall be noticed		
			Test duration:	10 min
			Particle size	<i>d</i> < 150 μm
			Specimen optically functioning:	No
11	Salt mist	Before and after the test,		
	IEC 61300-2-26	the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of	Temperature:	+ 35 °C ± 2 °C
		test No. 1.	Salt solution	5 % ± 1 %
		Before and after the test, the return loss shall meet	(NaCI) concentration:	
		the requirements of test No. 2.	pH:	Between 6,5 and 7,2
		Before and after the test.	Test duration:	96 h
		Specimen tested in mated position.	Specimen optically functioning:	No
12	Shock	Before and after the test,		
	IEC 61300-2-9	the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 1.	Acceleration force:	5 000 m/s ²
	Before and after the		Time:	1ms duration, half sine pulse
		the return loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 2.	No. of shocks:	3 axes in 2 directions, 2 shocks per axis, 12 shocks total
			Specimen optically functioning:	No
			Optical source wavelength:	1 310 nm \pm 10 nm, 1 550 nm \pm 10 nm and/or 1 625 nm \pm 10 nm
13	Optical fibre cable flexing	Before and after the test, the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 1.	Magnitude of the load:	5 000 m/s2 for reinforced cable
		Before and after the test, the return loss shall meet the requirements of	Angle of deflection per cycle:	± 90°
		test No. 2.	Number of cycles:	30
			Specimen optically functioning:	No
			Method of mounting:	The sample shall be rigidly mounted such that the load is only applied to the fibre/cable.

No.	Tests	Requirements	Details	
14	Fibre/cable retention IEC 61300-2-4	Before and after the test, the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 1. Before and after the test, the return loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 2. During the test, the change in insertion loss shall be \pm 0,5 dB.	Magnitude of the load: Load application point: Duration of the load: Method of mounting: Specimen optically functioning: Optical source	During the test, the change in insertion loss shall be measured by test method IEC 61300-3-3. 10 N ± 1 N at 5 N/s for reinforced cables 5,0 N ± 0,5 N at 0,5 N/s for secondary coated fibres 2,0 N ± 0,2 N at 0,5 N/s for primary coated fibres 0,3 m from point where the fibre/cable exits from the specimen. 120 s duration at 10 N 60 s duration at 2 N or 5 N The sample shall be rigidly mounted such that the load is only applied to the fibre/cable retention mechanism. Yes
			wavelength:	and/or 1 625 nm ± 10 nm
15	Torsion/twist IEC 61300-2-5	Before and after the test, the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of testNo. 1. Before and after the test, the return loss shall meet the requirements of test No. 2.	Magnitude of the load: Rate of load application: Number of cycles: Specimen optically functioning:	5,0 N at 0,1 N/s for reinforced cables 2,0 N at 0,1 N/s for primary and secondary coated fibres 0,1 N/s 10 cycles ± 180° angular movement No
16	Static side load ^a IEC 61300-2-42	Before and after the test, the insertion loss shall meet the requirements of test 1. Before and after the test, the return loss shall meet the requirements of test 2.	Magnitude of the load: Load application point: Specimen optically functioning:	1 N for 1 h for reinforced cable 0,2 N for 5 min for secondary coated fibres 0,3 m from the end of the device and two mutually perpendicular directions as permitted by the product design. No

Static side load shall be applied in two mutually perpendicular directions as permitted by the product design. For example, a product with a base plate extending beyond the fibre exit may prohibit loading in that direction.

Annexe A

(normative)

Test sequencing for single-mode non-connectorized fixed attenuators, category U

IEC 60068-1 describes the background for test sequencing. Test sequencing is based on the premise that the effect one test parameter has on a specimen will depend on the previous test conditions to which the specimen has been exposed. Therefore, it is necessary to conduct the tests in a specific order.

The choice of the sequence of tests is a function of the intended objectives and depends upon a number of considerations. It is recognized that it is difficult to provide a standardized type approval test sequence for all types of passive optical components, however, category U attempts to overcome this issue.

The intention is to use certain tests which will reveal damage caused by previous tests and to design a test sequence which would induce significant effects in passive optical components intended for applications in an uncontrolled environment.

The test sequence for passive optical components for category U is given in Table A.1.

Table A.1 – Test sequence for single-mode non-connectorized fixed attenuators, category U

No.	Test	Sample size	Source		
1	Insertion loss	12	New		
2	Return Loss	12	Test 1		
3	Polarization dependence of insertion loss	12	Test 2		
4	High optical power	8	Test 3		
5	Vibration (sinusoidal)	4	Test 3		
6	Cold	4	Test 5		
7	Dry heat – High temperature endurance	4	Test 6		
8	Damp heat (cyclic)	4	Test 7		
9	Change of temperature	4	Test 8		
10	Dust	4	Test 9		
11	Salt mist	4	Test 10		
12	Shock	4	Test 11		
13	Optical fibre cable flexing	4	Test 12		
14	Fibre/cable retention	4	Test 13		
15	Torsion/twist	4	Test 14		
16	Static side load	4	Test 15		
16 NOTE					

Bibliography

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IEC 61300 (all parts), Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures





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