# LICENSED TO MECON Limited. - RANCHI/BANGALORE FOR INTERNAL USE AT THIS LOCATION ONLY, SUPPLIED BY BOOK SUPPLY BUREAU

### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

IEC 60874-14-10

QC 910004XX00010

First edition 1999-09

Connectors for optical fibres and cables -

Part 14-10:

Fibre optic pigtail or patch cord connector type SC-APC untuned 8° terminated on single mode fibre type B1 –

Detail specification

Connecteurs pour fibres et câbles optiques -

Partie 14-10:

Connecteur pour fibre amorce ou pour câble de liaison, de type APC 8° (non réglé) terminé sur une fibre monomodale de type B1 – Spécification particulière



#### Numbering

As from 1 January 1997 all IEC publications are issued with a designation in the 60000 series.

#### Consolidated publications

Consolidated versions of some IEC publications including amendments are available. For example, edition numbers 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 refer, respectively, to the base publication, the base publication incorporating amendment 1 and the base publication incorporating amendments 1 and 2.

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Information relating to the date of the reconfirmation of the publication is available in the IEC catalogue.

Information on the subjects under consideration and work in progress undertaken by the technical committee which has prepared this publication, as well as the list of publications issued, is to be found at the following IEC sources:

- IEC web site\*
- Catalogue of IEC publications
   Published yearly with regular updates
   (On-line catalogue)\*
- IEC Bulletin
   Available both at the IEC web site\* and as a printed periodical

#### Terminology, graphical and letter symbols

For general terminology, readers are referred to IEC 60050: International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV).

For graphical symbols, and letter symbols and signs approved by the IEC for general use, readers are referred to publications IEC 60027: Letter symbols to be used in electrical technology, IEC 60417: Graphical symbols for use on equipment. Index, survey and compilation of the single sheets and IEC 60617: Graphical symbols for diagrams.

\* See web site address on title page.

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Commission Electrotechnique Internationale International Electrotechnical Commission Международная Электротехническая Комиссия

PRICE CODE



#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### CONNECTORS FOR OPTICAL FIBRES AND CABLES -

# Part 14-10: Fibre optic pigtail or patch cord connector type SC-APC untuned 8° terminated on single mode fibre type B1 – Detail specification

#### **FOREWORD**

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- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested National Committees.
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- 6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60874-14-10 has been prepared by subcommittee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86B/1224/FDIS	86B/1260/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has not been drafted in complete accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The QC number that appears on the front cover of this publication is the specification number in the IEC Quality Assessment System for Electronic Components (IECQ).

The references to clauses or subclauses of IEC 60874-1 indicated in this part apply to the third edition of IEC 60874-1.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until 2012. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed;
- · withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

#### CONNECTORS FOR OPTICAL FIBRES AND CABLES

Part 14-10: Fibre optic pigtail or patch cord connector type SC-APC untuned 8° terminated on single mode fibre type B1 – Detail specification

### NATIONAL STANDARDS ORGANIZATION:

•••••
Date

DETAIL SPECIFICATION IEC QC 910004XX00010

FIBRE OPTIC COMPONENT OF ASSESSED QUALITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH

- GENERIC SPECIFICATION: QC 910000 (IEC 60874-1)
- BLANK DETAIL SPECIFICATION: QC 910004 (IEC 60874-1-1)

CONNECTOR SET FOR OPTICAL FIBRES AND CABLES

CLASSIFICATION:

Type: Name: SC/APC 8° angle (untuned)
Configuration: plug-adapter-plug

Coupling: push-pull Control dimensions:

Plug: see figures 1, 2, 3 and 4Adaptor: see IEC 60874-14-3

Arrangement: patch cord arrangement

Style: Fibre retention: as required

Cable retention: as required Optical coupling: butting

Alignment: resilient sleeve alignment

Variants: see page 10

Climatic category: 10/60/4

Environmental category: 4

Assessment level: A

QUALIFICATION PROCEDURE: Fixed sample procedure

SAFETY WARNING: Take care when handling small diameter optical fibre to prevent puncturing the skin, especially in the eye area. Direct viewing of the end of an optical fibre when it is propagating energy is not recommended unless prior assurance is obtained as to the safe energy output level.

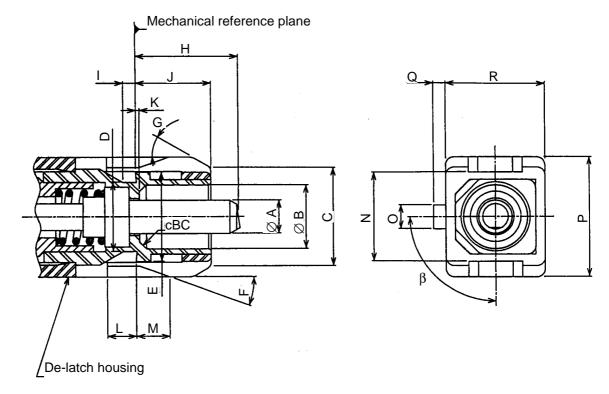
# Applicable fibre cable information Mode field diameter In accordance with IEC 60793-2 Cladding diameter In accordance with IEC 60793-2 Core/cladding concentricity error In accordance with IEC 60793-2 Buffer diameter $(250 \pm 15) \mu m, (500 \pm 30) \mu m, (900 \pm 50) \mu m$ Jacket outer diameter As required per variant Fibre cut-off wavelength 1 100 nm - 1 280 nm

#### Additional information

– Attenuation in random connection:

less than 0,80 dB (95% probability)

less than 0,40 dB (average)



Cross section A-A'

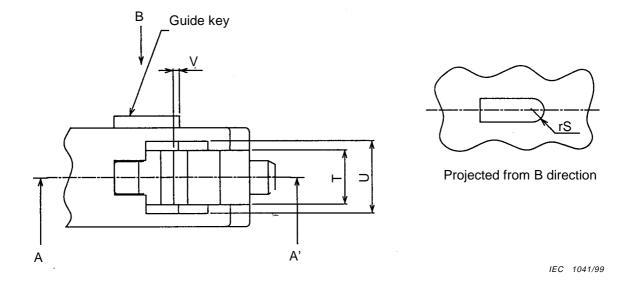


Figure 1 – Plug mating face dimensions

	Dime		
Reference	Minimum	Maximum	Notes
A	2,4985 mm	2,4995 mm	
В	4,80 mm	5,00 mm	
С	6,80 mm	7,40 mm	
D	4,90 mm	5,30 mm	
E	6,70 mm	6,80 mm	
F	19°	23°	
G	25°	35°	
Н	7,15 mm	7,50 mm	1, 2
I	0,80 mm	1,20 mm	
J	5,30 mm	5,50 mm	
К	-0,10 mm	0,05 mm	
L	2,11 mm	2,50 mm	
M	2,00 mm	2,80 mm	
N	6,60 mm	6,80 mm	
0	1,60 mm	1,80 mm	
Р	8,89 mm	8,99 mm	
Q	0,80 mm	1,00 mm	
R	7,29 mm	7,39 mm	
rS	0,80 mm	0,90 mm	Radius
Т	4,05 mm	4,15 mm	
U	5,40 mm	5,60 mm	
V	0 mm	0,50 mm	
сВС	0 mm	0,50 mm	Chamfer

- 1 Ferrule compression force shall be from 7,8 N to 11,8 N, when the ferrule is compressed to a point where H is 7 mm  $\pm$  0,1 mm.
- 2 This value shows the dimension after the ferrule is polished and in the unmated condition.
- 3 Where a tolerance of form is not specified, the limits of the dimensions for a feature control the form as well as the size.
- 4 Where interrelated features of size (features shown with a common axis or centre plane) have no geometric tolerance of location or run-out specified, the limits of the dimensions for a feature control the location tolerance as well as the size.
- 5 Where perpendicular features (features shown at right angles) have no geometric tolerance of orientation or run-out specified, the limits of the dimensions for a feature control the orientation tolerance as well as the size.

Figure 1 – Plug mating face dimensions (concluded)

IEC 1043/99

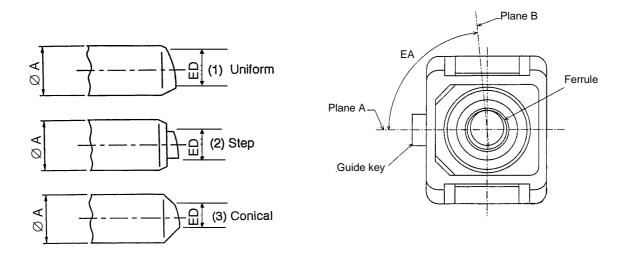


Figure 2a - Expanded view of ferrule endface

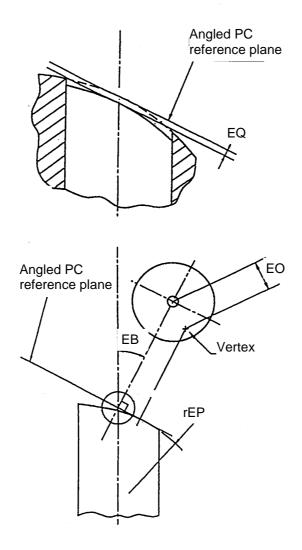
Figure 2b – Expanded view from C direction

	Dimensions			
Reference	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Notes
EA		90°		1
ED	0,80 mm		1,70 mm	Diameter

IEC 1042/99

- 1 The dimension EA is defined as an angle between two planes: one plane, plane A, through the axis of the ferrule and the axis of symmetry of the guide key. The other plane, plane B, passes through the axis of the ferrule and the normal to the angle PC reference plane.
- 2 The shape of the ferrule end shall be one of shape (1), (2) or (3).

Figure 2 - Ferrule endface radius and typical shape

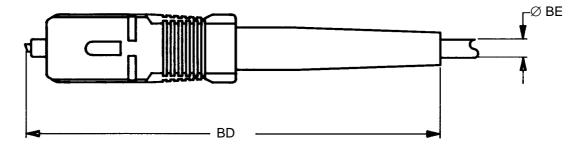


IEC 1044/99

		Dimensions		
Reference	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Notes
EB		8°		1
EO	0 mm		0,05 mm	2
rEP	5,00 mm		12,00 mm	3, radius
EQ	-0,0001 mm		0,0001 mm	3 and 4

- 1 When used with 1 300 nm zero dispersion single-mode fibre, this range of endface angle will ensure return loss of greater than 55 dB at wavelengths of 1 310 nm or 1 550 nm even when the connector is unmated. However, when applied to *dispersion shifted fibre*, lesser return loss values in the unmated condition will be seen.
- 2 The dome eccentricity EO is defined as a distance between the ferrule centre and the vertex of the spherically polished endface relative to the angled PC reference plane. This dimension shall be measured in both extreme positions when the ferrule is rotated in the connector.
- 3 The radius and fibre undercut shall be measured in all directions over a diameter of 0,25 mm. The minimum as well as the maximum value shall be within specified limits.
- 4 The negative dimension refers to the fibre protrusion.

Figure 3 - Ferrule endface geometry after termination



IEC 1045/99

		Dimensions			
		mm			
Reference	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Notes	
BD			60		
BE	2,20			1	
BE	2,60			2	
BE	2,90			3	
BE	3,20			4	

- 1 This value is applicable to the variant number 1001 and 1002.
- 2 This value is applicable to the variant number 1003 and 1004.
- 3 This value is applicable to the variant number 1005 and 1006.
- 4 This value is applicable to the variant number 1007 and 1008.

Figure 4 - Plug dimension

	VA	ARIANT IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS NUMBER: XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
ZZZZ	Variant feat	ture	
		Applicable cable jacket diameter	Ferrule material
		mm	
1001	Plug	2,00	Zirconia
1002	Plug	2,00	Metal
1003	Plug	2,40	Zirconia
1004	Plug	2,40	Metal
1005	Plug	2,70	Zirconia
1006	Plug	2,70	Metal
1007	Plug	3,00	Zirconia
1008	Plug	3,00	Metal

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

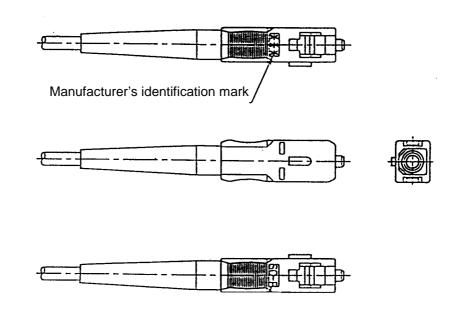
#### Colour:

Colour of the de-latch housing shall be green, according to RAL 6029

Colour of the coupling boot shall be green, according to RAL 6018

#### Component marking:

The name and/or manufacturer's identification mark may be permanently identified. Figure 5 shows an example of the location of the component marking.



IEC 1046/99

Figure 5 - Example of component marking

	TABLE 1	
FIXED SAMPLE TES	ST SCHEDULE FOR QUALIFICATION AP	PROVAL
Test sequence	Reference IEC 60874-1 (IEC QC 910000) (IEC 61300)	n
- Group 0		
- Visual examination	4.4.1 (3-1)	20
– Dimensions	4.4.2 (3-1)	
- Ferrule compression force	(3-22)	
– Group 1		
- Attenuation	4.4.7 (3-4)	20
- Return loss	4.4.12 (3-6)	
– Group 2		
- Cold	4.5.17 (2-17)	
- Dry heat	4.5.18 (2-18)	6
- Damp heat (steady state)	4.5.19 (2-19)	
– Group 3		
– Drop	4.5.14 (2-12)	
<ul> <li>Engagement and separation force</li> </ul>	4.4.5 (3-11)	6
– Mechanical endurance	4.5.32 (2-2)	
– Group 4		
- Vibration	4.5.1 (2-1)	4
<ul> <li>Change of temperature (test Nb)</li> </ul>	4.5.22 (2-22)	
– Group 5		
- Strength of coupling mechanism	4.5.6 (2-6)	4
– Cable pulling	4.5.4 (2-4)	
<ul><li>Cable torsion</li></ul>	4.5.5 (2-5)	
– Group 6		
<ul> <li>Fibre or ferrule retention</li> </ul>	4.5.2 (2-4)	NA

- 1 n = sample size (number of plugs).
- 2 To satisfy the qualification approval requirements of the detail specification, there shall be no failures in the sample groups for any test parameter. If a failure does occur, this shall be investigated and the cause of failure identified and corrected. The test which is affected shall then be repeated using the minimum sample size stated in this detail specification.
  - A fully documented test report and supporting data shall be prepared and made available for inspection. Failures and the corrective action taken to eliminate failures shall be documented and evidence shall be presented to show that the corrective action will have no detrimental effect on the performance in any of the other tests. Design changes, as opposed to improvements in quality control, will necessitate a repeat of the full qualification programme.
- 3 Unless otherwise indicated, the test details, measurements and performance requirements are given in table 4.
- 4 Only group 1 tests shall be carried out using a reference connector. All other tests shall be carried out using the samples from the relevant group at random.

LOT	BY-LOT QUALITY CONFORMANCE INSPECTIO GROUPS A AND B	N SCHEDULE	
Test sequence	Reference (IEC 60874-1) IEC QC 910000 (IEC 61300)	le	ssment vel A
		IL	AQL
Group A			
<ul> <li>Visual examination</li> </ul>	4.4.1 (3-1)	II	4 %
Group B			
<ul><li>Attenuation</li></ul>	4.4.7 (3-4)	II	4 %
- Return loss	4.4.12 (3-6)		

- 1 Unless otherwise indicated, the details, measurements and performance requirements are given in table 4.
- 2 IL = Inspection level; AQL = Acceptable quality level.
- 3 Only attenuation and return loss tests shall be carried out using a reference connector. All other tests shall be carried out using the samples from the relevant group at random.

## TABLE 3 PERIODIC QUALITY CONFORMANCE INSPECTION SCHEDULE GROUPS C AND D

Test sequence         Reference (IEC 60874-1 (QC 910000)) (IEC 613-0)         Assessment level (QC 910000) (IEC 613-0)         A   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		GROUPS C AND D		
Group C0	Test sequence	IEC 60874-1 (QC 910000)	lev	/el
- Visual examination			n	р
- Dimensions	Group C0			
− Ferrule compression force         (3-22)         18         24           Group C1         4.4.7 (3-4)         18         24           − Return loss         4.4.12 (3-6)         3-6         3-6           Group C2         - Cold         4.5.17 (2-17)         - 6         24           − Dry heat         4.5.18 (2-18)         6         24           − Damp heat (steady state)         4.5.19 (2-19)         20         48           Group D0         - Visual examination         4.4.1 (3-1)         20         48           − Dimensions         4.4.2 (3-1)         20         48           − Ferrule compression force         (3-22)         3-2         3-2           Group D1         4.4.7 (3-4)         20         48         3-2           Group D2         4.5.17 (2-17)         20         48         3-2           Group D2         4.5.18 (2-18)         6         48         3-2           Cold         4.5.18 (2-18)         6         48         3-2           Dry heat         4.5.18 (2-18)         6         48         3-2           Prop         4.5.14 (2-12)         4.5.14 (2-12)         4.5.14 (2-12)         4.5.14 (2-12)         4.5.14 (2-12)         4.5.14 (2-12)	- Visual examination	4.4.1 (3-1)	18	24
Group C1 - Attenuation	- Dimensions	4.4.2 (3-1)		
- Attenuation	- Ferrule compression force	(3-22)		
- Return loss       4.4.12 (3-6)         Group C2       2         - Cold       4.5.17 (2-17)         - Dry heat       4.5.18 (2-18)       6         - Damp heat (steady state)       4.5.19 (2-19)         Group D0       - Visual examination       4.4.1 (3-1)       20       48         - Dimensions       - Ferrule compression force       (3-22)       - Ferrule compression force       - Ferrule compression force       20       48         Group D1       - Attenuation       4.4.7 (3-4)       20       48         - Return loss       4.4.12 (3-6)       20       48         Group D2       - Cold       4.5.17 (2-17)       - Cold       4.5.18 (2-18)       6       48         - Dry heat       4.5.18 (2-18)       6       48       48       - Damp heat (steady state)       4.5.19 (2-19)       - Cold       4.5.14 (2-12)       - Ferrula (2-12) </td <td>Group C1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Group C1			
Group C2 - Cold - Cry heat - Damp heat (steady state)  Group D0 - Visual examination - Visual examination - Dimensions - Ferrule compression force  Group D1 - Attenuation - Attenuation - Cold	- Attenuation	4.4.7 (3-4)	18	24
- Cold	- Return loss	4.4.12 (3-6)		
- Dry heat	Group C2			
- Damp heat (steady state)	- Cold	4.5.17 (2-17)		
Group D0 - Visual examination	- Dry heat	4.5.18 (2-18)	6	24
- Visual examination	<ul><li>– Damp heat (steady state)</li></ul>	4.5.19 (2-19)		
- Dimensions - Ferrule compression force  Group D1 - Attenuation - Attenuation - Return loss  Group D2 - Cold - Dry heat - Damp heat (steady state)  Group D3 - Drop - Engagement and separation force - Mechanical endurance - Wibiration - Change of temperature (test Nb) - Cable pulling - Cable torsion - Group D6 - Cable torsion - Group D6 - Attenuation - Attenuation - 4.4.7 (3-4) - 4.5.7 (3-4) - 4.5.7 (2-17) - 20 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 48 - 20 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48 - 48	Group D0			
Ferrule compression force         (3-22)           Group D1         - Attenuation         4.4.7 (3-4)         20         48           - Return loss         4.4.12 (3-6)         - Cold         - C	- Visual examination	4.4.1 (3-1)	20	48
Group D1 - Attenuation	- Dimensions	4.4.2 (3-1)		
- Attenuation	<ul> <li>Ferrule compression force</li> </ul>	(3-22)		
— Return loss       4.4.12 (3-6)         Group D2       4.5.17 (2-17)         — Cold       4.5.18 (2-18)       6         — Damp heat (steady state)       4.5.19 (2-19)         Group D3       4.5.14 (2-12)       4.5.14 (2-12)         — Engagement and separation force       4.4.5 (3-11)       6       48         — Mechanical endurance       4.5.2 (2-2)       4       48         — Wibration       4.5.1 (2-1)       4       48         — Change of temperature (test Nb)       4.5.22 (2-22)       4       48         — Croup D5       4.5.6 (2-6)       4.5.4 (2-4)       4       48         — Cable pulling       4.5.4 (2-4)       4       48         — Cable torsion       4.5.5 (2-5)       4       4       48	Group D1			
Group D2 - Cold	- Attenuation	4.4.7 (3-4)	20	48
- Cold	- Return loss	4.4.12 (3-6)		
- Dry heat	Group D2			
- Damp heat (steady state) 4.5.19 (2-19)  Group D3 - Drop 4.5.14 (2-12) - Engagement and separation force 4.4.5 (3-11) 6 48 - Mechanical endurance 4.5.2 (2-2)  Group D4 - Vibration 4.5.1 (2-1) 4 48 - Change of temperature (test Nb) 4.5.22 (2-22) - Group D5 - Strength of coupling mechanism 4.5.6 (2-6) - Cable pulling 4.5.4 (2-4) 4 48 - Cable torsion 4.5.5 (2-5)	- Cold	4.5.17 (2-17)		
Group D3 - Drop - Engagement and separation force - Mechanical endurance - Vibration - Change of temperature (test Nb) - Group D5 - Strength of coupling mechanism - Cable pulling - Cable torsion - Group D6 - Group D6	- Dry heat	4.5.18 (2-18)	6	48
Group D3	<ul><li>– Damp heat (steady state)</li></ul>	4.5.19 (2-19)		
- Engagement and separation force       4.4.5 (3-11)       6       48         - Mechanical endurance       4.5.2 (2-2)	Group D3		`	
- Mechanical endurance       4.5.2 (2-2)         Group D4       - Vibration       4.5.1 (2-1)       4       48         - Change of temperature (test Nb)       4.5.22 (2-22)       4       48         - Group D5       - Strength of coupling mechanism       4.5.6 (2-6)       4       4       48         - Cable pulling       4.5.4 (2-4)       4       48         - Cable torsion       4.5.5 (2-5)       4       48		4.5.14 (2-12)		
Group D4  - Vibration - Change of temperature (test Nb) - Group D5 - Strength of coupling mechanism - Cable pulling - Cable torsion - Group D6 - Group D6		4.4.5 (3-11)	6	48
- Vibration       4.5.1 (2-1)       4       48         - Change of temperature (test Nb)       4.5.22 (2-22)       4       48         - Group D5       5.5 (2-6)       4.5.6 (2-6)	<ul> <li>Mechanical endurance</li> </ul>	4.5.2 (2-2)		
- Change of temperature (test Nb)       4.5.22 (2-22)         - Group D5       4.5.6 (2-6)         - Strength of coupling mechanism       4.5.6 (2-6)         - Cable pulling       4.5.4 (2-4)       4         - Cable torsion       4.5.5 (2-5)         - Group D6       4.5.5 (2-5)	Group D4			
- Group D5       4.5.6 (2-6)         - Strength of coupling mechanism       4.5.4 (2-4)       4       48         - Cable pulling       4.5.4 (2-4)       4       48         - Cable torsion       4.5.5 (2-5)       4       48	- Vibration	4.5.1 (2-1)	4	48
- Strength of coupling mechanism       4.5.6 (2-6)         - Cable pulling       4.5.4 (2-4)       4       48         - Cable torsion       4.5.5 (2-5)       4       48         - Group D6       4.5.5 (2-5)       4       4		4.5.22 (2-22)		
- Cable pulling       4.5.4 (2-4)       4       48         - Cable torsion       4.5.5 (2-5)       4       48         - Group D6       4       48       48	- Group D5			
- Cable torsion       4.5.5 (2-5)         - Group D6       (2-5)	- Strength of coupling mechanism	4.5.6 (2-6)		
- Group D6	- Cable pulling	4.5.4 (2-4)	4	48
·	- Cable torsion	4.5.5 (2-5)		
- Fibre or ferrule retention 4.5.2 (2-4) NA NA	- Group D6			
	- Fibre or ferrule retention	4.5.2 (2-4)	NA	NA

#### NOTES

- 1 Unless otherwise indicated, the details, measurements and performance requirements are given in table 4.
- 2 To satisfy the qualification approval requirements of the detail specification, there shall be no failures of any in the sample groups for any test parameter. If a failure does occur, this shall be investigated and the cause of failure identified and corrected. The test which is affected shall then be repeated using the minimum sample size stated in this detail specification.

A fully documented test report and supporting data shall be prepared and made available for inspection. Failures and the corrective action taken to eliminate failures shall be documented and evidence presented to show that the corrective action will have no detrimental effect on the performance in any of the other tests. Design changes, as opposed to improvements in quality control, will necessitate a repeat of the full qualification programme.

- 3 n = sample size (number of plugs);
   p = periodicity in months.
- 4 Only group C1 and D1 tests shall be carried out using a reference connector. All other tests shall be carried out using the samples from the relevant group at random.

#### TABLE 4

#### **DETAILS, MEASUREMENTS AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

Visual examination 4.4.1 (61300-3-1)

#### Requirements:

- Marking shall be clear
- De-latch housing shall be movable smoothly

Dimensions 4.4.2 (61300-3-1)

#### Requirements:

- All size dimensions shall be in accordance with this specification

Attenuation 4.4.7 (61300-3-4)

#### Details:

- Method No. 7
- Definitions of reference plug are as follows:
- Concentricity of the fibre core with the outer diameter of the ferrule is less than 0,6  $\mu m$
- Eccentricity of a spherical polished ferrule endface is less than 30 μm
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3
- Number of measurements to be averaged: 5
- Source: LD
- Peak wavelength: 1,3 μm
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: none

#### Requirements:

- Allowable attenuation: less than 0,5 dB against reference plug using reference adaptor

Return loss 4.4.12 (61300-3-6)

#### Details:

- Method 3
- Source: LD
- Peak wavelength: 1,3 μm
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: none

#### Requirements:

 Allowable return loss: more than 55 dB against reference plug using reference adaptor, with a maximum pigtail length of 2 m. Measurement equipment shall be compensated, for the Rayleigh backscatter of the fibre in the reference lead.

#### **DETAILS, MEASUREMENTS AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

Cold 4.5.17 (61300-2-17)

Details:

- Temperature: -10 °C

- Duration: 96 h

- Specimen optically functioning
- Conditioning procedure: specimen lowered to test temperature and returned to room temperature at a rate not to exceed 1 °C/min
- Deviations: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3
- Monitoring method of attenuation and return loss shall be in accordance with IEC 61300-3-30
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: after testing, specimens shall be maintained in room temperature conditions for 2 h
- Clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth before final measurement

#### Requirements:

- Change in attenuation during test: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss during test: more than 55 dB

Dry heat 4.5.18 (61300-2-18)

Details:

Temperature: 60 °CDuration: 96 h

- Specimen optically functioning
- Conditioning procedure: specimen raised to test temperature and returned to room temperature at a rate not to exceed 1 °C/min
- Deviations: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3
- Monitoring method of attenuation and return loss shall be in accordance with IEC 61300-3-30.
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: after testing, specimens shall be maintained in room temperature conditions for 2 h
- Clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth before final measurement

#### Requirements:

- Change in attenuation during test: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss during test: more than 55 dB

Damp heat (steady state) 4.5.19 (61300-2-19)

#### Details:

- Temperature: 40 °C

- Relative humidity: 90 % - 95 %

- Duration: 4 days

- Precautions regarding surface moisture removal: none
- Specimen optically functioning
- Conditioning procedure: specimen raised to test temperature and returned to room temperature at a rate not to exceed 1 °C/min
- Deviations: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3
- Monitoring method of attenuation and return loss shall be in accordance with IEC 61300-3-30
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: after testing, specimens shall be maintained in room temperature condition for 2 h
- Clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth before final measurement

#### Requirements:

- Change in attenuation during test: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss during test: more than 55 dB

#### DETAILS, MEASUREMENTS AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Cable pulling 4.5.4 (61300-2-4)

#### Details:

- Magnitude: 90 N
- Rate of application of the tensile load: 50 N/min < load rate < 250 N/min
- Point of application of the tensile load: 22 cm 28 cm from the connector
- Specimen optically non-functioning
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: none
- Deviations: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

Initial measurements and performance requirements:

- Attenuation: less than 0,75 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB

Final measurements and performance requirements:

- Maximum change in attenuation between initial and final measurements: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB
- The specimen has no mechanical damage

Cable torsion 4.5.5 (61300-2-5)

#### Details:

- Tensile load: 1,5 kg (for the variant No. 1001 and 1002)

2,5 kg (for the variant No. 1003 and 1004)

- Application of load: twist the cable 2,5 turns in one direction with specified load applied. Then twist it 5 turns in the other direction and back 5 turns for 5 cycles
- Point of application of the tensile load: 22 cm 28 cm from the connector
- Specimen optically non-functioning
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: none
- Deviations: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

Initial measurements and performance requirements:

Attenuation: less than 0,75 dBReturn loss: more than 55 dB

Final measurements and performance requirements:

- Maximum change in attenuation between initial and final measurements: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB
- The specimen has no mechanical damage

#### DETAILS, MEASUREMENTS AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Strength of coupling mechanism 4.5.6 (61300-2-6)

#### Details:

- Magnitude: 68,6 N
- Rate of application of the tensile load: 50 N/min < load rate < 250 N/min
- Point of application of the tensile load: 22 cm 28 cm from connector
- Specimen optically non-functioning
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth before final measurement
- Deviations: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

Initial measurements and performance requirements:

- Attenuation: less than 0,75 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB

Final measurements and performance requirements:

- Maximum change in attenuation between initial and final measurements: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB
- The specimen has no mechanical damage

Mechanical endurance 4.5.32 (61300-2-2)

#### Details:

- Cycles: 500
- Specimen optically functioning
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: clean as necessary, but no more than 25 times during the course of the test
- Deviations: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

#### Requirements:

- Change in attenuation during test: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss during test: more than 55 dB

Ferrule compression force (61300-3-22)

#### Details:

 Position of the ferrule endface relative to mechanical reference plane of the connector while ferrule compression force shall be measured

Dimension H (see figure 1) is 7 mm  $\pm$  0,1 mm.

#### Requirements:

- Allowable ferrule compression force: 7,8 N - 11,8 N

#### DETAILS, MEASUREMENTS AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Drop 4.5.14 (61300-2-12)

#### Details:

- Method: A
- Number of drops: 5Drop height: 1 000 mm
- Specimen optically non-functioning
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth. The plug shall be with dust cap
- Recovery procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth, before final measurement
- Deviation: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

Initial measurements and performance requirements:

- Attenuation: less than 0,75 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB

Final measurements and performance requirements:

- Maximum change in attenuation between initial and final measurements: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB
- The specimen has no mechanical damage

Engagement and separation force 4.5.4 (61300-3-11)

#### Details:

- Preconditioning procedure: none
- Deviation: as necessary
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

#### Requirements

Allowable engagement force: max. 19,6 NAllowable separation force: max. 19,6 N

#### TABLE 4 (concluded)

#### DETAILS, MEASUREMENTS AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Change of temperature (test Nb) 4.5.22 (61300-2-22)

Details:

Test method: NbHigh temperature: 60 °CLow temperature: -10 °C

- Duration of extreme temperature: 30 min

Change over time: 0,5 minNumber of cycles: 5

- Specimen optically functioning

- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: after testing, specimens shall be maintained in room temperature condition for 2 h
   Clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth before final measurement
- Deviation: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

Initial measurements and performance requirements:

Attenuation: less than 0,75 dBReturn loss: more than 55 dB

Measurements and performance requirements during test:

- Change in attenuation: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB

Final measurements and performance requirements:

Attenuation: less than 0,75 dBReturn loss: more than 55 dB

Vibration 4.5.1 (61300-2-1)

#### Details:

- Frequency range: 10 Hz 55 Hz
- Vibration amplitude: 0,75 mm constant displacement
- Sweep time: 1 octave/min
- Endurance duration per axis: 30 min
- Method of mounting: an adapter shall be mounted rigidly to the mounting fixture
- Specimen optically non-functioning
- Preconditioning procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth
- Recovery procedure: clean ferrule endface and inside of alignment sleeve using lint-free cloth before final measurement
- Deviation: none
- Adaptor shall be in accordance with IEC 60874-14-3

Initial measurements and performance requirements:

Attenuation: less than 0,75 dBReturn loss: more than 55 dB

Final measurements and performance requirements:

- Maximum change in attenuation between initial and final measurements: less than 0,2 dB
- Return loss: more than 55 dB
- The specimen has no mechanical damage

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