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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Optical fibre cables -

Part 2-41: Indoor cables – Product specification for simplex and duplex buffered A4 fibres





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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRICE CODE

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OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES -

Part 2-41: Indoor cables – Product specification for simplex and duplex buffered A4 fibres

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60794-2-41 has been prepared by sub-committee 86A: Fibres and cables, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This standard is to be used in conjunction with IEC 60794-1-1 and IEC 60794-1-2, and IEC 60794-2. A blank detail specification is provided in Annex A.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting	
86A/1215/FDIS	86A/1227/RVD	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60794 series, published under the general title *Optical fibre cables*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES -

Part 2-41: Indoor cables – Product specification for simplex and duplex buffered A4 fibres

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60794 covers simplex and duplex buffered A4a through A4g fibres for indoor use. These may be cut into short lengths, which can be used in patchcord cable assemblies. The requirements of sectional specification IEC 60794-2 are applicable to cables covered by this standard.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60189-1, Low-frequency cables and wires with PVC insulation and PVC sheath – Part 1: General test and measuring methods

IEC 60793-1-20, Optical fibres – Part 1-20: Measurement methods and test procedures – Fibre geometry

IEC 60793-1-21, Optical fibres – Part 1-21: Measurement methods and test procedures – Coating geometry

IEC 60793-1-46, Optical fibres – Part 1-46: Measurement methods and test procedures – Monitoring of changes in optical transmittance

IEC 60793-1-50, Optical fibres – Part 1-50: Measurement methods and test procedures – Damp heat (steady state)

IEC 60793-1-51, Optical fibres – Part 1-51: Measurement methods and test procedures – Dry heat

IEC 60793-1-52, Optical fibres – Part 1-52: Measurement methods and test procedures – Change of temperature

IEC 60793-2-40, Optical fibres – Part 2-40: Product specifications – Sectional specification for category A4 multimode fibres

IEC 60794-1-1, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-1: Generic specification – General

IEC 60794-1-2, Optical fibre cables – Part 1-2: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures

IEC 60794-2:2002, Optical fibre cables – Part 2: Indoor cables – Sectional specification

3 Construction

3.1 General

In addition to the constructional requirements in IEC 60794-2, the following considerations apply to simplex and duplex buffered A4a through A4g fibres.

The buffered fibre shall be designed and manufactured for an expected operating lifetime of at least 15 years. In this context, the attenuation of the installed cable at the operational wavelength(s) shall not exceed values agreed between the customer and supplier. The materials in the cable shall not present a health hazard within its intended use.

There shall be no fibre splice in a delivery length unless otherwise agreed by the customer and supplier.

3.2 Optical fibres

Multimode Category A4a through A4g optical fibres shall be used that meet the requirements of IEC 60793-2-40.

3.3 Buffer

The buffer shall consist of one or more layers of inert material. For tight buffers, the buffer shall be easily removable in one operation over a length of 15 mm to 25 mm, depending on customer requirements. For semi-tight buffers, the buffer shall be easily removable over a length of 0,2 m to 2,0 m.

3.4 Strength and anti-buckling members

None.

3.5 Ripcord

None.

3.6 Sheath

None.

3.7 Marking

If required, the buffer shall be marked as agreed between the customer and supplier.

3.8 Identification

None.

3.9 Examples of constructions

Examples of buffered fibre constructions are shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1 - Examples of buffered fibres.

4 Dimensions

The fibre dimensions shall comply with IEC 60793-2-40.

Buffer dimensions are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 - Dimensions of buffered fibre

Fibre typ	е	Nominal dimensions mm	Tolerances
A4a, A4b, A4d, A4e,	Simplex	2,2	± 0,1
A4f, A4g	Duplex	2,2 x 4,4	Minor axis: ± 0,1
			Major axis: ± 0,2
A4c	Simplex	1,5	± 0,1
	Duplex	1,5 x 3,0	Minor axis: ± 0,1
			Major axis: ± 0,2

5 Tests

5.1 General

Compliance with specification requirements shall be verified by carrying out tests selected from the following subclauses. It is not intended that all the tests shall be performed. The frequency of testing shall be agreed between the customer and supplier.

Unless otherwise specified, all tests shall be carried out at ambient temperature.

5.2 Dimensions

The fibre dimensions and tolerances shall be checked in accordance with test method IEC 60793-1-20 or IEC 60793-1-21. The diameter of the buffer shall be measured in accordance with the methods of IEC 60189-1.

5.3 Mechanical requirements

5.3.1 General

Some of the following tests can be performed on a short sample length of buffered fibre that is still an integral part of a longer length. Thus it becomes possible to detect permanent changes in attenuation. Launch conditions to measure changes in attenuation shall be in conformity with IEC 60793-2-40.

5.3.2 Tensile performance

Method: IEC 60794-1-2-E1B (Equipment is the same, but the procedure is modified so that sufficient load is applied until 4 % elongation is achieved. At that point, the load is immediately released.)

Rate of transfer device: Either 100 mm/min or 100 N/min.

Length of sample between clamps: 100 mm to 200 mm.

Requirements: For elongation at 4 %, the loads shall exceed the loads shown in Table 2.

Change in attenuation shall not exceed 0,2 dB at least 1 min after the load is released. The load shall be released at the instant the 4 % elongation is

reached.

Table 2 - Minimum tensile load for 4 % elongation

Fibre type		A4a and A4d	A4b and A4e	A4c	A4f, A4g
Tensile load (N) at	Simplex	56	36	16	8
4 % elongation (minimum)	Duplex	112	72	32	16

NOTE Elongation to breaking point is not applicable to A4 fibres.

5.3.3 Crush

Method: IEC 60794-1-2-E3.

Force: 7 N/mm for simplex, 14 N/mm for duplex.

Duration: 3 min.

Requirements: Change in attenuation shall not exceed 0,2 dB at least 1 min after the test.

Under visual examination there shall be no splitting of the buffer.

NOTE In the case of duplex buffered fibres, the force is applied on the flat sides of buffered fibre.

5.3.4 Impact

Method: IEC 60794-1-2-E4.

Radius of striking surface: 12,5 mm.

Impact energy: 0,2 J.

Number of impacts: at least 3, each separated by at least 500 mm.

Requirements: Change in attenuation shall not exceed 0,2 dB at least 1 min after the test.

Under visual examination there shall be no splitting of the buffer.

NOTE In the case of duplex buffered fibres, the force is applied on the flat sides of buffered fibre.

5.3.5 Bend

Method: IEC 60794-1-2-E11A.

Mandrel diameter: 50 mm.

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Number of turns per helix: 6.

Number of cycles: 10.

Requirements: Change in attenuation shall not exceed 0,2 dB after the test. Under visual

examination there shall be no splitting of the buffer.

NOTE In the case of duplex buffered fibres, the sample is fixed to the apparatus so that bending is perpendicular to the major axis of the buffered fibre.

5.3.6 Repeated bending

Method: IEC 60794-1-2-E6.

Bending radius: 15 mm.

Number of cycles: 1 000.

Mass of weights: 0,5 kg for simplex buffered fibres, 1,0 kg for duplex buffered fibres.

Requirements: Change in attenuation shall not exceed 0,2 dB at least 1 min after the test.

Under visual examination there shall be no splitting of the buffer.

NOTE In the case of duplex buffered fibres, the sample is fixed to the apparatus so that bending is perpendicular to the major axis of the buffered fibre.

5.3.7 Bend at low temperature

None.

5.3.8 Flexing

None.

5.3.9 Torsion

Method: IEC 60794-1-2-E7.

Number of cycles: 20.

Distance between fixed and rotating clamp: 250 mm.

Mass of weight: 0,5 kg.

Requirement: Change in attenuation shall not exceed 0,2 dB after the test.

NOTE This test is applicable only for simplex buffered fibres.

5.3.10 Kink

Not applicable.

5.4 Environmental requirements

Environmental exposure tests and measurement methods are documented in two forms:

relevant environmental attributes, test methods and test conditions given in Table 3;

• measurements of a particular mechanical and transmission attribute that may change during exposure to the environmental test, as listed in Table 4.

Table 3 – Environmental exposure tests

Test condition ^a	Environment	Test method ^b	Test condition ^c
	Damp heat	IEC 60793-1-50	+75 °C, 85 % RH, 30 days
Α	Dry heat	IEC 60793-1-51	+85 °C, 30 days
	Change of temperature	IEC 60793-1-52	Ta:-40 °C, Tb:+85 °C
	Damp heat	IEC 60793-1-50	+60 °C, 85 % RH, 30 days
В	Dry heat	IEC 60793-1-51	+70 °C, 30 days
	Change of temperature	IEC 60793-1-52	Ta:-20 °C, Tb:+70 °C

^a Test condition A or B should be agreed between supplier and customer.

Table 4 - Attributes measured

Attribute	Measurement method		
Change in optical transmission	IEC 60793-1-46		
Tensile performance	IEC 60794-1-2-E1B		

These tests are normally conducted periodically as type-tests for a fibre and buffer design. Unless otherwise specified:

- the specimen shall be pre-conditioned by keeping it at standard atmospheric conditions for at least 24 h, and
- the recovery period allowed between the completion of the environmental exposure and measuring the attributes shall be as stated in the particular environmental test method.

5.4.1 Mechanical environmental requirement

Tensile strength shall be verified following removal of the fibre from the environment.

Table 5 - Requirement for tensile strength

Environment	Maximum change of tensile load at 4 % elongation
Damp heat	±25 %

^b Although these test methods do not specifically mention their applicability to A4 fibres, the test methods should nevertheless be used.

These test conditions supersede any that might be specified in the indicated test methods.

5.4.2 Transmission environmental requirements

Change in attenuation from the initial value shall not exceed the values in Table 6.

Table 6 - Requirement for change in attenuation

	Maximum attenuation increase			
Environment	A4a to A4e fibres (dB over 100 m) wavelength 650 nm	A4f and A4g fibres (dB over 100 m) wavelength 650 nm, 850 nm and/or 1 300 nm		
Damp heat	5 (Includes attenuation due to water absorption)	5 (Includes attenuation due to water absorption)		
Dry heat	2	2		
Change of temperature	2	2		

5.5 Transmission requirements

The transmission requirements shall be in accordance with IEC 60793-2-40. Values for bandwidth and attenuation requirements shall be as agreed between customer and supplier.

5.6 Fire performance

IEC TR 62222 provides guidance and recommendations for the requirements and test methods for the fire performance of communication cables when installed in buildings. The recommendations relate to typical applications and installation practices, and an assessment of the fire hazards presented. Applicable legislation and regulation are also taken into account.

IEC TR 62222 references several IEC fire performance test methods and also other test methods that may be required by local or national legislation and regulation. The tests to be applied, and the requirements, shall be agreed between the customer and supplier taking into account the fire hazard presented by the end use application in which the cable is intended to be used.

Annex A (informative)

Blank detail specification

A.1 Cable description

(1) Prepared by		(2) Document No : Issue : Date :			
(3) Available from :	(4) Generic Specification : IEC 6	60794-1-1			
	Sectional Specification: IEC 60	0794-2			
(5) Additional references : ISO/IEC	24702 if required				
(6) Cable description :					
(7) Cable construction :					
Optical fibres :					
Range of fibre count :					
Modularity					
Construction		Additional remarks			
 Buffered fibre - simplex 					
 Buffered fibre - duplex 					
 Tight or semi-tight secondary of 	coating				
Marking identification					
Customer requirementIdentification of manufacturer					

(8) Application information :			
Application			
Maximum outer diameter (d)	mm		
Rated maximum tensile load	N		
Minimum bending radius for operation	mm or nxd		
Minimum bending radius under load	mm or nxd		
Temperature range :			
 Transport and storage 	°C		
- Installation	°C		
- Operation	°C		
Manufacturing cable length			
- Typical	m		
– Nominal/tolerances :	-0 +1 %		

A.2 Category A4a through A4c multimode optical fibres

(9) Characteristics	(10) IEC 60794- 2-40 subclause	(11) Requirements	(12) Test methods	(13) Remarks
Uncabled optical fibre	3.2	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4a, b, or c		
Attenuation coefficient (cabled fibres)	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4a, b, or c		
at 650 nm		≤ 40 dB/100 m (overfilled launch)	IEC 60793-1-40	
		≤ 30 dB/100 m (equilibrium launch)		
Minimal modal bandwidth (uncabled fibres)	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4a, b, or c		
at 650 nm		10 MHz over 100 m	IEC 60793-1-41	
Fibre identification		IEC 60794-2-41, subclause 3.1	Visual inspection	
Cladding diameter		A4a : 1 000 μm	IEC 60793-1-20	
		A4b : 750 μm	and IEC 60793-1-21	
		A4c : 500 μm		
Environmental exposure		Select test condition	IEC 60793-1-50	
		A or B from subclause 3.4 in	IEC 60793-1-51	
		IEC 60793-2-40	IEC 60793-1-52	

A.3 Category A4d multimode optical fibre

(9) Characteristics	(10) IEC 60794- 2-40 subclause	(11) Requirements	(12) Test methods	(13) Remarks
Uncabled optical fibre	3.2	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4d		
Attenuation coefficient	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40		
(cabled fibres)		Category A4d		
at 650 nm		≤ 40 dB/100 m (overfilled launch)	IEC 60793-1-40	
		≤ 18 dB/100 m (NA = 0,3 launch)		
Minimal modal bandwidth (uncabled fibres)	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4d		
at 650 nm		100 MHz over 100 m	IEC 60793-1-41	
Fibre identification		IEC 60794-2-41, subclause 3.1	Visual inspection	
Cladding diameter		1 000 μm	IEC 60793-1-20 and IEC 60793-1-21	
Environmental exposure		Select test condition	IEC 60793-1-50	
		A or B from subclause 3.4 in	IEC 60793-1-51	
		IEC 60793-2-40	IEC 60793-1-52	

A.4 Category A4e multimode optical fibre

(9) Characteristics	(10) IEC 60794- 2-40 subclause	(11) Requirements	(12) Test methods	(13) Remarks
Uncabled optical fibre	3.2	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4e		
Attenuation coefficient (cabled fibres)	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4e		
at 650 nm		≤ 18 dB/100 m (NA = 0,3 launch)	IEC 60793-1-40	
Minimal modal bandwidth (uncabled fibres)	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4e		
at 650 nm		≥ 200 MHz over 100 m (NA=0,3 launch)	IEC 60793-1-41	
Fibre identification		IEC 60794-2-41, subclause 3.1	Visual inspection	
Cladding diameter		750 μm	IEC 60793-1-20 and IEC 60793-1-21	
Environmental exposure		Select test condition A or B from subclause 3.4 in	IEC 60793-1-50	
			IEC 60793-1-51	
		IEC 60793-2-40	IEC 60793-1-52	

A.5 Category A4f multimode optical fibre

(9) Characteristics	(10) IEC 60794- 2-40 subclause	(11) Requirements	(12) Test Methods	(13) Remarks
Uncabled optical fibre	3.2	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4f		
Attenuation coefficient (cabled fibres)	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4f		
at 650 nm		≤ 10 dB/100 m	IEC 60793-1-40	
at 850 nm		≤ 4 dB/100 m		
at 1 300 nm		≤ 4 dB/100 m		
Minimal modal bandwidth	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40		
(uncabled fibres)		Category A4f		
at 650 nm		800 MHz over 100 m	IEC 60793-1-41	
at 850 nm		1 500 MHz to 4 000 MHz over 100 m		
at 1 300 mm		1 500 MHz to 4 000 MHz over 100 m		
Fibre identification		IEC 60794-2-41, subclause 3.1	Visual inspection	
Cladding diameter		490 μm	IEC 60793-1-20 and IEC 60793-1-21	
Environmental exposure		Select test condition A or B from subclause 3.4 in	IEC 60793-1-50	
			IEC 60793-1-51	
		IEC 60793-2-40	IEC 60793-1-52	

A.6 Category A4g multimode optical fibre

(9) Characteristics	(10) IEC 60794- 2-40 subclause	(11) Requirements	(12) Test Methods	(13) Remarks
Uncabled optical fibre	3.2	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4g		
Attenuation coefficient (cabled fibres)	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40 Category A4g		
at 650 nm		≤ 10 dB/100 m	IEC 60793-1-40	
at 850 nm		≤ 3,3 dB/100 m		
at 1 300 nm		≤ 3,3 dB/100 m		
Minimal modal Bandwidth	5.4	IEC 60793-2-40		
(uncabled fibres)		Category A4g		
at 650 nm		800 MHz over 100 m	IEC 60793-1-41	
at 850 nm		1 880 MHz to 5 000 MHz over 100 m		
at 1 300 nm		1 880 MHz to 5 000 MHz over 100 m		
Fibre identification		IEC 60794-2-41, subclause 3.1	Visual inspection	
Cladding diameter		490 μm	IEC 60793-1-20 and 60793-1-21	
Environmental exposure		Select test condition A or B from subclause 3.4 in	IEC 60793-1-50	
			IEC 60793-1-51	
		IEC 60793-2-40	IEC 60793-1-52	

A.7 Cable element

(14) Characteristics	(15) IEC 60794- 2-40 subclause	(16) Requirements	(17) Test Methods	(18) Remarks
Cable element				
Tight/Semi-tight buffer		IEC 60794-2-41, subclause 3.3		

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A.8 Cable construction

(19) Characteristics	(20) IEC 60794-2 subclause	(21) Family Requirements	(22) Test Methods	(23) Remarks
Sheath marking	6.7			
Sheath abrasion	8.10	According to DS (Detail specification)	IEC 60794-1-2-E2A	
Cable length				

A.9 Installation and operating conditions

(24) Characteristics	(25) IEC 60794-2 subclause	(26) Requirements	(27) Test Methods	(28) Remarks
Bend of cable element			IEC 60794-1-2-G1	

A.10 Mechanical and environmental tests

A.10.1 Tests applicable

(29) Characteristics	(30) IEC 60794- 2-40 subclause	(31) Family requirements	(32) Test methods	(33) Remarks
Tensile performance			IEC 60794-1-2-E1A	See 4.2.1
Installation capability (selection from the following)				
- repeated bending			IEC 60794-1-2-E6	See 4.2.5
- impact			IEC 60794-1-2-E4	See 4.2.3
- kink			IEC 60794-1-2-E10	See 4.2.9
- torsion			IEC 60794-1-2-E7	See 4.2.8
Cable bend			IEC 60794-1-2-E11A	See 4.2.4
Crush			IEC 60794-1-2-E3	See 4.2.2
Temperature cycling		According to DS	IEC 60794-1-2-F1	See 4.3.1
Ageing adhesion			IEC 60794-1-2-E5	
 coating adhesion stability 			1EC 00/94-1-2-E5	
- finished cable				

A.10.2 Additional requirements for industrial premises

Cables intended for industrial premises installations as defined in ISO/IEC 24702 and related standards may require the specification of additional tests to ensure their suitability in the applicable environments defined by the mechanical, ingress, climatic and chemical, and electromagnetic (MICE) classification. For supplemental guidance see TR 62363 Required tests may be selected from the following table.

Table A.1 – Required tests

<u>Characteristics</u>	MICE C	Test Method		
MECHANICAL	M ₁	M ₂	M ₃	
Shock/bump ^a				
Peak acceleration	40 m/s ²	100 m/s ²	250 m/s ²	IEC 60721-3-3
Vibration ^a				
Displacement amplitude (2 Hz to 9 Hz)	1,5 mm	7,0 mm	15,0 mm	IEC 60721
Acceleration amplitude (9 Hz to 500 Hz)	5 m/s ²	20 m/s ²	50 m/s ²	IEC 60721
Tensile force (see Note 1)	As required	As required	As required	IEC 60794-1-2 Method E.1
Crush	45 N/25 mm	1 100 N/150 mm	2 200 N/150 mm	ISO/IEC 24702
	180 N/100 mm	733 N/100 mm	1 467 N/100 mm	IEC 60794-1-2 Method E.3
Impact	1 J	10 J	30 J	IEC 60794-1-2 Method E.4
Bending (see Note 1)	As required	As required	As required	IEC 60794-1-2 Method E.6
Flexing (see Note 1)	As required	As required	As required	IEC 60794-1-2 Method E.8
Torsion (see Note 1)	As required	As required	As required	IEC 60794-1-2 Method E.7
<u>INGRESS</u>	I ₁	l ₂	I ₃	
Immersion ^b	N/A	Intermittent Liquid jet ≤12,5 I/min ≥ 6,3 mm/jet > 2,5 m distance	Intermittent liquid jet ≤12,5 l/min ≥ 6,3 mm/jet > 2,5 m distance and immersion ≤ 1m for ≤ 30 min	IEC 60794-1-2 Method F.3
CLIMATIC & CHEMICAL	C ₁	C_2	C ₃	
Temperature cycling (ambient and rate of change)	-10°C to +60°C	–25°C to +70°C	-40°C to +70°C	IEC 60794-1-2 Method F.1
Solar radiation ^b	700 W/m ²	1 120 W/m ²	1 120 W/m ²	IEC 60721-1
Humidity ^b	5 % to 85 % (non- condensing)	5 % to 95 % (condensing)	5 % to 95 % (condensing)	IEC 60721-3-3
Liquid pollution contaminants (see Note 2)	Concentration \times 10 ⁻⁶	Concentration \times 10 ⁻⁶	Concentration × 10 ⁻⁶	

Table A.1 (continued)

<u>Characteristics</u>	MICE Classification of ISO/IEC 24702 and related standards			
Sodium chloride (salt/sea water) ^b	0	< 0,3	< 0,3	IEC 60721-1
Oil (dry-air concentration) ^b	0	< 0,005	< 0,5	
(for oil types see Note 1)			·	
Sodium stearate (soap) ^a	None	> 5 x 10 ⁴ aqueous non-gelling	> 5 x 10 ⁴ aqueous gelling	ISO/IEC 24702
Gaseous pollution contaminants	Mean/Peak concentration	Mean/Peak concentration	Mean/Peak concentration	
(see Note 2)	x 10 ⁻⁶	x 10 ⁻⁶	x 10 ⁻⁶	
Hydrogen sulphidea	<0,003/<0,01	<0,05/<0,5	<10/<50	IEC 60654-4
Sulphur dioxide ^a	<0,01/<0,03	<0, 1/<0,3	<5/<15	IEC 60654
Sulphur trioxide ^a (ffs)	<0,01/<0,03	<0, 1/<0,3	<5/<15	IEC 60654
Chlorine wet (>50 % humidity) b	<0,0005 /<0,001	<0,005/<0,03	<0,05/<0,3	IEC 60654
Chlorine dry (<50 % humidity) ^b	<0,002/<0,01	<0,02/<0,1	<0,2/<1,0	IEC 60654
Hydrogen chloride b	0/<0,06	<0,06/<0,3	<0,6/<3,0	IEC 60654
Hydrogen fluoride b	<0,001/<0,005	<0,01/<0,05	<0,1/<1,0	IEC 60654
Ammonia ^b	<1,0/<5,0	<10,0/<50,0	<50/<250	IEC 60654
Oxides of Nitrogen b	<0,05/<0,1	<0,5/<1,0	<5/<10	IEC 60654
Ozone ^b	<0,002/<0,005	<0,025/<0,05	<0,1/<1	IEC 60654
ELECTRO-MAGNE	TIC (for cables cont	taining electrically c	onductive elements)
	E ₁	E ₂	E ₃	
Electrostatic discharge – Contact (0,667 µC) ^a	4 kV	4 kV	4 kV	IEC 61326
Electrostatic discharge – Air (0,132 μC) ^a	8 kV	8 kV	8 kV	IEC 61326
Radiated RF – Ama	3 V/m @ (80 to 1 000) MHz	3 V/m @ (80 to 1 000) MHz	10 V/m @ (80 to 1 000) MHz	
	3 V/m @ (1 400 to 2 000) MHz	3 V/m @ (1 400 to 2 000) MHz	3 V/m @ (1 400 to 2 000) MHz	IEC 61000-2-5
	1 V/m @ (2 000 to 2 700) MHz	1 V/m @ (2 000 to 2 700) MHz	1 V/m @ (2 000 to 2 700) MHz	
Conducted Rf ^a	3 V@ 150kHz to 80MHz	3 V@ 150kHz to 80MHz	10 V@ 150kHz to 80MHz	IEC 61000-6-2
EFT/B (comms) b	500 V	1 000 V	1 000 V	IEC 61326
Surge (transient ground potential difference) – signal, line to earth ^b	500 V	1 000 V	1 000 V	IEC 61000-6-2
Magnetic field (50/60 Hz) ^b	1 A/m	3 A/m	30 A/m	IEC 61326

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Table A.1 (continued)

<u>Characteristics</u>	MICE Classification of ISO/IEC 24702 and related standards	Test Method

NOTE 1 This aspect of environmental classification is installation-specific and should be considered in association with IEC 61918 and the appropriate component specification.

NOTE 2 A single dimensional characteristic, i.e. Concentration x 10^{-6} , was chosen to unify limits from different standards.

- ^a Subclause 6.2.2 of ISO/IEC 24702 provides basis for requirement.
- ^b Annex F of ISO/IEC 24702 explains background to classification boundaries.

Bibliography

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IEC/TR 62222, Fire performance of communication cables installed in buildings

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