IEC 60335-2-37

Edition 6.0 2017-04

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

colour inside

Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-37: Particular requirements for commercial electric doughnut fryers and deep fat fryers

IEC 60335-2-37:2017-04(en)

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 97.040.50

ISBN 978-2-8322-4170-7

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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FOREWORD

1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This part of International Standard IEC 60335 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition published in 2002 including its Amendment 1 (2008) and its Amendment 2 (2011). It constitutes a technical revision.

The principle changes in this edition as compared with the fifth edition of IEC 60335-2-37 are as follows (minor changes are not listed):

- stating some wording in the scope more precisely;
- addition of a measurement method for pans in the definition for **normal operation**;
- new definitions on the topic surface temperature;
- deletion of the paragraph with the warning for dangerous voltages (already covered by Part 1);

- addition of hot surface symbol IEC 60417-5041;
- addition of instructions and markings on hot surfaces and other topics;
- addition of requirements, measuring methods and thresholds for different materials on hot surfaces;
- modification on leakage current defining the value for appliances with a power consumption less than 1 kW;
- modification on the criteria for the stability test;
- addition of a requirement for the construction of **stationary appliances** with rollers or castors;
- modification on some points concerning permanent connection to fixed wiring;
- addition of specific requirements concerning types of screws to be used for electrical connections and connections for earth continuity;
- addition of a figure showing the surfaces to be measured;
- addition of a figure showing the probe for measuring surface temperatures;
- addition of informative Annex P dealing with leakage currents for appliances used in tropical climates.

The text of this Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
61/5328/FDIS	61/5384/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60335 series, under the general title: *Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety*, can be found on the IEC website.

This part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments. It was established on the basis of the fifth edition (2010) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When “Part 1” is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Safety requirements for commercial electric doughnut fryers and deep fat fryers.

When a particular subclause of part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text in part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including
- those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- *test specifications: in italic type;*
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition of Part 1 concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months from the date of publication.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 2 Horizontal and generic standards covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards. For example, in the case of temperature requirements for surfaces on many appliances, generic standards, such as ISO 13732-1 for hot surfaces, are not applicable in addition to Part 1 or part 2 standards.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-37: Particular requirements for commercial electric doughnut fryers and deep fat fryers

1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This international Standard deals with the safety of electrically operated commercial **deep fat fryers** and **doughnut fryers** including pressurized types with a pressure not exceeding 50 kPa and a pressure volume litres product of 200. These appliances are not intended for household and similar use, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V for single-phase appliances connected between one phase and neutral and 480 V for other appliances.

NOTE 101 These appliances are used for the commercial processing of food, for example in kitchens of restaurants, canteens, hospitals and in commercial enterprises such as bakeries, butcheries, etc.

The electrical part of appliances making use of other forms of energy is also within the scope of this standard.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by these types of appliances.

NOTE 102 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary;
- in many countries additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities and similar authorities;
- in many countries, additional requirements are specified for pressure appliances.

NOTE 103 This standard does not apply to

- appliances designed exclusively for industrial purposes;
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- appliances for continuous mass production of food.

2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60584-1, *Thermocouples – Part 1: EMF specifications and tolerances*

ISO 898-1, *Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified property classes – Coarse thread and fine pitch thread*

ISO 3506-1, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs*

ISO 3506-2, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 2: Nuts*

ISO 3506-3, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 3: Set screws and similar fasteners not under tensile stress*

ISO 3506-4, *Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 4: Tapping screws*

3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

3.1.4 *Addition:*

Note 1 to entry: The **rated power input** is the sum of the power inputs of all the individual elements in the appliance that can be on at one time; where there are several such combinations possible, that giving the highest power input is used in determining the **rated power input**.

3.1.9 *Replacement:*
normal operation
operation of the appliance under the following conditions:

The appliance is filled with oil or fat according to the manufacturer's instructions up to the minimum **indicated level**.

The thermal control is set at the maximum setting. Lids, if provided, are left in the open position or removed unless the manufacturer's instructions indicate that the appliance is designed for operation with the lid closed.

Motors incorporated in the appliance are operated in the intended manner under the most severe conditions that can be expected in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions.

3.101
deep fat fryer
appliance provided with one or more containers in which the food to be cooked is immersed in the frying medium

Note 1 to entry: The container(s) may be fixed, removable, lifting, tilting, etc.

Note 2 to entry: The pressure within the container can exceed atmospheric pressure.

3.102
indicated level
mark on the appliance to indicate either the minimum or the maximum liquid level for correct operation

3.103
installation wall
special fixed construction containing supply facilities for appliances installed in conjunction with it

3.104
rated pressure
the maximum working pressure assigned by the manufacturer to the pressurized part of the appliance

3.105
doughnut fryer
appliance with large surface area and flat container in which the bakery products e. g. donuts are prepared in fat or oil by floating

The **doughnut fryer** is generally not equipped with a cold area. The appliance can be delivered with a removable bakery product basket, a lifting or turning device.

3.106
functional surface
surface that is intentionally heated by an internal heat source and has to be hot to carry out the function for which the appliance is intended

Note 1 to entry: An example is the heated sheath of a tubular heating element

3.107
adjacent surface
surface adjacent to a **functional surface** and which can become hot through conduction

4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

5.5 *Addition:*

The tests are carried out with the container in the position of normal use for frying.

5.10 *Addition:*

*Appliances intended for installation in a bank of other appliances and appliances intended to be fixed to an **installation wall** are enclosed to obtain protection against electric shock and harmful ingress of water equivalent to that obtained when installed in accordance with the instructions provided with the appliance.*

NOTE 101 Appropriate enclosures or additional appliances may be needed for test purposes.

5.101 Appliances are tested as **heating appliances**, even if they incorporate a motor.

5.102 *Appliances, when assembled in combination with or incorporating other appliances, are tested in accordance with the requirements of this standard. The other appliances are operated simultaneously in accordance with the requirements of the relevant standards.*

5.103 *Appliances are initially filled with unused vegetable oil. The series of relevant tests are carried out with this oil, unused oil being added as necessary to maintain a constant level.*

6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

6.1 *Replacement:*

Appliances shall be **class I** with respect to protection against electric shock.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the relevant tests.

6.2 *Addition:*

Appliances normally used on a table shall be at least IPX3. Other appliances shall be at least IPX4.

7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

7.1 *Addition:*

The appliances shall be marked with the **rated pressure**, in kilopascals (kPa), on pressurized parts of the appliance.

If appliances have external **accessible surfaces** or lids, for which temperature rise limits are specified in Table 101 and for which the provisions of footnote b to Table 101 apply, then the appliance shall be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5041(2002-10), or with the substance of the following:

CAUTION: Hot surfaces.

7.6 *Addition:*

 [symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10)] caution, hot surface

7.10 *Addition:*

Devices controlling the tilting process of appliances with tilting parts shall be clearly marked to show the direction of movement.

7.12 *Addition:*

The instructions shall include a warning that danger of fire exists if the fat or oil level is below the minimum **indicated level**. To avoid a fire hazard, the instruction for appliances which are intended to be used with solid fat shall include information how to melt the fat.

The instructions shall include the kind of frying medium (fat or oil) and the maximum batch load in kilograms.

The instructions shall include the substance of the following:

These appliances are intended to be used for commercial applications, for example in kitchens of restaurants, canteens, hospitals and in commercial enterprises such as bakeries, butcheries, etc., but not for continuous mass production of food.

If the manufacturer wants to limit the use of the appliance to less than the above, this has to be clearly stated in the instructions.

The instructions shall include a warning regarding the danger of using old fat or oil, emphasizing that this will have a reduced flash-point and be more prone to surge boiling.

The instructions shall also include the substance of the following warnings:

WARNING: Do not open drain cocks or other emptying devices until the pressure has been reduced to approximately atmospheric pressure.

WARNING: Opening the drain cock will lead to the outflow of the hot contents of the deep fat fryer.

Attention shall also be drawn to the effect on surge boiling of over-wet food and too large a charge.

If symbol IEC 60417-5021 (2002-10) or symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) is marked on the appliance, its meaning shall be explained.

Modification:

The instruction concerning persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge is not applicable.

7.12.1 *Addition:*

The appliance shall be accompanied by instructions detailing any special precautions necessary for installation. For appliances intended for installation in a bank of other appliances and appliances intended to be fixed to an **installation wall**, details of how to ensure appropriate protection against electric shock and harmful ingress of water shall be supplied. If the controls of more than one appliance are combined in a separate enclosure, detailed installation instructions shall be supplied. Instructions for **user maintenance**, for example cleaning, shall also be given. They shall include a statement that the appliance is not to be cleaned with a water jet or a steam cleaner.

Appliances that are provided with an appliance inlet, and are intended to be immersed in water for cleaning shall be accompanied by an instruction stating that the connector shall be removed before the appliance is cleaned and that the appliance inlet shall be dried before the appliance is used again.

The instructions of appliances other than **stationary appliances** and appliances with **detachable electrical parts**, that are not intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning, shall state that the appliance or part must not be immersed.

For appliances that are permanently connected to fixed wiring and for which leakage currents may exceed 10 mA, particularly if disconnected or not used for long periods, or during initial installation, the instructions shall give recommendations regarding the rating of **protective devices**, such as earth leakage relays, to be installed.

The installation instruction shall include a statement that the appliance has to be installed and used in such a way that any water cannot contact the fat or oil.

If a **stationary appliance** is intended to be moved for cleaning, this shall be stated.

For **stationary appliances** equipped with rollers or castors or intended to be moved for cleaning, the instructions shall state the substance of the following.

> This appliance is to be connected with flexible connections for equipotential bonding and connection to services such as electricity supply, water supply, gas supply and steam supply such that the appliance can be moved in the direction required for cleaning a distance not less than the dimension of the appliance in the direction of movement plus 500 mm without the flexible connections becoming taut or being subject to strain

7.12.4 *Addition:*

The instructions for **built-in appliances** having a separate control panel for several appliances shall state that the control panel is only to be connected to the specified appliances in order to avoid a possible hazard.

7.12.9 *Not applicable.*

7.14 *Addition:*

The height of the triangle in symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) shall be at least 15 mm.

7.15 *Addition:*

The marking specified for external **accessible surfaces** shall be visible when the appliance is operated as in normal use, including when actuating any switch, adjusting any control or opening a lid or door. It shall not be placed on a **functional surface** or **adjacent surface**.

Modification:

For **fixed appliances**, the marking of the name or trademark or identification mark of the manufacturer or responsible vendor and the model or type reference shall be marked on the appliance and, if not visible when the appliance is installed as in normal use, shall be included in the instructions or on an additional label that can be fixed near the appliance after installation.

NOTE 101 An example of such an appliance is a **built-in hob.**

7.101 Equipotential bonding terminals shall be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5021 (2002-10).

These indications shall not be placed on screws, removable washers or other parts that can be removed when conductors are being connected.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

7.102 Appliances or the **detachable electrical parts** of appliances intended to be partially immersed in water for cleaning shall be marked with a line that clearly indicates the maximum depth of immersion, together with the substance of the following warning:

Do not immerse beyond this line.

If there is any seam or seal that causes the appliance or part not to withstand the treatment specified in 15.102, the line indicating the maximum depth of immersion shall be at least 50 mm below any such seam or seal when the appliance or the part is in the position in which it is to be cleaned.

Compliance is checked by inspection and measurement.

7.103 Appliances shall be marked with the minimum and maximum fat or oil levels.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

9.101 Fan motors providing a cooling effect in order to comply with the requirements of Clause 11 shall start under all voltage conditions that may occur in use.

Compliance is checked by the following tests using a supply source such that its drop in voltage does not exceed 1 % during the tests. The appliance being returned to the ambient temperature specified in 5.7 after each test.

The appliance is started under the conditions occurring at the beginning of ***normal operation*** *or, for automatic appliances, at the beginning of the normal cycle of operation,–a voltage equal to 0,85 times* ***rated voltage*** *being applied to the input terminals of the appliance.*

For appliances provided with motors having other than centrifugal starting switches, this test is repeated at a voltage equal to 1,06 times ***rated voltage*** *being applied to the input terminals of the appliance.*

The tests are carried out three times.

In all cases, the motor shall start and it shall function in such a way that safety is not affected and overload ***protection devices*** *of the motor shall not operate.*

10 Power input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

10.1 *Addition:*

For appliances having more than one heating unit, the total power input may be determined by measuring the power input of each heating unit separately (see also 3.1.4).

11 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

11.2 *Addition:*

Appliances intended to be fixed to the floor and appliances with a mass greater than 40 kg and not provided with rollers, castors or similar means are installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If no instructions are given, these appliances are considered as appliances normally placed on the floor.

11.2 *Addition:*

The temperature of the fat or oil is measured 25 mm below the surface in the center of the container but not closer than 10 mm to the heating element.

Where the external ***accessible surfaces*** *are suitably flat and access permits, then the test probe of Figure 102 is used to measure the temperature rises of external* ***accessible surfaces*** *specified in Table 101. The probe is applied with a force of 4 N ± 1 N to the surface in such a way that the best possible contact between the probe and the surface is ensured. The measurement is performed after a contact period of 30 s.*

The probe may be held in place using a laboratory stand clamp or similar device. Any measuring instrument giving the same results as the probe may be used.

11.4 *Replacement:*

*Appliances are operated under **normal operation** such that the total power input of the appliance is 1,15 times **rated power input**. If it is not possible to switch on all heating elements at the same time, the test is made with each of the combinations that the switch arrangement will allow, the highest load possible with each switching arrangement being in circuit.*

If the appliance is provided with a control that limits the total power input, the test is made with whichever combination of heating units, as may be selected by the control, imposes the most severe condition.

*If the temperature rise limits of motors, transformers or **electronic circuits** are exceeded, the test is repeated with the appliance supplied at 1,06 times **rated voltage**. In this case only the temperature rises of motors, transformers or **electronic circuits** are measured.*

11.7 *Replacement:*

Appliances are operated until steady conditions are established.

*Steady conditions are considered to exist 60 min after reaching the temperatures defined for **normal operation**.*

When an appliance is assembled in combination with, equipped with or incorporating accessories or other appliances the interaction shall be covered if they are provided to operate simultaneously as stated by the manufacturer or by a common control.

Tilting motors are operated immediately after the appliance has reached steady conditions, for one full cycle of operation (one cycle being from the fully up position to the fully down position and back to the fully up position).

Lifting motors are similarly operated, but for three such cycles.

11.8 *Addition:*

The temperature of the oil or fat is measured at least 10 mm from the wall of the container and 10 mm above the bottom. However, the temperature is measured 10 mm above the highest point of heating elements if they are located in the container.

The maximum temperature of the fat or oil shall not exceed 200 °C.

During the test, the temperature rises are monitored continuously and shall not exceed the values shown in Table 3 and Table 101 and the pressure relief device shall not operate.

Table 101 – Maximum temperature rises for specified external accessible surfaces under normal operating conditions

Surface [a]	***Temperature rise of external accessible surfaces*** [b] *K*
Bare metal	*48*
Coated metal [c]	*59*
Glass and ceramic	*65*
Plastic and plastic coating > 0,4 mm [d, e]	*74*

[a] *Temperature rises are not measured on:*
- *the underside of appliances intended to be used on a working surface or floor;*
- *the rear surface of appliances;*
- *surfaces that are inaccessible to a 75 mm diameter probe having a hemispherical end*
- *functional surfaces and adjacent surfaces.*

[b] *The temperature rise on external accessible surfaces up to a distance of 100 mm from adjacent surfaces of the appliance, (see Figure 101) may exceed the limits by up to 25 K, but the relevant part shall then be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) or the equivalent text. The temperature rise on lids may exceed the limits, but the relevant part shall then be marked with symbol IEC 60417-5041 (2002-10) or the equivalent text.*

[c] *Metal is considered coated when a coating having a minimum thickness of 90 µm made by enamel or non-substantially plastic coating is used.*

[d] *The temperature rise limit of plastic also applies for plastic material having a metal finish of thickness less than 0,1 mm.*

[e] *When the thickness of the plastic coating does not exceed 0,4 mm, the temperature rise limits of coated metal for underlying metal apply or the temperature rise limits for glass or ceramic material for underlying glass or ceramic material apply.*

12 *Void*

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

13.2 *Modification:*

*Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:*

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.*
– *for other appliances*	*0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.*

*For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:*

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.*

14 Transient overvoltages

15 This clause of Part 1 is applicable. Moisture resistance

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

15.1 *Addition:*

*Any **detachable electrical parts** or appliances, other than **stationary appliances**, not marked with a line indicating the maximum depth of immersion for cleaning, or for which there is no warning against partial or complete immersion in water for cleaning in the instructions,* are also subjected to the tests of 15.102.

15.1.1 *Addition:*

In addition, IPX0, IPX1, IPX2, IPX3 and IPX4 appliances are subjected for 5 min to the following splash test.

The apparatus shown in Figure 103 is used. During the test, the water pressure is so regulated that the water splashes up 150 mm above the bottom of the bowl. The bowl is placed on the floor for appliances normally used on the floor. For all other appliances on a horizontal support 50 mm below the lowest edge of the appliance, the bowl is so moved around as to splash the appliance from all directions. Care is taken that the appliance is not hit by the direct jet.

15.1.2 *Modification:*

Appliances normally used on a table are placed on a support having dimensions that are 15 cm ± 5 cm in excess of those of the orthogonal projection of the appliance on the support.

15.101 Appliances that are provided with a tap intended for filling or cleaning, shall be constructed so that the water from the tap cannot come into contact with **live parts**.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The tap is fully opened for 1 min with the appliance connected to a water supply having the maximum water pressure indicated by the manufacturer. Tiltable and movable parts, including lids, are tilted or placed in the most unfavourable positions. Swivelling outlets of water taps are so positioned as to direct water on to those parts that will give the most unfavourable result. Immediately following this treatment the appliance shall withstand an electric strength test as specified in 16.3.

15.102 Appliances or **detachable electrical parts** intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning shall have adequate protection against the effects of immersion.

Compliance is checked by the following tests.

*The sample is operated under **normal operation**, the supply voltage being such that the power input of the appliance is 1,15 times the **rated power input** until steady conditions are established.*

The connector is then withdrawn or the supply otherwise switched off and the sample is immediately emptied and then immersed completely in water having a temperature between 10 °C and 25 °C, unless it is marked with a line indicating the maximum depth of immersion, in which case it is immersed to the depth indicated.

After 1 h of immersion, the sample is removed from the water and dried, care being taken to ensure that all moisture is removed from the insulation in the vicinity of the pins of appliance inlets. The leakage current is then measured on the assembled appliance, as described in 16.2.

The leakage current shall not exceed the value specified in 16.2.

After the treatment described above and the measurement of the leakage current, the sample shall withstand an electric strength test as specified in 16.3, the test voltage being, however, reduced to 1 000 V.

The sample is then operated as above for 10 days (240 h). During this period, the sample is allowed to cool to approximately room temperature five times at regular intervals.

After this period, the connector of the sample is withdrawn or the supply otherwise switched off and the sample immediately emptied and immersed once more in water for 1 h as described above. It is then dried and the leakage current is measured again as described in 16.2.

The leakage current shall not exceed the value specified in 16.2.

The sample shall then withstand an electric strength test as specified before, and inspection shall show that there is no trace of water on insulation which could result in a reduction of **clearances** or **creepage distances** below the values specified in Clause 29.

NOTE Care has to be taken when dismantling to avoid displacing any water within the appliance.

16 Leakage current and electric strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

16.2 *Modification:*

*Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:*

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.*
– *for other appliances*	*0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum, whichever is higher.*

*For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:*

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,75 mA or 1 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 10 mA, whichever is higher.*

Addition:

For appliances intended to be used with a connector and intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning, the appliance inlet may be dried, for example by means of blotting paper, before applying the test voltage, if the appliance would not otherwise withstand this test.

17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

18 Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

19 Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

19.1 *Addition:*

A control or switching device that is intended for different settings corresponding to different functions of the same part of the appliance and which are covered by different standards is in addition set in the most severe setting irrespective of the manufacturer's instructions.

Appliances provided with a control limiting the pressure during the test of Clause 11 are also subjected to the tests of 19.4 with this control rendered inoperative.

NOTE 101 Continuous operation of the pressure relief device is in itself disregarded.

19.2 *Addition:*

The test is carried out in two parts as follows.

a) *With a quantity of fat or oil less than the minimum such that the highest temperature is obtained, the test is started from cold with the thermal control at its highest setting and with the lid(s) open, removed or closed whichever is the most unfavourable condition, unless the appliance is constructed so that it cannot be operated unless the lid(s) is(are) closed.*

b) *When the appliance has returned to room temperature it is refilled and then drained for 1 h but not dried off. The test is then started with the thermal control at its highest setting and with the lid(s) open, removed or closed whichever is the most unfavourable condition, unless the appliance is constructed so that it cannot be operated unless the lid(s) is(are) closed. During this test no fat or oil, other than the fat or oil on the elements, shall ignite and no flames shall be propagated to other parts of the appliance.*

19.3 *Addition:*

Any adjustable temperature or pressure control within the appliance that is preset for correct operation but is not locked in position is adjusted to its most unfavourable position.

19.13 *Addition:*

During the tests of 19.2 a) and 19.3, the temperature of the fat or oil shall not exceed 230 °C measured at any point not closer than 5 mm from any surface. However, a temperature of 245 °C is allowed for the first cycle of operation of the ***thermostat****.*

During the test of 19.4, the temperature of the fat or oil measured in accordance with 11.3 shall not exceed 230 °C.

20 Stability and mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

20.1 *Addition:*

Detachable parts *and loose items such as baskets and lids are placed in their most unfavourable positions.*

Modification

The test with the angle of inclination increased to 15° is not carried out.

20.2 *Addition:*

The requirement concerning moving parts of the appliance does not apply to parts necessary to implement the tilting operation such as handles or wheels.

21 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

22 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

22.7 *Replacement:*

Appliances that operate at a pressure in excess of atmospheric pressure (over-pressure) shall incorporate a suitable pressure relief device that prevents excessive pressure.

Compliance is checked by operating the appliance at ***rated power input*** *with the pressure controls rendered inoperative.*

The pressure relief device shall operate during this test so as to prevent the internal pressure exceeding the ***rated pressure*** *by more than 20 %.*

22.101 For three-phase appliances, **thermal cut-outs** protecting circuits with heating elements, and those for motors of which the unexpected starting may cause a hazard, shall be of the non-self-resetting and trip-free type, and shall provide **all-pole disconnection** from related supply circuits.

For single-phase appliances and for single-phase heating elements and/or motors connected between one phase and neutral or between phase and phase, **thermal cut-outs** protecting circuits with heating elements, and those for motors of which the unexpected starting may cause a hazard, shall be of the non-self-resetting and trip-free type, and shall provide at least one-pole disconnection.

If the **non-self-resetting thermal cut-out** is only accessible after removing parts with the aid of a **tool**, the trip-free type is not required.

NOTE **Thermal cut-outs** of the trip-free type have an automatic action, with a reset actuating member, so constructed that the automatic action is independent of manipulation or position of the reset mechanism.

Thermal cut-outs of the bulb and capillary type that operate during the tests of Clause 19 shall be such that rupture of the capillary tube shall not impair compliance with the requirements of 19.13.

Compliance is checked by inspection, by manual test and by rupturing the capillary tube.

Care shall be taken to ensure that the rupture does not seal the capillary tube.

22.102 Lights, switches or push-buttons shall only be coloured red for the indication of danger, alarm or similar situations.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.103 Appliances shall be constructed so that spillage or splashing of hot fat or oil on parts that in normal use have a temperature exceeding 300 °C is adequately prevented.

Compliance is checked by inspection after the test of 15.2.

22.104 A means shall be provided for emptying the fat or oil from appliances with fixed containers without tilting the appliance, if the total mass of the appliance, with its container filled with fat or oil to the maximum **indicated level**, exceeds 10 kg, or if the quantity of fat or oil exceeds 5 l.

For appliances with removable containers, if the total mass of the container filled with fat or oil to the maximum **indicated level** exceeds 10 kg, or if the quantity of fat or oil exceeds 5 l, such a means shall also be provided.

NOTE Means to empty the fat or oil are for example taps, drain valves, tilting devices, etc.

If fat or oil-collecting containers are provided by the manufacturer, they shall be suitable and have sufficient capacity to allow the complete drainage of the fat or oil in the appliance in one operation.

Containers in which fat or oil is intended to be carried shall be provided with suitable means for handling.

Compliance is checked by inspection and measurement.

22.105 Appliances intended to be emptied by tilting the fat or oil container shall be constructed so that this will not result in a hazard, for example the spilling or splashing of hot fat or oil.

NOTE The requirement can be met by a construction that utilises a spout or funnel to empty the appliance.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.106 Appliances with tilting containers shall be provided with a mechanism that prevents accidental tilting from any position. It shall not be possible to adversely influence the tilting action other than by the intended means.

Control devices used to operate the mechanism shall be located and protected in such a way that they cannot be operated accidentally.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by applying a force of 340 N at any point to the container.

22.107 Appliances fitted with lifting devices shall be constructed so that the drive mechanism automatically disengages or stops at its fully up or fully down position.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.108 Appliances shall be constructed so that the heating element is switched off from the supply when

- it is removed from the appliance, or
- it has reached the minimum fat or oil level, if it is of the type that swings up.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

22.109 Appliances shall have adequate surge allowance above the maximum indicated fat or oil level such that the total surge volume of the pan, including any container designed to collect surging fat or oil, shall have a ratio in litres to the recommended batch load in kilograms of not less than 4.

Compliance is checked by measurement.

22.110 Drain cocks and other emptying devices for hot liquids shall be constructed so that they cannot be opened inadvertently. Moreover, it shall not be possible to withdraw drain plugs inadvertently.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

NOTE For example, this requirement is met when the valve handle is such that, when released, it returns automatically to the closed position or is of the wheel type or is placed in a recess.

22.111 Fryer baskets, lifting or turning devices and swinging, tilting or lifting heating elements shall be constructed so as to keep them safely in the raised position and a safe handling is possible.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

22.112 Means provided to allow drainage of liquid from appliances shall discharge the liquid in such a manner that electrical insulation is not affected.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

22.113 Hinged lids shall be protected against accidental falling.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

22.114 **Portable appliances** shall not have openings on the underside that would allow small items to penetrate and touch **live parts**.

*Compliance is checked by inspection and by measuring the distance between the supporting surface and **live parts** through openings. This distance shall be at least 6 mm. However, if the appliance is fitted with legs, this distance is increased to 10 mm if the appliance is intended to stand on the table and to 20 mm if it is intended to stand on the floor.*

22.115 The operating pressure of pressurised parts of the appliance shall not exceed the **rated pressure**.

Compliance is checked by measuring the operating pressure of pressurised parts during the test of Clause 11.

22.116 The pressure relief device shall be positioned or constructed so that its operation does not cause injury to persons or damage to surroundings. Its construction shall be such that it cannot be made inoperative.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.117 It shall not be possible to open the lid or cover of a pressurized appliance until the pressure has been reduced to approximately atmospheric pressure.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

22.118 Pressurised appliances shall incorporate a vacuum release valve to prevent a partial vacuum forming unless it is designed for vacuum operation.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

22.119 Pressurised parts of appliances shall be capable of withstanding the **rated pressure**.

*Compliance is checked by subjecting the pressurised parts for 30 min to a hydrostatic pressure equal to 1,5 times the **rated pressure**. All outlets are sealed and any pressure relief devices rendered inoperative. Means other than water may be used to create the hydrostatic pressure.*

During the test, the pressurised parts shall show no signs of leaks or permanent deformation, nor shall they burst.

22.120 Appliances fitted with wheels or similar means shall be provided with an efficient means of locking while the appliance is stationary.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the following test.

The appliance, fully loaded in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, is placed on a plane inclined at 10° to the horizontal, with the locking mechanism applied. The appliance shall not move by more than 100 mm.

23 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

23.3 *Addition:*

*When the capillary tube of a **thermostat** is fitted as part of the internal wiring where flexing occurs in normal use, Part 1 applies. In this case* if a rupture of the capillary tube occurs the appliance shall be rendered inoperative (fail-safe).

*Other capillary tubes of **thermostats** where flexing occurs in normal use are subjected to 1 000 flexings at a rate not exceeding 30/min. In this case the capillary tube shall show no sign of damage impairing the **thermostat's** further use.*

24 Components

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

24.101 For appliances incorporating an appliance inlet, the associated connectors shall not incorporate a thermostat.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

25 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

25.3 *Addition:*

Appliances with a mass greater than 40 kg, intended for permanent connection to fixed wiring and not provided with rollers, castors or similar means shall be constructed so that the connection can be done after the appliance has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

25.7 *Modification:*

Supply cords shall be oil-resistant, sheathed cords. Their properties shall be at least those of ordinary polychloroprene sheathed cords (code designation 60245 IEC 57).

26 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

27 Provision for earthing

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

27.2 *Addition:*

Stationary appliances shall be provided with a terminal for the connection of an external equipotential conductor. This terminal shall be in effective electrical contact with all fixed exposed metal parts of the appliance, and shall allow the connection of a conductor having a nominal cross-sectional area of up to 10 mm^2. It shall be located in a position convenient for the connection of the bonding conductor after installation of the appliance.

NOTE 101 Small fixed exposed metal parts, for example nameplates and the like, are not required to be in electrical contact with the terminal.

28 Screws and connections

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

28.1 *Addition:*

Screws made of carbon steel and alloy steel shall be made in accordance with ISO 898-1,

Screws made of corrosion-resistant stainless-steel shall be made in accordance with ISO 3506-1, or ISO 3506-2, or ISO 3506-3, or ISO 3506-4.

28.4 *Addition:*

Screws that make mechanical connections and electrical connections shall be so designed that the contact pressure does not change appreciably through loosening of the screwed assembly parts during operational stress and contact corrosion.

Screws that make mechanical connections and provide earthing continuity shall be so designed that the contact pressure does not change appreciably through loosening of the screwed assembly parts due to operational stress and contact corrosion. They shall be designed so that a minimum contact pressure remains.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measuring the assembling torques for screwed connections providing earthing continuity by applying a torque as specified in Table 102 to turn the screw in the fastening direction. The screw shall not turn.

The screw shall not have been unfastened prior to performing this test.

Table 102 – Assembling torques for screwed connections providing earthing continuity

Outer thread diameter of the screw *mm*	***Assembling torque*** *Nm*	
	Screwed connections for the mechanical strength of the screws A2-70 according to ISO 3506-1, or ISO 3506-2, or ISO 3506-3, or ISO 3506-4 and 5.8 according to ISO 898-1	***Screwed connections for the mechanical strength of the screws > 8.8 according to ISO 898-1***
>2,8 and ≤3,6	*0,8*	*1,3*
>3,6 and ≤4,2	*1,9*	*3,0*
>4,2 and ≤5,3	*3,7*	*6,0*
>5,3 and ≤6,3	*6,5*	*10,0*
M 8	*15,0*	*25,0*
M 10	*31,0*	*50,0*

29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

29.2 *Addition:*

The microenvironment is pollution degree 3 and the insulation shall have a comparative tracking index (CTI) not less than 250, unless the insulation is enclosed or located so that it is unlikely to be exposed to pollution during normal use of the appliance.

30 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

30.2.1 *Modification:*

The glow-wire test is carried out at 650 °C. The glow-wire flammability index (GWFI) according to IEC 60695-2-12 shall be at least 650 °C.

30.2.2 *Not applicable.*

30.101 Filters, if any, of non-metallic materials intended for the absorption of grease are subjected to the burning test specified in ISO 9772 for category HBF material, if relevant, or shall be classified at least HB40 according to IEC 60695-11-10, except that the thickness of the specimen is the same as that in the appliance.

NOTE It may be necessary to support the specimen.

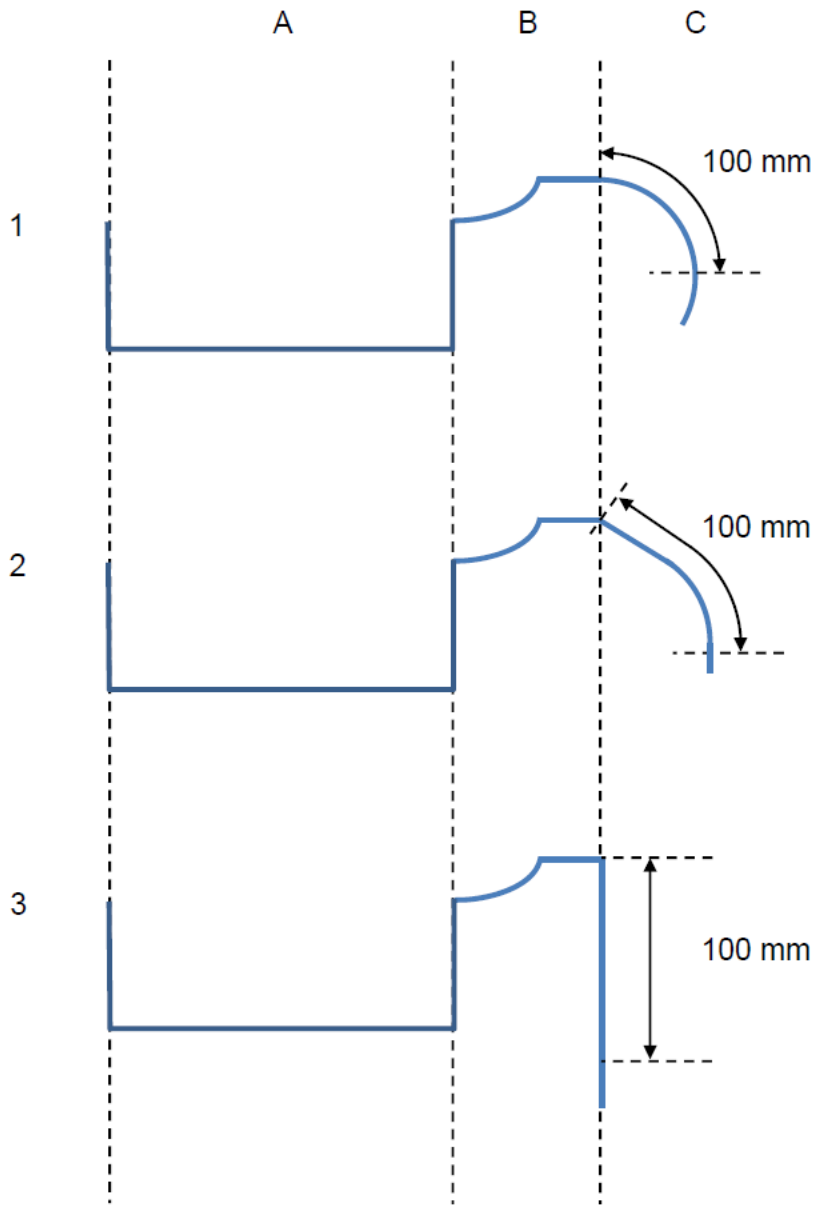
Compliance is checked by the tests of ISO 9772 or IEC 60695-11-10.

31 Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.



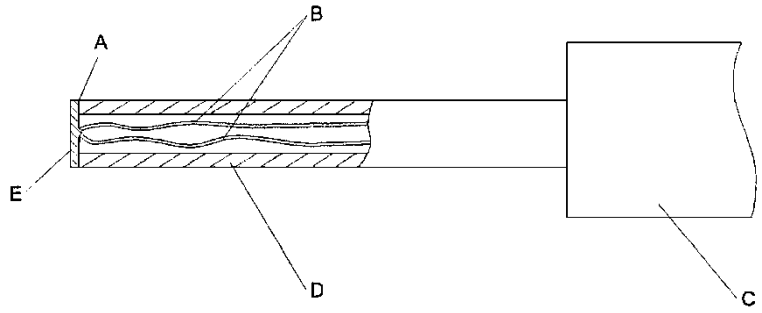
Key

A **functional surface**

B **adjacent surface**

C external **accessible surface**

Figure 101 – Identification of surfaces for temperature measurement



Key

A adhesive

B thermocouple wires 0,3 mm diameter to IEC 60584-1 Type K (chrome alumel)

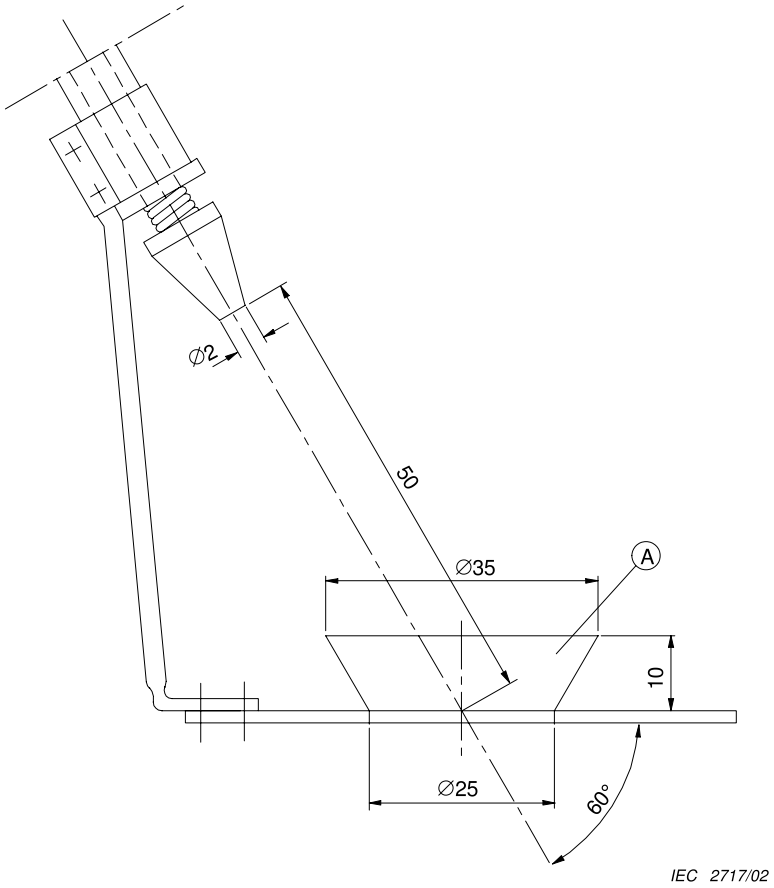
C handle arrangement permitting a contact force of 4 N ± 1 N

D polycarbonate tube: inside diameter 3 mm, outside diameter 5 mm

E tinned copper disc: 5 mm diameter, 0,5 mm thick with flat contact face

Figure 102 – Probe for measuring surface temperatures

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

A bowl

Figure 103 – Splash apparatus

Annexes

The annexes of Part 1 are applicable except as follows.

Annex A
(normative)

Proof tracking test

10.1 *Addition:*

If appropriate the proof tracking voltage is 250 V.

Annex P
(informative)

Guidance for the application of this standard to appliances used in tropical climates

13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

13.2 *Modification:*

*Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:*

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA.*
– *for other appliances*	*0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum.*

*For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies:*

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, whichever is higher.*

16 Leakage current and electric strength

16.2 *Modification:*

*Instead of the permissible leakage current for **stationary class I appliances**, the following applies:*

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA.*
– *for other appliances*	*0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with no maximum.*

*For **portable class I appliances**, instead of the permissible leakage current, the following applies*:

– *for cord and plug connected appliances*	*0,5 mA or 0,5 mA per kW **rated power input** of the appliance with a maximum of 5 mA, whichever is higher.*

Bibliography

The bibliography of Part 1 is applicable.

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