

Designation: C1288 - 17

# Standard Specification for Fiber-Cement Interior Substrate Sheets<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1288; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

# 1. Scope\*

- 1.1 This specification covers discrete non-asbestos fibercement sheets manufactured to be dimensionally stable and suitable for decoration as paint, wallpaper, natural stone, tile, or resilient flooring in internal wet and dry areas.
- 1.2 This specification is not applicable to asbestos-cement flat sheets (Specification C220), non-asbestos fiber cement flat sheets for exterior applications such as claddings, facades, curtain walls, and soffits (Specification C1186), gypsum backing board and coreboard (Specification C1396/C1396M), water-resistant gypsum backing board (Specification C1396/C1396M), glass mat gypsum backing board (Specification C1178/C1178M), glass mat gypsum panels (Specification C1658/C1658M), fiber-reinforced gypsum panels (Specification C1278/C1278M), particle boards (Definitions D1554), fiber mat cement boards (Specification C1325 and ANSI A118.9), or cement-bonded particleboards (Specification BS 5669: Part 4) and (ISO 8335).
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

C220 Specification for Flat Asbestos-Cement Sheets
 C1154 Terminology for Non-Asbestos Fiber-Reinforced Cement Products

- C1178/C1178M Specification for Coated Glass Mat Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Panel
- C1185 Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Non-Asbestos Fiber-Cement Flat Sheet, Roofing and Siding Shingles, and Clapboards
- C1186 Specification for Flat Fiber-Cement Sheets
- C1278/C1278M Specification for Fiber-Reinforced Gypsum Panel
- C1325 Specification for Non-Asbestos Fiber-Mat Reinforced Cementitious Backer Units
- C1396/C1396M Specification for Gypsum Board
- C1658/C1658M Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum Panels
- D1037 Test Methods for Evaluating Properties of Wood-Base Fiber and Particle Panel Materials
- D1554 Terminology Relating to Wood-Base Fiber and Particle Panel Materials
- E84 Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- G21 Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi
- 2.2 ANSI Standards:<sup>3</sup>
- A118.1 Specification for Dry-Set Cement Mortar
- A118.4 Specification for Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar
- A118.9 Test Methods and Specifications for Cementitious Backer Units
- A136.1 Standard for Organic Adhesives for Installation of Ceramic Tile
- 2.3 British Standards:<sup>3</sup>
- BS 5669: Part 4 Specification for cement bonded particleboard
- 2.4 International Standards:<sup>3</sup>
- ISO 8335 Cement-bonded particleboards—Boards of Portland or equivalent cement reinforced with fibrous wood particles

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions—Refer to Terminology C1154.

### 4. Classification

4.1 Flat sheets covered by this specification are intended for interior dry or wet area applications as a desired unfinished

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C17 on Fiber-Reinforced Cement Productsand is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C17.02 on Non-Asbestos Fiber Cement Products.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

substrate or an unfinished substrate for decoration such as paint, wallpaper, natural stone, tile, or resilient flooring where dimensional stability is required.

- 4.2 They may be supplied coated or uncoated.
- 4.3 The sheets are further classified into four grades according to their flexural strengths. The manufacturer shall declare the grade of a given product in the literature for that product.

#### 5. Composition and Manufacture

- 5.1 Composition—This specification is applicable to discrete non-asbestos fiber cement flat sheets consisting essentially of an inorganic hydraulic binder or a calcium silicate binder formed by the chemical reaction of a siliceous material and a calcareous material reinforced by organic fibers, inorganic non-asbestos fibers, or both. Process aids, fillers, and pigments that are compatible with the fiber cement may be added.
- 5.2 *Manufacture*—These products may be formed either with or without pressure and cured, under either natural or accelerated conditions, to meet the property requirements of this specification.

# 6. Mechanical and Physical Properties

- 6.1 Mechanical and physical properties shall be determined on uncoated product wherever practical. This material shall also be tested, with the results identified as applying to coated material, where the products are supplied coated.
- 6.1.1 Sampling and inspection for mechanical and physical properties shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods C1185.

#### 6.2 Mechanical Properties:

- 6.2.1 Flexural Strength—When tested in accordance with Test Methods C1185, flexural strength shall be not less than the corresponding value for the appropriate grade listed in Table 1. Where manufacturers state the minimum product strength, this shall be at the 4% acceptable quality level (AQL) as are the values of Table 1.
- 6.2.2 Sheets shall be tested and specified in both the wet and equilibrium conditions, and they shall meet the minimum wet and minimum equilibrium flexural strength requirements for the appropriate grade specified in Table 1. In addition, the average wet flexural strength of the sample shall not be less than 50 % of the mean equilibrium strength of the sample.

Note 1—When sampling from continuous production, these tests may be conducted on dry, equilibrium, or saturated specimens, provided that a

**TABLE 1 Flexural Strength Requirements** 

Note 1—The values of Table 1 are lower limit values based on an AQL of 4%.

Grade	Minimum Wet Strength, psi (MPa)	Minimum Equilibrium Strength, psi (MPa)
1	580 (4)	580 (4)
II	1015 (7)	1450 (10)
III	1885 (13)	2320 (16)
IV	2610 (18)	3190 (22)

relationship can be established between this testing and the specified values.

#### 6.3 Physical Properties:

- 6.3.1 *Density*—Nominal values and tolerances for density shall be stated by the manufacturer for each product. When tested in accordance with the method specified in Test Methods C1185, the value for the density shall comply with the value stated by the manufacturer.
- 6.3.2 *Modulus of Elasticity*—Nominal values for modulus of elasticity shall be stated by the manufacturer for each product. When tested in accordance with the method specified in Test Methods C1185, the nominal value for the modulus of elasticity shall comply with the value stated by the manufacturer.

#### 7. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

- 7.1 *Method of Measurement*—The method of measurement shall be in accordance with Test Methods C1185.
- 7.2 Nominal Length and Width—Fiber-cement sheets are typically supplied in nominal lengths of 96 in. (2438 mm) and 120 in. (3048 mm) and nominal widths of 48 in. (1219 mm). Greater or lesser nominal lengths and widths may be supplied.
- 7.3 *Nominal Thickness*—Fiber-cement sheets are normally available in thicknesses of ½ in. (3.5 mm) to 1 in. (25 mm), although thicknesses outside of this range may be supplied.
- 7.4 Length and Width Tolerance—The permissible variation from the nominal width shall be  $\pm 0.5$  %, with a maximum variation of  $\pm \frac{1}{4}$  in. (6 mm). A maximum variation of  $\pm \frac{1}{8}$  in. (3 mm) is acceptable for dimensions less than 24 in. (609 mm).
- 7.5 Thickness Tolerance—The maximum difference between extreme values of the thickness measurement within a sheet shall not exceed 15 % of the maximum measured value. The thickness variation from sheet to sheet shall not exceed the tolerances given in Table 2.
- 7.6 Squareness Tolerance—The length of the diagonals shall not vary by more than  $\frac{1}{32}$  in./ft. (2.6 mm/m) of the length of the sheet. Opposite sides of the sheet shall not vary in length by more than  $\frac{1}{32}$  in./ft. (2.6 mm/m).
- 7.7 Edge Straightness Tolerance—The sheet edges shall be straight within ½2 in./ft. (2.6 mm/m) of length or width.

# 8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 Workmanship—Sheets shall have a commercially uniformly smooth surface on one side, and they shall be free of major defects that will impair appearance, erection, use, or serviceability.

**TABLE 2 Thickness Requirements** 

Nominal Thickness,	Tolerance,
in. (mm)	in. (mm)
1/8 to 3/16 (3.5–5) >3/16 to 3/8 (>5–10) >3/8 to 5/8 (>10 to 16) >5/8 to 3/4 (>16 to 20) >3/4 (>20)	±0.02 (0.5) ±0.04 (1.0) ±0.05 (1.3) ±0.06 (1.5) ±10 % thickness

- 8.2 *Finish*—The surface of the sheet to be exposed shall be smooth, granular, or otherwise textured.
- 8.3 Appearance—The surface of the sheet shall be the natural color of the product or may be colored by the addition of mineral pigments, chemical impregnation, pigmented coating, veneer, or embedded mineral granules.

#### 9. Inspection and Acceptance

- 9.1 If required, inspection of material shall be at the point of shipment. The inspector representing the purchaser shall have authorized access to the carriers being loaded for shipment to the purchaser. The purchaser shall be afforded all reasonable and available facilities at the point of shipment for sampling and inspection of the material, which shall be conducted so as not to interfere with the loading of the carriers unnecessarily.
- 9.2 Third party certification, either continuous or at regular intervals, shall be recognized as an alternative to lot inspection.
- 9.3 Failure to conform to any one of the requirements of this specification shall constitute grounds for nonacceptance.

#### 10. Product Marking

10.1 *Identification*—Product marking shall include a trademark or other means of identification that ensures that the manufacturer and product category can be identified. The method of marking shall be stated in the manufacturer's catalog.

# 11. Packaging and Storage

- 11.1 Commercial Packaging—Flat sheets shall be packaged so as to ensure acceptance by common carrier. There is no standard package. The material is usually shipped in bulk, but it may be crated when so specified by the purchaser.
- 11.2 *Storage*—Flat sheets should be piled on sufficient firm supports that will keep the sheets level and flat. The sheets should be piled with the edges square and flush and covered to provide protection from the weather until used.

# 12. Keywords

12.1 acceptance; air cured; appearance; autoclaved cured; cellulose fiber; coated glass fiber; density; edge straightness; exterior applications sheet grading; finish; flexural strength; frost resistance; heat/rain resistance; inspection; interior wet area application; length and width tolerance; mechanical properties; minimum equilibrium strength; minimum wet strength; moisture content; moisture movement; nominal length; nominal thickness; nominal width; non-asbestos fiber; packaging; physical properties; polyethylene fiber; polypropylene fiber; polyvinyl alcohol fiber; polyacrylonitrile fiber; pressure cured; sampling; shipping; squareness tolerance; storage; supplementary tests; surface burning characteristics; thickness requirements; thickness tolerance; third party certification; tolerance; type tests; warm water resistance; water tightness; workmanship

#### SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

The following supplementary requirements shall apply only when specified by the purchaser in the contract or order.

#### S1. Supplementary Tests

- S1.1 Supplementary tests for these sheets shall consist of once-only supplementary tests, with the manufacturer's statement of results provided upon the customer's request. Fundamental changes in formulation or methods of manufacture, or both, shall require the subsequent re-testing of the supplementary tests.
- S1.2 Supplementary tests shall be determined on uncoated product whenever practical. When fiber-cement sheets are supplied coated, this material shall also be tested, with the results identified as applying to coated material.
  - S1.3 The following supplementary tests shall be required:
  - \$1.3.1 Moisture movement.
  - S1.3.2 Moisture content,
  - S1.3.3 Water tightness,
  - \$1.3.4 Warm water resistance.
  - S1.3.5 Surface burning characteristics,
  - S1.3.6 Shear bond strength (dry-set cement mortar),

- S1.3.7 Shear bond strength (modified dry-set cement mortar),
  - S1.3.8 Shear bond strength (organic adhesive type 1),
  - S1.3.9 Nail-head pull-through (roofing nail), and
  - \$1.3.10 Mold resistance.

#### S2. Moisture Movement

S2.1 The linear variation with change in moisture content shall be stated as the percentage change in length based on a relative humidity change from 30 to 90 % in accordance with Test Methods C1185. The linear variation with change shall be <0.07 %.

#### S3. Moisture Content

S3.1 State the percentage of moisture content of the fibercement sheet when conditioned at  $50 \pm 5$ % relative humidity and a temperature of  $73 \pm 4$ °F ( $23 \pm 2$ °C) in accordance with Test Methods C1185.



# S4. Water Tightness

S4.1 When tested in accordance with the Test Methods C1185, the specimens may show traces of moisture on the underside of the sheet, but in no instance shall there be any formation of water drops.

#### S5. Warm Water Resistance

S5.1 When tested in accordance with Test Methods C1185, the specimens shall not show visible cracks or structural alteration such as to affect their performance in use. The ratio of the average strengths as calculated from test results shall not be less than 80 %.

#### **S6.** Surface Burning Characteristics

S6.1 When used as a finished substrate without decoration, fiber-cement sheets of ½-in. (6-mm) thickness shall have a reported flame spread index of 0 and a smoke developed index of not more than 5, when tested in accordance with Test Method E84. Sheets of thicknesses greater than ¼ in. (6 mm) shall meet this specification or shall be formed at ½-in. (6-mm) thickness with the same formulation for test purposes.

# S7. Shear Bond Strength (Dry-Set Cement Mortar)

S7.1 Fiber-cement substrate sheets tested in accordance with Section 7.1.3 of ANSI A118.1 (fiber-cement substrate sheet to fiber-cement substrate sheet) shall demonstrate a minimum shear bond strength of greater than 50 psi (344 kPa) for samples cured and tested in a saturated condition at 7 days.

# S8. Shear Bond Strength (Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar)

S8.1 Fiber-cement substrate sheets tested in accordance with Section 7.1.3 of ANSI A118.4 (fiber-cement substrate sheet to fiber-cement substrate sheet) shall demonstrate a minimum shear bond strength of greater than 50 psi (344 kPa) for samples cured and tested in a saturated condition at 7 days.

### S9. Shear Bond Strength (Organic Adhesives Type 1)

S9.1 Fiber-cement substrate sheets tested in accordance with Section 6.2.3.2 of ANSI A136.1 (fiber-cement substrate sheet to fiber-cement substrate sheet) shall demonstrate a minimum shear bond strength greater than 50 psi (344 kPa) for samples cured and tested in a saturated condition at 7 days.

#### S10. Nail-Head Pull-Through

S10.1 Fiber-cement sheets of ½-in. (6-mm) thickness shall have a minimum saturated nail-head pull-through resistance of 90 lb (400 N) when tested in accordance with Test Methods D1037 using a roofing nail with a 0.375-in. (10-mm) diameter head and a shank diameter of 0.121 in. (3 mm). Sheets of thicknesses greater than ¼ in. (6 mm) shall meet this specification or shall be formed in ¼-in. (6-mm) thickness with the same formulation for test purposes.

#### S11. Mold Resistance

S11.1 When used as a finished substrate without decoration, fiber-cement sheets shall not support mold growth greater than one when tested in accordance with Practice G21.

#### **SUMMARY OF CHANGES**

Committee C17 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (C1288 – 14) that may impact the use of this standard. (July 1, 2017)

(1) Revised title.

(3) Revised S7.1, S8.1, and S9.1

(2) Revised 1.2, 2.1, and 2.2.

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