# Designation: C1162/C1162M - 90 (Reapproved 2015)

# Standard Test Method for Loose Density of Asbestos<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1162/C1162M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination of the loose density of asbestos fiber for Groups 5 to 9, inclusive (as determined by Test Method D3639/D3639M).<sup>2</sup>
- 1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.
- 1.3 **Warning**—Breathing of asbestos dust is hazardous. Asbestos and asbestos products present demonstrated health risks for users and for those with whom they come into contact. In addition to other precautions, when working with asbestoscement products, minimize the dust that results. For information on the safe use of chrysoltile asbestos, refer to "Safe Use of Chrysotile Asbestos: A Manual on Preventive and Control Measures."
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. For a specific hazard warning, see 1.3.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>4</sup>

D2590/D2590M Test Method for Sampling Chrysotile Asbestos

D2946 Terminology for Asbestos and Asbestos-Cement Products

D3639/D3639M Test Method for Classification of Asbestos by Quebec Standard Test

D3879 Test Method for Sampling Amphibole Asbestos (Withdrawn 2009)<sup>5</sup>

E177 Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods

2.2 Other Standard:

Quebec Standard Designation of Chrysotile Asbestos Fiber Grades<sup>2</sup>

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Refer to Terminology D2946.

## 4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The test method consists of measuring the weight of a 1770-cm<sup>3</sup> [½16 ft<sup>3</sup>] volume of asbestos fiber, and of computing the loose density in kilograms per cubic meter (pounds per cubic foot).

#### 5. Significance and Use

5.1 Loose density gives an indication of the degree of fiberization, harshness, and loftiness of asbestos fiber.

## 6. Apparatus

- 6.1 *Container*, 1770 cm<sup>3</sup> [1/16 ft<sup>3</sup>] in volume made of plastic tubing 12.7 cm [5 in.] inner diameter, with 6-mm [0.25-in.] thick walls and 13.4-cm [5.5-in.] internal height (commercially available tubing). The bottom consists of a flat disk of the same plastic cemented to the tubing.
  - 6.2 Scoop, capable of holding at least 2.8 dm<sup>3</sup> [0.1 ft<sup>3</sup>].
  - 6.3 Straight-edged Spatula or Ruler.

#### 7. Safety Hazards

7.1 **Warning**—see 1.3.

#### 8. Sampling, Test Specimens, and Test Units

8.1 Sampling—Take samples in accordance with Test Method D2590/D2590M in the case of chrysotile asbestos or Test Method D3879 in the case of amphibole asbestos.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C17 on Fiber-Reinforced Cement Products and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C17.03 on Asbestos - Cement Sheet Products and Accessories.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The classification is available from the Asbestos Institute, 1130 Sherbrooke St. West, Suite 410 Montreal, QC, Canada, H3A 2M8.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Available from The Asbestos Institute, http://www.chrysotile.com/en/sr\_use/manual.htm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

 $<sup>^{5}\,\</sup>mbox{The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.$ 

- 8.2 Test Specimens:
- 8.2.1 The test specimen must exceed the volume of the container by approximately 50 %. Therefore its volume must be at least  $2.8 \text{ dm}^3$  [0.1 ft<sup>3</sup>].
  - 8.2.2 Two specimens are required.

#### 9. Procedure

- 9.1 Place the specimen in the scoop and hold the latter 8 to 10 cm [3 to 4 in.] above the container.
- 9.2 Pour the specimen into the container using a continuous shaking motion and fill the container to overflowing.
- 9.3 Using the spatula, or a ruler, immediately level off the fiber to the top of the container. Do this in several passes to avoid compressing the fiber.
- 9.4 Determine the mass of fiber contained in the measure to the nearest 2 g [0.1 oz].

Note 1—The mass in ounces is equivalent to the loose density in pounds per cubic foot.

9.5 Repeat the procedure on the second specimen.

#### 10. Calculation

- 10.1 Calculate the loose density in kilograms per cubic centimetre [pounds per cubic foot].
  - 10.2 Average the results of the two specimens.

10.3 If equivalent units are desired, divide results in kilograms per cubic metre by 16.03 to get pounds per cubic foot.

#### 11. Report

- 11.1 Report results in kilograms per cubic centimetre [pounds per cubic foot].
  - 11.2 Fully identify the sample as to designation and origin.

#### 12. Precision and Bias

- 12.1 Precision:
- 12.1.1 The single-laboratory-apparatus multi-operatorday precision (repeatability) is  $\pm 2\%$  (two sigma limits expressed in units of percentage) (2*S*%) as defined in Practice E177 over the range of 160 to 1600 kg/m<sup>3</sup> [10 to 100 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>].
- 12.1.2 A partial verification of the repeatability that confirmed the above data is on file at ASTM Headquarters.<sup>6</sup>
- 12.2 *Bias*—No justifiable statement on the bias can be made since the true values of loose density cannot be established by an accepted referee method.

## 13. Keywords

13.1 asbestos; bulk; bulk density; loose density

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 $<sup>^6\,\</sup>text{Research}$  Report available at ASTM International Headquarters. Request RR:C17-1003.