

Standard Specification for Copper-Cobalt-Beryllium, Copper-Nickel-Beryllium, and Copper-Nickel-Lead-Beryllium Rod and Bar (UNS Nos. C17500, C17510, and C17465)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B441; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification establishes the requirements for copper-cobalt-beryllium alloy (UNS No. C17500), copper-nickel-beryllium alloy (UNS No. C17510), and copper-nickel-lead-beryllium alloy (UNS No. C17465) rod and bar in straight lengths.
- 1.2 *Units*—The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units, which are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 The following hazard caveat pertains only to the test method(s) described in this specification.
- 1.3.1 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials
- B194 Specification for Copper-Beryllium Alloy Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar
- B249/B249M Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Copper and Copper-Alloy Rod, Bar, Shapes and Forgings
- B846 Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys
 E8/E8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.02 on Rod, Bar, Wire, Shapes and Forgings.
- Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2016. Published November 2016. Originally approved in 1966. Last previous edition approved in 2010 as B441–04(2010). DOI: 10.1520/B0441-16.
- ² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials
- E1004 Test Method for Determining Electrical Conductivity Using the Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Method

3. General Requirements

- 3.1 The following sections of Specification B249/B249M constitute a part of this specification:
 - 3.1.1 Terminology,
 - 3.1.2 Materials and Manufacture,
 - 3.1.3 Dimensions and Permissible Variations,
 - 3.1.4 Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance,
 - 3.1.5 Sampling,
 - 3.1.6 Number of Tests and Retests,
 - 3.1.7 Specimen Preparation,
 - 3.1.8 Test Methods,
 - 3.1.9 Significance of Numerical Limits,
 - 3.1.10 Inspection,
 - 3.1.11 Rejection and Rehearing,
 - 3.1.12 Certification,
 - 3.1.13 Test Report,
 - 3.1.14 Packaging and Package Marking, and
 - 3.1.15 Supplementary Requirements.
- 3.2 In addition, when a section with a title identical to that referenced in 3.1, above, appears in this specification, it contains additional requirements that supplement those appearing in Specification B249/B249M.

4. Terminology

4.1 For definition of terms related to copper and copper alloys, refer to Terminology B846.

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Include the following specified choices when placing orders for product under this specification, as applicable:
 - 5.1.1 ASTM designation and year of issue,
 - 5.1.2 Copper [Alloy] UNS No. designation,
 - 5.1.3 Temper (Section 7),
- 5.1.4 Form of product (cross section such as round, hexagonal, octagonal, rectangular, or square),



- 5.1.5 Dimensions (diameter or distance between parallel surfaces),
 - 5.1.6 Edge contours,
 - 5.1.7 Length,
- 5.1.8 Quantity—total weight, or total length, or number of pieces for each form, temper, size, and copper alloy,
 - 5.1.9 Intended application.
- 5.2 The following options are available but may not be included unless specified at the time of placing of the order when required:
- 5.2.1 Heat identification or traceability details (Specification B249/B249M),
 - 5.2.2 Tensile strength test (9.1),
 - 5.2.3 Certification (Specification B249/B249M),
 - 5.2.4 Mill Test Report (Specification B249/B249M),
- 5.2.5 When product is purchased for agencies of the U.S. government.

6. Chemical Composition

- 6.1 The material shall conform to the chemical composition requirements in Table 1 for the copper [alloy] UNS No. designation specified in the ordering information.
- 6.1.1 These composition limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. By agreement between manufacturer and purchaser, limits may be established and analysis required for unnamed elements.
- 6.2 For the alloys in which copper is listed as the "remainder," copper is the difference between the sum of results for all elements determined and 100 %. When all elements specified in Table 1 are determined, the sum of results shall be 99.5 % min.

7. Temper

- 7.1 The standard tempers described in this specification are given in Table 2, Table 3, and Table 4.
 - 7.1.1 TB00 (solution heat treated (A),
 - 7.1.2 TF00 (precipitation hardened (AT),
- 7.1.3 TD04 (solution heat treated and cold worked: hard (H).
 - 7.1.4 TH04 (hard and precipitation heat treated (HT).

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition

	Concentration, %		
	Copper Alloy	Copper Alloy	Copper Alloy
Element	UNS No.	UNS No.	UNS No.
	C17500	C17510	C17465
Beryllium	0.4-0.7	0.2-0.6	0.15-0.50
Cobalt	2.4-2.7	0.3 max	
Nickel		1.4-2.2	1.0–1.4 ^A
Iron, max	0.10	0.10	0.20
Aluminum, max	0.20	0.20	0.20
Silicon, max	0.20	0.20	0.20
Tin, max			0.25
Zirconium, max			0.50
Lead			0.20-0.6
Copper	remainder	remainder	remainder

^A Incl. Co.

Note 1—Although not produced under this specification, non-standard tempers are available by special order and the properties of such product are subject to negotiation between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

8. Physical Property Requirements

- 8.1 *Electrical Conductivity:*
- 8.1.1 The product furnished shall conform to the electrical conductivity requirement prescribed in Table 2 and Table 4 for the applicable temper, when tested in accordance with Test Method E1004 for product equal to and greater than 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) in nominal diameter or distance between parallel surfaces and other shapes having a nominal cross sectional area exceeding 0.141 in.² (91 mm²). For products with less than 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) in nominal diameter or distance between parallel surfaces and other shapes having a nominal cross sectional area less than 0.141 in.² (91 mm²), electrical resistivity shall be measured in accordance with Test Method B193 and converted to conductivity.

9. Mechanical Property Requirements

- 9.1 Tensile test results shall be the product acceptance criteria, when tested in accordance with Test Methods E8/E8M for product equal to or less than 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) in nominal diameter or distance between parallel surfaces, and other shapes having a nominal cross sectional area equal to or less than 0.141 in.² (91 mm²).
 - 9.1.1 Tensile strength requirements are given in Table 2.
- 9.2 Rockwell hardness is the product acceptance criteria, when tested in accordance with Test Methods E18 for product larger than 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) in nominal diameter or distance between parallel surfaces, and other shapes having a nominal cross sectional area larger than 0.141 in.² (91 mm²).
- 9.2.1 The referee product rejection criteria shall be tensile test results, when tested in accordance with Test Methods E8/E8M.
- 9.3 The tension test will be used for qualification of all material when specifically required by the purchaser, as in some government requirements.

10. Precipitation Heat-Treatment

- 10.1 The precipitation heat-treatment is performed on TB00 (A) and TD04 (H) tempers by the purchaser after forming.
- 10.2 Conformance to the TF00 (AT) and TH04 (HT) specification limits shown in Table 2, for products supplied in the TB00 (A) or the TD04 (H) tempers, shall be determined by testing test specimens heat-treated at a uniform temperature of 850 to 900°F for the times shown in Table 3.
- 10.3 End products may be heat-treated at other times and temperatures for specific applications. These special combinations of properties such as increased ductility, dimensional accuracy, and endurance strength may be obtained by special precipitation-hardening heat treatments. The mechanical requirements of Table 2 do not apply to such special heat treatment. Specific test requirements as needed shall be agreed

TABLE 2 Tensile Strength and Rockwell Hardness Requirements for Rod and Bar^A

Temper Designation			As Supplied		
Standard	Former	Tensile Strength, $ksi^{\mathcal{B}}$ (MPa $^{\mathcal{C}}$)	Rockwell Hardness, B Scale	Electrical Conductivity IACS min, %	
TB00	solution heat-treated (A)	35-55 (240-380)	50 max	20	
TD04	solution heat-treated and cold-worked: hard (H)	65-80 (450-550)	60–80	20	
		After Pred	After Precipitation Heat Treatment		
TF00	precipitation hardened (AT)	100-130 (690-895) ^D	92–100	45	
TH04	hard and precipitation heat-treated (HT)	110–140 (760–965) ^D	95-102	48	

A These values apply to mill products. See Section 8 for exceptions in end products.

TABLE 3 Precipitation Heat-Treatment Time for Acceptance Tests

Temper Designation		Copper Alloy UNS No. C17500 at	Copper Alloy UNS No. C17510 at	
Standard	andard Former	900°F (482°C), h	850°F (454°C) ^A or 900°F (482°C), ^A h	
TB00	solution heat-treated (A)	3	3	
TD04	solution heat-treated and cold-worked: hard (H)	2	2	

A Specific temperature used must conform with supplier's certification.

TABLE 4 Tensile Strength and Rockwell Hardness Requirements for Rod and Bar (C17465)^A

Temper Designation			As Supplied		
Standard	Former	Tensile Strength, ksi ^B (MPa) ^C	Rockwell Hardness, B Scale	Electrical Conductivity IACS min, %	
TH04	hard and precipitation heat-treated (HT)	125-145 (860-1000) ^D	95 min	44	

^A These values apply to mill products. See Section 8 for exceptions in end products.

upon between the manufacturer or the supplier and the purchaser of the end product.

10.4 TF00 (AT) and TH04 (HT) tempers as standard mill-hardened products have been precipitation heat-treated and tested by the manufacturer. An appropriate time and temperature has been used to produce properties within the specification limits shown in Table 2. Table 3 does not apply. Further thermal treatment of these tempers is not normally required.

10.5 Material may be supplied with nonstandard properties. Table 2 values would not apply. Specific test requirements as needed shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer or the supplier and the purchaser of these end products.

11. Number of Tests and Retests

11.1 Retests:

- 11.1.1 Refer to Specification B249/B249M with the following additional requirements:
- 11.1.2 Material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification due to inadequate heat-treatment may be heat-treated subsequently and submitted for test. Only two such subsequent treatments shall be permitted.

12. Test Methods

- 12.1 Chemical Analysis:
- 12.1.1 The chemical composition shall be determined, in case of dispute, in accordance with the applicable method in the Annex of Specification B194.
- 12.1.2 The test method(s) to be followed for the determination of element(s) resulting from contractual or purchase order agreement shall be as agreed upon between the supplier and the purchaser.
 - 12.2 Mechanical Property Requirements:
- 12.2.1 In case of dispute over Rockwell hardness test results, the rejection criteria shall be tensile test results, when tested in accordance with Test Methods E8/E8M.

13. Keywords

13.1 beryllium copper bar; beryllium copper rod; UNS C17500 bar; UNS C17500 rod; UNS C17510 bar; UNS C17510 rod; UNS C17465 bar; UNS C17465 rod

 $^{^{}B}$ ksi = 1000 psi

^C See Appendix.

^D The upper limits in the tensile strength column are for design guidance only.

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^C See Appendix.

^D The upper limits in the tensile strength column are for design guidance only.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee B05 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (B441-04(2010)) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved Oct. 1, 2016.)

(1) There were no technical changes. The specification has had an editorial review and update.

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