

Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wrought Seamless Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube (Metric)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B251M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers a group of general requirements common to several wrought product specifications. Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, or in an individual specification, these general requirements shall apply to copper and copper-alloy tube supplied under Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M.

Note 1—This specification is the SI companion to B251.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
 - 2.2 ASTM Standards:²
 - B68 Specification for Seamless Copper Tube, Bright Annealed
 - **B75** Specification for Seamless Copper Tube
 - **B135** Specification for Seamless Brass Tube
 - B153 Test Method for Expansion (Pin Test) of Copper and Copper-Alloy Pipe and Tubing
 - B154 Test Method for Mercurous Nitrate Test for Copper Allovs
 - B170 Specification for Oxygen-Free Electrolytic Copper— Refinery Shapes
 - B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor
 Materials
 - B428 Test Method for Angle of Twist in Rectangular and Square Copper and Copper Alloy Tube
 - B466/B466M Specification for Seamless Copper-Nickel Pipe and Tube
 - B643 Specification for Copper-Beryllium Alloy Seamless Tube

E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens

E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Ma-

terials

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E53 Test Method for Determination of Copper in Unalloyed Copper by Gravimetry

E62 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods) (Withdrawn 2010)³

E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size

E255 Practice for Sampling Copper and Copper Alloys for the Determination of Chemical Composition

E478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 average diameter (for round tubes only)—the average of the maximum and minimum outside diameters, or maximum and minimum inside diameters, whichever is applicable, as determined at any one cross section of the tube.
- 3.1.2 *coil*—a length of the product wound into a series of connected turns. The unqualified term "coil" as applied to tube usually refers to a bunched coil.
- 3.1.2.1 *bunched*—a coil in which the turns are bunched and held together such that the cross section of the bunched turns is approximately circular.
- 3.1.2.2 *double layer flat*—a coil in which the product is spirally wound into two connected disk-like layers such that one layer is on top of the other. (Sometimes called "double layer pancake coil" or "double layer spirally wound coil.")
- 3.1.2.3 *level or traverse wound*—a coil in which the turns are wound into layers parallel to the axis of the coil such that successive turns in a given layer are next to one another. (Sometimes called "helical coil.")
- 3.1.2.4 level or traverse wound on a reel or spool—a coil in which the turns are positioned into layers on a reel or spool

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.



parallel to the axis of the reel or spool such that successive turns in a given layer are next to one another.

- 3.1.2.5 *single layer flat*—a coil in which the product is spirally wound into a single disk-like layer. (Sometimes called a" pancake coil" or "single layer spirally wound coil.")
- 3.1.2.6 *stagger wound*—a coil in which the turns are positioned into layers approximately parallel to the axis of the coil, but not necessarily with the fixed regularity of a level or traverse wound coil.
 - 3.1.3 *lengths*—straight pieces of the product.
- 3.1.3.1 *ends*—straight pieces, shorter than the nominal length, left over after cutting the product into mill lengths, stock lengths, or specific lengths. They are subject to minimum length and maximum weight requirements.
- 3.1.3.2 *mill*—straight lengths, including ends, that are conveniently manufactured in the mills. Full-length pieces are usually 3000, 4000, or 6000 mm and subject to established length tolerances.
- 3.1.3.3 *multiple*—straight lengths of integral multiples of a base length, with suitable allowance for cutting, if and when specified.
- 3.1.3.4 *random*—run of mill lengths without any indicated preferred length.
- 3.1.3.5 *specific*—straight lengths that are uniform in length, as specified, and subject to established length tolerances.
 - 3.1.3.6 specific with ends—specific lengths, including ends.
- 3.1.3.7 *standard*—uniform lengths recommended in a Simplified Practice Recommendation or established as a Commercial Standard.
- 3.1.3.8 *stock*—straight lengths that are mill cut and stored in advance of orders. They are usually 3000, 4000, or 6000 mm and subject to established length tolerances.
 - 3.1.3.9 stock with ends—stock lengths, including ends.

- 3.1.4 *reel or spool*—a cylindrical device that has a rim at each end and an axial hole for a shaft or spindle, and on which the product is wound to facilitate handling and shipping.
- 3.1.5 *tube*—a hollow product of round or any other cross section, having a continuous periphery.
- 3.1.5.1 *tube, automotive and general service*—a seamless copper tube of small diameter conforming to a standard series of sizes commercially known as Automotive and General Service Tube.
- 3.1.5.2 *tube*, *seamless*—a tube produced with a continuous periphery in all stages of the operations.

4. Materials and Manufacture

- 4.1 The material shall be of such quality and purity that the finished product shall have the properties and characteristics prescribed in the applicable product specification listed in Section 1.
- 4.2 The material shall be produced by either hot or cold working operations, or both. It shall be finished, unless otherwise specified, by such cold working and annealing or heat treatment as necessary to meet the properties specified.

5. Dimensions and Permissible Variations

- 5.1 General:
- 5.1.1 The standard method of specifying wall thickness shall be in decimal fractions of a millimetre.
- 5.1.2 For the purpose of determining conformance with the dimensional requirements prescribed in this specification, any measured value outside the specified limiting values for any dimension shall be cause for rejection.
- 5.1.3 Tolerances on a given tube shall be specified with respect to any two, but not all three, of the following: outside diameter, inside diameter, wall thickness.
- 5.1.4 When round tube is ordered by outside and inside diameters, the maximum plus and minus deviation of the wall

TABLE 1 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube

(Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, and B135)

Note 1—Maximum Deviation at Any Point—The following tolerances are plus and minus; if tolerances all plus or all minus are desired, double the values given.

	Outside Diameter, ^A mm						
Wall Thickness, mm	0.80 to 3.0, incl	Over 3.0 to 16, incl	Over 16 to 25, incl	Over 25 to 50, incl	Over 50 to 100, incl	Over 100 to 180, incl	Over 180 to 250, incl
Up to 0.40, incl	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.05			
Over 0.40 to 0.60, incl	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.06			
Over 0.60 to 0.90, incl	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.10		
Over 0.90 to 1.5, incl	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.20	
Over 1.5 to 2.0, incl		0.09	0.10	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25
Over 2.0 to 3.0, incl		0.10	0.12	0.12	0.20	0.20	0.28
Over 3.0 to 4.0, incl		0.12	0.15	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30
Over 4.0 to 5.5, incl		0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Over 5.5 to 7.0, incl			0.25	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40
Over 7.0 to 10, incl			0.30	5 ^B %	5 ^B %	6 ^B %	6 ^B %
Over 10	***			5 ^B %	5 ^B %	6 ^B %	6 ^B %

A When round tube is ordered by outside and inside diameters, the maximum plus and minus deviation of the wall thickness from the nominal at any point shall not exceed the values given in the table by more than 50 %.

^B Percent of specified wall expressed to the nearest 0.025 mm.

thickness from the nominal at any point shall not exceed the values given in Table 1 by more than 50 %.

Note 2—Blank spaces in the tolerance tables indicate either that the material is not generally available or that no tolerances have been established.

- 5.2 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube—Wall thickness tolerances applicable to Specifications B68, B75, and B135 for round tubes only shall be in accordance with Table 1. Wall thickness tolerances for rectangular including square tube applicable to B75 and B135 shall be in accordance with Table 2.
- 5.3 Diameter or Distance between Parallel Surfaces, Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube-Diameter tolerances applicable to Specifications B68, B75, and B135 for round tubes only shall be in accordance with Table 3. Tolerances on distance between parallel surfaces for rectan-gular including square tube applicable to Specifications B75 and B135 shall be in accordance with Table 4.
- 5.4 Roundness (Applicable to Specifications B75, B135, and B466/B466M)—For drawn unannealed tube in straight lengths, the roundness tolerances shall be as follows:

t/D	Roundness Tolerance as Percent of
(Ratio of Nominal Wall Thickness to	Outside Diameter (Expressed to the
Outside Diameter)	Nearest 0.025 mm)
0.01 to 0.03, incl	1.5
Over 0.03 to 0.05, incl	1.0
Over 0.05 to 0.10, incl	0.8 or 0.05 mm, whichever is greater
Over 0.10	0.7 or 0.05 mm, whichever is greater

- 5.4.1 Compliance with the roundness tolerances shall be determined by taking measurements on the outside diameter only, irrespective of the manner in which the tube dimensions are specified. The deviation from roundness is measured as the difference between major and minor diameters as determined at any one cross section of the tube. The major and minor diameters are the diameters of two concentric circles just enclosing the outside surface of the tube at the cross section.
- 5.4.2 No tolerances have been established for as-extruded tube, redraw tube, annealed tube, any tube furnished in coils or drawn tube whose wall thickness is under 0.40 mm.
 - 5.5 Length Tolerances:

TABLE 3 Average Diameter Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube^A

(Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, and B135)

Specified Diameter, mm	Tolerance, plus and minus, mm
Up to 3.0, incl	0.05
Over 3.0 to 16, incl	0.05
Over 16 to 25, incl	0.06
Over 25 to 50, incl	0.08
Over 50 to 75, incl	0.10
Over 75 to 100, incl	0.12
Over 100 to 125, incl	0.15
Over 125 to 150, incl	0.18
Over 150 to 200, incl	0.20
Over 200 to 250, incl	0.25

^A Applicable to inside or outside diameter.

- 5.5.1 Straight Lengths—Length tolerances, straight lengths, applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/ B466M shall be in accordance with Table 5.
- 5.5.2 Schedule of Tube Lengths—Specific and stock lengths of tube with ends, applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M, shall be in accordance with Table 6. Tube in straight lengths shall be furnished in stock lengths with ends, unless the order requires specific lengths or specific lengths with ends.
- 5.6 Squareness of Cut (Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M)—For tube in straight lengths, the departure from squareness of the end of any tube shall not exceed the following:

5.6.1 Round Tube: Specified Outside Diameter, mm

Up to 16, incl 0.25 mm Over 16 0.016 mm/mm of diameter 5.6.2 Rectangular and Square Tube: Specified Distance Between Major Tolerance Outside Parallel Surfaces, mm Up to 15.9 incl 0.40 mm

Over 15.9 0.025 mm/mm of distance between outside parallel surfaces

Tolerance

5.7 Straightness Tolerances:

TABLE 2 Wall Thickness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Rectangular and Square Tube (Applicable to Specifications B75 and B135)

Note 1 — Maximum Deviation at Any Point—The following tolerances are plus and minus; if tolerances all plus or all minus are desired, double the values given.

	Distance Between Outside Parallel Surface, Amm						
Wall Thickness, mm	0.80 to 3.0, incl	3.0 to 16, incl	16 to 25, incl	25 to 50, incl	50 to 100, incl	100 to 180, incl	180 to 250, incl
Up to 0.40, incl	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.08			
Over 0.40 to 0.60, incl	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.09			
Over 0.60 to 0.90, incl	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.15		
Over 0.90 to 1.5, incl	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.12	0.20	0.25	
Over 1.5 to 2.0, incl		0.12	0.15	0.20	0.20	0.25	0.30
Over 2.0 to 3.0, incl		0.20	0.20	0.25	0.25	0.30	0.35
Over 3.0 to 4.0, incl		0.25	0.25	0.28	0.30	0.36	0.40
Over 4.0 to 5.5, incl		0.28	0.30	0.33	0.38	0.45	0.50
Over 5.5 to 7.0, incl			0.38	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.55

A In the case of rectangular tube the major dimension determines the thickness tolerance applicable to all walls.

TABLE 4 Tolerances on Distance Between Parallel Surfaces for Copper and Copper-Alloy Rectangular and Square Tube (Applicable to Specifications B75 and B135)

Note 1—The following tolerances are plus and minus; if tolerances all plus or all minus are desired, double the values given.

Dimension a or b (see sketches), mm	Tolerances, mm	
Up to 3.0, incl	0.08	
Over 3.0 to 16, incl	0.10	
Over 16 to 25, incl	0.12	Rectangle d c Square
Over 25 to 50, incl	0.15	<u> </u>
Over 50 to 100, incl	0.20	
Over 100 to 120, incl	0.25	
Over 150 to 200, incl	0.30	<
Over 200 to 250, incl	0.30	

Nominal dimension a determines tolerance applicable to both a and c. Nominal dimension b determines tolerance applicable to both b and d.

TABLE 5 Length Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube, Straight Lengths

(Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M)

Note 1—Tolerances are all plus; if all minus tolerances are desired, use the same values; if tolerances plus and minus are desired, halve the values given.

	Tolerances, mm, Applicable Only to Full-Length Pieces			
Length, mm	For Major Outside Dimensions	For Major Outside Dimensions	For Major Outside Dimensions	
	up to 25	over 25 mm	over	
	mm, incl	to 100 mm, incl	100 mm	
Specific lengths:				
Up to 150, incl	0.80	1.5		
Over 150 to 600, incl	1.5	2.5	3.0	
Over 600 to 2000, incl	2.5	3.0	6.0	
Over 2000 to 4000, incl	6.0	6.0	6.0	
Over 4000	12	12	12	
Specific lengths with ends	25	25	25	
Stock lengths with or with- out ends	25 ^A	25 ^A	25 ^A	

^A As stock lengths are cut and placed in stock in advance of orders, departure from this tolerance is not practicable.

TABLE 6 Schedule of Tube Lengths (Specific and Stock) with Ends for Copper and Copper-Alloy Tube

(Applicable to Specifications B68, B75, B135, and B466/B466M)

Major Outside Dimensions, mm	Specific Length, mm	Shortest Permissible Length, ^A % of Specific Length	Maximum Permissible Weight of Ends, % of Lot Weight
Up to 25, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	70	20
Over 25 to 50, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	60	25
Over 50 to 75, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	55	30
Over 75 to 100, incl	2000 to 6000, incl	50	40

^A Expressed to the nearest 150 mm.

5.7.1 *Round Tubes*—For round tubes of any drawn temper, 6 to 100 mm in outside diameter, inclusive, but not redraw tube, extruded tube, or any annealed tube, the straightness tolerances applicable to Specifications B75, B135, and B466/B466M shall be in accordance with Table 7.

5.7.2 Rectangular and Square Tubes—For rectangular and square tubes of any drawn temper, the straightness tolerance applicable to Specifications B75 and B135 shall be 12 mm maximum curvature (depth of arc) in any 2000-mm portion of

TABLE 7 Straightness Tolerances for Copper and Copper-Alloy
Tube⁴ in Any Drawn Temper

(Applicable to Specifications B75, B135, B466/B466M and B643)

Note 1—Applies to round tube in any drawn temper from 6.0 to 100 mm, incl, in outside diameter.

Length, mm ^B	Maximum Curvature (Depth of Arc), mm
Over 1000 to 2000, incl	5.0
Over 2000 to 2500, incl	8.0
Over 2500 to 3000, incl	12

A Not applicable to pipe, redraw tube, extruded tube, or any annealed tube.
B For lengths greater than 3000 mm the maximum curvature shall not exceed 12 mm in any 3000-mm portion of the total length.

the total length. (Not applicable to extruded tube, redraw tube, or any annealed tube.)

5.8 Corner Radius, Rectangular and Square Tubes—The permissible radii for commercially square corners applicable to Specifications B75 and B135 shall be in accordance with Table 8.

5.9 Twist Tolerances, Rectangular and Square Tubes—The maximum twist about the longitudinal axis of drawn temper rectangular and square tubes applicable to Specifications B75 and B135 shall not exceed 1°/300 mm of length, measured to the nearest degree, and the total angle of twist shall not exceed 20° when measured in accordance with Test Method B428. The requirement is not applicable to tubes in the annealed temper or to tubes whose specified major dimension is less than 12 mm.

6. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

6.1 The material shall be free from defects of a nature that interfere with normal commercial applications. It shall be well cleaned and free from dirt.

TABLE 8 Permissible Radii for Commercially Square Corners for Copper and Copper-Alloy Rectangular and Square Tube (Applicable to Specifications B75 and B135)

Wall Thickness, mm	Maximum Radii, mm			
Wall Triickness, Illiii	Outside Corners	Inside Corners		
Up to 1.5, incl	1.2	0.80		
Over 1.5 to 3.0, incl	1.6	0.80		
Over 3.0 to 6.0, incl	2.4	0.80		
Over 6.0	none established	none established		



7. Sampling

- 7.1 Sampling—The lot, size, portion size, and selection of sample pieces shall be as follows:
- 7.1.1 *Lot Size*—For tube, the lot size shall be 5000 kg or fraction thereof.
- 7.1.2 *Portion Size*—Sample pieces shall be taken for test purposes from each lot according to the following schedule:

Number of Pieces in Lot

Number of Sample Pieces to be Taken^A

1 to 50
51 to 200
2
201 to 1500
3
Over 1500
0.2 % of total number of pieces in the lot, but not to exceed 10 sample pieces

8. Number of Tests and Retests

- 8.1 *Chemical Analysis*—Samples for chemical analysis shall be taken in accordance with Practice E255. Drillings, millings, and so forth, shall be taken in approximately equal weight from each of the sample pieces selected in accordance with 7.1.2 and combined into one composite sample. The minimum weight of the composite sample that is to be divided into three equal parts shall be 150 g.
- 8.1.1 Instead of sampling in accordance with Practice E255, the manufacturer shall have the option of determining conformance to chemical composition as follows: Conformance shall be determined by the manufacturer by analyzing samples taken at the time the castings are poured or samples taken from the semi-finished product. If the manufacturer determines the chemical composition of the material during the course of manufacture, he shall not be required to sample and analyze the finished product. The number of samples taken for determination of chemical composition shall be as follows:
- 8.1.1.1 When samples are taken at the time the castings are poured, at least one sample shall be taken for each group of castings poured simultaneously from the same source of molten metal.
- 8.1.1.2 When samples are taken from the semi-finished product, a sample shall be taken to represent each 5000 kg or fraction thereof, except that not more than one sample shall be required per piece.
- 8.1.1.3 Due to the discontinuous nature of the processing of castings into wrought products, it is not practical to identify specific casting analysis with a specific quantity of finished material.
- 8.1.1.4 In the event that heat identification or traceability is required, the purchaser shall specify the details desired.
- 8.2 Other Tests—For other tests, unless otherwise provided in the product specification, test specimens shall be taken from two of the sample pieces selected in accordance with 7.1.2.
- 8.2.1 In the case of tube furnished in coils, a length sufficient for all necessary tests shall be cut from each coil

selected for purpose of tests. The remaining portion of these coils shall be included in the shipment, and the permissible variations in length on such coils shall be waived.

8.3 Retests:

- 8.3.1 If any test specimen shows defective machining or develops flaws, it shall be discarded and another specimen substituted.
- 8.3.2 If the percentage elongation of any tension test specimen is less than that specified and any part of the fracture is outside the middle two thirds of the gage length or in a punched or scribed mark within the reduced section, a retest on an additional specimen either from the same sample piece or from a new sample piece shall be allowed.
- 8.3.3 If the results of the test on one of the specimens fail to meet the specified requirements, two additional specimens shall be taken from different sample pieces and tested. The results of the tests on both of these specimens shall meet the specified requirements. Failure of more than one specimen to meet the specified requirements for a particular property shall be cause for rejection of the entire lot.
- 8.3.4 If the chemical analysis fails to conform to the specified limits, analysis shall be made on a new composite sample prepared from additional pieces selected in accordance with 7.1.2. The results of this retest shall comply with the specified requirements.

9. Test Specimens

- 9.1 Tension test specimens shall be of the full section of the tube and shall conform to the requirements of Test Specimens section of Test Methods E8, unless the limitations of the testing machine preclude the use of such a specimen. Test specimens conforming to Type No. 1 of Fig. 13, Tension Test Specimens for Large-Diameter Tubular Products, of Test Methods E8 shall be used when a full-section specimen cannot be tested.
- 9.2 Whenever tension test results are obtained from both full size and from machined test specimens and they differ, the results obtained from full-size test specimens shall be used to determine conformance to the specification requirements.
- 9.3 Tension test results on material covered by this specification are not seriously affected by variations in speed of testing. A considerable range of testing speed is permissible; however, the rate of stressing to the yield strength shall not exceed 700 MPa/min. Above the yield strength the movement per minute of the testing machine head under load shall not exceed 0.5 mm/mm of gage length (or distance between grips for full-section specimens).
- 9.4 The surface of the test specimen for microscopical examination shall approximate a radial longitudinal section of round tube and a longitudinal section of rectangular and square tube perpendicular to, and bisecting, the major dimensional surface.

^A Each sample piece shall be taken from a separate tube.



10. Test Methods

10.1 The properties enumerated in the specifications listed in Section 1 shall, in case of disagreement, be determined in accordance with the following applicable methods:

Test ASTM Designation

Chemical analysis B170, AE53, E62, E478

Tension E8

Rockwell hardness E18B

Grain size E3, E112

Expansion (pin test) B153

Mercurous nitrate test B154

Electrical resistivity B193

11. Significance of Numerical Limits

11.1 For purposes of determining compliance with the specified limits for requirements of the properties listed in the following table, an observed value or a calculated value shall be rounded as indicated in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E29:

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Property	Rounded Unit for Observed or Calculated Value
Chemical composition	nearest unit in the last right
Hardness	-hand place of figures of
Electrical resistivity	the specified limit
Tensile strength	nearest 5 MPa
Yield strength	nearest 5 MPa
Elongation	Nearest 1 %
Grain size:	
Up to 0.055 mm, incl.	nearest multiple of 0.005 mm
Over 0.055 to 0.160	nearest 0.01 mm
mm, incl.	

12. Inspection

12.1 The manufacturer shall afford the inspector representing the purchaser, all reasonable facilities, without charge, to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with the specified requirements.

13. Rejection and Rehearing

13.1 Material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification shall be rejected. Rejection shall be reported to the manufacturer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the manufacturer or supplier is permitted to make claim for a rehearing.

14. Certification

- 14.1 When specified on the purchase order the manufacturer shall furnish to the purchaser a certificate stating that each lot has been sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification and has met the requirements.
- 14.2 When material is specified to meet the requirements of *ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code*, the certification requirements are mandatory.

15. Packaging and Package Marking

- 15.1 The material shall be separated by size, composition, and temper, and prepared for shipment in such a manner as to ensure acceptance by common carrier for transportation and to afford protection from the normal hazards of transportation.
- 15.2 Each shipping unit shall be legibly marked with the purchase order number, metal or alloy designation, temper, size, shape, gross and net weight and name of supplier. The specification number shall be shown, when specified.

16. Mill Test Report

16.1 When specified on the purchase order, the manufacturer shall furnish to the purchaser a test report showing results of tests required by the specification.

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

The following supplementary requirements shall apply only when specified by the purchaser in the inquiry, contract, or order, for agencies of the U. S. Government.

S1. Referenced Documents

S1.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:

S1.1.1 ASTM Standards:

B900, Practice for Packaging of Copper and Copper Alloy Mill Products for U.S. Government Agencies

S1.1.2 Federal Standards:⁴

Fed. Std. No. 102 Preservation, Packaging and Packing Levels

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies) Fed. Std. No. 185 Identification Marking of Copper and Copper-Base Alloy Mill Products

S1.1.3 *Military Standard:*⁴

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

S2. Quality Assurance

S2.1 Responsibility for Inspection:

S2.1.1 Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified. Except as otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements unless disapproved by the purchaser at the time the order is

^A Reference to Specification B170 is to the suggested chemical methods in the annex thereof. When Committee E-1 has tested and published methods for assaying the low-level impurities in copper, the Specification B170 annex will be eliminated

 $^{^{\}it B}$ The value for the Rockwell hardness number of each specimen shall be established by taking the arithmetical average of at least three readings.

⁴ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil.



placed. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections or tests set forth when such inspections and tests are deemed necessary to ensure that the material conforms to prescribed requirements.

S3. Identification Marking

S3.1 All material shall be properly marked for identification in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 185 except that the ASTM specification number and the alloy number shall be used.

S4. Preparation for Delivery

- S4.1 Preservation, Packaging, Packing:
- S4.1.1 *Military Agencies*—The material shall be separated by size, composition, grade or class and shall be preserved and packaged, Level A or C, packed, Level A, B, or C as specified

in the contract or purchase order, in accordance with the requirements of B900.

S4.1.2 *Civil Agencies*—The requirements of Fed. Std. No. 102 shall be referenced for definitions of the various levels of packaging protection.

S4.2 Marking:

- S4.2.1 *Military Agencies*—In addition to any special marking required by the contract or purchase order, marking for shipment shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-129.
- S4.2.2 *Civil Agencies*—In addition to any special marking required by the contract or purchase order, marking for shipment shall be in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 123.

APPENDIX

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. STANDARD DENSITIES

X1.1 For purposes of calculating weights, cross sections, etc., the densities of the copper and copper alloys covered bythe specifications listed in Section 1 shall be taken as in Table X1.1.

TABLE X1.1 Densities

ASTM Designation	Material	Copper or Copper Alloy UNS No.	Density, g/cm ³
B68	copper	C10100	8.94
B75	copper	C10200	8.94
		C10300	8.94
		C10800	8.94
		C12000	8.94
		C12200	8.94
(B75 only)		C14200	8.94
B135	brass	C22000	8.80
		C23000	8.75
		C26000	8.53
		C27000	8.47
		C27200	8.44
		C28000	8.39
		C33000	8.50
		C33200	8.53
		C37000	8.41
		C44300	8.53
B466/	copper nickel	C70400	8.94
B466M		C70600	8.94
		C71000	8.94
		C71500	8.94
		C72200	8.94



SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee B05 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (B251M – 97 (2003)) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved Oct. 1, 2010.)

(1) The Supplementary Requirements Section was modified to remove the reference to withdrawn specification MIL-C-3993 and replace it with B900.

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