Designation: B173 - 17

Standard Specification for Rope-Lay-Stranded Copper Conductors Having Concentric-Stranded Members, for Electrical Conductors¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B173; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers bare rope-lay-stranded conductors having concentric-stranded members made from round copper wires, either uncoated or coated with tin, lead, or lead-alloy for use as electrical conductors (Explanatory Note 1 and Note 2).
- 1.2 Coated wires shall include only those wires with finished diameters and densities substantially equal to the respective diameters and densities of uncoated wires.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification. For conductor sizes designated by AWG or kcmil, the requirements in SI units have been numerically converted from corresponding values, stated or derived, in inch-pound units. For conductor sizes designated by SI units only, the requirements are stated or derived in SI units.
- 1.3.1 For density, resistivity, and temperature, the values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect at the time of reference form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:

- ¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.04 on Conductors of Copper and Copper Alloys.
- Current edition approved April 1, 2017. Published April 2017. Originally approved in 1942 to replace portions of B158-41 T. Last previous edition approved in 2015 as B173-10 (2015). DOI: 10.1520/B0173-17.

- 2.2 ASTM Standards:²
- **B3** Specification for Soft or Annealed Copper Wire
- B8 Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Copper Conductors, Hard, Medium-Hard, or Soft
- B33 Specification for Tin-Coated Soft or Annealed Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes
- B172 Specification for Rope-Lay-Stranded Copper Conductors Having Bunch-Stranded Members, for Electrical Conductors
- B189 Specification for Lead-Coated and Lead-Alloy-Coated Soft Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes
- B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials
- B263 Test Method for Determination of Cross-Sectional Area of Stranded Conductors
- B354 Terminology Relating to Uninsulated Metallic Electrical Conductors
- 2.3 American National Standard:
- ANSI C42.35 Definitions of Electrical Terms³

3. Classification

- 3.1 For the purpose of this specification rope-lay-stranded conductors having concentric-stranded members are classified as follows:
- 3.1.1 Class G—Conductors consisting of 7 to 61 rope-lay-stranded members, each of which consists of 7 to 19 concentric-stranded wires, with total conductor sizes ranging from No. 14 AWG (2.08 mm²) to 5 000 000 cmil (2534 mm²). (Typical use is for rubber-sheathed conductor, apparatus conductor, portable conductor, and similar applications.)
- 3.1.2 Class H—Conductors consisting of 19 to 91 rope-lay-stranded members, each of which consists of 7 to 19 concentric-stranded wires, with total conductor sizes ranging from No. 9 AWG (6.63 mm²) to 5 000 000 cmil (2534 mm²).

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.



Class K construction produces a conductor with greater flexibility than class G. (Typical use is for rubber-sheathed cord and applications where flexibility is required such as on take-up reels over sheaves and extra-flexible apparatus conductor.)

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:
 - 4.1.1 Quantity of each size and class;
 - 4.1.2 Conductor size: circular-mil area or AWG (Section 7);
 - 4.1.3 Class (Section 3 and Tables 1 and 2);
- 4.1.4 Whether coated or uncoated; if coated, designate type of coating (see 11.1);
- 4.1.5 Details of special-purpose lays, if required (see 6.2 and 6.3) and (Explanatory Note 3);
 - 4.1.6 Package size (see 14.1);
 - 4.1.7 Special package marking, if required (Section 15);
 - 4.1.8 Lagging, if required (see 14.2); and
 - 4.1.9 Place of inspection (Section 13).

5. Joints

- 5.1 Necessary joints in wires or in groups of wires shall be made in accordance with accepted commercial practice, taking into account the size of the wire or group of wires as related to the size of the entire conductor.
- 5.2 Concentric-stranded members forming the completed conductor may be joined as a unit by soldering, brazing, or welding.
- 5.3 Joints shall be so constructed and so disposed throughout the conductor that the diameter or configuration of the completed conductor is not substantially affected, and so that the flexibility of the completed conductor is not adversely affected.

6. Lay (Explanatory Note 3)

- 6.1 Conductors of the same size and description furnished on one order shall have the same lay.
- 6.2 The length of lay of the outer layer of the rope-lay stranded conductor shall be not less than 8 nor more than 16 times the outside diameter of the completed conductor. The length of lay of the other layers shall be at the option of the manufacturer unless specifically agreed upon. The direction of lay of the outer layer shall be left-hand, unless the direction of lay is specified otherwise by the purchaser. The direction of lay of the other layers shall be reversed in successive layers, unless otherwise agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.
- 6.3 The length of lay of the individual wires composing the stranded members shall be not less than 8 nor more than 16 times the outside diameter of that layer. Unless otherwise specified, the direction of lay of the outer layer of wires shall be at the option of the manufacturer. The direction of lay shall be reversed in successive layers, unless otherwise agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

7. Construction

7.1 The area of cross section and the number and diameter of wires for a variety of strand constructions in general use are shown in Tables 1 and 2.

8. Physical and Electrical Tests

- 8.1 Tests for the electrical properties of wires composing conductors made from soft or annealed copper wire, bare or coated, shall be made before stranding.
- 8.2 Tests for the physical properties of soft or annealed copper wire, bare or coated, may be made upon the wires before stranding or upon wires removed from the completed stranded conductors, but need not be made upon both. Care shall be taken to avoid mechanical injury and stretching when removing wires from the conductor for the purpose of testing.
- 8.3 The physical properties of wire when tested before stranding shall conform to the applicable requirements of 11.1.
- 8.4 The physical properties of wires removed from the completed stranded conductor shall be permitted to vary from the applicable requirements of 11.1 by the following amounts: (Explanatory Note 4):
- 8.4.1 Average of Results Obtained on All Wires Tested—The percent minimum elongation may be reduced by the value of 5 % from the values required for unstranded wires as specified by Specifications B3, B33, or B189, as applicable. For example, where the unstranded wire specification requires minimum elongation of 30 %, wire of that material removed from Specification B173 stranded conductor shall meet a minimum elongation value of 25 %, a value 5 % reduction.
- 8.4.2 Results Obtained on Individual Wires—The percent minimum elongation may be reduced by the value of 15 % from the values required for unstranded wires as specified by Specifications B3, B33, or B189, as applicable. For example, where the unstranded wire specification requires minimum elongation of 30 % wire of that material removed from Specification B173 stranded conductor shall meet a minimum elongation value of 15 %. If the reduction results in minimum elongation of less than 5 %, a minimum of 5 % shall apply.
- 8.5 In the event that the requirements prescribed in 8.4.2 are met, but those prescribed in 8.4.1 are not met, a retest shall be permitted wherein all wires of a conductor of 100 wires or less, or 100 wires selected at random throughout a conductor of more than 100 wires shall be tested for the purpose of final determination for conformance to 8.4.
- 8.6 Elongation tests to determine compliance shall not be made on the conductor as a unit.
- 8.7 If a tinning, lead-coating, or lead-alloy-coating test is required, it shall be made on the wires prior to stranding.

9. Density

9.1 For the purpose of calculating mass, cross sections, etc., the density of copper shall be taken as 8.89 g/cm³ (0.32117 lb/in.³) at 20°C (Explanatory Note 5).

10. Mass and Resistance

10.1 The mass and electrical resistance of a unit length of stranded conductor are a function of the length of lay. The

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im DC e @20C	ohm/km	0.00765 0.00850 0.01085 0.01087 0.0128 0.0153 0.0212 0.0212 0.0225 0.0225 0.0239 0.0239 0.0239 0.0239 0.0239 0.0239 0.0239 0.0239 0.037	2.30
Copper Maximum DC Resistance @20C	ohm/ 1000 ft	0.00234 0.00259 0.00239 0.00238 0.00583 0.00583 0.00614 0.00614 0.00688 0.00688 0.00770 0.00770 0.00770 0.0129 0.0175 0.0145 0.0154 0.0210 0.0228 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0167 0.0177 0.0167 0.0177 0.0173 0.0173 0.0174 0.0256 0.0174 0.0210 0.0210 0.0226 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0328 0.0329 0.0	0.701
Tinned Copper Nominal DC Resistance @20C Resis	ohm/km	0.00750 0.00833 0.00938 0.0105 0.0125 0.0126 0.0197 0.0224 0.0224 0.0227 0.0227 0.0230 0.0310 0.0440 0.0679 0.0679 0.0679 0.0679 0.0679 0.0679 0.0679 0.0740 0.0679 0.0740 0.0679 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0740 0.0760 0.0779	2.25 2.84 3.59
Nomii Resistan	ohm/ 1000 ft	0.00229 0.00254 0.00286 0.00327 0.00572 0.00653 0.00673 0.00673 0.00673 0.00715 0.00715 0.00715 0.0103 0.0103 0.0103 0.0103 0.0103 0.0103 0.0103 0.0104 0.0103 0.0104 0.0104 0.0108 0.01	0.867 1.09
Copper Maximum DC Resistance @20C	ohm/km	0.00035 0.00920 0.01052 0.01122 0.01124 0.0194 0.0210 0.0221 0.0221 0.0221 0.0221 0.0232 0.0232 0.0234 0.0234 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0236 0.0337 0.0367 0.0367 0.0667 0.0667 0.0663 0.06	2.73
Uncoated Copper DC Maxim ce Resistan	ohm/ 1000 ft	0.00224 0.00281 0.00281 0.00320 0.00320 0.00561 0.00663 0.00641 0.00663 0.00701 0.00701 0.0139 0.0139 0.0139 0.0148 0.0139 0.0148 0.0221 0.0221 0.0224 0.0368 0.0368 0.0368 0.0443 0.0656 0.0656 0.0656 0.0656 0.0656 0.0656	0.832
Uncoate	شکا/ساک // ft ohm/km	0.00721 0.00801 0.0103 0.01103 0.01140 0.0140 0.0206 0.0202 0.0228 0.0228 0.0228 0.0228 0.0228 0.0228 0.0228 0.0357 0.0550 0.055	2.68
Nomir Resis	ohm/ 1000 ft	0.00220 0.00244 0.002146 0.00314 0.00550 0.00579 0.006171 0.00687 0.00687 0.00687 0.00687 0.00838 0.0181 0.0181 0.0217 0.0217 0.0210 0.0310	0.816 1.03
uctor ^B Nominal Mass	kg/km	23 888 21 479 19 069 16 741 14 338 11 924 9536 9077 8594 8358 8125 7102 6631 6631 6631 6631 6154 5212 2840 2840 2840 2840 2840 2840 2840 284	60.4 60.4 48.5
Completed Conductor ^B al Nomir er Mas	1000 ft	16 052 17 4433 11 249 19 0535 8015 6099 6708 6099 6775 5617 5775 5617 5775 5775 5775 5775	51.7 40.6 32.6
Comple Nominal Diameter	E E	7.7.7.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8	4 6. 6. 7. 8 6.
Nor	<u>.</u>	2.957 2.804 2.804 2.642 2.2475 2.086 1.866 1.820 1.747 1.747 1.722 1.601 1.601 1.601 1.601 1.601 1.601 1.601 1.601 1.603 1.160	0.166
Number	- Wires in Each Member	むむちむむむむむむむむちゃくレントレントレントレントレントレントレント	\ \ \ \
Diameter of	E Salawa	1.58 1.49 1.29 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23 1.23	0.47
Diar	ïĘ	0.0657 0.05587 0.05587 0.05587 0.05587 0.05583	0.0184 0.0163 0.0146
Number	of Wires	1159 1159 1159 1159 1159 1050 1050 1050	4 4 6 4 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Size		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	x e 0
Cross	mm ²	2534 2280 2280 1520 1520 1013 963 963 963 963 965 965 965 965 965 965 965 965	8.37 6.63 5.26
Area of Cross Section	cmil	5 000 000 4 5 000 000 3 5 000 000 2 5 000 000 1 900 000 1 750 000 1 100 000 1 250 000 1 250 000 1 250 000 1 250 000 1 250 000 2 550 000 3 50 000 2 50 000 3 50 000 3 50 000 5 50 000 6 50 000 6 50 000 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	18 510 13 090 10 380

TABLE 1 Continued

	m DC 9 @20C	ohm/km	5.81
Sopper	Maximum DC Resistance @20C	ohm/ 1000 ft	1.77
Tinned Copper	Nominal DC Resistance @20C	ohm/km	5.70
	Nomin Resistano	ohm/ 1000 ft	1.74
	Maximum DC Resistance @20C	ohm/km	5.48
Uncoated Copper	Maximu Resistano	ohm/ 1000 ft	1.67
Uncoate	Nominal DC Resistance @20C	ohm/km	5.37
	Nomin Resis @2	ohm/ 1000 ft	1.64
or ^B	Nominal Mass	kg/km	30.1
Completed Conductor ^B	Z	lb/ 1000 ft	20.2
Comple	Nominal Diameter	шш	2.6
		. <u>ci</u>	0.104
	Number of	in Each Member	7 7
	eter f es	шш	0.29
	Diameter of Wires	ï.	0.0092
Area of Cross Section Size Number AWG of Cmil mm²		49	
		5	2 +
		mm ²	3.31
		cmil	6530

A The constructions shown in this table are typical of those used in the industry. It is not intended that this table preclude other constructions that may be desirable for specific applications. The constructions shown provide for a finished, non-covered, stranded conductor approximately of the area indicated. When specified by the purchaser, the number or size of wires may be increased to provide additional area to compensate for draw-down during subsequent processing.

B Values for the nominal diameter and mass of the completed conductor are approximate. The mass values are based upon the standard stranding increments listed in Explanatory Note 6.

TABLE 2 Constructional and DC Resistance Requirements of Rope-Lay Stranded Copper Conductors Having Concentric-Stranded Members—Class H^A

																i		
								Complete	Completed Conductor	0		Uncoate	Uncoated Copper			Inned Copper	pper	
Area of Cross Section	of ction	Size	Number of	Diameter of Wires	iter of es	Number of Wires	Nominal Diameter	Diameter	o N	Nominal Mass	Nomir Resis @2	Nominal DC Resistance @20C	Maximum DC Resistance @20	Maximum DC Resistance @20C	Nominal DC Resistance @20C	al DC e @20C	Maximum DC Resistance @20C	n DC ince C
cmil	mm ²	5	Wires	.⊑i	шш	Each Member	. <u>:</u>	m m	1000 ft	kg/km	ohm/ 1000 ft	ohm/km	ohm/ 1000 ft	ohm/km	ohm/ 1000 ft	ohm/km	ohm/ 1000 o	ohm/km
5 000 000	2534	:	1729	0.0538	1.37	19	2.959	75.2	16 057	23 896	0.00220	0.00721	0.00224	0.00735	0.00229			0.00765
4 500 000	2280	:	1729	0.0510	1.30	19	2.805	71.2	14 429	21 473	0.00244	0.00801	0.00249	0.00817	0.00254	0.00833 0	_	0.00850
4 000 000	2027	:	1729	0.0481	1.22	6 9	2.646	67.2	12 835	19 101	0.00275	0.00902	0.00281	0.00920	0.00286		0	0.00957
3 500 000	1773	:	1729	0.0450	1.14	9 5	2.475	62.9	11 234	16 718	0.00314	0.0103	0.00320	0.0105	0.00327			0.0109
3 000 000	1520	:	1159	0.0417	00.1	<u> </u>	2.294	53.0	9647 8006	11 915	0.00366	0.0120	0.003/3	0.0122	0.00381	0.0125 0	0.00389	0.0128
2000000	1013	:	1159	0.0404	 	2 0	1 868	47.4	6405	9531	0.00440	0.01	0.00443	0.0147	0.00572			0.00
1 900 000	963	: :	1159	0.0405	1.03	9 6	1.823	46.3	6100	9077	0.00579	0.0190	0.00591	0.0194	0.00602			0.0201
1 800 000	912	:	1159	0.0394	1.00	19	1.773	45.0	5773	8591	0.00611	0.0200	0.00623	0.0204	0.00635			0.0212
1 750 000	887	:	1159	0.0389	0.99	19	1.751	44.5	5627	8374	0.00628	0.0206	0.00641	0.0210	0.00653			0.0218
1 700 000	861	:	1159	0.0383	0.97	19	1.724	43.8	5455	8118	0.00647	0.0212	0.00660	0.0216	0.00672			0.0225
1 600 000	811	:	1159	0.0372	0.94	19	1.674	42.5	5146	7658	0.00687	0.0225	0.00701	0.0230	0.00715		0	0.0239
1 500 000	760	:	703	0.0462	1.17	19	1.617	41.1	4815	7165	0.00733	0.0240	0.00748	0.0245	0.00762			0.0255
1 400 000	607	:	703	0.0446	1.13	ი :	1.561	39.6	448/	//99	0.00785	0.0258	0.00801	0.0263	0.00817			0.0273
1 300 000	629	:	703	0.0430	1.09	0 0	1.505	38.2	4171	6207	0.00846	0.0277	0.00863	0.0283	0.00879	0.0289 0		0.0295
1 250 000	633	:	703	0.0422	70.1	<u> </u>	1.477	37.5	4017	5978	0.00879	0.0289	0.00897	0.0295	0.00915	0.0300 0	0.00933	0.0306
1 100 000	000	:	702	0.0413	5.5	. c	1 386	35.7	3537	5720	0.00900	0.000	0.00334	0.0307	0.0033	,		0.0319
1 000 000	507	: :	703	0.0330	96.0	<u> </u>	1320	33.5	3206	4771	0.0110	0.0353	0.0102	0.0368	0.0104	_		0.0383
000 006	456		703	0.0358	0.91	61	1.253	31.8	2891	4302	0.0122	0.0401	0.0124	0.0409	0.0127			0.0425
800 000	405	:	703	0.0337	0.86	19	1.180	30.0	2562	3812	0.0137	0.0451	0.0140	0.0460	0.0143			0.0478
750 000	380	:	703	0.0327	0.83	19	1.145	29.1	2412	3589	0.0147	0.0481	0.0150	0.0491	0.0152			0.0510
700 000	355	:	703	0.0316	0.80	19	1.106	28.1	2252	3352	0.0157	0.0515	0.0160	0.0525	0.0163			0.0547
000 069	323	:	703	0.0304	0.77	<u> </u>	1.064	27.0	5005	3102	0.0169	0.0555	2/10.0	0.0566	0.01 /6			0.0589
600 000	304 270	:	703	0.0292	0.74	<u> </u>	0.022	0.02	1768	2862	0.0183	0.0001	0.0187	0.0013	0.0191	0.0682	0.0195	0.0638
200 000	253	: :	427	0.0342	0.87	2 ~	0.923	23.4	1587	2362	0.0218	0.0715	0.0222	0.0729	0.0226			0.0758
450 000	228	: :	427	0.0325	0.83	7	0.878	22.3	1433	2133	0.0242	0.0794	0.0247	0.0810	0.0252			0.0843
400 000	203	:	427	0.0306	0.78	7	0.826	21.0	1271	1891	0.0272	0.0893	0.0277	0.0911	0.0283			0.0948
320 000	177	:	427	0.0286	0.73	7	0.772	19.6	1110	1652	0.0311	0.102	0.0317	0.104	0.0324		0.0330	0.108
300 000	152	:	427	0.0265	0.67	- 1	0.716	6 8 6 7	953	1418	0.0363	0.119	0.0370	0.121	0.0377		0.0385	0.126
250 000	101		724	0.0242	0.0	- 1	0.653	0.0 0.0	670	1183	0.0436	0 24. 0	0.0440	0.146	0.0455	0.149	0.0462	0.132
167 800	82	000	259	0.0255	0.65		0.536	2.6	533	793	0.0646	0.10	0.0659	0.216	0.0672		0.0685	0.225
133 100	67.4	8	259	0.0227	0.58	7	0.477	12.1	422	628	0.0814	0.267	0.0830	0.272	0.0847		0.0864	0.283
105 600	53.5	0	259	0.0202	0.51	7	0.424	10.8	334	497	0.103	0.337	0.105	0.344	0.107		0.109	0.357
83 690	42.2	-	259	0.0180	0.46	7	0.378	9.6	265	395	0.129	0.425	0.132	0.434	0.138	0.451	0.141	0.460
098 99	33.6	α (259	0.0160	0.41	_ 1	0.335	8.5	210	312	0.163	0.536	0.167	0.547	0.173	0.569	0.176	0.580
52 620	7.97	n.	133	0.0199	0.51	\ 1	0.299	9.7	166	247	0.205	0.672	0.209	0.685	0.218	0.714	0.222	0.729
41 740	21.1	4 п	133	0.0177	0.45	<u> </u>	0.266	80.00	131	195	0.258	0.848	0.264	0.865	0.274	0.900	0.279	0.918 1.16
26 240	12.0	റധ	123	0.0130	0.40	- ^	0.237	9 K	103 82 1	122	0.320	 %	0.332	9. 6	0.340	1 4 4	0.333	1.10
20 820	10.5	o	133	0.0125	0.32		0.188	. 4 . 8	65.4	97.4	0.518	. 5	0.528	1.73	0.550		0.561	25.5
16 510	8.37	. ∞	133	0.0111	0.28		0.167	5.4	51.6	76.8	0.653	2.14	0.666	2.18	0.694	2.28	0.708	2.33
13 090	6.63	၈	133	0.0099	0.25		0.149	3.8	41.0	61.1	0.824	2.70	0.840	2.75	0.885	2.90	0.903	2.96
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A The constructions shown in this table are typical of those used in the industry. It is not intended that this table preclude other constructions that may be desirable for specific applications. The constructions shown provide for a finished, non-covered, stranded conductor approximately of the area indicated. When specified by the purchaser, the number or size of wires may be increased to provide additional area to compensate for draw-down during subsequent processing.

B Values for the nominal diameter and mass of the completed conductor are approximate. The mass values are based upon the standard stranding increments listed in Explanatory Note 6.

approximate mass and electrical resistance may be determined using the standard increments shown in Explanatory Note 6. When greater accuracy is desired, the increment based on the specific lay of the conductor may be calculated (Explanatory Note 7).

- 10.2 The maximum electrical resistance of a unit of stranded conductor shall not exceed 2 % over the nominal DC resistance shown in Table 1 and Table 2. When the DC resistance is measured at other than 20°C, it is to be corrected by using the multiplying factor given in Table 3.
- 10.3 For conductors to be used in covered or insulated wires or cables, direct current (DC) resistance measurements shall be used instead of the method outlined in Section 12 to determine compliance with this specification.

11. Requirements for Wires

- 11.1 The purchaser shall designate the type of wire and type of coating, if any, to be used in the conductor.
- 11.1.1 Before stranding, uncoated wire shall meet the requirements of Specification B3.
- 11.1.2 Before stranding, tinned wire shall meet the requirements of Specification B33.
- 11.1.3 Before stranding, lead coated and lead-alloy coated wire shall meet the requirements of Specification B189.
- 11.2 These requirements shall not prohibit the manufacture of conductors from uncoated hard-drawn wires which are annealed after stranding.

12. Variation in Area

12.1 The calculated area of cross section of a stranded conductor expressed in circular mils shall be the product of the

TABLE 3 Temperature Correction Factors for Conductor Resistance

Temperature, °C	Multiplying Factor for Conversion to 20°C
0	1.085
5	1.063
10	1.041
15	1.020
20	1.000
25	.981
30	.962
35	.944
40	.927
45	.911
50	.895
55	.879
60	.864
65	.850
70	.836
75	.822
80	.809
85	.797
90	.784

square of the specified diameter in mils of the individual wires times the number of wires prescribed (Note 1).

Note 1—The calculated area of such cables as may incorporate more than one size of component wires should be the sum of the areas of the different sizes of wires.

- 12.2 The area of cross section of a completed stranded conductor designated as an AWG size shall be not less than 98 % of the area indicated in Column 1 of Tables 1 and 2 for sizes 211 600 cmil (107 mm 2) and smaller. The area of cross section of a completed stranded conductor not designated as an AWG size shall be not less than 98 % of a calculated value obtained as prescribed in 10.1.
- 12.3 The area of cross section of a conductor shall be determined by Test Method B263. In applying this method, the increment of linear density resulting from stranding may be the applicable value listed in Explanatory Note 6 or may be calculated from the measured component dimensions of the sample under test. In case of question regarding area compliance, the actual linear density increment due to stranding shall be calculated.

13. Inspection

13.1 All tests and inspection shall be made at the place of manufacture unless otherwise especially agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser at the time of purchase. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector representing the purchaser all reasonable facilities, without charge, to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with this specification.

14. Packaging and Package Marking

- 14.1 Package sizes for conductors shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser in the placing of individual orders.
- 14.2 The conductors shall be protected against damage in ordinary handling and shipping. If heavy wood lagging is required, it shall be specified by the purchaser at the time of purchase.

15. Marking

15.1 The net mass, length (or lengths, if more than one length is included in the package), size, kind of conductor, purchase order number, and any other marks required by the purchase order shall be marked on a tag attached to the end of the conductor inside of the package. The same information, together with the manufacturer's serial number (if any) and all shipping marks required by the purchaser, shall appear on the outside of each package.

16. Keywords

16.1 copper electrical conductor; electrical conductor—copper; rope-lay-stranded copper conductors; stranded copper conductor



EXPLANATORY NOTES

Note 1—In this specification only rope-lay-stranded conductors constructed with concentric-stranded members are designated. Requirements for rope-lay-stranded conductors constructed with *bunch-stranded* members will be found in Specification B172. Requirements for concentric-lay-stranded conductors will be found in Specification B8.

Note 2—For definitions of terms relating to conductors, reference should be made to ANSI C42.35 and Terminology B354.

Note 3—Certain types of insulated conductors may require a shorter lay than other conductors. It is expected that departures from the provisions of this specification because of special requirements relative to length of lay, direction of lay, and direction of lay of successive layers will be agreed upon by the manufacturer and the purchaser.

Note 4—Wires removed from stranded conductors and straightened for tests will have altered physical properties due to cold working of the material. The reduced elongation requirement for wires removed from stranded conductors reflects this condition.

Note 5—The value of density of copper is in accordance with the International Annealed Copper Standard. The corresponding value at 0°C is 8.90 g/cm³ (0.32150 lb/in.³). Density calculations involving coated wire should consider the variation of coated wire density from the density of uncoated copper wire. The relative affect of the coating density on the overall wire density becomes greater as wire diameters decrease.

Note 6—The following values approximate the incremental increase in mass and resistance of rope-lay stranded conductor as a result of stranding. The values are sufficiently accurate for most purposes and may be used when more precise values are not available. They are as follows:

Construction Rope-lay-stranded conductors (Classes G and H):	Increment of Linear Density and Resistance,
49 wires or less	3
133 wires	4
259 wires	4.5
427 wires	5
Over 427 wires	6

Note 7—Any calculation of the increment of mass or electrical resistance, k, of a rope-lay-stranded conductor involves two independent calculations:

- (1) Determination of the increment due to stranding of the individual members, and
- (2) Determination of the increment due to twisting these members to form the completed conductor.

In the case of a rope-lay-stranded conductor having concentric-stranded members, the increment k, in percent, may be expressed as:

$$k = k_m + k_a + k_m k_a / 100$$

where:

- $k_{
 m m}=$ is the increment of mass or electrical resistance, in percent, of an individual concentric-stranded member before twisting into the completed conductor, calculated as described in Specification B8, Note 9, and
- k_a = is the increment of mass or electrical resistance, in percent, due to twisting the concentric-stranded members into the completed conductor, calculated as described in Specification B8, Note 9, with each member considered as an individual wire.

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