



Standard Specification for Ductile Iron Gravity Sewer Pipe¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers 4 to 64-in. ductile iron gravity sewer pipe centrifugally cast with push-on joints. This specification may be used for pipe with other types of joints, as may be agreed upon at the time of purchase.

1.2 This specification covers trench load design procedures for both cement-lined pipe and flexible-lined pipe. Maximum depth of cover tables are included for both types of linings.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D2487 Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System)

D3282 Practice for Classification of Soils and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures for Highway Construction Purposes

E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

E23 Test Methods for Notched Bar Impact Testing of Metallic Materials

2.2 ANSI/AWWA Standards:

C104/A21.4 Cement Mortar Lining for Ductile-Iron Pipe and Fittings for Water³

C111/A21.11 Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings³

C150/A21.50 Thickness Design of Ductile-Iron Pipe³

C600 Installation of Ductile-Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances

2.3 ASCE Standards:

Manuals and Reports on Engineering Practice, No. 37, (WCPF Manual of Practice No. 9). "Design and Construction of Sanitary and Storm Sewers"⁴

2.4 AASHTO Standard:

AASHTO T-99 Standard Method of Test for the Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 5.5 lb (2.5 kg) Rammer and a 12 in. (305 mm) Drop

3. Terminology

3.1 Symbols:

3.1.1 A —outside radius of pipe,

$$ft = \frac{D}{24}$$

$$\left(\text{in metres} = \frac{D}{2000} \right)$$

3.1.2 a —conversion factor, lb/ft² to psi = 144 (kN/m² to kPa = 1)

3.1.3 B —1.5 ft (0.457 m)

3.1.4 b —Effective pipe length: 36 in. (0.914 m)

3.1.5 C —surface load factor, Table 1

3.1.6 D —outside diameter, in., Table 2

3.1.7 E —modulus of elasticity, 24×10^6 psi (165.5×10^6 kPa)

3.1.8 E' —modulus of soil reaction, psi, Table 3

3.1.9 F —impact factor, 1.5

3.1.10 f —design bending stress, 48 000 psi (331×10^3 kPa)

3.1.11 H —depth of cover, ft (m)

3.1.12 K_b —bending moment coefficient, Table 3

3.1.13 K_x —deflection coefficient, Table 3

3.1.14 P —wheel load, 16 000 lb (7257 kg)

3.1.15 P_e —earth load, psi (kPa)

3.1.16 P_t —truck load, psi (kPa)

3.1.17 P_v —trench load, psi (kPa) = $P_e + P_t$

3.1.18 R —reduction factor which takes into account the fact that the part of the pipe directly below the wheels is aided in

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

⁴ Available from American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), 1801 Alexander Bell Dr., Reston, VA 20191, http://www.asce.org.

TABLE 1 Surface Load Factors for Single Truck on Unpaved Road

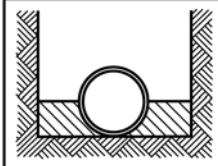
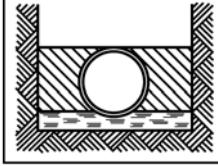
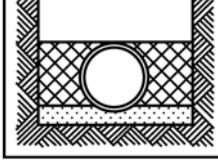
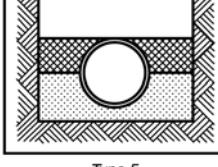
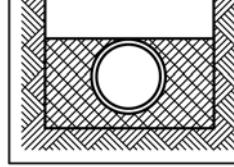
Depth of Cover ft	Pipe Size—in.								
	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
	Surface Load Factor—C								
2.5	0.0589	0.0713	0.1020	0.1328	0.1615	0.1901	0.2178	0.2443	0.2698
3	0.0437	0.0530	0.0759	0.0990	0.1207	0.1424	0.1637	0.1843	0.2044
4	0.0265	0.0321	0.0460	0.0602	0.0736	0.0871	0.1005	0.1136	0.1265
5	0.0176	0.0213	0.0306	0.0401	0.0490	0.0581	0.0672	0.0761	0.0849
6	0.0125	0.0151	0.0217	0.0284	0.0348	0.0413	0.0478	0.0542	0.0606
7	0.0093	0.0113	0.0162	0.0212	0.0260	0.0308	0.0357	0.0405	0.0453
8	0.0072	0.0087	0.0125	0.0164	0.0201	0.0238	0.0276	0.0313	0.0350
9	0.0057	0.0069	0.0099	0.0130	0.0160	0.0190	0.0219	0.0249	0.0279
10	0.0046	0.0056	0.0081	0.0106	0.0130	0.0154	0.0179	0.0203	0.0227
12	0.0032	0.0039	0.0056	0.0074	0.0091	0.0108	0.0125	0.0142	0.0159
14	0.0024	0.0029	0.0042	0.0055	0.0067	0.0080	0.0092	0.0105	0.0117
16	0.0018	0.0022	0.0032	0.0042	0.0051	0.0061	0.0071	0.0080	0.0090
20	0.0012	0.0014	0.0020	0.0027	0.0033	0.0039	0.0045	0.0052	0.0058
24	0.0008	0.0010	0.0014	0.0019	0.0023	0.0027	0.0032	0.0036	0.0040
28	0.0006	0.0007	0.0010	0.0014	0.0017	0.0020	0.0023	0.0026	0.0030
32	0.0005	0.0006	0.0008	0.0011	0.0013	0.0015	0.0018	0.0020	0.0023
Depth of Cover ft	Pipe Size—in.								
	20	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	64
	Surface Load Factor—C								
2.5	0.2941	0.3390	0.3962	0.4437	0.4813	0.5115	0.5366	0.5488	0.5592
3	0.2237	0.2602	0.3085	0.3507	0.3857	0.4153	0.4412	0.4543	0.4657
4	0.1391	0.1635	0.1972	0.2284	0.2559	0.2808	0.3040	0.3164	0.3277
5	0.0936	0.1106	0.1347	0.1576	0.1786	0.1982	0.2173	0.2278	0.2377
6	0.0669	0.0793	0.0970	0.1143	0.1304	0.1458	0.1612	0.1698	0.1781
7	0.0500	0.0594	0.0730	0.0863	0.0988	0.1111	0.1235	0.1306	0.1374
8	0.0387	0.0461	0.0567	0.0672	0.0773	0.0871	0.0973	0.1031	0.1088
9	0.0309	0.0367	0.0453	0.0538	0.0620	0.0700	0.0784	0.0833	0.0880
10	0.0251	0.0299	0.0370	0.0440	0.0507	0.0574	0.0644	0.0685	0.0725
12	0.0176	0.0210	0.0259	0.0309	0.0357	0.0405	0.0456	0.0486	0.0515
14	0.0130	0.0155	0.0192	0.0229	0.0265	0.0301	0.0339	0.0362	0.0384
16	0.0100	0.0119	0.0147	0.0176	0.0204	0.0232	0.0262	0.0279	0.0297
20	0.0064	0.0076	0.0095	0.0113	0.0131	0.0149	0.0169	0.0181	0.0192
24	0.0045	0.0053	0.0066	0.0079	0.0091	0.0104	0.0118	0.0126	0.0134
28	0.0033	0.0039	0.0049	0.0058	0.0067	0.0077	0.0087	0.0093	0.0099
32	0.0025	0.0030	0.0037	0.0044	0.0052	0.0059	0.0067	0.0071	0.0076

TABLE 2 Nominal Thicknesses for Standard Pressure Classes of Ductile-Iron Pipe

Size, in.	Outside Diameter, in. (mm)	Pressure Class					
		150	200	250	300	350	
		Nominal Thickness, in. (mm)					
3	3.96 (100.6)	...	...	...	...	0.25 ^a (6.4)
4	4.80 (121.9)	...	...	...	...	0.25 ^a (6.4)
6	6.90 (175.3)	...	...	...	...	0.25 ^a (6.4)
8	9.05 (229.9)	...	...	...	...	0.25 ^a (6.4)
10	11.10 (281.9)	...	...	...	...	0.26 (6.6)
12	13.20 (335.3)	...	...	...	...	0.28 (7.1)
14	15.30 (388.6)	...	...	0.28 (7.1)	0.30 (7.6)	0.31 (7.9)
16	17.40 (442.0)	...	0.30 (7.6)	0.32 (8.1)	0.34 (8.6)		
18	19.50 (495.3)	...	0.31 (7.9)	0.34 (8.6)	0.36 (9.1)		
20	21.60 (548.6)	...	0.33 (8.4)	0.36 (9.1)	0.38 (9.7)		
24	25.80 (655.3)	0.33 (8.4)	0.37 (9.4)	0.40 (10.2)	0.43 (10.9)		
30	32.00 (812.8)	0.34 (8.6)	0.38 (9.7)	0.42 (10.7)	0.45 (11.4)	0.49 (12.4)	
36	38.30 (972.8)	0.38 (9.7)	0.42 (10.7)	0.47 (11.9)	0.51 (12.9)	0.56 (14.2)	
42	44.50 (1130.3)	0.41 (10.4)	0.47 (11.9)	0.52 (13.2)	0.57 (14.5)	0.63 (16.0)	
48	50.80 (1290.3)	0.46 (11.7)	0.52 (13.2)	0.58 (14.7)	0.64 (16.3)	0.70 (17.8)	
54	57.56 (1450.3)	0.51 (12.9)	0.58 (14.7)	0.65 (16.5)	0.72 (18.3)	0.79 (20.1)	
60	61.61 (1564.9)	0.54 (13.7)	0.61 (15.5)	0.68 (17.3)	0.76 (19.3)	0.83 (21.1)	
64	65.67 (1668.0)	0.56 (14.2)	0.64 (16.3)	0.72 (18.3)	0.80 (20.3)	0.87 (22.1)	

^a Calculated thicknesses for these sizes and pressure ratings are less than those shown above. Presently these are the lowest nominal thicknesses available in these sizes.

TABLE 3 Design Values for Standard Laying Conditions^A

Laying Condition	Description	E' psi ^B	Bedding Angle, °	K _b	K _x
 Type 1	Flat-bottom trench ^C loose backfill. ^D	150	30	0.235	0.108
 Type 2	Flat-bottom trench ^C Backfill lightly consolidated to centerline of pipe.	300	45	0.210	0.105
 Type 3	Pipe bedded in 4-in. (102 mm) min loose soil ^E Backfill lightly consolidated to top of pipe.	400	60	0.189	0.103
 Type 4	Pipe bedded in sand, gravel, or crushed stone to depth of 1/8 pipe diameter, 4-in. (102 mm) min. Backfill compacted to top of pipe. (Approximately 80 percent Standard Proctor, AASHTO T-99) ^F	500	90	0.157	0.096
 Type 5	Pipe bedded in compacted granular material to centerline of pipe, 4 in. (102 mm) minimum under pipe. Compacted granular ^G or select ^E material to top of pipe. (Approximately 90 percent Standard Proctor, AASHTO T-99)	700	150	0.128	0.085
 Type "Deep Bur"	Pipe bedded to the top of the pipe with angular graded stone (1/4 - to 1 1/2 - in.) or well-graded gravel . Minimum under pipe. Compact the angular graded stone or well-graded gravel to top of pipe. (Approximately 95 percent Standard Proctor, AASHTO T-99)	1500	150	0.128	0.085

^A Consideration of the pipe-zone embedment conditions included in this table may be influenced by factors other than pipe strength. For additional information see ANSI/AWWA C600, Standard for Installation of Ductile-Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances.

^B 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.

^C Flat-bottom is defined as undisturbed earth.

^D For pipe 14 in. (350 mm) and larger, consideration should be given to use of laying conditions other than Type 1.

^E Loose soil or select material is defined as native soil excavated from the trench, free of rocks, foreign materials, and frozen earth.

^F American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, 444 N. Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 225, Washington D.C. 20001.

^G Granular materials are defined per AASHTO Soil Classification System (Classification D2487), with the exception that gravel bedding and gravel backfill adjacent to the pipe is limited to 2 in. maximum particle size per ANSI/AWWA C600.

carrying the truck load by adjacent parts of the pipe that receive little or no load from the wheels, **Table 4**

- 3.1.19 t —net thickness, in. (mm)
- 3.1.20 t_1 —minimum manufacturing thickness, in., $t + 0.08$, (in mm, $t + 2.0$)
- 3.1.21 w —soil weight, 120 lb/ft³ (18.85 kN/m³)
- 3.1.22 ΔX —design deflection, in. (mm),
[$\Delta X = 0.03 D$], or [$(\Delta X = 0.05 D)$ for flexible linings]

4. General Requirements

4.1 The pipe shall be ductile iron in accordance with Section 9.

4.2 Push-on joints shall comply with all applicable requirements of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11.

Pipe with other types of joints shall comply with the joint dimensions and weights agreed upon at the time of purchase, but in all other respects shall fulfill the requirements of this specification.

4.3 Unless otherwise specified, pipe shall have a nominal length of 18 or 20 ft (5.5 or 6.1 m). A maximum of 20 % of the total number of pipe of each size specified in an order may be furnished as much as 24 in. (610 mm) shorter than the nominal laying length, and an additional 10 % may be furnished as much as 6 in. (152 mm) shorter than the nominal laying length.

5. Tolerances or Permitted Variations

5.1 *Dimensions*—The spigot end, bell, and socket of the pipe and the accessories shall be gaged with suitable gages at sufficiently frequent intervals to assure that the dimensions comply with the requirements of this specification. The smallest inside diameter (ID) of the sockets and the outside diameter (OD) of the spigot ends shall be tested with circular gauges. Other socket dimensions shall be gauged as may be appropriate.

5.2 *Thickness*—Minus thickness tolerances of pipe shall not exceed those shown in **Table 5**.

NOTE 1—An additional minus tolerance of 0.02 in. (0.5 mm) shall be permitted along the barrel of the pipe for a distance not to exceed 12 in. (305 mm).

5.3 *Weight*—The weight of any single pipe shall not be less than the tabulated weight by more than 6 % for pipe 12 in. or smaller in diameter, or by more than 5 % for pipe larger than 12 in. in diameter.

TABLE 5 Allowances for Casting Tolerance

Size, in.	Casting Tolerance, in. (mm)
3–8	0.05 (1.3)
10–12	0.06 (1.5)
14–42	0.07 (1.8)
48	0.08 (2.0)
54–64	0.09 (2.3)

6. Coating and Lining

6.1 *Outside Coating*—The outside coating for use under normal conditions shall be a shop applied coating approximately 1 mil (0.025 mm) thick. The coating shall be applied to the outside of all pipe, unless otherwise specified. The finished coating shall be continuous and smooth, neither brittle when cold, nor sticky when exposed to the sun, and shall be strongly adherent to the pipe.

6.2 *Cement-Mortar Linings*—Unless otherwise specified, the lining shall be cement-mortar in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4.

6.3 *Special Linings*—For severely aggressive wastes, other types of linings may be available. Such special linings shall be specified in the invitation for bids and on the purchase order.

7. Pipe Design

7.1 *Step 1*—Design for trench load.

7.1.1 Determine the trench load, P_v . **Table 6** gives the trench load, including the earth load, P_e , plus the truck load, P_t , for 2.5 to 32 ft (0.76 to 9.75 m) of cover.

7.1.2 Determine the standard laying condition from the descriptions in **Table 3** and select the appropriate table for diameter-thickness ratios from **Tables 7–12**. Each table lists diameter-thickness ratios calculated for both bending and deflection over a range of trench loads.

7.1.3 Refer to the column headed “Bending-Stress Design” in the appropriate table of **Tables 7–12**, and locate the tabulated trench load P_v from Sec. 7.1.1. If the calculated P_v is halfway between two tabulated values, use the larger P_v value. Select the corresponding D/t value for this P_v . Divide the pipe’s outside diameter D (**Table 2**) by the D/t value to obtain the net thickness t required for bending stress design.

7.2 *Step 2*—Addition of service allowance.

7.2.1 Add the service allowance of 0.08 in. (2.0 mm) to the net thickness t . The resulting thickness is the minimum thickness t_1 .

TABLE 4 Reduction Factors (R) for Truck Load Calculations

Size, in.	Depth of Cover, ft (m)			
	<4 (1.2)	4 to 7 (1.2 to 2.1)	>7 to 10 (2.4 to 3.0)	>10 (3.0)
	Reduction Factor			
3 to 12	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
14	0.92	1.00	1.00	1.00
16	0.88	0.95	1.00	1.00
18	0.85	0.90	1.00	1.00
20	0.83	0.90	0.95	1.00
24 to 30	0.81	0.85	0.95	1.00
36 to 64	0.80	0.85	0.90	1.00

TABLE 6 Earth Loads (P_e) Truck Loads (P_t) and Trench Loads (P_v), psi^A

Depth of Cover, ft (m)	P_e	3-in. Pipe		4-in. Pipe		6-in. Pipe		8-in. Pipe		10-in. Pipe		12-in. Pipe		14-in. Pipe		16-in. Pipe		18-in. Pipe		20-in. Pipe	
		P_t	P_v	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$
2.5 (0.8)	2.1	9.9	12.0	9.9	12.0	9.9	12.0	9.8	11.9	9.7	11.8	9.6	11.7	8.7	10.8	8.2	10.3	7.8	9.9	7.5	9.6
3 (0.9)	2.5	7.4	9.9	7.4	9.9	7.3	9.8	7.3	9.8	7.2	9.7	7.2	9.7	6.6	9.1	6.2	8.7	5.9	8.4	5.7	8.2
4 (1.2)	3.3	4.4	7.7	4.5	7.8	4.4	7.7	4.4	7.7	4.4	7.7	4.4	7.7	4.1	7.4	3.9	7.2	3.9	7.2		
5 (1.5)	4.2	3.0	7.2	3.0	7.2	3.0	7.2	3.0	7.2	2.9	7.1	2.9	7.1	2.8	7.0	2.6	6.8	2.6	6.8		
6 (1.8)	5.0	2.1	7.1	2.1	7.1	2.1	7.1	2.1	7.1	2.1	7.1	2.1	7.1	2.0	7.0	1.9	6.9	1.9	6.9		
7 (2.1)	5.8	1.6	7.4	1.6	7.4	1.6	7.4	1.6	7.4	1.6	7.4	1.6	7.4	1.5	7.3	1.4	7.2	1.4	7.2		
8 (2.4)	6.7	1.2	7.9	1.2	7.9	1.2	7.9	1.2	7.9	1.2	7.9	1.2	7.9	1.2	7.9	1.1	7.8				
9 (2.7)	7.5	1.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	1.0	8.5	0.9	8.4		
10 (3.0)	8.3	0.8	9.1	0.8	9.1	0.8	9.1	0.8	9.1	0.8	9.1	0.8	9.1	0.8	9.1	0.8	9.1	0.7	9.0		
12 (3.7)	10.0	0.6	10.6	0.6	10.6	0.6	10.6	0.6	10.6	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5
14 (4.3)	11.7	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1
16 (4.9)	13.3	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6
20 (6.1)	16.7	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9
24 (7.3)	20.0	0.2	20.2	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1
28 (8.5)	23.3	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4
32 (9.8)	26.7	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8
Depth of Cover, ft (m)	P_e	24-in. Pipe		30-in. Pipe		36-in. Pipe		42-in. Pipe		48-in. Pipe		54-in. Pipe		60-in. Pipe		64-in. Pipe					
		P_t	P_v	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$	$P_t$	$P_v$
2.5 (0.8)	2.1	7.1	9.2	6.7	8.8	6.2	8.3	5.8	7.9	5.4	7.5	5.0	7.1	4.8	6.9	4.5	6.6				
3 (0.9)	2.5	5.4	7.9	5.2	7.7	4.9	7.4	4.6	7.1	4.4	6.9	4.1	6.6	3.9	6.4	3.8	6.3				
4 (1.2)	3.3	3.6	6.9	3.5	6.8	3.4	6.7	3.3	6.6	3.1	6.4	3.0	6.3	2.9	6.2	2.8	6.1				
5 (1.5)	4.2	2.4	6.6	2.4	6.6	2.3	6.5	2.3	6.5	2.2	6.4	2.1	6.3	2.1	6.3						
6 (1.8)	5.0	1.7	6.7	1.7	6.7	1.7	6.7	1.7	6.7	1.6	6.6	1.6	6.6	1.6	6.6	1.5	6.5				
7 (2.1)	5.8	1.3	7.1	1.3	7.1	1.3	7.1	1.3	7.1	1.2	7.0	1.2	7.0	1.2	7.0	1.2	7.0				
8 (2.4)	6.7	1.1	7.8	1.1	7.8	1.1	7.8	1.0	7.7	1.0	7.7	1.0	7.7	1.0	7.7	1.0	7.7				
9 (2.7)	7.5	0.9	8.4	0.9	8.4	0.8	8.3	0.8	8.3	0.8	8.3	0.8	8.3	0.8	8.3	0.8	8.3				
10 (3.0)	8.3	0.7	9.0	0.7	9.0	0.7	9.0	0.7	9.0	0.7	9.0	0.7	9.0	0.7	9.0	0.7	9.0				
12 (3.7)	10.0	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5	0.5	10.5		
14 (4.3)	11.7	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1	0.4	12.1		
16 (4.9)	13.3	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6	0.3	13.6		
20 (8.1)	16.7	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9	0.2	16.9		
24 (7.3)	20.0	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1	0.1	20.1		
28 (8.5)	23.3	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4	0.1	23.4		
32 (9.8)	26.7	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8	0.1	26.8		

^A 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.

7.3 Step 3—Check deflection.

7.3.1 Refer to the column headed “Deflection Check” in the appropriate table of **Tables 7–12** and locate the tabulated trench load P_v from **7.1.1**. If the calculated P_v is between two tabulated values, use the larger P_v value. (If the calculated P_v is less than the minimum P_v listed in the table, the deflection does not govern – proceed to Step 4). Select the corresponding D/t_1 value for this P_v . Divide the pipe’s outside diameter D (**Table 2**) by the D/t_1 value to obtain the minimum thickness t_1 required for deflection. Compare this value to the required minimum thickness t_1 from **7.2.1**. If the t_1 required for deflection is less than the t_1 from **7.2.1**, then deflection does not govern – proceed to Step 4. If the t_1 required for deflection is greater than the t_1 from **7.2.1**, then deflection governs and the minimum thickness t_1 required for deflection should be used in Step 4.

7.4 Step 4—Add the casting allowance.

7.4.1 Add the casting allowance from **Table 5** to the minimum manufacturing thickness t_1 . The resulting thickness is the total calculated thickness.

7.5 Step 5—Selection of nominal thickness and standard pressure class.

7.5.1 Use the total calculated thickness from **7.4.1** to select a standard pressure-class thickness from **Table 2**. When the calculated thickness is between two nominal thicknesses, select

the larger of the two. When specifying and ordering pipe, specify the pressure class listed in **Table 2** corresponding to this nominal thickness.

NOTE 2—On specific projects, manufacturers may be willing to furnish pipe with thicknesses that fall between standard classes.

7.6 Alternative procedure

7.6.1 The appropriate standard pressure class may also be determined by using the Design Equations in **7.9**.

7.7 Design Example—Calculate the thickness for 24-in. (610-mm) cement-lined ductile iron pipe bedded in loose soil for a minimum depth of 4 in. (100 mm), backfill lightly consolidated to the top of pipe, Laying Condition Type 3, under 10 ft (3 m) of cover.

7.7.1 Step 1—Design for Trench Load.

7.7.1.1

Earth load, **Table 6**, P_e = 10.0 psi

Truck load, **Table 6**, P_t = 0.5 psi

Trench load, $P_v = P_e + P_t$ = 10.5 psi

7.7.1.2 Select **Table 9** for diameter-thickness ratios for laying condition Type 3.

7.7.1.3 Entering P_v of 10.5 psi in **Table 9**, the bending-stress design requires D/t of 144. From **Table 2**, diameter D of 24-in. pipe is 25.80 in.

Net thickness, t , for bending stress = $D/(D/t) = 25.80 / 144 = 0.18$ in.

TABLE 7 Diameter-Thickness Ratios for Laying Condition Type 1

 NOTE 1— $E' = 150 \text{ psi}^A$ $K_b = 0.235$ $K_x = 0.108$

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1
5.17	3.89	6.48	150	10.37	8.85	14.74	90
5.21	3.91	6.52	149	10.55	9.06	15.11	89
5.26	3.94	6.57	148	10.74	9.29	15.48	88
5.30	3.97	6.62	147	10.93	9.53	15.88	87
5.35	4.00	6.67	146	11.13	9.78	16.30	86
5.40	4.03	6.72	145	11.34	10.04	16.73	85
5.45	4.06	6.77	144	11.55	10.31	17.19	84
5.49	4.09	6.82	143	11.78	10.60	17.67	83
5.54	4.13	6.88	142	12.01	10.90	18.17	82
5.59	4.16	6.94	141	12.25	11.22	18.70	81
5.65	4.20	6.99	140	12.50	11.56	19.26	80
5.70	4.23	7.05	139	12.76	11.91	19.85	79
5.75	4.27	7.12	138	13.03	12.28	20.46	78
5.80	4.31	7.18	137	13.31	12.67	21.11	77
5.86	4.35	7.25	136	13.60	13.08	21.79	76
5.91	4.39	7.31	135	13.91	13.51	22.52	75
5.97	4.43	7.38	134	14.23	13.97	23.28	74
6.03	4.47	7.46	133	14.56	14.45	24.08	73
6.09	4.52	7.53	132	14.91	14.96	24.93	72
6.15	4.56	7.61	131	15.27	15.50	25.83	71
6.21	4.61	7.69	130	15.65	16.07	26.78	70
6.27	4.66	7.77	129	16.05	16.68	27.79	69
6.33	4.71	7.85	128	16.46	17.32	28.86	68
6.40	4.76	7.94	127	16.89	18.00	30.00	67
6.46	4.82	8.03	126	17.35	18.73	31.21	66
6.53	4.87	8.12	125	17.83	19.50	32.49	65
6.60	4.93	8.22	124	18.33	20.32	33.86	64
6.67	4.99	8.32	123	18.85	21.19	35.32	63
6.74	5.05	8.42	122	19.40	22.12	36.87	62
6.82	5.11	8.52	121	19.98	23.12	38.53	61
6.89	5.18	8.63	120	20.59	24.18	40.30	60
6.97	5.25	8.74	119	21.23	25.32	42.20	59
7.05	5.32	8.86	118	21.91	26.54	44.23	58
7.13	5.39	8.98	117	22.63	27.85	46.42	57
7.21	5.46	9.11	116	23.38	29.26	48.76	56
7.29	5.54	9.24	115	24.18	30.77	51.28	55
7.38	5.62	9.37	114	25.02	32.39	53.99	54
7.47	5.71	9.51	113	25.92	34.15	56.92	53
7.56	5.79	9.65	112	26.86	36.05	60.08	52
7.65	5.88	9.80	111	27.87	38.10	63.50	51
7.75	5.97	9.96	110	28.94	40.32	67.20	50
7.85	6.07	10.12	109	30.07	42.73	71.22	49
7.95	6.17	10.28	108	31.28	45.35	75.58	48
8.05	6.27	10.46	107	32.57	48.20	80.34	47
8.16	6.38	10.63	106	33.95	51.31	85.52	46
8.27	6.49	10.82	105	35.42	54.72	91.19	45
8.38	6.61	11.01	104	37.00	58.44	97.40	44
8.49	6.73	11.22	103	38.69	62.53	104.22	43
8.61	6.86	11.43	102	40.50	67.03	111.71	42
8.74	6.99	11.64	101	42.46	71.99	119.98	41
8.86	7.12	11.87	100	44.56	77.47	129.11	40
8.99	7.26	12.11	99	46.84	83.54	139.23	39
9.13	7.41	12.35	98	49.30	90.28	150.47	38
9.27	7.57	12.61	97	51.96	97.80	163.00	37
9.41	7.73	12.88	96	54.86	106.20	177.00	36
9.56	7.89	13.15	95	58.02	115.62	192.70	35
9.71	8.07	13.45	94	61.46	126.21	210.36	34
9.87	8.25	13.75	93	65.23	138.18	230.29	33

TABLE 7 *Continued*

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1
10.03	8.44	14.07	92	69.36	151.73	252.88	32
10.20	8.64	14.40	91	73.92	167.15	278.58	31
				78.94	184.77	307.96	30

^A 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.

^B The D/t for the tabulated P_v nearest to the calculated P_v is selected. When the calculated P_v is halfway between two tabulated values, the smaller D/t should be used.

^C Maximum 3 % deflection is recommended for rigid or semirigid linings such as cement mortar.

^D Maximum 5 % deflection is recommended for flexible linings such as asphaltic and plastic.

7.7.2 Step 2—Addition of service allowances.

7.7.2.1 Net thickness is given by the design for trench load, Step 1, or 0.18 in.

Net thickness	= 0.18 in.
Service allowance	= 0.08 in.
Minimum manufacturing thickness	= 0.26 in.

7.7.3 Step 3—Check deflection.

7.7.3.1 Entering P_v of 10.5 psi in **Table 9**, the “Deflection Check” requires D/t_1 of 118. Minimum thickness t_1 for deflection design = $D/(D/t_1) = 25.80/118 = 0.22$ in. This minimum thickness, 0.22 in., is less than the minimum thickness calculated in 7.7.2.1 above (0.26 in.); therefore, deflection does not govern.

7.7.4 Step 4—Add the casting allowance.

7.7.4.1

Minimum manufacturing thickness	= 0.26 in.
Casting allowance	= 0.07 in.
Total calculated thickness	= 0.33 in.

7.7.5 Step 5—Selection of nominal thickness and standard pressure class.

7.7.5.1 The total calculated thickness of 0.33 in. is the same as 0.33 in., Class 200, in **Table 2**. Therefore, Class 200 (0.33 in.) is selected for specifying and ordering.

7.8 Design Method:

7.8.1 Calculations are made for the thickness required to resist the bending stress caused by trench load.

7.8.2 To this net thickness is added a service allowance to obtain the minimum thickness t_1 .

7.8.3 The minimum thickness required for deflection is then calculated and compared to t_1 . The larger of the two is selected as the minimum manufacturing thickness. To this minimum manufacturing thickness is added a casting allowance to obtain the total calculated thickness.

7.8.4 The nominal thickness and the standard pressure class for specifying and ordering are selected from the table of nominal thicknesses for standard pressure classes (**Table 2**).

7.8.5 The reverse of the above procedure is used to determine the maximum depth of cover for pipe of a given pressure-class.

7.8.6 *Trench Load, P_v* —Trench load is expressed as vertical pressure, psi, and is equal to the sum of earth load, P_e , and truck load, P_t .

7.8.7 *Earth Load, P_e* —Earth load is computed by Eq 3 for the weight of the unit prism of soil with a height equal to the distance from the top of the pipe to the ground surface. The unit weight of backfill soil is taken to be 120 lb/ft³ (18.85 kN/m³). If the designer anticipates additional loads, the design load should be increased accordingly.

7.8.8 *Truck Load, P_t* —The truck loads shown in **Table 6** were computed by Eq 4 using the surface load factors in **Table 1** and the reduction factors R from **Table 4** for a single AASHTO H-20 truck on an unpaved road or flexible pavement, 16 000-lbf (71 kN) wheel load and 1.5 impact factor. The surface load factors in **Table 1** were calculated by Eq 5 for a single concentrated wheel load centered over an effective pipe length of 3 ft (0.91 m).

7.8.9 *Design for Trench Load*—**Tables 7-12**, the diameter-thickness tables used to design for trench load, were computed by Eqs 1 and Eqs 2. Equation 1 is based on the bending stress at the bottom of the pipe. The design bending stress, f , is 48 000 psi (331 MPa) which provides at least a 1.5 safety factor based on minimum ring yield strength and 2.0 safety factor based on ultimate strength. Equation 2 is based on the deflection of the pipe ring section. The design deflection Δ_x is 3 % of the outside diameter of the pipe for cement-lined pipe and 5 % for pipe with flexible linings. Design values of the trench parameters, E' , K_b , and K_x are given in **Table 3**.

7.8.10 Tables similar to **Tables 7-12** may be compiled for laying conditions other than those shown in this specification by calculating the trench loads, P_v , for a series of diameter-thickness ratios, D/t and D/t_1 , using Eqs 1 and Eqs 2 with values of E' , K_b , and K_x appropriate to the bedding and backfill conditions.

7.9 Design Equations:

$$P_v = \frac{f}{3\left(\frac{D}{t}\right)\left(\frac{D}{t} - 1\right)} \left[K_b - \frac{K_x}{\frac{8E}{E'\left(\frac{D}{t} - 1\right)^3} + 0.732} \right] \quad (1)$$

$$P_v = \frac{\Delta X}{12K_x} \left[\frac{8E}{\left(\frac{D}{t_1} - 1\right)^3} + .732 E' \right] \quad (2)$$

TABLE 8 Diameter-Thickness Ratios for Laying Condition Type 2

 NOTE 1— $E' = 300 \text{ psi}^A$ $K_b = 0.210$ $K_x = 0.105$

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	5 % ^D max	D/t ^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	5 % ^D max	D/t ^B or D/t_1
7.42	6.61	11.02	150	13.68	11.71	19.52	90
7.48	6.64	11.06	149	13.88	11.94	19.89	89
7.54	6.67	11.11	148	14.08	12.17	20.28	88
7.61	6.70	11.16	147	14.30	12.42	20.69	87
7.67	6.73	11.21	146	14.51	12.67	21.12	86
7.74	6.76	11.27	145	14.74	12.94	21.57	85
7.80	6.79	11.32	144	14.97	13.22	22.04	84
7.87	6.83	11.38	143	15.21	13.52	22.53	83
7.94	6.86	11.43	142	15.46	13.83	23.05	82
8.01	6.89	11.49	141	15.72	14.16	23.60	81
8.08	6.93	11.55	140	15.99	14.50	24.17	80
8.15	6.97	11.61	139	16.28	14.86	24.77	79
8.22	7.01	11.68	138	16.57	15.24	25.40	78
8.29	7.05	11.74	137	16.87	15.64	26.07	77
8.37	7.09	11.81	136	17.19	16.06	26.77	76
8.44	7.13	11.88	135	17.52	16.51	27.52	75
8.52	7.17	11.95	134	17.86	16.98	28.30	74
8.59	7.22	12.03	133	18.22	17.48	29.13	73
8.67	7.26	12.10	132	18.59	18.00	30.00	72
8.75	7.31	12.18	131	18.98	18.56	30.93	71
8.83	7.36	12.26	130	19.39	19.14	31.91	70
8.91	7.41	12.35	129	19.82	19.77	32.95	69
8.99	7.46	12.43	128	20.27	20.43	34.05	68
9.07	7.51	12.52	127	20.73	21.13	35.22	67
9.16	7.57	12.62	126	21.23	21.87	36.46	66
9.25	7.63	12.71	125	21.74	22.67	37.78	65
9.33	7.69	12.81	124	22.28	23.51	39.18	64
9.42	7.75	12.91	123	22.85	24.41	40.68	63
9.51	7.81	13.02	122	23.45	25.37	42.28	62
9.60	7.87	13.12	121	24.07	26.39	43.99	61
9.70	7.94	13.24	120	24.74	27.49	45.81	60
9.79	8.01	13.35	119	25.43	28.66	47.76	59
9.89	8.08	13.47	118	26.17	29.91	49.86	58
9.99	8.16	13.60	117	26.95	31.26	52.10	57
10.09	8.23	13.72	116	27.77	32.71	54.51	56
10.19	8.31	13.86	115	28.64	34.26	57.10	55
10.29	8.40	13.99	114	29.56	35.93	59.89	54
10.40	8.48	14.14	113	30.53	37.74	62.90	53
10.51	8.57	14.29	112	31.57	39.69	66.15	52
10.62	8.66	14.44	111	32.67	41.80	69.67	51
10.73	8.76	14.60	110	33.84	44.09	73.48	50
10.84	8.86	14.76	109	35.08	46.56	77.61	49
10.96	8.96	14.93	108	36.41	49.26	82.10	48
11.08	9.07	15.11	107	37.83	52.19	86.99	47
11.21	9.18	15.30	106	39.34	55.40	92.33	46
11.33	9.29	15.49	105	40.96	58.89	98.16	45
11.46	9.41	15.69	104	42.70	62.73	104.54	44
11.59	9.54	15.89	103	44.57	66.93	111.55	43
11.73	9.67	16.11	102	46.57	71.56	119.26	42
11.87	9.80	16.33	101	48.73	76.66	127.76	41
12.01	9.94	16.57	100	51.06	82.29	137.16	40
12.16	10.09	16.81	99	53.57	88.54	147.57	39
12.31	10.24	17.06	98	56.30	95.48	159.13	38
12.46	10.40	17.33	97	59.25	103.21	172.02	37
12.62	10.56	17.60	96	62.46	111.85	186.42	36
12.79	10.73	17.89	95	65.96	121.54	202.56	35
12.96	10.91	18.19	94	69.79	132.44	220.73	34
13.13	11.10	18.50	93	73.98	144.74	241.23	33

TABLE 8 *Continued*

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check		D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check		D/t^B or D/t_1
	3 % ^C max	5 % ^D max			3 % ^C max	5 % ^D max	
13.31	11.29	18.82	92	78.57	158.68	264.46	32
13.49	11.50	19.17	91	83.64	174.54	290.90	31
				89.23	192.67	321.11	30

^A 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.^B The D/t for the tabulated P_v nearest to the calculated P_v is selected. When the calculated P_v is halfway between two tabulated values, the smaller D/t should be used.^C Maximum 3 % deflection is recommended for rigid or semirigid linings such as cement mortar.^D Maximum 5 % deflection is recommended for flexible linings such as asphaltic and plastic.

$$P_e = \frac{wH}{a} \quad (3)$$

$$P_t = RF \frac{CP}{bD} \quad (4)$$

$$C = 1 - \frac{2}{\pi} \arcsin \left[H \sqrt{\frac{A^2 + B^2 + H^2}{(A^2 + H^2)(B^2 + H^2)}} \right] + \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{A \cdot H \cdot B}{\sqrt{A^2 + H^2 + B^2}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{A^2 + H^2} + \frac{1}{B^2 + H^2} \right) \quad (5)$$

NOTE 3—In Eq 5, angles are in radians.

8. Hydrostatic Test

8.1 Each pipe shall be subjected to a hydrostatic test of not less than 500 psi (3.45 MPa). This test may be performed either before or after the outside coating and inside coating have been applied, but shall be performed before the application of cement-mortar lining or of a special lining.

8.2 The pipe shall be under the full test pressure for at least 5 s. Suitable controls and recording devices shall be provided so that the test pressure and duration are adequately ascertained. Any pipe that leaks or does not withstand the test pressure shall be rejected.

8.3 In addition to the hydrostatic test before application of a cement-mortar lining or special lining, the pipe may be retested, at the manufacturer's option, after the application of such a lining.

9. Acceptance Tests

9.1 The standard acceptance tests for the physical characteristics of the pipe shall be as follows:

9.2 *Tension Test*—Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, a tension test specimen shall be cut longitudinally or circumferentially from the midsection of the pipe wall. In case of dispute, the test specimen shall be cut longitudinally. This specimen shall be machined and tested in accordance with Fig. 1 and Test Methods E8. The yield strength shall be determined by the 0.2 % offset, halt-of-pointer, or extension-under-load methods. If check tests are to be made, the 0.2 % offset method shall be used. All specimens shall be tested at room temperature $70 \pm 10^\circ\text{F}$ ($21 \pm 6^\circ\text{C}$).

9.2.1 *Acceptable Values*—The acceptance values for test specimens shall be as follows:

Grade of Iron:	60–42–10
Minimum tensile strength, psi (MPa)	60 000 (413.7)
Minimum yield strength, psi (MPa):	42 000 (289.6)
Minimum elongation, %:	10

9.3 *Charpy Impact Test*—Tests shall be made in accordance with Test Methods E23, except that dimensions of the specimens shall be 0.500 in. (12.70 mm) by full thickness of pipe wall. Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the Charpy notched impact test specimen shall be in accordance with Fig. 2 except that it may be cut circumferentially. In case of dispute, the specimen shall be cut in accordance with Fig. 2. If the pipe wall thickness exceeds 0.40 in. (10.2 mm), the Charpy impact specimen may be machined to a nominal thickness of 0.40 in. In all tests, impact values are to be corrected to a standard wall thickness, $t_s = 0.40$ in., by calculation as follows:

$$\text{Impact value (corrected)} = \frac{t_s}{t} \times \text{impact value (actual)}$$

where: t = the thickness of the specimen, in. (mm).

The Charpy impact test machine anvil shall not be moved to compensate for the variation of cross-section dimensions of the test specimens.

9.3.1 *Acceptance Value*—The corrected acceptance value for notched impact test specimens shall be a minimum of 7 ft-lbf (9.49 J) for tests conducted at $70 \pm 10^\circ\text{F}$ ($21 \pm 6^\circ\text{C}$).

9.4 *Sampling*—At least one tension sample shall be taken during each casting period of approximately 3 h. At least one $70 \pm 10^\circ\text{F}$ ($21 \pm 6^\circ\text{C}$) Charpy impact sample shall be taken during each operating hour. Samples shall be selected to properly represent extremes of pipe diameters and wall thicknesses.

10. Additional Control Tests by Manufacturer

10.1 An additional low-temperature impact test shall be made from at least 10 % of the sample coupons taken for the required $70 \pm 10^\circ\text{F}$ ($21 \pm 6^\circ\text{C}$) Charpy impact test specified in 9.4 to check compliance with a minimum corrected value of 3 ft-lbf (4 J) for tests conducted at $-40^\circ\text{F} \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$ ($-40^\circ\text{C} \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$). Test specimens shall be prepared and tested in accordance with 9.3.

10.2 In addition, the manufacturer shall conduct such other tests as may be necessary to ensure compliance with this specification.

**TABLE 9 Diameter-Thickness Ratios for Laying Condition
Type 3**

NOTE 1— $E' = 400 \text{ psi}^A$ $K_b = 0.189$ $K_x = 0.103$

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1
10.00	8.52	14.19	150	17.21	13.72	22.86	90
10.08	8.54	14.24	149	17.42	13.95	23.24	89
10.16	8.57	14.29	148	17.64	14.18	23.64	88
10.24	8.60	14.34	147	17.86	14.43	24.06	87
10.33	8.64	14.39	146	18.10	14.70	24.49	86
10.41	8.67	14.45	145	18.34	14.97	24.95	85
10.49	8.70	14.50	144	18.59	15.26	25.43	84
10.58	8.73	14.56	143	18.85	15.56	25.93	83
10.66	8.77	14.62	142	19.12	15.88	26.46	82
10.75	8.81	14.68	141	19.40	16.21	27.01	81
10.83	8.84	14.74	140	19.68	16.56	27.60	80
10.92	8.88	14.80	139	19.99	16.93	28.21	79
11.01	8.92	14.87	138	20.30	17.31	28.86	78
11.10	8.96	14.93	137	20.62	17.72	29.54	77
11.19	9.00	15.00	136	20.96	18.15	30.26	76
11.28	9.04	15.07	135	21.31	18.61	31.01	75
11.37	9.09	15.15	134	21.68	19.09	31.81	74
11.46	9.13	15.22	133	22.07	19.59	32.65	73
11.56	9.18	15.30	132	22.47	20.13	33.55	72
11.65	9.23	15.38	131	22.88	20.69	34.49	71
11.75	9.28	15.46	130	23.32	21.29	35.49	70
11.84	9.33	15.55	129	23.78	21.93	36.55	69
11.94	9.38	15.64	128	24.26	22.60	37.67	68
12.04	9.44	15.73	127	24.76	23.32	38.86	67
12.14	9.49	15.82	126	25.29	24.08	40.13	66
12.25	9.55	15.92	125	25.85	24.88	41.47	65
12.35	9.61	16.02	124	26.43	25.74	42.91	64
12.45	9.67	16.12	123	27.04	26.66	44.43	63
12.56	9.74	16.23	122	27.68	27.64	46.06	62
12.67	9.80	16.34	121	28.36	28.68	47.80	61
12.78	9.87	16.45	120	29.08	29.80	49.66	60
12.89	9.94	16.57	119	29.83	30.99	51.65	59
13.00	10.02	16.69	118	30.63	32.27	53.78	58
13.11	10.09	16.82	117	31.47	33.64	56.07	57
13.23	10.17	16.95	116	32.36	35.12	58.53	56
13.34	10.25	17.09	115	33.31	36.70	61.17	55
13.46	10.34	17.23	114	34.30	38.41	64.02	54
13.58	10.42	17.37	113	35.37	40.25	67.08	53
13.71	10.51	17.52	112	36.49	42.24	70.40	52
13.83	10.61	17.68	111	37.69	44.39	73.98	51
13.96	10.71	17.84	110	38.97	46.72	77.86	50
14.09	10.81	18.01	109	40.33	49.25	82.08	49
14.22	10.91	18.18	108	41.78	51.99	86.65	48
14.36	11.02	18.37	107	43.33	54.98	91.64	47
14.50	11.13	18.55	106	44.98	58.25	97.08	46
14.64	11.25	18.75	105	46.76	61.81	103.02	45
14.78	11.37	18.95	104	48.66	65.72	109.53	44
14.93	11.50	19.16	103	50.71	70.01	116.68	43
15.08	11.63	19.38	102	52.91	74.72	124.54	42
15.23	11.77	19.61	101	55.28	79.92	133.20	41
15.39	11.91	19.85	100	57.84	85.67	142.78	40
15.55	12.06	20.10	99	60.61	92.04	153.39	39
15.71	12.21	20.35	98	63.61	99.11	165.18	38
15.88	12.37	20.62	97	66.86	106.99	178.32	37
16.06	12.54	20.90	96	70.40	115.80	193.00	36
16.23	12.72	21.20	95	74.27	125.67	209.46	35
16.42	12.90	21.50	94	78.49	136.78	227.97	34
16.61	13.09	21.82	93	83.11	149.32	248.87	33

TABLE 9 *Continued*

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1
16.80	13.29	22.15	92	88.19	163.54	272.56	32
17.00	13.50	22.50	91	93.79	179.71	299.51	31
				99.97	198.18	330.31	30

^A 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.

^B The D/t for the tabulated P_v nearest to the calculated P_v is selected. When the calculated P_v is halfway between two tabulated values, the smaller D/t should be used.

^C Maximum 3 % deflection is recommended for rigid or semirigid linings such as cement mortar.

^D Maximum 5 % deflection is recommended for flexible linings such as asphaltic and plastic.

11. Additional Tests Required by Purchaser

11.1 When tests other than those required in this specification are required by the purchaser, such tests shall be specified in the purchaser's specifications.

12. Inspection and Certification by Manufacturer

12.1 The manufacturer shall establish the necessary quality-control and inspection practice to ensure compliance with this specification.

12.2 The manufacturer shall, if required on the purchaser's specifications, furnish a sworn statement that the inspection and all of the specified tests have been made and that all results thereof comply with the requirements of this specification.

12.3 All pipes shall be without defects that could impair service. Repairing of defects by welding or other methods shall not be allowed if such repairs could adversely affect the serviceability of the pipe or its capability to meet strength requirements of this specification.

13. Defective Specimens and Retests

13.1 When any mechanical test specimen shows defective machining or lack of continuity of metal, it shall be discarded and replaced by another specimen. When any sound test specimen fails to meet the specified mechanical property requirements, the lot of pipe from which the specimen was obtained shall be separated from acceptable pipe. The lot may be either retested, re-heat treated as necessary and retested, or rejected. A retest shall be made on two additional sound test specimens taken from the same lot as the specimen that failed. Pipe that are heat-treated, or retested, or both, shall meet the requirements of 5.1, 9, and 10.

14. Inspection by Purchaser

14.1 If the purchaser desires to inspect pipe at the manufacturer's plant, the purchaser shall so state in the purchaser's specifications and describe the conditions (such as time and the extent of inspection) under which the inspection shall be made.

14.2 The purchaser's representative shall have free access to those areas of the manufacturer's plant that are necessary to determine compliance with this specification. The manufacturer shall make available for the use of the purchaser's representative such gages as are necessary for inspection. The

manufacturer shall provide the purchaser's representative with assistance as necessary for handling of pipe.

15. Delivery and Acceptance

15.1 All pipe and accessories shall comply with this specification. Pipe and accessories not complying with this specification shall be replaced by the manufacturer at the agreed point of delivery. The manufacturer shall not be liable for shortages or damaged pipe after acceptance at the agreed point of delivery, except as recorded on the delivery receipt or similar document by the carrier's agent. See Tables 13-15.

16. Foundry Records

16.1 The results of the acceptance tests (Section 9) and low-temperature impact tests (Section 10) shall be recorded and retained for 1 year, and shall be available to the purchaser at the foundry. Written transcripts shall be furnished, if required by the purchaser's specification.

17. Rejection of Pipe

17.1 If the results of any physical acceptance test fail to meet the requirements of Sections 9, 10, or 13, all pipe cast in the same period shall be rejected, except as provided in Section 18.

18. Determining Rejection

18.1 The manufacturer may determine the amount of pipe to be rejected by making similar additional tests of pipe, of the same size as the rejected pipe, until the rejected lot is bracketed, in order of manufacture, by an acceptable test at each end of the interval in question. When pipe of one size is rejected from a casting period, the acceptability of pipe of different sizes from that same period may be established by developing the acceptance tests for these sizes as specified in Section 9.

19. Marking Pipe

19.1 The weight, class, or nominal thickness, and casting period shall be shown on each pipe. The manufacturer's mark, the country where cast, the year in which the pipe was produced, and the letters "DI" or "DUCTILE" shall be cast or metal stamped on the pipe and letters and numbers on pipe sizes 14 in. (356 mm) and larger shall be not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ in. (13

TABLE 10 Diameter-Thickness Ratios for Laying Condition Type 4

 NOTE 1— $E' = 500 \text{ psi}^A$ $K_b = 0.157$ $K_x = 0.096$

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t ^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t ^B or D/t_1
16.34	11.04	18.40	150	24.42	16.62	27.71	90
16.45	11.07	18.46	149	24.64	16.87	28.11	89
16.55	11.11	18.51	148	24.88	17.12	28.54	88
16.65	11.14	18.56	147	25.12	17.39	28.99	87
16.76	11.17	18.62	146	25.37	17.67	29.45	86
16.86	11.21	18.68	145	25.63	17.97	29.95	85
16.96	11.24	18.74	144	25.90	18.28	30.46	84
17.07	11.28	18.80	143	26.18	18.60	31.00	83
17.18	11.31	18.86	142	26.47	18.94	31.57	82
17.28	11.35	18.92	141	26.77	19.30	32.16	81
17.39	11.39	18.99	140	27.09	19.67	32.79	80
17.50	11.43	19.06	139	27.42	20.07	33.45	79
17.60	11.48	19.13	138	27.76	20.48	34.14	78
17.71	11.52	19.20	137	28.11	20.92	34.87	77
17.82	11.56	19.27	136	28.49	21.38	35.64	76
17.93	11.61	19.35	135	28.87	21.87	36.45	75
18.04	11.66	19.43	134	29.28	22.38	37.31	74
18.15	11.71	19.51	133	29.70	22.93	38.21	73
18.26	11.76	19.59	132	30.15	23.50	39.17	72
18.37	11.81	19.68	131	30.62	24.11	40.18	71
18.49	11.86	19.77	130	31.11	24.75	41.25	70
18.60	11.92	19.86	129	31.62	25.43	42.39	69
18.72	11.97	19.95	128	32.16	26.16	43.59	68
18.83	12.03	20.05	127	32.72	26.92	44.87	67
18.95	12.09	20.15	126	33.32	27.74	46.23	66
19.06	12.15	20.26	125	33.95	28.60	47.67	65
19.18	12.22	20.36	124	34.61	29.53	49.21	64
19.30	12.28	20.47	123	35.30	30.51	50.85	63
19.42	12.35	20.59	122	36.04	31.56	52.60	62
19.54	12.42	20.71	121	36.81	32.68	54.47	61
19.66	12.50	20.83	120	37.63	33.88	56.46	60
19.78	12.57	20.96	119	38.50	35.16	58.60	59
19.91	12.65	21.09	118	39.42	36.53	60.88	58
20.04	12.73	21.22	117	40.39	38.00	63.34	57
20.16	12.82	21.36	116	41.42	39.58	65.97	56
20.29	12.91	21.51	115	42.51	41.28	68.81	55
20.42	13.00	21.66	114	43.67	43.12	71.86	54
20.55	13.09	21.82	113	44.91	45.09	75.15	53
20.69	13.19	21.98	112	46.22	47.22	78.71	52
20.82	13.29	22.15	111	47.62	49.53	82.55	51
20.96	13.39	22.32	110	49.11	52.03	86.72	50
21.10	13.50	22.50	109	50.70	54.74	91.24	49
21.24	13.61	22.69	108	52.41	57.69	96.15	48
21.39	13.73	22.88	107	54.23	60.90	101.50	47
21.54	13.85	23.08	106	56.18	64.40	107.33	46
21.69	13.98	23.29	105	58.27	68.23	113.71	45
21.84	14.11	23.51	104	60.52	72.42	120.70	44
22.00	14.24	23.74	103	62.93	77.02	128.36	43
22.16	14.38	23.97	102	65.54	82.08	136.80	42
22.32	14.53	24.22	101	68.35	87.66	146.09	41
22.49	14.68	24.47	100	71.39	93.82	156.37	40
22.66	14.84	24.74	99	74.67	100.65	167.75	39
22.83	15.01	25.02	98	78.24	108.24	180.40	38
23.01	15.18	25.30	97	82.11	116.70	194.50	37
23.20	15.36	25.61	96	86.33	126.15	210.25	36
23.38	15.55	25.92	95	90.93	136.74	227.91	35
23.58	15.75	26.25	94	95.97	148.66	247.77	34
23.78	15.95	26.59	93	101.49	162.12	270.20	33

TABLE 10 *Continued*

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1
23.99	16.17	26.94	92	107.56	177.37	295.61	32
24.20	16.39	27.32	91	114.25	194.72	324.53	31
				121.65	214.54	357.57	30

^A 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.

^B The D/t for the tabulated P_v nearest to the calculated P_v is selected. When the calculated P_v is halfway between two tabulated values, the smaller D/t should be used.

^C Maximum 3

^D Maximum 5 % deflection is recommended for flexible linings such as asphaltic and plastic.

mm) in height. When required in the purchaser's specifications, initials not exceeding four in number shall be cast or stamped on the pipe. All required markings shall be clear and legible, and all cast or metal stamped marks shall be on or near the bell.

20. Weighing Pipe

20.1 Each pipe shall be weighed before the application of any lining or coating other than the asphaltic coating and the weight shown on the outside or inside of the bell or spigot end.

21. Keywords

21.1 ductile iron sewer pipe; elongation; laying conditions; mechanical properties; tensile strength; yield strength

TABLE 11 Diameter-Thickness Ratios for Laying Condition Type 5

 NOTE 1— $E' = 700 \text{ psi}^A$ $K_b = 0.128$ $K_x = 0.085$

Bending Stress Design	Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			Trench Load P_v , psi ^A		
	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1
30.21	16.78	27.96	150	38.28	23.08	38.47
30.34	16.81	28.02	149	38.49	23.36	38.93
30.48	16.85	28.08	148	38.71	23.65	39.41
30.61	16.89	28.14	147	38.93	23.95	39.91
30.74	16.92	28.20	146	39.17	24.27	40.44
30.87	16.96	28.27	145	39.41	24.60	41.00
30.99	17.00	28.34	144	39.67	24.95	41.58
31.12	17.04	28.40	143	39.94	25.31	42.19
31.25	17.09	28.48	142	40.22	25.70	42.83
31.38	17.13	28.55	141	40.51	26.10	43.50
31.50	17.17	28.62	140	40.82	26.52	44.21
31.63	17.22	28.70	139	41.14	26.97	44.95
31.76	17.27	28.78	138	41.48	27.44	45.73
31.88	17.32	28.86	137	41.84	27.93	46.56
32.01	17.37	28.94	136	42.21	28.46	47.43
32.13	17.42	29.03	135	42.60	29.01	48.34
32.25	17.47	29.12	134	43.02	29.59	49.31
32.38	17.53	29.21	133	43.45	30.20	50.33
32.50	17.58	29.30	132	43.92	30.85	51.41
32.62	17.64	29.40	131	44.40	31.53	52.56
32.75	17.70	29.50	130	44.91	32.26	53.77
32.87	17.76	29.61	129	45.46	33.03	55.05
32.99	17.83	29.71	128	46.03	33.85	56.41
33.11	17.89	29.82	127	46.64	34.71	57.85
33.23	17.96	29.94	126	47.28	35.63	59.39
33.35	18.03	30.05	125	47.96	36.61	61.02
33.47	18.11	30.18	124	48.68	37.65	62.76
33.59	18.18	30.30	123	49.44	38.77	64.61
33.71	18.26	30.43	122	50.25	39.95	66.58
33.83	18.34	30.56	121	51.11	41.21	68.69
33.95	18.42	30.70	120	52.02	42.57	70.94
34.07	18.51	30.85	119	52.99	44.01	73.36
34.19	18.60	30.99	118	54.02	45.56	75.94
34.31	18.69	31.15	117	55.12	47.23	78.71
34.43	18.78	31.31	116	56.28	49.01	81.69
34.55	18.88	31.47	115	57.53	50.93	84.89
34.68	18.98	31.64	114	58.86	53.00	88.34
34.80	19.09	31.82	113	60.28	55.23	92.05
34.92	19.20	32.00	112	61.79	57.64	96.07
35.05	19.31	32.19	111	63.41	60.25	100.41
35.17	19.43	32.39	110	65.14	63.07	105.12
35.30	19.55	32.59	109	67.00	66.13	110.22
35.43	19.68	32.80	108	68.99	69.46	115.77
35.56	19.81	33.02	107	71.12	73.09	121.81
35.69	19.95	33.25	106	73.41	77.04	128.40
35.83	20.09	33.48	105	75.88	81.36	135.61
35.96	20.24	33.73	104	78.54	86.10	143.49
36.10	20.39	33.99	103	81.40	91.29	152.15
36.25	20.55	34.25	102	84.50	97.01	161.68
36.39	20.72	34.53	101	87.85	103.31	172.18
36.54	20.89	34.82	100	91.47	110.27	183.78
36.69	21.07	35.12	99	95.40	117.98	196.64
36.85	21.26	35.43	98	99.67	126.56	210.93
37.01	21.45	35.76	97	104.32	136.11	226.84
37.17	21.66	36.10	96	109.40	146.78	244.63
37.34	21.87	36.45	95	114.94	158.75	264.58
37.52	22.09	36.82	94	121.02	172.21	287.01
37.70	22.32	37.20	93	127.69	187.41	312.34

TABLE 11 *Continued*

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t^B or D/t_1
37.89	22.56	37.61	92	135.03	204.63	341.04	32
38.08	22.82	38.03	91	143.14	224.22	373.70	31
				152.11	246.61	411.02	30

^A 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.^B The D/t for the tabulated P_v nearest to the calculated P_v is selected. When the calculated P_v is halfway between two tabulated values, the smaller D/t should be used.^C Maximum 3 % deflection is recommended for rigid or semirigid linings such as cement mortar.^D Maximum 5 % deflection is recommended for flexible linings such as asphaltic and plastic.

**TABLE 12 Diameter-Thickness Ratios for Laying Condition
Type “Deep Bury”**

 NOTE 1— $E' = 1500 \text{ psi}^A$ $K_b = 0.128$ $K_x = 0.085$

Bending Stress Design	Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			Trench Load P_v , psi ^A		
	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t ^B or D/t_1	Deflection Check 3 % ^C max	Deflection Check 5 % ^D max	D/t ^B or D/t_1
40.42	34.00	56.67	150	57.14	40.30	67.17
40.71	34.04	56.73	149	57.4	40.58	67.63
41.00	34.07	56.79	148	57.66	40.87	68.12
41.29	34.11	56.85	147	57.92	41.17	68.62
41.57	34.15	56.91	146	58.19	41.49	69.15
41.86	34.19	56.98	145	58.46	41.82	69.70
42.16	34.23	57.04	144	58.73	42.17	70.28
42.45	34.27	57.11	143	59.01	42.54	70.89
42.74	34.31	57.18	142	59.29	42.92	71.53
43.03	34.35	57.25	141	59.58	43.32	72.21
43.32	34.40	57.33	140	59.88	43.75	72.91
43.62	34.44	57.40	139	60.18	44.19	73.66
43.91	34.49	57.48	138	60.49	44.66	74.44
44.20	34.54	57.57	137	60.81	45.16	75.26
44.50	34.59	57.65	136	61.15	45.68	76.13
44.79	34.64	57.74	135	61.49	46.23	77.05
45.08	34.69	57.82	134	61.85	46.81	78.02
45.38	34.75	57.92	133	62.22	47.42	79.04
45.67	34.81	58.01	132	62.61	48.07	80.12
45.96	34.86	58.11	131	63.01	48.76	81.26
46.26	34.92	58.21	130	63.44	49.48	82.47
46.55	34.99	58.31	129	63.88	50.25	83.76
46.84	35.05	58.42	128	64.35	51.07	85.12
47.13	35.12	58.53	127	64.85	51.94	86.56
47.42	35.19	58.64	126	65.37	52.86	88.09
47.71	35.26	58.76	125	65.92	53.84	89.73
48.00	35.33	58.88	124	66.51	54.88	91.46
48.29	35.40	59.01	123	67.13	55.99	93.31
48.58	35.48	59.14	122	67.79	57.17	95.29
48.86	35.56	59.27	121	68.49	58.44	97.40
49.15	35.65	59.41	120	69.24	59.79	99.65
49.43	35.73	59.55	119	70.03	61.24	102.06
49.72	35.82	59.70	118	70.89	62.79	104.64
50.00	35.91	59.85	117	71.8	64.45	107.42
50.28	36.01	60.01	116	72.77	66.24	110.39
50.56	36.11	60.18	115	73.82	68.16	113.59
50.84	36.21	60.35	114	74.94	70.23	117.04
51.12	36.31	60.52	113	76.14	72.46	120.76
51.39	36.42	60.71	112	77.44	74.86	124.77
51.66	36.54	60.89	111	78.83	77.47	129.12
51.94	36.65	61.09	110	80.33	80.29	133.82
52.21	36.78	61.29	109	81.95	83.36	138.93
52.48	36.90	61.51	108	83.69	86.69	144.48
52.74	37.04	61.73	107	85.58	90.31	150.52
53.01	37.17	61.95	106	87.62	94.26	157.11
53.28	37.31	62.19	105	89.82	98.59	164.31
53.54	37.46	62.44	104	92.22	103.32	172.20
53.80	37.62	62.69	103	94.81	108.52	180.86
54.06	37.78	62.96	102	97.63	114.23	190.38
54.32	37.94	63.24	101	100.7	120.53	200.88
54.58	38.11	63.52	100	104.03	127.49	212.49
54.84	38.29	63.82	99	107.68	135.21	225.35
55.09	38.48	64.14	98	111.66	143.78	239.63
55.35	38.68	64.46	97	116.01	153.33	255.55
55.61	38.88	64.80	96	120.78	164.00	273.34
55.86	39.09	65.16	95	126.02	175.97	293.28
56.12	39.31	65.52	94	131.79	189.43	315.72
56.37	39.55	65.91	93	138.15	204.63	341.05

TABLE 12 *Continued*

Trench Load P_v , psi ^A				Trench Load P_v , psi ^A			
Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check		D/t^B or D/t_1	Bending Stress Design	Deflection Check		D/t^B or D/t_1
	3 % ^C max	5 % ^D max			3 % ^C max	5 % ^D max	
56.63	39.79	66.31	92	145.18	221.85	369.75	32
56.88	40.04	66.73	91	152.97	241.44	402.41	31
				161.63	263.84	439.73	30

^A 1 psi = 6.894757 kPa.

^B The D/t for the tabulated P_v nearest to the calculated P_v is selected. When the calculated P_v is halfway between two tabulated values, the smaller D/t should be used.

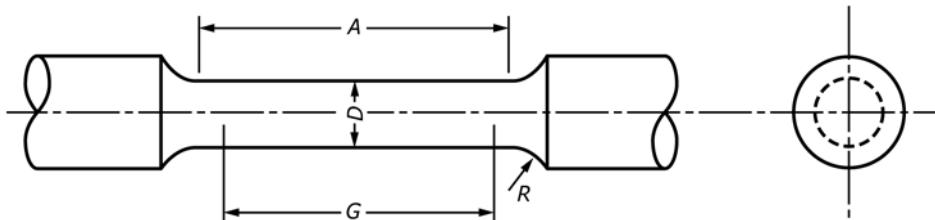
^C Maximum 3 % deflection is recommended for rigid or semirigid linings such as cement mortar.

^D Maximum 5 % deflection is recommended for flexible linings such as asphaltic and plastic.

NOTE 1—The reduced section (*A*) may have a gradual taper from the ends toward the center with the ends not more than 0.005 in.¹¹ (0.13 mm) larger in diameter than the center on the standard specimen and not more than 0.003 in. (0.08 mm) larger in diameter than the center on the small size specimens.

NOTE 2—If desired, on the small size specimens the length of the reduced section may be increased to accommodate an extensometer. However, reference marks for the measurement of elongation should nevertheless be spaced at the indicated gage length (*G*).

NOTE 3—The gage length and fillets shall be as shown, but the ends may be of any form to fit the holders of the testing machine in such a way that the load shall be axial. If the ends are to be held in grips it is desirable, if possible to make the length of the grip section great enough to allow the specimen to extend into the grips a distance equal to two thirds or more of the length of the grips.

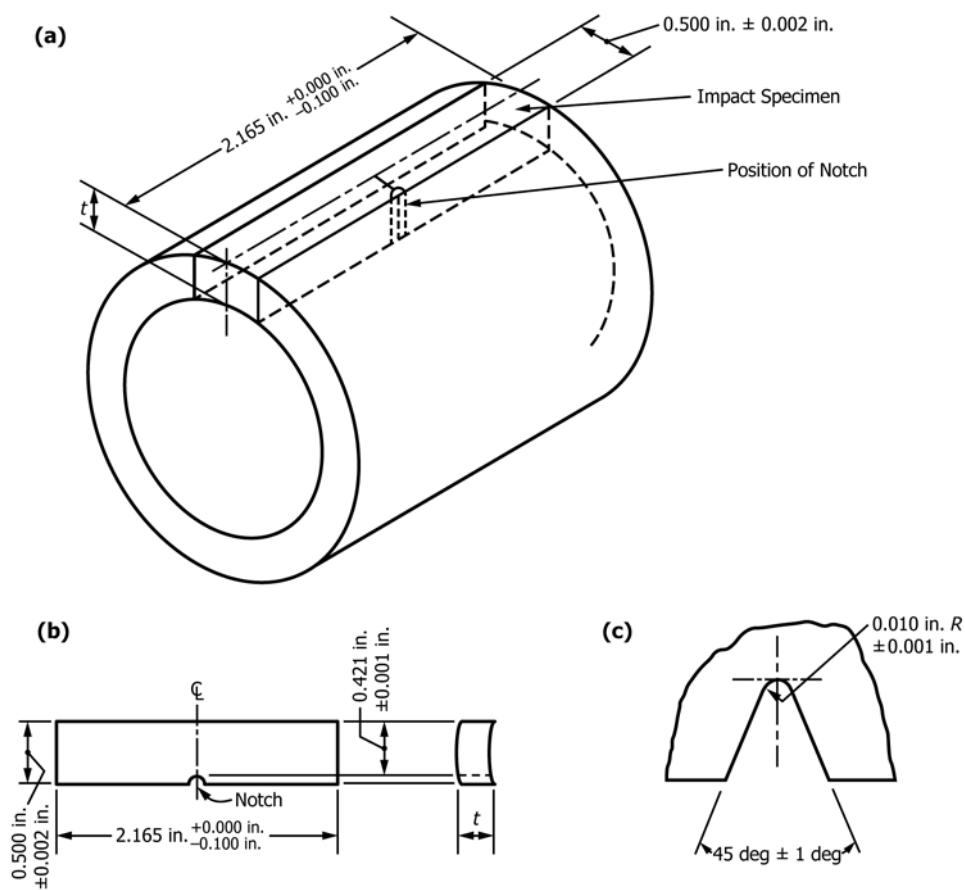


Dimension	Standard Specimen 0.50-in		Small-Size Specimens Proportional to Standard			
	(12.7-mm) Round	0.350-in. (8.89-mm) Round	0.250-in. (6.35-mm) Round	0.175-in. (4.45-mm) Round	0.125-in. (3.18-mm) Round	
			Dimensions, in. (mm)			
<i>G</i>	2.000 ± 0.005 (50.80 ± 0.13)	1.400 ± 0.005 (35.56 ± 0.13)	1.000 ± 0.005 (25.40 ± 0.13)	0.700 ± 0.005 (17.78 ± 0.13)	0.500 ± 0.005 (12.70 ± 0.13)	
<i>D</i>	0.500 ± 0.010 (12.70 ± 0.25)	0.350 ± 0.007 (8.89 ± 0.18)	0.250 ± 0.005 (6.35 ± 0.13)	0.175 ± 0.005 (4.44 ± 0.13)	0.125 ± 0.005 (3.18 ± 0.13)	
<i>R</i> , min	5/8 (9.5)	1/4 (6.4)	3/16 (4.8)	3/32 (2.4)	5/32 (2.4)	
<i>A</i> , min	2 1/4 (57.2)	1 3/4 (44.4)	1 1/4 (31.8)	3/4 (19)	5/8 (15.9)	
<i>T</i> ^a	0.71 and greater (18.0)	0.50 to 0.70 (12.2 to 17.8)	0.35 to 0.49 (8.9 to 12.4)	0.25 to 0.34 (6.4 to 8.6)	0.18 to 0.24 (4.6 to 6.1)	

^a Thickness of the section from the wall of the pipe from which the tension specimen is to be machined.

FIG. 1 Tension Test Specimen

NOTE 1— t = pipe-wall thickness.



Test Specimen Detail		Notch Detail	
in.	mm	in.	mm
-0.100	-2.54	0.100	2.54
+0.000	+0.00	0.421	10.69
0.001	0.03	0.500	12.70
0.002	0.05	2.165	54.99
0.010	0.25		

FIG. 2 Impact Test Specimen

TABLE 13 Pipe Selection Table (Cement-Lined Pipe)

NOTE 1—Ring deflection limited to 3 %, minimum safety factor of 2.

 NOTE 2—Earth load (P_e) of 120 pcf.

Pipe Size, in.	Pressure Class	Nominal Thickness, in.	Laying Condition					
			Maximum Depth of Cover, ft ^A					
			Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Deep Bur
3	350	0.25	78	88	99	B	B	B
4	350	0.25	53	61	69	85	B	B
6	350	0.25	26	31	37	47	65	85
8	350	0.25	16	20	25	34	50	73
10	350	0.26	11 ^C	15	19	28	45	67
12	350	0.28	10 ^C	15	19	28	44	67
14	250	0.28	D	11 ^C	15	23	36	56
	300	0.30		13	17	26	42	62
	350	0.31		14	19	27	44	66
	250	0.30	D	11 ^C	15	24	34	55
16	300	0.32		13	17	26	39	59
	350	0.34		15	20	28	44	65
	250	0.31	D	10 ^C	14	22	31	51
18	300	0.34		13	17	26	36	57
	350	0.36		15	19	28	41	62
	250	0.33	D	10 ^C	14	22	30	50
20	300	0.36		13	17	26	35	55
	350	0.38		15	19	28	38	59
	200	0.33	D	8 ^C	12	17	25	45
24	250	0.37		11	15	20	29	49
	300	0.40		13	17	24	32	53
	350	0.43		15	19	28	37	57
	150	0.34	D	...	9	14	22	42
30	200	0.38		8 ^C	12	16	24	45
	250	0.42		11	15	19	27	47
	300	0.45		12	16	21	29	50
	350	0.49		15	19	25	33	54
	150	0.38	D	...	9	14	21	42
36	200	0.42		8 ^C	12	15	23	44
	250	0.47		10	14	18	25	46
	300	0.51		12	16	20	28	49
	350	0.56		15	19	24	32	53
	150	0.41	D	...	9	13	20	41
42	200	0.47		8	12	15	22	43
	250	0.52		10	14	17	25	45
	300	0.57		12	16	20	27	48
	350	0.63		15	19	23	32	52
	150	0.46	D	...	9	13	20	41
48	200	0.52		8	11	15	22	43
	250	0.58		10	13	17	24	45
	300	0.64		12	15	19	27	48
	350	0.70		15	18	22	30	51
	150	0.51	D	...	9	13	20	41
54	200	0.58		8	11	14	22	42
	250	0.65		10	13	16	24	45
	300	0.72		13	15	19	27	47
	350	0.79		15	18	22	30	51
	150	0.54	D	5 ^C	9	13	20	41
60	200	0.61		8	11	14	22	42
	250	0.68		10	13	16	24	44
	300	0.76		13	15	19	26	47
	350	0.83		15	18	22	30	50
	150	0.56	D	5 ^C	9	13	20	41
64	200	0.64		8	11	14	21	42
	250	0.72		10	13	16	24	44
	300	0.80		12	15	19	26	47
	350	0.87		15	17	21	29	50

^A These pipes are adequate for depths of cover from 2.5 ft up to the maximum shown including an allowance for a single H-20 truck with 1.5 impact factor unless noted.

^B Calculated maximum depth of cover exceeds 100 ft.

^C Minimum allowable depth of cover is 3 ft.

^D For pipe 14 in. and larger, consideration should be given to the use of laying conditions other than Type 1.

TABLE 14 Pipe Selection Table (Pipe with Flexible Lining)

NOTE 1—Examples of flexible linings include polyethylene, epoxy, asphaltic, etc.

NOTE 2—Ring deflection limited to 5 %, minimum safety factor of 2.

NOTE 3—Earth load (P_e) of 120 pcf.

Pipe Size, in.	Pressure Class	Nominal Thickness, in.	Laying Condition					
			Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Deep Bur
			Maximum Depth of Cover, ft ^A					
3	350	0.25	78	88	99	B	B	B
4	350	0.25	53	61	69	85	B	B
6	350	0.25	26	31	37	47	65	85
8	350	0.25	16	20	25	34	50	73
10	350	0.26	11 ^C	15	19	28	45	67
12	350	0.28	10 ^C	15	19	28	44	67
14	250	0.28	D	11 ^C	15	23	41	59
	300	0.30		13	17	26	43	64
	350	0.31		14	19	27	44	66
	250	0.30		11 ^C	15	24	41	60
16	300	0.32		13	17	26	43	64
	350	0.34		15	20	28	45	68
	250	0.31	D	10 ^C	14	23	40	58
18	300	0.34		13	17	26	43	64
	350	0.36		15	19	28	45	67
	250	0.33	D	10 ^C	14	23	40	58
20	300	0.36		13	17	26	43	64
	350	0.38		15	19	28	44	67
	200	0.33	D	8 ^C	12	20	37	52
24	250	0.37		11	15	23	41	59
	300	0.40		13	17	26	43	64
	350	0.43		15	19	28	45	67
	150	0.34	D	...	9	17	33	42
30	200	0.38		8 ^C	12	20	37	52
	250	0.42		11	15	23	40	59
	300	0.45		12	16	25	42	63
	350	0.49		15	19	28	44	67
	150	0.38	D	...	9	17	33	42
36	200	0.42		8 ^C	12	20	37	51
	250	0.47		10	14	23	40	59
	300	0.51		12	17	25	42	63
	350	0.56		15	19	28	45	67
	150	0.41	D	...	9	16	32	41
42	200	0.47		8	12	20	37	52
	250	0.52		10	14	23	40	58
	300	0.57		12	17	25	42	63
	350	0.63		15	19	28	45	67
	150	0.46	D	...	9	17	33	42
48	200	0.52		8	12	20	37	51
	250	0.58		10	14	23	40	58
	300	0.64		12	17	25	42	63
	350	0.70		15	19	28	44	67
	150	0.51	D	...	9	17	33	42
54	200	0.58		8	12	20	37	51
	250	0.65		10	14	23	40	58
	300	0.72		13	17	25	42	64
	350	0.79		15	19	28	45	67
	150	0.54	D	5 ^C	9	17	33	42
60	200	0.61		8	12	20	37	51
	250	0.68		10	14	23	40	58
	300	0.76		13	17	25	43	64
	350	0.83		15	19	28	45	67
	150	0.56	D	5 ^C	9	17	33	42
64	200	0.64		8	12	20	36	52
	250	0.72		10	14	23	40	59
	300	0.80		13	17	26	43	64
	350	0.87		15	19	28	45	67

^A These pipes are adequate for depths of cover from 2.5 ft up to the maximum shown including an allowance for a single H-20 truck with 1.5 impact factor unless noted.

^B Calculated maximum depth of cover exceeds 100 ft.

^C Minimum allowable depth of cover is 3 ft.

^D For pipe 14 in. and larger, consideration should be given to the use of laying conditions other than Type 1.

TABLE 15 Standard Dimensions and Weights of Push-on Joint Ductile Iron Pipe

Pipe Size, in.	Pressure Class	Thickness, in.	OD, ^A in.	Weight of Barrel per ft, lb	Weight of Bell, ^B lb	18-ft Laying Length		20-ft Laying Length	
						Weight per Length, ^C lb	Average Weight per ft, ^D lb	Weight per Length, ^C lb	Average Weight per ft, ^D lb
3	350	0.25	3.96	8.9	7.0	165	9.3	185	9.2
4	350	0.25	4.80	10.9	9.0	205	11.4	225	11.3
6	350	0.25	6.90	16.0	11.0	300	16.6	330	16.6
8	350	0.25	9.05	21.1	17.0	395	22.0	440	22.0
10	350	0.26	11.10	27.1	24.0	510	28.4	565	28.3
12	350	0.28	13.20	34.8	29.0	655	36.4	725	36.3
14	250	0.28	15.30	40.4	45.0	770	42.9	855	42.7
	300	0.30	15.30	43.3	45.0	825	45.8	910	45.6
	350	0.31	15.30	44.7	45.0	850	47.2	940	47.0
16	250	0.30	17.40	49.3	54.0	940	52.3	1040	52.0
	300	0.32	17.40	52.5	54.0	1000	55.5	1105	55.2
	350	0.34	17.40	55.8	54.0	1060	58.8	1170	58.5
18	250	0.31	19.50	57.2	59.0	1090	60.5	1205	60.2
	300	0.34	19.50	62.6	59.0	1185	65.9	1310	65.6
	350	0.36	19.50	66.2	59.0	1250	69.5	1385	69.2
20	250	0.33	21.60	67.5	74.0	1290	71.6	1425	71.2
	300	0.36	21.60	73.5	74.0	1395	77.6	1545	77.2
	350	0.38	21.60	77.5	74.0	1470	81.6	1625	81.2
24	200	0.33	25.80	80.8	95.0	1550	86.1	1710	85.6
	250	0.37	25.80	90.5	95.0	1725	95.8	1905	95.3
	300	0.40	25.80	97.7	95.0	1855	103.0	2050	102.5
30	350	0.43	25.80	104.9	95.0	1985	110.2	2195	109.7
	150	0.34	32.00	103.5	139.0	2000	111.2	2210	110.5
	200	0.38	32.00	115.5	139.0	2220	123.2	2450	122.5
36	250	0.42	32.00	127.5	139.0	2435	135.2	2690	134.5
	300	0.45	32.00	136.5	139.0	2595	144.2	2870	143.5
	350	0.49	32.00	148.4	139.0	2810	156.1	3105	155.3
42	150	0.38	38.30	138.5	184.0	2675	148.7	2955	147.7
	200	0.42	38.30	152.9	184.0	2935	163.1	3240	162.1
	250	0.47	38.30	170.9	184.0	3260	181.1	3600	180.1
48	300	0.51	38.30	185.3	184.0	3520	195.5	3890	194.5
	350	0.56	38.30	203.2	184.0	3840	213.4	4250	212.4
	200	0.41	44.50	173.8	289.0	3415	189.9	3765	188.3
54	250	0.47	44.50	198.9	289.0	3870	215.0	4265	213.3
	300	0.57	44.50	219.9	289.0	4245	236.0	4685	234.3
	350	0.63	44.50	240.7	289.0	4620	256.8	5105	255.2
60	150	0.46	50.80	222.6	354.0	5070	281.8	5605	280.2
	200	0.52	50.80	251.3	354.0	...	...	4805	240.3
	250	0.58	50.80	280.0	354.0	...	...	5380	269.0
64	300	0.64	50.80	308.6	354.0	...	...	5955	297.7
	350	0.70	50.80	337.1	354.0	...	...	6525	326.3
	150	0.51	57.56	279.7	439.0	...	...	7095	354.8
72	200	0.58	57.56	317.7	439.0	...	...	6035	301.7
	250	0.65	57.56	355.6	439.0	...	...	6795	339.7
	300	0.72	57.56	393.4	439.0	...	...	7550	377.5
80	350	0.79	57.56	431.1	439.0	...	...	8305	415.3
	150	0.54	61.61	317.0	588.0	...	...	9060	453.1
	200	0.61	61.61	357.7	588.0	...	...	6930	346.4
87	250	0.68	61.61	398.3	588.0	...	...	7740	387.1
	300	0.76	61.61	444.6	588.0	...	...	8555	427.7
	350	0.83	61.61	485.0	588.0	...	...	9480	474.0
94	150	0.56	65.67	350.5	670.0	...	...	10 290	514.4
	200	0.64	65.67	400.1	670.0	...	...	7680	384.0
	250	0.72	65.67	449.6	670.0	...	...	8670	433.6
102	300	0.80	65.67	496.9	670.0	...	...	9660	483.1
	350	0.87	65.67	542.0	670.0	...	...	10 650	532.4

^A Tolerance of OD of spigot end: 3–12 in., ± 0.06 in.; 14–24 in., $+0.05$ in., -0.08 in.; 30–48 in., $+0.08$ in., -0.06 in.; 54–64 in., $+0.04$ in., -0.10 in.

^B The bell weights shown above are adequate for 350-psi (2413-kPa) operating pressure. Bell weights vary due to differences in push-on-joint design. The manufacturer shall calculate pipe weights using standard barrel weights and weights of bells being produced.

^C Including bell; calculated weight of pipe rounded off to nearest 5 lb.

^D Including bell; average weight per foot based on calculated weight of pipe before rounding.

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