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Agrimony



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Amara Dulcis or Bitter Sweet



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Adders Tongue



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THOMAS KELLY, LONDON, 1835.





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# COMPLETE HERBAL,

THE

TO WHICH IS NOW ADDED, UPWARDS OF

#### ONE HUNDRED ADDITONAL HERBS,

WITH A DISPLAY OF THEIR

#### Aedicinal and Occult Qualities;

PHYSICALLY APPLIED TO

THE CURE OF ALL DISORDERS INCIDENT TO MANKIND:

TO WHICH ARE NOW FIRST ANNEXED, THE

### ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED,

AND

#### KEY TO PHYSIC,

WITH

RULES FOR COMPOUNDING MEDICINE ACCORDING TO THE TRUE SYSTEM OF NATURE.

FORMING A COMPLETE

FAMILY DISPENSATORY, AND NATURAL SYSTEM OF PHYSIC.

### BY NICHOLAS CULPEPER, M.D.

TO WHICH IS ALSO ADDED

UPWARDS OF FIFTY CHOICE RECEIPTS,

SELECTED FROM THE AUTHOR'S LAST LEGACY TO HIS WIFE.

A NEW EDITION,

WITH A LIST OF THE PRINCIPAL DISEASES TO WHICH THE HUMAN BODY IS LIABLE.

#### AND A GENERAL INDEX.

Illustrated by Engravings of numerous British Herbs and Plants, correctly coloured from Nature.

"The Lord hath created Medicines out of the Earth; and he that is wise will not abhor them."-Ecc. xxxviii. 4.

#### LONDON:

THOMAS KELLY, 17, PATERNOSTER ROW.

MDCCCXXXV.

3. HADDON, Printer, Castle Street, Finsbury.

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### CULPEPER'S

#### ORIGINAL EPISTLE TO THE READER.

TAKE Notice, That in this Edition I have made very many Additions to every sheet in the book: and, also, that those books of mine that are printed of that Letter the small Bibles are printed with, are very falsely printed: there being twenty or thirty gross mistakes in every sheet, many of them such as are exceedingly dangerous to such as shall venture to use them: And therefore I do warn the Public of them: I can do no more at present; only take notice of these Directions by which you shall be sure to know the true *True one* from the *False*.

The first Direction.—The true one hath this Title over the head of every Book, THE COM-PLETE HERBAL AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED. The small Counterfeit ones have only this Title, THE ENGLISH PHYSICIAN.

The second Direction.—The true one hath these words, GOVERNMENT AND VIRTUES, following the time of the Plants flowering, &c. The counterfeit small ones have these words, VIRTUES AND Use, following the time of the Plants flowering.

The third Direction.—The true one is of a larger Letter than the counterfeit ones, which are in *Twelves*, &c., of the Letter small Bibles used to be printed on. I shall now speak something of the book itself.

All other Authors that have written of the nature of Herbs, give not a bit of reason why such an Herb was appropriated to such a part of the body, nor why it cured such a disease. Truly my own body being sickly, brought me easily into a capacity, to know that health was the greatest of all earthly blessings, and truly he was never sick that doth not believe it. Then I considered that all medicines were compounded of Herbs, Roots, Flowers, Seeds, &c., and this first set me to work in studying the nature of Simples, most of which I knew by sight before; and indeed all the Authors I could read gave me but little satisfaction in this particular, or none at all. I cannot build my faith upon Authors' words, nor believe a thing because they say it, and could wish every body were of my mind in this,—to labour to be able to give a reason for every thing they say or do. They say Reason makes a man differ from a Beast; if that be true, pray what are they that, instead of reason for their judgment, quote old Authors ? Perhaps their authors knew a reason for what they wrote, perhaps they did not; what is that to us? Do we know it? Truly. in writing this work first, to satisfy myself, I drew out all the virtnes of the vulgar or common

#### EPISTLE TO THE READER.

Herbs, Plants, and Trees, &c., out of the best or most approved authors I had, or could get; and having done so, I set myself to study the reason of them. I knew well enough the whole world. and every thing in it, was formed of a composition of contrary elements, and in such a harmony as must needs show the wisdom and power of a great God. I knew as well this Creation, though thus composed of contraries, was one united body, and man an epitome of it: I knew those various affections in man, in respect of sickness and health, were caused naturally (though God may have other ends best known to himself) by the various operations of the Microcosm; and I could not be ignorant, that as the cause is, so must the cure be; and therefore he that would know the reason of the operation of the Herbs, must look up as high as the Stars, astrologically. I always found the disease vary according to the various motions of the Stars; and this is enough, one would think, to teach a man by the effect where the cause lies. Then to find out the reason of the operation of Herbs, Plants, &c., by the Stars went I; and herein I could find but few authors, but those as full of nonsense and contradiction as an egg is full of meat. This not being pleasing, and less profitable to me, I consulted with my two brothers, DR. REASON and DR. EXPERIENCE, and took a voyage to visit my mother NATURE, by whose advice, together with the help of DR. DILIGENCE, I at last obtained my desire; and, being warned by MR. HONESTY, a stranger in our days, to publish it to the world, I have done it.

But you will say, What need I have written on this Subject, seeing so many famous and learned men have written so much of it in the English Tongue, much more than I have done?

To this I answer, neither GERRARD nor PARKINSON, or any that ever wrote in the like nature, ever gave one wise reason for what they wrote, and so did nothing else but train up young novices in Physic in the School of tradition, and teach them just as a parrot is taught to speak; an Author says so, therefore it is true; and if all that Authors say be true, why do they contradict one another? But in mine, if you view it with the eye of reason, you shall see a reason for every thing that is written, whereby you may find the very ground and foundation of Physic; you may know what you do, and wherefore you do it; and this shall call me Father, it being (that I know of) never done in the world before.

I have now but two things to write, and then I have done.

- 1. What the profit and benefit of this Work is.
- 2. Instructions in the use of it.

1. The profit and benefits arising from it, or that may occur to a wise man from it are many; so many. that should I sum up all the particulars, my Epistle would be as big as my Book; I shall quote some few general heads.

First, The admirable Harmony of the Creation is herein seen, in the influence of Stars upon Herbs and the Body of Man, how one part of the Creation is subservient to another, and all for the use of Man, whereby the infinite power and wisdom of God in the creation appear; and if I do not admire at the simplicity of the Ranters, never trust me; who but viewing the Creation can hold such a sottish opinion, as that it was from eternity, when the mysteries of it are so clear to every eye? but that Scripture shall be verified to them, Rom. i. 20: "The in-"visible things of him from the Creation of the World are clearly seen, being understood by the

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#### EPISTLE TO THE READER.

"things that are made, even his Eternal Power and Godhead; so that they are without excuse."— And a Poet could teach them a better lesson;

> "Because out of thy thoughts God shall not pass, "His image stamped is on every grass."

This indeed is true, God has stamped his image on every creature, and therefore the abuse of the creature is a great sin; but how much the more do the wisdom and excellency of God appear, if we consider the harmony of the Creation in the virtue and operation of every Herb?

Secondly, Hereby you may know what infinite knowledge *Adam* had in his innocence, that by looking upon a creature, he was able to give it a name according to its nature; and by knowing that, thou mayest know how great thy fall was, and be humbled for it even in this respect, because hereby thou art so ignorant.

Thirdly, Here is the right way for thee to begin at the study of Physic, if thou art minded to begin at the right end, for here thou hast the reason of the whole art. I wrote before in certain Astrological Lectures, which I read, and printed, intituled, Astrological Judgment of Diseases, what planet caused (as a second cause) every disease, how it might be found out what planet caused it; here thou hast what planet cures it by Sympathy and Antipathy; and this brings me to my last promise, viz.

#### Instructions for the right use of the book.

And herein let me premise a word or two. The Herbs, Plants, &c. are now in the book appropriated to their proper planets. Therefore,

First, Consider what planet causeth the disease; that thou mayest find it in my aforesaid Judgment of Diseases.

Secondly, Consider what part of the body is afflicted by the disease, and whether it lies in the flesh, or blood, or bones, or ventricles.

Thirdly, Consider by what planet the afflicted part of the body is governed: that my Judgment of Diseases will inform you also.

Fourthly, You may oppose diseases by Herbs of the planet, opposite to the planet that causes them: as diseases of *Jupiter* by Herbs of *Mercury*, and the contrary; diseases of the *Luminaries* by the Herbs of *Saturn*, and the contrary; diseases of *Mars* by Herbs of *Venus*, and the contrary.

Fifthly, There is a way to cure diseases sometimes by Sympathy, and so every-planet cures his own disease; as the Sun and Moon by their Herbs cure the Eyes, Saturn the Spleen, Jupiter the Liver, Mars the Gall and diseases of choler, and Venus diseases in the Instruments of Generation.

#### NICH. CULPEPER.

From my House in Spitalfields, next door to the Red Lion, September 5, 1653.

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## TO HIS DEAREST CONSORT, MRS. ALICE CULPEPER.

#### MY DEAREST,

THE works that I have published to the world (though envied by some illiterate physicians) have merited such just applause, that thou mayest be confident in proceeding to publish any thing I leave thee, especially this master-piece; assuring my friends and countrymen, that they will receive as much benefit by this, as by my *Dispensatory*, and that incomparable piece, called, *Semiotica Uranica* enlarged, and *English Physician*.

These are the choicest secrets, which I have had many years locked up in my own breast. I gained them by my constant practice, and by them I maintained a continual reputation in the world, and I doubt not but the world will honour thee for divulging them; and my fame shall continue and increase thereby, though the period of my Life and Studies be at hand, and I must now bid all things under the sun farewell. Farewell, my dear wife and child; farewell, Arts and Sciences, which I so dearly loved; farewell, all worldly glories; adieu, readers.

NICHOLAS CULPEPER.

NICHOLAS CULPEPER, the Author of this Work, was son of Nicholas Culpeper, a Clergyman, and grandson of Sir Thomas Culpeper, Bart. He was some time a student in the university of Cambridge, and soon after was bound apprentice to an Apothecary. He employed all his leisure hours in the study of Physic and Astrology, which he afterwards professed, and set up business in Spitalfields, next door to the Red Lion, (formerly known as the Half-way House between Islington and Stepney, an exact representation of which we have given under our Author's Portrait), where he had considerable practice, and was much resorted to for his advice, which he gave to the poor gratis. Astrological Doctors have always been highly respected; and those celebrated Physicians of the early times, whom our Author seems to have particularly studied, Hippocrates, Galen, and Avicen, regarded those as homicides who were ignorant of Astrology. Paracelsus, indeed, went farther; he declared, a Physician should be predestinated to the cure of his patient; and the horoscope should be inspected, the plants gathered at the critical moment, &c.

Culpeper was a writer and translator of several Works, the most celebrated of which, is his Herbal, "being an astrologo-physical discourse of the common herbs of the nation; containing a complete Method or Practice of Physic, whereby a Man may preserve his Body in Health, or cure himself when sick, with such things only as grow in England, they being most fit for English Constitutions."

This celebrated, and useful Physician died at his house in Spitalfields, in the year 1654. This Book will remain as a lasting monument of his skill and Industry.

"Culpeper, the man that first ranged the woods and climed the mountains in search of medicinal and salutary herbs, has undoubtedly merited the gratitude of posterity."—Dr. JOHNSON.

## **ENGLISH PHYSICIAN**

### ENLARGED.

#### AMARA DULCIS.

**CONSIDERING** divers shires in this na-

same herb, and that the common name which it bears in one county, is not known in another; I shall take the pains to set down all the names that I know of each herb: pardon me for setting that name first, wards.

which is most common to myself. Besides Amara Dulcis, some call it Mortal, others Bitter-sweet; some Woody Night-shade, and others Felon-wort.

even to a man's height, and sometimes higher. The leaves fall off at the approach of the seeds are ripe soon after, usually in the winter, and spring out of the same stalk at next month. spring-time: the branch is compassed about with a whitish bark, and has a pith in the planet Mercury, and a notable herb of his middle of it: the main branch branches also, if it be rightly gathered under his initself into many small ones with claspers, fluence. It is excellently good to remove laying hold on what is next to them, as witchcraft both in men and beasts, as also vines de : it bears many leaves, they grow all sudden diseases whatsoever. Being tied in no order at all, at least in no regular round about the neck, is one of the most adorder : the leaves are longish, though some- mirable remedies for the vertigo or dizziness what broad, and pointed at the ends: many in the head; and that is the reason (as of them have two little leaves growing at the Tragus saith) the people in Germany comend of their foot stalk; some have but one, monly hang it about their cattle's necks, and some none. The leaves are of a pale when they fear any such evil hath betided

green colour; the flowers are of a purple colour, or of a perfect blue, like to violeus, and they stand many of them together in tion give divers names to one and the knots: the berries are green at first, but when they are ripe they are very red; if you taste them, you shall find them just as the crabs which we in Sussex call Bittersweet, viz. sweet at first and bitter after-

Place.] They grow commonly almost throughout England, especially in moist and shady places. Time.] The leaves shoot out about the

Descript.] It grows up with woody stalks latter end of March, if the temperature of the air be ordinary; it flowers in July, and

Government and virtues.] It is under the

them: Country people commonly take the they are something hairy, each leaf con-

use of the herb; we shall speak a word or than the other, of a fair yellowish fresh two of the internal, and so conclude. Take green colour: they are of a bitterish taste, notice, it is a Mercurial herb, and there-fore of very subtile parts, as indeed all these rises up a stalk, green in colour, Mercurial plants are; therefore take a round in form, great and strong in magnipound of the wood and leaves together, tude, five or six feet in altitude, with many bruise the wood (which you may easily do, joints, and some leaves thereat; towards the for it is not so hard as oak) then put it in top come forth umbels of small yellow a pot, and put to it three pints or white flowers, after which are passed away, you wine, put on the pot-lid and shut it close; may find whitish, yellow, short, flat seeds, and let it infuse hot over a gentle fire twelve; bitter also in taste. hours, then strain it out, so have you a? Place.] Having given you a description most excellent drink to open obstructions of the herb from bottom to top, give me of the liver and spleen, to help difficulty leave to tell you, that there are other herbs of breath, bruises and falls, and congealed called by this name; but because they are blood in any part of the body, it helps the strangers in England, I give only the desyellow jaundice, the dropsy, and black cription or this, which is easily to be had jaundice, and to eleanse women newly in the gardens of divers places. brought to bed. You may drink a quarter [ Time.] Although Gerrard saith, that they of a pint of the infusion every morning. flower from the beginning of May to the It purges the body very gently, and not end of December, experience teaches them churlishly as some hold. And when you that keep it in their gardens, that it flowers find good by this, remember me.

They that think the use of these medi- sheds its seed presently after. cines is too brief, it is only for the cheap-; Government and virtues.] It is under the ness of the book; let them read those books dominion of Mars, hot, biting, and choleric; of mine, of the last edition, viz. Reverius, and remedies what evils Mars inflicts the Veslingus, Riolanus, Johnson, Sennertus, and body of man with, by sympathy, as vipers' Physic for the Poor.

#### ALL-HEAL.

It is called All-heal, Hercules's All-heal, and Hercules's Wound-wort, because it is griefs of the head, the vertigo, falling-sicksupposed that Hercules learned the herb ness, the lethargy, the wind cholic, obstrucand its virtues from Chiron, when he learn-i tions of the liver and spleen, stone in the ed physic of him. Some call it Panay, kidneys and bladder. It provokes the and others Opopane-wort.

ceeding full of juice, of a not and biting and tooth-ache, the biting of mad dogs and taste, the leaves are great and large, and venomous beasts, and purges choler very winged almost like ash-tree leaves, but that gently.

berries of it, and having bruised them, ap-isisting of five or six pair of such wings set ply them to felons, and thereby soon rid one against the other upon foot-stalks, broad their fingers of such troublesome guests. below, but narrow towards the end; one of We have now showed you the external the leaves is a little deeper at the bottom

not till the latter end of the Summer, and

flesh attracts poison, and the loadstone iron. It kills the worms, helps the gout, cramp, and convulsions, provokes urine, and helps all joint-aches. It helps all cold terms, expels the dead birth: it is excellent Descript.] Its root is long, thick, and ex- good for the griefs of the sinews, itch, stone,

#### ALKANET.

BESIDES the common name, it is called Orchanet, and Spanish Bugloss, and by apothecaries, Enchusa.

Descript.] Of the many sorts of this herb, wounds, pricks or thursts. there is but one known to grow commonly in this nation: of which one take this description: It hath a great and thick root, of a reddish colour, long, narrow, hairy leaves, green like the leaves of Bugloss, which lie up compassed round about, thick with the former; they are tender, and slender, i the flowers are hollow, small, and of a reddish colour.

*Place.*] It grows in Kent near Rochester, § and in many places in the West Country, both in Devonshire and Cornwall.

*Time.*] They flower in July, and the beginning of August, and the seed is ripe soon after, but the root is in its prime, as carrots and parsnips are, before the herb runs up to stalk.

Government and virtues.] It is an herb under the dominion of Venus, and indeed one under the dominion of the Moon and Canof her darlings, though somewhat hard to cer, and therefore if the weakness of the come by. It helps old ulcers, hot inflam- retentive faculty be caused by an evil inmations, burnings by common fire, and St. Huence of Saturn in any part of the body Anthony's fire, by antipathy to Mars; for governed by the Moon, or under the domithese uses, your best way is to make it into inion of Cancer, this herb cures it by syman ointment; also, if you make a vinegar } pathy: It cures these diseases after specified, of it, as you make vinegar of roses, it helps in any part of the body under the influence the morphew and leprosy; if you apply the of Saturn, by antipathy. herb to the privities, it draws forth the dead child. It helps the yellow jaundice, spleen, dry in the second degree. The juice of the and gravel in the kidneys. Dioscorides leaves drank with the distilled water of saith, it helps such as are bitten by a veno- Horse-tail, is a singular remedy for all manmous beast, whether it be taken inwardly, iner of wounds in the breast, bowels, or or applied to the wound; nay, he saith fur-jother parts of the body, and is given with ther, if any one that hath newly eaten it, good success to those that are troubled do but spit into the mouth of a serpent, the with casting, vomiting, or bleeding at the serpent instantly dies. It stays the flux of mouth or nose, or otherwise downwards. the belly, kills worms, helps the fits of the The said juice given in the distilled water

drank, strengthens the back, and eases the pains thereof: It helps bruises and falls, and is as gallant a remedy to drive out the small pox and measles as any is; an ointment made of it, is excellent for green

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ADDER'S TONGUE, OR SERPENT'S TONGUE.

Descript.] THIS herb has but one leaf. which grows with the stalk a finger's length above the ground, being flat and of a fresh very thick upon the ground; the stalks rise; green colour; broad like Water Plantain, but less, without any rib in it; from the leaves, which are less and narrower than bottom of which leaf, on the inside, rises up (ordinarily) one, sometimes two or three slender stalks, the upper half whereof is somewhat bigger, and dented with small dents of a yellowish green colour, like the tongue of an adder serpent (only this is as useful as they are formidable.) The roots continue all the year.

> *Place.*] It grows in moist meadows, and such like places.

> Time.] It is to be found in May or April, for it quickly perishes with a little heat.

> Government and virtues.] It is an herb

It is temperate in respect of heat, but mother. Its decoction made in wine, and of Oaken-buds, is very good for women who

phacine or unripe olives, set in the sun four; ing downwards, which will cleave to and certain days, or the green leaves sufficiently stick upon garments, or any thing that shall dissolved therein. It also stays and re-iscent. freshes all inflammations that arise upon pains by hurts and wounds.

What parts of the body are under each planet and sign, and also what disease may seed being ripe shortly after. be found in my astrological judgment of diseases; and for the internal work of nature under Jupiter, and the sign Cancer; and in the body of man; as vital, animal, natural strengthens those parts under the planet and procreative spirits of man; the appre- and sign, and removes diseases in them by hension, judgment, memory; the external sympathy, and those under Saturn, Mare senses, viz. Seeing, hearing, smelling, tast- and Mercury by antipathy, if they happen ing and feeling; the virtuous, attractive, in any part of the body governed by Jupiretentive, digestive, expulsive, &c. under ; ter, or under the signs Cancer, Sagitarius or the dominion of what planets they are, may Pisces, and therefore must needs be good be found in my Ephemeris for the year 1651. for the gout, either used outwardly in oil or In both which you shall find the chaff of ointment, or inwardly in an electuary, or authors blown away by the fame of Dr. syrup, or concerted juice: for which see the Reason, and nothing but rational truths left latter end of this book. for the ingenious to feed upon

thing many times, and also to ease your purses in the price of the book, and withal to make you studious in physic; you have very beneficial to the bowels, healing all at the latter end of the book, the way of inward wounds, bruises, hurts, and other preserving all herbs either in juice, con-distempers. The decoction of the herb serve, oil, ointment or plaister, electuary, pills, or troches.

#### AGRIMONY.

Descript.] THIS has divers long leaves (some greater, some smaller) set upon a the breast, and rids away the cough. stalk, all of them dented about the edges, A draught of the decoction taken warm begreen above, and greyish underneath, and fore the fit, first removes, and in time rids a little hairy withal. Among which arises away the tertain or quartan agues. The up usually but one strong, round, hairy, leaves and seeds taken in wine, stays the brown stalk, two or three feet high, with bloody flux; outwardly applied, being

have their usual courses, or the whites flow- At the top thereof grow many small yellow ing down too abundantly. It helps soreeyes. Howers, one above another, in long spikes ; Of the leaves infused or boiled in oil, om-; after which come rough heads of seed, hangboiled in the said oil, is made an excellent; rub against them. The knot is black, long, green balsam, not only for green and fresh and somewhat woody, abiding many years, wounds, but also for old and inveterate ulcers, and shooting afresh every Spring; which especially if a little fine clear turpentine be root, though small, hath a reasonable good

> *Place.*] It grows upon banks, near the sides of hedges.

> Time.] It flowers in July and August, the

Government and virtues.] It is an herb

It is of a cleansing and cutting faculty Lastly. To avoid blotting paper with one without any manifest heat, moderately drying and binding. It opens and cleanses the liver, helps the jaundice, and is made with wine, and drank, is good against the biting and stinging of serpents, and helps them that make foul, troubled or bloody water.

This herb also helps the cholic, cleanses smaller leaves set here and there upon it. stamped with old swines' grease, it helps old sores, cancers, and inveterate ulcers, and therefore they are not so frequently found draws forth thorns and splinters of wood, in the southern parts of England as in the nails, or any other such things gotten in the northern, where they grow frequently: You flesh. It helps to strengthen the members may look for them in cold grounds, by ponds that be out of joint: and being brused and and ditches' sides, and also by running applied, or the juice dropped in it, helps waters; sometimes you shall find them grow in the midst of waters. foul and imposthumed ears.

The distilled water of the herb is good to all the said purposes, either inward or and the seed is ripe presently after. outward, but a great deal weaker.

whose livers are annoyed either by heat or this belongs to the celestial sign Cancer. cold. The liver is the former of blood, and It heals and dries, cuts and cleanses blood the nourisher of the body, and Agri- thick and tough humours of the breast, and mony a strengthener of the liver.

every herb why it cures such diseases; but disposition of the body, the dropsy and if you please to pursue my judgment in yellow-jaundice. It opens obstructions of the herb Wormwood, you shall find them the liver, mollifies the hardness of the spleen, there, and it will be well worth your while being applied outwardly. It breaks impostto consider it in every herb, you shall find; humes away inwardly: It is an excellent them true throughout the book.

#### WATER AGRIMONY.

Hemp, Bastard Hemp, and Bastard Agrimony, Eupatorium, and Hepatorium, because it strengthens the liver

Descript.] 'The root continues a long time, having many long slender strings. The cough, or broken-winded. stalk grows up about two feet high, sometimes higher. They are of a dark purple colour. The branches are many, growing at distances the one from the other, the one so that there is scarcely an herb growing of from the one side of the stalk, the other from the opposite point. The leaves are fringed, and much indented at the edges. The flowers grow at the top of the branches, hoof, Haymaids, and Alehoof. of a brown yellow colour, spotted with black spots, having a substance within spreads and creeps upon the ground, the midst of them like that of a Daisy: If shoots forth roots, at the corners of tendet you rub them between your fingers, they jointed stalks, set with two round leaves at small like rosin or cedar when it is burnt. every joint somewhat hairy, crumpled and The seeds are long, and easily stick to any unevenly dented about the edges with round woollen thing they touch.

Place.] They delight not in heat, and towards the end of the branches, come forth iv Call - Digitized by Microson @

Time.] They all flower in July or August,

Government and virtues.] It is a plant of It is a most admirable remedy for such Jupiter, as well as the other Agrimony, only for this I hold it inferior to but few herbs I cannot stand to give you a reason in that grow. It helps the cachexia or evil remedy for the third day ague. It provokes urine and the terms; it kills worms, and cleanses the body of sharp humours, which IT is called in some countries, Water are the cause of itch and scabs; the herb being burnt, the smoke thereof drives away flies, wasps, &c. It strengthens the lungs exceedingly. Country people give it to their cattle when they are troubled with the

#### ALEHOOF, OR GROUND-IVY.

SEVERAL counties give it different names, that bigness that has got so many: It is called Cat's-foot, Ground-ivy, Gill-go-byground, and Gill-creep-by-ground, Turn-

Descript.] This well known herb lies, dents; at the joints likewise, with the leaves hollow, long flowers, of a blueish purple out in any part of the body. The juice of colour, with small white spots upon the lips Celandine, Field-daisies, and Ground-ivy that hang down. The root is small with clarified, and a little fine sugar dissolved strings.

hedges, and on the sides of ditches, under watering of them; as also for the pin and houses, or in shadowed lanes, and other web. skins and films growing over the sight land.

abide a great while; the leaves continue! hearing which is decayed. It is good to

Venus, and therefore cures the diseases she be thick with removing, or any other accicauses by sympathy, and those of Mars by dent, it will do the like in a few hours antipathy; you may usually find it all the year long except the year be extremely frosty; it is quick, sharp, and bitter in taste, and is thereby found to be hot and dry; a singular herb for all inward wounds, exulcerated lungs, or other parts, either by itself, or boiled with other the like herbs; and being drank, in a short time it eases all griping pains, windy and choleric humours in the stomach, spleen or belly; helps the yellow jaundice, by opening the stoppings of the gall and liver, and melancholy, by seed is ripe in August. opening the stoppings of the spleen; expels venom or poison, and also the plague; it provokes urine and women's courses; the decoction of it in wine drank for some time together, procures ease to them that are troubled with the sciatica, or hip-gout: as also the gout in hands, knees, or feet; if helps the stranguary; and these things the you put to the decoction come honey and a little burnt allum, it is excellently good to gargle any sore mouth or throat, and to wash the sores and ulcers in the privy parts of man or woman; it speedily helps green Alexander pottage is good for, that you wounds, being bruised and bound thereto. The juice of it boiled with a little honey and verdigrease, doth wonderfully cleanse fistulas, ulcers, and stays the spreading or eating of cancers and ulcers; it helps

therein, and dropped into the eyes, is a Place.] It is commonly found under sovereign remedy for all pains, redness, and waste grounds, in almost every part of this it helps beasts as well as men. The juice dropped into the ears, wonderfully helps Time.) They flower somewhat early, and the noise and singing of them, and helps the green until Winter, and sometimes abide, tun up with new drink, for it will clarify it except the Winter be very sharp and cold. in a night, that it will be the fitter to be Government and virtues.] It is an herb of drank the next morning; or if any drink

#### ALEXANDER.

IT is called Alisander, Horse-parsley, and Wild-parsley, and the Black Pot-herb; the seed of it is that which is usually sold in apothecaries' shops for Macedonion Parsley-seed.

Descript.] It is usually sown in all the gardens in Europe, and so well known, that it needs no farther description.

*Time.*] It flowers in June and July; the

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Jupiter, and therefore friendly to nature. for it warms a cold stomach, and opens a stoppage of the liver and spleen; it is good to move womens' courses, to expel the afterbirth, to break wind, to provoke urine and seeds will do likewise. If either of them be boiled in wine, or being bruised and taken in wine, is also effectual against the biting of serpents. And you know what may no longer eat it out of ignorance but out of knowledge.

#### THE BLACK ALDER-TREE.

Descript.] This tree seldom grows to the itch, scabs, wheals, and other breakings any great bigness, but for the most part abideth like a hedge-bush, or a tree spread- ; to be understood that these things are pering its branches, the woods of the body being formed by the dried bark; for the fresh white, and a dark red colet or heart; the green bark taken inwardly provokes strong outward bark is of a blackish colour, with vomitings, pains in the stomach, and gripmany whitish spots therein; but the inner ings in the belly; yet if the decoction may bark next the wood is yellow, which being chewed, will turn the spittle near into a saffron colour. The leaves are somewhat like those of an ordinary Alder-treet or the 2 Female Cornet, or Dogberry-tree, called in Sussex Dog-wood, but blacker, and not so The flowers are white, coming forth long. with the leaves at the joints, which turn into small round berries, first green, afterwards red, but blackish when they are thorough ripe, divided, as it were, into two parts, wherein is contained two small round and flat seeds. The root runneth not deep into the ground, but spreads rather under the upper crust of the earth.

*Place.*] This tree or shrub may be found plentifully in St. John's wood by Hornsey, and the woods upon Hampstead-Heath; as also a wood called the Old Park in Barcomb in Essex, near the brook's sides.

Time.] It flowers in May, and the berries are ripe in September.

Government and virtues. It is a tree of Venus, and perhaps under the celestial sign Cancer. The inner yellow bark hereof purges downwards both choler and phlegm, and the watery humours of such that have the dropsy, and strengthens the inward parts { again by binding. If the bark hereof be boiled with Agrimony, Wormwood, Dodder, § Hops and some Fennel, with Smallage, Endive, and Succory-roots, and a reasonable draught taken every morning for some time together, it is very effectual against the jaundice, dropsy, and the evil disposition of the body, especially if some suitable purging medicines have been taken before, i height, and spreads much if it like the place. to void the grosser excrements : It purges i It is so generally known to country people, and strengthens the liver and spleen, that I conceive it needless to tell that which cleansing them from such evil humours and is no news.

stand and settle two or three days, until the yellow colour be changed black, it will not work so strongly as before, but will strengthen the stomach, and procure an appetite to meat. The outward bark contrariwise doth bind the body, and is helpful for all lasks and fluxes thereof, but this also must be dried first, whereby it will work the better. The inner bark thereof boiled in vinegar is an approved remedy to kill lice, to cure the itch, and take away scabs, by drying them up in a short time. It is singularly good to wash the teeth, to take away the pains, to fasten those that are loose, to cleanse them, and to keep them sound. The leaves are good fodder for kine, to make them give more milk.

7

If in the Spring-time you use the herbs before mentioned, and will take but a handful of each of them, and to them add an handful of Elder buds, and having bruised them all, boil them in a gallon of ordinary beer, when it is new; and having boiled them half an hour, add to this three gallons more, and let them work together, and drink a draught of it every morning, half a pint or thereabouts; it is an excellent purge for the Spring, to consume the phlegmatic quality the Winter hath left behind it, and withal to keep your body in health, and consume those evil humours which the heat of Summer will readily stir up. Esteem it as a jewel.

#### THE COMMON ALDER-TREE.

Descript.] This grows to a reasonable

hardness as they are afflicted with. It is Place and Time. It delights to grow in

moist woods, and watry places; flowering; three colours. And a certain ointment, an in April or May, and yielding ripe seed in jointment of the Apostles, because it consists September.

Government and virtues.] It is a tree under the dominion of Venus, and of some watry sign or other, I suppose Pisces; and therefore the decoction, or distilled water of the leaves, is excellent against burnings and inflammations, either with wounds or without, to bathe the place grieved with, and especially for that inflammation in the breast, which the vulgar call an ague.

If you cannot get the leaves (as in Winter it is impossible) make use of the bark in the same manner.

The leaves and bark of the Alder-tree are cooling, drying, and binding. The fresh leaves laid upon swellings dissolve them, and stay the inflammations. The leaves put under the bare feet galled with travelling, are a great refreshing to them. The said leaves gathered while the morning dew is on them, and brought into a chamber troubled with fleas, will gather them thereunto, which being suddenly cast out, will rid the chamber of those troublesome bedfellows.

#### ANGELICA.

To write a description of that which is so well known to be growing almost in every garden, I suppose is altogether needless; yet for its virtue it is of admirable use.

In time of Heathenism, when men had found outany excellent herb, they dedicated § it to their gods; as the Bay-tree to Apollo, froot be taken in powder to the weight of the Oak to Jupiter, the Vine to Bacchus, the i half a dram at a time, with some good trea-Poplar to Hercules. These the idolators ele in Carduus water, and the party therefollowing as the Patriarchs they dedicate to support laid to sweat in his bed; if treacle be their Saints; as our Lady's Thistle to the not to be had, take it alone in Carduus or Blessed Virgin, St. John's Wort to St. John, Angelica-water. The stalks or roots canphysicians must imitate like apes (though itves in time of infection; and at other they cannot come off half so cleverly) for times to warm and comfort a cold stomach.

of twelve ingredients : Alas, I am sorry for their folly, and grieved at their blasphemy, God send them wisdom the rest of their age, for they have their share of ignorance already. Oh! Why must ours be blasphemous, because the Heathens and infidels were idolatrous? Certainly they have read so much in old rusty authors, that they have lost all their divinity; for unless it were amongst the Ranters, I never read or heard of such blasphemy. The Heathens and infidels were bad, and ours worse; the idolators give idolatrous names to herbs for their virtues sake, not for their fair looks: and therefore some called this an herb of the Holy Ghost; others more moderate called it Angelica, because of its angelical virtues and that name it retains still, and all nations follow it so near as their dialect will permit.

Government and virtues.] It is an herb or the Sun in Leo; let it be gathered when he is there, the Moon applying to his good aspect; let it be gathered either in his hour, or in the hour of Jupiter, let Sol be angular; observe the like in gathering the herbs, of other planets, and you may happen to do wonders. In all epidemical diseases caused by Saturn, that is as good a preservative as grows: It resists poison, by defending and comforting the heart, blood, and spirits; it doth the like against the plague and all epidemical diseases, if the and another Wort to St. Peter, &c. Our died and eaten fasting, are good preservathey blasphemously call Phansies or Hearts-, The root also steeped in vinegar, and a little ease, an herb of the Trinity, because it is of of that vinegar taken sometimes fasting, and the root smelled unto, is good for the same it is called Flower Gentle, Flower Velurc, purpose. A water distilled from the root; Floramor, and Velvet Flower.

simply, as steeped in wine, and distilled in *Descript.*] It being a garden flower, and a glass, is much more effectual than the well known to every one that keeps it, I water of the leaves; and this water, drank might forbear the description; yet, nottwo or three spoonfuls at a time, easeth all withstanding, because some desire it, I shall pains and torments coming of cold and give it. It runs up with a stalk a cubit wind, so that the body be not bound; and high, streaked, and somewhat reddish totaken with some of the root in powder at; ward the root, but very smooth, divided the beginning, helpeth the pleurisy, as also towards the top with small branches, among all other diseases of the lungs and breast, which stand long broad leaves of a reddish ascoughs, phthysic, and shortness of breath; green colour, slippery; the flowers are not and a syrup of the stalks do the like. It properly flowers, but tuffs, very beautiful helps pains of the cholic, the stranguary and to behold, but of no smell, of reddish colour; stoppage of the urine, procureth womens' if you bruise them, they yield juice of the courses, and expelleth the after-birth, open-i same colour, being gathered, they keep their eth the stoppings of the liver and spleen, beauty a long time; the seed is of a shining and briefly easeth and discusseth all windi- black colour.

ness and inward swellings. The decoction Time.] They continue in flower from drank before the fit of an ague, that they August till the time the frost nip them. inay sweat (if possible) before the fit comes, Government and virtues.] It is under the will, in two or three times taking, rid it dominion of Saturn, and is an excellent quite away; it helps digestion and is a re-iqualifier of the unruly actions and passions medy for a surfeit. The juice or the water of Venus, though Mars also should join being dropped into the eyes or ears, helps with her. The flowers dried and beaten dimness of sight and deafness; the juice into powder, stop the terms in women, and put into the hollow teeth, easeth their pains. so do almost all other red things. And by The root in powder, made up into a plaister; the icon, or image of every herb, the ancients with a little pitch, and laid on the biting of at first found out their virtues. Modern mad dogs, or any other venomous creature, writers laugh at them for it; but I wonder doth wonderfully help. The juice, or the in my heart, how the virtues of herbs came water dropped, or tents wet therein, and put at first to be known, if not by their signainto filthy dead ulcers, or the powder of the tures; the moderns have them from the root (in want of either) doth cleanse and writings of the ancients; the ancients had cause them to heal quickly, by covering the no writings to have them from : but to pronaked bones with flesh; the distilled water; ceed. The flowers stop all fluxes of blood; applied to places pained with the gout, or whether in man or woman, bleeding either sciatica, doth give a great deal of ease.

to all the purposes aforesaid.

#### AMARANTHUS.

at the nose or wound. There is also a sort The wild Angelica is not so effectual as of Amaranthus that bears a white flower, the garden; although it may be safely used; which stops the whites in women, and the running of the reins in men, and is a most gallant antivenereal, and a singular remedy for the French pox.

#### ANEMONE.

BESIDES its common name, by which it is best known by the florists of our days, CALLED also Wind Flower, because they

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wind blows. Pliny is my author; if it applied, it matters not much, it is excellently be not so, blame him. The seed also (if it good for swellings in the throat: the best

in the gardens of the curious, and flower in is an excellent remedy for the yellow jaun the Spring-time. As for description I shall dice. pass it, being well known to all those that sow them.

Government and virtues.] It is under the dominion of Mars, being supposed to be a kind of Crow-foot. The leaves provoke the body, upon which the operation is most; the terms mightily, being boiled, and the decoction drank. The body being bathed; with the decoction of them, cures the leprosy. The leaves being stamped and the juice snuffed up in the nose, purges the head mightily; so does the root, being chewed in the mouth, for it procures much spitting, and brings away many watery and phlegmatic humours, and is therefore excellent for the lethargy. And when all is done, let physicians prate what they please, all the pills in the dispensatory purge not the head like to hot things held in the mouth. Being made into an ointment, and the eye-} and their seed is ripe quickly after. lids anointed with it, it helps inflammations of the eyes, whereby it is palpable, that every is used as a remedy to women pained, and stronger draws its weaker like. The same almost strangled with the mother, by smellointment is excellently good to cleanse ma-ling to it; but inwardly taken there is no lignant and corroding ulcers.

#### GARDEN ARRACH.

cultivated for domestic uses.

every housewife, it were labour lost to describe it.

to the end of August.

Government and virtues.] It is under the easily, safely, and speedily cure any disease government of the Moon; in quality cold thereof, as the fits of the mother, dislocaand moist like unto her. It softens and tion, or falling out thereof; cools the loosens the body of man being eaten, womb being over-heated. And let me tell and fortifies the expulsive faculty in him. you this, and I will tell you the truth, heat The herb, whether it be bruised and applied of the womb is one of the greatest causes

say the flowers never open but when the : to the throat, or boiled, and in like manner bears any at all) flies away with the wind. way, I suppose is to boil it, apply the Place and Time.] They are sown usually herb outwardly: the decoction of it besides

#### ARRACH, WILD AND STINKING.

CALLED also Vulvaria, from that part of also Dog's Arrach, Goat's Arrach, and Stinking Motherwort.

Descript.] This has small and almost round leaves, yet a little pointed and without dent or cut, of a dusky mealy colour, growing on the slender stalks and branches that spread on the ground, with small flowers set with the leaves, and small seeds succeeding like the rest, perishing yearly and rising again with its own sowing. It smells like rotten fish, or something worse.

Place.] It grows usually upon dunghills. Time.] They flower in June and July,

Government and virtues.] Stinking Arrach better remedy under the moon for that disease. I would be large in commendation of this herb, were I but eloquent. It is an Called also Orach, and Arage; it is herb under the dominion of Venus, and under the sign Scorpio; it is common almost Descript.] It is so commonly known to upon every dunghill. The works of God are freely given to man, his medicines are common and cheap, and easily to be found. Time.] It flowers and seeds from June I commend it for an universal medicine for the womb, and such a medicine as will



Basil



Aveus



Archangel





Beets



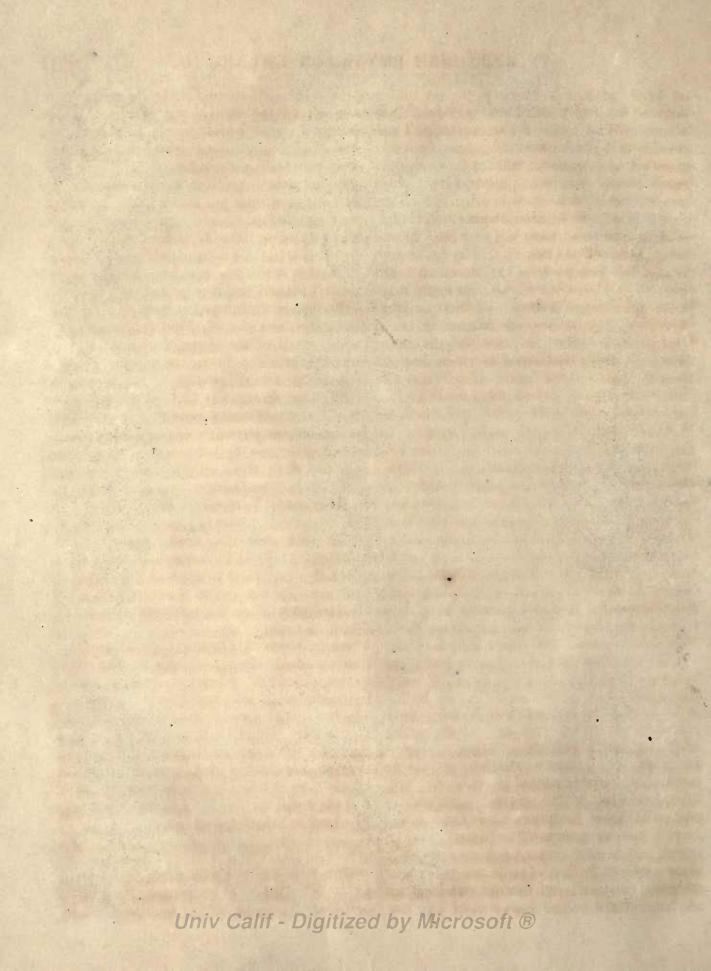
Yellow Bedstraw



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Water Betony

THOMAS KELLY, LONDON, 1835.



of hard labour in child-birth. It makes White Archangel hath divers square barren women fruitful. It cleanseth the stalks, none standing straight upward, but womb if it be foul, and strengthens it ex-bending downward, whereon stand two ceedingly; it provokes the terms if they be leaves at a joint, larger and more pointed stopped, and stops them if they flow immode-rately; you can desire no good to your greener also, more like unto Nettle leaves, womb, but this herb will affect it; there-but not stinking, yet hairy. At the joints, fore if you love children, if you love health, with the leaves, stand larger and more open if you love ease, keep a syrup always by gaping white flowers, husks round about you, made of the juice of this herb, and the stalks, but not with such a bush of leaves sugar, (or honey, if it be to cleanse the as flowers set in the top, as is on the other, womb) and let such as be rich keep it for i wherein stand small roundish black seeds : their poor neighbours; and bestow it as the root is white, with many strings at it, freely as I bestow my studies upon them, or not growing downward but lying under the else let them look to answer it another day, upper crust of the earth, and abides many when the Lord shall come to make inquisi- years increasing; this has not so strong a tion for blood.

#### ARCHANGEL.

physicians call an herb (which country peo-; with leaves are farther asunder, having lonple vulgarly know by the name of Dead ger leaves than the former, and the flowers Nettle) Archangel; whether they favour a little larger and more gaping, of a fair more of superstition or folly, I leave to the yellow colour in most, in some paler. judicious reader. There is more curiosity roots are like the white, only they creep not than courtesy to my countrymen used by so much under the ground. others in the explanation as well of the names, as description of this so well known (unless it be in the middle of the street) the herb; which that I may not also be guilty of, yellow most usually in the wet grounds of take this short description: first, of the Red woods, and sometimes in the dryer, in divers Archangel. This is likewise called Bee counties of this nation. Nettle.

somewhat hairy, at the joints whereof grow : Government and virtues.] The Archangels two sad green leaves dented about the edges, are somewhat hot and drier than the stingopposite to one another to the lowermost ing Nettles, and used with better success upon long foot stalks, but without any to-; for the stopping and hardness of the spleen, ward the tops, which are somewhat round, than they, by using the decoction of the yet pointed, and a little crumpled and herb in wine, and afterwards applying the hairy; round about the upper joints, where ; herb hot into the region of the spleen as a the leaves grow thick, are sundry gaping plaister, or the decoction with spunges. flowers of a pale reddish colour; after which Flowers of the White Archangel are precome the seeds three or four in a husk. served or conserved to be used to stay the The root is small and thready, perishing whites, and the flowers of the red to stay every year; the whole plant hath a strong the reds in women. It makes the heart smell but not stinking.

scent as the former.

Yellow Archangel is like the White in the stalks and leaves; but that the stalks To put a gloss upon their practice, the are more straight and upright, and the joints The

*Place.*] They grow almost every where,

Time.] They flower from the beginning Descript.] This has divers square stalks, i of the Spring all the Summer long.

merry, drives away melancholv, quickens

the spirits is good against quartan agues, : Government and virtues.] As the virtue of stancheth bleeding at mouth and nose, if it both these is various, so is also their governbe stamped and applied to the nape of the ment; for that which is hot and biting, is neck; the herb also bruised, and with some under the dominion of Mars, but Saturn salt and vinegar and hog's-grease, laid upon challenges the other, as appears by that an hard tumour or swelling, or that vulgarly leaden coloured spot he hath placed upon called the king's evil, do help to dissolve or the leaf. discuss them; and being in like manner! It is of a cooling and drying quality, applied, doth much allay the pains, and give and very effectual for putrified ulcers in man ease to the gout, sciatica, and other pains or beast, to kill worms, and cleanse the and such like things gotten into the flesh, piece of the root, or some of the seeds and is very good against bruises and bur- bruised, and held to an aching tooth, takes nings. But the yellow Archangel is most away the pain. The leaves bruised and commended for old, filthy, corrupt sores laid to the joint that has a felon thereon, and ulcers, yea although they grow to be takes it away. The juice destroys worms hollow; and to dissolve tumours. The in the ears, being dropped into them; if chief use of them is for women, it being an the hot Arssmart be strewed in a chamber, herb of Venus.

#### ARSSMART.

pepper, or Culrage. The mild Arssmart put under a horse's saddle, will make him is called dead Arssmart Persicaria, or Peach- travel the better, although he were half wort, because the leaves are so like the tired before. The mild Arssmart is good leaves of a peach-tree; it is also called against all imposthumes and inflammations Plumbago.

Description of the mild.] This has broad leaves set at the great red joint of the sorts of Arssmart together, as men chop stalks; with semicircular blackish marks herbs for the pot, when both of them are on them, usually either blueish or whitish, of contrary qualities The hot Arssmart with such like seed following. The root is grows not so high or tall as the mild doth, long, with many strings thereat, perishing but has many leaves of the colour of. yearly; this has no sharp taste (as another peach leaves, very seldom or never spotted; sort has, which is quick and biting) but in other particulars it is like the former, but rather sour like sorrel, or else a little drying, may easily be known from it, if you will or without taste.

and the like, which for the most part are tongue to smart, but the cold will not. If dry in Summer.

is ripe in August.

of the joints and sinews. It is also very putrified places. The juice thereof dropped effectual to heal green wounds, and old in, or otherwise applied, consumes all cold ulcers; also to stay their fretting, gnawing and spreading. It draws forth splinters, blood of bruises by strokes, falls, &c. A it will soon kill all the fleas; and the herb or juice of the cold Arssmart, put to a horse, or other cattle's sores, will drive away the fly in the hottest time of Summer; a THE hot Arssmart is called also Water- good handful of the hot biting Arssmart

at the beginning, and to heal green wounds. All authors chop the virtues of both but be pleased to break a leaf of it cross Place.] It grows in watery places, ditches, your tongue, for the hot will make your you see them both together, you may easily Time.] It flowers in June, and the seed distinguish them, because the mild hath far broader leaves.

#### ASARABACCA.

divisions, very like the cups or heads of purgeth downwards. the Henbane seed, but that they are smaller: The common use hereof is, to take the and these be all the flower it carries, which juice of five or seven leaves in a little drink are somewhat sweet, being smelled to to cause vomiting; the roots have also the and wherein, when they are ripe, is con-same virtue, though they do not operate so tained small cornered rough seeds, very forcibly; they are very effectual against the like the kernels or stones of grapes or biting of serpents, and therefore are put as raisins. The roots are small and whitish, an ingredient both into Mithridite and spreading divers ways in the ground, in-Venice treacle. The leaves and roots being creasing into divers heads; but not running boiled in lye, and the head often washed or creeping under the ground, as some other therewith while it is warm, comforts the creeping herbs do. They are somewhat head and brain that is ill affected by taking sweet in smell, resembling Nardus, but cold, and helps the memory. more when they are dry than green; and i I shall desire ignorant people to forbear

Winter; but shoot forth new in the Spring, fistulas upon their bodies, to take a dram and with them come forth those heads or of them in powder in a quarter of a pint of flowers which give ripe seed about Mid- white wine in the morning. The truth is, summer, or somewhat after.

under the dominion of Mars, and therefore weaken nature, nor shall ever advise them inimical to nature. This herb being drank, to be used, unless upon urgent necessity. not only provokes vomiting, but purges If a physician be nature's servant, it is his downward, and by urine also, purges both duty to strengthen his mistress as much as choler and flegm: If you add to it some he can, and weaken her as little as may be. spikenard, with the whey of goat's milk, or honeyed water, it is made more strong, but it purges flegm more manifestly than i

choler, and therefore does much help pains in the hips, and other parts; being boiled

Descript.] ASARABACCA appears like in whey, they wonderfully help the oban evergreen, keeping its leaves all the structions of the liver and spleen, and there-Winter, but putting forth new ones in the fore profitable for the dropsy and jaundice: time of Spring. It has many heads rising being steeped in wine and drank, it helps from the roots, from whence come many those continual agues that come by the plenty smooth leaves, every one upon his foot of stubborn humours; an oil made thereof stalks, which are rounder and bigger than by setting in the sun, with some laudanum Violet leaves, thicker also, and of a dark added to it, provokes sweating, (the ridge green shining colour on the upper side, and of the back being anointed therewith) and of a pale yellow green underneath, little or thereby drives away the shaking fits of the nothing dented about the edges, from among ague. It will not abide any long boiling, which rise small, round, hollow, brown for it loseth its chief strength thereby; nor green husks, upon short stalks, about an much beating, for the finer powder proinch long, divided at the brims into five vokes vomits and urine, and the coarser

of a sharp and not unpleasant taste. the use of the leaves ; the roots purge more Place.] It grows frequently in gardens. gently, and may prove beneficial to such as *Time.*] They keep their leaves green all have cancers, or old putrified ulcers, or

I fancy purging and vomiting medicines as Government and virtues.] It is a plant little as any man breathing doth, for they

ASPARAGUS, SPARAGUS, OR SPERAGE.

Descript.] IT rises up at first with divers

white and green scaly heads, very brittle or more than the wild, yet hath it the same bead or coral, wherein are contained ex-; convulsions, and helps the sciatica. ceeding hard black seeds, the roots are dispersed from a spongeous head into many long, thick, and round strings, wherein is sucked much nourishmentout of the ground, be mispent in writing a description of it; and increaseth plentifully thereby.

#### PRICKLY ASPARAGUS, OR SPERAGE.

den Asparagus is sold in London.

Winter.

make the belly soluble and open, and boiled lye, and those heads bathed therewith in white wine, provoke urine, being stopped, which are leprous, scabby, or scald, they and is good against the stranguary or diffi- are thereby cured. The kernels within the culty of making water; it expelleth the husks, commonly called Ashen Keys, pregravel and stone out of the kidneys, and vail against stitches and pains in the sides, helpeth pains in the reins. And boiled in proceeding of wind, and voideth away the white wine or vinegar, it is prevalent for stone by provoking urine. them that have their arteries loosened, or I can justly except against none of all Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

easy to break while they are young, which effects in all the afore-mentioned diseases : afterwards rise up in very long and slender. The decoction of the root in white wine, green stalks of the bigness of an ordinary and the back and belly bathed therewith, riding wand, at the bottom of most, or or kneeling or lying down in the same, or bigger, or lesser, as the roots are of growth; sitting therein as a bath, has been found on which are set divers branches of green effectual against pains of the reins and leaves shorter and smaller than fennel to the bladder, pains of the mother and cholic, top; at the joints whereof come forth small and generally against all pains that happen yellowish flowers, which turn into round to the lower parts of the body, and no less berries, green at first, and of an excellent effectual against stiff and benumbed sinews, red colour when they are ripe, shewing like or those that are shrunk by cramps and

#### ASH TREE.

THIS is so well known, that time would therefore I shall only insist upon the virtues of it.

Government and virtues.] It is governed Descript.] This grows usually in gar-iby the Sun: and the young tender tops, dens, and some of it grows wild in Apple- with the leaves taken inwardly, and some ton meadows in Gloucestershire, where the of them outwardly applied, are singularly poor people gather the buds of young good against the bitings of viper, adder, or shoots, and sell them cheaper than our gar- any other venomous beast; and the water distilled therefrom being taken, a small Time.] For the most part they flower, quantity every morning fasting, is a singular and bear their berries late in the year, or medicine for those that are subject to dropsy, not at all, although they are housed in or to abate the greatness of those that are too gross or fat. The decoction of the leaves Government and virtues.] They are both in white wine helps to break the stone, under the dominion of Jupiter. The young and expel it, and cures the jaundice. The buds or branches boiled in ordinary broth, ashes of the bark of the Ash made into

are troubled with the hip-gout or sciatica. this, save only the first, viz. That Ash-tree The decoction of the roots boiled in wine tops and leaves are good against the bitings and taken, is good to clear the sight, and of serpents and vipers. I suppose this had its being held in the mouth easeth the tooth- rise from Gerrard or Pliny, both which hold, ache. The garden asparagus nourisheth That there is such an antipathy between an

adder and an Ash-tree, that if an adder beitne most part, and their seed is ripe in July encompassed round with Ash-tree leaves, at the farthest.

through the leaves: The contrary to which by Jupiter, and that gives hopes of a wholeis the truth, as both my eyes are witnesses. some healthful herb. It is good for the dis-The rest are virtues something likely, only eases of the chest or breast, for pains, and if it be in Winter when you cannot get the stitches in the side, and to expel crude and leaves, you may safely use the bark instead raw humours from the belly and stomach, of them. The keys you may easily keep by the sweet savour and warming quality all the year, gathering them when they are It dissolves the inward congealed blood ripe.

Descript.] middle whereof stand a small green herb, obstructions of the liver and spleen. which when the flower is fallen, grows to i It is very safe: you need have no dose be round, being made of many long green-prescribed; and is very fit to be kept in ish purple seeds (like grains) which will every body's house. stick upon your clothes. The root consists of many brownish strings or fibres, smelling somewhat like unto cloves, especially those which grow in the higher, hotter, and drier; habitant almost in every garden, that I shall grounds, and in free and clear air.

Place.] They grow wild in many places although its virtues, which are many, may under hedge's sides, and by the path-ways not be omitted. shadowy than sunny places.

Time.] They flower in May or June for a nature much in all its actions. Let a syrup

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she will sooner run through the fire than Government and virtues.] It is governed happening by falls or bruises, and the spit-

AVENS, CALLED ALSO COLEWORT, AND dry, be boiled in wine and drank; as also all manner of inward wounds or outward,

The ordinary Avens hath if washed or bathed therewith. The demany long, rough, dark green, winged coction also being drank, comforts the heart, leaves, rising from the root, every one made and strengthens the stomach and a cold of many leaves set on each side of the mid- brain, and therefore is good in the Spring dle rib, the largest three whereof grow at time to open obstructions of the liver, and the end, and are snipped or dented round helps the wind cholic; it also helps those about the edges; the other being small that have fluxes, or are bursten, or have a pieces, sometimes two and sometimes four, rupture; it takes away spots or marks in standing on each side of the middle ribithe face, being washed therewith. The underneath them. Among which do rise juice of the fresh root, or powder of the up divers rough or hairy stalks about two dried root, has the same effect with the feet high, branching forth with leaves at decoction. The root in the Spring-time every joint not so long as those below, but steeped in wine, gives it a delicate savour almost as much cut in on the edges, some and taste, and being drank fasting every into three parts, some into more. On the morning, comforts the heart, and is a tops of the branches stand small, pale, yel- good preservative against the plague, or low flowers, consisting of five leaves, like any other poison. It helps indigestion, the flowers of Cinquefoil, but large, in the and warms a cold stomach, and opens

#### BALM.

THIS herb is so well known to be an innot need to write any description thereof,

in fields; yet they rather delight to grow in ; Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Jupiter, and under Cancer, and strengthens

shall be taught at the latter end of this; water, is good for a woman in child-bed. book) be kept in every gentlewoman's house when the after-birth is not thoroughly to relieve the weak stomachs and sick bodies voided, and for their faintings upon or in of their poor sickly neighbours; as also the herb kept dry in the house, that so with other convenient simples, you may make it into an electuary with honey, according as the disease is you shall be taught at the latter end of my book. The Arabian physicians have extolled the virtues thereof to the skies; although the Greeks thought it not worth mentioning. Seraphio says, it causes the mind and heart to become merry, and revives the heart, faintings and swoonings, especially of such who are overtaken in sleep, and drives away all troublesome cares and thoughts out of the mind, { in white wine, and a quarter of a pint drank arising from melancholy or black choler; each morning, is an excellent remedy to which Avicen also confirms. It is very good to help digestion, and open obstruc- I free it from such diseases as choler causes. tions of the brain, and hath so much purg- such as scabs, itch, tetters, ringworms, yeling quality in it (saith Avicen) as to expel i low jaundice, boils, &c. It is excellent for those melancholy vapours from the spirits that agues, burnings, scaldings, heat of and blood which are in the heart and the blood, heat of the liver, bloody-flux; arteries, although it cannot do so in other { for the berries are as good as the bark, and parts of the body. Dioscorides says, more pleasing: they get a man a good That the leaves steeped in wine, and the stomach to his victuals, by strengthening the wine drank, and the leaves externally ap- attractive faculty which is under Mars. plied, is a remedy against the stings of a The hair washed with the lye made of scorpion, and the bitings of mad dogs; the tree and water, will make it turn yellow, and commends the decoction thereof for viz. of Mars' own colour. The fruit and women to bathe or sit in to procure their rind of the shrub, the flowers of broom courses; it is good to wash aching teeth and of heath, or furz, cleanse the body of therewith, and profitable for those that choler by sympathy, as the flowers, leaves, have the bloody-flux. The leaves also, with and bark of the peach-tree do by antipathy; a little nitre taken in drink, are good against; because these are under Mars, that under the surfeit of mushrooms, helps the griping Venus. pains of the belly; and being made into an electuary, it is good for them that cannot fetch their breath : Used with salt, it takes away wens, kernels, or hard swellings in made all in general so acquainted herewith, the flesh or throat; it cleanses foul sores, that it is altogether needless to describe it, and eases pains of the gout. It is good several kinds hereof plentifully growing, for the liver and spleen. A tansy or caudle being yearly sown in this land. The virtues made with eggs, and juice thereof while it thereof take as follow.

made with the juice of it and sugar (as you is young, putting to it some sugar and rosetheir sore travail. The herb bruised and boiled in a little wine and oil, and laid warm on a boil, will ripen it, and break it.

#### BARBERRY

THE shrub is so well known by every boy and girl that has but attained to the age of seven years, that it needs no description.

Government and virtues.] Mars owns the shrub, and presents it to the use of my countrymen to purge their bodies of choler. The inner rind of the Barberry-tree boiled cleanse the body of choleric humours, and

#### BARLEY.

THE continual usefulness hereof hath

plant of Saturn: if you view diligently its what broad and round, yet pointed, of a effects by sympathy and antipathy, you pale green colour, but fresh; a little snippmay easily perceive a reason of them; as ed about the edges, and of a strong healthy also why barley bread is so unwholesome scent. The flowers are small and white, for melancholy people. Barley in all the and standing at the tops of the branches, parts and compositions thereof (except; with two small leaves at the joints, in some malt) is more cooling than wheat, and a lit- places green, in others brown, after which tle cleansing: And all the preparations come black seed. The root perishes at thereof, as barley-water and other things the approach of Winter, and therefore must made thereof, give great nourishment to be new sown every year. persons troubled with fevers, agues, and [ Place.] It grows in gardens. heats in the stomach : A poultice made of [ Time.] It must be sowed late, and flowers barley meal or flour boiled in vinegar and in the heart of Summer, being a very tender honey, and a few dry figs put into them, plant. dissolves all imposthumes, and assuages inflammations, being thereto applied. And which all authors are together by the ears being boiled with melilot and camomile-{about, and rail at one another (like lawyers.) flowers, and some linseed, fenugreck, and Galen and Dioscorides hold it not fit to be rue in powder, and applied warm, it eases taken inwardly; and Chrysippus rails at it pains in side and stomach, and windiness with downright Billingsgate rhetoric; Pliny, of the spleen. The meal of barley and and the Arabian physicians, defend it. fleawort boiled in water, and made a poul- For my own part, I presently found tice with honey and oil of lilies applied that speech true; warm, cures swellings under the ears, Non nostrium inter nos tantas componere lites. throat, neck, and such like; and a plaister made thereof with tar, with sharp vinegar And away to Dr. Reason went I, who told into a poultice, and laid on hot, helps the me it was an herb of Mars, and under the leprosy; being boiled in red wine with Scorpion, and perhaps therefore called pomegranate rinds, and myrtles, stays; Basilicon, and it is no marvel if it carry the lask or other flux of the belly; boiled a kind of virulent quality with it. with vinegar and quince, it eases the pains applied to the place bitten by venomous of the gout; barley-flour, white salt, honey, beasts, or stung by a wasp or hornet, it and vinegar mingled together, takes away speedily draws the poison to it; Every like the itch speedily and certainly. The water draws his like. Mizaldus affirms, that, distilled from the green barley in the end of being laid to rot in horse-dung, it will breed May, is very good for those that have de-{venomous beasts. Hilarius, a French phyfluctions of humours fallen into their eyes, sician, affirms upon his own knowledge, and eases the pain, being dropped into that an acquaintance of his, by common them: or white bread steeped therein, and smelling to it, had a scorpion bred in his bound on the eyes, does the same.

#### GARDEN BAZIL, OR SWEET BAZIL.

Descript.] The greater or ordinary Bazil an enemy to poison as any that grows. rises up usually with one upright stalk,

Government and virtues.] It is a notable two leaves at every joint, which are some-

Government and virtues.] This is the herb

Being brain. Something is the matter; this herb and rue will not grow together, no, nor near one another: and we know rue is as great

To conclude: It expels both birth and diversly branching forth on all sides, with after-birth; and as it helps the deficiency

of Venus in one kind, so it spoils all her ac-; leaves also work the like effects. A bath of tions in another. I dare write no more of it. the decoction of the leaves and berries, is

#### THE BAY TREE.

description : I shall therefore only write or for the diseases of the bladder, pains in the virtues thereof, which are many.

add a word or two to what my friend has of Bay-berries, cummin seed, hyssop, oriwritten, viz. that it is a tree of the sun, and ganum, and euphorbium, with some honey, under the celestial sign Leo, and resists and the head bathed therewith, wonderwitchcraft very potently, as also all the evils fully helps distillations and rheums, and old Saturn can do to the body of man, and settles the pallate of the mouth into its they are not a few; for it is the speech of place. The oil made of the berries is very one, and I am mistaken if it were not comfortable in all cold griefs of the joints, Mizaldus, that neither witch nor devil, nerves, arteries, stomach, belly, or womb, thunder nor lightning, will hurt a man in and helps palsies, convulsions, cramp, the place where a Bay-tree is. Galen said, aches, tremblings, and numbress in any that the leaves or bark do dry and heal part, weariness also, and pains that come very much, and the berries more than the by sore travelling. All griefs and pains leaves; the bark of the root is less sharp proceeding from wind, either in the head, and hot, but more bitter, and hath some stomach, back, belly, or womb, by anointing astriction withal whereby it is effectual to the parts affected therewith: And pains in break the stone, and good to open obstruc- the ears are also cured by dropping in some tions of the liver, spleen, and other inward of the oil, or by receiving into the ears the parts, which bring the jaundice, dropsy, fume of the decoction of the berries through &c. The berries are very effectual against a funnel. The oil takes away the marks or all poison of venomous creatures, and the the skin and flesh by bruises, falls, &c. and sting of wasps and bees; as also against the dissolves the congealed blood in them. It pestilence, or other infectious diseases, and helps also the itch, scabs, and weals in therefore put into sundry treacles for that the skin. purpose; They likewise procure women's courses, and seven of them given to a woman in sore travail of child-birth, do cause BOTH the garden and field beans are so a speedy delivery, and expel the after birth, well known, that it saves me the labour of and therefore not to be taken by such as have writing any description of them. not gone out their time, lest they procure tues follow. abortion, or cause labour too soon. They Government and virtues.] They are plants wonderfully help all cold and rheumatic of Venus, and the distilled water of the distillations from the brain to the eyes, flower of garden beans is good to clean the lungs or other parts; and being made into face and skin from spots and wrinkles, and an electuary with honey, do help the con-i the meal or flour of them, or the small beans sumption, old coughs, shortness of breath, doth the same. The water distilled from and thin rheums; as also the megrim. They, the green husks, is held to be very effectual mightily expel the wind, and provoke urine; against the stone, and to provoke urine. help the mother, and kill the worms. The Bean flour is used in poultices to assuage

singularly good for women to sit in, that are troubled with the mother, or the diseases THIS is so well known that it needs no thereof, or the stoppings of their courses, e virtues thereof, which are many. Government and virtues.] I shall but only urine. A decoction likewise of equal parts

#### BEANS.

The vir-

helps them all, and with Rose leaves, } Frankincense and the white of an egg, being applied to the eyes, helps them that are commonly growing with us in this land, swollen or do water, or have received any which is called the Scarlet flower Bean. blow upon them, if used with wine. If a bean be parted in two, the skin being taken other, but runs higher, to the length of hopaway, and laid on the place where the leech poles, about which they grow twining, but hath been set that bleeds too much, stays turning contrary to the sun, having footthe bleeding. Bean flour boiled to a poul-stalks with three leaves on each, as on the tice with wine and vinegar, and some oil other; the flowers also are like the other, put thereto, eases both pains and swelling and of a most orient scarlet colour. The of the privities. The husks boiled in water to Beans are larger than the ordinary kind, the consumption of a third part thereof, of a dead purple colour turning black when stays a lask; and the ashes of the husks, iripe and dry; the root perishes in Winter. made up with old hog's grease, helps the old pains, contusions, and wounds of the long to Dame Venus, and being dried and sinews, the sciatica and gout. The field beat to powder, are as great strengtheners beans have all the aforementioned virtues as the garden beans.

Beans eaten are extremely windy meat; but if after the Dutch fashion, when they stew them, (I cannot tell you how, for I never was a cook in all my life) they are wholesome food.

#### FRENCH BEANS.

arises at first but with one stalk, which a quickset hedge, will much adorn the afterwards divides itself into many arms or same, by climbing up thereon, so that they branches, but all so weak that if they be may be discerned a great way, not without not sustained with sticks or poles, they will admiration of the beholders at a distance. be fruitless upon the ground. At several But they will go near to kill the quicksets places of these branches grow foot stalks, by cloathing them in scarlet. each with three broad round and pointed green leaves at the end of them ; towards the top comes forth divers flowers made like to pease blossoms, of the same colour for iten, it is called Cheese-Rennet, because it

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inflammations arising from wounds, and is to say, white, yellow, red, blackish, or of the swelling of women's breasts caused by a deeper purple, but white is the most usual ; the curdling of their milk, and represses after which come long and slender flat pods, their milk; Flour of beans and Fenugreek some crooked, some straight, with a string mixed with honey, and applied to felons, running down the back thereof, wherein is boils, bruises, or blue marks by blows, or flattish round fruit made like a kidney; the the imposthumes in the kernels of the cars, root long, spreads with many strings annexed to it, and perishes every year.

There is another sort of French beans

This rises with sundry branches as the Government and virtues.] These also beof the kidneys as any are; neither is there a better remedy than it; a dram at a time taken in white wine to prevent the stone, or to cleanse the kidneys of gravel or stoppage. are half boiled you husk them and then The ordinary French Beans are of an easy digestion; they move the belly, provoke urine, enlarge the breast that is straightened with shortness of breath, engender sperm, and incite to venery. And the scarlet coloured Beans, in regard of the glori-Descript.] This French or Kidney Bean; ous beauty of their colour, being set near

#### LADIES BED-STRAW.

BESIDES the common name above writthe most part that the fruit will be of; that performs the same office, as also Gailion, a by microsoft

Pettimugget, and Maiden-hair; and by some ; oil, by being set in the sun, and changed Wild Rosemary.

small brown, and square upright stalks, a or sallad oil, with some wax melted therein, yard high or more; sometimes branches after it is strained; either the oil made forth into divers parts, full of joints, and thereof, or the ointment, do help burnings with divers very fine small leaves at every with fire, or scalding with water. The one of them, little or nothing rough at all; same also, or the decoction of the herb and at the tops of the branches grow many long flower, is good to bathe the feet of travellers tufts or branches of yellow flowers very and lacquies, whose long running causes thick set together, from the several joints; weariness and stiffness in the sinews and which consist of four leaves a piece, which joints. If the decoction be used warm, and smell somewhat strong, but not unpleasant. the joints afterwards anointed with oint-The seed is small and black like poppy ment, it helps the dry scab, and the itch seed, two for the most part joined together : in children ; and the herb with the white The root is reddish, with many small threads flower is also very good for the sincws, fastened to it, which take strong hold of arteries, and joints, to comfort and strengthen the ground, and creep a little: and the them after travel, cold. and pains. branches leaning a little down to the ground, take root at the joints thereof, whereby it

is easily encreased. There is another sort of Ladies Bed- best known generally, and whereof I shall straw growing frequently in England, which i principally treat at this time, viz. the white bears white flowers as the other doth yel- and red Beets, and their virtues. low; but the branches of this are so weak, Descript.] The common white Beet has that unless it be sustained by the hedges, many great leaves next the ground, some-or other things near which it grows, it will what large and of a whitish green colour. lie down to the ground ; the leaves a little The stalk is great, strong, and ribbed, bearbigger than the former, and the flowers not ing great store of leaves upon it, almost to so plentiful as these; and the root hereof is the very top of it: The flowers grow in also thready and abiding.

tures both wet and dry, and by the hedges. greenish, yellow buds, giving cornered

part, and the seed is ripe in July and hard, and when it has given seed is of no August. And Him

Government and virtues.] They are both The common red Beet differs not from herbs of Venus, and therefore strengthening the white, but only it is less, and the leaves the parts both internal and external, which and the roots are somewhat red; the leaves she rules. "The decoction of the former of are differently red, some only with red stalks those being drank, is good to fret and break ; or veins; some of a fresh red, and others the stone, provoke urine, stays inward of a dark red. The root thereof is red, bleeding, and heals inward wounds. The spungy, and not used to be eaten. herb or flower bruised and put into the Government and virtues.] The government nostrils, stays their bleeding likewise : of these two sorts of Beets are far different ; The flowers and herbs being made into an the red Beet being under Saturn and the

after it has stood ten or twelve days; or Descript.] This rises up with divers into an ointment being boiled in Azunga,

#### BEETS.

OF Beets there are two sorts, which are

very long tufts, small at the end, and turn-Place.] They grow in meadows and pas-; ing down their heads, which are small, pale Time.] They flower in May for the most prickly seed. The root is great, long, and use at all.

white under Jupiter; therefore take the branches, being round bellied and open at virtues of them apart, each by itself. The the brims, and divided into two parts, the white Beet much loosens the belly, and uppermost being like a hood, and the loweris of a cleansing, digesting quality, and most like a hip hanging down, of a dark provokes urine. The juice of it opens red colour, which passing there comes in obstructions both of the liver and spleen, their places small round heads with small and is good for the head-ache and swim-mings therein, and turnings of the brain; brownish seeds; the root is a thick bush of and is effectual also against all venomous strings and shreds, growing from the head. creatures; and applied to the temples, Place.] It grows by the ditch side, stays inflammations in the eyes; it helps! brooks, and other water-courses, generally burnings, being used with oil, and with a through this land, and is seldom found far little alum put to it, is good for St. An-from the water-side. thony's fire. It is good for all wheals, Time. It flowers about July, and the pushes, blisters, and blains in the skin: the seed is ripe in August. herb boiled, and laid upon chilblains or Government and virtues.] Water Betony kibes, helps them. The decoction thereof is an herb of Jupiter in Cancer, and is apin water and some vinegar, heals the itch, propriated more to wounds and hurts in the if bathed therewith; and cleanses the head breasts than Wood Betony, which follows ; of dandruff, scurf, and dry scabs, and does It is an excellent remedy for sick hogs. It much good for fretting and running sores, is of a cleansing quality. The leaves bruised ulcers, and cankers in the head, legs, or and applied are effectual for allold and filthy other parts, and is much commended against ulcers; and especially if the juice of the baldness and shedding the hair.

flux, women's courses, and the whites, and with; as also for bruises and hurts, whether to help the yellow jaundice; the juice of inward or outward. The distilled water of the root put into the nostrils, purges the the leaves is used for the same purpose; as head, helps the noise in the ears, and the also to bathe the face and hands spotted or tooth-ache; the juice snuffed up the nose, { blemished, or discoloured by sun burning. helps a stinking breath, if the cause lie in { I confess I do not much fancy distilled the nose, as many times it does, if any bruise waters, I mean such waters as are distilled has been there: as also want of smell cold; some virtues of the herb they may coming that way.

#### WATER BETONY.

CALLED also Brown-wort, and in York- apish fashion is, both chemical oil and salt shire, Bishop's-leaves.

which rises up with square, hard, greenish good for as little as can be by such a disstalks, sometimes brown, set with broad tillation. dark green leaves dented about the edges with notches somewhat resembling the leaves

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leaves be boiled with a little honey, and The red Beet is good to stay the bloody- dipped therein, and the sores dressed therehaply have (it were a strange thing else;) but this I am confident of, that being distilled in a pewter still, as the vulgar and

is left behind unless you burn them, and Descript.] First, of the Water Betony, then all is spoiled, water and all, which was

#### WOOD BETONY.

of the Wood Betony, but much larger too, Descript.] COMMON or Wood Betony for the most part set at a joint The flowers has many leaves rising from the root, are many, set at the tops of the stalks and which are somewhat broad and round at the end roundly dented about the edges, { pure honey is no less available for all sorts standing upon long foot stalks, from among of coughs, or colds, wheesing, or shortness which rise up small, square, slender, but of breath, distillations of thin rheum upon upright hairy stalks, with some leaves there-i the lungs, which causes consumptions. on to a piece at the joints, smaller than the The decoction made with Mead, and a little lower, whereon are set several spiked heads? Pennyroyal, is good for those that are of flowers like Lavender, but thicker and troubled with putrid agues, whether quoshorter for the most part, and of a reddish tidian, tertian, or quartan, and to draw or purple colour, spotted with white spots down and evacuate the blood and humours, both in the upper and lower part. The that by falling into the eyes, do hinder the seeds being contained within the husks that sight; the decoction thereof made in wine hold the flowers, are blackish, somewhat and taken, kills the worms in the belly. long and uneven. The roots are many opens obstructions both of the spleen and white thready strings: the stalk perishes, liver; cures stitches, and pains in the but the roots with some leaves thereon, back and sides, the torments and griping abide all the Winter. The whole plant is pains in the bowels, and the wind cholic ; and mixed with honey purges the belly, somewhat small.

Place.] It grows frequently in woods, helps to bring down women's courses, and and delights in shady places, Time.] And it flowers in July; after with the falling down of the mother, and

Time.] And it flowers in July; after with the falling down of the mother, and which the seed is quickly ripe, yet in its pains thereof, and causes an easy and prime in May.

speedy delivery of women in child-birth, Government and virtues.] The herb is ap-{It helps also to break and expel the stone, propriated to the planet Jupiter, and the either in the bladder or kidneys. The design Aries. Antonius Musa, physician to eoction with wine gargled in the mouth, the Emperor Augustus Cæsar, wrote a pe-jeases the tooth-ache. It is commended culiar book of the virtues of this herb; and against the stinging and biting of venomous among other virtues saith of it, that it pre-serpents, or mad dogs, being used inwardly serves the liver and bodies of men from and applied outwardly to the place. A the danger of epidemical diseases, and from dram of the powder of Betony taken with witchcraft also; it helps those that loath; a little honey in some vinegar, does wonand cannot digest their meat, those that derfully refresh those that are over wearied have weak stomachs and sour belchings, or by travelling. It stays bleeding at the mouth continual rising in their stomachs, using it or nose, and helps those that void or spit familiarly either green or dry; either the blood, and those that are bursten or have herb, or root, or the flowers, in broth, drink, a rupture, and is good for such as are or meat, or made into conserve, syrup, bruised by any fall or otherwise. The water, electuary, or powder, as every one green herb bruised, or the juice applied to may best frame themselves unto, or as the any inward hurt, or outward green wound time and season requires; taken any of in the head or body, will quickly heal and the aforesaid ways, it helps the jaundice, close it up; as also any veins or sinews that falling sickness, the palsy, convulsions, or are cut, and will draw forth any broken shrinking of the sinews, the gout and those bone or splinter, thorn or other things got that are inclined to dropsy, those that have into the flesh. It is no less profitable for continual pains in their heads, although it; old sores or filthy ulcers, yea, tho' they be turn to phrensy. The powder mixed with fistulous and hollow. But some do advise Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft @

to put a little salt for this purpose, being The water that is found in the hollow places applied with a little hog's lard, it helps a of decaying Beeches will cure both man plague sore, and other boils and pushes. and beast of any scurf, or running tetters, The fumes of the decoction while it is if they be washed therewith ; you may boil warm, received by a funnel into the ears, the leaves into a poultice, or make an ounteases the pains of them, destroys the ment of them when time of year serves.

worms and cures the running sores in them. The juice dropped into them does the same. The root of Betony is displeasing both to the taste and stomach, whereas Descript. Or these I shall only speak the leaves and flowers, by their sweet and of two sorts which are common in England, spicy taste, are comfortable both to meat viz. The black and red berries. And first and medicine.

Anthony Muse, an expert physician, (for it ground, scarcely rising half a yard high, was not the practice of Octavius Cesar to with divers small green leaves set in the keep fools about him) appropriates to green branches, not always one against the Betony; it is a very precious herb, that is other, and a little dented about the edges: certain, and most fitting to be kept in a At the foot of the leaves come forth small, man's house, both in syrup, conserve, oil, hollow, pale, bluish coloured flowers, the

#### THE BEECH TREE.

stand, that I mean the green mast Beech, purplish colour in their hands and lips that which is by way of distinction from that eat and handle them, especially if they other small rough sort, called in Sussex the break them. The root grows aslope under

chases, to feed deer ; and in other places to and round pointed, standing on the several

or beginning of May, for the most part, divers round, reddish, sappy berries, when and the fruit is ripe in September. I they are ripe, of a sharp taste. The root

Government and virtues.] It is a plant of runs in the ground, as in the former, but Saturn, and therefore performs his qualities the leaves of this abide all Winter. and proportion in these operations. The Place. The first grows in forests, on the leaves of the Beech tree are cooling and heaths, and such like barren places: the binding, and therefore good to be applied red grows in the north parts of this land, as to hot swellings to discuss them ; the nuts Lancashire, Yorkshire, &c.

of the black.

These are some of the many virtues. The small bush creeps along upon the ointment and plaister. The flowers are brims ending at five points, with a reddish usually conserved. thread in the middle, which pass into sniall round berries of the bigness and colour of In treating of this tree, you must under-sharp taste; the juice of them gives a smaller Beech, but in Essex Horn-beam. ground, shooting forth in sundry places I suppose it is needless to describe it, as it creeps. This loses its leaves in

being already too well known to my coun-trymen. Place.] It grows in woods amongst oaks and other trees, and in parks, forests, and hard caves, like the Box-tree leaves, green hard caves, like the Box-tree leaves, green fatten swine. branches, at the top whereof only, and not Time.] It blooms in the end of April, from the sides, as in the former, come forth

do much nourish such beasts as feed thereon. Time. They flower in March and April,

and the fruit of the black is ripe in July i straight tree, fraught with many boughs, and and August.

the dominion of Jupiter. It is a pity they are used no more in physic than they are.

The black Bilberries are good in hot agues and to cool the heat of the liver and stomach; they do somewhat bind the belly, and stay vomitings and loathings; the juice of the berries made in a syrup, or the pulp made into a conserve with sugar, is good for the purposes aforesaid, as also for an old the ground, and their seed with them. cough, or an ulcer in the lungs, or other diseases therein. The Red Worts are more binding, and stops women's courses, spitting of blood, or any other flux of blood or humours, being used as well outwardly as inwardly.

### BIFOIL OR TWABLADE.

Descript.] This small herb, from a root somewhat sweet, shooting downward many long strings, rises up a round green stalk, bare or naked next the ground for an inch, two or three to the middle thereof as it is in age or growth; as also from the middle upward to the flowers, having only two broad Plaintain-like leaves (but whiter) set at the middle of the stalk one against another, compassing it round at the bottom of them.

It is an usual inhabitant in Place. woods, copses, and in many places in this land.

There is another sort grows in wet grounds and marshes, which is somewhat different from the former. It is a smaller plant, and greener, having sometimes three leaves; the spike of the flowers is less than the former, and the roots of this do run or creep in the ground.

They are often used by many to good purpose for wounds, both green and old, to consolidate or knit ruptures; and well it may, being a plant of Saturn.

#### THE BIRCH TREE.

slender branches bending downward: the Government and virtues.] They are under old being covered with discoloured chapped bark, and the younger being browner by much. The leaves at the first breaking our are crumpled, and afterwards like the beech leaves, but smaller and greener, and dented about the edges. It bears small short cat-skins, somewhat like those of the hazelnut-tree, which abide on the branches a long time, until growing ripe, they fall on

Place. It usually grows in woods.

Government and virtues.] It is a tree of Venus the juice of the leaves, while they are young, or the distilled water of them, or the water that comes from the tree being bored with an auger, and distilled afterwards; any of these being drank for some days together, is available to break the stone in the kidneys and bladder, and is good also to wash sore mouths.

## BIRD'S FOOT.

THIS small herb grows not above a span high with many branches spread upon the ground, set with many wings of smail leaves. The flowers grow upon the branches. many small ones of a pale yellow colour being set a-head together, which afterwards turn into small jointed pods, well resembling the claw of small birds, whence it took its name

There is another sort of Bird's Foot in all things like the former, but a little larger; the flowers of a pale whitish red colour, and the pods distinct by joints like the other, but a little more crooked; and the roots do carry many small white knots or kernels amongst the strings.

Place.] These grow on heaths, and many. open untilled places of this land.

*Time.*] They flower and seed in the end of Summer.

Government and virtues.] They belong to Descript.] THIS grows a goodly tall Saturn, and are of a drying, binding quality



Bird's Foot



Bishop's Weed



Bistort er Snakeweed



White Briony



Borage



Brooklime





Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ® Bucks-horn Plantain

and thereby very good to be used in wound it digests humours, provokes urine and drinks, as also to apply outwardly for the women's courses, dissolves wind, and being same purpose. But the latter Bird's Foot taken in wine it eases pains and griping in is found by experience to break the stone the bowels, and is good against the biting in the back or kidneys, and drives them of serpents; it is used to good effect in forth, if the decoction thereof be taken; those medicines which are given to hinder and it wonderfully helps the rupture, be- the poisonous operation of Cantharides, ing taken inwardly, and outwardly applied upon the passage of the urine: being to the place.

stone; as ointments and plaisters have upon { it takes them away ; and being drank or wounds: and therefore you may make a outwardly applied, it abates an high colour salt of this for the stone; the way how to and makes it pale; and the fumes thereof do so may be found in my translation of the taken with rosin or raisins, cleanses the London Dispensatory; and it may be I may give you it again in plainer terms at the latter end of this book.

## BISHOP S-WEED.

Besides the common name Bishop'sweed, it is usually known by the Greek root, blackish without, and somewhat redname Ammi and Ammois; some call it dish within, a little crooked or turned Æthiopian Cummin-seed, and others Cum- i together, of a hard astringent taste, with min-royal, as also Herb William, and Bull-3 divers black threads hanging therefrom, wort.

up with a round straight stalk, sometimes what broad and long like a dock leaf, and as high as a man, but usually three or four a little pointed at the ends, but that it is of feet high, beset with divers small, long and a blueish green colour on the upper side, somewhat broad leaves, cut in some places, and of an ash-colour grey, and a little purand dented about the edges, growing one plish underneath, with divers veins therein, against another, of a dark green colour, from among which rise up divers small and having sundry branches on them, and at the slender stalks, two feet high, and almost top small umbels of white flowers, which inaked and without leaves, or with a very turn into small round seeds little bigger than few, and narrow, bearing a spiky bush of Parsley seeds, of a quick hot scent and pale-coloured flowers; which being past, taste; the root is white and stringy; perish- there abides small seed, like unto Sorrel ing yearly, and usually rises again on its seed, but greater. own sowing.

England and Wales, as between Greenhithe and Gravesend.

dry in the third degree, of a bitter taste, as the former. and somewhat sharp withal; it provokes Place.] They grow in shadowy moist lust to purpose; I suppose Venus owns it. woods, and at the foot of hills, but are

mixed with honey and applied to black All sorts have best operations upon the and blue marks, coming of blows or bruises, mother.

### BISTORT, OR SNAKEWEED.

IT is called Snakeweed, English Serpentary, Dragon-wort, Osterick, and Passions. Descript.] This has a thick short knobbed whence spring up every year divers leaves, Descript.] Common Bishop's-weed rises standing upon long footstalks, being some-

There are other sorts of Bistort growing Place.] It grows wild in many places in in this land, but smaller, both in height, root, and stalks, and especially in the leaves. The root blackish without, and somewhat Government and virtues.] It is hot and whitish within; of an austere binding taste,

chiefly nourished up in gardens. The nar-jimmoderate bleeding thereof. The decocrow leafed Bistort grows in the north, in tion of the root in water, where unto some

Unse medicings wh uing of July.

Saturn, and is in operation cold and dry; into paste with some honey, and a little both the leaves and roots have a powerful piece thereof put into an hollow tooth, or faculty to resist all poison. The root in held between the teeth, if there be no holpowder taken in drink expels the venom of the plague, the small-pox, measels, pur-ples, or any other infectious disease, driv-helps to cleanse the head, and void much ing it out by sweating. The root in powder, offensive water. The distilled water is very the decoction thereof in wine being drank, effectual to wash sores or cankers in the stays all manner of inward bleeding, or nose, or any other part; if the powder of spitting of blood, and any fluxes in the the root be applied thereunto afterwards. body of either man or woman, or vomiting. It is good also to fasten the gums, and to It is also very available against ruptures, take away the heat and inflammations that or burstings, or all bruises from falls, dissolv- happen in the jaws, almonds of the throat, ing the congealed blood, and easing the or mouth, if the decoction of the leaves, pains that happen thereupon; it also helps roots, or seeds bruised, or the juice of them the jaundice.

The water distilled from both leaves and to the purposes aforesaid. roots, is a singular remedy to wash any place bitten or stung by any venomous creature; as also for any of the purposes *Descript.*] THIS small plant never bears before spoken of, and is very good to wash more than one leaf, but only when it rises any running sores or ulcers. The decoction up with its stalk, which thereon bears of the root in wine being drank, hinders another, and seldom more, which are of a abortion or miscarriage in child-bearing. blueish green colour, broad at the bottom, The leaves also kill the worms in children, and pointed with many ribs or veins like and is a great help to them that cannot keep? Plaintain; at the top of the stalk grow their water; if the juice of Plaintain be many small flowers star-fashion, smelling added thereto, and outwardly applied, much somewhat sweet; after which comes small helps the ghonorrhea, or running of the reddish berries when they are ripe. The reins. A dram of the powder of the root root small of the bigness of a rush, lying taken in water thereof, wherein some red and creeping under the upper crust of the hot iron or steel hath been quenched, is also earth, shooting forth in divers places. an admirable help thereto, so as the body Place.] It grows in moist, shadowy, be first prepared and purged from the of-grassy places of woods, in many places of fensive humours. The leaves, seed, or roots this realm.

Lancashire, Yorkshire, and Cumberland. *Time.*] They flower about the end of injected into the matrix, stays the immo-May, and the seed is ripe about the begin-derate flux of the courses. The root there-

of with pelitory of Spain, and burnt alum, Government and virtues.] It belongs to of each a little quantity, beaten small and be applied; but the roots are most effectual

inthe nucl Craweierd.

are all very good in decoctions, drinks or Time.] It flowers about May, and the lotions, for inward or outward wounds, or berries are ripe in June, and then quickly other sores. And the powder strewed upon perishes, until the next year it springs from any cut or wound in a vein, stays the the same again.

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of berries mixed with the juice of mulberries, nerves be hurt.

It is so well known that it needs no description. The virtues thereof are as follows:

and fruits unripe are very binding, and so very full of threads or strings.

Either the decoction of the powder or of are exceeding red at first, and after turn the root taken, is good to break or drive more purple.

for sores in the mouth, or secret parts. every part.

good for too much flowing of women's courses; the berries of the flowers are a tember.

powerful reinedy against the poison of the Government and virtues.] They are all most venomous serpents; as well drank as of them cooling, drying, and binding, serv-outwardly applied, helps the sores of the ing to restrain the fluxes of blood in either fundament and the piles; the juice of the man or woman, especially the red; which

the Sun, and therefore cordial; half a dram, i do bind more effectually, and help all fretor a dram at most, of the root hereof in ting and eating sores and ulcers wheresoever. powder taken in wine and vinegar, of each The distilled water of the branches, leaves, a little quantity, and the party presently and flowers, or of the fruit, is very pleasant aid to sweat, is held to be a sovereign in taste, and very effectual in fevers and hot remedy for those that are infected with the distempers of the body, head, eyes, and plague, and have a sore upon them, by ex- other parts, and for the purposes aforesaid. pelling the poison, and defending the heart. The leaves boiled in lye, and the head and spirits from danger. It is also accounted washed therewith, heals the itch and a singular good wound herb, and therefore running sores thereof, and makes the hair used with other herbs in making such balms black. The powder of the leaves strewed as are necessary for curing of wounds, on cankers and running ulcers, wonderfully either green or old, and especially if the helps to heal them. Some use to condensate the juice of the leaves, and some the THE BRAMBLE, OR SLACK-BERRY BUSH. juice of the berries, to keep for their use

### BLITES.

Descript.] OF these there are two sorts Government and virtues.] It is a plant of commonly known, viz. white and red. Venus in Aries. If any ask the reason The white has leaves somewhat like to why Venus is so prickly? Tell them it is Beets, but smaller, rounder and of a whitish because she is in the house of Mars. The green colour, every one standing upon a buds, leaves, and branches, while they are small long footstalk : the stalk rises up two green, are of a good use in the ulcers and or three feet high, with such like leaves putrid sores of the mouth and throat, and thereon; the flowers grow at the top in long of the quinsey, and likewise to heal other round tufts or clusters, wherein are confresh wounds and sores; but the flowers tained small and round seed; the root is

profitable for the bloody flux, lasks, and The red Blite is in all things like the are a fit remedy for spitting of blood. white, but that his leaves and tufted heads

forth gravel and the stone in the reins and There are other kinds of Blites which kidneys. The leaves and brambles, as grow different from the two former sorts well green as dry, are exceeding good lotions but little, but only the wild are smaller in

The decoction of them, and of the dried Place.] They grow in gardens, and wild branches, do much bind the belly and are in many places in this land.

Time.] They seed in August and Sep-

reds, as the white Blites stays the whites and the seed is ripe shortly after. in women. It is an excellent secret; you; Government and virtues.] They are all cannot well fail in the use. They are all three herbs of Jupiter and under Leo, all under the dominion of Venus.

the other wild kinds, but have long and good purpose used in putrid and pestilential spiky heads of greenish seeds, seeming by fevers, to defend the heart, and help to

tants in every garden that I hold it needless the purposes aforesaid, and is put, with other to describe them.

and therefore I shall give you its name and cleanse, and temper the blood thereby ; it

of Bugloss, and another by the name Langue ful in the former cases, but are chiefly used de Bauf? it is some question to me, seeing as a cordial, and are good for those that

the stalks rising up about a foot and a half water is no less effectual to all the purposes high, and is most commonly of a red colour; aforesaid, and helps the redness and inflamthe flowers stand in sealy round heads, mations of the eyes, being washed therebeing composed of many small yellow with; the herb dried is never used, but the flowers not much unlike to those of Dan-green; yet the ashes thereof boiled in delion, and the seed flieth away in down mead, or honied water, is available against as that doth; you may easily know the the inflammations and ulcers in the mouth flowers by their taste, for they are very or throat, to gargle it therewith; the roots

near London, as between Rotherhithe and tic distillations upon the lungs. Deptford, by the ditch side. Its virtues are held to be the same with Borage and Bugloss, only this is somewhat hotter IT is called Syanus, I suppose from the

also stays the overflowing of the women's: Time.] They flower in June and July,

great cordials, and great strengtheners of There is another sort of wild Blites like inature. The leaves and roots are to very the thick setting together to be all seed. resist and expel the poison, or the venom This sort the fishers are delighted with, of other creatures : the seed is of the like and it is good and usual bait; for fishes effects; and the seed and leaves are good will bite fast enough at them, if you have to increase milk in women's breasts; the wit enough to catch them when they bite. leaves, flowers and seed, all or any of BORAGE AND BUGLOSS. them, are good to expel pensiveness and melancholy; it helps to clarify the blood, THESE are so well known to the inhabi- made into a syrup prevails much to all cooling, opening and cleansing herbs to To these I may add a third sort, which open obstructions, and help the yellow jaun-is not so common, nor yet so well known, dice, and mixed with Fumitory, to cool description. helps the itch, ringworms and tetters, or It is called Langue de Bauf; but why other spreading scabs or sores. The flowers then should they call one herb by the name candied or made into a conserve, are helpone signifies Ox-tongue in Greck, and the are weak in long sickness, and to comfort other signifies the same in French. Descript.] The leaves whereof are smaller consumption, or troubled with often swoon-than those of Bugloss but much rougher; ings, or passions of the heart. The distilled

bitter. Place.] It grows wild in many places a licking electuary for the cough, and to of this land, and may be plentifully found condensate thick phlegm, and the rheuma-

colour of it: Hurt-sickle, because it turns The juice dropped into the eyes takes away

which is commonest, and in my opinion aforesaid. most useful; its leaves spread upon the ground, being of a whitish green colour, somewhat on the edges like those of Corn- BESIDES the common name Brank-Scabions, amongst which rises up a stalk Ursine, it is also called Bear's-breech, and divided into divers branches, beset with Acanthus, though I think our English long leaves of a greenish colour, either but names to be more proper; for the Greek very little indented, or not at all; the word Acanthus, signifies any thistle whatflowers are of a blueish colour, from whence it took its name, consisting of an innumerable company of flowers set in a scaly head, i many large, thick, sad green smooth leaves not much unlike those of Knap-weed; the on the ground, with a very thick and juicy seed is smooth, bright, and shining, wrapp- i middle rib; the leaves are parted with ed up in a wooly mantle; the root perishes sundry deep gashes on the edges; the leaves every year.

all sorts of corn, (pease, beans, and tares stalk, three or four feet high, and bravely excepted.) If you please to take them up decked with flowers from the middle of the from thence, and transplant them in your stalk upwards; for on the lower part of the garden, especially towards the full of stalk, there is neither branches nor leaf. the moon, they will grow more double than The flowers are hooded and gaping, being

of May, to the end of harvest.

naturally cold, dry, and binding, so they; thick, blackish without and whitish within, are under the dominion of Saturn. The full of a clammy sap; a piece of them if powder or dried leaves of the Blue-bottle, you set it in the garden, and defend it from or Corn flower, is given with good success the first Winter cold, will grow and flourish. to those that are bruised by a fall, or have Place.] They are only nursed in the broken a vein inwardly, and void much gardens in England, where they will grow blood at the mouth; being taken in the very well. water of Plantain, Horsetail, or the greater Comfrey, it is a remedy against the poison of the scorpion, and resists all venoms and lent plant under the dominion of the Moon; poison. The seed or leaves taken in wine, I could wish such as are studious would is very good against the plague, and all in- labour to keep it in their gardens. The fectious diseases, and is very good in pes- leaves being boiled and used in clysters, is tilential fevers. The juice put into fresh or excellent good to molify the belly, and green wounds, doth quickly solder up the make the passage slippery. The decoction lips of them together, and is very effectual drank inwardly, is excellent and good for to heal all ulcers and sores in the mouth. ' the bloody-flux : The leaves being bruised,

the edge of the sickles that reap the corn; the heat and inflammation of them. The Blue-blow, Corn flower, and Blue-bottle. distilled water of this herb, has the same Descript.] I shall only describe that; properties, and may be used for the effects

### BRANK URSINE.

soever.

Descript.] This thistle shoots forth very remain a long time, before any stalk ap-Place.] They grow in corn fields, amongst ; pears, afterwards rises up a reasonable big they are, and many times change colour. white in colour, and standing in brownish Time.] They flower from the beginning husks, with a long small undivided leaf under each leaf; they seldom seed in our Government and virtues.] As they are country. Its roots are many, great and

## THE COMPLETE HERBAL.

are excellent good to unite broken bones or branches going from it, of a pale whitish roots being drank, and the decoction of taste. leaves applied to the place, is excellent good for the king's evil that is broken and hedges, through this land; the roots lie runs; for by the influence of the moon, it revives the ends of the veins which are be applied to such places as are burnt with ;

## BRIONY, OR WILD VINE.

and very red when they are thorough ripe, some country people called tetter-berries. of no good scent, but of a most loathsome. The root cleanses the skin wonderfully taste provokes vomit. The root grows to from all black and blue spots, freckles, Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft B

or rather boiled and applied like a poultice { be exceeding great, with many long twines and strengthen joints that have been put colour on the outside, and more white out. The decoction of either leaves or within, and of a sharp, bitter, loathsome

> Place.] It grows on banks, or under very deep.

Time.] It flowers in July and August, relaxed. There is scarce a better remedy to some earlier, and some later than the other. Government and virtues.] They are furious fire than this is, for it fetches out the fire, martial plants. The root of Briony purges and heals it without a scar. This is an the belly with great violence, troubling the excellent remedy for such as are bursten, stomach and burning the liver, and therebeing either taken inwardly, or applied to fore not rashly to be taken; but being corthe place. In like manner used, it helps rected, is very profitable for the diseases the cramp and the gout. It is excellently of the head, as falling sickness, giddiness, good in hectic fevers, and restores radical and swimmings, by drawing away much moisture to such as are in consumptions. phlegm and rheumatic humours that oppress the head, as also the joints and BRIONY, OR WILD VINE. It is called Wild, and Wood Vine, Tamus, convulsions, cramps, and stitches in the or Ladies' Seal. The white is called White sides, and the dropsy, and for provoking Vine by some ; and the black, Black Vine. urine ; it cleanses the reins and kidneys Descript.] The common White Briony from gravel and stone, by opening the obgrows ramping upon the hedges, sending structions of the spleen, and consumes the forth many long, rough, very tender hardness and swelling thereof. The debranches at the beginning, with many very coction of the root in wine, drank once a rough, and broad leaves thereon, cut (for week at going to bed, cleanses the mother, the most part) into five partitions, in form and helps the rising thereof, expels the very like a vine leaf, but smaller, rough, and dead child; a dram of the root in powder of a whitish hoary green colour, spreading taken in white wine, brings down their very far, spreading and twining with his courses. An electuary made of the roots small claspers (that come forth at the joints and honey, doth mightily cleanse the chest with the leaves) very far on whatsoever of rotten phlegm, and wonderfully help stands next to it. At the several joints any old strong cough, to those that are also (especially towards the top of the troubled with shortness of breath, and is branches) comes forth a long stalk bearing good for them that are bruised inwardly, to many whitish flowers together on a long help to expel the clotted or congealed blood. tuft, consisting of five small leaves a-piece, The leaves, fruit, and root do cleanse old laid open like a star, after which come the and filthy sores, are good against all fretberries separated one from another, more ting and running cankers, grangrenes, and than a cluster of grapes, green at the first, tetters, and therefore the berries are by

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morphew, leprosy, foul scars, or other de-provoke urine, and help to break the stone, formity whatsoever; also all running scabs and pass it away; they procure women's and manginess are healed by the powder of courses, and expel the dead child. Being the dried root, or the juice thereof, but fried with butter and vinegar, and applied especially by the fine white hardened juice. warm, it helps all manner of tumours, swel-The distilled water of the root works the lings, and inflammations. same effects, but more weakly; the root; Such drinks ought to be made of sundry bruised and applied of itself to any place herbs, according to the malady. I shall

the flesh; and being applied with a little wine mixed therewith, it breaks boils, and helps whitlows on the joints .- For all these } IT is called Ruscus, and Bruscus, Kneelatter, beginning at sores, cancers, &c. holm, Kneeholly, Kneehulver, and Pettiapply it outwardly, mixing it with a little gree. hog's grease, or other convenient ointment.

As for the former diseases where it must } be taken inwardly, it purges very violently, and needs an abler hand to correct it than most country people have.

## BROOK LIME, OR WATER-PIMPERNEL.

creeping root that shoots forth strings at almost round hard leaves and prickly, every joint, as it runs, divers and sundry pointed at the end, of a dark green colour, green stalks, round and sappy with some two for the most part set at a place, very branches on them, somewhat broad, round, close and near together; about the middle deep green, and thick leaves set by couples of the leaf, on the back and lower side thereon; from the bottom whereof shoot from the middle rib, breaks forth a small forth long foot-stalks, with sundry small whitish green flower, consisting of four blue flowers on them, that consist of five small round pointed leaves, standing upon small round pointed leaves a pice.

from the former, but that it is greater, and at the first, and red when it is ripe, wherein the flowers of a paler green colour.

waters, and usually near Water Cresses,

giving seed the next month after.

Government and virtues.] It is a hot and heaths and waste grounds, and oftentimes biting martial plant. Brook-lime and under or near the holly bushes. Water-Cresses are generally used together

where the bones are broken, helps to draw give a plain and easy rule at the latter end them forth, as also splinters and thorns in of this book.

## BUTCHER'S BROOM.

Descript.] The first shoots that sprout from the root of Butcher's Broom, are thick, whitish, and short, somewhat like those of Asparagus, but greater, they rise up to be a foot and a half high, are spread into divers branches, green, and somewhat creassed with the roundness, tough and flex-Descript.] THIS sends forth from a jible, whereon are set somewhat broad and little or no foot-stalk, and in the place There is another sort nothing different whereof comes a small round berry, green are two or three white, hard, round seeds Place.] They grow in small standing contained. The root is thick, white and great at the head, and from thence sends *Time.*] And flower in June and July, forth divers thick, white long, tough strings. Place.] It grows in copses, and upon

Time.] It shoots forth its young buds in diet-drink, with other things serving to in the Spring, and the berrics are ripe purge the blood and body from all ill about September, the branches of leaves humours that would destroy health, and abiding green all the Winter. are helpful to the scurvy. They do all Government and virtues.] It is a plant of

## THE COMPLETE HERBAL

Mars, being of a gallant cleansing and or the powder of the seed taken in drink, opening quality. The decoction of the purges downwards, and draws phlegmatic provokes urine, helps to expel gravel and by it helps the dropsy, gout, sciatica, and

## BROOM, AND BROOM-RAPE.

to all sorts of people.

on heaths.) The stalk whereof is of the down of humours. bigness of a finger or thumb, above two The BROOM RAPE also is not without its wirtues. and many flowers at the top, of a reddish vellow colour, as also the stalks and leaves are.

this land commonly, and as commonly as the Broom itself. The juice thereof is spoil all the land they grow in.

root made with wine opens obstructions, and watery humours from the joints, wherethe stone, the stranguary and women's pains of the hips and joints; it also procourses, also the yellow jaundice and the vokes strong vomits, and helps the pains of. head-ache; And with some honey or sugar the sides, and swelling of the spleen, put thereunto, cleanses the breast of phlegm, cleanses also the reins or kidneys and bladand the chest of such clammy humours der of the stone, provokes urine abundantly, gathered therein. The decoction of the and hinders the growing again of the stone root drank, and a poultice made of the in the body. The continual use of the berries and leaves applied, are effectual in powder of the leaves and seed doth cure knitting and consolidating broken bones or the black jaundice. The distilled water of parts out of joint. The common way of the flowers is profitable for all the same using it, is to boil the root of it, and Parsley purposes : it also helps surfeits, and alters and Fennel and Smallage in white wine, and the fit of agues, if three or four ounces drink the decoction, adding the like quan-thereof, with as much of the water of the tity of Grass-root to them: The more of lesser Centaury, and a little sugar put there-the root you boil, the stronger will the de-in, be taken a little before the fit comes, coction be; it works no ill effects, yet I and the party be laid down to sweat in his hope you have wit enough to give the bed. The oil or water that is drawn from strongest decoction to the strongest bodies. the end of the green sticks heated in the fire, helps the tooth-ache. The juice of young branches made into an ointment of To spend time in writing a description old hog's grease, and anointed, or the young hereof is altogether needless, it being so branches bruised and heated in oil or hog's generally used by all the good housewives grease, and laid to the sides pained by almost through this land to sweep their wind, as in stitches, or the spleen, case houses with, and therefore very well known them in once or twice using it. The same boiled in oil is the safest and surest medicine The Broom-rape springs up in many to kill lice in the head or body of any; places from the roots of the broom (but and is an especial remedy for joint aches, more often in fields, as by hedge-sides and and swollen knees, that come by the falling

THE decoction thereof in wine, is thought to be as effectual to void the stone in the Place.] They grow in many places of kidney or bladder, and to provoke urine, a singular good help to cure as well green Time.] They flower in the Summer wounds, as old and filthy sores and malig-months, and give their seed before Winter. nant ulcers. The insolate oil, wherein there Government and virtues.] The juice or has been three or four repetitions of infusion decection of the young branches, or seed, of the top stalks, with flowers strained and Iniv Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

cleared, cleanses the skin from all manner stomachs that cannot retain, but cast up of spots, marks, and freckles that rise either their meat. It stays all bleeding both at by the heat of the sun, or the malignity of mouth or nose; bloody urine or the bloodyhumours. As for the Broom and Broom-flux, and stops the lask of the belly and rape, Mars owns them, and is exceeding pre- bowels. The leaves hereof bruised and judicial to the liver; I suppose by reason laid to their sides that have an ague, sudof the antipathy between Jupiter and Mars, i denly eases the fit; and the leaves and roots therefore if the liver be disaffected, minister applied to the wrists, works the same effects. none of it.

## BUCK'S-HORN PLANTAIN.

rises up at first with small, long, narrow, hairy, dark green leaves like grass, without any division or gash in them, but those that follow are gashed in on both sides the leaves into three or four gashes, and pointed at the ends, resembling the knags of a buck's horn, (whereof it took its name) and being well wound round about the root upon the ground, in order one by another, thereby resembling the form of a star, from among which rise up divers hairy stalks about a hand's breath high, bearing every one a small, long spiky head, like to those of the common Plantain, having such like bloomings and seed after them. The root is single, long and small, with divers strings at it.

Place.] They grow in sandy grounds, as in To hill fields by Westminster, and divers other places of this land.

Time.] They flower and seed in May, June, and July, and their green leaves do in a manner abide fresh all the Winter.

Government and virtues.] It is under the dominion of Saturn, and is of a gallant, drying, and binding quality. This boiled in wine and drank, and some of the leaves put to the hurt place, is an excellent remedy for the biting of the viper or adder. which I take to be one and the same : The same being also drank, helps those that are troubled with the stone in the veins or kidneys, by cooling the heat of the part af- Middle Confound and Middle Comfrey,

The herb boiled in ale and wine, and given for some mornings and evenings together, stays the distillation of hot and sharp Descript.] THIS being sown of seed, theums falling into the eyes from the head, and helps all sorts of sore eyes.

## BUCK'S HORN.

It is called Hart's-horn, Herba-stella, and Herba-stellaria, Sanguinaria, Herb-Eve, Herb-Ivy, Wort-Tresses, and Swine-Cresses. Descript.] They have many small and weak straggling branches trailing here and there upon the ground: The leaves are many, small and jagged, not much unlike to those of Buck's-horn Plantain, but much smaller, and not so hairy. The flowers grow among the leaves in small, rough, whitish clusters; The seeds are smaller and brownish, of a bitter taste.

*Place.*] They grow in dry, barren, sandy grounds.

*Time.*] They flower and seed when the rest of the Plantains do.

Government and virtues.] This is also under the dominion of Saturn; the virtues are held to be the same as Buck's-horn Plantain, and therefore by all authors it is joined with it. The leaves bruised and applied to the place, stop bleeding. The herbs bruised and applied to warts, will make them consume and waste in a short time.

#### BUGLE.

BESIDES the name Bugle, it is called flicted, and strengthens them; also weak Brown Bugle, and by some Sicklewort, and

Herb-Carpenter; though in Essex we call; for those that are liver-grown (as they ca, another herb by that name. {it.) It is wonderful in curing all manner o

those of the Self-heal, but else of the same or old and inveterate; yea, gangrenes and fashion, or rather longer; in some green on fistulas also, if the leaves bruised and apthe upper side, and in others more brown-plied, or their juice be used to wash and ish, dented about the edges, somewhat hairy, bathe the place, and the same made into a as the square stalk is also which rises up to lotion, and some honey and alum cures be half a yard high sometimes, with the all sores in the mouth and gums, be they leaves set by couples, from the middle never so foul, or of long continuance; and almost, whereof upwards stand the flowers, works no less powerfully and effectually for together with many smaller and browner such ulcers and sores as happen in the leaves than the rest, on the stalk below set secret parts of men and women. Being at distance, and the stalk bare between also taken inwardly, or outwardly applied, them; among which flowers, are also small it helps those that have broken any bone, ones of a blueish and sometimes of an ash or have any member out of joint. An colour, fashioned like the flowers of Ground-jointment made with the leaves of Bugle, ivy, after which come small, round blackish Scabions and Sanicle bruised and boiled seeds. The root is composed of many in hog's grease, until the herbs be dry, and strings, and spreads upon the ground. I then strained forth into a pot for such

and never brown, like the other, and the out it. flowers thereof are white.

plentiful as the former.

and in the mean time perfect their seed. as also with the disease Ephialtes, or the The roots and leaves next thereunto upon Mare. I take the reason of this to be

make you fall in love with it (as they will the fancy, and breeds imaginations like if you be wise) keep a syrup of it to take itself, viz. fearful and troublesome. inwardly, an ointment and plaister of it I have know cured by taking only two

gealed blood in those that are bruised in-wardly by a fall, or otherwise is very know there is great antipathy between effectual for any inward wounds, thursts, Saturn and Venus in matter of procreation: or stabs in the body or bowels; and it is yea, such a one, that the barrenness of in especial help in all wound-drinks, and Saturn can be removed by none but Venus.

Descript.] This has larger leaves than ulcers and sores, whether new and fresh The white flowered Bugle differs not in occasions as shall require; it is so singularly form or greatness from the former, saving good for all sorts of hurts in the body, that that the leaves and stalks are always green, none that know its usefulness will be with-

The truth is, I have known this herb cure Place.] They grow in woods, copses, some diseases of Saturn, of which I thought and fields, generally throughout England, good to quote one. Many times such as but the white flowered Bugle is not so give themselves much to drinking are troubled with strange fancies, strange sights Time.] They flower from May until July, in the night time, and some with voices, the ground abiding all the Winter. Government and virtues.] This herb be-longs to Dame Venus: If the virtues of it strong liquor, and so flies up and disturbs Those to use outwardly, always by you. The decoction of the leaves and flowers supper two hours, when you go to bed. made in wine, and taken, dissolves the con-But whether this does it by sympathy or Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

but Saturn ; but I am not of opinion this; for if the Sun be the preserver of life under is done this way, and my reason is, because God, his herbs are the best in the world to these vapours though in quality melan- do it by. They are accounted to be both of choly, yet by their flying upward, seem to one property, but the lesser is more effectual be something aerial; therefore I rather think; because quicker and more aromatic: It it is done by antipathy; Saturn being is a friend to the heart, liver, and other exalted in Libra, in the house of Venus.

#### BURNET.

Bipulo, Solbegrella, &c. The common special help to defend the heart from noigarden Burnet is so well known, that it some vapours, and from infection of the needs no description .--- There is another sort pestilence, the juice thereof being taken in which is wild, the description whereof take some drink, and the party laid to sweat as follows.

winged leaves arising from the roots like the available in all manner of fluxes of blood garden Burnet, but not so many; yet each or humours, to staunch bleedings inward or of these leaves are at the least twice as joutward, lasks, scourings, the bloody-flux, large as the other, and nicked in the same women's too abundant flux of courses, the manner about the edges, of a greyish colour whites, and the choleric belchings and caston the under side; the stalks are greater, ings of the stomach, and is a singular and rise higher, with many such leaves set wound-herb for all sorts of wounds, both thereon, and greater heads at the top, of a of the head and body, either inward or outbrownish colour, and out of them come ward, for all old ulcers, running cankers, small dark purple flowers, like the former, and most sores, to be used either by the but greater. The root is black and long juice or decoction of the herb, or by the like the other, but great also: it has almost powder of the herb or root, or the water of neither scent nor taste therein, like the gar-i the distilled herb or ointment by itself, or den kind.

dens. counties of this land, especially in Hunting- powder inwardly in wine, or steeled water, don, in Northamptonshire, in the meadows that is, wherein hot rods of steel have been there: as also near London, by Pancras quenched; or the powder, or the seed church, and by a causeway-side in the middle mixed with the ointments. of a field by Paddington.

Time.] They flower about the end of June, and beginning of July, and their seed is ripe in August.

the Sun challenges dominion over, and is on are set a few small leaves, or rather a most precious herb, little inferior to pieces, and at the tops a long spiked head; Betony; the continual use of it preserves flowers of a blue or deep red colour, ac-

nor the lust of Venus be repelled by none the body in health, and the spirits in vigour principal parts of a man's body. Two or three of the stalks, with leaves put into a cup of wine, especially claret, are known to quicken the spirits, refresh and cheer the

IT is called Sanguisorbia, Pimpinella, heart, and drive away melancholy: It is a thereupon. They have also a drying and

Descript.] The great wild Burnet has an astringent quality, whereby they are

with other things to be kept. The seed is Place.] It first grows frequently in gar-jalso no less effectual both to stop fluxes, The wild kind grows in divers and dry up moist sores, being taken in

#### THE BUTTER-BUR, OR PETASITIS.

Descript.] This rises up in February, Government and virtues.] This is an herb with a thick stalk about a foot high, where-

cording to the soil where it grows, and be-r fore the stalk with the flowers have abiden a month above ground, it will be witnered and gone, and blow away with the wind, Loppy-major, great Burdock and Clod-bur. and the leaves will begin to spring, which It is so well known, even by the little boys, being full grown, are very large and broad, who pull off the burs to throw and stick being somewhat thin and almost round, whose thick red foot stalks above a foot any description of it. long, stand towards the middle of the leaves. The lower part being divided into two round parts, close almost one to another, and are most every where through this land. of a pale green colour; and hairy underneath. The root is long, and spreads under lenges this herb for her own, and by its leat ground, being in some places no bigger than ones finger, in others much bigger, blackish on the outside, and whitish within, of a it to the crown of the head, in case it falls bitter and unpleasant taste.

wet grounds by rivers, and water sides. if you would stay it in its place, apply it to Their flower (as is said) rising and decaying the navel, and that is one good way to stay which appear in April.

dominion of the Sun, and therefore is a sores. A dram of the roots taken with great strengthener of the heart, and clearer Pine kernels, helps them that spit foul, of the vital spirits. The roots thereof are mattery, and bloody phlegm. The leaves by long experience found to be very avail- applied to the places troubled with the able against the plague and pestilential shrinking of the sinews or arteries, give much fevers by provoking sweat; if the powder ease. The juice of the leaves, or rather thereof be taken in wine, it also resists the the roots themselves, given to drink with force of any other poison. The root hereof old wine, doth wonderfully help the biting taken with Zedoary and Angelica, or without of any serpents: And the root beaten with them, helps the rising of the mother. The a little salt, and laid on the place, suddenly decoction of the root in wine, is singularly eases the pain thereof, and helps those that good for those that wheese much, or are are bit by a mad dog. The juice of the short winded. It provokes urine also, and leaves being drank with honey, provokes women's courses, and kills the flat and urine, and remedies the pain of the bladder. broad worms in the belly. The powder of The seed being drank in wine forty days the root doth wonderfully help to dry up together, doth wonderfully help the sciatica. the moisture of the sores that are hard to be The leaves bruised with the white of an egg, cured, and takes away all spots and and applied to any place burnt with fire. blemishes of the skin. It were well if takes out the fire, gives sudden ease, and gentlewomen would keep this root preserved, heals it up afterwards. The decoction of to help their poor neighbours. It is fit the them fomented on any fretting sore or rich should help the poor, for the poor cannot. canker, stays the corroding quality, which help themselves. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

### THE BURDOCK.

They are also called Personata, and upon each other, that I shall spare to write

Place.] They grow plentifully by ditches and water-sides, and by the highways al-

Government and virtues.] Venus chalor seed you may draw the womb which way you please, either upwards by applying out; or downwards in fits of the mother. Place and Time.] They grow in low and by applying it to the soles of the feet; or in February and March, before their leaves, the child in it. The Burdock leaves are cooling, moderately drying, and discussing Government and virtues.] It is under the withal, whereby it is good for old ulcers and ± must be afterwards anointed with an oint-



Burdock



Butter-bur



Bugle



Camomile





Centaury Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®



Wall Bugloss



Carraway



Celandine

.

ment made of the same liquor, hog's-grease, imended, being eaten before meat to keep roots may be preserved with sugar, and drunk with too much wine, or quickly to taken fasting, or at other times, for the same make a man sober again that is drunk bepurposes, and for consumptions, the stone, fore For (as they say) there is such an and the lask. The seed is much commended antipathy or enmity between the Vine and to break the stone, and cause it to be ex- the Coleworts, that the one will die where pelled by urine, and is often used with the other grows. The decoction of Coleother seeds and things to that purpose. worts takes away the pain and ache, and

## CABBAGES AND COLEWORTS.

cription of these, since almost every one bathed therewith warm. It helps also old that can but write at all, may describe and filthy sores, being bathed therewith, them from his own knowledge, they being and heals all small scabs, pushes, and generally so well known, that descriptions wheals, that break out in the skin. The are altogether needless.

gardens.

ripe in August.

eaten, do open the body, but the second for he would be no small fool: He approdecoction doth bind the body. The juice priates them to every part of the body, and thereof drank in wine, helps those that are to every disease in every part; and honest bitten by an adder, and the decoction of the old Cato (they say) used no other physic. flowers brings down women's courses: I know not what metal their bodies were Being taken with honey, it recovers hoarse- made of; this I am sure, Cabbages are ness, or loss of the voice. The often eating extremely windy, whether you take them as of them well boiled, helps those that are meat or as medicine: yea, as windy meat entering into a consumption. The pulp of as can be eaten, unless you eat bag-pipes or the middle ribs of Coleworts boiled in al- bellows, and they are but seldom eaten in mond milk, and made up into an electuary our days; and Colewort flowers are somewith honey, being taken often, is very pro- thing more tolerable, and the wholesomer fitable for those that are puffy and short food of the two. The Moon challenges the winded. Being boiled twice, an old cock dominion of this herb. boiled in the broth and drank, it helps the pains, and the obstructions of the liver and

nitre, and vinegar boiled together. The one from surfeiting, as also from being allays the swellings of sores and gouty legs and knees, wherein many gross and I SHALL spare labour in writing a des-{watery humours are fallen, the place being ashes of Colewort stalks mixed with old Place.] They are generally planted in hog's grease, are very effectual to anoint the sides of those that have had long pains Time.] Their flower time is towards the therein, or any other place pained with middle, or end of July, and the seed is melancholy and windy humours. This was surely Chrysippus's God, and therefore he Government and virtues.] The Cabbages wrote a whole volume on them and their or Coleworts boiled gently in broth, and virtues, and that none of the least neither,

## THE SEA COLEWORTS.

spleen, and the stone in the kidneys. The Descript.] THIS has divers somewhat juice boiled with honey, and dropped into long and broad large and thick wrinkled the corner of the eyes, clears the sight, leaves, somewhat crumpled about the edges, by consuming any film or cloud beginning and growing each upon a thick footstalk, to dim it; it also consumes the canker very brittle, of a greyish green colour, growing therein. They are much com- from among which rises up a strong thick

stalk, two feet high, and better, with some lands, and dry grounds in many aces of leaves thereon to the top, where it branches this land.

forth much; and on every branch stands a Time.] They flower in July, and their large bush of pale whitish flowers, consist-seed is ripe quickly after. ing of four leaves a-piece: The root is Government and virtues.] It is an herb of somewhat great, shoots forth many branches Mercury, and a strong one too, therefore under ground, keeping the leaves green all excellent good in all afflictions of the brain. the winter.

the sea-coasts, as well on the Kentish as urine. It is profitable for those that are Essex shores; as at Lid in Kent, Colches-; bursten, or troubled with convulsions or ter in Essex, and divers other places, and cramps, with shortness of breath, or choleric in other counties of this land.

time that other kinds do.

claims the dominion of these also. The manner of worms in the body. It helps broth, or first decoction of the Sea Colewort, such as have the leprosy, either taken in . doth by the sharp, nitrous, and bitter qual- wardly, drinking whey after it, or the green ities therein, open the belly, and purge the herb outwardly applied. It hinders con-body; it cleanses and digests more power- ception in women, but either burned or fully than the other kind: The seed hereof strewed in the chamber, it drives away bruised and drank kills worms. The leaves venomous serpents. It takes away black or the juice of them applied to sores or and blue marks in the face, and makes ulcers, cleanses and heals them, and dis-black sears become well coloured, if the solves swellings, and takes away inflam- green herb (not the dry) be boiled in wine. mations.

## CALAMINT, OR MOUNTAIN-MINT.

rising above a foot high, with square hairy, the ears, kills the worms in them. The and woody stalks, and two small hoary leaves boiled in wine, and drank, provoke leaves set at a joint, about the height of sweat, and open obstructions of the liver Marjoram, or not much bigger, a little dented and spleen. It helps them that have a terabout the edges, and of a very fierce or itian ague (the body being first purged) by quick scent, as the whole herb is: The taking away the cold fits. The decoction flowers stand at several spaces of the stalks, hereof, with some sugar put thereto afterfrom the middle almost upwards, which are wards, is very profitable for those that be small and gaping like to those of the Mints, troubled with the over-flowing of the gall, of a pale bluish colour: After which follow and that have an old cough, and that are small, round blackish seed. The root is scarce able to breathe by shortness of their small and woody, with divers small strings wind; that have any cold distemper in their spreading within the ground, and dies not bowels, and are troubled with the hardness but abides many years. or the spleen, for all which purposes, both

The decoction of the herb being drank. Place.] They grow in many places upon { brings down women's courses, and provokes torments and pains in their bellies or Time.] They flower and seed about the stomach; it also helps the yellow-jaundice. and stays vomiting, being taken in wine. Government and virtues.] The Moon Taken with salt and honey, it kills all and laid to the place, or the place washed therewith. Being applied to the hucklebone, by continuance of time, it spends the humours, which cause the pain of the Descript.] THIS is a small herb, seldom sciatica. The juice being dropped into Place.] It grows on heaths, and up-the powder, called Diacaluminthes, and the

compound Syrup of Calamint are the most comfort both it and the brain. The oil effectual. Let no woman be too busy with made of the flowers of Camomile, is much it, for it works very violent upon the femi-jused against all hard swellings, pains or nine part.

#### CAMOMILE.

is but lost time and labour to describe it. the sides. The virtues thereof are as follow.

A decoction made of Camomile, and it to the Sun, because it cured agues, and drank, takes away all pains and stitches in they were like enough to do it, for they the side. The flowers of Camomile beaten, were the arrantest apes in their religion and made up into balls with Gill, drive away that I ever read of. Bachinus, Bena, and all sorts of agues, if the part grieved be Lobel, commend the syrup made of the anointed with that oil, taken from the juice of it and sugar, taken inwardly, to be flowers, from the crown of the head to the excellent for the spleen. Also this is cersole of the foot, and afterwards laid to tain, that it most wonderfully breaks the sweat in his bed, and that he sweats well. stone: Some take it in syrup or decoction. This is Nechessor, an Egyptian's, medicine. others inject the juice of it into the bladder It is profitable for all sorts of agues that with a syringe. My opinion is, that the come either from phlegm, or melancholy. salt of it, taken half a dram in the morning or from an inflammation of the bowels, in a little white or Rhenish wine, is better being applied when the humours causing than either; that it is excellent for the stone, them shall be concocted; and there is appears in this which I have seen tried, nothing more profitable to the sides and viz. That a stone that has been taken out region of the liver and spleen than it. The of the body of a man being wrapped in bathing with a decoction of Camomile Camomile, will in time dissolve, and in a takes away weariness, eases pains, to what little time too.

part of the body soever they be applied. It comforts the sinews that are over-strained. molifies all swellings: It moderately comforts all parts that have need of warmth, THEY are called also Tribulus Aquaticus, digests and dissolves whatsoever has need Tribulus Lacusoris, Tribulus, Marinus, thereof, by a wonderful speedy property. Caltrops, Saligos, Water Nuts, and Water It eases all pains of the cholic and stone, Chesnuts. and all pains and torments of the belly, Descript.] As for the greater sort of and gently provokes urine. The flowers Water Caltrop it is not found here, or very boiled in posset-drink provokes sweat, and rarely. Two other sorts there are which help to expel all colds, aches and pains I shall here describe. The first has a long whatsoever, and is an excellent help to creeping and jointed root, sending forth bring down women's courses. Syrup made tufts at each joint, from which joints rise of the juice of Camomile, with the flowers long flat, slender knotted stalks, even to in white wine, is a remedy against the the top of the water, divided towards the jaundice and dropsy. The flowers boiled top into many branches, each carrying in lye, are good to wash the head, and two leaves on both sides, being about two

aches, shrinking of the sinews, or cramps, or pains in the joints, or any other part of the body. Being used in clysters, it helps to dissolve the wind and pains in the belly; It is so well known every where, that it anointed also, it helps stitches and pains in

Nechessor saith, the Egyptians dedicated

#### WATER-CALTROPS.

and almost transparent, they look as though seem to be two a-piece, smelling somewhat they were torn; the flowers are long, thick sweet, and each of them standing in a and whitish, set together almost like a large green striped hairy husk, large and bunch of grapes, which being gone, there round below next to the stalk : The seed is succeed, for the most part, sharp pointed small and greyish in the hard heads that grains all together, containing a small white come up afterwards. The root is white and kernel in them.

name shews they grow in water.

Government and virtues.] They are under colour, cut in at the ends more finely, which the dominion of the Moon, and being made makes the leaves look more in number than into a poultice, are excellently good for hot; the other. The seeds and the roots are inflammations, swellings, cankers, sore alike, the roots of both sorts abiding many mouths and throats, being washed with the years.

decoction; it cleanses and strengthens the ! There are forty-five kinds of Campion neck and throat, and helps those swellings more, those of them which are of a phywhich when people have, they say the sical use, having the like virtues with those almonds of their ears are fallen down. It above described, which I take to be the two is excellently good for the rankness of the chief kinds.

gums, a safe and present remedy for the? Place.] They grow commonly through king's evil. They are excellent for the stone this land by fields and hedge-sides, and and gravel, especially the nuts, being dried. ditches. Time.] They flower in Summer, some

They also resist poison, and bitings of venomous beasts.

## CAMPION, WILD.

Government and virtues.] They belong to Saturn, and it is found by experience, Descript.] THE wild White Campion that the decoction of the herb, either in has many long and somewhat broad dark white or red wine being drank, doth stay green leaves lying upon the ground, and inward bleedings, and applied cutwardly, divers ribs therein, somewhat like plantain, it does the like; and being drank, helps but somewhat hairy, broader, but not so, to expel urine, being stopped, and gravel long: The hairy stalks rise up in the mid- and stone in the reins and kidneys. Two dle of them three or four feet high, and drains of the seed drank in wine, purges sometimes more, with divers great white the body of choleric humours, and helps joints at several places thereon, and two those that are stung by scorpions, or other such like leaves thereat up to the top, send- venomous beasts, and may be as effectual ing forth branches at several joints also : for the plague. It is of very good use in All which bear on several foot-stalks white old sores, ulcers, cankers, fistulas, and the

than others.

inches long, and half an inch broad, thin on the end unto the middle, making them long, spreading divers fangs in the ground.

The second differs not much from this, The Red wild Campion grows in the same save that it delights in more clear water; manner as the White, but its leaves are not its stalks are not flat, but round ; its leaves so plainly ribbed, somewhat shorter, rounder, are not so long, but more pointed; As for and more woolly in handling. The flowers the place we need not determine, for their are of the same form and bigness; but in some of a pale, in others of a bright red

earlier than others, and some abiding longer

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flowers at the tops of them, consisting of like, to cleanse and heat them, by confive broad pointed leaves. every one cut in suming the moist humours falling into

## AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

them and correcting the putrefaction of? humours offending them.

#### CARDUUS BENEDICTUS.

Blessed Thistle, or Holy Thistle. I sup- they are of less physical use than the wild pose the name was put upon it by some kind (as indeed almost in all herbs the wild that had little holiness themselves.

description of this as almost every one that kinds,) I shall therefore briefly describe the can but write at all, may describe them Wild Carrot. from his own knowledge.

not long after.

Government and virtues. It is an herb of The stalks bear large tufts of white flowers, Mars, and under the sign Aries. Now, in with a deep purple spot in the middle, handling this herb, I shall give you a which are contracted together when the rational pattern of all the rest; and if you seed begins to ripen, that the middle part please to view them throughout the book, being hollow and low, and the outward you shall, to your content, find it true. It stalk rising high, makes the whole umbel helps swimming and giddiness of the head, to show like a bird's nest. The roots small, or the disease called vertigo, because Aries long, and hard, and unfit for meat, being is in the house of Mars. It is an excellent somewhat sharp and strong.

remedy against the yellow jaundice and Place.] The wild kind grows in divers other infirmities of the gall, because Mars; parts of this land plentifully by the fieldgoverns choler. It strengthens the attrac-isides, and untilled places.

tive faculty in man, and clarifies the blood, *Time.*] They flower and seed in the end because the one is ruled by Mars. The of Summer.

continual drinking the decoction of it, helps Government and virtues.] Wild Carrots red faces, tetters, and ring-worms, because belong to Mercury, and therefore break Mars causes them. It helps the plague, wind, and remove stitches in the sides, prosores, boils, and itch, the bitings of mad voke urine and women's courses, and helps dogs and venomous beasts, all which in- to break and expel the stone; the seed also firmities are under Mars; thus you see of the same works the like effect, and is good for the dropsy, and those whose bellies what it doth by sympathy.

By antipathy to other planets it eures the are swollen with wind; helps the cholic, French pox. By antipathy to Venus, who the stone in the kidneys, and rising of the governs it, it strengthens the memory, and mother; being taken in wine, or boiled in cures deafness by antipathy to Saturn, who wine, and taken, it helps conception. The has his fall in Aries, which rules the head. leaves being applied with honey to running It cures quartan agues, and other diseases sores or ulcers, do cleanse them. of melancholy, and adust choler, by sym-! I suppose the seeds of them perform this

pathy to Saturn, Mars being exalted in better than the roots; and though Galen Capricorn. Also provokes urine, the stopp- commended garden Carrots highly to break ing of which is usually caused by Mars or wind, yet experience teaches they breed it the Moon. i first, and we may thank nature for expelling

# CARROTS.

GARDEN Carrots are so well known, IT is called Carduus Benedictus, or that they need no description; but because are most effectual in physic, as being more

I shall spare a labour in writing a powerful in operation than the garden

Descript.] It grows in a manner al-Time.] They flower in August, and seed together like the tame, but that the leaves and stalks are somewhat whiter and rougher

and another three sets

it, not they; the seeds of them expel wind people exceedingly, and they need not to indeed, and so mend what the root marrs. make a whole meal of them neither, and are

#### CARRAWAY.

that the Carraway is cultivated.

cut leaves, lying upon the ground, some- that are troubled with wind. what like to the leaves of carrots, but not bushing so thick, of a little quick taste in them, from among which rises up a square Descript. This hath divers tender, stalk, not so high as the Carrot, at whose round, whitish green stalks, with greater joints are set the like leaves, but smaller joints than ordinary in other herbs as it and finer, and at the top small open tufts, were knees, very brittle and easy to break. or umbels of white flowers, which turn into from whence grow branches with large small blackish seed, smaller than the tender broad leaves, divided into many Anniseed, and of a quicker and hotter parts, each of them cut in on the edges, taste. somewhat like unto a parsnip, but with branches, of a dark blueish green colour, more wrinkled bark, and much less, of a on the upper side like Columbines, and of little hot and quick taste, and stronger a more pale blueish green underneath, full than the parsnip, and abides after seed- of yellow sap, when any is broken, of a time.

gardens.

and seed quickly after.

Mercurial plant. Carraway seed has a yellow within, full of yellow sap therein. moderate sharp quality, whereby it breaks Place.] They grow in many places by wind and provokes urine, which also the old walls, hedges and way-sides in untilled herb doth. The root is better food than places; and being once planted in a garden, the parsnip; it is pleasant and comfortable especially some shady places, it will remain to the stomach, and helps digestion. The there. seed is conducing to all cold griefs of the [ Time.] They flower all the Summer, head and stomach, bowels, or mother, as and the seed ripens in the mean time. also the wind in them, and helps to sharpen { Government and virtues.] This is an herb the eye-sight. The powder of the seed put of the Sun, and under the celestial Lion, into a poultice, takes away black and blue and is one of the best cures for the eyes ; spots of blows and bruises. The herb it-i for, all that know any thing in astrology, self, or with some of the seed bruised and know that the eyes are subject to the fried, laid hot in a bag or double cloth, to luminaries: let it then be gathered when the the lower parts of the belly, cases the pains Sun is in Lco, and the Moon in Aries,

fit to be planted in every garden.

Carraway comfits, once only dipped in It is on account of the seeds principally sugar, and half a spoonful of them caten in the morning fasting, and as many after each

Descript.] It bears divers stalks of fine meal, is a most admirable remedy, for those

### CELANDINE.

The root is whitish, small and long, set at the joint on both sides of the bitter taste, and strong scent. At the Place.] It is usually sown with us in flowers, of four leaves a-piece, after which come small long pods, with blackish seed

Time.] They flower in June and July, therein. The root is somewhat great at the head, shooting forth divers long roots and Government and virtues.] This is also a small strings, reddish on the outside, and

of the wind cholic. The roots of Carraway eaten as men do parsnips, strengthen the stomach of ancient which you please, to anoint your sore eyes

experience, and the experience of those to away all discolourings of the skin whatwhom I have taught it, that most desperate soever: and if it chance that in a tender sore eyes have been cured by this only body it causes any itchings or inflammamedicine; and then, I pray, is not this far itions, by bathing the place with a little better than endangering the eyes by the art ! of the needle? For if this does not absolutely take away the film, it will so facilitate the work, that it might be done without the needle; which is to take away the films danger. The herb or root boiled in white by corroding or gnawing medicines. That Wine and drank, a few Anniseeds being I absolutely protest against. boiled therewith, opens obstructions of the liver and gall, helps the yellow jaundice; very thin, and therefore soon eaten asunder. and often using it, helps the dropsy and the itch, and those who have old sores in their away, is seldom of an equal thickness in legs, or other parts of the body. The every place, and then the tunicle may be juice thereof taken fasting, is held to be of eaten asunder in one place, before the film singularly good use against the pestilence. be consumed in another, and so be a readier The distilled water, with a little sugar and way to extinguish the sight than to restore a little good treacle mixed therewith (the ; it. party upon the taking being laid down to sweat a little) has the same effect. The word Chelidon, which signifies a swallow: juice dropped into the eyes, cleanses them because they say, that if you put out the from films and cloudiness which darken the eyes of young swallows when they are in sight, but it is best to allay the sharpness of the juice with a little breast milk. It is good in all old filthy corroding creeping ulcers wheresoever, to stay their malignity of fretting and running, and to cause them to heal more speedily: The juice often herb or not, I know not. applied to tetters, ring-worms, or other such like spreading cankers, will quickly heal somewhat probable) that the herb, being them, and rubbed often upon warts, will take them away. The herb with the roots bruised and bathed with oil of camomile, alchymist, and after they are drawn apart and applied to the navel, takes' away the rectified, the earthly quality, still in rectifygriping pains in the belly and bowels, and ing them, added to the Terra damnata (as all the pains of the mother; and applied to Alchymists call it) or Terra Sacratissima (as women's breasts, stays the overmuch flowing some philosophers call it) the elements so of the courses. "The juice or decoction of rectified are sufficient for the cure of all the herb gargled between the teeth that ach, diseases, the humours offending being known, cases the pain, and the powder of the dried and the contrary element given : It is an root laid upon any aching, hollow or loose } experiment worth the trying, and can do tooth, will cause it to fall out. The juice no harm. mixed with some powder of brimstone is

with: I can prove it doth both my own inot only good against the itch, but takes vinegar it is helped.

> Anotherill-favoured trick have physicians got to use to the eye, and that is worse than

1. Because the tunicles of the eyes are 2. The callus or film that they would eat

It is called Chelidonium, from the Greek the nest, the old ones will recover their eyes again with this herb. This I am confident, for I have tried it, that if we mar the very apple of their eyes with a needle, she will recover them again; but whether with this

Also I have read (and it seems to be gathered as I shewed before, and the elements draw apart from it by art of the KNOWN BY THE NAME OF PILEWORT AND FOGWORT.

give this the name Celandine, which re-? Pilewort made into an oil, ointment, or sembles it neither in nature nor form; it; plaister, readily cures both the piles, or acquired the name of Pilewort from its hæmorrhoids, and the king's evil: The virtues, and it being no great matter where very herb borne about one's body next the I set it down, so I set it down at all, I skin helps in such diseases, though it never humoured Dr. Tradition so much, as to set touch the place grieved; let poor people him down here.

pale green leaves, set on weak and trailing a pint of corruption, cured without any branches which lie upon the ground, and scar at all in one week's time. are flat, smooth, and somewhat shining, and in some places (though seldom) marked with black spots, each standing on a long Descript.] THIS grows up most usually foot-stalk, among which rise small yellow but with one round and somewhat crusted flowers, consisting of nine or ten small nar. stalk, about a foot high or better, branching row leaves, upon slender foot-stalks, very forth at the top into many sprigs, and some like unto Crowsfoot, whereunto the seed also from the joints of the stalks below; the also is not unlike being many small kernels flowers thus stand at the tops as it were in like a grain of corn sometimes twice as one umbel or tuft, are of a pale red, tending long as others, of a whitish colour, with to carnation colour, consisting of five, fibres at the end of them.

moist corners of fields and places that are the day time and closing at night, after near water sides, yet will abide in drier which come seeds in little short husks, in ground if they be but a little shady.

or April, is quite gone by May; so it can-not be found till it spring again. and hard, perishing every year. The whole plant is of an exceeding bitter taste.

Government and virtues.] It is under the dominion of Mars, and behold here another; former, save only it bears white flowers. verification of the learning of the ancients, viz. that the virtue of an herb may be pastures, and woods, but that with the known by its signature, as plainly appears white flowers not so frequently as the other in this; for if you dig up the root of it, *Time.*] They flower in July or the you shall perceive the perfect image of the abouts, and seed within a month after.

THE LESSER CELANDINE, USUALLY kernels by the ears and throat, called the king's evil, or any other hard wens or tumours.

Here's another secret for my countrymen I WONDER what ailed the ancients to and women, a couple of them together; make much of it for those uses; with this Descript.] This Celandine or Pilewort I cured my own daughter of the king's (which you please) doth spread many round evil, broke the sore, drew out a quarter of

## THE ORDINARY SMALL CENTAURY.

sometimes six small leaves, very like those Place.] It grows for the most part in of St. John's Wort, opening themselves in ound if they be but a little shady. *Time.*] It flowers betimes, about March small and somewhat round ; the root small

There is another sort in all things like the

Place.] They grow ordinarily in fields,

Time.] They flower in July or there-

disease which they commonly call the piles. Government and virtues.] They are under It is certain by good experience, that the the dominion of the Sun, as appears in that decoction of the leaves and roots wonder- their flowers open and shut as the Sun either fully helps piles and hæmorrhoids, also shews or hides his face. This herb, poiled

and drank, purges choleric and gross; the government of the Sun; yet this, if obstructions of the liver, gall, and speen, truth; in diseases of the blood, use the red helps the jaundice, and eases the pains in Centaury; if of choler, use the yellow; the sides and hardness of the spleen, used but if phlegm or water, you will find the outwardly, and is given with very good white best. effect in agues. It helps those that have the dropsy, or the green-sickness, being much used by the Italians in powder for that purpose. It kills the worms in the tree, for its fruit's sake; and therefore belly, as is found by experience. The I shall spare writing a description thereof. decoction thereof, viz. the tops of the stalks, with the leaves and flowers, is good against the cholic, and to bring down women's courses, helps to void the dead birth, and eases pains of the mother, and is very ef-fectual in all old pains of the joints as the the sweet pass through the stomach and gout, cramps, or convulsions. A dram of the belly more speedily, but are of little the powder taken in wine, is a wonderful nourishment; the tart or sour are more good help against the biting and poison of pleasing to an hot stomach, procure appean adder. The juice of the herb with tite to meat, and help to cut tough phlegan, thereof dropped into the ears, cleanses and expel the stone, and dissolved, the them from worms, cleanses the foul ulcers water thereof is much used to break the and spreading scabs of the head, and takes stone, and to expel gravel and wind. away all freckles, spots, and marks in the skin, being washed with it; the herb is so safe you cannot fail in the using of it, only Descript.] THE Winter Cherry has a giving it inwardly for inward diseases. running or creeping root in the ground, of It is very wholesome, but not very tooth- the bigness many times of one's little finger, some.

Centaury, which bears a yellow flower; in compass of ground. The stalk rises not all other respects it is like the former, save above a yard high, whereon are set many

humours, and helps the sciatica; it opens you observe it, you shall find an excellent

## THE CHERRY-TREE.

a little honey put to it, is good to clear the and gross humours; but when these are eyes from dimness, mists and clouds that dried, they are more binding to the belly offend or hinder sight. It is singularly than when they are fresh, being cooling in good both for green and fresh wounds, as hot diseases, and welcome to the stomach, also for old ulcers and sores, to close up the and provoke urine. The gum of the Cherry-one and cleanse the other, and perfectly to tree, dissolved in wine is good for a cold, cure them both, although they are hollow cough, and hoarseness of the throat; mends or fistulous; the green herb especially, being the colour in the face, sharpens the eye-bruised and laid thereto. The decoction sight, provokes appetite, and helps to break

#### WINTER-CHERRIES.

shooting forth at several joints in several There is beside these, another small places, whereby it quickly spreads a great

that the leaves are larger, and of a darker broad and long green leaves, somewhat green, and the stalks pass through the midst like nightshades, but larger; at the joints of them, as it does in the herb Thorowan. whereof come forth whitish flowers made They are all of them, as I told you, under of five leaves a piece, which afterwards

turn into green berries inclosed with thin ; good to many, both to ease the pains, and skins, which change to be reddish when expel urine and the stone, and to cause the they grow ripe, the berry likewise being stone not to engender. The decortion of reddish, and as large as a cherry; wherein the berries in wine and water is the most are contained many flat and yellowish seeds usual way; but the powder of them taken lying within the pulp, which being gathered in drink is more effectual. and strung up, are kept all the year to be used upon occasion.

CHERVIL.

Place.] They grow not naturally in this IT is called Cerefolium, Mirrhis, and land, but are cherished in gardens for their Mirrha, Chervil, Sweet Chervil, and Sweet virtues.

Time.] They flower not until the middle Descript.] The garden Chervil doth at or latter end of July; and the fruit is ripe first somewhat resemble Parsley, but after it about August, or the beginning of Sep-is better grown, the leaves are much cut in tember.

Government and virtues.] This also is a hairy and of a whitish green colour, some-plant of Venus. They are of great use in times turning reddish in the Summer, with physic: The leaves being cooling, may be the stalks also; it rises a little above half used in inflammations, but not opening as a foot high, bearing white flowers in spiked the berries and fruit are; which by draw- tufts, which turn into long and round seeds ing down the urine provoke it to be voided pointed at the ends, and blackish when they plentifully when it is stopped or grown hot, are ripe; of a sweet taste, but no smell. sharp, and painful in the passage; it is though the herb itself smells reasonably good also to expel the stone and gravel out well. The root is small and long, and of the reins, kidneys and bladder, helping perishes every year, and must be sown to dissolve the stone, and voiding it by grit a-new in spring, for seed after July for or gravel sent forth in the urine; it also Autumn fails.

helps much to cleanse inward imposthumes. The wild Chervil grows two or three feet or ulcers in the reins or bladder, or in those high, with yellow stalks and joints, set with that void a bloody or foul urine. The broader and more hairy leaves, divided distilled water of the fruit, or the leaves into sundry parts, nicked about the edges, together with them, or the berries, green or and of a dark green colour, which likewise

one way, amongst many others, which Place.] The first is sown in gardens for might be used for ordering the berries, to a sallad herb; the second grows wild in be helpful for the urine and the stone; many of the meadows of this land, and by which is this: Take three or four good the hedge sides, and on heaths. handfuls of the berries, either green or *Time.*] They flower and seed early, and fresh, or dried, and having bruised them, thereupon are sown again in the end of put them into so many gallons of beer or Summer.

Cicely.

and jagged, resembling hemlock, being a little

dry, distilled with a little milk and drank grow reddish with the stalks; at the tops morning and evening with a little sugar, is whereof stand small white tufts, of flowers, effectual to all the purposes before specified, afterwards smaller and longer seed. The and especially against the heat and sharp-ness of the urine I shall only mention. This has little or no scent.

ale when it is new tunned up: This drink, Government and virtues.] The garden taken daily has been found to do much Chervil being eaten, doth moderately warm





Comfry



Cleavers



Coltsfoot



Crabs Claws or Fresh water Soldier





Cowslip



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THOMAS KELLY. LONDON. 1835.

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Tragus) to dissolve congealed or clotted and expels wind. The juice is good to blood in the body, or that which is clotted heal the ulcers of the head and face; the by bruises, falls, &c. The juice or distilled candied root hereof are held as effectual as leaves laid to the place, being taken either time of a plague, and to warm and comin meat or drink, it is good to help to pro- fort a cold weak stomach. It is so harm-voke urine, or expel the stone in the kid- less, you cannot use it amiss. neys, to send down women's courses, and to help the pleurisy and pricking of the sides.

The wild Chervil bruised and applied, dissolves swellings in any part, or the marks of congealed blood by bruises or blows, in a little space.

## SWEET CHERVIL, OR SWEET CICELY.

Descript.] THIS grows very like the great hemlock, having large spread leaves cut into divers parts, but of a fresher green colour than the Hemlock, tasting as sweet the body; the inner skin, that covers the as the Anniseed. The stalks rise up a yard } high, or better, being creased or hollow, scruple of it being taken by a man, or ten having leaves at the joints, but lesser; and grains by a child, soon stops any flux whatat the tops of the branched stalks, umbels; soever: The whole nut being dried and or tufts of white flowers; after which comes beaten into powder, and a dram taken at long crested black shining seed, pointed at a time, is a good remedy to stop the terms both ends, tasting quick, yet sweet and in women. If you dry Chesnuts, (only the pleasant. The root is great and white, kernels I mean) both the barks being taken growing deep in the ground, and spreading away, beat them into powder, and make sundry long branches therein, in taste and the powder up into an electuary with honey, smell stronger than the leaves or seeds, and so have you an admirable remedy for the continuing many years.

Place.] This grows in gardens.

Government and virtues.] These are all three of them of the nature of Jupiter, and under his dominion. This whole plant, Chesnuts, Ground Nuts, Ciper-nuts, and in besides its pleasantness in sallads, has its Sussex Pig-nuts. A description of them physical virtue. The root boiled, and eaten i were needless, for every child knows them. with oil and vinegar, (or without oil) do Government and virtues.] They are somemuch please and warm old and cold sto-thing hot and dry in quality, under the machs oppressed with wind or phlegn, or dominion of Venus, they provoke lust those that have the phthisic or consump-jexceedingly, and stir up to those sports she tion of the lungs. The same drank with is mistress of; the seed is excellent good to wine is a preservation from the plague. It provoke urine; and so also is the root, but

the stomach, and is a certain remedy (saith after-birth, procures an appetite to meat, water thereof being drank, and the bruised Angelica, to preserve from infection in the

#### CHESNUT TREE.

IT were as needless to describe a tree so commonly known as to tell a man he had gotten a mouth; therefore take the government and virtues of them thus :

The tree is abundantly under the dominion of Jupiter, and therefore the fruit must needs breed good blood, and yield commendable nourishment to the body: yet if eaten over-much, they make the blood thick, procure head ache, and bind nut, is of so binding a quality, that a cough and spitting of blood.

#### EARTH CHESNUTS.

THEY are called Earth-nuts, Earth provokes women's courses, and expels the it doth not perform it so forcibly as the seed

The root being dried and beaten; the swellings and ease the pains. It helps doth. was for coughs.

#### CHICKWEED.

It is so generally known to most people, that I shall not trouble you with the description thereof, nor myself with setting forth the several kinds, since but only two or three are considerable for their usefulness.

and watery places, by wood sides, and elsewhere.

Time.] They flower about June, and their seed is ripe in July.

Government and virtues.] It is a fine soft pleasing herb under the dominion of the Moon. It is found to be effectual as red, black, or white, bring forth stalks a Purslain to all the purposes whereunto it yard long, whereon do grow many small serves, except for meat only. The herb and almost round leaves, dented about the bruised, or the juice applied (with cloths or edges, set on both sides of a middle rib; sponges dipped therein) to the region of the At the joints come forth one or two flowers, liver, and as they dry, to have it fresh ap-jupon sharp foot stalks, pease-fashion, either plied, doth wonderfully temperate the heat; white or whitish, or purplish red, lighter of the liver, and is effectual for all impos-for deeper, according as the pease that thumes and swellings whatsoever, for all follow will be, that are contained in small, redness in the face, wheals, pushes, itch, thick, and short pods, wherein lie one or scabs; the juice either simply used, or two pease, more usually pointed at the boiled with hog's grease and applied, helps lower end, and almost round at the head, cramps, convulsions, and palsy. The juice, yet a little cornered or sharp; the root is or distilled water, is of much good use for small, and perishes yearly. all heats and redness in the eyes, to drop *Place and Time.*] They are sown in gar some thereof into them; as also into the dens, or fields as pease, being sown later ears, to ease pains in them; and is of good than pease, and gathered at the same time effect to ease pains from the heat and sharp- with them, or presently after. ness of the blood in the piles, and generally Government and virtues.] They are both all pains in the body that arise of heat. under the dominion of Venus. They are It is used also in hot and virulent ulcers less windy than beans, but nourish more; and sores in the privy parts of men and they provoke urine, and are thought to inwomen, or on the legs, or elsewhere. The crease sperm; they have a cleansing faculty, leaves boiled with marsh-mallows, and whereby they break the stone in the kid made into a poultice with fenugreek and ineys. To drink the cream of them, being linseed, applied to swellings or impos- boiled in water, is the best way. It moves

into powder, and the powder made into an; the sinews when they are shrunk by cramps, electuary, is as singular a remedy for spitting; or otherwise, and to extend and make them and pissing of blood, as the former Chesnut pliable again by this medicine. Boil a handful of Chickweed, and a handful of red rose leaves dried, in a quart of muscadine, until a fourth part be consumed : then put to them a pint of oil of trotters or sheep's feet; let them boil a good while, stillstirring them well; which being strained, anoint the grieved place therewith, warm against the fire, rubbing it well with one Place. | They are usually found in moist hand: and bind also some of the herb (if you will) to the place, and, with God's blessing, it will help it in three times dressing.

#### CHICK-PEASE, OR CICERS.

Descript.] THE garden sorts, whether

thumes, ripen and break them, or assuage the belly downwards, provokes women's

tasting two hours after, is a good medicine shall very seldom miss the cure of an ague, for a pain in the sides. The white Cicers be it what ague soever, in three fits, as I are used more for meat than medicine, yet have often proved to the admiration both former.

CALLED IN SOME COUNTIES, FIVE-FINGERED GRASS.

upon the ground, with long slender strings most effectual remedy for all fluxes in man like straw berries, which take root again, or woman, whether the white or red, as also and shoot forth many leaves, made of five the bloody flux. The roots boiled in vineparts, and sometimes of seven, dented about gar, and the decoction thereof held in the edges, and somewhat hard. The stalks the mouth, cases the pains of the toothare slender, leaning downwards and bear ach. The juice or decoction taken with many small yellow flowers thereon, with a little honey, helps the hoarseness of some yellow threads in the middle, standing the throat, and is very good for the cough about a smooth green head, which, when it of the lungs. The distilled water of both is ripe, is a little rough, and contains small roots and leaves is also effectual to all the brownish seeds. The root is of a blackish purposes aforesaid; and if the hands be brown colours, as big as one's little finger, often washed therein, and suffered at every over the ground.

sides, the path-way in fields, and in the swellings, and lumps growing in any borders and corners of them almost through part of the flesh, being thereto applied; all this land.

sooner, some later.

Government and virtues.] This is an herbithe shingles also, and all other sorts of

courses and urine, increases both milk and of Jupiter, and therefore strengthens the seed. One ounce of Cicers, two ounces of part of the body it rules; let Jupiter be French barley, and a small handful of angular and strong when it is gathered, Marsh-mallow roots, clean washed and cut, and if you give but a scruple (which is but being boiled in the broth of a chicken, and twenty grains,) of it at a time, either in four ounces taken in the morning, and white wine, or in white wine vinegar, you have the same effect, and are thought more of myself and others; let no man despise it powerful to increase milk and seed. The because it is plain and easy, the ways of wild Cicers are so much more powerful God are all such. It is an especial herb than the garden kinds, by how much they used in all inflammations and fevers, whether exceed them in heat and dryness; whereby infectious or pestilential; or among other they do more open obstructions, break the herbs to cool and temper the blood and stone, and have all the properties of cutting, lumours in the body. As also for all lotions, opening, digesting, and dissolving; and gargles, infections, and the like, for sore this more speedily and certainly than the mouths, ulcers, cancers, fistulas, and other corrupt, foul, or running sores. The juice CINQUEFOIL, OR FIVE-LEAVED GRASS; hereof drank, about four ounces at a time, for certain days together, cures the quinsey and yellow jaundice; and taken for thirty days together, cures the falling sickness.

Descript.] IT spreads and creeps far The roots boiled in milk, and drank, is a but growing long, with some threads thereat; time to dry in of itself without wiping, it and by the small string it quickly spreads will in a short time help the palsy, or shaking in them. The root boiled in Place.] It grows by wood sides, hedge vinegar, helps all knots, kernels, hard

as also inflammations, and St. An-Time.] It flowers in summer, some thony's fire, all imposthumes, and painful sores with heat and putrefaction.

The same also boiled in wine, and applied wrinkled, whitish, or hoary green leaves, to any joint full of pain, ache, or the gout somewhat evenly cut in on the edges, and in the hands or feet, or the hip gout, called of a strong sweet scent, growing some near the Sciatica, and the decoction thereof the ground, and some by couples upon drank the while, doth cure them, and eases stalks. The flowers grow at certain dismuch pain in the bowels. The roots are tances, with two small leaves at the joints likewise effectual to help ruptures or burst- under them, somewhat like unto the flowers ings, being used with other things available; of Sage, but smaller, and of a whitish blue to that purpose, taken either inwardly or colour. The seed is brownish, and someoutwardly, or both; as also bruises or what flat, or not so round as the wild. The hurts by blows, falls, or the like, and to roots are blackish, and spread not far, and stay the bleeding of wounds in any parts perish after the seed time. It is usually inward or outward.

Some hold that one leaf cures a quotidian, three a tertain, and four a quartan ague, and a hundred to one if it be not some a little later than others, and their Dioscorides; for he is full of whimsies. seed is ripe in August, or thereabouts. The truth is, I never stood so much upon the number of the leaves, nor whether I give it in powder or decoction: If Jupiter were strong, and the Moon applying to like things gotten within the lids to offend him, or his good aspect at the gathering, I never knew it miss the desired effect.

#### CIVES.

and Sweth.

not added these, had it not been for a coun-jitself, or with a little honey, doth help boils. try gentleman, who by a letter certified felons, and the hot inflammation that are me, that amongst other herbs, I had left gathered by their pains, if applied before these out; they are indeed a kind of leeks, it be grown too great. The powder of the hot and dry in the fourth degree as they dried root put into the nose, provokes are, and so under the dominion of Mars; sneezing, and thereby purges the head and If they be eaten raw, (I do not mean raw, brain of much rheum and corruption. The opposite to roasted or boiled, but raw, seed or leaves taken in wine, provokes to opposite to chymical preparation) they send venery. It is of much use both for men up very hurtful vapours to the brain, caus- and women that have weak backs, and ing troublesome sleep, and spoiling the helps to strengthen the reins : used either eye-sight, yet of them prepared by the art by itself, or with other herbs conducing to

LARY, OR MORE PROPERLY CLEAR-EYE.

running and foul scabs, sores and itch. has four square stalks, with broad, rough, sown, for it seldom rises of its own sowing

Place.] This grows in gardens.

Time.] It flowers in June and July,

Government and virtues.] It is under the dominion of the Moon. The seed put into the eyes clears them from motes, and such them, as also clears them from white and red spots on them. The mucilage of the seed made with water, and applied to tumours, or swellings, disperses and takes CALLED also Rush Leeks, Chives, Civet, them away; as also draws forth splinters, thorns, or other things gotten into the flesh. Government and virtues.] I confess I had The leaves used with vinegar, either by of the alchymist, may be made an excel- the same effect, and in tansies often. The lent remedy for the stoppage of the urine. fresh leaves dipped in a batter of flour eggs, and a little milk, and fried in butter, and served to the table, is not unpleasant Descript.] Our ordinary garden Clary to any, but exceedingly profitable for those it - Digitized by Microsoft

# AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

that are troubled with weak backs, and the safer, and easier remedy by a great deal. effects thereof. The juice of the herb put than to tear it off with a needle.

into ale or bear, and drank, brings down women's courses, and expels the after-birth.

#### CLEAVERS.

WILD CLARY.

called Christ's Eye, because it cures diseases of the eye. I could wish for my soul, blasphemy, ignorance, and tyranny, were ceased among physicians, that they may be happy, and I joyful.

lesser, with many stalks about a foot and shoots forth a branch, besides the leaves a half high. The stalks are square, and thereat, which are usually six, set in a round somewhat hairy; the flowers of a bluish compass like a star, or a rowel of a spur: colour; He that knows the common Clary cannot be ignorant of this.

Place.] It grows commonly in this nation in barren places; you may find it plentifully, if you look in the fields near Gray's Inn, and near Chelsea.

*Time.*] They flower from the beginning of June to the latter end of August.

hotter and drier than the garden Clary is, stalks, leaves, and seeds are so rough, yet nevertheless under the dominion of the that they will cleave to any thing that will Moon, as well as that; the seeds of it being touch them. The root is small and thready, beat to powder, and drank with wine, is spreading much to the ground, but dies an admirable help to provoke lust. A de-levery year. coction of the leaves being drank, warms the stomach, and it is a wonder if it should sides in many places of this land, and is so not, the stomach being under Cancer, the troublesome an inhabitant in gardens, that house of the Moon. Also it helps diges-; it ramps upon, and is ready to choak whattion, scatters congealed blood in any part ever grows near it. of the body. The distilled water hereof ? Time.] It flowers in June or July, and cleanses the eyes of redness, waterishness, the seed is ripe and falls again in the end and heat: It is a gallant remedy for dim- of July or August, from whence it springs ness of sight, to take one of the seeds of it, up again, and not from the old roots. and put into the eyes, and there iet it re- Government and virtues.] It is under the main till it drops out of itself, (the pain dominion of the Moon. The juice of the

It is also called Aperine, Goose-share, Goose-grass, and Cleavers.

Descript.] The common Cleavers have WILD Clary is most blasphemously divers very rough square stalks, not so big as the top of a point, but rising up to be two or three yards high sometimes, if it meet with any tall bushes or trees whereon it may climb, yet without any claspers, or else much lower, and lying on the ground, Descript.] It is like the other Clary, but full of joints, and at every one of them From between the leaves or the joints towards the tops of the branches, come forth very small white flowers, at every end, upon small thready foot-stalks, which after they have fallen, there do shew two small round and rough seeds joined together, which, when they are ripe, grow hard and whitish, having a little hole on the Government and virtues.] It is something side, something like unto a navel. Both

Place.] It grows by the hedge and ditch-

will be nothing to speak on,) it will cleanse herb and the seed together taken in wine, the eyes of all filthy and putrified matter; helps those bitten with an adder, by preand in often repeating it, will take off a serving the heart from the venom. It is film which covers the sight: a handsomer, familiarly taken in broth to keep them lean

and stays lasks and bloody-fluxes. The in or near ditches. juice of the leaves, or they a little bruised, *Time.*] It flowers in June or July, and and applied to any bleeding wounds, stays the seed is ripe soon after. the bleeding. The juice also is very good Government and virtues.] It is under the to close up the lips of greed wounds, and dominion of the planet Saturn. It is sinthe powder of the dried herb strewed there- gularly effectual in all fresh and green upon doth the same, and likewise helps wounds, and therefore bears not this name old ulcers. Being boiled in hog's grease, for nought. And it is very available in it helps all sorts of hard swellings or ker-i staunching of blood and to dry up the takes away the pain of them.

body in health, and fitting it for that change excellent and speedily, even to admiration. of season that is coming.

### CLOWN'S WOOD

two or three feet, high, but usually about plaister of this herb to it, and if you add two feet, with square green rough stalks, a little Comfrey to it, it will not be amiss but slender, joined somewhat far asunder, I assure thee the herb deserves commendaand two very long, somewhat narrow, dark tion, though it has gotten such a clownish green leaves, bluntly dented about the name; and whosoever reads this, (if he try edges thereof, ending in a long point. The it, as I have done,) will commend it; only flowers stand towards the tops, compassing take notice that it is of a dry earthy quality. the stalks at the joints with the leaves, and end likewise in a spiked top, having long cock's HEAD, RED FITCHING, OR MEand much gaping hoods of a purplish red colour, with whitish spots in them, standing Descript.] THIS has divers weak but in somewhat round husks, wherein after- rough stalks, half a yard long, leaning wards stand blackish round seeds. The downward, but set with winged leaves, root is composed of many long strings, longer and more pointed than those of with some tuberous long knobs growing Lintels, and whitish underneath ; from the among them, of a pale yellowish or whitish; tops of these stalks arise up other slender colour, yet some times of the year these stalks, naked without leaves unto the tops, knobby roots in many places are not seen where there grow many small flowers in in this plant: This plant smells somewhat; manner of a spike, of a pale reddish colour, strong.

and lank, that are apt to grow fat. The this land, both north and west, and fredistilled water drank twice a day, helps the quently by path-sides in the fields near yellow jaundice, and the decoction of the about London, and within three or four herb, in experience, is found to do the same, miles distant about it, yet it usually grows

nels in the throat, being anointed there-; fluxes of humours in old fretting ulcers, with. The juice dropped into the ears, cankers, &c. that hinder the healing of them.

It is a good remedy in the Spring, eaten A syrup made of the juice of it, is inferior (being first chopped small, and boiled well) to none for inward wounds, ruptures of in water-gruel, to cleanse the blood, and veins, bloody flux, vessels broken, spitting, strengthen the liver, thereby to keep the urining, or vomiting blood : Ruptures are cured by taking now and then a little of the syrup, and applying an ointment or plaister of this herb to the place. Also, if Descript.] IT grows up sometimes to any vein be swelled or muscle, apply a

# DICK FETCH.

with some blueness among them; after

Place.] It grows in sundry counties of which rise up in their places, round, rough,

and somewhat flat heads. The root is ; tough, and somewhat woody, yet lives and shoots a-new every year.

Place.] It grows upon hedges, and CALLED also Coughwort, Foal's-foot, sometimes in the open fields, in divers Horse-hoof, and Bull's-foot. places of this land.

July and August, and the seed ripen in earlier, which fall away quickly, and after the mean while.

dominion of Venus. It has power to rarify much lesser, thicker, and greener than those and digest, and therefore the green leaves of butter-bur, with a little down or frieze bruised and laid as a plaister, disperse over the green leaf on the upper side, which knots, nodes, or kernels in the flesh; and may be rubbed away, and whitish or meally if, when dry, it be taken in wine, it helps underneath. The root is small and white, the stranguary; and being anointed with spreading much under ground, so that for cattle, to cause them to give store of away again, if any little piece be abidbeing boiled in ordinary drink. for nurses. ! leaves.

#### COLUMBINES.

THESE are so well known, growing almost in every garden, that I think I may February, the leaves begin to appear in save the expence of time in writing a de- March. scription of them.

the stone in the reins or kidneys.

#### COLTSFOOT.

Descript.] This shoots up a slender stalk, Time.] They flower all the months of with small yellowish flowers somewhat

they are past, come up somewhat round Government and virtues.] It is under the leaves, sometimes dented about the edges, oil, it provokes sweat. It is a singular food where it takes it will hardly be driven milk; and why then may it not do the like, ing therein; and from thence spring fresh

Place.] It grows as well in wet grounds as in drier places,

Time.] And flowers in the end of

Government and virtues. The plant is Time.] They flower in May, and abide under Venus, the fresh leaves or juice, or not for the most part when June is past, a syrup thereof is good for a hot dry cough, perfecting their seed in the mean time. or wheezing, and shortness of breath. The Government and virtues.] It is also an dry leaves are best for those that have thin herb of Venus. The leaves of Columbines rheums and distillations upon their lungs, are commonly used in lotions with good causing a cough, for which also the dried success for sore mouths and throats. Tra- leaves taken as tobacco, or the root is very gus saith, that a dram of the seed taken in good. The distilled water hereof simply, wine with a little saffron, opens obstruc- or with Elder flowers and Nightshade, is a tions of the liver, and is good for the yellow singularly good remedy against all hotagues, jaundice, if the party after the taking to drink two ounces at a time, and apply thereof be laid to sweat well in bed. The cloths wet therein to the head and stomach, seed also taken in wine causes a speedy which also does much good, being applied delivery of women in childbirth : if one to any hot swellings and inflammations : draught suffice not, let her drink the It helps St. Anthony's fire, and burnings, second, and it will be effectual: The and is singularly good to take away wheals Spaniards used to eat a piece of the root and small pushes that arise through heat; thereof in the morning fasting, many days as also the burning heat of the piles, or together, to help them when troubled with privy parts, cloths wet therein being thereunto applied.

#### COMFREY.

frey has divers very large hairy green leaves courses, as well the reds as the whites, and lying on the ground, so hairy or prickly, the running of the reins, happening by what that if they touch any tender parts of the cause soever. A syrup made thereof is hands, face, or body, it will cause it to itch; very effectual for all those inward griefs the stalks that rise from among them, being and hurts, and the distilled water for the two or three feet high, hollow and cornered, same purpose also, and for outward wounds is very hairy also, having many such like and sores in the fleshy or sinewy part of the leaves as grow below, but less and less up body whatsoever, as also to take away the to the top: At the joints of the stalks it is fits of agues, and to allay the sharpness of divided into many branches, with some humours. A decoction of the leaves hereleaves thereon, and at the ends stand many of is available to all the purposes, though flowers in order one above another, which not so effectual as the roots. The roots are somewhat long and hollow like the being outwardly applied, help fresh wounds finger of a glove, of a pale whitish colour, or cuts immediately, being bruised and laid after which come small black seeds. The thereto; and is special good for ruptures roots are great and long, spreading great and broken bones; yea, it is said to be so thick branches under ground, black on the powerful to consolidate and knit together, outside, and whitish within, short and easy that if they be boiled with dissevered pieces to break, and full of glutinous or clammy of flesh in a pot, it will join them together juice, of little or no taste at all.

of a pale purple colour.

water-sides, and in divers fields that are abouts, and to give ease of pains. The moist, for therein they chiefly delight to roots of Comfrey taken fresh, beaten small, grow. The first generally through all the and spread upon leather, and laid upon land, and the other but in some places. By any place troubled with the gout, doth the leave of my authors, I know the first presently give ease of the pains; and apgrows in dry places.

and give their seed in August.

of Saturn, and I suppose under the sign by often experience been found helpful. Capricorn, cold, dry, and earthy in quality. What was spoken of Clown's Woundwort may be said of this. The Great Comfrey IT is also called by some Toothworn, helps those that spit blood, or make a Tooth Violet, Dog-Teeth Violet, and bloody urine. The root boiled in water or Dentaria.

of the lungs, and causes the phlegm that oppresses them to be easily spit forth : It THIS is a very common but a very neg- helps the defluction of rheum from the lected plant. It contains very great virtues. head upon the lungs, the fluxes of blood or Descript.] The common Great Com- humours by the belly, women's immoderate again. It is good to be applied to women's There is another sort in all things like breasts that grow sore by the abundance this, only somewhat less, and bears flowers of milk coming into them; also to repress

the over much bleeding of the hæmorrhoids, Place.] They grow by ditches and to cool the inflammation of the parts thereplied in the same manner, gives ease to Time.] They flower in June or July, pained joints, and profits very much for running and moist ulcers, gangrenes, mor-Government and virtues.] This is an herb tifications, and the like, for which it hath

#### CORALWORT.

wine, and the decoction drank, helps all 2 Descript.] Of the many sorts of this inward hurts, bruises, wounds, and ulcers herb two of them may be found growing Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

in this nation; the first of which shoots wounds, especially such as are made in the forth one or two winged leaves, upon long breast or lungs, by taking a dram of the brownish foot-stalks, which are doubled powder of the root every morning in wine: down at their first coming out of the ground; the same is excellently good for ruptures, as when they are fully opened they consist also to stop fluxes; an ointment made of it of seven leaves, most commonly of a sad is exceedingly good for wounds and ulcers, green colour, dented about the edges, set for it soon dries up the watery humours on both sides the middle rib one against which hinder the cure. another, as the leaves of the ash tree; the stalk bears no leaves on the lower half of

it; the upper half bears sometimes three or four, each consisting of five leaves, somelong husks; the flowers are very like the thereof.

flowers of Stockgilliflowers, of a pale purplish colour, consisting of four leaves a-piece, after which come small pods, which dominion of Jupiter. The ordinary Costcontain the seed ; the root is very smooth, mary, as well as Maudlin, provokes urine white and shining ; it does not grow down-tabundantly, and moistens the hardness of wards, but creeps along under the upper the mother; it gently purges choler and crust of the ground, and consists of divers phlegm, extenuating that which is gross, small round knobs set together; towards; and cutting that which is tough and gluthe top of the stalk there grows some single tinous, cleanses that which is foul, and leaves, by each of which comes a small hinders putrefaction and corruption; it cioven bulb, which when it is ripe, if it be dissolves without attraction, opens obstruc-

being a very small plant, much like Crow-strengthens the liver, and all the other infoot, therefore some think it to be one of ward parts; and taken in whey works more the sorts of Crowfoot. I know not where effectually. Taken fasting in the morning, to direct you to it, therefore I shall forbear it is very profitable for pains in the head the description.

Sussex, in a wood called Highread, and in from the head into the stomach, and helps

of April to the middle of May, and before those that are fallen into a continual evil the middle of July they are gone, and not disposition of the whole body, called to be found.

Government and virtues.] It is under the of the disease. It is an especial friend and dominion of the Moon. It cleanses the help to evil, weak and cold livers. The bladder, and provokes urine, expels gravel, seed is familiarly given to children for the and the stone; it eases pains in the sides worms, and so is the infusion of the flowers and bowels, is excellently good for inward in white wine given them to the quantity of

#### COSTMARY, OR ALCOST, OR BALSAM HERB.

This is so frequently known to be an times of three; on the top stand four or inhabitant in almost every garden, that I five flowers upon short foot-stalks, with suppose it needless to write a description

Time.] It flowers in June and July.

Government and virtues.] It is under the set in the ground, it will grow to be a root. Itions, and helps their evil effects, and it is a As for the other Coralwort, which grows wonderful help to all sorts of dry agues. in this nation, it is more scarce than this, It is astringent to the stomach, and

that are continual, and to stay, dry up, and Place.] The first grows in Mayfield in consume all thin rheums or distillations another wood there also, called Fox-holes. much to digest raw humours that are Time.] They flower from the latter end gathered therein. It is very profitable for Cachexia, but especially in the beginning

two ounces at a time; it makes an excellent; and the worms, and being either drank or salve to cleanse and heal old ulcers, being injected, for the disease called Tenesmus, boiled with oil of olive, and Adder's tongue which is an often provocation to the stool with it, and after it is strained, put a little without doing any thing. The green leaves wax, rosin, and turpentine, to bring it to a bruised, and laid to any green wound, stays convenient body.

# CUDWEED, OR COTTONWEED.

also Called Chaffweed, Dwarf Cotton, and Petty Cotton.

Descript.] The common Cudweed rises up with one stalk sometimes, and sometimes with two or three, thick set on all sides with small, long and narrow whitish so well known, that I neither trouble myor woody leaves, from the middle of the self nor the reader with a description of stalk almost up to the top, with every leaf them. stands small flowers of a dun or brownish

in which herbs, after the flowers are fallen, claim to this herb as her own, and it is come small seed wrapped up, with the down under the sign Aries, and our city dames therein, and is carried away with the wind ; know well enough the ointment or distilled the root is small and thready.

somewhat less than the former, not much be more effectual than the leaves, and the different, save only that the stalks and roots of little use. An ointment being leaves are shorter, so that the flowers are made with them, takes away spots and paler and more open.

and gravelly grounds, in most places of they remedy all infirmities of the head this land.

earlier, some later, and their seed is ripe in sickness, palsies, convulsions, cramps, pains August.

ing, or drying, and therefore profitable for and the flowers take away trembling. If defluctions of rheum from the head, and to the flowers be not well dried, and kept in stay fluxes of blood wheresoever, the de- a warm place, they will soon putrefy and coction being made into red wine and look green : Have a special eye over them. drank, or the powder taken therein. It also If you let them see the Sun once a month, helps the bloody-flux, and eases the tor-jit will do neither the Sun nor them harm ments that come thereby, stays the immode-; Because they strengthen the brain and rate courses of women, and is also good for enerves, and remedy palsies, the Greeks inward or outward wounds, hurts, and gave them the name Paralysis. The flowers bruises, and helps children both of burstings preserved or conserved, and the quantity of

the bleeding, and heals it up quickly. The juice of the herb taken in wine and milk. is, as Pliny saith, a sovereign remedy BESIDES Cudweed and Cottonweed, it is against the mumps and quinsey; and further saith, That whosoever shall so take it, shall never be troubled with that disease again.

#### COWSLIPS, OR PEAGLES.

BOTH the wild and garden Cowslips are

Time.] They flower in April and May.

yellow colour, or not so yellow as others; Government and virtues.] Venus lays water of it adds beauty, or at least restores There are other sorts hereof, which are it when it is lost. The flowers are held to wrinkles of the skin, sun-burning, and Place.] They grow in dry, barren, sandy, freckles, and adds beauty exceedingly;

coming of heat and wind, as vertigo, ephi-Time.] They flower about July, some altes, false apparitions, phrensies, fallingin the nerves; the roots ease pains in the

Government and virtues.] Venus is Lady back and bladder, and open the passages of of it. The plants are all astringent, bind- urine. The leaves are good in wounds,

a nutmeg eaten every morning, is a sufficient { low, after which comes small pods, which dose for inward diseases; but for wounds, ; contain the seed.

spots, wrinkles, and sunburnings, an ointgrease.

## CRAB'S CLAWS.

CALLED also Water Sengreen, Knight's Pond Water, Water House-leek, Pond Weed, and Fresh-water Soldier.

Descript.] It has sundry long narrow leaves, with sharp prickles on the edges of } them, also very sharp pointed; the stalks which bear flowers, seldom grow so high as the leaves, bearing a forked head, like a Crab's Claw, out of which comes a white flower, consisting of three leaves, with divers yellowish hairy threads in the middle; it takes root in the mud at the bottom of the may beat the seed into powder, if you water.

in Lincolushire.

from thence till August.

under the dominion of Venus, and there- ; both in women's breasts, and men's testicles. fore a great strengthener of the reins; it is excellently good for inflammation which is commonly called St. Anthony's Fire; it! Descript.] THESE are of two kinds assuages inflammations, and swellings in The first rises up with a round stalk about wounds: and an ointment made of it is two feet high, spreads into divers branches, excellently good to heal them; there is whose lower leaves are somewhat larger scarcely a better remedy growing than this than the upper, yet all of them cut or toin is, for such as have bruised their kidneys, on the edges, somewhat like the garden and upon that account discharge blood; a Cresses, but smaller, the flowers are small dram of the powder of the herb taken, and white, growing at the tops of branches, every morning, is a very good remedy to where afterwards grow husks with small stop the terms.

#### BLACK CRESSES.

Descript.] It has long leaves, deeply cut and jagged on both sides, not much somewhat long and broad, not torn at all, unlike wild mustard; the stalk small, very but only somewhat deeply dented about limber, though very tough: you may twist the edges towards the ends; but those that them round as you may a willow before they grow up higher are smaller. The flowers break. The flowers are very small and yel- and seeds are like the former, and so is the

Place.] It is a common herb, grows ment is made of the leaves, and hog's usually by the way-side, and sometimes upon mud walls about London, but it delights to grow most among stones and rubbish.

> Time.] It flowers in June and July, and the seed is ripe in August and September.

Government and virtues.] It is a plant of a hot and biting nature, under the dominion of Mars. The seed of Black Cresses strengthens the brain exceedingly, being, in performing that office, little inferior to mustard seed, if at all; they are excellently good to stay those rheums which may fall down from the head upon the lungs; you please, and make it up into an electuary

Place.] It grows plentifully in the fens with honey; so you have an excellent remedy by you, not only for the premises, Time.] It flowers in June, and usually but also for the cough, yellow jaundice and sciatica. This herb boiled into a poultice Government and virtues.] It is a plant is an excellent remedy for inflammations

#### SCIATICA CRESSES.

brownish seeds therein very strong and sharp in taste, more than the Cresses of the garden; the root is long, white, and woody

The other has the lower leaves whole

root likewise, and both root and seeds as ? Place.] They grow, for the most part, sharp as it.

Place.] They grow in the way-sides in small rivulets of running water. untilled places, and by the sides of old walls.

Time.] They flower in the end of June, Government and virtues. It is an herb and their seed is ripe in July.

plant. The leaves, but especially the root, to cleanse the blood and humours, than taken fresh in Summer-time, beaten or made Brooklime is, and serve in all the other into a poultice or salve with old hog's grease, uses in which Brooklime is available, as to and applied to the places pained with the break the stone, and provoke urine and sciatica, to continue thereon four hours if it women's courses. The decoction thereof pe on a man, and two hours on a woman; cleanses ulcers, by washing them therewith. the place afterwards bathed with wine and The leaves bruised, or the juice, is good, to oil mixed together, and then wrapped with be applied to the face or other parts troubled wool or skins, after they have sweat a little, with freckles, pimples, spots, or the like, at will assuredly cure not only the same dis- inight, and washed away in the morning ease in hips, knuckle-bone, or other of the The juice mixed with vinegar, and the fore joints, as gout in the hands or feet, but all part of the head bathed therewith, is very other old griefs of the head, (as inveterate good for those that are dull and drowsy, or rheums,) and other parts of the body that have the lethargy. are hard to be cured. And if of the former Water-cress pottage is a good remedy to griefs any parts remain, the same medicine cleanse the blood in the spring, and help after twenty days, is to be applied again. headaches, and consume the gross humours The same is also effectual in the diseases winter has left behind; those that would of the spleen; and applied to the skin, live in health, may use it if they please; takes away the blemish thereof, whether if they will not, I cannot help it. If any they be scars, leprosy, scabs, or scurf, fancy not pottage, they may eat the herb as which although it ulcerate the part, yet that a sallad. is to be helped afterwards with a salve made of oil and wax. Esteem this as another secret.

#### WATER CRESSES

spread forth with many weak, hollow, sappy above a foot high, having four small broad stalks, shooting out fibres at the joints, and and pointed, hairy, yet smooth thin leaves, upwards long winged leaves made of sundry growing at every joint, each against other broad sappy almost round leaves, of a one way, which has caused the name brownish colour. The flowers are many Towards the tops of the stalks at the joints, and white, standing on long foot-stalks, with the leaves in three or four rows downafter which come small yellow seed, con-tained in small long pods like horns. The after which come small blackish round whole plant abides green in the winter, and seeds, four for the most part, set in every tastes somewhat hot and sharp.

in small standing waters, yet sometimes in

Time.] They flower and seed in the beginning of Summer.

under the dominion of the Moon. They Government and virtues.] It is a Saturnine are more powerful against the scurvy, and

#### CROSSWORT.

THIS herb receives its name from the situation of its leaves.

Descript.] Common Crosswort grows Descript.] Our ordinary Water Cresses up with square hairy brown stalks a little husk. The root is very small, and full of





Cuckow Point



Water Cress



Cudweed



Dandelion



Crosswort



Dill



fibres, or threads, taking good hold of the patience of Socrates himself, but because ground, and spreading with the branches I have not yet attained to the spirit or over a great deal of ground, which perish Socrates, I shall but describe the most not in winter, although the leaves die every susual. year, and spring again anew.

after.

dominion of Saturn. This is a singularly like a Pine-Apple. good wound herb, and is used inwardly, *Place.*] They grow very common every not only to stay bleeding of wounds, but to where; unless you turn your head into a consolidate them, as it doth outwardly any hedge, you cannot but see them as you green wound, which it quickly solders up, and walk heals. The decoction of the herb in wine, *Time.*] They flow helps to expectorate the phlegm out of the even till September. chest, and is good for obstructions in the Government and virtues.] This fiery and breast, stomach, or bowels, and helps a hot-spirited herb of Mars is no way fit to decayed appetite. It is also good to wash be given inwardly, but an ointment of the any wound or sore with, to cleanse and heal leaves or flowers will draw a blister, and it. The herb bruised, and then boiled, may be so fitly applied to the nape of the applied outwardly for certain days together, neck to draw back rheum from the eyes. renewing it often : and in the mean time The herb being bruised and mixed with a the decoction of the herb in wine, taken little mustard, draws a blister as well, and inwardly every day, doth certainly cure the as perfectly as Cantharides, and with far rupture in any, so as it be not too invete- less danger to the vessels of urine, which rate; but very speedily, if it be fresh and Cantharides naturally delight to wrong: lately taken. the atter-outle.

# CROWFOOT.

MANY are the names this furious biting herb has obtained, almost enough to make up a Welshman's pedigree, if he fetch no farther than John of Gaunt, or William the Conqueror; for it is called Frog's-foot, from } the Greek name Barrakion: Crowfoot, Calve's-foot, Ramp, Starchwort, Cuckow-Gold Knobs, Gold Cups, King's Knob, point, and Wake Robin. Baffiners, Troilflowers, Polts, Locket Gou- Descript.] This shoots forth three, four, tions, and Butterflowers.

that to describe them all, would tire the long, broad at the bottom next the stalk,

Descript.] The most common Crowfoot Place.] It grows in many moist grounds, has many thin great leaves, cut into divers as well meadows as untilled places, about parts, in taste biting and sharp, biting and London, in Hampstead church-yard, at blistering the tongue: It bears many Wye in Kent, and sundry other places. Iflowers, and those of a bright, resplendent. Time.] It flowers from May all the Sum- yellow colour. I do not remember, that I mer long, in one place or other, as they are ever saw any thing yellower. Virgins, in more open to the sun; the seed ripens soon ancient time, used to make powder of them to furrow bride beds; after which flowers Government and virtues.] It is under the come small heads, some spiked and rugged

Time.] They flower in May and June,

I knew the herb once applied to a pestilential rising that was fallen down, and it saved life even beyond hope; it were good to keep an ointment and plaister of it, if it were but for that.

#### CUCKOW-POINT.

IT is called Aron, Janus, Barba-aron,

or five leaves at the most, from one root, Abundance are the sorts of this herb, every one whereof is somewhat large and

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and forked, but ending in a point, without Spring, and continue but until the middle a cut on the edge, of a full green colour, of Summer, or somewhat later ; their husks each standing upon a thick round stalk, of appearing before the fall away, and their a hand-breadth long, or more, among which, fruit shewing in April. after two or three months that they begin to Government and virtues.] It is under the wither, rises up a bare, round, whitish green dominion of Mars. Tragus reports, that stalk, spotted and streaked with purple, a dram weight, or more, if need be, of the somewhat higher than the leaves : At the spotted Wake Robin, either fresh and top whereof stands a long hollow husk green, or dried, having been eaten and taken, close at the bottom, but open from the is a present and sure remedy for poison and middle upwards, ending in a point : in the ; the plague. The juice of the herb taken to middle whereof stands the small long pestle; the quantity of a spoonful has the same or clapper, smaller at the bottom than at effect. But if there be a little vinegar the top, of a dark purple colour, as the husk added thereto, as well as to the root aforeis on the inside, though green without; said, it somewhat allays the sharp biting which, after it hath so abided for some time, itaste thereof upon the tongue. the husk with the clapper decays, and the leaves bruised, and laid upon any boil or foot or bottom thereof grows to be a small plague sore, doth wonderfully help to draw long bunch of berries, green at the first, forth the poison : A dram of the powder of and of a yellowish red colour when they the dried root taken with twice so much are ripe, of the bigness of a hazel-nut ker- sugar in the form of a licking electuary, or nel, which abides thereon almost until the green root, doth wonderfully help those Winter; the root is round, and somewhat; that are pursy and short-winded, as also those long, for the most part lying along, the that have a cough ; it breaks, digests, and leaves shooting forth at the largest end, rids away phlegm from the stomach, which, when it bears its berries, are somewhat wrinkled and loose, another growing under it, which is solid and firm, with many small threads hanging thereat. The whole plant is of a very sharp biting taste, prick-; berries, or the powder of them, or the wine ing the tongue as nettles do the hands, and so abides for a great while without alteration. The root thereof was anciently used and purges them effectually after childinstead of starch to starch linen with.

There is another sort of Cuckow-point, with less leaves than the former, and some ulcers of the bowels. The distilled water times harder, having blackish spots upon them, which for the most part abide longer said. A spoonful taken at a time heals green in Summer than the former, and the itch; an ounce or more taken a time both leaves and roots are more sharp and for some days together, doth help the rupfierce than it : In all things else it is like the ture : The leaves either green or dry, or the former.

places of this land.

Time.] They shoot forth leaves in the wherein the root has been boiled, dropped

The green chest, and lungs. The milk wherein the root has been boiled is effectual also for the same purpose. The said powder taken in wine or other drink, or the juice of the wherein they have been boiled, provokes urine, and brings down women's courses bearing, to bring away the after-birth. Taken with sheep's milk, it heals the inward thereof is effectual to all the purposes aforeformer. *Place.*] These two sorts grow frequently almost under every hedge-side in many body soever; and heals the stinking sores in the nose, called Polypus. The water

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into the eyes, cleanses them from any film the bladder growing, than Cucumbers are or skin, cloud or mists, which begin to The usual course is, to use the seeds in hinder the sight, and helps the watering emulsions, as they make almond milk ; but and redness of them, or when, by some a far better way (in my opinion) is this chance, they become black and blue. The When the season of the year is, Take the root mixed with bean-flour, and applied to { Cucumbers and bruise them well, and distil the throat or jaws that are inflamed, helps the water from them, and let such as are them. The juice of the berries boiled in troubled with ulcers in the bladder drink oil of roses, or beaten into powder mixed no other drink. The face being washed with the oil, and dropped into the ears, with the same water, cures the reddest eases pains in them. The berries or the face that is; it is also excellently good for roots beaten with the hot ox-dung, and sun-burning, freckles, and morphew. applied, eases the pains of the gout. The leaves and roots boiled in wine with a little oil, and applied to the piles, or the falling down of the fundament, eases them, and so doth sitting over the hot fumes thereof. The fresh roots bruised and distilled with a little } milk, yields a most sovereign water to cleanse the skin from scurf, freckles, spots, or blemishes whatsoever therein.

of this herb you see, but for my part, I have neither spoken with Dr. Reason nor Dr. Experience about it.

#### CUCUMBERS.

dispute to be made, but that they are under or the small Daisy, doth much temper the the dominion of the Moon, though they are heat of choler, and refresh the liver, and the so much cried out against for their coldness, other inward parts. A decoction made of and if they were but one degree colder they them and drank, helps to cure the wounds would be poison. The best of Galenists made in the hollowness of the breast. The hold them to be cold and moist in the same also cures all ulcers and pustules in second degree, and then not so hot as either the mouth or tongue, or in the secret parts. lettuce or purslain: They are excellently The leaves bruised and applied to the prigood for a hot stomach, and hot liver; the vities, or to any other parts that are swoln and unmeasurable use of them fills the body hot, doth dissolve it, and temper the heat. full of raw humours, and so indeed the un- A decoction made thereof, of Wallwort and measurable use of any thing else doth harm. Agrimony, and the places fomented and The face being washed with their juice, bathed therewith warm, gives great ease to cleanses the skin, and is excellently good for them that are troubled with the palsy, hot rheums in the eyes; the seed is excel-sciatica, or the gout. The same also dislently good to provoke urine, and cleanses perses and dissolves the knots or kernels the passages thereof when they are stopped; that grow in the flesh of any part of the there is not a better remedy for ulcers in body, and bruises and hurts that come of

#### DAISIES.

THESE are so well known almost to every child, that I suppose it needless to write any description of them. Take therefore the virtues of them as follows.

Government and virtues.] The herb is under the sign Cancer, and under the dominion of Venus, and therefore excellently Authors have left large commendations good for wounds in the breast, and very fitting to be kept both in oils, ointments, and plaisters, as also in syrup. The greater wild Daisy is a wound herb of good respect, often used in those drinks or salves that are for wounds, either inward or out-Government and virtues.] THERE is no ward. The juice or distilled water of these,

falls and blows; they are also used for rup-3 dominion of Jupiter. It is of an opening tures, and other inward burnings, with and cleansing quality, and therefore very very good success. An ointment made effectual for the obstructions of the liver thereof doth wonderfully help all wounds gall and spleen, and the diseases that arise that have inflammations about them, or by from them, as the jaundice and hypoconreason of moist humours having access unto driac; it opens the passages of the urine hem, are kept long from healing, and such both in young and old; powerfully cleanses are those, for the most part, that happen to imposthumes and inward ulcers in the joints of the arms or legs. The juice of urinary passage, and by its drying and them dropped into the running eyes of any, temperate quality doth afterwards heal doth much help them.

## DANDELION, VULGARLY CALLED PISS-A-BEDS.

many long and deep gashed leaves, lying towards a consumption or an evil disposion the ground round about the head of the tion of the whole body, called Cachexia, roots; the ends of each gash or jag, on by the use hereof for some time together, both sides looking downwards towards the shall find a wonderful help. It helps also roots; the middle rib being white, which to procure rest and sleep to bodies disbeing broken, yields abundance of bitter tempered by the heat of ague fits, or othermilk, but the root much more; from among wise: The distilled water is effectual to the leaves, which always abide green, arise drink in pestilential fevers, and to wash the many slender, weak, naked foot-stalks, sores. every one of them bearing at the top one large yellow flower, consisting of many herb hath, and that is the reason the French rows of yellow leaves, broad at the points, and Dutch so often eat them in the Spring; and nicked in with deep spots of yellow in and now if you look a little farther, you the middle, which growing ripe, the green may see plainly without a pair of spechusk wherein the flowers stood turns itself tacles, that foreign physicians are not so down to the stalk, and the head of down selfish as ours are, but more communicative becomes as round as a ball: with long of the virtues of plants to people. seed underneath, bearing a part of the down on the head of every one, which i together is blown away with the wind, or may be at once blown away with one's mouth. The root growing downwards they call it Crop, it being a pestilent enemy exceedingly deep, which being broken off among corn. within the ground, will yet shoot forth again, and will hardly be destroyed where it hath sundry long, flat, and rough leaves, which, once taken deep root in the ground.

dows and pasture-grounds.

almost all the year long.

them; for which purpose the decoction of the roots or leaves in white wine, or the leaves chopped as pot-herbs, with a few Alisanders, and boiled in their broth, are Descript.] It is well known to have very effectual. And whoever is drawing

You see here what virtues this common

# DARNEL.

It is called Jam and Wray; in Sussex

Descript.] This has all the winter long, when the stalk rises, which is slender and Place.] It grows frequently in all mea-ijointed, are narrower, but rough still; on the top grows a long spike, composed of Time.] It flowers in one place or other many heads set one above another, containing two or three husks, with a sharp Government and virtues.] It is under the but short beard of awns at the end; the Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

seed is easily shaken out of the ear, the Place. It is most usually sown in garnusk itself being somewhat rough.

Place.] The country husbandmen do also found wild in many places. know this too well to grow among their { Government and virtues.] Mercury has corn, or in the borders and pathways of the dominion of this plant, and therefore to

part of sullen Saturn. As it is not without swellings and pains ; it also stays the belly some vices, so hath it also many virtues. and stomach from casting. The decoction The meal of Darnel is very good to stay therefore helps women that are troubled with gangrenes, and other such like fretting and the pains and windiness of the mother, ir eating cankers, and putrid sores: It also they sit therein. It stays the hiccough, cleanses the skin of all leprosies, morphews, being boiled in wine, and but smelled unto ringworms, and the like, if it be used with being tied in a cloth. The seed is of more salt and raddish roots. And being used use than the leaves, and more effectual to with quick brimstone and vinegar, it dis-digest raw and vicious humours, and is solves knots and kernels, and breaks those used in medicines that serve to expel wind, that are hard to be dissolved, being boiled and the pains proceeding therefrom. The in wine with pigeon's dung and Linseed : seed, being roasted or fried, and used in A decoction thereof made with water and oils or plasters, dissolve the imposthumes honey, and the places bathed therewith, is in the fundament; and dries up all moist profitable for the sciatica. Darnel meal ulcers, especially in the fundament; an oil applied in a poultice draws forth splinters made of Dill is effectual to warm or dis-and broken bones in the flesh: The red solve humours and imposthumes, and the Darnel, boiled in red wine and taken, pains, and to procure rest. The decoction stays the lask and all other fluxes, and of Dill, be it herb or seed (only if you boil women's bloody issues; and restrains urine the seed you must bruise it) in white wine, that passes away too suddenly. being drank, it is a gallant expeller of wind,

#### DILL.

Descript.] THE common Dill grows up with seldom more than one stalk, neither Descript.] THIS rises up with a round so high, nor so great usually as Fennel, green smooth stalk, about two feet high, being round and fewer joints thereon, set with divers long and somewhat narrow, whose leaves are sadder, and somewhat smooth, dark green leaves, somewhat nipped long, and so like Fennel that it deceives about the edges, for the most part, being what thicker, and of a strong unpleasant very seldom, even to the tops of the scent: The tops of the stalks have four branches, which yet are smaller than those put to any use.

dens and grounds for the purpose, and is

the other fields that are fallow. Government and virtues.] It is a malicious being boiled and drank, is good to ease and provoker of the terms.

#### DEVIL'S-BIT.

many, but harder in handling, and some-jelse all whole, and not divided at all, or but branches and smaller umbels of yellow below, with one rib only in the middle. flowers, which turn into small seed, some- At the end of each branch stands a round what flatter and thinner than Fennel seed. head of many flowers set together in the The root is somewhat small and woody, same manner, or more neatly than Scabions, perishes every year after it hath borne and of a bluish purple colour, which seed ; and is also unprofitable, being never being past, there follows seed which falls away. The root is somewhat thick, but

short and blackish, with many strings, morphew, or other deformities thereof. abiding after seed time many years. This especially if a little vitriol be dissolved root was longer, until the devil (as the therein.

friars say) bit away the rest of it for spite, envying its usefulness to mankind; for sure he was not troubled with any disease for which it is proper.

nothing unlike the former, save that the Government and virtues.] All Docks are one bears white, and the other bluish-colour- under Jupiter, of which the Red Dock, ed flowers.

more rare, and hard to be met with, yet affected by choler. All of them have a they are both found growing wild about kind of cooling (but not all alike) drying Appledore, near Rye in Kent.

August.

venereal, pleasing, and harinless. The herb dens or fields, do stay lasks and fluxes of or the root (all that the devil hath left of all sorts, the loathing of the stomach through it) being boiled in wine, and drank, is very choler, and is helpful for those that spit powerful against the plague, and all pes-blood. The roots boiled in vinegar help tilential diseases or fevers, poisons also, the itch, scabs, and breaking out of the and the bitings of venemous beasts: It skin, if it be bathed therewith. The dishelps also those that are inwardly bruised tilled water of the herb and roots have the by any casuality, or outwardly by falls or same virtue, and cleanses the skin from blows, dissolving the clotted blood; and freckles, morphews, and all other spots and the herb or root beaten and outwardly discolourings therein. applied, takes away the black and blue All Docks being boiled with meat, make marks that remain in the skin. The de-jit boil the sooner: Besides Blood-wort is coction of the herb, with honey of roses exceeding strengthening to the liver, and put therein, is very effectual to help the procures good blood, being as wholesome inveterate tumours and swellings of the a pot-herb as any growing in a garden; yet almonds and throat, by often gargling the such is the nicety of our times, forsooth, mouth therewith. It helps also to procure that women will not put it into a pot, be-women's courses, and eases all pains of the cause it makes the pottage black; pride mother and to break and discuss wind and ignorance (a couple of monsters in the therein, and in the bowels. The powder of creation) preferring nicety before health. the root taken in drink, drives forth the worms in the body. The juice or dis-tilled water of the herb, is effectual for green wounds, or old sores, and cleanses Descript.] THIS first from seed gives the body inwardly, and the seed outwardly, roots in the ground, which shoot forth from sores, scurf, itch, pimples, freckles, threads or strings, grosser or finer, as the

#### DOCK.

MANY kinds of these are so well known, that I shall not trouble you with a descrip-There are two other sorts hereof, in tion of them: My book grows big too fast. which is commonly called Bloodwort, **Place.**] The first grows as well in dry cleanses the blood, and strengthens the meadows and fields as moist, in many liver; but the yellow Dock-root is best to places of this land: But the other two are be taken when either the blood or liver is ppledore, near Rye in Kent. Time.] They flower not usually until Blood-worts most drying. Of the Burdock,

I have spoken already by itself. The seed Government and virtues.] The plant is of most of the other kinds, whether the gar-

and the climate doth suffer, creeping and windiness of the hypochondria. It purges spreading on that plant whereon it fastens, also the reins or kidneys by urine; it be it high or low. The strings have no opens obstructions of the gall, whereby it leaves at all on them, but wind and in- profits them that have the jaundice; as terlace themselves, so thick upon a small also the leaves, the spleen: Purging the plant, that it takes away all comfort of the veins of the choleric and phlegmatic sun from it; and is ready to choak or stran-; humours, and helps children in agues, a gle it. After these strings are risen to that little worm seed being put thereto. height, that they may draw nourishment. The other Dodders do, as I said before, from that plant, they seem to be broken off participate of the nature of those plants from the ground, either by the strength of whereon they grow : As that which hath their rising, or withered by the heat of the been found growing upon nettles in the Sun. Upon these strings are found clus- west-country, hath by experience been ters of small heads or husks, out of which found very effectual to procure plenty of shoot forth whitish flowers, which after-jurine where it hath been stopped or hinwards give small pale white coloured seed, dered. And so of the rest. somewhat flat, and twice as big as Poppy- Sympathy and antipathy are two hinges seed. It generally participates of the na- upon which the whole mode of physic ture of the plant which it climbs upon ; turns; and that physician who minds but the Dodder of Thyme is accounted the them not, is like a door off from the hooks, best, and is the only true Epithymum. I more like to do a man mischief, than to

are under Saturn. Tell not me of phy- causes, this helps by sympathy, and sicians crying up Epithymum, or that strengthens all the parts of the body he Dodder which grows upon Thyme, (most rules; such as be caused by Sol, it helps by of which comes from Hemetius in Greece, antipathy. What those diseases are, see or Hybla in Sicily, because those moun-i my judgment of diseases by astrology; and tains abound with Thyme,) he is a phy-if you be pleased to look at the herb Wormsician indeed, that hath wit enough to wood, you shall find a rational way for it. choose the Dodder according to the nature of the disease and humour peccant. We confess, Thyme is the hottest herb it usually [ Descript.] It is well known, that the grows upon; and therefore that which grass creeps far about under ground, with grows upon Thyme is hotter than that long white joined roots, and small fibres which grows upon cold herbs; for it draws almost at every joint, very sweet in taste, nourishment from what it grows upon, as as the rest of the herb is, and interlacing well as from the earth where its root is, and one another, from whence shoot forth many thus you see old Saturn is wise enough to fair grassy leaves, small at the ends, and have two strings to his bow. This is ac-i cutting or sharp on the edges. The stalks counted the most effectual for melancholy are jointed like corn, with the like leaves diseases, and to purge black or burnt choler, on them, and a large spiked head, with a which is the cause of many diseases of the long husk in them, and hard rough seed in head and brain, as also for the trembling of them. If you know it not by this desthe heart, faintings and swoonings. It is cription, watch the dogs when they are helpful in all diseases and griefs of the sick, and they will quickly lead you to it.

property of the plant wherein it grows, spleen, and melancholy that arises from the

Government and virtues.] All Dodders secure him. Then all the diseases Saturn

#### DOG'S-GRASS, OR COUGH GRASS.

Place.] It grows commonly through this by the path-sides in many places, and will land in divers ploughed grounds to the no also be in gardens.

small trouble of the husbandmen, as also *Time.*] It flowers in June, July, and of the gardeners, in gardens, to weed it out, August, some carlier and some later; and if they can; for it is a constant customer to the seed is ripe quickly after. the place it gets footing in.

dominion of Jupiter, and is the most medi- by experience to be singularly good for wind cinal of all the Quick-grasses. Being cholic, as also to expel the stone and gravel boiled and drank, it opens obstructions of in the kidneys. The decoction thereof in the liver and gall, and the stopping of wine, is an excellent good cure for those urine, and eases the griping pains of the that have inward wounds, hurts, or bruises, belly and inflammations; wastes the mat- both to stay the bleeding, to dissolve and ter of the stone in the bladder, and the expel the congealed blood, and to heal the ulcers thereof also. The roots bruised and parts, as also to cleanse and heal outward applied, do consolidate wounds. The seed sores, ulcers, and fistulas; and for green doth more powerfully expel urine, and wounds, many do only bruise the herb, and stays the lask and vomiting. The dis- apply it to the places, and it heals them tilled water alone, or with a little wormseed, quickly. The same decoction in wine kills the worms in children.

drink the decoction : 'Tis opening but not decoction of the herb taken for some time purging, very safe : 'Tis a remedy against together, is found by experience to be sinall diseases coming of stopping, and such gularly good for ruptures and burstings in are half those that are incident to the body people, either young or old. of man; and although a gardener be of another opinion, yet a physician holds half an acre of them to be worth five acres of Carrots twice told over.

#### DOVE'S-FOOT, OR CRANE'S-BILL.

Descript.] THIS has divers small, round, pale-green leaves, cut in about the edges, the herb, and the Moon will be Lady of it; much like mallow, standing upon long, a word is enough to a wise man. It is reddish, hairy stalks, lying in a round com- effectual to help inflammations, and St pass upon the ground; among which rise Anthony's Fire, as also the gout, either up two or three, or more, reddish, jointed, applied by itself, or in a poultice with Barslender, weak, hairy stalks, with some like ley meal. The distilled water by some is leaves thereon, but smaller, and more cut in highly esteemed against all inward inflamup to the tops, where grow many very mations and pestilent fevers; as also to small bright red flowers of five leaves a- help the redness of the eyes, and swellings piece; after which follow small heads, with of privities, and of the breasts before they small short beaks pointed forth, as all other be grown too much. The fresh herb apsorts of those herbs do.

rts of those herbs do. **Place.**] It grows in pasture grounds, and the head-ache coming of heat.

e place it gets footing in. Government and virtues.] It is a very Government and virtues.] It is found It is a very fomented to any place pained with the The way of use is to bruise the roots, and gout, or to joint-aches, or pains of the having well boiled them in white wine, sinews, gives much ease. The powder or

# DUCK'S MEAT

THIS is so well known to swim on the tops of standing waters, as ponds, pools, and ditches, that it is needless further to describe it.

Government and virtues.] Cancer claims plied to the forehead, eases the pains of



Eringo



Dock





Eyebright



Dragons



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Elecampane



Dog's Grass



Bloody Dock

#### DOWN, OR COTTON-THISTLE.

Descript.] THIS has large leaves lying on the ground, somewhat cut in, and as it were crumpled on the edges, of a green colour on the upper side, but covered with long hairy wool, or Cotton Down, set with most sharp and cruel pricks, from the middle of whose head of flowers, thrust forth many purplish crimson threads, and sometimes (although very seldom) white ones. The seed that follows in the heads, lying in a great deal of white down, is somewhat large, long, and round, like the seed of ladies thistle, but paler. The root is great and thick, spreading much, yet it usually dies after seed-time.

It grows in divers ditches, Place. banks, and in corn-fields, and highways, generally every where throughout the land.

Time. It flowers and bears seed about the end of Summer, when other thistles do flower and seed.

Government and virtues. ] Mars owns the plant, and manifests to the world, that though it may hurt your finger, it will help your body; for I fancy it much for the ensuing virtues. Pliny and Dioscorides write, That the leaves and roots thereof taken in drink, help those that have a crick in their neck; whereby they cannot turn their neck but their whole body must turn also (sure they do not mean those that have got a crick in their neck by being under the hangman's hand.) Galen saith, that the root and leaves hereof are of a healing quality, and good for such persons as have their bodies drawn together by some spasm or convulsion, as it is with children that have the rickets.

#### DRAGONS.

that plants them in their gardens, they need ; are white with a dash of purple, standing in no description ; if not, let them look down i umbels, very like the Elder also, but more

to the lower end of the stalks, and see how like a snake they look.

Government and virtues.] The plant is under the dominion of Mars, and therefore it would be a wonder if it should want some obnoxious quality or other: In all herbs of that quality, the safest way is either to distil the herb in an alembick, in what vehicle you please, or else to press out the juice, and distil that in a glass still, in sand. It scours and cleanses the internal parts of the body mightily, and it clears the external parts also, being externally applied, from freckles, morphew, and sun-burning : Your best way to use it externally, is to mix it with vinegar ; an ointment of it is held to be good in wounds and ulcers; it consumes cankers, and that flesh growing in the nostrils, which they call Polypus: Also the distilled water being dropped into the eyes, takes away spots there, or the pin and web, and mends the dimness of sight; it is excellently good against pestilence and poison. Pliny and Dios. corides affirm, that no serpent will meddle with him that carries this herb about him.

#### THE ELDER TREE.

I HOLD it needless to write any description of this, since every boy that plays with a pop-gun will not mistake another tree instead of Elder: I shall therefore in this place only describe the Dwarf-Elder, called also Dead-wort, and Wall-wort.

#### THE DWARF-ELDER.

Descript.] THIS is but an herb every year, dying with his stalks to the ground, and rising afresh every Spring, and is like unto the Elder both in form and quality, rising up with a square, rough, hairy stalk, four feet high, or more sometimes. The winged leaves are somewhat narrower than THEY are so well known to every one the Elder, but else like them. The flowers

sweet in scent; after which come small the eyes, assuages them; the juice of the thumb sometimes.

again.

part in August. But the Dwarf Elder, or washed morning and evening therewith, Wall-wort, flowers somewhat later, and his helps the palsy, and shaking of them. fruit is not ripe until September. The Dwarf Elder is more powerful than

Dwarf Tree are under the dominion of choler, phlegm, and water; in helping the Venus. The first shoots of the common gout, piles, and women's diseases, colours Elder boiled like Asparagus, and the young the hair black, helps the inflammations of leaves and stalks boiled in fat broth, doth the eyes, and pains in the ears, the biting of mightily carry forth phlegm and choler. serpents, or mad dogs, burnings and scald-The middle or inward bark boiled in water, ings, the wind cholic, cholic, and stone, the and given in drink, works much more difficulty of urine, the cure of old sores and violently; and the berries, either green or i fistulous ulcers. Either leaves or bark of dry, expel the same humour, and are often Elder, stripped upwards as you gather it, given with good success to help the dropsy; causes vomiting. Also, Dr. Butler, in a the bark of the root boiled in wine, or the manuscript of his, commends Dwarf Elder juice thereof drank, works the same effects, to the sky for dropsies, viz. to drink it, but more powerfully than either the leaves being boiled in white wine; to drink the or fruit. The juice of the root taken, doth decoction I mean, not the Elder. mightily procure vomitings, and purges the watery humours of the dropsy. The decoction of the root taken, cures the biting? THIS tree is so well known, growing of an adder, and biting of mad dogs. It generally in all counties of this land, that it mollifies the hardness of the mother, if is needless to describe it. leaves applied to the hot inflammations of scurf and leprosy very effectually: The

blackish berries, full of juice while they are leaves snuffed up into the nostrils, purges fiesh, wherein is small hard kernels, or seed. I the tunicles of the brain; the juice of the The root doth creep unerd the upper crust berries boiled with honey and dropped of the ground, springing in divers places, into the ears, helps the pains of them; the being of the bigness of one's finger or decoction of the berries in wine, being drank, provokes urine; the distilled water Place.] The Elder tree grows in hedges, of the flowers is of much use to clean the being planted there to strengthen the fences skin from sun-burning, freckles, morphew, and partitions of ground, and to hold the or the like; and takes away the head-ache, banks by ditches and water-courses. [coming of a cold cause, the head being The Dwarf Elder grows wild in many bathed therewith. The leaves or flowers places of England, where being once gotten i distilled in the month of May, and the legs into a ground, it is not easily gotten forth often washed with the said distilled water, it takes away the ulcers and sores of them. Time.] Most of the Elder Trees, flower The eyes washed therewith, it takes away in June, and their fruit is ripe for the most the redness and bloodshot; and the hands

Government and virtues.] Both Elder and the common Elder in opening and purging

#### THE ELM TREE.

women sit thereon, and opens their veins, Government and virtues.] It is a cold and and brings down their courses : The berries saturnine plant. The leaves thereof bruised boiled in wine perform the same effect; and applied, heal green wounds, being and the hair of the head washed therewith bound thereon with its own bark. The is made black. The juice of the green leaves or the bark used with vinegar, cures

bathed, heals broken bones. The water and excortation in the urinary parts. The that is found in the bladders on the leaves, seeds are of the same property, or rather while it is fresh, is very effectual to cleanse more powerful, and besides are available for the skin, and make it fair; and if cloaths be fainting, swoonings, and passions of the often wet therein, and applied to the rup-theart. Outwardly applied, they serve to tures of children, it heals them, if they be temper the sharp humours of fretting ulcers, well bound up with a truss. The said hot tumours, swellings, and pestilential water put into a glass, and set into the sores; and wonderfully help not only the ground, or else in dung for twenty-five redness and inflammations of the eyes, but days, the mouth thereof being close stopped, the dinness of the sight also ; they are also and the bottom set upon a layer of ordinary used to allay the pains of the gout. You salt, that the forces may settle and water cannot use it amiss; a syrup of it is a fine become clear, is a singular and sovereign cooling medicine for fevers. balm for green wounds, being used with soft tents: The decoction of the bark of the root, fomented, mollifies hard tumours, and the shrinking of the sinews. The roots : Descript.] IT shoots forth many large of the Elm, boiled for a long time in water, leaves, long and broad, lying near the and the fat arising on the top thereof, being ground, small at both ends, somewhat soft clean skimmed off, and the place anointed in handling, of a whitish green on the upper therewith that is grown bald, and the hair side, and grey underneath, each set upon fallen away, will quickly restore them a short footstalk, from among which rise again. The said bark ground with brine up divers great and strong hairy stalks, three or pickle, until it come to the form of a for four feet high, with some leaves therepoultice, and laid on the place pained with upon, compassing them about at the lower the gout, gives great ease. The decoc-jend, and are branched towards the tops, tion of the bark in water, is excellent to bearing divers great and large flowers, like bathe such places as have been burnt with those of the corn marigold, both the border fire.

#### ENDIVE.

Descript.] bears a longer and larger leaf than Succory, and thick, branched forth divers ways, and abides but one year, quickly running blackish on the outside and whitish within, up to a stalk and seed, and then perishes; of a very bitter taste, and strong, but good it has blue flowers, and the seed of the scent, especially when they are dried, no ordinary Endive is so like Succory seed, part else of the plant having any smell. that it is hard to distinguish them.

cooling, cleansing, jovial plant. The de-jopen borders of the fields and lanes, and in coction of the leaves, or the juice, or the other waste places, almost in every county distilled water of Endive, serve well to cool of this land.

decoction of the leaves, bark, or root, being cools the heat and sharpness of the urine,

#### ELECAMPANE.

of leaves, and the middle thrum being yellow, which turn into down, with long, small, brownish seeds amongst it, and is carried COMMON garden Endive away with the wind. The root is great

Place.] It grows on moist grounds and Government and virtues.] It is a fine shadowy places oftener than in the dry and

the excessive heat of the liver and stomach, *Time.*] It flowers in the end of June and and in the hot fits of agues, and all other July, and the seed is ripe in August. The inflammations in any part of the body; it; roots are gathered for use, as well in the

Spring before the leaves come forth, as in from any morphew, spots, or blemishes Autumn or Winter.

Government and virtues.] It is a plant under the dominion of Mercury. The fresh roots of Elecampane preserved with sugar, or made into a syrup or conserve, are very nary Sea-Holly, are nothing so hard and effectual to warm a cold windy stomach, prickly as when they grow old, being almost or the pricking therein, and stitches in the round, and deeply dented about the edges. sides caused by the spleen; and to help the hard and sharp pointed, and a little crumpled, cough, shortness of breath, and wheezing in j of a bluish green colour, every one upon the lungs. The dried root made into pow- a long foot stalk; but those that grow up der, and mixed with sugar, and taken, serves higher with the stalk, do as it were compass to the same purpose, and is also profitable it about. The stalk itself is round and for those who have their urine stopped, or strong, yet somewhat crested, with joints the stopping of women's courses, the pains and leaves set thereat, but more divided, of the mother, and the stone in the reins, sharp, and prickly; and branches rising kidneys, or bladder; it resists poison, and from thence, which have likewise other stays the spreading of the venom of ser- small branches, each of them having several pents, as also putrid and pestilential fevers, bluish round prickly heads, with many and the plague itself. The roots and herbs small jagged prickly leaves under them, beaten and put into new ale or beer, and standing like a star, and sometimes found daily drank, clears, strengthens, and quick-{ greenish or whitish : The root grows wonens the sight of the eyes wonderfully. The derfully long, even to eight or ten feet in decoction of the roots in wine, or the juice length, set with rings and circles toward the taken therein, kills and drives forth all upper part, cut smooth and without jointsmanner of worms in the belly, stomach, and down lower, brownish on the outside, and maw; and gargled in the mouth, or the very white within, with a pith in the middle; root chewed, fastens loose teeth, and helps of a pleasant taste, but much more, being to keep them from putrefaction; and being artificially preserved, and candied with drank is good for those that spit blood, sugar. helps to remove cramps or convulsions, Place.] It is found about the sea coast gout, sciatica, pains in the joints, applied in almost every county of this land which outwardly or inwardly, and is also good for borders upon the sea. those that are bursten, or have any inward [ Time.] It flowers in the end of Sumbruise. The root boiled well in vinegar mer, and gives ripe seed within a month beaten afterward, and made into an oint-lafter. ment with hog's suet, or oil of trotters, is an excellent remedy for scabs or itch in young venereal, and breeds seed exceedingly, and helps all sorts of filthy old putrid sores or The decoction of the root hereof in wine, cleanse the skin of the face, or other parts, stone, procures women's courses. The con-

therein, and make it clear

## ERINGO, OR SEA-HOLLY.

Descript.] THE first leaves of our ordi-

Government and virtues.] The plant is or old; the places also bathed or washed strengthens the spirit procreative; it is hot with the decoction doth the same; it also and moist, and under the celestial Balance. cankers whatsoever. In the roots of this is very effectual to open obstructions of the herb lieth the chief effect for the remedies spleen and liver; and helps yellow jaunaforesaid. The distilled water of the leaves dice, dropsy, pains of the loins, and wind and roots together, is very profitable to cholic, provokes urine, and expels the

tinued use of the decoction for fifteen days, Government and virtues.] It is under the taken fasting, and next to bedward, doth i sign of the Lion, and Sol claims dominion help the stranguary, the difficulty and stop- over it. If the herb was but as much used page of urine, and the stone, as well as all as it is neglected, it would half spoil the defects of the reins and kidneys; and if spectacle maker's trade; and a man would the said drink be continued longer, it is said { think, that reason should teach people to that it cures the stone; it is found good § against the French pox. The roots bruised and applied outwardly, help the kernels of the throat, commonly called the king's evil; or taken inwardly, and applied to the place stung or bitten by any serpent, heal it speedily. If the roots be bruised, and boiled in old hog's grease, or salted lard, and broken bones, thorns, &c. remaining in the flesh, they do not only draw them forth, but heal up the place again, gathering new flesh where it was consumed. The juice of the leaves dropped into the ear, helps imposthumes therein. The distilled water of the whole herb, when the leaves and stalks are young, is profitably drank for all the purposes aforesaid; and helps the melancholy of the heart, and is available in quartan and quotidian agues; as also for them that have their necks drawn awry, and cannot turn them without turning their whole body.

#### EYEBRIGHT.

Descript.] COMMON Eyebright is a small low herb, rising up usually but with one blackish green stalk a span high, or not much more, spread from the bottom into sundry branches, whereon are small and almost round yet pointed dark green leaves, finely snipped about the edges, two always set together, and very thick : At the joints with the leaves, from the middle upward, come forth small white flowers, marked with purple and yellow spots, or stripes; after which follow small round heads, with very small seed therein. The root is long, small and thready at the end.

Place.] It grows in meadows, and grassy places in this land.

prefer the preservation of their natural before artificial spectacles; which that they may be instructed how to do, take the virtues of Eyebright as follows.

The juice or distilled water of Eyebright, taken inwardly in white wine or broth, or dropped into the eyes for divers days together, helps all infirmities of the eyes that cause dimness of sight. Some make conserve of the flowers to the same effect. Being used any of the ways, it also helps a weak brain, or memory. This tunned up with strong beer, that it may work together, and drank, or the powder of the dried herb mixed with sugar, a little Mace, and Fennel seed, and drank, or eaten in broth; or the said powder made into an electuary with sugar, and taken, has the same powerful effect to help and restore the sight, decayed through age; and Arnoldus de Villa Nova saith, it hath restored sight to them that have been blind a long time before.

#### FERN.

Descript.] OF this there are two kinds principally to be treated of, viz. the Male and Female. The Female grows higher than the Male, but the leaves thereof are smaller, and more divided and dented, and of as strong a smell as the male; the virtue of them are both alike, and therefore I shall not trouble you with any description or distinction of them.

*Place.*] They grow both in heaths and in shady places near the hedge-sides in all counties of this land.

*Time.*] They flower and give their seed at Midsummer.

The Female Fern is that plant which is in Sussex, called Brakes, the seed of which

some authors hold to be so rare: Such a pith in the middle, which is called the heart thing there is I know, and may be easily thereof.

nad upon Midsummer Eve, and for ought more.

Government and virtues.] It is under the the root only abides in winter. dominion of Mercury, both Male and Female. The roots of both these sorts of the plant. This has all the virtues men-Fern being bruised and boiled in Mead, tioned in the former Ferns, and is much or honeyed water, and drank, kills both more effectual than they, both for inward the broad and long worms in the body, and outward griefs, and is accounted sinand abates the swelling and hardness of the gularly good in wounds, bruises, or the like. spleen. The green leaves eaten, purge the The decoction to be drank, or boiled into belly of choleric and waterish humours; an ointment of oil, as a balsam or balm. that trouble the stomach. They are dan- and so it is singularly good against bruises, gerous for women with child to meddle and bones broken, or out of joint, and gives with, by reason they cause abortions. The much ease to the cholic and splenetic roots bruised and boiled in oil, or hog's diseases: as also for ruptures or burstings. grease, make a very profitable ointment to The decoction of the root in white wine, heal wounds, or pricks gotten in the flesh. provokes urine exceedingly, and cleanses The powder of them used in foul ulcers, the bladder and passages of urine. dries up their malignant moisture, and causes their speedier healing. Fern being burned, the smoke thereof drives away serpents, gnats, and other noisome crea- large, fresh, green leaves, much torn or cut tures, which in fenny countries do, in the jon the edges. The stalks are hard and night time, trouble and molest people lying round, set with many such like leaves, but in their beds with their faces uncovered; it; smaller, and at the tops stand many single causes barrenness.

#### OSMOND ROYAL, OR WATER FERN.

Descript.] THIS shoots forth in spring time (for in the Winter the leaves perish); divers rough hard stalks, half round, and yellowish, or flat on the other side, two feet high, having divers branches of winged yel-i of the land, but is for the most part nourishlowish green leaves on all sides, set one ed in gardens. against another, longer, narrower, and not} nicked on the edges as the former. From and July. the top of some of these stalks grow forth { Government and virtues. ] Venus coma long bush of small and more yellow, mands this herb, and has commended it to green, scaly aglets, set in the same manner; succour her sisters (women) and to be a on the stalks as the leaves are, which are general strengthener of their wombs, and accounted the flowers and seeds. The root remedy such infirmities as a careless midis rough, thick and scabby: with a white wife hath there caused; if they will but be

Place.] It grows on moors, bogs, and I know, two or three days after it, if not watery places, in many parts of this land.

*Time.*] It is green all the summer, and

Government and virtues.] Saturn owns

#### FEVERFEW, OR FEATHERFEW.

Descript.] COMMON Featherfew has flowers, upon small foot stalks, consisting of many small white leaves standing round about a yellow thrum in the middle. The root is somewhat hard and short, with many strong fibres about it. The scent of the whole plant is very strong, and the taste is very bitter.

*Place.*] This grows wild in many places

Time.] It flowers in the months of June

pleased to make use of her herb boiled in plied warm outwardly to the places, helps white wine, and drink the decoction; it the wind and cholic in the lower part of cleanses the womb, expels the after-birth, the belly. It is an especial remedy against and doth a woman all the good she can opium taken too liberally.

because they cannot get the herb in winter,

#### FENNEL.

tell them, if they please, they may make EVERY garden affords this so plentia syrup of it in summer; it is chiefly used fully, that it needs no description.

for the disease of the mother, whether it be Government and virtues.] One good old the strangling or rising of the mother, or fashion is not yet left off, viz. to boil Fennel hardness, or inflammation of the same, with fish; for it consumes that phlegmatic applied outwardly thereunto. Or a decoc- humour, which fish most plentifully afford tion of the flowers in wine, with a little Nut-meg or Mace put therein, and drank often in use it know wherefore they do it; I suppose a day, is an approved remedy to bring the reason of its benefit this way is, because down women's courses speedily, and helps; it is an herb of Mercury, and under Virgo, to expel the dead birth and after-birth. and therefore bears antipathy to Pisces. For a woman to sit over the hot fumes of Fennel is good to break wind, to provoke the decoction of the herb made in water or urine, and ease the pains of the stone, and wine, is effectual for the same; and in some helps to break it. The leaves or seed, cases to apply the boiled herb warm to the boiled in barley water and drank are good privy parts. The decoction thereof made, for nurses, to increase their milk, and make with some sugar, or honey put thereto, is it more wholesome for the child. The used by many with good success to help leaves, or rather the seeds, boiled in water, the cough and stuffing of the chest, by stays the hiccough, and takes away the colds, as also to cleanse the reins and loathings which oftentimes happen to the bladder, and helps to expel the stone in stomachs of sick and feverish persons, and them. The powder of the herb taken in allays the heat thereof. The seed boiled in wine, with some Oxymel, purges both cho- wine and drank, is good for those that are ler and phlegm, and is available for those bitten with serpents, or have eaten poisonthat are short winded, and are troubled with yous herbs, or mushrooms. The seed, and melancholy and heaviness, or sadness of the roots much more, help to open obstrucspirits. It is very effectual for all pains in tions of the liver, spleen, and gall, and the head coming of a cold cause, the herb thereby help the painful and windy swelbeing bruised and applied to the crown of lings of the spleen, and the yellow jaundice; the head: As also for the vertigo, that is a as also the gout and cramps. The seed is running or swimming in the head. The of good use in medicines to help shortness decoction thereof drank warm, and the of breath and wheezing by stopping of the herb bruised with a few corns of Bay salt, lungs. It helps also to bring down the and applied to the wrists before the coming courses, and to cleanse the parts after of the ague fits, doth take them away. The delivery. The roots are of most use in distilled water takes away freckles, and physic drinks, and broth that are taken to other spots and deformities in the face. cleanse the blood, to open obstructions of The herb bruised and heated on a tile, with the liver, so provoke urine, and amend the some wine to moisten it, or fried with a ill colour in the face after sickness, and to little wine and oil in a frying-pan, and ap-? cause a good habit through the body.

Both leaves, seeds, and roots thereof are little Euphorbium put to the nose, helps much used in drink or broth, to make peo- those that are troubled with the lethargy, ple more lean that are too fat. The dis- frenzy, giddiness of the head, the falling tilled water of the whole herb, or the con-sickness, long and inveterate head-aches, densate juice dissolved, but especially the the palsy, sciatica, and the cramp, and natural juice, that in some counties issues generally all the diseases of the sinews, used out hereof of its own accord, dropped into with oil and vinegar. The juice dissolved the eyes, cleanses them from mists and in wine, or put into an egg, is good for a films that hinder the sight. The sweet cough, or shortness of breath, and for those Fennel is much weaker in physical uses that are troubled with wind in the body. than the common Fennel. The wild Fen- It purges the belly gently, expels the hardnel is stronger and hotter than the tame, ness of the spleen, gives ease to women and therefore most powerful against the that have sore travail in child-birth, and stone, but not so effectual to encrease milk, eases the pains of the reins and bladder, because of its dryness.

## SOW-FENNEL, OR HOG'S-FENNEL.

which arises a crested straight stalk, less admirable virtue in all green wounds. than Fennel, with some joints thereon, and leaves growing thereat, and towards the: FIG-WORT, OR THROAT-WORT. tops some branches issuing from thence; likewise on the tops of the stalks and Descript.] COMMON great Fig-wort sends branches stand divers tufts of yellow flowers, divers great, strong, hard, square brown whereafter grows somewhat flat, thin, and stalks, three or four feet high, whereon grow yellowish seed, bigger than Fennel seed. large, hard, and dark green leaves, two at The roots grow great and deep, with many a joint, harder and larger than Nettle other parts and fibres about them of a leaves, but not stinking; at the tops of the strong scent like hot brimstone, and yield stalks stand many purple flowers set in forth a yellowish milk, or clammy juice, husks, which are sometimes gaping and almost like a gum.

low marshes near Feversham in Kent.

August.

herb of Mercury. The juice of Sow-Fennel the ground, which abides many years, but (saith Dioscorides, and Galen,) used with keeps not his green leaves in Winter.

and also the womb. A little of the juice dissolved in wine, and dropped into the ears, eases much of the pains in them, and BESIDES the common name in English, put into a hollow tooth, eases the pain Hog's Fennel, and the Latin name Peuci- thereof. The root is less effectual to all danum, is called Hoar-strange, and Hoar-the aforesaid disorders; yet the powder of strong, Sulphur-wort, and Brimstone-wort. the root cleanses foul ulcers, being put into Descript.] The common Sow-Fennel them, and takes out splinters of broken has divers branched stalks of thick and bones, or other things in the flesh, and somewhat long leaves, three for the most heals them up perfectly : as also, dries up part joined together at a place, among old and inveterate running sores, and is of

Place.] It grows plentifully in the salt after which come hard round heads, with open, somewhat like those of Water Betony; a small point in the middle, wherein lie Time.] It flowers plentifully in July and small brownish seed. The root is great, white, and thick, with many branches at it, Government and virtues.] This is also an growing aslope under the upper crust of

vinegar and rose water, or the juice with a Place.] It grows frequently in moist



Foxglove



Flower-de-luce



Figwort



Fleawort



....



Fumitory





Fluellin



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and shadowy woods, and in the lower parts stogether in a pith or umble, each upon a of the fields and meadows.

seed will be ripe about a month after the and in their places appear small, round, flowers are fallen.

authors call it Cervicaria, because it is ap-; consists of many small, black, tuberous propriated to the neck; and we Throat- pieces, fastened together by many small, wort, because it is appropriated to the long, blackish strings, which run from one throat. Venus owns the herb, and the to another.

Celestial Bull will not deny it; therefore; Place.] It grows in many places of this a better remedy cannot be for the king's land, in the corners of dry fields and meaevil, because the Moon that rules the dis- dows, and the hedge sides. ease is exalted there. The decoction of the *Time*. They flower in June and July, herb taken inwardly, and the bruised herb and their seed is ripe in August. applied outwardly, dissolves clotted and Government and virtues.] It is under the congealed blood within the body, coming dominion of Venus. It effectually opens growing in the flesh wheresoever; and for der and reins, by taking the roots in powthe hæmorrhoids, or piles. An ointment der, or a decoction of them in white wine, made hereof may be used at all times when with a little honey. The roots made into tilled water of the whole plant, roots and of an electuary, doth much help them as also the scurf, and any foul deformity breath, wheezing, hoarseness of the throat, therein, and the leprosy likewise.

#### FILIPENDULA, OR DROP-WORT.

Descript.] THIS sends forth many leaves, some larger, some smaller, set on each side of a middle rib, and each of them dented known to every body that keeps it in his about the edges, somewhat resembling wild garden, were needless. They prosper very Tansy, or rather Agrimony, but harder in well in our English gardens, yet are fitter handling; among which rise up one or for medicine than for any other profit more stalks, two or three feet high, with the which is gotten by the fruit of them. leaves growing thereon, and sometimes also; Government and virtues.] The tree is divided into other branches spreading at the under the dominion of Jupiter. The milk top into many white, sweet-smelling flowers, that issues out from the leaves or branches consisting of five leaves a-piece, with some where they are broken off, being dropped threads in the middle of them, standing upon warts, takes them away. The de-

small foot stalk, which after they have been Time.] It flowers about July, and the blown upon a good while, do fall away, chaffy heads like buttons, wherein are the Government and virtues.] Some Latin chaffy seeds set and placed. The root

by any wounds, bruise, or fall; and is no the passages of the urine, helps the stran-less effectual for the king's evil, or any guary; the stone in the kidneys or bladder, other knobs, kernels, bunches, or wens the gravel, and all other pains of the bladthe fresh herb is not to be had. The dis-powder, and mixed with honey in the form all, is used for the same purposes, and dries whose stomachs are swollen, dissolving and up the superfluous, virulent moisture of breaking the wind which was the cause hollow and corroding ulcers; it takes away thereof; and is also very effectual for all all redness, spots, and freckles in the face, the diseases of the lungs, as shortness of and the cough; and to expectorate tough phlegin, or any other parts thereabout.

#### THE FIG-TREE.

To give a description of a tree so well

wash sore heads with : and there is scarcely three upright leaves, as the Flower-de-luce a better remedy for the leprosy than it is. has, this has only three short pieces It clears the face also of morphew, and the standing in their places, after which succeed body of white rcurf, scabs, and running thick and long three square heads, consores. If it be dropped into old fretting taining in each part somewhat big and flat ulcers, it cleanses out the moisture, and seed, like those of the Flower-de-luce. The brings up the flesh; because you cannot root is long and slender, of a pale brownish have the leaves green all the year, you may colour on the outside, and of a horseflesh make an ointment of them whilst you can. colour on the inside, with many hard fibres A decoction of the leaves being drank in-thereat, and very harsh in taste. wardly, or rather a syrup made of them, Place.] It usually grows in watery dissolves congealed blood caused by bruises ditches, ponds, lakes, and moor sides, which or falls, and helps the bloody flux. The are always overflowed with water. ashes of the wood made into an ointment [ Time.] It flowers in July, and the seed with hog's grease, helps kibes and chilblains. is ripe in August. The juice being put into an hollow tooth, Government and virtues.] It is under the eases pain; as also pain and noise in the dominion of the Moon. The root of this ears, being dropped into them; and deaf- Water-flag is very astringent, cooling, and exoticks.

# DE-LUCE.

Descript.] THIS grows like the Flower-de-luce, but it has much longer and narrower sad green leaves, joined together in that fashion; the stalk also growing often- Descript.] OUR common Flax-weed times as high, bearing small yellow flowers has divers stalks full fraught with long and shaped like the Flower-de-luce, with three narrow ash-coloured leaves, and from the falling leaves, and other three arched that middle of them almost upward, stored with

coction of the leveas is excellently good to; cover their bottoms; but instead of the

ness. An ointment made of the juice and drying; and thereby helps all lasks and hog's grease, is an excellent remedy for the fluxes, whether of blood or humours, as biting of mad dogs, or other venomous bleeding at the mouth, nose, or other parts, beasts, as most are. A syrup made of the bloody flux, and the immoderate flux of leaves, or green fruit, is excellently good for women's courses. The distilled water of coughs, hoarseness, or shortness of breath, the whole herb, flowers and roots, is a and all diseases of the breast and lungs; it sovereign good remedy for watering eyes, is also extremely good for the dropsy and both to be dropped into them, and to have falling sickness. They say that the Fig cloths or sponges wetted therein, and ap-Tree, as well as the Bay Tree. is never plied to the forehead: It also helps the hurt by lightning; as also, if you tie a bull, spots and blemishes that happen in and be he ever so mad, to a Fig Tree, he will about the eyes, or in any other parts: The quickly become tame and gentle. As for said water fomented on swellings and hot such figs as come from beyond sea, I inflammations of women's breasts, upon have little to say, because I write not of cancers also, and those spreading ulcers called Noli me tangere, do much good : It helps also foul ulcers in the privities of man THE YELLOW WATER-FLAG, OR FLOWER-; or woman; but an ointment made of the flowers is better for those external applica-

tions.

#### FLAX-WEED, OR TOAD-FLAX.

a number of pale yellow flowers, of a strong ? or spots, applied of itself, or used with some unpleasant scent, with deeper yellow mouths, powder of Lupines.

and blackish flat seed in round heads. The root is somewhat woody and white, especially the main downright one, with [ Descript.] ORDINARY Flea-wort rises many fibres, abiding many years, shooting up with a stalk two feet high or more, full forth roots every way round about, and of joints and branches on every side up to new branches every year.

both by the way sides and in meadows, as hairy; At the top of every branch stand also by hedge-sides, and upon the sides of divers small, short scaly, or chaffy heads banks, and borders of fields.

seed is ripe usually before the end of tain herbs, which are the bloomings of August.

herb: In Sussex we call it Gallwort, and like unto fleas both for colour and bigness. lav it in our chicken's water to cure them of but turning black when it grows old. The the gall; it relieves them when they are root is not long, but white, hard and woody. drooping. This is frequently used to spend perishing every year, and rising again of the abundance of those watery humours by its own seed for divers years, if it be suffered urine, which cause the dropsy. The decoc-ito shed: The whole plant is somewhat tion of the herb, both leaves and flowers, whitish and hairy, smelling somewhat like in wine, taken and drank, doth somewhat rosin. move the belly downwards, opens obstructions of the liver, and helps the yellow from the former in the manner of growing, jaundice; expels poison, provokes women's but only that the stalk and branches being courses, drives forth the dead child, and somewhat greater, do a little more bow after-birth. The distilled water of the herb down to the ground : The leaves are someand flowers is effectual for all the same pur- what greater, the heads somewhat less, the poses; being drank with a dram of the seed alike; and the root and leaves abide powder of the seeds of bark or the roots of all winter, and perish not as the former. Wall-wort, and a little Cinnamon, for certain Place.] The first grows only in gardens, days together, it is held a singular remedy the second plentifully in fields that are near for the dropsy. The juice of the herb, or the sea.

the distilled water, dropped into the eyes,

is a certain remedy for all heat, inflamma- abouts.

#### FLEA-WORT.

the top, and at every joint two small, long, Place.] This grows throughout this land, and narrow whitish green leaves somewhat out of which come forth small whitish Time.] It flowers in Summer, and the yellow threads, like to those of the Plan-

flowers. The seed inclosed in these heads Government and virtues.] Mars owns the is small and shining while it is fresh, very

There is another sort hereof, differing not

They flower in July, or there-Time.]

tion, and redness in them. The juice or Government and virtues.] The herb is water put into foul ulcers, whether they be cold, and dry, and saturnine. I suppose cancerous or fistulous, with tents rolled it obtained the name of Flea-wort, because therein, or parts washed and injected there-the seeds are so like Fleas, The seeds fried, with, cleanses them thoroughly from the and taken, stays the flux or lask of the bottom, and heals them up safely. The belly, and the corrosions that come by reasame juice or water also cleanses the skin son of hot choleric, or sharp and malignant wonderfully of all sorts of deformity, as humours, or by too much purging of any leprosy, morphew, scurf, wheals, pimples, violent medicine, as Scammony, or the

like. The mucilage of the seed made with Rose-water, and a little sugar-candy put save only it has somewhat broad leaves; thereto, is very good in all hot agues and they have a strong evil savour, being burning fevers, and other inflammations, to smelled unto, and are of a drying taste. cool the thirst, and lenify the dryness and ? Place. ] They flower wild in the fields roughness of the tongue and throat. It by hedge-sides and highways, and among helps also hoarseness of the voice, and dis- rubbish and other places. eases of the breast and lungs, caused by heat, or sharp salt humours, and the pleu- after, namely in June and July. risy also. The mucilage of the seed made! Government and virtues.] This herb is heals them.

# FLUX-WEED.

right hard stalk, four or five feet high, spend time in writing a description thereof. spread into sundry branches, whereon grow { Time.] The flaggy kinds thereof have many greyish green leaves, very finely cut the most physical uses; the dwarf kinds and severed into a number of short and thereof flower in April, the greater sorts in almost round parts. The flowers are very May. small and yellow, growing spike fashion, Government and virtues.] The herb is after which come small long pods, with Lunar. The juice or decoction of the green small yellowish seed in them. The root is root of the flaggy kind of Flower-de-luce, long and woody, perishing every year. with a little honey drank, doth purge and

There is another sort, differing in nothing,

Time.] They flower and seed quickly

with Plantain water, whereunto the yolk of saturnine also. Both the herb and seed of an egg or two, and a little Populeon are Flux-weed is of excellent use to stay the flux put, is a most safe and sure remedy to ease? or lask of the belly, being drank in water the sharpness, pricking, and pains of the wherein gads of steel heated have been hæmorrhoids or piles, if it be laid on a often quenched; and is no less effectual cloth, and bound thereto. It helps all in- for the same purpose than Plantain or Comdammations in any part of the body, and frey, and to restrain any other flux of blood the pains that come thereby, as the head-in man or woman, as also to consolidate ache and megrims, and all hot imposthumes, bones broken or out of joint. The juice swellings, or breaking out of the skin, as thereof drank in wine, or the decoction of blains, wheals, pushes, purples, and the the herb drank, doth kill the worms in the like, as also the joints of those that are out stomach or belly, or the worms that grow of joint, the pains of the gout and sciatica, in putrid and filthy ulcers; and made into the burstings of young children, and the a salve doth quickly heal all old sores, how swellings of the navel, applied with oil of foul or malignant soever they be. The roses and vinegar. It is also good to heal distilled water of the herb works the same the nipples and sore breasts of women, effects, although somewhat weaker, yet it being often applied thereunto. The juice is a fair medicine, and more acceptable to of the herb with a little honey put into the be taken. It is called Flux-weed because ears helps the running of them, and the it cures the flux, and for its uniting broken worms breeding in them: The same also bones, &c. Paracelsus extols it to the mixed with hog's grease, and applied to cor-iskies. It is fitting that syrup, ointment, rupt and filthy ulcers, cleanses them and and plaisters of it were kept in your houses.

#### FLOWER-DE-LUCE.

It is so well known, being nourished up Descript.] IT rises up with a round up-{in most gardens, that I shall not need to

phlegm, and choler therein; it helps the the stench of the nostrils. The root itself, jaundice and the dropsy, evacuating those either green or in powder, helps to cleanse. humours both upwards and downwards; heal, and incarnate wounds, and to cover and because it somewhat hurts the stomach, the naked bones with flesh again, that is not to be taken without honey and spike-julcers have made bare; and is also very nard. The same being drank, doth ease good to cleanse and heal up fistulas and the pains and torments of the belly and cankers that are hard to be cured. sides, the shaking of agues, the diseases of the liver and spleen, the worms of the belly, the stone in the reins, convulsions and Descript.] IT shoots forth many long cramps that come of old humours ; it also branches partly lying upon the ground, helps those whose seed passes from them and partly standing upright, set with alunawares: It is a remedy against the most red leaves, yet a little pointed, and bitings and stingings of venomous crea-iscnietimes more long than round, without tures, being boiled in water and vinegar order thereon, somewhat hairy, and of an and drank. Boiled in water and drank, it evil greenish white colour; at the joints all provokes urine, helps the cholic, brings along the stalks, and with the leaves come down women's courses; and made up into forth small flowers, one at a place, upon a pessary with honey, and put up into the a very small short foot-stalk, gaping somebody, draws forth the dead child. It is what like Snap-dragons, or rather like Toadmuch commended against the cough, to flax, with the upper jaw of a yellow colour, expectorate rough phlegm; it much eases and the lower of a purplish, with a small heel pains in the head, and procures sleep; or spur behind; after which come forth being put into the nostrils it procures small round heads, containing small black sneezing, and thereby purges the head of seed. The root is small and thready, dying phlegm. The juice of the root applied to every year, and rises itself again of its the piles or hæmorrhoids, gives much ease. own sowing. The decoction of the roots gargled in the . There is another sort of Lluellin which

cleanse the stomach of gross and tough also the pains and noise in the ears, and

## FLUELLIN, OR LLUELLIN.

mouth, eases the tooth-ache, and helps the has longer branches wholly trailing upon stinking breath. Oil called Oleum Irinum, the ground, two or three feet long, and if it be rightly made of the great broad somewhat more thin, set with leaves thereflag Flower-de-luce and not of the great on, upon small foot stalks. The leaves are bulbous blue Flower-de-luce, (as is used by a little larger, and somewhat round, and some apothecaries) and roots of the same, of cornered sometimes in some places on the the flaggy kinds, is very effectual to warm edges; but the lower part of them being and comfort all cold joints and sinews, as the broadest, hath on each side a small also the gout and sciatica, and mollifies, point, making it seem as if they were ears, dissolves and consumes tumours and swell-sometimes hairy, but not hoary, and of a ings in any part of the body, as also of the better green colour than the former. The matrix ; it helps the cramp, or convulsions flowers come forth like the former, but the of the sinews. The head and temples colours therein are more white than yellow, anointed therewith, helps the catarrh or and the purple not so far. It is a large thin rheum distilled from thence; and used flower, and so are the seed and seed-vesupon the breast or stomach, helps to ex-sels. The root is like the other, and tenuate the cold tough phlegm; it helps perishes every year.

Place.] They grow in divers corn fields, and hanging downwards, having some and in borders about them, and in other threads also in the middle, from whence fertile grounds about Southfleet in Kent rise round heads, pointed sharp at the ends, abundantly; at Buchrite, Hamerton, and wherein small brown seed lies. The roots Richmanworth in Huntingdonshire, and in are so many small fibres, and some greater strings among them; the flowers have no divers other places.

and July, and the whole plant is dry and taste. withered before August be done.

herb. The leaves bruised and applied with as the lower places under hedge-sides in barley meal to watering eyes that are hot almost every county of this land. and inflamed by defluxions from the head, Time.] It seldom flowers before July, do very much help them, as also the fluxes and the seed is ripe in August. of blood or humours, as the lask, bloody Government and virtues.] The plant is flux, women's courses, and stays all man-ner of bleeding at the nose, mouth, or any gentle cleansing nature, and withal very other place, or that comes by any bruise friendly to nature. The herb is familiarly or hurt, or bursting a vein; it wonderfully and frequently used by the Italians to heal helps all those inward parts that need con- any fresh or green wound, the leaves being solidating or strengthening, and is no less but bruised and bound thereon; and the effectual both to heal and close green juice thereof is also used in old sores, to wounds, than to cleanse and heal all foul cleanse, dry, and heal them. The decocor old ulcers, fretting or spreading cankers tion hereof made up with some sugar or or the like. This herb is of a fine cooling, honey, is available to cleanse and purge drying quality, and an ointment or plaister the body both upwards and downwards, of it might do a man a courtesy that hath sometimes of tough phlegm and clammy any hot virulent sores : 'Tis admirable for humours, and to open obstructions of the the ulcers of the French pox; if taken in-liver and spleen. It has been found by

leaves lying upon the ground dented upon ale, has been found by late experience to the edges, a little soft or woolly, and of a cure divers of the falling sickness, that have hoary green colour, among which rise up been troubled with it above twenty years. sometimes sundry stalks, but one very I am confident that an ointment of it is often, bearing such leaves thereon from the one of the best remedies for a scabby head bottom to the middle, from whence to the that is. top it is stored with large and long hollow

Time.] They are in flower about June scent, but the leaves have a bitter hot

thered before August be done. Place.] It grows on dry sandy ground Government and virtues.] It is a Lunar for the most part, and as well on the higher

wardly, may cure the disease. FOX-GLOVE. Descript.] It has many long and broad bro

#### FUMITORY.

reddish purple flowers, a little more long and eminent at the lower edge, with some white spots within them, one above another tender sappy herb, sends forth from one with small green leaves at every one, but square, a slender weak stalk, and leaning all of them turning their heads one way, downwards on all sides, many branches

two or three feet long, with finery cut and tilled water of the herb is also of good lagged leaves of a whitish or rather blueish effect in the former diseases, and conduces sea green colour; At the tops of the much against the plague and pestilence, branches stand many small flowers, as it being taken with good treacle. The diswere in a long spike one above another, tilled water also, with a little water and made like little birds, of a reddish purple honey of roses, helps all sores of the mouth colour, with whitish bellies, after which or throat, being gargled often therewith. come small round husks, containing small {'The juice dropped into the eyes, clears the black seeds. The root is yellow, small, and sight and takes away redness and other not very long, full of juice while it is green, defects in them, although it procure some but quickly perishes with the ripe seed. In pain for the present, and cause tears. the corn fields in Cornwall, it bears white Dioscorides saith it hinders any fresh flowers.

every where, as well as in gardens.

part, and the seed ripens shortly after. itory and Docks mingled with vinegar, and

the herb, and presents it to the world as a all sorts of scabs, pimples, blotches, wheals, cure for his own disease, and a strengthener and pushes which arise on the face or of the parts of the body he rules. If by hands, or any other parts of the body. my astrological judgment of diseases, from the decumbiture, you find Saturn author of the disease, or if by direction from a nativity you fear a saturnine disease ap- IT is as well known by this name, as it is proaching, you may by this herb prevent in some counties by the name of Gorz or it in the one, and cure it in the other, and Whins, that I shall not need to write any therefore it is fit you keep a syrup of it description thereof, my intent being to always by you. The juice or syrup made { teach my countrymen what they know not, thereof, or the decoction made in whey by rather than to tell them again of that which itself, with some other purging or opening is generally known before. herbs and roots to cause it to work the Place.] They are known to grow on dry better (itself being but weak) is very effec- barren heaths, and other waste, gravelly tual for the liver and spleen, opening the or sandy grounds, in all counties of this obstructions thereof, and clarifying the land. blood from saltish, choleric, and adust humours, which cause leprosy, scabs, tet- months. ters, and itches, and such like breakings- Government and virtues.] Mais owns the out of the skin, and after the purgings doth therb. They are hot and dry, and open. strengthen all the inward parts. It is also obstructions of the liver and spleen. A degood against the yellow-jaundice, and coction made with the flowers thereof hath spends it by urine, which it procures in been found effectual against the jaundice, abundance. The powder of the dried herb as olso to provoke urine, and cleanse the given for some time together, cures melan-i kidneys from gravel or stone ingendered choly, but the seed is strongest in opera-in them. Mars doth also this by symtion for all the former diseases. The dis-! pathy.

springing of hairs on the cyc-lids (after they Place.] It grows in corn fields almost are pulled away) if the eye-lids be anointed with the juice hereof, with Gum Arabic Time.] It flowers in May, for the most dissolved therein. The juice of the Fumi-Government and virtues.] Saturn owns the places gently washed therewith, cures

# THE FURZE BUSH.

Time.] They also flower in the Summer

# GARLICK.

THE offensiveness of the breath of him that hath eaten Garlick, will lead you by the nose to the knowledge hereof, and (instead of a description) direct you to the place where it grows in gardens, which kinds are the best, and most physical.

Government and virtues. ] Mars owns this herb. This was anciently accounted the poor man's treacle, it being a remedy for all diseases and hurts (except those which itself breed.) It provokes urine, and women's courses, helps the biting of mad dogs and other venomous creatures, kills worms in children, cuts and voids tough phlegm, purges the head, helps the lethargy, is a good preservative against, and a remedy for any plague, sore, or foul ulcers; takes away spots and blemishes in the skin, eases pains in the ears, ripens and breaks imposthumes, or other swellings. And for all those diseases the onions are as effectual. But the Garlick hath some more peculiar virtues besides the former, viz. it hath a special quality to discuss inconveniences coming by corrupt agues or mineral vapours; or by drinking corrupt and stinking waters; as also by taking wolf-bane, hen-bane, hemlock, or other poisonous and dangerous herbs. It is also held good in hydrož pick diseases, the jaundice, falling sickness, cramps, convulsions, the piles or hæmorrhoids, or other cold diseases. Many authors quote many diseases this is good for; but conceal its vices. Its heat is very vehement, and all vehement hot things send up but ill-favoured vapours to the brain. In choleric men it will add fuel to the fire; in men oppressed by melancholy, it will ? attenuate the humour, and send up strong fancies, and as many strange visions to the head; therefore let it be taken inwardly upon a piece of waste chalky ground, as with great moderation; outwardly you may you go out by Dunstable way towards make more hold with it make more bold with it.

# GENTIAN, FELWORT, OR BALDMONY.

It is confessed that Gentian, which is most used amongst us, is brought over from beyond sea, yet we have two sorts of it growing frequently in our nation, which, besides the reasons so frequently alledged why English herbs should be fittest for English bodies, has been proved by the experience of divers physicians, to be not whit inferior in virtue to that which a comes from beyond sea, therefore be pleased to take the description of them as follows.

Descript.] The greater of the two hath many small long roots thrust down deep into the ground, and abiding all the Winter. The stalks are sometimes more, sometimes fewer, of a brownish green colour, which is sometimes two feet high, if the ground be fruitful, having many long, narrow, dark green leaves, set by couples up to the top; the flowers are long and hollow, of a purple colour, ending in fine corners. The smaller sort which is to be found in our land. grows up with sundry stalks, not a foot high, parted into several small branches, whereon grow divers small leaves together, very like those of the lesser Centaury, of a whitish green colour; on the tops of these stalks grow divers perfect blue flowers, standing in long husks, but not so big as the other; the root is very small, and full of threads.

*Place.*] The first grows in divers places of both the East and West counties, and as well in wet as in dry grounds; as near Longfield, by Gravesend, near Cobham in Kent, near Lillinstone in Kent, also in a chalk pit hard by a paper-mill not far from Dartford in Kent. The second grows also in divers places in Kent, as about Southfleet, and Longfield ; upon Barton's hills in Bedfordshire ; also not far from St. Albans, Gorhambury.







Gentian.



Clove Gilhflower.



Hart's Tongue ...



Golden Rod



Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®



Mouse-ear Hawkweed



Galingal.



THOMAS KELLY, LONDON, 1835.

Germander



the dominion of Mars, and one of the ceived in them; they are great strengtheners principal herbs he is ruler of. They resist ; both of the brain and heart, and will thereputrefactions, poison, and a more sure fore serve either for cordials or cephalics. remedy cannot be found to prevent the pes- as your occasion will serve. There is both tilence than it is; it strengthens the stomach a syrup and a conserve made of them alone, exceedingly, helps digestion, comforts the commonly to be had at every apothecary's. heart, and preserves it against faintings To take now and then a little of either, and swoonings: The powder of the dry roots helps the biting of mad dogs and venomous beasts, open obstructions of the liver, and restores an appetite for their meat to such as have lost it. The herb steeped in wine, and the wine drank, refreshes such as be over-weary with traveling, and grow lame in their joints, either by cold or evil lodgings; it helps stitches, and griping pains in the sides; is an excellent remedy for such as are bruised by falls; it provokes urine and the terms exceedingly, therefore let it not be given to women with child: The same is very profitable for such as are troubled with cramps and convulsions, to drink the decoction: Also they say it breaks the stone, and helps ruptures most certainly: it is excellent in all cold diseases, and such as are troubled with tough phlegm, scabs, itch, or any fretting sores and ulcers; it is an admirable remedy to kill the worms, by taking half a dram of the powder in a morning in any convenient liquor; the same is excellently good to be taken inwardly for the king's evil. It helps agues of all sorts, and the yellow jaundice, as also the bots in cattle; when kine are bitten on the udder by any venomous beast, do but stroke the place with the decoction of any of these, and it will instantly heal them.

# CLOVE GILLIFLOWERS.

It is vain to describe an herb so well known.

Government and virtues.] They are gallant, fine, temperate flowers, of the nature and ness and moistness. It is likewise good for under the dominion of Jupiter; yea, so' the pains in the sides and cramps. The

Time.] They flower in August. temperate, that no excess, neither in heat, Government and virtues.] They are under i cold, dryness, nor moisture, can be perstrengthens nature much, in such as are in consumptions. They are also excellently good in hot pestilent fevers, and expel poison.

# GERMANDER.

Descript.] COMMON Germander shoots forth sundry stalks, with small and somewhat round leaves, dented about the edges. The flowers stand at the tops, of a deep purple colour. The root is composed of divers sprigs, which shoots forth a great way round about, quickly overspreading a garden.

Place.] It grows usually with us in gardens,

Time.] And flowers in June and July.

Government and virtues.] It is a most prevalent herb of Mercury, and strengthens the brain and apprehension exceedingly when weak, and relieves them when drooping. This taken with honey (saith Dioscorides) is a remedy for coughs, hardness of the spleen and difficulty of urine, and helps those that are fallen into a dropsy, especially at the beginning of the disease, a decoction being made thereof when it is green, and drank. It also brings down women's courses, and expels the dead child. It is most effectual against the poison of all serpents, being drank in wine, and the bruised herb outwardly applied; used with honey, it cleanses old and fou! ulcers; and made into an oil, and the eyes anointed therewith, takes away the dim-

decoction thereof taken for four days places of this land, and is usually nursed together, drives away and cures both ter-jup in gardens. tain and quartan agues. It is also good [ Time.] It flowers not until July, and against all diseases of the brain, as con- the seed is ripe in August or September tinual head-ache, falling-sickness, melan- yet the husks after they are ripe, opening choly, drowsiness and dullness of the spirits, themselves, will hold their seed with them convulsions and palsies. A dram of the for two or three months, and not shed them seed taken in powder purges by urine, and ¿ Government and virtues.] It is supposed is good against the yellow jaundice. The to be under the dominion of Saturn. It is juice of the leaves dropped into the ears used by many country people to purge kills the worms in them. The tops thereof, corrupt phlegn and choler, which they do when they are in flowers, steeped twenty-i by drinking the decoction of the roots, four hours in a draught of white wine, and and some to make it more gentle, do but drank, kills the worms in the belly.

# STINKING GLADWIN.

Flower-de-luce, having divers leaves arising and the powder thereof doth the same. from the roots, very like a Flower-de-luce, The powder thereof drank in wine, helps but that they are sharp-edged on both sides, those that are troubled with the cramps and and thicker in the middle, of a deeper green convulsions, or with the gout and sciatica, colour, narrower and sharper pointed, and and gives ease to those that have griping a strong ill-scent, if they be bruised be-pains in their body and belly, and helps tween the fingers. In the middle rises up those that have the stranguary. It is given a reasonably strong stalk, a yard high at with much profit to those that have had least, bearing three or four flowers at the long fluxes by the sharp and evil quality of top, made somewhat like the flowers of the humours, which it stays, having first cleansed Flower-de-luce, with three upright leaves, and purged them by the drying and bindof a dead purplish ash-colour, with some ing property therein. The root boiled in veins discoloured in them; the other three wine and drank, doth effectually procure do not fall down, nor are the three other women's courses, and used as a pessary, small ones so arched, nor cover the lower works the same effect, but causes abortion leaves as the Flower-de-luce doth, but stand in women with child. Half a dram of the loose or asunder from them. After they seed beaten to powder, and taken in wine, are past, there come up three square hard doth speedily cause one to make water husks, opening wide into three parts when abundantly. The same taken with vinethey are ripe, wherein lie reddish seed, gar, dissolves the hardness and swellings turns black when it hath abiden long. The of the spleen. The root is very effectual root is like that of the Flower-de-luce, but in all wounds, especially of the head; as reddish on the outside, and whitish within, also to draw forth any splinters, thorns, or very sharp and hot in the taste, of as evil broken bones, or any other thing sticking

grounds, as in moist places, woods, and and the great Centaury root. The same shadowy places by the sea-side in many boiled in vinegar, and laid upon any tumour

infuse the sliced roots in ale; and some take the leaves, which serve well for the weaker stomach: The juice hereof put up. or snuffed up the nose, causes sneezing, Descript.] THIS is one of the kinds of and draws from the head much corruption; a scent as the leaves. in the flesh, without causing pains, being Place.] This grows as well in upland used with a little verdigrease and honey,

or swelling, doth very effectually dissolve inferior to none, both for the inward and and consume them; yea, even the swell-joutward hurts; green wounds, old sores ings of the throat called the king's evil; and ulcers, are quickly cured therewith. the juice of the leaves or roots heals the It also is of especial use in all lotions for itch, and all running or spreading scabs, sores or ulcers in the mouth, throat, or privy sores, blemishes, or scars in the skin, where-parts of man or woman. The decoction soever they be.

# GOLDEN ROD.

Descript.] THIS rises up with brownish small round stalks, two feet high, and sometimes more, having thereon many half a yard high, having sundry leaves narrow and long dark green leaves, very standing on brownish green stalks by three, seldom with any dents about the edges, or snipped about, and of a strong unpleasant any stalks or white spots therein, yet they savour: The umbels of the flowers are are sometimes so found divided at the tops white, and the seed blackish, the root runs into many small branches, with divers in the ground, quickly taking a great deal small yellow flowers on every one of them, of room. all which are turned one way, and being *Place.*] It grows by hedge and wall-ripe, do turn into down, and are carried sides, and often in the border and corner of away by the wind. The root consists of fields, and in gardens also. many small fibres, which grows not deep { in the ground, but abides all the winter end of July. therein, shooting forth new branches every Government and virtues.] Saturn rules it. year, the old one lying down to the ground. Neither is it to be supposed Gout-wort hath

woods and copses, on both moist and dry to heal the gout and sciatica; as also jointgrounds, in many places of this land.

July.

Government and virtues.] Venus claims from the disease. the herb, and therefore to be sure it respects beauty lost. Arnoldus de Villa Nova commends it much against the stone in the OF this I shall briefly describe their reins and kidneys, and to provoke urine in kinds, which are principally used in physic, abundance, whereby also the gravel and the virtues whereof are alike, though somestone may be voided. The decoction of what different in their manner and form of the herb, green or dry, or the distilled growing. water thereof, is very effectual for inward i bruises, as also to be outwardly applied, it with slender hard and hairy stalks, trailing stays bleeding in any part of the body, and and taking root in the ground, as it lies of wounds; also the fluxes of humours, thereon, and parted into many other small the bloody-flux, and women's courses; and branches with hairy dark green leaves thereis no less prevalent in all ruptures or burst- on. At the joints, with the leaves, come ings, being drank inwardly, and outwardly forth very small blue flowers, and after them applied. It is a sovereign wound herb, hard stony roundish seed. The root is long

also helps to fasten the teeth that are loose in the gums.

# GOUT-WORT, OR HERB GERRARD.

Descript.] It is a low herb, seldom rising

Time.] It flowers and seeds about the

Place.] It grows in the open places of its name for nothing but upon experiment aches, and other cold griefs. The very Time.] It flowers about the month of bearing of it about one eases the pains of the gout, and defends him that bears it

# GROMEL.

Descript.] The greater Gromel grows up

forth fresh stalks in the spring.

The smaller wild Gromel sends forth powerful or speedy in operation. divers upright hard branched stalks, two or three feet high, jull of joints, at every one of which grow small, long, hard, and rough leaves like the former; but less; among which leaves come forth small white flowers, and after them greyish round seed like the former; the root is not very big, but with many strings thereat.

The garden Gromel has divers upright, slender, woody, hairy stalks, blown and cressed, very little branched, with leaves like the former, and white flowers; after which, in rough brown husks, is contained a white, hard, round seed, shining like pearls, and greater than either the former ; the root is like the first described, with divers branches and sprigs thereat, which continues (as the first doth) all the Winter.

Place.] The two first grow wild in barren or untilled places, and by the way side in many places of this land. The last is a nursling in the gardens of the curious.

Time.] They all flower from Midsummer until September sometimes, and in the mean time the seed ripens.

Government and virtues.] The herb belongs to Dame Venus; and therefore if Mars cause the cholic or stone, as usually he doth, if in Virgo, this is your cure. These are accounted to be of as singular force as or nine leaves from a small brown creeping any herb or seed whatsoever, to break the root, every one standing upon a long foot stone and to void it, and the gravel either stalk, which are almost as broad as long, in the reins or bladder, as also to provoke round pointed, of a sad green colour, and urine being stopped, and to help stranguary. hard in handling, and like the leaf of a The seed is of greatest use, being bruised Pear-tree; from whence arises a slender and boiled in white wine or in broth, or the weak stalk, yet standing upright, bearing like, or the powder of the seed taken there-i at the top many small white sweet-smelling in. taken with women's breast milk, is very five round pointed leaves, with many yellow effectual to procure a very speedy delivery threads standing in the middle about a green to such women as have sore pains in their head, and a long stalk with them, which in travail, and cannot be delivered : The herb; time grows to be the seed-vessel, which itself, (when the seed is not to be had) either ; being ripe is found five square, with a small

and woody, abiding the Winter, and shoots ; boiled, or the juice thereof drank, is effe tual to all the purposes aforesaid, but not s

# GOOSEBERRY BUSH.

CALLED also Feapberry, and in Sussex Dewberry-Bush, and in some Counties Wineberry.

Government and virtues.] They are under the dominion of Venus. The berries, while they are unripe, being scalded or baked, are good to stir up a fainting or decayed appetite, especially such whose stomachs are afflicted by choleric humours: They are excellently good to stay longings of women with child. You may keep them preserved with sugar all the year long. The decoction of the leaves of the tree cools hot swellings and inflammations; as also St. Anthony's fire. The ripe Gooseberries being eaten, are an excellent remedy to allay the violent heat both of the stomach and liver. The young and tender leaves break the stone, and expel gravel both from the kidneys and bladder. All the evil they do to the body of man is, they are supposed to breed crudities, and by crudities, worms.

## WINTER-GREEN.

Descript.] This sends forth seven, eight, Two drams of the seed in powder flowers, laid open like a star, consisting of

point at it, wherein is contained seed as it may be seen many months in the year, both green and in flower, and seed; for it small as dust.

Place.] It grows seldom in fields, but will spring and seed twice in a year at frequent in the woods northwards, viz. in least, if it be suffered in a garden. Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Scotland.

is under the dominion of Saturn, and is a especially in gardens. singularly good wound herb, and an espe- Time.] It flowers, as was said before, alcial remedy for healing green wounds most every month throughout the year. speedily, the green leaves being bruised and ; Government and virtues.] This herb is applied, or the juice of them. A salve Venus's mistress-piece, and is as gallant made of the green herb stamped, or the and universal a medicine for all diseases juice boiled with hog's lard, or with salad coming of heat, in what part of the body oil and wax, and some turpentine added soever they be, as the sun shines upon; it is to it, is a sovereign salve, and highly ex- very safe and friendly to the body of man: tolled by the Germans, who use it to heal yet causes vomiting if the stomach be afall manner of wounds and sores. The herb flicted ; if not, purging : and it doth it with boiled in wine and water, and given to more gentleness than can be expected; it is drink to them that have any inward ulcers moist, and something cold withal, thereby in their kidneys, or neck of the bladder, causing expulsion, and repressing the heat doth wonderfully help them. It stays all caused by the motion of the internal parts fluxes, as the lask, bloody fluxes, women's in purges and vomits. Lay by our learned courses, and bleeding of wounds, and takes receipts ; take so much Sena, so much away any inflammations rising upon pains Scanmony, so much Colocynthis, so much of the heart; it is no less helpful for foul infusion of Crocus Metallorum, &c. this ulcers hard to be cured; as also for cankers herb alone preserved in a syrup, in a disor fistulas. The distilled water of the herb tilled water, or in an ointment, shall do effectually performs the same things.

# GROUNDSEL.

Place.] They grow almost every where, Time.] It flowers about June and July. as well on tops of walls, as at the foot, Government and virtues.] Winter-green amongst rubbish and untilled grounds, but

the deed for you in all hot diseases, and, shall do it, 1, Safely ; 2, Speedily.

The decoction of this herb (saith Diosco-Descript.] OUR common Groundsel has rides) made with wine, and drank, helps a round green and somewhat brownish the pains of the stomach, proceeding of stalk, spreading toward the top into branches, choler, (which it may well do by a vomit) set with long and somewhat narrow green as daily experience shews. The juice thereleaves, cut in on the edges, somewhat like of taken in drink, or the decoction of it in the oak-leaves, but less, and round at the ale, gently performs the same. It is good end. At the tops of the branches stand against the jaundice and falling sickness, many small green heads, out of which grow being taken in wine ; as also against difseveral small, yellow threads or thumbs, ficulty of making water. It provokes which are the flowers, and continue many urine, expels gravel in the reins or kidneys; days blown in that manner, before it pass a dram thereof given in oxymel, after some away into down, and with the seed is walking or stirring of the body. It helps carried away in the wind. The root is small also the sciatica, griping of the belly, the and thready, and soon perishes, and as cholic, defects of the liver, and provokes soon rises again of its own sowing, so that women's courses. The fresh herb boiled,

woman, the seat or fundament, or the ar- | Cancer. teries, joints, and sinews, when they are inflamed and swollen, doth much ease them: and used with some salt, helps to dissolve knots or kernels in any part of the body. The juice of the herb, or as (Dioscorides) saith) the leaves and flowers, with some fine Frankincense in powder, used in wounds of the body, nerves or sinews, doth singularly help to heal them. The distilled water of the herb performs well all the aforesaid cures, but especially for inflammations or watering of the eyes, by reason of the defluxion of rheum unto them.

# HEART'S-EASE.

THIS is that herb which such physicians as are licensed to blaspheme by authority, without danger of having their tongues burned through with an hot iron, called an herb of the Trinity. It is also called by those that are more moderate, Three Faces in a Hood, Live in Idleness, Cull me to you; and in Sussex we call them Pancies.

*Place.*] Besides those which are brought up in gardens, they grow commonly wild in the fields, especially in such as are very barren: sometimes you may find it on the tops of the high hills.

Summer long.

really saturnine, something cold, viscous, but hard and with little sap in them, and and slimy. A strong decoction of the herbs streaked on the back, athwart on both sides and flowers (if you will, you may make it of the middle rib, with small and someintosyrup) is an excellent cure for the French what long and brownish marks; the botpox, the herb being a gallant antivenereal : toms of the leaves are a little bowed on and that antivenereals are the best cure for each side of the middle rib, somewhat that disease, far better and safer than to small at the end. The root is of many torment them with the flux, divers foreign black threads, folded or interlaced together it is excellently good for the convulsions in new leaves spring every year. children, as also for the falling sickness, Government and virtues. Jupiter claims

and made into a poultice, applied to the and a gallant remedy for the inflammation breasts of women that are swollen with pain of the lungs and breasts, pleurisy, scabs, and heat, as also the privy parts of man or itch, &c. It is under the celestial sign

# ARTICHOKES.

THE Latins call them Cinera, only our college calls them Artichocus.

Government and virtues.] They are under the dominion of Venus, and therefore it is no marvel if they provoke lust, as indeed they do, being somewhat windy meat; and yet they stay the involuntary course of natural seed in man, which is commonly called nocturnal pollutions. And here I care not greatly if I quote a little of Galen's nonsense in his treatise of the faculties of nourishment. He saith, they contain plenty of choleric juice, (which notwithstanding I can scarcely believe,) of which he saith is engendered melancholy juice, and of that melancholy juice thin choleric blood. But, to proceed; this is certain, that the decoction of the root boiled in wine, or the root bruised and distilled in wine in an alembic, and being drank, purges by urine exceedingly.

# HART'S-TONGUE.

Descript.] THIS has divers leaves arising from the root, every one severally, which Time.] They flower all the Spring and fold themselves in their first springing and spreading: when they are full grown, are Government and virtues.] The herb is about a foot long, smooth and green above, physicians have confessed. The spirit of [ Time.] It is green all the Winter; but

dominion over this herb, therefore it is a was the father of slander; Or are men's singular remedy for the liver, both to tongues so given to slander one another, strengthen it when weak, and ease it when that they must slander Nuts too, to keep afflicted, you shall do well to keep it in a their tongues in use? If any part of the syrup all the year; For though authors say Hazel Nut be stopping, it is the husks and it is green all the year, I scarcely believe it. shells, and no one is so mad as to eat them, Hart's Tongue is much commended against; unless physically; and the red skin which the hardness and stoppings of the spleen covers the kernel, you may easily pull off. and liver, and against the heat of the liver And so thus have I made an apology for and stomach, and against lasks, and the Nuts, which cannot speak for themselves. bloody-flux. The distilled water thereof is also very good against the passions of the heart, and to stay the hiccough, to help THERE are several sorts of the falling of the palate, and to stay the but they are similar in virtues. bleeding of the gums, being gargled in the Descript.] It has many large leaves mouth. Dioscorides saith, it is good against lying upon the ground, much rent or torn the stinging or biting of serpents. As for on the sides into gashes like Dandelion, the use of it, my direction at the latter end; but with greater parts, more like the will be sufficient, and enough for those that smooth Sow Thistle, from among which are studious in physic, to whet their brains rises a hollow, rough stalk, two or three upon for one year or two.

# HAZEL-NUT.

body, that they need no description.

the dominion of Mercury. The parted in a double row or more, the outermost kernels made into an electuary, or the milk being larger than the inner, which form drawn from the kernels with mead or most of the Hawk-weeds (for there are honeyed water, is very good to help an old many kinds of them) do hold, which turn cough; and being parched, and a little; into down, and with the small brownpepper put to them and drank, digests the ish seed is blown away with the wind. The distillations of rheum from the head. The root is long and somewhat great, with dried husks and shells, to the weight of two many small fibres thereat. The whole plant drams, taken in red wine, stays lasks and is full of bitter-milk. women's courses, and so doth the red skin Place.] It grows in divers places about that covers the kernels, which is more ef-the field sides, and the path-ways in dry fectual to stay women's courses.

should the vulgar so familiarly affirm, that Summer months.

# HAWK-WEED.

THERE are several sorts of Hawk-weed,

fect high, branched from the middle upward, whereon are set at every joint longer leaves, little or nothing rent or cut, bearing HAZEL Nuts are so well known to every on them sundry pale, yellow flowers, condy, that they need no description. sisting of many small, narrow leaves, broad Government and virtues.] They are under pointed, and nicked in at the ends, set

grounds.

And if this be true, as it is, then why Time.] It flowers and flies away in the

eating nuts causes shortness of breath, than Government and virtues.] Saturn owns which nothing is falser? For, how can that it. Hawk-weed (saith Dioscorides) is coolwhich strengthens the lungs, cause shortness ing, somewhat drying and binding, and of breath? I confess, the opinion is far therefore good for the heat of the stomach, older than I am; I knew tradition was a and gnawings therein; for inflammations friend to error before, but never that he and the hot fits of agues. The juice thereof

in wine, helps digestion, discusses wind, day, it rather shews the superstition of hinders crudities abiding in the stomach, those that observe it for the time of its and helps the difficulty of making water, flowering, than any great wonder, since the biting of venomous serpents, and sting- the like may be found in divers other places ing of the scorpion, if the herb be also of this land; as in Whey-street in Romney outwardly applied to the place, and is very Marsh, and near unto Nantwich in Chegood against all other poisons. A scruple shire, by a place called White Green, where of the dried root given in wine and vine-it flowers about Christmas and May. If gar, is profitable for those that have the the weather be frosty, it flowers not until dropsy. The decoction of the herb taken January, or that the hard weather be over. in honey, digests the phlegm in the chest Government and virtues.] It is a tree of or lungs, and with Hyssop helps the cough. Mars. The seeds in the berrices beaten to The decoction thereof, and of wild Suc-powder being drank in wine, are held sincory, made with wine, and taken, helps the gularly good against the stone, and are good wind cholic and hardness of the spleen ; it for the dropsy. The distilled water of the procures rest and sleep, hinders venery flowers stay the lask. The seed cleared and venerous dreams, cooling heats, purges from the down, bruised and boiled in wine, the stomach, increases blood, and helps and drank, is good for inward tormenting the diseases of the reins and bladder. Out-pains. If cloths or sponges be wet in the wardly applied, it is singularly good for distilled water, and applied to any place all the defects and diseases of the eyes, used wherein thorns and splinters, or the like, with some women's milk; and used with do abide in the flesh, it will notably draw good success in fretting or creeping ulcers, them forth. especially in the beginning. The green And thus you see the thorn gives a medileaves bruised, and with a little salt ap-i cine for its own pricking, and so doth plied to any place burnt with fire, before almost every thing else. blisters do rise, helps them; as also inflammations, St. Anthony's fire, and all pushes and eruptions, hot and salt phlegm. The same applied with meal and fair water in manner of a poultice, to any place affected with convulsions, the cramp, and such as are out of joint, doth give help and times, and at the joints very large winged ease. The distilled water cleanses the skin, leaves set at them, which are divided into and takes away freckles, spots, morphew, or wrinkles in the face.

# HAWTHORN.

with a description of this tree, which is so root is long, white, and sometimes crooked, well known that it needs none. It is ordinarily but a hedge bush, although being every part, has a strong, heady, and illpruned and dressed, it grows to a tree of savoured scent, much offending the senses a reasonable height.

which is said to flower yearly on Christmas- grounds and untilled places. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft 🖲

# HEMLOCK.

Descript.] THE common great Hemlock grows up with a green stalk, four or five feet high, or more, full of red spots somemany other winged leaves, one set against the other, dented about the edges, of a sad green colour, branched towards the top, where it is full of umbels of white flowers, It is not my intention to trouble you and afterwards with whitish flat seed: The and hollow within. The whole plant, and

Place.] It grows in all counties of this As for the Hawthorn Tree at Glastonbury, land, by walls and hedge-sides, in waste

F



Longrooted Hawkweed



Herb Robert



Henbane



Hearts Ease



Marsh Pennywort



Hounds Tongue



White Horehound



Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft B Hemlock

Time.] It flowers and seeds in July, or ; thereabouts.

Government and virtues.] Saturn claims TIIIS is so well known to every good dominion over this herb, yet I wonder why housewife in the country, that I shall not it may not be applied to the privities in a need to write any description of it. Priapism, or continual standing of the yard, *Time.*] It is sown in the very end of it being very beneficial to that disease; I March, or beginning of April, and is ripe suppose, my author's judgment was first in August or September. upon the opposite disposition of Saturn to Government and virtues.] It is a plant of Venus in those facultics, and therefore he Saturn, and good for something else, you forbade the applying of it to those parts, see, than to make halters only. The sced that it might not cause barrenness, or spoil of Hemp consumes wind, and by too much the spirit procreative; which if it do, yet use thereof disperses it so much that it applied to the privities, it stops its lustful dries up the natural seed for procreation ; thoughts. Hemlock is exceedingly cold, yet, being boiled in milk and taken, helps and very dangerous, especially to be taken such as have a hot dry cough. The Dutch inwardly. It may safely be applied to in-{ make an emulsion out of the seed, and give flammations, tumours, and swellings in any it with good success to those that have the part of the body (save the privy parts) as jaundice, especially in the beginning of the also to St. Anthony's fire, wheals, pushes, disease, if there be no ague accompanying and creeping ulcers that arise of hot sharp it, for it opens obstructions of the gall, and humours, by cooling and repelling the heat; causes digestion of choler. The emulsion the leaves bruised and laid to the brow or or decoction of the seed stays lasks and forehead are good for their eyes that are red ; continual fluxes, eases the cholic, and allays and swollen; as also to take away a pin the troublesome humours in the bowels, and web growing in the eye; this is a tried and stays bleeding at the mouth, nose, or medicine: Take a small handful of this other places, some of the leaves being fried herb, and half so much bay salt, beaten with the blood of them that bleed, and so together, and applied to the contrary wrist given them to eat. It is held very good to of the hand, for 24 hours, doth remove it kill the worms in men or beasts; and the in thrice dressing. If the root thereof be juice dropped into the cars kills worms in roasted under the embers, wrapped in dou- them; and draws forth earwigs, or other ble wet paper, until it be soft and tender, { living creatures gotten into them. The deand then applied to the gout in the hands coction of the root allays inflammations of or fingers, it will quickly help this evil. the head, or any other parts : the herb it-If any through mistake eat the herb Hem- self, or the distilled water thereof doth the lock instead of Parsley, or the roots in-like. The decoction of the root eases the stead of a Parsnip (both of which it is very pains of the gout, the hard humours of like) whereby happens a kind of frenzy, or knots in the joints, the pains and shrinking perturbation of the senses, as if they were of the sinews, and the pains of the hips. stupid and drunk, the remedy is (as Pliny The fresh juice mixed with a little oil and saith) to drink of the best and strongest butter, is good for any place that hath been pure wine, before it strikes to the heart, or burnt with fire, being thereto applied Gentian put in wine, or a draught of vinegar, wherewith Tragus doth affirm, that he cured a woman that had eaten the root.

# HEMP.

## HENBANE.

Descript.] Our common Henbane has

# THE COMPLETE HERBAL

very large, thick, soft, woolly leaves, lying found without it growing by it. Ergo, it on the ground, much cut in, or torn on the is an herb of Saturn. The leaves of Heuedges, of a dark, ill greyish green colour ; bane do cool all hot inflammations in the among which arise up divers thick and eyes, or any other part of the body; and into divers small branches, with lesser leaves of the privities, or women's breast, or elseon them, and many hollow flowers, scarce where, if they be boiled in wine, and either appearing above the husk, and usually torn applied themselves, or the fomentation on one side, ending in five round points, warm; it also assuages the pain of the gout, growing one above another, of a deadish the sciatica, and other pains in the joints yellowish colour, somewhat paler towards which arise from a hot cause. And applied point of the same colour in the middle, or the oil drawn from the seed, does the what sharp at the top points, wherein is herb or root doth the same. The decoction root is great, white, and thick, branching stalks and seed, burned, quickly heals

May.

Government and virtues.] I wonder how astrologers could take on them to make this; be taken inwardly; outwardly, an oil ointan herb of Jupiter; and yet Mizaldus, a ment, or plaister of it, is most admirable man of a penetrating brain, was of that for the gout, to cool the veneral heat of the opinion as well as the rest; the herb is in-reins in the French pox; to stop the toothdeed under the dominion of Saturn, and ache, being applied to the aching side: to I prove it by this argument: All the herbs allay all inflammations, and to help the which delight most to grow in saturnine diseases before premised. places, are saturnine herbs. Both Henbane delights most to grow in saturnine

short stalks, two or three feet high, spread are good to assuage all manner of swellings the edges, with many purplish veins with vinegar to the forehead and temples, therein, and of a dark, yellowish purple helps the head-ache and want of sleep in in the bottom of the flower, with a small hot fevers. The juice of the herb or seed, each of them standing in a hard close husk, like. The oil of the seed is helpful for which after the flowers are past, grow very deafness, noise, and worms in the ears, like the husk of Asarabacca, and some- being dropped therein; the juice of the contained much small seed, very like Poppy of the herb or seed, or both, kills lice in seed, but of a dusky, greyish colour. The man or beast. The fume of the dried herb, forth divers ways under ground, so like a swellings, chilblains or kibes in the hands Parsnip root (but that it is not so white); or feet, by holding them in the fume therethat it has deceived others. The whole plant of. The remedy to help those that have more than the root, has a very heavy, ill, taken Henbane is to drink goat's milk, soporiferous smell, somewhat offensive. honeyed water, or pine kernels, with sweet Place.] It commonly grows by the way-wine; or, in the absence of these, Fennel sides, and under hedge-sides and walls. *Time.*] It flowers in July, and springs Mustard, or Radish; as also Onions or again yearly of its own seed. I doubt my Garlic taken in wine, do all help to free authors mistook July for June, if not for them from danger, and restore them to their due temper again.

Take notice, that this herb must never

# HEDGE HYSSOP

places, and whole cart loads of it may be DIVERRS sorts there are of this plant; found near the places where they empty the the first of which is an Italian by birth, and common Jakes, and scarce a ditch to be only nursed up here in the gardens of the Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

curious. Two or three sorts are found com- Bear's-foot, Christmas-herb, and Christmasmonly growing wild here, the description i flowers. Descript.] It hath sundry fair green of two of which I shall give you.

spread much under ground.

high, sending up many small branches, are in colour black, and in form long and whereon grow many small leaves, set one round. The root consists of numberless against the other, somewhat broad, but blackish strings all united into one head. very short. The flowers are like the flowers There is another Black Hellebore, which of the other fashion, but of a pale reddish grows up and down in the woods very like colour. The seeds are small and yellowish. this, but only that the leaves are smaller The root spreads like the other, neither will and narrower, and perish in the Winter, it yield to its fellow one ace of bitterness. } which this doth not.

Place.] They grow in wet low grounds, Place.] The first is maintained in gar-and by the water-sides; the last may be dens. The second is commonly found in found among the bogs on Hampstead Heath. the woods in Northamptonshire.

Time.] They flower in June or July, and the seed is ripe presently after.

Government and virtues.] They are herbs March. of Mars, and as choleric and churlish as he is, being most violent purges, especially Saturn, and therefore no marvel if it has of choler and phlegm. It is not safe taking some sullen conditions with it, and would them inwardly, unless they be well rectified be far safer, being purified by the art of the by the art of the alchymist, and only the alchymist than given raw. If any have purity of them given; so used they may be taken any harm by taking it, the common very helpful both for the dropsy, gout, cure is to take goat's milk : If you cannot and sciatica ; outwardly used in ointments { get goat's milk, you must make a shift with they kill worms, the belly anointed with it, such as you can get. The roots are very and are excellently good to cleanse old and filthy ulcers

# BLACK HELLEBORE.

Descript.] The first is a smooth, low leaves rising from the root, each of them plant, not a foot high, very bitter in taste, standing about an handful high from the with many square stalks, diversly branched } earth; each leaf is divided into seven, eight, from the bottom to the top, with divers or nine parts, dented from the middle of joints, and two small leaves at each joint, the leaf to the point on both sides, abiding broader at the bottom than they are at the green all the Winter; about Christmasend, a little dented about the edges, of a time, if the weather be any thing temperate, sad green colour, and full of veins. The the flowers appear upon foot stalks, also flowers stand at the joints, being of a fair consisting of five large, round, white leaves purple colour, with some white spots in a-piece, which sometimes are purple towards them, in fashion like those of dead nettles. the edges, with many pale yellow thumbs The seed is small and yellow, and the roots in the middle; the seeds are divided into several cells, like those of Columbines,

The second seldoin grows half a foot save only that they are greater; the seeds

Time.] The first flowers in December or January; the second in February or

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of effectual against all melancholy diseases, especially such as are of long standing, as quartan agues and madness; it helps the falling sickness, the leprosy, both the yellow and black jaundice, the gout, sciatica,

IT is also called Setter-wort, Setter-grass, and convulsions; and this was found out

by experience, that the root of that which stay blood, where or howsoever flowing, it grows wild in our country, works not so speedily heals all green wounds, and is churlishly as those do which are brought effectual in old ulcers in the privy parts, or a more temperate air. The root used as this is true, and also conceive a good reason also being beaten into powder, and strewed Venus, for all it hath a man's name. upon foul ulcers, it consumes the dead flesh, and instantly heals them; nay, it will help gangrenes in the beginning. Twenty grains taken inwardly is a sufficient? dose for one time, and let that be corrected with half so much cinnanion ; country people used to rowel their cattle with it. If a beast be troubled with a cough, or have taken any poison, they bore a hole through forbear.

# HERB ROBERT.

THE Herb Robert is held in great estimation by farmers, who use it in diseases ] of their cattle.

stalk two feet high, having divers leaves thereon, upon very long and reddish foot-i small slender stalk, about an inch high, stalks, divided at the ends into three or bearing at the tops thereof one flower spread five divisions, each of them cut in on the open like a star, consisting of four small edges, which sometimes turn reddish. At and long narrow pointed leaves of a yellowthe tops of the stalks come forth divers ish green colour, and four others lying flowers made of five leaves, much larger } between them lesser than they ; in the midthan the Dove's-foot, and of a more reddish dle whereof stands a round dark purplish colour; after which come black heads, as in } others. The root is small and thready, and smells, as the whole plant, very strong, almost stinking.

and waste grounds wheresoever one goes.

chiefly, and the seed is ripe shortly after.

Government and virtues.] It is under the taste. dominion of Venus. Herb Robert is com-; Place.] It grows in woods and copses, mended not only against the stone, but to and sometimes in the corners or borders of

from beyond sea, as being maintained by elsewhere. You may persuade yourself a pessary, provokes the terms exceedingly; for it, do but consider it is an herb of

# HERB TRUE-LOVE, OR ONE-BERRY.

Descript.] ORDINARY Herb True-love has a small creeping root running under the uppermost crust of the ground, somewhat like couch grass root, but not so white, shooting forth stalks with leaves, some whereof carry no berries, the others do; every stalk smooth without joints, and the ear, and put a piece of the root in it, blackish green, rising about half a foot high, this will help him in 24 hours time. Many if it bear berries, otherwise seldom so high, other uses farriers put it to which I shall bearing at the top four leaves set directly one against another, in manner of a cross or ribband tied (as it is called in a trueloves knot,) which are each of them apart somewhat like unto a night-shade leaf, but somewhat broader, having sometimes three leaves, sometimes five, sometimes six, and Descript.] It rises up with a reddish those sometimes greater than in others, in the middle of the four leaves rise up one button or head, compassed about with eight small yellow mealy threads with three colours, making it the more conspicuous, and lovely to behold. This button or head Place.] This grows frequently every in the middle, when the other leaves are where by the way-sides, upon ditch banks withered, becomes a blackish purple berry, full of juice, of the bigness of a reasonable Time.] It flowers in June and July grape, having within it many white seeds. The whole plant is without any manifest

fields, and waste grounds in very many Hyssop boiled with rue and honey, and places of this land, and abundantly in the drank, helps those that are troubled with woods, copses, and other places about coughs, shortness of breath, wheezing and Chislehurst and Maidstone in Kent. rheumatic distillation upon the lungs; taken

April or May, and are in flower soon after. by stool; and with honey, kills worms in The berries are ripe in the end of May, the belly; and with fresh and new figs

the leaves or berries hereof are effectual to; cresses be added thereto. It amends and expel poison of all sorts, especially that of cherishes the native colour of the body, the aconites; as also, the plague, and other spoiled by the yellow jaundice; and being pestilential disorders; Matthiolus saith, that taken with figs and nitre, helps the dropsy some that have lain long in a lingering sick-{ and spleen ; being boiled with wine, it is ness, and others that by witchcraft (as it good to wash inflammations, and takes was thought) were become half foolish, by away the black and blue spots and marks taking a dram of the seeds or berries hereof that come by strokes, bruises, or falls, being in powder every day for 20 days together, applied with warm water. It is an excellent were restored to their former health. The medicine for the quinsy, or swellings in roots in powder taken in wine eases the the throat, to wash and gargle it, being pains of the cholic speedily. The leaves boiled in figs; it helps the tooth-ache, being are very effectual as well for green wounds, boiled in vinegar and gargled therewith. as to cleanse and heal up filthy old sores. The hot vapours of the decoction taken by and ulcers; and is very powerful to discuss a funnel in at the ears, eases the inflammaall tumours and swellings in the privy tions and singing noise of them. Being parts, the groin, or in any part of the body, bruised, and salt, honey, and cummin seed and speedily to allay all inflammations. put to it, helps those that are stung by The juice of the leaves applied to felons, or serpents. The oil thereof (the head being those nails of the hands or toes that have anointed) kills lice, and takes away itching imposthumes or sores gathered together at of the head. It helps those that have the the roots of them, heals them in a short falling sickness, which way soever it be space. The herb is not to be described for applied. It helps to expectorate tough the premises, but is fit to be nourished in phlegm, and is effectual in all cold griefs every good woman's garden.

# HYSSOP.

bitant in every garden, that it will save me green wounds, being thercunto applied. labour in writing a description thereof. The virtues are as follow.

Government and virtues.] The herb is Jupiter's, and the sign Cancer. Itstrengthens THESE are so well known that they need all the parts of the body under Cancer and no description; I mean the manured kind, Jupiter; which what they may be, is found which every good husband or housewife is amply described in my astrological judg-acquainted with. ment of diseases. Dioscorides saith, that? Descript.] The wild hop grows up as the

Time.] They spring up in the middle of also with oxymel, it purges gross humours and in some places in June. Government and virtues.] Venus owns it; forcibly if the root of Flower-de-luce and or diseases of the chests or lungs, being taken either in syrup or licking medicine. The green herb bruised and a little sugar Hyssor is so well known to be an inha- put thereto, doth quickly heal any cut or

### HOPS.

CC

other doth, ramping upon trees or hedges, § that stand next to them, with rough branches : and leaves like the former, but it gives smaller heads, and in far less plenty than the white and the black The black sor it, so that there is searcely a head or two is likewise called Hen-bit; but the white seen in a year on divers of this wild kind, one is here spoken of. wherein consists the chief difference.

of this land.

latter end of September.

dominion of Mars. This, in physical stalk upward, wherein afterward is found liver and spleen, to cleanse the blood, to blackish, hard and woody, with many loosen the belly, to cleanse the reins from strings, and abides many years. gravel, and provoke urine. The decoc-{ Place.] It is found in many parts of tion of the tops of Hops, as well of the this land, in dry grounds, and waste green tame as the wild, works the same effects. places. In cleansing the blood they help to cure [ Time.] It flowers in July, and the seed the French diseases, and all manner of is ripe in August. scabs, itch, and other breakings-out of the Government and virtues.] It is an herly ale.

actions.

# HOREHOUND.

THERE are two kinds of Horehound.

Descript.] Common Horehound grows Place.] They delight to grow in low up with square hairy stalks, half a yard or moist grounds, and are found in all parts two feet high, set at the joints with two round crumpled rough leaves of a sullen Time.] They spring not until April, and hoary green colour, of a reasonable good flower not until the latter end of June; the scent, but a very bitter taste. The flowers heads are not gathered until the middle or are small, white, and gaping, set in a rough, hard prickly husk round about the joints. Government and virtues.] It is under the with the leaves from the middle of the operations, is to open obstructions of the small round blackish seed. The root is

body; as also all tetters, ringworms, and of Mercury. A decoction of the dried spreading sores, the morphew and all dis- herb, with the seed, or the juice of the colouring of the skin. The decoction of green herb taken with honey, is a remedy the flowers and hops, do help to expeli for those that are short-winded, have a poison that any one hath drank. Half a cough, or are fallen into a consumption, dram of the seed in powder taken in drink, jeither through long sickness, or thin diskills worms in the body, brings down tillations of rheum upon the lungs. It helps women's courses, and expels urine. A syrup to expectorate tough phlegm from the chest, made of the juice and sugar, cures the yel-} being taken from the roots of Iris or Orris. low jaundice, eases the head-ache that comes It is given to women to bring down their of heat, and tempers the heat of the liver courses, to expel the after-birth, and to and stomach, and is profitably given in them that have taken poison, or are stung long and hot agues that rise in choler and or bitten by venemous serpents. The leaves blood. Both the wild and the manured used with honey, purge foul ulcers, stay are of one property, and alike effectual in running or creeping sores, and the growing all the aforesaid diseases. By all these of the flesh over the nails. It also helps testimonies beer appears to be better than pains of the sides. The juice thereof with wine and honey, helps to clear the eye-

Mars owns the plant, and then Dr. Rea-sight, and snuffed up into the nostrils, son will tell you how it performs these purges away the yellow-jaundice, and with a little oil of roses dropped into the ears,

cases the pains of them. Galen saith, it [ Time.] They spring up in April, and opens obstructions both of the liver and their blooming catkins in July, seeding for spleen, and purges the breast and lungs of the most part in August, and then perish phlegm: and used outwardly it both down to the ground, rising afresh in the cleanses and digests. A decoction of Hore-Spring.

hound (saith Matthiolus) is available for; Government and virtues. The herb bethose that have hard livers, and for such as longs to Saturn, yet is very harmless, and have itches and running tetters. The pow-jexcellently good for the things following: der hereof taken, or the decoction, kills Horsetail, the smoother rather than the worms. The green leaves bruised, and rough, and the leaves rather than the bare, boiled in old hog's grease into an oint-j is most physical. It is very powerful to ment, heals the biting of dogs, abates the staunch bleeding either inward or outward, swellings and pains that come by any the juice or the decoction thereof being pricking of thorns, or such like means; and drank, or the juice, decoction, or distilled used with vinegar, cleanses and heals tetters. water applied outwardly. It also stays all There is a syrup made of Horehound to be sorts of lasks and fluxes in man or womanhad at the apothecaries, very good for old and bloody urine; and heals also not only coughs, to rid the tough phlegm; as also the inward ulcers, and the excoriation of to void cold rheums from the lungs of old the entrails, bladder, &c. but all other sorts folks, and for those that are asthmatic or of foul, moist and running ulcers, and soon short-winded.

# HORSETAIL.

OF that there are many kinds, but I shall not trouble you nor myself with any large description of them, which to do, were but, as the proverb is, To find a knot in a rush, all the kinds thereof being nothing else but knotted rushes, some with leaves, and some without. Take the description of ! the most eminent sort as follows.

Descript.] The great Horsetail at the first springing has heads somewhat like those of asparagus, and afterwards grow to be hard, rough, hollow stalks, jointed at sundry; of the lower parts in men and women. places up to the top, a foot high, so made as if the lower parts were put into the upper, where grow on each side a bush of small long rush-like hard leaves, each part countrymen, that I shall not need to write resembling a horsetail, from whence it is so; any description of them. called. At the tops of the stalks come forth small catkins, like those of trees. The and house-sides, and flowers in July. root creeps under ground, having joints at } sundry places.

hereof) grows in wet grounds.

solders together the tops of green wounds.

It cures all ruptures in children. The decoction thereof in wine being drank, provokes urine, and helps the stone and stranguary; and the distilled water thereof drank two or three times in a day, and a small quantity at a time, also eases the bowels, and is effectual against a cough that comes by distillations from the head. The junce or distilled water being warmed, and hot inflammations, pustules or red wheals, and other breakings-out in the skin, being bathed therewith, doth help them, and doth no less the swelling heat and inflammation

# HOUSELEEK OR SENGREEN

BOTH these are so well known to my

Place.] It grows commonly upon walls

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Jupiter, and it is reported by Mezaldus,

Place.] This (as most of the other sorts to preserve what it grows upon from fire and lightning. Our ordinary Houseleek is

good for all inward heats as well as out- which consist of small purplish red leaves women. It cools and restrains all other hot scent, as the leaves also do. inflammations, St. Anthony's fire, scald- Place. It grows in moist places of this ings and burnings, the shingles, fretting land, in waste grounds, and untilled places, ulcers, cankers, tettors, ringworms, and the by highway sides, lanes, and hedge-sides. like; and much cases the pains of the gout [ Time.] It flowers about May or June, proceeding from any hot cause. The juice and the seed is ripe shortly after. also takes away worts and corns in the Government and virtues.] It is a plant hands or feet, being often bathed therewith, under the dominion of Mercury. The root and the skin and leaves being laid on them is very effectually used in pills, as well as afterwards. It eases also the head-ache, the decoction, or otherwise, to stay all sharp and distempered heat of the brain in and thin defluxions of rheum from the head frenzies, or through want of sleep, being into the eyes or nose, or upon the stomach applied to the temples and forehead. The or lungs, as also for coughs and shortness leaves bruised and laid upon the crown or of breath. The leaves boiled in wine (saith seam of the head, stays bleeding at the nose Dioscorides, but others do rather appoint it very quickly. The distilled water of the to be made with water, and add thereto herb is profitable for all the purposes afore-joil and salt) molifies or opens the belly said. The leaves being gently rubbed on downwards. It also helps to cure the biting any place stung with nettles or bees, doth of a mad dog, some of the leaves being also quickly take away the pain.

# HOUND'S TONGUE.

Tongue has many long and somewhat as also for any place that is scalded or narrow, soft, hairy, darkish green leaves, { burnt ; the leaves bruised and laid to any lying on the ground, somewhat like unto green wound doth heal it up quickly: the Bugloss leaves, from among which rises root baked under the embers, wrapped in up a rough hairy stalk about two feet high, paste or wet paper, or in a wet double cloth, with some smaller leaves thereon, and and thereof a suppository made, and put branched at the tops into divers parts, with up into or applied to the fundament. doth a small leaf at the foot of every branch, every effectually help the painful piles or which is somewhat long, with many flowers hæmorrhoids. The distilled water of the set along the same, which branch is crooked therbs and roots is very good to all the puror turned inwards before it flowers, and poses aforesaid, to be used as well inwardly opens by degrees as the flowers blow, to drink, as outwardly to wash any sore

ward, and in the eyes or other parts of the of a dead colour, rising out of the husks body; a posset made with the juice of wherein they stand with some threads in Houseleek, is singularly good in all hot the middle. It has sometimes a white agues, for it cools and tempers the blood flower. After the flowers are past, there and spirits, and quenches the thirst; and comes rough flat seed, with a small pointle also good to stay all hot defluctions or sharp in the middle, easily cleaving to any garand salt rheums in the eyes, the juice being ment that it touches, and not so easily dropped into them, or into the ears. pulled off again. The root is black, thick, It helps also other fluxes of humours in the and long, hard to break, and full of clammy bowels, and the immoderate courses of juice, smelling somewhat strong, of an evil

applied to the wound : The leaves bruised,

or the juice of them boiled in hog's lard, and applied, helps falling away of the hair, Descript.] THE great ordinary Hound's which comes of hot and sharp humours;

place, for it heals all manner of wounds and a-piece, with many yellow threads in the punctures, and those foul ulcers that arise middle, which being bruised do yield a redby the French pox. Mizaldus adds that dish juice like blood; after which come the leaves laid under the feet, will keep the small round heads, wherein is contained dogs from barking at you. It is called small blackish seed smelling like rosin. Hound's-tongue, because it ties the tongues The root is hard and woody, with divers of hounds; whether true, or not, I never strings and fibres at it, of a brownish colour, tried, yet I cured the biting of a mad dog which abides in the ground many years, with this only medicine. shooting anew every Spring.

# HOLLY, HOLM, OR HULVER BUSH.

For to describe a tree so well known is sun. needless.

Saturnine. The berries expel wind, and end of July or August. therefore are held to be profitable in the Government and virtues.] It is under the cholic. The berries have a strong faculty celestial sign Leo, and the dominion of the with them; for if you eat a dozen of them Sun. It may be, if you meet a Papist, he in the morning fasting when they are ripe; will tell you, especially if he be a lawyer, and not dried, they purge the body of gross that St. John made it over to him by a and clammy phlegm: but if you dry the letter of attorney. It is a singular wound berries, and beat them into powder, they herb; boiled in wine and drank, it heals bind the body, and stop fluxes, bloody-inward hurts or bruises; made into an oint-fluxes, and the terms in women. The bark ment, it open obstructions, dissolves swellof the tree, and also the leaves, are excel-jings, and closes up the lips of wounds. The lently good, being used in fomentations for decoction of the herb and flowers, especibroken bones, and such members as are out ally of the seed, being drank in wine, with of joint. Pliny saith, the branches of the the juice of knot-grass, helps all manner of tree defend houses from lightning, and men vomiting and spitting of blood, is good for from witchcraft.

# ST. JOHN'S WORT.

shoots forth brownish, upright, hard, round ! The decoction of the leaves and seeds stalks, two feet high, spreading many drank somewhat warm before the fits of branches from the sides up to the tops of agues, whether they be tertains or quartans, them, with two small leaves set one against alters the fits, and, by often using, doth another at every place, which are of a deep take them quite away. The seed is much green colour, somewhat like the leaves of commended, being drank for forty days the lesser Centaury, but narrow, and full of together, to help the sciatica, the falling. small holes in every leaf, which cannot be sickness, and the palsy. so well perceived, as when they are held up to the light; at the tops of the stalks and branches stand yellow flowers of five leaves ! IT is so well known to every child

Place.] This grows in woods and copses, as well those that are shady, as open to the

Time.] They flower about Midsummer Government and virtues.] The tree is and July, and their seed is ripe in the latter

those that are bitten or stung by any venomous creature, and for those that cannot make water. Two drams of the seed of THIS is a very beautiful shrub, and is St. John's Wort made into powder, and a great ornament to our meadows. drank in a little broth, doth gently expel Descript.] Common St. John's Wort choler or congealed blood in the stomach.

almost, to grow in woods upon the trees, and nose, and curing the ulcers and stench and upon the stone walls of churches, therein ; the same dropped into the ears, houses, &c. and sometimes to grow alone of helps the old and running sores of them ; itself, though but seldom.

dominion of Saturn. A pugil of the flowers, into such a cup, will soak through it, by which may be about a dram, (saith Diosco- reason of the antipathy that is between corides) drank twice a day in red wine, them.

helps the lask, and bloody flux. It is an There seems to be a very great antipathy enemy to the nerves and sinews, being between wine and lvy; for if one hath got the jaundice; and taken before one be set; bruised, have been boiled. to drink hard, preserves from drunkenness,

and helps those that spit blood; and that JUNIPER BUSH. the white berries being taken inwardly, or For to give a description of a bush so applied outwardly, kills the worms in the commonly known is needless.

belly. The berries are a singular remedy Place.] They grow plentifully in divers to prevent the plague, as also to free them woods in Kent, Warney common near from it that have got it, by drinking the Brentwood in Essex, upon Finchley Comberries thereof made into a powder, for two mon without Highgate; hard by the Newor three days together. They being taken found Wells near Dulwich, upon a Common in wine, do certainly help to break the between Mitcham and Croydon, in the stone, provoke urine, and women's courses. Highgate near Amersham in Buckingham-The fresh leaves of Ivy, boiled in vinegar, shire, and many other places. and applied warm to the sides of those that *Time*. The berries are not ripe the first are troubled with the spleen, ache, or stitch year, but continue green two Summers and in the sides, do give much ease: The same one Winter before they are ripe; at which applied with some Rosewater, and oil of time they are all of a black colour, and Roses, to the temples and forehead, eases therefore you shall always find upon the the head-ache, though it be of long con- bush green berries; the berries are ripe tinuance. The fresh leaves boiled in wine, about the fall of the leaf. and old filthy ulcers hard to be cured Government and virtues.] This admirable washed therewith, do wonderfully help to solar shrub is scarce to be paralleled for its cleanse them. It also quickly heals green virtues. The berries are hot in the third wounds, and is effectual to heal all burnings degree, and dry but in the first, being a juice of the berries or leaves snuffed up into of venomous beasts, they provoke urine the nose, purges the head and brain of thin exceedingly, and therefore are very avail-

elf, though but seldom. *Time.*] It flowers not until July, and shall find much ease by continual drinking the berries are not ripe till Christmas, when out of a cup made of Ivy, so as the drink they have felt Winter frosts. I may stand some small time therein before Government and virtues.] It is under the it be drank. Cato saith, That wine put

much taken inwardly, but very helpful a surfeit by drinking of wine, his speediest to them, being outwardly applied. Pliny cure is to drink a draught of the same wine saith, the yellow berries are good against wherein a handful of Ivy leaves, being first

# JUNIPER BUSH.

and scaldings, and all kinds of exulcera- most admirable counter-poison, and as great tions coming thereby, or by salt phlegm or a resister of the pestilence, as any growing ; humours in other parts of the body. The they are excellent good against the bitings rheum that makes defluxions into the eyes able to dysuries and stranguaries. It is so

the very lye made of the ashes of the herb somewhat long, and divided at the edges : being drank, cures the disease. It provokes the tops are somewhat divided into long the terms, helps the fits of the mother, branches, bearing a number of flowers, set strengthens the stomach exceedingly, and round about a long spike one above another, expels the wind. Indeed there is scarce a which are hollow and like a little bell of a better remedy for wind in any part of the whitish green colour, after which come body, or the cholic, than the chymical oil small heads, containing very small brownish drawn from the berries; such country seed, which falling on the ground, will people as know not how to draw the chy-plentifully spring up before Winter, if it mical oil, may content themselves by cating have moisture. The root is round and most ten or a dozen of the ripe berries every usually smooth, greyish without, and white morning fasting. They are admirably good within, having small fibres at the head of for a cough, shortness of breath, and con- the root, and bottom of the stalk. sumption, pains in the belly, ruptures, Place.] It grows very plentifully in cramps, and convulsions. They give safe many places of this land, but especially in and speedy delivery to women with child, all the west parts thereof, upon stone and they strengthen the brain exceedingly, help mud walls, upon rocks also, and in stony the memory, and fortify the sight by places upon the ground, at the bottom of strengthening the optic nerves; are excel- old trees, and sometimes on the bodies of lently good in all sorts of agues; help the them that are decayed and rotten. gout and sciatica, and strengthen the limbs [ Time.] It usually flowers in the beginof the body. The ashes of the wood is a ning of May, and the seed ripening quickly speedy remedy to such as have the scurvy, after, sheds itself; so that about the end or to rub their gums with. The berries stay May, usually the stalks and leaves are all fluxes, help the hæmorrhoids or piles, withered, dry, and gone until September, and kill worms in children. A lye made then the leaves spring up again, and so of the ashes of the wood, and the body abide all winter. bathed with it, cures the itch, scabs and Government and virtues.] Venus challeprosy. The berries break the stone, lenges the herb under Libra. The juice procure appetite when it is lost, and are or the distilled water being drank, is very excellently good for all palsies, and falling- effectual for all inflammations and unnatural sickness.

# OR WALL PENNYWORT.

Descript.] It has many thick, flat, and outward heats. The said juice or water round leaves growing from the root, every helps to heal sore kidneys, torn or fretted one having a long footstalk, fastened un-; by the stone, or exulcerated within; it also derneath, about the middle of it, and a provokes urine, is available for the dropsy, little unevenly weaved sometimes about the and helps to break the stone. Being used edges, of a pale green colour, and some-jas a bath, or made into an ointment, it what yellow on the upper side like a sau- cools the painful piles or hæmorrhoida. cer; from among which arise one or more veins. It is no less effectual to give ease tender, smooth, hollow stalks half a foot to the pains of the gout, the sciatica, and

powerful a remedy against the dropsy, that on, usually not round as those below, but

heats, to cool a fainting hot stomach, a hot liver, or the bowels : the herb, juice, or dis-KIDNEYWORF, OR WALL PENNYROYAL, tilled water thereof, outwardly applied, heals pimples, St. Anthony's fire, and other high, with two or three small leaves there- helps the kernels or knots in the neck or

throat, called the king's evil: healing kibes i of the herb and roots in wine, and applying and chilblains if they be bathed with the the same outwardly to the place. It is juice, or anointed with ointment made singularly good in all running sores, canthereof, and some of the skin of the leaf cerous and fistulous, drying up of the moisupon them: it is also used in green wounds ture, and healing them up so gently, withto stay the blood, and to heal them quickly. out sharpness; it doth the like to running

# KNAPWEED.

Descript.] THE common sort hereof excellently good to stay bleeding, and heal has many long and somewhat dark green up all green wounds. leaves, rising from the root, dented about

the edges, and sometimes a little rent or torn on both sides in two or three places, and somewhat hairy withal; amongst needs no description. which arises a long round stalk, four or five feet high, divided into many branches, at this land by the highway sides, and by

the tops whereof stand great scaly green foot-paths in fields; as also by the sides of heads, and from the middle of them thrust old walls. forth a number of dark purplish red thrumbs or threads, which after they are withered and abides until the Winter, when all the and past, there are found divers black branches perish. seeds, lying in a great deal of down, some- ; Government and virtues.] Saturn seems

the root is white, hard and woody, and divers the Sun; out of doubt 'tis Saturn. The fibres annexed thereunto, which perishes juice of the common kind of Knotgrass not, but abides with leaves thereon all the is most effectual to stay bleeding of the Winter, shooting out fresh every spring. mouth, being drank in steeled or red wine ;

dows, and about their borders and hedges, to the forehead or temples, or to be squirted and in many waste grounds also every up into the nostrils. It is no less effectual where.

July, and the seed is ripe shortly after. { blood and humours, as lasks, bloody-flux,

Government and virtues.] Saturn chal- women's courses, and running of the reins. lenges the herb for his own. This Knap- It is singularly good to provoke urine, help weed helps to stay fluxes, both of blood at the stranguary, and allays the heat that the mouth or nose, or other outward parts, comes thereby; and is powerful by urine and those veins that are inwardly broken, to expel the gravel or stone in the kidneys or inward wounds, as also the fluxes of the and bladder, a dram of the powder of belly; it stays distillation of thin and sharp the herb being taken in wine for many humours from the head upon the stomach days together. Being boiled in wine and and lungs; it is good for those that are drank, it is profitable to those that are stung bruised by any fall, blows or otherwise, and for bitten by venemous creatures, and very is profitable for those that are bursten, and effectual to stay all defluxions of rheumatic have ruptures, by drinking the decoction humours upon the stomach, and kills worms

sores or scabs of the head or other parts. It is of special use for the soreness of the throat, swelling of the uvula and jaws, and

# KNOTGRASS.

It is generally known so well that it

Place.] It grows in every county of

Time.] It springs up late in the Spring,

what like unto Thistle seed, but smaller; to me to own the herb, and yet some hold Place.] It grows in most fields and mea- and the bleeding at the nose, to be applied to cool and temper the heat of the blood Time.] It usually flowers in June and and stomach, and to stay any flux of the

PLATE II.



Knapweed



Lady's Manile



Ladysmock



Sea Lavender



Water Lily



Loosestrife or Willowherh Univ Calif Digitized by Microsoft B Lily of the Valley

in the belly or stomach, quiets inward pains { Time.] It flowers in May and June, that arise from the heat, sharpness and cor- abides after seedtime green all the Winter ruption of blood and choler. The distilled Government and virtues.] Venus claims water hereof taken by itself or with the the herb as her own. Ladies' Mantle it powder of the herb or seed, is very effectual very proper for those wounds that have into all the purposes aforesaid, and is ac- i flammations, and is very effectual to stay counted one of the most sovereign remedies bleeding, vomitings, fluxes of all sorts, to cool all manner of inflammations, break- bruises by falls or otherwise, and helps ruping out through heat, hot swellings and tures; and such women as have large imposthumes, gangrene and fistulous can- breasts, causing them to grow less and hard kers, or foul filthy ulcers, being applied being both drank and outwardly applied; or put into them; but especially for all; the distilled water drank for 20 days togesorts of ulcers and sores happening in the ther helps conception, and to retain the privy parts of men and women. It helps { birth; if the women do sometimes also sit in all fresh and green wounds, and speedily a bath made of the decoction of the herb. heals them. The juice dropped into the it is one of the most singular wound herbs ears, cleanses them being foul, and having that is, and therefore highly prized and running matter in them.

also for broken joints and ruptures.

# LADIES' MANTLE.

Descript.] It has many leaves rising from the root standing upon long hairy foot-stalks, being almost round, and a little cut on the edges, into eight or ten parts, to remain behind, and cures all old sores, making it seem like a star, with so many corners and points, and dented round about, of a light green colour, somewhat hard in handling, and as it were folded or plaited at first, and then crumpled in divers places, and a little hairy, as the stalk is also, which rises up among them to the height of two or three feet; and being weak, is not able to stand upright, but bended to the ground, divided at the top into two or three small the herb; and it carries his effects very popranches, with small yellowish green heads, and flowers of a whitish colour breaking out of them; which being past, there comes a small yellowish seed like a poppy seed: 200 The root is somewhat long and black, with many strings and fibres thereat.

tures and wood sides in Hertfordshire, from obstructions, provokes women's courses, Wiltshire, and Kent, and other places of and expels the dead child and after-birth. this land.

praised by the Germans, who use it in all It is very prevalent for the premises ; as wounds inward and outward, to drink a decoction thereof, and wash the wounds therewith, or dip tents therein, and put them into the wounds, which wonderfully dries up all humidity of the sores, and abates inflammations therein. It quickly heals all green wounds, not suffering any corruption though fistulous and hollow.

# LAVENDER.

BEING an inhabitant almost in every garden, it is so well known, that it needs no description.

Time.] It flowers about the end of June, and beginning of July.

Government and virtues.] Mercury owns tently. Lavender is of a special good use for all the griefs and pains of the head and brain that proceed of a cold cause, as the apoplexy, falling-sickness, the dropsy, or sluggish malady, cramps, convulsions, palsies, and often faintings. It strengthens Place.] It grows naturally in many pas- the stomach, and frees the liver and spleen The 'flowers of Lavender steeped in wine,

or are troubled with the wind or cholic, if small white threads from whence spring up the place be bathed therewith. A decoc- divers long stalks of winged leaves, consisttion made with the flowers of Lavender, ing of round, tender, dark, green leaves, Hore-hound, Fennel and Asparagus root, set one against another upon a middle rib, and a little Cinnamon, is very profitably the greatest being at the end, amongst used to help the falling-sickness, and the which arise up divers tender, weak, round, giddiness or turning of the brain: to gar- green stalks, somewhat streaked, with lon-gle the mouth with the decoction thereof ger and smaller leaves upon them; on the is good spoonfuls of the distilled water of the Stock Gilliflowers, but rounder, and not so flowers taken, helps them that have lost long, of a blushing white colour; the seed their voice, as also the tremblings and pas- is reddish, and grows to small branches, sions of the heart, and faintings and swoon- being of a sharp biting taste, and so has the ing, not only being drank, but applied to herb. the temples, or nostrils to be smelled unto; but it is not safe to use it where the body is near to brooksides. replete with blood and humours, because of the hot and subtile spirits wherewith it is and the lower leaves continue green all the possessed. The chymical oil drawn from Winter. Lavender, usually called Oil of Spike, is of Government and virtues.] They are under so fierce and piercing a quality, that it is the dominion of the Moon, and very little cautiously to be used, some few drops being inferior to Water Cresses in all their operasufficient, to be given with other things, tions; they are excellently good for the either for inward or outward griefs.

# LAVENDER-COTTON.

IT being a common garden herb, I shall forbear the description, only take notice, that it flowers in June and July.

Government and virtues.] It is under the dominion of Mercury. It resists poison, putrefaction, and heals the biting of venomous beasts : A dram of the powder of the dried leaves taken every morning fasting, stops the running of the reins in men, and whites in women. The seed beaten into powder, and taken as worm-seed, kills the worms, not only in children, but also in people of riper years; the like doth the herb itself, being steeped in milk, and the milk drank; the body bathed with the decoction of it, helps scabs and itch.

# LADIES-SMOCK, OR CUCKOW-FLOWER.

sides of most meadows.

helps them to make water that are stopped, Descript.] The root is composed of many against the tooth-ache. Two tops of which stand flowers, almost like the

Place.] They grow in moist places, and

Time.] They flower in April and May,

scurvy, they provoke urine, and break the stone, and excellently warm a cold and weak stomach, restoring lost appetite, and help digestion.

# LETTUCE.

It is so well known, being generally used as a Sallad-herb, that it is altogether needless to write any description thereof.

Government and virtues.] The Moon owns them, and that is the reason they cool and moisten what heat and drvness Mars causeth, because Mars has his fall in Cancer; and they cool the heat because the Sun rules it, between whom and the Moon is a reception in the generation of men, as you may see in my Guide for Women. The juice of Lettuce mixed or boiled with Oil of Roses, applied to the forchead and temples procures sleep, and eases the head-THIS is a very pretty ornament to the ache proceeding of an hot cause: Being eaten boiled, it helps to loosen the belly.

It helps digestion, quenches thirst, in-great pools, and standing waters, and somecreases milk in nurses, eases griping pains in times in slow running rivers, and lesser the stomach or bowels, that come of choler. ditches of water, in sundry places of this Applied outwardly to the region of the land.

heart, liver or reins, or by bathing the said Time.] They flower most commonly places with the juice of distilled water, about the end of May, and their seed is wherein some white Sanders, or red Roses ripe in August.

are put; not only represses the heat and inflammations therein, but comforts and under the dominion of the Moon, and therestrengthens those parts, and also tempers fore cools and moistens like the former. the heat of urine. Galen advises old men The leaves and flowers of the Water Lilies to use it with spice; and where spices are are cold and moist, but the roots and seeds wanting, to add Mints, Rochet, and such are cold and dry; the leaves do cool all like hot herbs, or else Citron Lemon, or inflammations, both outward and inward Orange seeds, to abate the cold of one and heat of agues; and so doth the flowers heat of the other. The seed and distilled also, either by the syrup or conserve; water of the Lettuce work the same effects the syrup helps much to procure rest, in all things; but the use of Lettuce is and to settle the brain of frantic perchiefly forbidden to those that are short-isons, by cooling the hot distemperature winded, or have any imperfection in the of the head. The seed as well as the root lungs, or spit blood.

# WATER LILY.

kinds, viz. the White and the Yellow.

large and thick dark green leaves lying on sharp, to be boiled in wine and water, and the water, sustained by long and thick the decoction drank. The distilled water foot-stalks, that arise from a great, thick, of the flowers is very effectual for all the round, and long tuberous plack root diseases aforesaid, both inwardly taken, spongy or loose, with many knobs thereon, and outwardly applied; and is much comgreen on the outside, but as white as snow mended to take away freckles, spots, sunwithin, consisting of divers rows of long burn, and morphew from the face, or other and somewhat thick and narrow leaves, parts of the body. The oil made of the smaller and thinner the more inward they flowers, as oil of Roses is made, is profitably be, encompassing a head with many yel-used to cool hot tumours, and to ease the low threads or thrums in the middle; where, pains, and help the sores. after they are past, stand round Poppy-like heads, full of broad oily and bitter seed.

The yellow kind is little different from the former, save only that it has fewer and Lily Confancy. leaves on the flowers, greater and more shining seed, and a whitish root, both with-far in the ground, as grass roots do. The in and without. The root of both is some- { leaves are many, against which rises up a what sweet in taste.

Government and virtues.] The herb is is effectual to stay fluxes of blood or

humours, either of wounds or of the belly; but the roots are most used, and more ef-

OF these there are two principally noted fectual to cool, bind, and restrain all fluxes in man or woman. The root is likewise Descript.] The White Lily has very very good for those whose urine is hot and

# LILY OF THE VALLEY.

CALLED also Conval Lily, Male Lily,

Descript.] The root is small, and creeps stalk half a foot high, with many white Place.] They are found growing in flowers, like little bells with turned edges

of a strong, though pleasing smell; the birth. The root roasted, and mixed with a berries are red, not much unlike those of little hog's grease, makes a gallant poultice to tipen and break plague-sores. The Asparagus.

Place.] They grow plentifully upon ointment is excellently good for swellings Hampstead-Heath, and many other places in the privities, and will cure burnings and in this nation.

Time.] They flower in May, and the blank place with hair. seed is ripe in September.

Government und virtues.] It is under the dominion of Mercury, and therefore it Descript.] OUR English Liquorice rises strengthens the brain, recruits a weak up with divers woody stalks, whereon are memory, and makes it strong again: The set at several distances many narrow, long, distilled water dropped into the eyes, helps green leaves, set together on both sides of inflammations there; as also that infirmity; the stalk, and an odd one at the end, very which they call a pin and web. The spirit well resembling a young ash tree sprung up of the flowers distilled in wine, restores lost; from the seed. This by many years conspeech, helps the palsy, and is excellently tinuance in a place without removing, and good in the apoplexy, comforts the heart; not else, will bring forth flowers, many and vital spirits. Gerrard saith, that the standing together spike fashion, one above flowers being close stopped up in a glass, another upon the stalk, of the form of pease put into an ant-hill, and taken away again blossoms, but of a very pale blue colour, a month after, ye shall find a liquor in the which turn into long, somewhat flat and glass, which, being outwardly applied, helps; smooth cods, wherein is contained a small. the gout.

# WHITE LILIES.

commonly known in every one's garden; roots all about, whereby it is much increastherefore I shall not tell you what they are, but what they are good for.

Government and virtues.] They are under the dominion of the Moon, and by anti-idens, in divers places of this land, and pathy to Mars expel poison; they are ex-; thereof good profit is made. cellently good in pestilential fevers, the Government and virtues.] It is under the roots being bruised and boiled in wine, and dominion of Mercury. Liquorice boiled the decoction drank; for it expels the in fair water, with some Maiden-hair and venom to the exterior parts of the body: figs, makes a good drink for those that have The juice of it being tempered with barley a dry cough or hoarseness, wheezing or meal, baked, and so eaten for ordinary shortness of breath, and for all the griefs of bread, is an excellent cure for the dropsy: the breast and lungs, phthisic or consump-An ointment made of the root, and hog's tions caused by the distillation of salt grease, is excellently good for scald heads, humours on them. It is also good in all unites the sinews when they are cut, and pains of the reins, the stranguary, and heat cleanses ulcers. convenient decoction, gives speedy delivery; blown through a quill into the eyes that to women in travail, and expels the after- have a pin and web (as they call it) or

scaldings without a scar, and trimly deck a

# LIQUORICE.

round, hard seed : The roots run down exceeding deep into the ground, with divers other small roots and fibres growing with It were in vain to describe a plant so them, and shoot out suckers from the main ed, of a brownish colour on the outside, and vellow within.

*Place.*] It is planted in fields and gar-

The root boiled in any of urine: The fine powder of Liquorice Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

rheumatic distillations in them, doth cleanse; to the tops into great and long branches, and help them. The juice of Liquorice is on all which, at the joints, there grow long as effectual in all the diseases of the breast and narrow leaves, but broader below, and and lungs, the reins and bladder, as the usually two at a joint, yet sometimes three decoction. The juice distilled in Rose-jor four, somewhat like willow leaves, smooth water, with some Gum Tragacanth, is a fine on the edges, and of a fair green colour licking medicine for hoarseness, wheez-; from the upper joints of the branches, and ing, &c.

# LIVERWORT.

upwards of three hundred different kinds cornered seeds : the root creeps under of Liverwort.

close, and spreads much upon the ground which afterwards grow up into stalks. It in moist and shady places, with many small has no scent or taste, and is only astringent. green leaves, or rather (as it were) sticking flat to one another, very unevenly cut in on land in moist meadows, and by water sides. the edges, and crumpled; from among Time.] It flowers from June to August. which arise small slender stalks, an inch or Government and virtues.] This herb is two high at most, bearing small star-like good for all manner of bleeding at the flowers at the top; the roots are very fine mouth, nose, or wounds, and all fluxes of and small.

dominion of Jupiter, and under the sign the abundance of women's courses; it is a Cancer. It is a singularly good herb for singular good wound-herb for green wounds, all the diseases of the liver, both to cool to stay the bleeding, and quickly close and cleanse it, and helps the inflammations together the lips of the wound, if the herb in any part, and the yellow jaundice like- be bruised, and the juice only applied. It wise. Being bruised and boiled in small is often used in gargles for sore mouths, as beer, and drank, it cools the heat of the also for the secret parts. The smoak hereliver and kidneys, and helps the running of of being bruised, drives away flies and the reins in men, and the whites in women ; gnats, which in the night time molest people it is a singular remedy to stay the spreading inhabiting near marshes, and in the fenny of tetters, ringworms, and other fretting and countries. running sores and scabs, and is an excellent remedy for such whose livers are corrupted LOOSESTRIFE, WITH SPIKED HEADS OF by surfeits, which cause their bodies to? FLOWERS. break out, for it fortifies the liver exceedingly, and makes it impregnable.

# LOOSESTRIFE OR WILLOW-HERB.

grows to be four or five feet high, or more, and a greener colour than the former, with great round stalks, a little crested, and some brownish. The stalks are branched

at the tops of them also stand many yellow flowers of five leaves a-piece, with divers yellow threads in the middle, which turn THERE are, according to some botanists, into small round heads, containing small Liverwort. Descript.] Common Liverwort grows and shoots up every Spring brownish heads

Place.] It grows in many places of this

the belly, and the bloody-flux, given either Government and virtues.] It is under the to drink or taken by clysters; it stays also

It is likewise called Grass-polly.

Descript.] This grows with many woody square stalks, full of joints, about three feet high at least; at every one whereof Descript.] Common yellow Loosestrife stand two long leaves, shorter, narrower, diversly branched from the middle of them into many long stems of spiked flowers half

a foot long, growing in bundles one above the place covered with a linen cloth doubled another, out of small husks, very like the and anointed with the ointment; and this spiked heads of Lavender, each of which is also an approved medicine. It likewise flowers have five round-pointed leaves of a cleanses and heals all foul ulcers, and sores purple violet colour, or somewhat inclining whatsoever, and stays their inflaminations to redness; in which husks stand small by washing them with the water, and layround heads after the flowers are fallen, ing on them a green leaf or two in the wherein is contained small seed. The root Summer, or dry leaves in the Winter. This creeps under ground like unto the yellow, water, gargled warm in the mouth, and but is greater than it, and so are the heads sometimes drank also, doth cure the quinsy, of the leaves when they first appear out of or king's evil in the throat. The said the ground, and more brown than the water applied warm, takes away all spots, other.

ditch-sides in wet ground, as about the treme. ditches at and near Lambeth, and in many places of this land.

and July.

of the Moon, and under the sign Cancer; and greater, every leaf being cut about the neither do I know a better preserver of the edges, broadest forward, and smallest at the sight when it is well, nor a better cure for stalk, of a sad green colour, smooth and sore eyes than Eyebright, taken inwardly, shining; from among which rise up sundry and this used outwardly; it is cold in quality. strong, hollow green stalks, five or six, This herb is nothing inferior to the for-sometimes seven or eight feet high, full of mer, it having not only all the virtues which joints, but lesser leaves set on them than the former hath, but more peculiar virtues grow below; and with them towards the of its own, found out by experience; as, tops come forth large branches, bearing at namely, The distilled water is a present their tops large umbels of yellow flowers, remedy for hurts and blows on the eyes, and after them flat brownish seed. The and for blindness, so as the Christalline roots grow thick, great and deep, spreading humours be not perished or hurt; and this much, and enduring long, of a brownish hath been sufficiently proved true by the colour on the outside, and whitish within. experience of a man of judgment, who kept? The whole plant and every part of it smellit long to himself as a great secret. It ing strong, and aromatically, and is of a clears the eyes of dust, or any thing gotten hot, sharp, biting taste. into them, and preserves the sight. It is Place. It is usually planted in gardens, also very available against wounds and where, if it be suffered, it grows huge and thrusts, being made into an 'ointment in great. this manner: To every ounce of the water, add two drams of May butter without salt, and seeds in August. and of sugar and wax, of each as much; Government and virtues.] It is an herb

marks, and scabs in the skin; and a little Place.] It grows usually by rivers, and of it drank, quenches thirst when it is ex-

# LOVAGE.

Time.] It flowers in the months of June Descript. | IT has many long and green stalks of large winged leaves, divided into Government and virtues.] It is an herb many parts, like Smallage, but much larger

*Time.*] It flowers in the end of July,

also; let them boil gently together. Let of the Sun, under the sign Taurus. If tents dipped into the liquor that remains Saturn offend the throat (as he always doth after it is cold, be put into the wounds, and if he be occasioner of the malady, and in Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

- -



+ 4.



Lungwort



Loosestrife or Wood Willow-herb



Maidenhair



Marigold

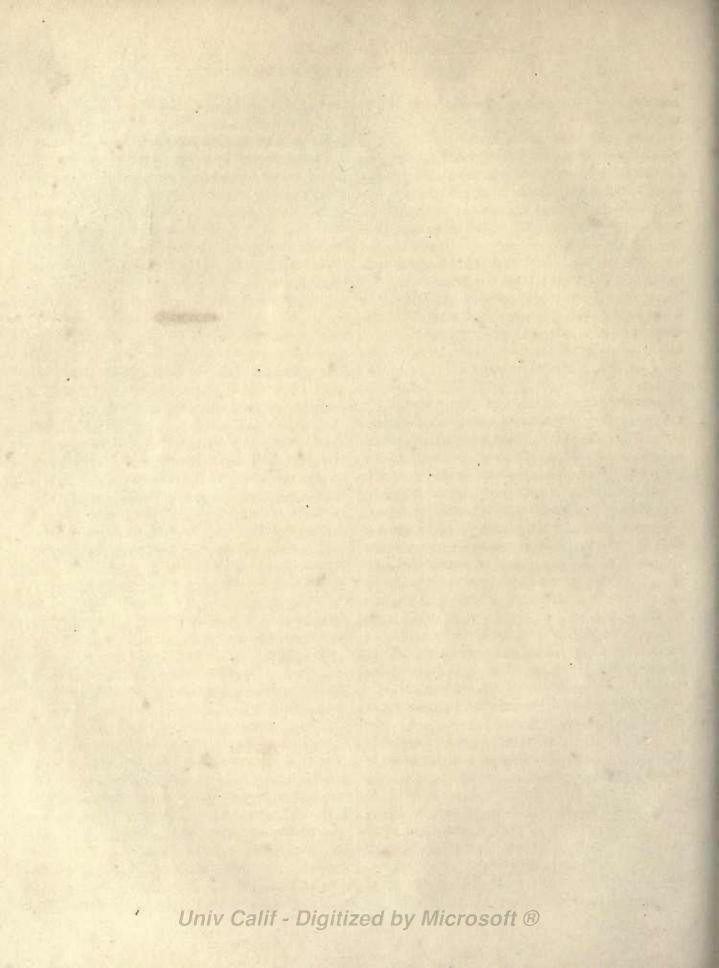


Field Madder



Marsh Mallow





Taurus is the Genesis) this is your cure. is an excellent remedy boiled in beer for It opens, cures and digests humours, and broken-winded horses.

# mightily provokes women's courses and urine. Half a dram at a time of the dried ; root in powder taken in wine, doth wonder- Descript.] GARDEN Madder shoots fully warm a cold stomach, helps digestion, forth many very long, weak, four-square, the pleurisy, being drank three or four while it is fresh, spreading divers ways. times. takes away the redness or dimness of them; or larger fields, for the profit that is made it likewise takes away spots or freckles in thereof. the face. The leaves bruised, and fried with a little hog's lard, and put hot to any Summer, and the seed is ripe quickly after. blotch or boil, will quickly break it.

## LUNGWORT.

grows on sundry sorts of trees, especially opening the obstructions of the liver and oaks and beeches, with broad, greyish, gall, and cleansing those parts; it opens tough leaves diversly folded, crumpled, and also the obstructions of the spleen, and gashed in on the edges, and some spotted diminishes the melancholy humour. It is also with many small spots on the upper-available for the palsy and sciatica, and side. It was never seen to bear any stalk effectual for bruises inward and outward, or flower at any time.

Government and virtues.] Jupiter seems drinks. The root for all those aforesaid to own this herb. It is of great use to purposes, is to be boiled in wine or water, physicians to help the diseases of the lungs, as the cause requires, and some honey and and for coughs, wheezings, and shortness of sugar put thereunto afterwards. The seed breath, which it cures both in man and hereof taken in vinegar and honey, helps beast. It is very profitable to put into the swelling and hardness of the spleen. lotions that are taken to stay the moist. The decoction of the leaves and branches humours that flow to ulcers, and hinder is a good fomentation for women that have their healing, as also to wash all other ulcers not their courses. The leaves and roots in the privy parts of a man or woman. It beaten and applied to any part that is dis-

#### MADDER.

and consumes all raw and superfluous reddish stalks, trailing on the ground a moisture therein; eases all inward gripings great way, very rough or hairy, and full of and pains, dissolves wind, and resists poison joints: At every one of these joints come and infection. It is a known and much forth divers long and narrow leaves, standpraised remedy to drink the decoction of ing like a star about the stalks, round also the herb for any sort of ague, and to help and hairy, towards the tops whereof come the pains and torments of the body and forth many small pale yellow flowers, after bowels coming of cold. The seed is effec- which come small round heads, green at tual to all the purposes aforesaid (except first, and reddish afterwards, but black. the last) and works more powerfully. The when they are ripe, wherein is contained distilled water of the herb helps the quinsy the seed. The root is not very great, but in the throat, if the mouth and throat be exceeding long, running down half a man's gargled and washed therewith, and helps length into the ground, red and very clear,

Being dropped into the eyes, it Place.] It is only manured in gardens,

Time.] It flowers towards the end of

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Mars. It hath an opening quality, and afterwards to bind and strengthen. It is a Descript.] This is a kind of moss, that sure remedy for the yellow jaundice, by

and is therefore much used in vulnerary

coloured with freckles, morphew, the white with the cough, shortness of breath, the scurf, or any such deformity of the skin, yellow jaundice, diseases of the spleen, cleanses thoroughly, and takes them away. stopping of urine, and helps exceedingly to

## MAIDEN HAIR.

doth, from a number of hard black fibres, both bleedings and fluxes of the stomach send forth a great many blackish shining and belly, especially when the herb is dry; brittle stalks, hardly a span long, in many for being green, it loosens the belly, and not half so long, on each side set very thick voids choler and phlegm from the stomach with small, round, dark green leaves, and ; and liver; it cleanses the lungs, and by spitted on the back of them like a fern.

the West parts in Kent, and divers other of Camomile, dissolves knots, allays swellplaces of this land; it delights likewise to ; grow by springs, wells, and rocky moist and shady places, and is always green.

## WALL RUE, OR, WHITE MAIDEN-HAIR.

Descript. ] THIS has very fine, pale green stalks, almost as fine as hairs, set confusedly with divers pale green leaves on every short foot stalk, somewhat near unto the colour of garden Rue, and not much differing in in all diseases of the head, or falling and form but more diversly cut in on the edges, and thicker, smooth on the upper part, for all the aforementioned diseases : And and spotted finely underneath.

land, at Dartford, and the bridge at Ash-; children. ford in Kent, at Beaconsfield in Buckinghamshire, at Wolly in Huntingtonshire, on ; Framlingham Castle in Suffolk, on the church walls at Mayfield in Sussex, in and I shall say no more but only describe Somersetshire, and divers other places of it to you, and for the virtues refer you to this land; and is green in Winter as well as; the former, since whatever is said of them, Summer.

Government and virtues.] Both this and the former are under the dominion of red hairs, to make up the form of leaves Mercury, and so is that also which follows growing about the ground from the root; after, and the virtue of both are so near and in the middle of them, in Summer, rise alike, that though I have described them small stalks of the same colour, set with very and their places of growing severally, yet fine yellowish green hairs on them, and I shall in writing the virtues of them, join bearing a small gold, yellow head, less them both together as follows.

being drank, helps those that are troubled ? Place.] It grows in bogs and moorish

break the stone in the kidneys, (in all which

diseases the Wall Rue is also very effectual.) Descript.] Our common Maiden-Hair It provokes women's courses, and stays rectifying the blood, causes a good colour Place.] It grows upon old stone walls in to the whole body. The herb boiled in oil ings, and dries up moist ulcers. The lye made thereof is singularly good to cleanse the head from scurf, and from dry and running sores, stays the falling or shedding of the hair, and causes it to grow thick, fair, and well coloured; for which purpose some boil it in wine, putting some Smallage seed thereto, and afterwards some oil. The Wall Rue is as effectual as Maiden-Hair, recovering of the hair again, and generally besides, the powder of it taken in drink for Place.] It grows in many places of this forty days together, helps the burstings in Summer.

## GOLDEN MAIDEN HAIR

To the former give me leave to add this, may be also said of this.

Descript.] It has many small, brownish, than a wheat corn, standing in a great The decoction of the herb Maiden-Hair husk. The root is very small and thready.

## AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED

Hampstead Heath, and elsewhere.

## MALLOWS AND MARSHMALLOWS.

known that they need no description.

soft hairy white stalks, rising to be three or continued taking for some time together. four feet high, spreading forth many The leaves and roots work the same effects. branches, the leaves whereof are soft and They help much also in the excoriations of hairy, somewhat less than the other Mallow the bowels, and hardness of the mother. leaves, but longer pointed, cut (for the most and in all hot and sharp diseases thereof. part) into some few divisions, but deep. The juice drank in wine, or the decoction The flowers are many, but smaller also than of them therein, do help women to a speedy the other Mallows, and white, or tending to and easy delivery. Pliny saith, that whoa bluish colour. After which come such soever takes a spoonful of any of the Mallong, round cases and seeds, as in the other lows, shall that day be free from all diseases Mallows. The roots are many and long, that may come unto him; and that it is shooting from one head, of the bigness of a specially good for the falling-sickness. The thumb or finger, very pliant, tough, and syrup also and conserve made of the flowers, being like liquorice, of a whitish yellow are very effectual for the same diseases, colour on the outside, and more whitish and to open the body, being costive. The within, full of a slimy juice, which being leaves bruised, and laid to the eyes with laid in water, will thicken, as if it were a a little honey, take away the imposthumajelly.

every county of this land. The common the like, presently take away the pain, Marsh-mallows in most of the salt marshes, redness, and swelling that rise thereupon. from Woolwich down to the sea, both on And Dioscorides saith, The decoction of the Kentish and Essex shores, and in divers the roots and leaves helps all sorts of poison, other places of this land.

months, even until the Winter do pull them boiled and bruised, with some bean or bardown.

them both. The leaves of either of the and inflammations, or imposthumes, or sorts, both specified, and the roots also swellings of the privities, and other parts, boiled in wine or water, or in broth with and eases the pains of them; as also against Parsley or Fennel roots, do help to open the the hardness of the liver or spleen, being body, and are very convenient in hot agues, applied to the places. The juice of Malor other distempers of the body, to apply lows boiled in old oil and applied, takes the leaves so boiled warm to the belly. It away all roughness of the skin, as also the not only voids hot, choleric, and other scurf, dandriff, or dry scabs in the head, or offensive humours, but eases the pains and other parts, if they be anointed therewith, torments of the belly coming thereby; and or washed with the decoction, and preserves

places, and also on dry shady places, as to those purposes. The same used by nurses procures them store of milk. The decoction of the seed of any of the common Mallows made in milk or wine, doth mar-COMMON Mallows are generally so well vellously help excoriations, the phthisic, pleurisy, and other diseases of the chest and

Our common Marshmallows have divers lungs, that proceed of hot causes, if it be tions of them. The leaves bruised or rubbed

Place.] The common Mallows grow in upon any place stung with bees, wasps, or so as the poison be presently voided by Time.] They flower all the Summer vomit. A poultice made of the leaves

ley flower, and oil of Roses added, is an Government and virtues.] Venus owns especial remedy against all hard tumours are therefore used in all clysters conducing the hair from falling off. It is also effec-

tual against scaldings and burnings, St. drink, to those that are wounded, and ready Anthony's fire, and all other hot, red, and to faint through loss of blood, and applied painful swellings in any part of the body. the same, mixed with honey and rosin, to The flowers boiled in oil or water (as every) the wounds. As also, the roots boiled in one is disposed) whereunto a little honey wine to those that have received any hurt and allum is put, is an excellent gargle to by bruises, falls, or blows, or had any bone wash, cleanse or heal any sore mouth or or member out of joint, or any swellingthroat in a short space. If the feet be pain, or ache in the muscles, sinews or bathed or washed with the decoction of the arteries. The muscilage of the roots, and of leaves, roots, and flowers, it helps much Linseed and Fenugreek put together, is much the defluxions of rheum from the head; used in poultices, ointments, and plaisters, if the head be washed therewith, it stays to molify and digest all hard swellings, and the falling and shedding of the hair. The the inflammation of them, and to ease pains green leaves (saith Pliny) beaten with in any part of the body. The seed either nitre, and applied, draw out thorns or green or dry, mixed with vinegar, cleanses prickles in the flesh.

all the diseases before mentioned: The Sun. leaves are likewise used to loosen the belly You may remember that not long since gently, and in decoctions or clysters to ease there was a raging disease called the bloodyall pains of the body, opening the strait flux; the college of physicians not knowing passages, and making them slippery, where-what to make of it, called it the inside by the stone may descend the more easily plague, for their wits were at Ne plus ultra and without pain, out of the reins, kidneys, about it: My son was taken with the same and bladder, and to ease the torturing pains disease, and the excoriation of his bowels thereof. But the roots are of more special; was exceeding great; myself being in the use for those purposes, as well for coughs, country, was sent for up, the only thing hoarseness, shortness of breath and wheez-II gave him, was Mallows bruised and ings, being boiled in wine, or honeyed boiled both in milk and drink, in two days water, and drank. The roots and seeds (the blessing of God being upon it) it cured hereof boiled in wine or water, are with him. And I here, to shew my thankfulgood success used by them that have ex- ness to God, in communicating it to his coriations in the bowels, or the bloody flux, creatures, leave it to posterity by qualifying the violence of sharp fretting humours, easing the pains, and healing the soreness. It is profitably taken by them { Government and virtues.] It is under the that are troubled with ruptures, cramps, or dominion of Jupiter. The decoction either convulsions of the sinews; and boiled in of the leaves or bark, must needs strengthen white wine, for the imposthumes by the the liver much, and so you shall find it to throat, commonly called the king's evil, and do, if you use it. It is excellently good to of those kernels that rise behind the ears, open obstructions both of the liver and and inflammations or swellings in women's spleen, and eases pains of the sides thence breasts. The dried roots boiled in milk proceeding. and drank, is especially good for the chincough. Hippocrates used to give the de-coction of the roots, or the juice thereof, to CALLED also Origanum, Eastward Mar-

the skin of morphew, and all other dis-The Marshmallows are more effectual in colourings, being boiled therewith in the

## MAPLE TREE.

## WIND MARJORAM.

joram; Wild Marjoram, and Grove Mar-; dry places of this land; but it is not my ram. Descript.] Wild or field Marjoram hath kinds being most used and useful. joram.

a root which creeps much under ground, which continues a long time, sending up sundry-brownish, hard, square stalks, with small dark green leaves, very like those of an excellent remedy for the brain and other Sweet Marjoram, but harder, and some-what broader; at the top of the stalks stand minion of the same planet. Our common tufts of flowers, of a deep purplish red Sweet Marjoram is warming and comforcolour. The seed is small and something table in cold diseases of the head, stomach,

of the Summer.

under the dominion of Mercury. It of the womb, and the windiness thereof, and strengthens the stomach and head much, the loss of speech, by resolution of the there being scarce a better remedy growing tongue. The decoction thereof made with for such as are troubled with a sour humour some Pellitory of Spain, and long Pepper, in the stomach; it restores the appetite or with a little Acorns or Origanum, being being lost; helps the cough, and consump-drank, is good for those that cannot make tion of the lungs; it cleanses the body of water, and against pains and torments in choler, expels poison, and remedies the in-the belly; it provokes women's courses, if firmities of the spleen; helps the bitings of it be used as a pessary. Being made into venomous beasts, and helps such as have powder, and mixed with honey, it takes poisoned themselves by eating Hemlock, away the black marks of blows, and bruises, Henbane, or Opium. It provokes urine and being thereunto applied ; it is good for the the terms in women, helps the dropsy, and inflammations and watering of the eyes, the scurvy, scabs, itch, and yellow jaun-being mixed with fine flour, and laid unto dice. The juice being dropped into the them. The juice dropped into the ears, ears, helps deafness, pain and noise in the eases the pains and singing noise in them. ears. And thus much for this herb, be-It is profitably put into those ointments tween which and adders, there is a deadly and salves that are warm, and comfort the antipathy.

## SWEET MARJORAM.

neither of the Winter Sweet Marjoram, or is very warm and comfortable to the joints Pot Marjoram.

blacker than that of Sweet Marjoram. Place.] It grows plentifully in the bor-ders of corn fields, and in some copses. Time.] It flowers towards the latter end which hinder the freeness of breathing, and is also profitable for the obstructions of the Government and virtues.] This is also liver and spleen. It helps the cold griefs outward parts, as the joints and sinews; for swellings also, and places out of joint. The powder thereof snuffed up into the nose SWEET Marjoram is so well known, provokes sneezing, and thereby purges the being an inhabitant in every garden, that it brain ; and chewed in the mouth, draws is needless to write any description thereof, forth much phlegm. The oil made thereof,

that are stiff, and the sinews that are hard, Place.] They grow commonly in gar to molify and supple them. Marjoram is dens; some sorts grow wild in the bor-ders of corn fields and pastures, in sun-ders, &c. that are for ornament or delight.

## MARIGOLDS.

description.

Time.] They flower all the Summer the outside, and smelling well. long, and sometimes in Winter, if it be ! Place.] It is usually kept in gardens with mild.

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of the Sun, and under Leo. They strengthen end of August. the heart exceedingly, and are very expulsive, and a little less effectual in the small- Mars. The root of Masterwort is hotter pox and measles than saffron. The juice than pepper, and very available in cold of Marigold leaves mixed with vinegar, and griefs and diseases both of the stomach and any not swelling bathed with it, instantly body, dissolving very powerfully upwards gives ease, and assuages it. The flowers, and downwards. It is also used in a deeither green or dried, are much used in coction with wine against all cold rheums, possets, broths, and drink, as a comforter distillations upon the lungs, or shortness of of the heart and spirits, and to expel any breath, to be taken morning and evening. malignant or pestilential quality which It also provokes urine, and helps to break might annoy them. A plaister made with the stone, and expel the gravel from the the dry flowers in powder, hog's-grease, kidneys; provokes women's courses, and turpentine, and rosin, applied to the breast, expels the dead birth. It is singularly good strengthens and succours the heart infi- for strangling of the mother, and other such nitely in fevers, whether pestilential or not. Hike feminine diseases. It is effectual also

## MASTERWORT.

Descript.] COMMON Masterwort has divers stalks of winged leaves divided into sundry parts, three for the most part standing together at a small foot-stalk on both sides of the greater, and three likewise at the end of the stalk, somewhat broad, and cut in on the edges into three or more divisions, all of them dented about the brims, of a dark green colour, somewhat; resembling the leaves of Angelica, but that these grow lower to the ground, and on lesser stalks; among which rise up two or in, and applied either to green wounds or three short stalks about two feet high, and filthy rotten ulcers, and those that come by slender, with such like leaves at the joints envenomed weapons, doth soon cleanse which grow below, but with lesser and fewer and heal them. The same is also very good divisions, bearing umbels of white flowers, to help the gout coming of a cold cause. and after them thin, flat blackish seeds, bigger than Dill seeds. The root is somewhat greater and growing rather side-ways

than down deep in the ground, shooting forth sundry heads, which taste sharp, THESE being so plentiful in every gar- biting on the tongue, and is the hottest and den, and so well known that they need no sharpest part of the plant, and the seed next unto it being somewhat blackish on

us in England.

Time.] It flowers and seeds about the

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of against the dropsy, cramps, and falling sickness; for the decoction in wine being gargled in the mouth, draws down much water and phlegm, from the brain, purging and easing it of what oppresses it. It is of a rare quality against all sorts of cold poison, to be taken as there is cause; it provokes sweat. But lest the taste hereof, or of the seed (which works to the like effect, though not so powerfully) should be too offensive, the best way is to take the water distilled both from the herb and root. The juice hereof dropped, or tents dipped there-

## SWEET MAUDLIN.

Descript.] COMMON Maudlin hath some-

what long and narrow leaves, snipped about 'women's minds should run a gadding the edges. The stalks are two feet high, Also a plaister made of the fruit dried be-bearing at the tops many yellow flowers set, fore they are rotten, and other convenient round together and all of an equal height, things, and applied to the reins of the back, in umbels or tufts like unto tansy; after stops miscarriage in women with child, which follow small whitish seed, almost as They are powerful to stay any fluxes of big as wormseed.

and flowers in June and July.

hereof being the same with Costmary or Alecost, I shall not make any repetition thereof, lest my book grow too big; but is a good bath for women, that have their rather refer you to Costmary for satis- courses flow too abundant: or for the piles faction.

## THE MEDLAR.

bigness of the Quince Tree, spreading may be added, and a little red coral also, branches reasonably large, with longer and narrower leaves than either the apple or ; quince, and not dented about the edges. At the end of the sprigs stand the flowers, ion fresh bleeding wounds restrains the made of five white, great, broad-pointed blood, and heals up the wound quickly. leaves, nicked in the middle with some white threads also; after which comes the drank in wine, wherein some Parsley-roots fruit, of a brownish green colour, being ripe, have lain infused all night, or a little boiled, bearing a crown as it were on the top, do break the stone in the kidneys, helping which were the five green leaves; and to expel it. being rubbed off, or fallen away, the head of the fruit is seen to be somewhat hollow. The fruit is very harsh before it is mellowed, and has usually five hard kernels within it. two or three feet high, rising from a tough, There is another kind hereof nothing dif- long, white root, which dies not every fering from the former, but that it hath some year, set round about at the joints with thorns on it in several places, which the small and somewhat long, well-smelling other hath not; and usually the fruit is leaves, set three together, unevently dented sinall, and not so pleasant.

land, and flower in May for the most part, trefoil, but small, standing in long spikes and bear fruit in September and October.

Saturn's, and sure a better medicine he crooked pods, wherein is contained flat seed, nardly hath to strengthen the retentive somewhat brown. faculty; therefore it stays women's long- !

blood or humours in men or women; the Place and Time.] It grows in gardens, leaves also have this quality. The decoction of them is good to gargle and wash the Government and virtues.] The Virtues; mouth, throat and teeth, when there is any defluxions of blood to stay it, or of humours, which causes the pains and swellings. It when they bleed too much. If a poultice or plaister be made with dried medlars, beaten and mixed with the juice of red Descript.] THE Tree grows near the roses, whereunto a few cloves and nutmegs and applied to the stomach that is given to casting or loathing of meat, it effectually helps. The dried leaves in powder strewed The medlar-stones made into powder, and

## MELLILOT, OR KING'S CLAVER.

Descript.] THIS hath many green stalks, about the edges. The flowers are yellow, Time and Place.] They grow in this and well-smelling also, made like other i one above another, for an hand breath long Government and virtues.] The fruit is old or better, which afterwards turn into long

Place.] It grows plentifully in many ings. The good old man cannot endure places of this land, as in the edge of Suffolk

and in Essex, as also in Huntingdonshire, male Mercury two small, round green and in other places, but most usually in heads, standing together upon a short

is tipe quickly after.

in wine, and applied, mollifies all hard made small like bunches of grapes, which tuniours and inflammations that happen in give no seed, but abiding long upon the the eyes, or other parts of the body, and stalks without shedding. The root is comsometimes the yolk of a roasted egg, or fine posed of many small fibres, which perishes flour, or poppy seed, or endive, is added every year at the first approach of Winter. unto it. It helps the spreading ulcers in and rises again of its own sowing; and if the head, it being washed with a lye made once it is suffered to sow itself, the ground thereof. It helps the pains of the stomach, will never want afterwards, even both sorts being applied fresh, or boiled with any of of it. the aforenamed things; also, the pains of the ears, being dropped into them; and steeped in vinegar, or rose water, it miti-gates the head-ache. The flowers of Melli-lot or Camomile are much used to be put shew you a description of this kind also. together in clysters to expel wind, and ease [ Descript.] This is likewise of two kinds, pains; and also in poultices for the same male and Female, having many stalks slender purpose, and to assuage swelling tumours and lower than Mercury, without any in the spleen or other parts, and helps in-branches at all upon them, the root is set flammations in any part of the body. The with two leaves at every joint, somewhat juice dropped into the eyes, is a singularly greater than the female, but more pointed good medicine to take away the film or and full of veins, and somewhat harder in skin that clouds or dimns the eye-sight. handling: of a dark green colour, and less The head often washed with the distilled dented or snipped about the edges. water of the herb and flower, or a lye made the joints with the leaves come forth longer therewith, is effectual for those that sud-stalks than the former, with two hairy denly lose their senses; as also to strengthen round seeds upon them, twice as big as the memory, to comfort the head and brain, those of the former Mercury. The taste and to preserve them from pain, and the hereof is herby, and the smell somewhat apoplexy.

## FRENCH AND DOG MERCURY.

Descript.] THIS rises up with a square the joints come forth spikes of flowers like green stalk full of joints, two feet high, or the French Female Mercury. The roots of thereabouts, with two leaves at every joint, them both are many, and full of small and the branches likewise from both sides of fibres which run under ground, and mat the stalk, set with fresh green leaves, some- themselves very much, not perishing as the what broad and long, about the bigness of former Mercuries do, but abide the Winthe leaves of Bazil, finely dented about the ter, and shoot forth new branches every edges; towards the tops of the stalk and year, for the old lie down to the ground. branches, come forth at every joint in the ! Place.] 'The male and female French

corn fields, in corners of meadows. *Time.*] It flowers in June and July, and not having flowers. The female stalk is longer, spike-fashion, set round about with Government and virtues.] Melilot, boiled small green husks, which are the flowers,

## DOG MERCURY.

At strong and virulent. The female has much harder leaves standing upon longer footstalks, and the stalks are also longer ; from

Mercury are found wild in divers places of or the juice rubbed upon warts, takes them this land, as by a village called Brookland away. The juice mingled with some vine-in Rumney Marsh in Kent. The Dog Mercury in sundry places of worms, and the itch. Galen saith, that

Kent also, and elsewhere; but the female being applied in manner of a poultice to more seldom than the male.

months, and therein give their seed.

Government and virtues.] Mercury, they from the belly offensive humours. The Dog say, owns the herb, but I rather think it is Mercury, although it be less used, yet may Venus's, and I am partly confident of it serve in the same manner, to the same purtoo, for I never heard that Mercury ever pose, to purge waterish and melancholy minded women's business so much: I humours. believe he minds his study more. The decoction of the leaves of Mercury, or the juice thereof in broth, or drank with a little sugar put to it, purges choleric and waterish OF all the kinds of Mint, the Spear humours. Hippocrates commended it Mint, or Heart Mint, being most usual, wonderfully for women's diseases, and ap-1 I shall only describe as follows : plied to the secret parts, to ease the pains of [ Descript.] Spear Mint has divers round the mother; and used the decoction of it, stalks, and long but narrowish leaves set both to procure women's courses, and to thereon, of a dark green colour. The expel the after-birth; and gave the de-; flowers stand in spiked heads at the tops coction thereof with myrrh or pepper, or of the branches, being of a pale blue used to apply the leaves outwardly against colour. The smell or scent thereof is somethe stranguary and diseases of the reins and what near unto Bazil; it encreases by the bladder. He used it also for sore and root under ground as all the others do. watering eyes, and for the deafness and Place.] It is an usual inhabitant in garpains in the cars, by dropping the juice dens; and because it seldom gives any thereof into them, and bathing them after-good seed, the seed is recompensed by wards in white wine. The decoction there-the plentiful increase of the root, which of made with water and a cock chicken, is being once planted in a garden, will hardly a most safe medicine against the hot fits of be rid out again. agues. It also cleanses the breast and lungs *Time.*] It flowers not until the beginning of phlegm, but a little offends the stomach. of August, for the most part. The juice or distilled water snuffed up into *Government and virtues.*] It is an herb

any swelling or inflammation, it digests the Time.] They flower in the Summer swelling, and allays the inflammation, and is therefore given in clysters to evacuate

## MINT.

the nostrils, purges the head and eyes of of Venus. Dioscorides saith it hath a catarrhs and rheums. Some use to drink healing, binding and drying quality, and two or three ounces of the distilled water, therefore the juice taken in vinegar, stays with a little sugar put to it, in the morning bleeding : It stirs up venery, or bodily lust; fasting, to open and purge the body of two or three branches thereof taken in the gross, viscous, and melancholy humours. juice of four pomegranates, stays the hic-Matthiolus saith, that both the seed of the cough, vomiting, and allays the choler. It male and female Mercury boiled with dissolves imposthumes being laid to with Wormwood and drank, cures the yellow barley-meal. It is good to repress the jaundice in a speedy manner. The leaves milk in women's breasts, and for such as

have swollen, flagging, or great breasts. turn to its place, the decoction being gar-Applied with salt, it helps the biting of a gled and held in the mouth. mad dog; with mead and honeyed water, The virtues of the Wild or Horse Mint, it eases the pains of the ears, and takes such as grow in ditches (whose description away the roughness of the tongue, being I purposely omitted, in regard they are rubbed thereupon. It suffers not milk to well known) are serviceable to dissolve wind curdle in the stomach, if the leaves thereof in the stomach, to help the cholic, and those be steeped or boiled in it before you drink that are short-winded, and are an especial it. Briefly it is very profitable to the remedy for those that have veneral dreams stomach. The often use hereof is a very and pollutions in the night, being outwardly powerful medicine to stay women's courses applied. The juice dropped into the ears and the whites. Applied to the forehead eases the pains of them, and destroys the and temples, it eases the pains in the head, worms that breed therein. They are good and is good to wash the heads of young against the venemous biting of serpents. children therewith, against all manner of The juice laid on warm, helps the king's breakings-out, sores or scabs, therein. It evil, or kernels in the throat. The decoction is also profitable against the poison of ve- or distilled water helps a stinking breath, nomous creatures. The distilled water of proceeding from corruption of the teeth, Mint is available to all the purposes afore- and snuffed up the nose, purges the head. said, yet more weakly. But if a spirit Pliny saith, that eating of the leaves hath thereof be rightly and chymically drawn, been found by experience to cure the it is much more powerful than the herb leprosy, applying some of them to the face, itself. Simeon Sethi saith, it helps a cold and to help the scurf or dandriff of the liver, strengthens the belly, causes digestion, head used with vinegar. They are extremely stays vomits and hiccough; it is good bad for wounded people; and they say a against the gnawing of the heart, provokes wounded man that eats Mint, his wound appetite, takes away obstructions of the will never be cured, and that is a long day liver, and stirs up bodily lust; but therefore too much must not be taken, because it makes the blood thin and wheyish, and turns it into choler, and therefore choleric persons must abstain from it. It is a safe or arm of the tree whereon it grows, with inedicine for the biting of a mad dog, being a woody stem, putting itself into sundry bruised with salt and laid thereon. The branches, and they again divided into many powder of it being dried and taken after other smaller twigs, interlacing themselves meat, helps digestion, and those that are one within another, very much covered splenetic. Taken with wine, it helps women with a greyish green bark, having two leaves in their sore travail in child-bearing. It is set at every joint, and at the end likewise, good against the gravel and stone in the which are somewhat long and narrow, small kidneys, and the stranguary. Being at the bottom, but broader towards the end. smelled unto, it is comfortable for the head At the knots or joints of the boughs and and memory. The decoction hereof gar-; branches grow small yellow flowers, which gled in the mouth, cures the gums and run into small, round, white, transparent mouth that are sore, and mends an ill-berries, three or four together, full of a savoured breath; as also the Rue and Cori-glutinous moisture, with a blackish seed in ander, causes the palate of the mouth to each of them, which was never yet known

## MISSELTO.

Descript.] Tuis rises up from the branch

to spring, being put into the ground, or any wine lees be added thereunto, it works the where else to grow. stronger. The Misselto itself of the oak

devour them.

of his trees; as also that which grows upon doth help and ease them within a few days. pear trees, and apple trees, participates something of his nature, because he rules the tree it grows upon, having no root of Descript.] THE common Moneywort Both the leaves and berries of Misselto do their places small round heads of seed. heat and dry, and are of subtle parts; the Place.] It grows plentifully in almost birdline doth molify hard knots, tumours, all places of this land, commonly in moist and imposthumes; ripens and discusses; grounds by hedge-sides, and in the middle them, and draws forth thick as well as thin of grassy fields. humours from the remote parts of the body, *Time.*] They flower in June and July, digesting and separating them. And being and their seed is ripe quickly after.

Place.] It grows very rarely on oaks (as the best) made into powder, and given with us; but upon sundry others as well in drink to those that have the falling sicktimber as fruit trees, plentifully in woody ness, does assuredly heal them, as Matthigroves, and the like, through all this land. Jolus saith : but it is fit to use it for forty Time.] It flowers in the Spring-time, days together. Some have so highly esbut the berries are not ripe until October, teemed it for the virtues thereof, that they and abides on the branches all the Winter, have called it Lignum Sanctiæ Crucis, Wood unless the blackbirds, and other birds, do of the Holy Cross, believing it helps the falling sickness, apoplexy and palsy very Government and virtues.] This is under speedily, not only to be inwardly taken, but the dominion of the Sun, I do not question; to be hung at their neck. Tragus saith, and can also take for granted, that which that the fresh wood of any Misselto bruised, grows upon oaks, participates something of and the juice drawn forth and dropped in the nature of Jupiter, because an oak is one the ears that have imposthumes in them,

## MONEYWORT, OR HERB TWOPENCE

its own. But why that should have most sends forth from a small thready root divers virtues that grows upon oaks I know not, long, weak, and slender branches, lying and unless because it is rarest and hardest to running upon the ground two or three feet come by; and our college's opinion is in long or more, set with leaves two at a joint this contrary to scripture, which saith, God's one against another at equal distances. tender mercies are over all his works; and so which are almost round, but pointed at the it is, let the college of physicians walk as ends, smooth, and of a good green colour. contrary to him as they please, and that is At the joints with the leaves from the middle as contrary as the east to the west. Clusius forward come forth at every point someaffirms that which grows upon pear trees to times one yellow flower, and sometimes be as prevalent, and gives order, that it two, standing each on a small foot-stalk, should not touch the ground after it is and made of five leaves, narrow-pointed at gathered; and also saith, that, being hung the end, with some yellow threads in the about the neck, it remedies witchcraft. middle, which being past, there stand in

mixed with equal parts of rozin and wax, Government and virtues.] Venus owns it. doth molify the hardness of the spleen, and Moneywort is singularly good to stay all helps old ulcers and sores. Being mixed fluxes in man or woman, whether they be with Sandaric and Orpiment, it helps to lasks, bloody-fluxes, bleeding inwardly or draw off foul nails; and if quick-lime and outwardly, or the weakness of the stomach

that is given to casting. It is very good and May; for in June, when any hot also for the ulcers or excoriations of the weather comes, for the most part it is lungs, or other inward parts. It is exceed-; withered and gone.

ingly good for all wounds, either fresh or Government and virtues.] The Moon owns green, to heal them speedily, and for all the herb. Moonwort is cold and drying old ulcers that are of spreading natures. more than Adder's Tongue, and is therefore For all which purposes the juice of the held to be more available for all wounds herb, or the powder drank in water where- both inward and outward. The leaves in hot steel hath been often quenched; or boiled in red wine, and drank, stay the the decoction of the green herb in wine or immoderate flux of women's courses, and water drank, or used to the outward place, the whites. It also stays bleeding, vomitto wash or bathe them, or to have tents ing, and other fluxes. It helps all blows dipped therein and put into them, are ef- and bruises, and to consolidate all fracfectual.

one dark green, thick and flat leaf, stand- either inward or outward, for which it is ing upon a short foot-stalk not above two excellently good. fingers breadth; but when it flowers it may? be said to bear a small slender stalk about will open locks, and unshoe such horses as four or five inches high, having but one tread upon it: This some laugh to scorn, leaf in the middle thereof, which is much and those no small fools neither; but coundivided on both sides into sometimes five try people, that I know, call it Unshoe the or seven parts on a side, sometimes more ; Horse. Besides I have heard commanders each of which parts is small like the middle say, that on White Down in Devonshire, rib, but broad forwards, pointed and round, near Tiverton, there were found thirty resembling therein a half-moon, from whence horse shoes, pulled off from the feet of the it took the name; the uppermost parts or Earl of Essex's horses, being there drawn divisions being bigger than the lowest. up in a body, many of them being but The stalks rise above this leaf two or three newly shod, and no reason known, which inches, bearing many branches of small caused much admiration : the herb deslong tongues, every one like the spiky head, cribed usually grows upon heaths. of the adder's tongue, of a brownish colour, (which, whether I shall call them flowers, or MOSSES. the seed, I well know not) which, after they is I SHALL not trouble the reader with have continued awhile, resolve into a mealy a description of these, since my intent is to dust. The root is small and fibrous. This speak only of two kinds, as the most prinhath sometimes divers such like leaves as cipal, viz. Ground Moss and Tree Moss, are before described, with so many branches both which are very well known. from the other.

it delights to grow. Moss grows only on trees.

tures and dislocations. It is good for ruptures, but is chiefly used, by most with MOONWORT. ž

other herbs, to make oils or balsams to heal Descript.] IT rises up usually but with fresh or green wounds (as I said before)

Moonwort is an herb which (they say)

or tops rising from one stalk, each divided *Place*. The Ground Moss grows in our moist woods, and at the bottom of hills, in Place.] It grows on hills and heaths, boggy grounds, and in shadowy ditches, yet where there is much grass, for therein; and many other such like places. The Tree

Time.] It is to be found only in April! Government and virtues.] All sorts of Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

Mosses are under the dominion of Saturn. severy joint, which are somewhat broad and The Ground Moss is held to be singularly long, as if it were rough or crumpled, with good to break the stone, and to expel and many great veins therein of a sad green drive it forth by urine, being boiled in wine colour, and deeply dented about the edges, and drank. The herb being bruised and land almost divided. From the middle of boiled in water, and applied, eases all in- the branches up to the tops of them (which flammations and pains coming from an hot are long and small) grow the flowers round cause; and is therefore used to ease the them at distances, in sharp pointed, rough, pains of the gout. hard husks, of a more red or purple colour

and partake of a digesting and molifying; manner or form as the Horehound, after quality withal, as Galen saith. But each which come small, round, blackish seeds in Moss partakes of the nature of the tree great plenty. The root sends forth a numfrom whence it is taken; therefore that of ber of long strings and small fibres, taking the oak is more binding, and is of good effect strong hold in the ground, of a dark yellowto stay fluxes in man or woman; as also ish or brownish colour, and abides as the vomiting or bleeding, the powder thereof Horehound does: the smell of the one not being taken in wine. The decoction there-{ much differs from the other. of in wine is very good for women to be *Place*. It grows only in gardens with us bathed in, that are troubled with the over- in England. flowing of their courses. The same being [ Government and virtues.] Venus owns the drank, stays the stomach that is troubled herb, and it is under Leo. There is no better with casting, or hiccough; and, as Avicena herb to take melancholy vapours from the saith, it comforts the heart. The powder heart, to strengthen it, and make a merry, thereof taken in drink for some time chearful, blithe soul than this herb. It may together, is thought available for the dropsy. be kept in a syrup or conserve; therefore The oil that has had fresh Moss steeped the Latins called it Cardiaca. Besides, it therein for a time, and afterwards boiled makes women joyful mothers of children, and applied to the temples and forehead, and settles their wombs as they should be, marvellously eases the head-ache com-{therefore we call it Motherwort. It is held ing of a hot cause; as also the distillations to be of much use for the trembling of the of hot rheums or humours in the eyes, or heart, and faintings and swoonings; from other parts. The ancients much used it in whence it took the name Cardiaca. The their ointments and other medicines against powder thereof, to the quantity of a spoonthe lassitude, and to strengthen and com-iful, drank in wine, is a wonderful help to fort the sinews: For which, if it was good women in their sore travail, as also for the then, I know no reason but it may be found suffocating or risings of the mother, and for so still.

## MOTHERWORT.

Descript.] This hath a hard, square, worms in the belly. It is of good use to brownish, rough, strong stalk, rising three warm and dry up the cold humours, to or four feet high at least, spreading into digest and disperse them that are settled many branches, whereon grow leaves on in the veins, joints, and sinews of the body, each side, with long foot-stalks, two at and to help cramps and convulsions.

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The Tree Mosses are cooling and binding, than Balm or Horehound, but in the same

these effects, it is likely it took the name of Motherwort with us. It also provokes urine and women's courses, cleanses the chest of cold phlegm, oppressing it, kills

## MOUSE-EAR.

creeping upon the ground by small strings, ward and outward: It helps the bloody like the Strawberry plant, whereby it shoots i flux, and helps the abundance of women's forth small roots, whereat grow, upon the courses. There is a syrup made of the ground, many small and somewhat short juice hereof and sugar, by the apothecaries leaves, set in a round form together, and of Italy, and other places, which is of much very hairy, which, being broken, do give a whitish milk: From among these leaves spring up two or three small hoary stalks. The same also is singularly good for rupabout a span high, with a few smaller leaves ---thereon; at the tops whereof stands usually and presently bound to any cut or wound. but one flower, consisting of many pale yellow leaves, broad at the point, and a little the juice, decoction, or powder of the dried dented in, set in three or four rows (the herb is most singular to stay the malignity greater uppermost) very like a Dandelion flower, and a little reddish underneath about the edges, especially if it grow in a dry ground; which after they have stood long in flower do turn into down, which with the seed is carried away with the wind.

*Place.*] It grows on ditch banks, and sometimes in ditches, if they be dry, and in sandy grounds.

and abides green all the Winter.

this herb also; and though authors cry out larger, of a dark green colour on the upper upon Alchymists, for attempting to fix side, and very hoary white underneath. quicksilver by this herb and Moonwort, a The stalks rise to be four or five feet high, Roman would not have judged a thing by having on it such like leaves as those below, the success; if it be to be fixed at all, it is but somewhat smaller, branching forth by lunar influence. The juice thereof very much towards the top, whereon are taken in wine, or the decoction thereof set very small, pale, yellowish flowers like drank, doth help the jaundice, although of buttons, which fall away, and after them long continuance, to drink thereof morn- come small seeds inclosed in round heads ing and evening, and abstain from other [The root is long and hard, with many small drink two or three hours after. It is a fibres growing from it, whereby it takes special remedy against the stone, and the strong hold on the ground; but both stalks tormenting pains thereof: as also other tor- and leaves do lie down every year, and the tures and griping pains of the bowels. The root shoots anew in the Spring. The whole decoction thereof with Succory and Cen- plant is of a reasonable scent, and is more taury is held very effectual to help the easily propagated by the slips than the dropsy, and them that are inclining there-i seed. unto, and the diseases of the spleen. It ? Place ] It grows plentifully in many

stays the fluxes of blood, either at the mouth or nose, and inward bleeding also, for it is Descript.] MOUSE-EAR is a low herb, a singular wound herb for wounds both inaccount with them, to be given to those that are troubled with the cough or phthisic. tures or burstings. The green herb bruised doth quickly solder the lips thereof. And of spreading and fretting cankers and ulcers whatsoever, yea in the mouth and secret parts. The distilled water of the plant is available in all the diseases aforesaid, and to wash outward wounds and sores, by applying tents of cloths wet therein.

## MUGWORT.

Descript.] COMMON Mugwort hath Time.] It flowers about June or July, i divers leaves lying upon the ground, very much divided, or cut deeply in about the Government and virtues.] The Moon owns brims, somewhat like Wormwood, but much



Mouse Ear



Yellow Money wort



Mug wort



Moon wort



Black Mullein.



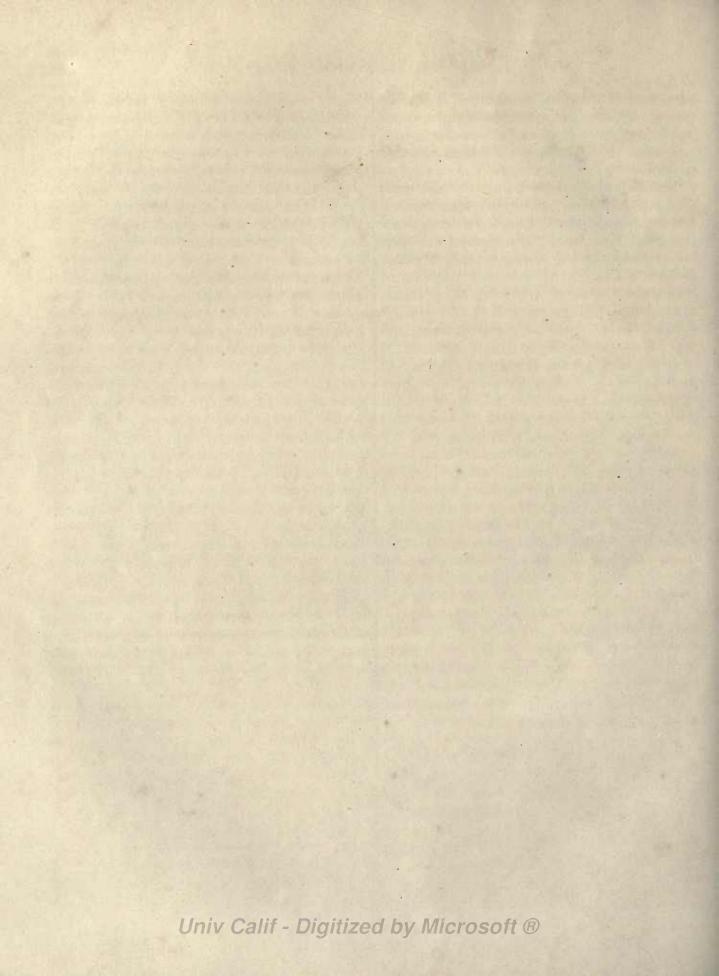
Field Mouse Ear



Mother-wort



THOMAS KELLY, LONDON 1835



places of this land, by the water-sides; as the body, and the unripe binding it, esalso by small water courses, and in divers pecially when they are dried, and then they are good to stay fluxes, lasks, and the abunother places.

Time.] It flowers and seeds in the end dance of women's courses. The bark of the root kills the broad worms in the body. of Summer.

Government and virtues.] This is an herb The juice, or the syrup made of the juice of of Venus, therefore maintains the parts of the berries, helps all inflammations or sores the body she rules, remedies the diseases of in the mouth, or throat, and palate of the parts that are under her signs, Taurus the mouth when it is fallen down. The and Libra. Mugwort is with good success juice of the leaves is a remedy against the put among other herbs that are boiled for biting of serpents, and for those that have women to apply the hot decoction to draw taken aconite. The leaves beaten with down their courses, to help the delivery of vinegar, are good to lay on any place that the birth, and expel the after-birth. As is burnt with fire. A decoction made of also for the obstructions and inflammations the bark and leaves is good to wash the of the mother. It breaks the stone, and mouth and teeth when they ache. If the opens the urinary passages where they root be a little slit or cut, and a small hole are stopped. The juice thereof made up made in the ground next thereunto, in the with Myrrh, and put under as a pessary, Harvest-time, it will give out a certain works the same effects, and so does the juice, which being hardened the next day, root also. Being made up with hog's is of good use to help the tooth-ache, to grease into an ointment, it takes away wens dissolve knots, and purge the belly. The and hard knots and kernels that grow about leaves of Mulberries are said to stay bleedthe neck and throat, and eases the pains ing at the mouth or nose, or the bleeding of about the neck more effectually, if some the piles, or of a wound, being bound unto Field Daisies be put with it. The herb itself the places. A branch of the tree taken being fresh, or the juice thereof taken, is a when the moon is at the full, and bound to special remedy upon the overmuch taking the wrists of a woman's arm, whose courses of opium. Three drams of the powder of come down too much, doth stay them in a the dried leaves taken in wine, is a speedy short space. and the best certain help for the sciatica.

A decoction thereof made with Camomile

and Agrimony, and the place bathed there-

THE MULBERRY-TREE.

of the sinews, and the cramp.

that it needs no description.

July and August.

MULLEIN.

Descript.] COMMON White Mullein has with while it is warm, takes away the pains many fair, large, woolly white leaves, lying next the ground, somewhat larger than broad, pointed at the end, and as it were dented about the edges. The stalk rises THIS is so well known where it grows, up to be four or five feet high, covered over with such like leaves, but less, so that no Time.] It bears fruit in the months of stalk can be seen for the multitude of leaves

thereon up to the flowers, which come forth Government and virtues ] Mercury rules on all sides of the stalk, without any branches the tree, therefore are its effects variable for the most part, and are many set together as his are. The Mulberry is of different in a long spike, in some of a yellow colour, parts ; the ripe berries, by reason of their in others more pale, consisting of five round sweetness and slippery moisture, opening pointed leaves, which afterwards have small

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round heads, wherein is small brownish and heal them also. The leaves bruised seed contained. The root is long, white, and wrapped in double papers, and covered and woody, perishing after it hath borne with hot ashes and embers to bake a while, and then taken forth and laid warm on any seed.

in many places of this land.

Government and virtues.] It is under the on any member that has been out of joint; dominion of Saturn. A small quantity of and newly set again, takes away all swelthe root given in wine, is commended by ling and pain thereof.

Dioscorides, against lasks and fluxes of the belly. The decoction hereof drank, is profitable for those that are bursten, and for Descript.] Our common Mustard hath cramps and convulsions, and for those that large and broad rough leaves, very much are troubled with an old cough. The de-jagged with uneven and unorderly gashes, coction thereof gargled, eases the pains of somewhat like turnip leaves, but less and the tooth-ache. And the oil made by the rougher. The stalk rises to be more than often infusion of the flowers, is of very good a foot high, and sometimes two feet high, effect for the piles. The decoction of the being round, rough, and branched at the root in red wine or in water, (if there be top, bearing such like leaves thereon as an ague) wherein red hot steel hath been grow helow, but lesser, and less divided, often quenched, doth stay the bloody-flux. and divers yellow flowers one above another The same also opens obstructions of the at the tops, after which come small rough bladder and reins. A decoction of the pods, with small, lank, flat ends, wherein leaves hereof, and of Sage, Marjoram, and is contained round yellowish seed, sharp, Camomile flowers, and the places bathed hot, and biting upon the tongue. The root therewith, that have sinews stiff with cold is small, long, and woody when it bears or cramps, doth bring them much ease and stalks, and perishes every year. comfort. Three ounces of the distilled *Place.*] This grows with us in gardens water of the flowers drank morning and only, and other manured places. evening for some days together, is said to be *Time.*] It is an annual plant, flowering the most excellent remedy for the gout. in July, and the seed is ripe in August. The juice of the leaves and flowers being Government and virtues.] It is an excellaid upon rough warts, as also the powder ! lent sauce for such whose blood wants clariof the dried roots rubbed on, doth easily fying, and for weak stomachs, being an take them away, but doth no good to herb of Mars, but naught for choleric smooth warts. The powder of the dried people, though as good for such as are flowers is an especial remedy for those that aged, or troubled with cold diseases. Aries are troubled with the belly-ache, or the claims something to do with it, therefore it pains of the cholic. The decoction of the strengthens the heart, and resists poison. root, and so likewise of the leaves, is of Let such whose stomachs are so weak they great effect to dissolve the tumours, swel- cannot digest their meat, or appetite it, take lings, or inflammations of the throat. The of Mustard-seed a dram, Cinnamon as much, seed and leaves boiled in wine, and ap-and having beaten them to powder, and plied, draw forth speedily thorns or splin- half as much Mastich in powder, and with ters gotten into the flesh, ease the pains, gum Arabic dissolved in rose-water, make Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

Place.] It grows by way-sides and lanes, blotch or boil happening in the groin or many places of this land. *Time.*] It flowers in July or thereabouts. seed bruised and boiled in wine, and laid

## MUSTARD.

one of about half a dram weight an hour or applied, or made up with wax, takes away two before meals; let old men and women the marks and black and blue spots of make much of this medicine, and they will bruises, or the like, the roughness or scabeither give me thanks, or shew manifest biness of the skin, as also the leprosy, and ingratitude. Mustard seed hath the virtue lousy evil. It helps also the crick in the of heat, discussing, ratifying, and drawing neck. The distilled water of the herb, when out splinters of bones, and other things or it is in the flower, is much used to drink the flesh. It is of good effect to bring inwardly to help in any of the diseases down women's courses, for the falling-sick-; aforesaid, or to wash the mouth when the ness or lethargy, drowsy forgetful evil, to palate is down, and for the disease of the use it both inwardly and outwardly, to rub; throat to gargle, but outwardly also for the nostrils, forehead and temples, to warm scabs, itch, or other the like infirmities, and and quicken the spirits; for by the fierce cleanses the face from morphew, spots, sharpness it purges the brain by sneezing, freckles, and other deformities. and drawing down rheum and other visupon the lungs and chest, procure coughing, and therefore, with some, honey added Descript.] THIS grows up usually but thereto, doth much good therein. The de- with one blackish green stalk, tough, easy coction of the seed made in wine, and to bend, but not to break, branched into drank, provokes urine, resists the force of divers parts, and sometimes with divers poison, the malignity of mushrooms, and stalks, set full of branches, whereon grow venom of scorpions, or other venomous long, rough, or hard rugged leaves, very creatures, if it be taken in time; and taken much tore or cut on the edges in many before the cold fits of agues, alters, lessens, parts, some bigger, and some less, of a and cures them. The seed taken either by dirty green colour. The flowers are small itself, or with other things, either in an elec- and yellow, that grow on the tops of the tuary or drink, doth mightily stir up bodily; branches in long spikes, flowering by delust, and helps the spleen and pains in the grees; so that continuing long in flower, sides, and gnawings in the bowels; and the stalk will have small round cods at the used as a gargle draws up the palate of the bottom, growing upright and close to the mouth, being fallen down; and also it dis-i stalk, while the top flowers yet shew themsolves the swellings about the throat, if it selves, in which are contained small yellow be outwardly applied. Being chewed in seed, sharp and strong, as the herb is also. the mouth it oftentimes helps the tooth-ache. The root grows down slender and woody, The outward application hereof upon the yet abiding and springing again every pained place of the sciatica, discusses the year. humours, and eases the pains, as also the *Place.*] This grows frequently in this gout, and other joint aches; and is much land, by the ways and hedge-sides, and and often used to ease pains in the sides or sometimes in the open fields. loins, the shoulder, or other parts of the Time. It flowers most usually about body, upon the plying thereof to raise July.

it up into troches, of which they may take? The seed bruised mixed with honey, and

## THE HEDGE-MUSTARD.

blisters, and cures the disease by drawing Government and virtues.] Mars owns this it to the outward parts of the body. It is herb also. It is singularly good in all the also used to help the falling off the hair. I diseases of the chest and lungs, hoarseness

of voice: and by the use of the decoction thereof for a little space, those have been; NEP, OR CATMINT. recovered who had utterly lost their voice, and almost their spirits also. The juice [ Descript.] COMMON Garden Nep shoots thereof made into a syrup, or licking medi-forth hard four-square stalks, with a hoaricine, with honey or sugar, is no less effec- ness on them, a yard high or more, full of tual for the same purpose, and for all other; branches, bearing at every joint two broad coughs, wheeking, and shortness of breath. leaves like balm, but longer pointed, softer, The same is also profitable for those that white, and more hoary, nicked about the have the jaundice, pleurisy, pains in the edges, and of a strong sweet scent. The back and loins, and for torments in the flowers grow in large tufts at the tops of the belly, or cholic, being also used in clysters. branches, and underneath them likewise on The seed is held to be a special remedy the stalks many together, of a whitish puragainst poison and venom. It is singularly ple colour. The roots are composed of good for the sciatica, and in joint-aches, many long strings or fibres, fastening themulcers, and cankers in the mouth, throat, or selves stronger in the ground, and abide behind the ears, and no less for the hard- with green leaves thereon all the winter. ness and swelling of the testicles, or of *Place*.] It is only nursed up in our women's breasts.

## NAILWORT, OR WHITLOW-GRASS.

with allo which also group anally, tough,

herb hath no roots, save only a few strings: to procure their courses, being taken inneither doth it ever grow to be above a wardly or outwardly, either alone, or with hand's breadth high, the leaves are very other convenient herbs in a decoction to small, and something long, not much unlike } bathe them, or sit over the hot fumes therethose of Chickweed, among which rise up of; and by the frequent use thereof, it takes divers slender stalks, bearing many white away barrenness, and the wind, and pains flowers one above another, which are ex- of the mother. It is also used in pains of ceeding small; after which come small the head coming of any cold cause, catarrhs, flat pouches containing the seed, which is rheums, and for swimming and giddiness

are not to be found.

wheals.

gardens.

Time.] And it flowers in July, or thereabouts.

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Descript.] 'This very small and common Venus. Nep is generally used for women very small, but of a sharp taste. thereof, and is of special use for the wind-Place.] It grows commonly upon old iness of the stomach and belly. It is efstone and brick walls, and sometimes in fectual for any cramp, or cold aches, to disgravelly grounds, especially if there be solve cold and wind that afflict the place, grass or moss near to shadow it. *Time.*] They flower very early in the ness of breath. The juice thereof drank year, sometimes in January, and in in wine, is profitable for those that are February; for before the end of April they bruised by an accident. The green herb bruised and applied to the fundament, and Government and virtues.] It is held to be lying there two or three hours, eases the exceedingly good for those imposthumes in pains of the piles; the juice also being made the joints, and under the nails, which they up into an ointment, is effectual for the call Whitlows, Felons, Andicorns and Nail- same purpose. The head washed with a decoction thereof, it takes away scabs.

and may be effectual for other parts of the together, stays bleeding at the mouth. The body also.

## NETTLES.

NETTLES are so well known, that they or other such like herbs that stupify or dull by feeling, in the darkest night.

an herb Mars claims dominion over. You stung or bitten with beasts, with a little salt. know Mars is hot and dry, and you know The distilled water of the herb is also effecas well that Winter is cold and moist; then tual (though not so powerful) for the disthroat. only powerful to provoke venery. The unto. juice of the leaves taken two or three days

seed being drank, is a remedy against the stinging of venomous creatures, the biting of mad dogs, the poisonous qualities of Hemlock, Henbane, Nightshade, Mandrake,

need no description; they may be found the senses; as also the lethargy, especially Government and virtues.] This is also temples in the lethargy, and the places you may know as well the reason why eases aforesaid; as for outward wounds Nettle-tops eaten in the Spring consume and sores to wash them, and to cleanse the the phlegmatic superfluities in the body or skin from morphew, leprosy, and other man, that the coldness and moistness of discolourings thereof. The seed or leaves Winter hath left behind. The roots or bruised, and put into the nostrils, stays the leaves boiled, or the juice of either of them, bleeding of them, and takes away the flesh or both made into an electuary with honey growing in them called polypus. The juice and sugar, is a safe and sure medicine to of the leaves, or the decoction of them, or open the pipes and passages of the lungs, of the root, is singularly good to wash either which is the cause of wheezing and short- old, rotten, or stinking sores or fistulous, ness of breath, and helps to expectorate and gangrenes, and such as fretting, eating, tough phlegm, as also to raise the impost- or corroding scabs, manginess, and itch, humed pleurisy; and spend it by spitting; in any part of the body, as also green the same helps the swelling of the almonds wounds, by washing them therewith, or apof the throat, the mouth and throat being plying the green herb bruised thereunto, gargled therewith. The juice is also effec- yea, although the flesh were separated from tual to settle the palate of the mouth in its the bones; the same applied to our wearied place, and to heal and temper the inflam- members, refresh them, or to place those mations and soreness of the mouth and that have been out of joint, being first set The decoction of the leaves in up again, strengthens, dries, and comforts wine, being drank, is singularly good to pro-them, as also those places troubled with voke women's courses, and settle the suf-aches and gouts, and the defluxion of focation, strangling of the mother, and all humours upon the joints or sinews; it eases other diseases thereof; it is also applied out- the pains, and dries or dissolves the defluc-wardly with a little myrrh. The same also, tions. An ointment made of the juice, or the seed provokes urine, and expels the oil, and a little wax, is singularly good to gravel and stone in the reins or bladder, rub cold and benumbed members. An often proved to be effectual in many that handful of the leaves of green Nettles, and have taken it. The same kills the worms another of Wallwort, or Deanwort, bruised in children, eases pains in the sides, and and applied simply themselves to the gout, dissolves the windiness in the spleen, as sciatica, or joint aches in any part, hath also in the body, although others think it been found to be an admirable help there-

#### NIGHTSHADE.

an upright, round green, hollow stalk, about ! ceruse laboured together in a leaden mortar, a foot or half a yard high, bushing forth in is very good to anoint all hot inflammations many branches, whereon grow many green in the eyes. It also doth much good for leaves, somewhat broad, and pointed at the the shingles, ringworms, and in all running, ends, soft and full of juice, somewhat like fretting and corroding ulcers, applied unto Bazil, but longer and a little unevenly thereunto. The juice dropped into the dented about the edges: At the tops of the ears, eases pains thereof that arise of heat stalks and branches come forth three or; or inflammations. And Pliny saith, it is four more white flowers made of five small good for hot swellings under the throat. pointed leaves a-piece, standing on a stalk Have a care you mistake not the deadly together, one above another, with yellow Nightshade for this; if you know it not, pointels in the middle, composed of four or you may let them both alone, and take no five yellow threads set together, which af-harm, having other medicines sufficient in terwards run into so many pendulous green the book.

berries, of the bigness of small pease, full of i green juice, and small whitish round flat seed lying within it. The root is white, and a little woody when it hath given flower; being the glory and safety of this nation and fruit, with many small fibres at it; by sea) that it needs no description. The whole plant is of a waterish insipid { binding quality.

planting.

soonest.

Government and virtues.] It is a cold resists the poison of venomous creatures. Saturnine plant. The common Night-The decoction of acorns and the bark made shade is wholly used to cool hot inflam-in milk and taken, resists the force of poimations either inwardly or outwardly, sonous herbs and medicines, as also the being no ways dangerous to any that use it, virulency of cantharides, when one by eating as most of the rest of the Nightshades are; them hath his bladder exulcerated, and yet it must be used moderately. The dis- voids bloody urine. Hippocrates saith, he tilled water only of the whole herb is fittest used the fumes of Oak leaves to women that and safest to be taken inwardly: The juice were troubled with the strangling of the also clarified and taken, being mingled mother; and Galen applied them, being with a little vinegar, is good to wash the bruised, to cure green wounds. The dis-

mouth and throat that is inflamed: But outwardly the juice of the herb or berries, Descript.] COMMON Nightshade hath with oil of roses and a little vinegar and

#### THE OAK.

It is so well known (the timber thereor

Government and virtues.] Jupiter owns taste, but the juice within the berries is the tree. The leaves and bark of the Oak. somewhat viscous, and of a cooling and and the acorn cups, do bind and dry very much. The inner bark of the tree, and *Place.*] It grows wild with us under our the thin skin that covers the acorn, are walls, and in rubbish, the common paths, most used to stay the spitting of blood, and and sides of hedges and fields, as also in the bloody-flux. The decoction of that our gardens here in England, without any bark, and the powder of the cups, do stay vomitings, spitting of blood, bleeding at Time.] It lies down every year, and the mouth, or other fluxes of blood, in rises up again of its own sowing, but springs men or women; lasks also, and the nocturnot until the latter end of April at the nal involuntary flux of men. The acorn in powder taken in wine, provokes urine, and



Black Mustard



Common Nightshade



Deadly Nightshade





Nailwort



Orpine



Cow Parsnip





Univ Calif - Rigitized by Microsoft Bild Parsnip

tilled water of the Oaken bud, before they the upper crust of the earth, shooting forth break out into leaves is good to be used in divers places.

either inwardly or outwardly, to assuage Place.] It grows in moist, shadowy, inflammations, and to stop all manner of and grassy places of woods, in many parts fluxes in man or woman. The same is of this land. Time.] It flowers about May, and the

singularly good in pestilential and hot ; burning fevers; for it resists the force of berries are ripe in June, and then quickly the infection, and allays the heat: It cools perishes, until the next year it springs from the heat of the liver, breaking the stone in the same root again. the kidneys, and stays women's courses. Government and virtues.] It is a precious The decoction of the leaves works the same herb of the Sun. Half a dram, or a dram effects. The water that is found in the at most, in powder of the roots hereof taken hollow places of old Oaks, is very effectual in wine and vinegar, of each equal parts, against any foul or spreading scabs. The and the party laid presently to sweat theredistilled water (or concoction, which is upon, is held to be a sovereign remedy for better) of the leaves, is one of the best those that are infected with the plague, and remedies that I know of for the whites in have a sore upon them, by expelling the women.

## OATS,

description.

Government and virtues.] Oats fried with bay salt, and applied to the sides, take 100 away the pains of stitches and wind in the sides or the belly. A poultice made of meal of Oats, and some oil of Bays put thereunto, helps the itch and the leprosy, IT has almost as many several names as also the fistulas of the fundament, and attributed to the several sorts of it, as would dissolves hard imposthumes. The meal of almost fill a sheet of paper; as dog-stones, Oats boiled with vinegar, and applied, goat-stones, fool-stones, fox-stones, satiritakes away freckles and spots in the face, con, cullians, together with many others too and other parts of the body.

## ONE BLADE.

more than one leaf, but only when it rises because they are to be used with some disup with his stalk, which thereon bears cretion. They have each of them a double another, and seldom more, which are of a root within, some of them are round, in blueish green colour, pointed, with many others like a hand; these roots alter every ribs or veins therein, like Plantain. At the year by course, when the one rises and top of the stalk grow many small white waxes full, the other waxes lank, and perishes. flowers, star fashion, smelling somewhat Now, it is that which is full which is to be sweet; after which come small red berries, used in medicines, the other being either of when they are ripe. The root is small, of the no use at all, or else, according to the

poison and infection, and defending the heart and spirits from danger. It is a singularly good wound herb, and is thereupon ARE so well known that they need no used with other the like effects in many compound balms for curing of wounds, be they fresh and green, or old and malignant, and especially if the sinews be burnt.

## ORCHIS.

tedious to rehearse.

Descript.] To describe all the several sorts of it were an endless piece of work ; Descript.] THIS small plant never bears therefore I shall only describe the roots, bigness of a rush, lying and creeping under humour of some, it destroys and disannuls

the virtues of the other, quite undoing what the place with good treacle, and after to that doth.

to the latter end of August.

the king's evil.

#### ONIONS.

them, and they have gotten this quality, to draw any corruption to them, for if you peel one, and lay it upon a dunghill, you not so effectual. shall find it rotten in half a day, by drawing putrefaction to it; then, being bruised and applied to a plague sore, it is very probable it will do the like. Onions are flatulent, or with divers rough brittle stalks, thick set windy; yet they do somewhat provoke with fat and fleshy leaves, without any appetite, increase thirst, ease the belly and order, and little or nothing dented about bowels, provoke women's courses, help the the edges, of a green colour : The flowers biting of a mad dog, and of other venomous are white, or whitish, growing in tufts, after creatures, to be used with honey and rue, which come small chaffy husks, with seeds increase sperm, especially the seed of them. like dust in them. The roots are divers They also kill worms in children if they thick, round, white tuberous clogs; and the drink the water fasting wherein they have plant grows not so big in some places as in been steeped all night. under the embers, and eaten with honey or Place.] It is frequent in almost every sugar and oil, they much conduce to help county of this land, and is cherished in an inveterate cough, and expectorate the gardens with us, where it grows greater than tough phlegm. The juice being snuffed that which is wild, and grows in shadowy up into the nostrils, purges the head, and sides of fields and woods. helps the lethargy, (yet the often eating Time.] It flowers about July, and the them is said to procure pains in the head.) seed is ripe in August. It hath been held by divers country people Government and virtues.] a great preservative against infection, to eat owns the herb, and he that knows but her Onions fasting with bread and salt: As exaltaration, knows what I say is true also to make a great Onion hollow, filling Orpine is seldom used in inward medicines

roast it well under the embers, which, after Time.] One or other of them may be taking away the outermost skin thereof, found in flower from the beginning of April; being beaten together, is a sovereign salve for either plague or sore, or any other Government and virtues.] They are hot putrefied ulcer. The juice of Onions is and moist in operation, under the dominion good for either scalding or burning by fire, of Dame Venus, and provoke lust exceed- water, or gunpowder, and used with vineingly, which, they say, the dried and gar, takes away all blemishes, spots and withered roots do restrain. They are held marks in the skin: and dropped in the to kill worms in children; as also, being ears, eases the pains and noise of them. bruised and applied to the place, to heal Applied also with figs beaten together, helps to ripen and break imposthumes, and other sores.

Leeks are as like them in quality, as the THEY are so well known, that I need not pome-water is like an apple: They are a spend time about writing a description of remedy against a surfeit of mushrooms,

being baked under the embers and taken, Government and virtues.] Mars owns and being boiled and applied very warm, help the piles. In other things they have the same property as the Onions, although

### ORPINE.

Descript.] COMMON Orpine rises up Being roasted others where it is found.

The Moon

with us, although Tragus saith from expe-is also effectual against the venom of any rience in Germany, that the distilled water poisonous creature, and the danger that thereof is profitable for gnawings or excori- comes to them that have the lethargy, and ations in the stomach or bowels, or for ul-is as good against the cough. The distilled cers in the lungs, liver, or other inward water of Parsley is a familiar medicine with parts, as also in the matrix, and helps all nurses to give their children when they are those diseases, being drank for certain days troubled with wind in the stomach or belly together. It stays the sharpness of humours which they call the frets; and is also much in the bloody-flux, and other fluxes in the available to them that are of great years body, or in wounds. The root thereof The leaves of Parsley laid to the eyes that also performs the like effect. It is used are inflamed with heat, or swollen, doth outwardly to cool any heat or inflammation much help them, if it be used with bread or upon any hurt or wound, and eases the meal; and being fried with butter, and appains of them; as, also, to heal scaldings plied to women's breasts that are hard or burnings, the juice thereof being beaten through the curdling of their milk, it abates with some green sallad oil, and anointed. the hardness quickly; and also takes away The leaf bruised, and laid to any green black and blue marks coming of bruises or wound in the hand or legs, doth heal them quickly; and being bound to the throat, much helps the quinsy ; it helps also ruptures and burstenness. If you please to make the juice thereof into a syrup with dropsy, and stone in the kidneys, in this honey or sugar, you may safely take a spoonful or two at a time, (let my author say what he will) for a quinsy, and you shall find the medicine pleasant, and the cure speedy.

## PARSLEY.

description.

Government and virtues.] It is under the more be wasted; which being strained and dominion of Mercury; is very comfortable; cleared, take four ounces thereof morning to the stomach ; helps to provoke urine and and evening first and last, abstaining from women's courses, to break wind both in the drink after it for three hours. This opens stomach and bowels, and doth a little open obstructions of the liver and spleen, and the body, but the root much more. It expels the dropsy and jaundice by urine. opens obstructions both of liver and spleen,

and is therefore accounted one of the five Galen commended opening roots. 1t against the falling sickness, and to provoke

falls. The juice thereof dropped into the ears with a little wine, eases the pains. Tragus sets down an excellent medicine to help the jaundice and falling sickness, the manner : Take of the seed of Parsley, Fennel, Annise and Carraways, of each an ounce; of the roots of Parsley, Burnet, Saxifrage, and Carraways, of each an ounce and an half; let the seeds be bruised, and

the roots washed and cut small; let them lie all night to steep in a bottle of white THIS is so well known, that it needs no wine, and in the morning be boiled in a close earthen vessel until a third part or

## PARSLEY PIERT, OR PARSLEY BREAK STONE.

Descript.] THE root, although it be very urine mightily; especially if the roots be small and thready, yet it continues many boiled, and eaten like Parsnips. The seed years, from which arise many leaves lying is effectual to provoke urine and women's along on the ground, each standing upon courses, to expel wind, to break the stone, a long small foot-stalk, the leaves as broad and ease the pains and torments thereof; it as a man's nail, very deeply dented on the

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edges, somewhat like a parsley-leaf, but of the seed being ripe about the beginning of very weak and slender, about three or four for if they do flower the first year, the counfingers in length, set so full of leaves that try people call them Madneps. they can hardly be seen, either having no Government and virtues.] The garden foot-stalk at all, or but very short; the Parsnips are under Venus. The garden flowers are so small they can hardly be seen, and the seed as small as may be.

*Place.*] It is a common herb throughout the nation, and rejoices in barren, sandy, ---moist places. It may be found plentifully about Hampstead Heath, Hyde Park, and in Tothill-fields.

Time.] It may be found all the Summer-time, even from the beginning of April sists and helps the bitings of serpents, eases to the end of October.

is very prevalent to provoke urine, and to which is the cholic, and provokes urine. break the stone. It is a very good sallad The root is often used, but the seed much herb. It were good the gentry would pickle more. The wild being better than the tame, it up as they pickle up Samphire for their shews Dame Nature to be the best phyuse all the Winter. I cannot teach them sician. how to do it; yet this I can tell them, it is a very wholesome herb. They may also keep the herb dry, or in a syrup, if they Descript.] This grows with three or please. You may take a dram of the pow-four large, spread winged, rough leaves, der of it in white wine; it would bring away lying often on the ground, or else raised a gravel from the kidneys insensibly, and little from it, with long, round, hairy footwithout pain. It also helps the stranguary, istalks under them, parted usually into five

### PARSNIPS.

(the root being commonly eaten) that I what deeply cut in on the edges in some shall not trouble you with any description leaves, and not so deep in others, of a whitish of it. physical use, I shall in this place describe among which rises up a round, crusted, it unto you.

Descript. little from the garden, but grows not so fair at the top, where stand large umbels of and large, nor hath so many leaves, and the white, and sometimes reddish flowers, and root is shorter, more woody, and not so fit after them flat, whitish, thin, winged seed, to be eaten, and therefore more medicinal. two always joined together. The root is

Place.] The name of the first shews the long and white, with two or three long place of its growth. The other grows wild strings growing down into the ground, in divers places, as in the marshes in Roches- smelling likewise strongly and unpleasant ter, and elsewhere, and flowers in July; Place.] It grows in moist meadows, and

a very dusky green colour. The stalks are August, the second year after its sowing ;

Parsnip nourishes much, and is good and wholesome nourishment, but a little windy. whereby it is thought to procure bodily. lust; but it fastens the body much, if much need. It is conducible to the stomach and reins, and provokes urine. But the wild Parsnips hath a cutting, attenuating, cleansing, and opening quality therein. It rethe pains and stitches in the sides, and dis-Government and virtues.] Its operation solves wind both in the stomach and bowels,

## COW PARSNIPS.

divisions, the two couples standing each against the other; and one at the end, and THE garden kind thereof is so well known each leaf, being almost round, yet some-But the wild kind being of more green colour, smelling somewhat strongly; hairy stalk, two or three feet high, with a The wild Parsnip differs few joints and leaves thereon, and branched

the borders and corners of fields, and near within the stone. It sooner waxes old, ditches, through this land.

August.

Government and virtues.] Mercury hath Time.] They flow the dominion over them. The seed thereof, fructify in Autumn. as Galen saith, is of a sharp and cutting Government and virtues.] Lady Venus quality, and therefore is a fit medicine for owns this tree, and by it opposes the ill a cough and shortness of breath, the falling effects of Mars, and indeed for children and sickness and jaundice. The root is avail- young people, nothing is better to purge able to all the purposes aforesaid, and is choler and the jaundice, than the leaves or also of great use to take away the hard flowers of this tree being made into a syrup skin that grows on a fistula, if it be but or conserve. Let such as delight to please scraped upon it. The seed hereof being their lust regard the fruit ; but such as have drank, cleanses the belly from tough phleg- lost their health, and their children's, let matic matter therein, cases them that are them regard what I say, they may safely liver-grown, women's passions of the mother, give two spoonfuls of the syrup at a time ; as well being drank as the smoke thereof it is as gentle as Venus herself. The leaves received, and likewise raises such as are of peaches bruised and laid on the belly, fallen into a deep sleep, or have the lethargy, kill worms, and so they do also being by burning it under their nose. The seed boiled in ale and drank, and open the belly and root boiled in oil, and the head rubbed likewise; and, being dried, is a far safer therewith, helps not only those that are medicine to discuss humours. The powfallen into a frenzy, but also the lethargy or der of them strewed upon fresh bleeding drowsy evil, and those that have been long wounds stays their bleeding, and closes troubled with the head-ache, if it be like- them up. The flowers steeped all night in wise used with Ruc. It helps also the runn-ia little wine standing warm, strained forth ing scab and shingles. The juice of the in the morning, and drank fasting, doth flowers dropped into the ears that run and gently open the belly, and move it down-

## THE PEACH TREE.

great as the Apricot tree, yet spreads the continuance thereof. The flowers made branches reasonable well, from whence into a conserve, work the same effect. spring smaller reddish twigs, whereon are The liquor that dropped from the tree, being set long and narrow green leaves dented wounded, is given in the decoction of Coltsabout the edges. The blossoms are greater i foot, to those that are troubled with a cough than the plumb, and of a light purple or shortness of breath, by adding thereunto colour; the fruit round, and sometimes as some sweet wine, and putting some saffron nig as a reasonable Pippin, others smaller, also therein. It is good for those that are as also differing in colour and taste, as rus- hoarse, or have lost their voice; helps all set, red, or yellow, waterish or firm, with a defects of the lungs, and those that vomit frize or cotton all over, with a cleft therein and spit blood. Two drams hereof given like an Apricot, and a rugged, furrowed, in the juice of lemons, or of radish, is good great stone within it, and a bitter kernel; for them that are troubled with the stone,

and decays, than the Apricot, by much.

Time.] It flowers in July, and seeds in Place.] They are nursed in gardens and orchards through this land.

Time.] They flower in the Spring, and

are full of matter, cleanses and heals them. ward. A syrup made of them, as the syrup of roses is made, works more forcibly than that of roses, for it provokes vomiting, and Descript.] A PEACH Tree grows not so spends waterish and hydropic humours by

the kernels of the stones do wonderfully much more, and are very good in repelling ease the pains and wringings of the belly medicines; and if the wild sort be boiled through wind or sharp humours, and help with mushrooms, it makes them less danto make an excellent medicine for the stone gerous. The said Pears boiled with a little upon all occasions, in this manner : I take honey, help much the oppressed stomach, fifty kernels of peach-stones, and one hundred as all sorts of them do, some more, some of the kernels of cherry-stones, a handful of less: but the harsher sorts do more cool elder flowers fresh or dried, and three pints and bind, serving well to be bound to green of Muscadel; set them in a close pot into a bed wounds, to cool and stay the blood, and heal of horse-dung for ten days, after which distil up the green wound without farther trouble. in a glass with a gentle fire, and keep it for or inflammation, as Galen saith he hath found your use: You may drink upon occasion by experience. The wild Pears do sooner three or four ounces at a time. The milk or close up the lips of green wounds than others. cream of these kernels being drawn forth with some Vervain water and applied to wine after Pears, or else (say they) they are the forchead and temples, doth much help; as bad as poison; nay, and they curse the to procure rest and sleep to sick persons; tree for it too; but if a poor man find his wanting it. The oil drawn from the kernels, stomach oppressed by eating Pears, it is but the temples being therewith anointed, doth working hard, and it will do as well as the like. The said oil put into clysters, drinking wine. eases the pains of the wind cholic : and anointed on the lower part of the belly, doth the like, and dropped into the ears, eases pains in them; the juice of the leaves doth the like. Being also anointed on the forehead and temples, it helps the megrim, and all other pains in the head. If the inferior to the other, if at all. I shall not kernels be bruised and boiled in vinegar, until they become thick, and applied to the head, it marvellously procures the hair to grow again upon bald places, or where it is too thin.

## THE PEAR TREE.

PEAR Trees are so well known, that they need no description.

Government and virtues. ] The Tree belongs to Venus, and so doth the Apple tree. For their physical use they are best discerned by their taste. All the sweet and luscious sorts, whether manured or wild, do help to a move the belly downwards, more or less. grows here, hath a root of a sharp biting Those that are hard and sour, do, on the taste, scarcely discernible by the taste from contrary, bind the belly as much, and the that before described, from whence arise leaves do so also: Those that are moist do divers brittle stalks, a yard high and more in some sort cool, but harsh or wild sorts with narrow leaves finely dented about the

Schola Selerni advises to drink much

## PELLITORY OF SPAIN.

COMMON Pellitory of Spain, if it be planted in our gardens, will prosper very well; yet there is one sort growing ordinarily here wild, which I esteem to be little deny you the description of them both.

Descript.] Common Pellitory is a very common plant, and will not be kept in our gardens without diligent looking to. The root goes down right into the ground bearing leaves, being long and finely cut upon the stalk, lying on the ground, much larger than the leaves of the Camomile are. At the top it bears one single large flower at a place, having a border of many leaves, white on the upper side, and reddish underneath, with a yellow thrun in the middle, not standing so close as that of Camomile. The other common Pellitory which

edges, standing one above another up to black, rough seed, which will stick to any the tops. The flowers are many and white, cloth or garment that shall touch it. The standing in tufts like those of Yarrow, with root is somewhat long, with small fibre: a small yellowish thrum in the middle. thereat, of a dark reddish colour, which abides the Winter, although the stalks and The seed is very small.

Place.] The last grows in fields by the leaves perish and spring every year. hedge sides and paths, almost every where. Place. It grows wild generally through

Time.] It flowers at the latter end of the land, about the borders of fields, and by June and July.

government of Mercury, and I am per- dens, and planted on the shady side, suaded it is one of the best purgers of the where it will spring of it own sowing. brain that grows. An ounce of the juice Time.] It flowers in June and July, and taken in a draught of Muskadel an hour the seed is ripe soon after. before the fit of the ague comes, it will Government and virtues.] It is under the assuredly drive away the ague at the second dominion of Mercury. The dried herb or third time taken at the farthest. Either Pellitory made up into an electuary with the herb or root dried and chewed in the honey, or the juices of the herb, or the demouth, purges the brain of plegmatic coction thereof made up with sugar or humours; thereby not only easing pains in housy, is a singular remedy for an old or the head and teeth, but also hinders the dry cough, the shortness of breath, and distilling of the brain upon the lungs and wheezing in the throat. Three ounces of eyes, thereby preventing coughs, phthisicks the juice thereof taken at a time, doth won-and consumption, the apoplexy and falling derfully help stopping of the urine, and to sickness. It is an excellently approved expel the stone or gravel in the kidneys or remedy in the lethargy. The powder of the bladder, and is therefore usually put among herb or root being snuffed up the nostrils, other herbs used in clysters to mitigate procures sneezing, and eases the head-ache; pains in the back, sides, or bowels, probeing made into an ointment with hog's ceeding of wind, stopping of urine, the grease, it takes away black and blue spots gravel or stone, as aforesaid. If the bruised occasioned by blows or falls, and helps both herb, sprinkled with some Muskadel, be the gout and sciatica.

## PELLITORY OF THE WALL.

tender, weak, clear, and almost transparent eases pains of the mother, and brings down stalks, about two feet high, upon which women's courses: It also eases those griefs grow at the joints two leaves somewhat that arise from obstructions of the liver, broad and long, of a dark green colour, spleen, and reins. The same decoction, which afterwards turn brownish, smooth on with a little honey added thereto, is good the edges, but rough and hairy, as the to gargle a sore throat. The juice held a stalks are also. At the joints with the while in the mouth, eases pains in the teeth. leaves from the middle of the stalk upwards, The distilled water of the herb drank with where it spreads into branches, stand many some sugar, works the same effects, and small, pale, purplish flowers in hairy, rough cleanses the skin from spots, freckles, pur

the sides of walls, and among rubbish. It Government and virtues.] It is under the will endure well being brought up in gar-

warmed upon a tile, or in a dish upon a few quick coals in a chafing-dish, and ap-**Descript.**] IT rises with brownish, red, The decoction of the herb being drank, heads, or husks, after which come small, ples, wheals, sun-burn, morphew, &c. The

juice dropped into the ears, cases the noise } in them, and takes away the pricking and sort found wild with us, which so abides. shooting pains therein: The same, or the being brought into gardens, and differs not distilled water, assuages hot and swelling from it, but only in the largeness of the fire or water; as also all other hot tumours { creeping upon the ground so much. and inflammations, or breakings-out, of flowers whereof are purple, growing in runheat, being bathed often with wet cloths dles about the stalks like the other. dipped therein: The said juice made into a liniment with ceruss, and oil of roses, and gardens, grows also in many moist and anointed therewith, cleanses foul rotten ; ulcers, and stays spreading or creeping ulcers, and running scabs or sores in children's heads; and helps to stay the hair to Colchester, and thereabouts, more abunfrom falling off the head. The said oint- dantly than in any other counties, and is ment, or the herb applied to the fundament, opens the piles, and eases their pains ; and } being mixed with goats' tallow, helps the Summer, about August. gout. The juice is very effectual to cleanse fistulas, and to heal them up safely; or the under Venus. Dioscorides saith, that herb itself bruised and applied with a little Pennyroyal makes thin tough phlegm, salt. It is likewise also effectual to heal warms the coldness of any part whereto it any green wound; if it be bruised and is applied, and digests raw or corrupt matbound thereto for three days, you shall ter; Being boiled and drank, it provokes need no other medicine to heal it further. women's courses, and expels the dead child A poultice made hereof with Mallows, and and after-birth, and stays the disposition boiled in wine and wheat bran and bean to vomit, being taken in water and vinegar four, and some oil put thereto, and ap-i mingled together. And being mingled with plied warm to any bruised sinews, tendon, honey and salt, it voids phlegm out of the or muscle, doth in a very short time restore | lungs, and purges melancholy by the stool. them to their strength, taking away the Drank with wine, it helps such as are bitten pains of the bruises, and dissolves the con- and stung with venomous beasts, and apgealed blood coming of blows, or falls from ; plied to the nostrils with vinegar, revives high places.

and boiled in a syrup with honey, and a gums. It is helpful to those that are trouspoonful of it drank every morning by such bled with the gout, being applied of itself as are subject to the dropsy; if continuing to the place until it was red; and applied that course, though but once a weak, they in a plaister, it takes away spots or marks ever have the dropsy, let them but come in the face; applied with salt, it profits those to me, and I will cure them gratis.

## PENNYROYAL.

no description.

There is a greater kind than the ordinary imposthumes, burnings and scaldings by leaves and stalks, in rising higher, and not The

> Place.] The first, which is common in watery places of this land.

> The second is found wild in effect in divers places by the highways from London also planted in their gardens in Essex.

> *Time.*] They flower in the latter end of

Government and virtues.] The herb is those that are fainting and swooning. The juice of Pellitory of the Wall clarified Being dried and burnt, it strengthens the that are splenetic, or livergrown. The decoction doth help the itch, if washed therewith. The green herb bruised and put PENNYROYAL is so well known unto into vinegar, cleanses foul ulcers, and takes all, I mean the common kind, that it needs away the marks of bruises and blows about the eyes, and al discolourings of the face

by fire, yea, and the leprosy, being drank! The ordinary Female Peony hath as and outwardly applied : Boiled in wine many stalks, and more leaves on them than with honey and salt, it helps the tooth-ache. the Male; the leaves not so large, but nicked It helps the cold griefs by the joints, taking on the edges, some with great and deep, away the pains, and warms the cold part, others with small cuts and divisions, of a being fast bound to the place, after a dead green colour. The flowers are of a bathing or sweating in a hot house. Pliny strong heady scent, usually smaller, and of adds, that Pennyroyal and Mints together, a more purple colour than the Male, with help faintings, being put into vinegar, and yellow thrums about the head, as the Male sinelled unto, or put into the nostrils or hath. The seed vessels are like horns, as in mouth. It eases head-aches, pains of the the Male, but smaller, the seed is black, vinegar, it helps cramps or convulsions of long strings, and all from the heads of the the sinews: Boiled in milk, and drank, it roots, which is thick and short, and of the is effectual for the cough, and for ulcers like scent with the Male. and sores in the mouth; drank in wine it provokes women's courses, and expels the and flower usually about May. dead child, and after-birth. Matthiolus Government and virtues.] It is an herb of saith, The decoction thereof being drank, the Sun, and under the Lion. Physicians helps the jaundice and dropsy, all pains of say, Male Peony roots are best; but Dr. the head and sinews that come of a cold Reason told me Male Peony was best for cause, and clears the eye-sight. It helps men, and Female Peony for women, and he the lethargy, and applied with barley-meal, desires to be judged by his brother Dr. the pains of them.

## MALE AND FEMALE PEONY.

brownish stalks, whereon grow green and ing sickness; but the surest way is, besides reddish leaves, upon a stalk without any hanging it about the neck, by which children particular division in the leaf at all. The have been cured, to take the root of the flowers stand at the top of the stalks, con- Male Peony washed clean, and stamped sisting of five or six broad leaves, of a fair somewhat small, and laid to infuse in sack purplish red colour, with many yellow for 24 hours at the least, afterwards strain threads in the middle standing about the it, and take it first and last, morning and head, which after rises up to be the seed evening, a good draught for sundry days vessels, divided into two, three, or four together, before and after a full moon : and crooked pods like horns, which being full this will also cure old persons, if the disripe, open and turn themselves down back- ease be not grown too old, and past cure, wards, shewing with them divers round, especially if there be a due and orderly black, shining seeds, having also many preparation of the body with posset-drink crimson grains, intermixed with black, made of Betony, &c. The root is also whereby it makes a very pretty shew. The effectual for women that are not sufficiently roots are great, thick and long, spreading cleansed after child-birth, and such as are

breast and belly, and gnawings of the but less shining. The root consists of many stomach; applied with honey, salt, and short tuberous clogs, fastened at the end of

Place and Time.] They grow in gardens,

helps burnings; and put into the ears, eases Experience. The roots are held to be of more virtue than the seed; next the flowers; and, last of all, the leaves. The roots of the Male Peony, fresh gathered, having Descript.] MALE Peony rises up with been found by experience to cure the falland running down deep in the ground. troubled with the mother; for which like-

wise the black seed beaten to powder, and hereof to be bruised, and mixed with old given in wine. is also available. The black hog's grease, and applied to the place, and seed also taken before bed-time, and in to continue thereon four hours in men, and the morning, is very effectual for such as in two hours in women, the place being aftertheir sleep are troubled with the disease wards bathed with wine and oil mixed called Ephialtes, or Incubus, but we do together, and then wrapped up with wool commonly call it the Night-mare: a disease or skins, after they have sweat a little. It which melancholy persons are subject unto: also amends the deformities or discolour-It is also good against melancholy dreams. ings of the skin, and helps to take away The distilled water or syrup made of the marks, scars, and scabs, or the foul marks flowers, works the same effects that the root of burning with fire or iron. The juice and seed do, although more weakly. The hereof is by some used to be given in ale to Females is often used for the purpose afore- drink, to women with child, to procure said, by reason the Male is so scarce a them a speedy delivery in travail. plant, that it is possessed by few, and those great lovers of rarities in this kind.

## PEPPERWORT, OR DITTANDER.

sends forth somewhat long and broad leaves, at the joints as it runs, taking thereby hold of a light blueish green colour, finely in the ground, and rooteth in divers places. dented about the edges, and pointed at the At the joints of these branches stand two ends, standing upon round hard stalks, small, dark-green, shining leaves, somewhat three or four feet high, spreading many like bay leaves, but smaller, and with them branches on all sides, and having many come forth also the flowers (one at a joint) small white flowers at the tops of them, standing upon a tender foot-stalk, being after which follow small seeds in small somewhat long and hollow, parted at the heads. The root is slender, running much brims, sometimes into four, sometimes into under ground, and shooting up again in five leaves: The most ordinary sorts are of many places, and both leaves and roots are a pale blue colour; some are pure white, very hot and sharp of taste, like pepper, for some of a dark reddish purple colour. The which cause it took the name.

Place.] It grows naturally in many places of this land, as at Clare in Essex; also near unto Exeter in Devonshire; upon Rochester common in Kent; in Lancashire, and divers other places; but usually have room to run. kept in gardens.

and in July.

martial herb for you, make much of it. ple flowers, in gardens only. Pliny and Paulus Ægineta say, that Pepperwort is very successful for the sciatica, Government and virtues.] Venus owns or any other gout or pain in the joints, or this herb, and saith, That the leaves eaten any other inveterate grief: The leaves; by man and wife together, cause love be-

## PERIWINKLE.

Descript.] THE common sort hereof hath many branches trailing or running Descript.] OUR common Pepperwort; upon the ground, shooting out small fibres root is little bigger than a rush, bushing in the ground, and creeping with his branches far about, whereby it quickly possesses a great compass, and is therefore most usually planted under hedges where it may

Place.] Those with the pale blue, and Time.] It flowers in the end of June, those with the white flowers, grow in woods and orchards, by the hedge-sides, in divers Government and virtues.] Here is another i places of this land; but those with the pur-

Time.] They flower in March and April.



Pellitory of the Wall



Periwinkle



Pepper-wort



Pimpernel



Plantain



Polypody



White Poppy





THOMAS KELLY, LONDON . 1835.

tween them. The Periwinkle is a great and Northamptonshire; as also near waterbinder, stays bleeding both at mouth and courses in other places. nose, if some of the leaves be chewed. [ Time.] It flowers in June and July, and

The French used it to stay women's courses. the seed is ripe in August. Dioscorides, Galen, and Ægineta, com- Government and virtues. mend it against the lasks and fluxes of the a straw to choose between this and St. belly to be drank in wine.

# ST. PETER'S WORT

of Tradition, as well as Ignorance the time in honied water, purges choleric Mother of Devotion, this herb, (as well as humours, (as saith Dioscorides, Pliny, and St. John's Wort) hath found some other Galen,) and thereby helps those that are name to be known by; but we may say of troubled with the sciatica. The leaves are our forefathers, as St. Paul of the Athenians, jused as St. John's Wort, to help those I perceive in many things you are too super- places of the body that have been burnt stituous. Yet seeing it is come to pass, with fire. that custom having got in possession, pleads prescription for the name, I shall let it pass, and come to the description of [ Descript.] COMMON Pimpernel hath the herb, which take as follows.

right stalks for the most part, some greater round leaves at every joint, one against and higher than St. John's Wort (and good another, very like Chickweed, but hath no reason too, St. Peter being the greater foot-stalks; for the leaves, as it were, comapostle, (ask the Pope else;) for though pase the stalk. The flowers stand singly God would have the saints equal, the Pope each by themselves at them and the stalk, is of another opinion,) but brown in the consisting of five small round-pointed leaves, same manner, having two leaves at every of a pale red colour, tending to an orange, joint, somewhat like, but larger, than St. with so many threads in the middle, in whose John's Wort, and a little rounder pointed, places succeed smooth round heads, wherewith few or no holes to be seen thereon, and in is contained small seed. The root is having sometimes some smaller leaves rising small and fibrous, perishing every year. from the bosom of the greater, and some ? Place.] It grows almost every where times a little hairy also. At the tops of two as well in the meadows and corn-fields, stalks stand many star-like flowers, with as by the way-sides, and in gardens, arising yellow threads in the middle, very like of itself. those of St. John's Wort, insomuch that [ Time.] It flowers from May until April, this is hardly discerned from it, but only by and the seed ripens in the mean time, and the largeness and height, the seed being falls. alike also in both. The root abides long, Government and virtues.] It is a gallant

There is not John's Wort, only St. Peter must have it, lest he should want pot herbs; It is of the same property of St. John's Wort, but somewhat weaker, and therefore more seldom

IF Superstition had not been the father used. Two drams of the seed taken at a

## PIMPERNEL.

divers weak square stalks lying on the Descript.] It rises up with square up-ground, beset all with two small and almost

sending forth new shoots every year. [solar herb, of a cleansing attractive quality,

Place.] It grows in many groves, and whereby it draws forth thorns or splinters, small low woods, in divers places of this or other such like things gotten into the land, as in Kent, Huntingdon, Cambridge, ! flesh ; and put up into the nostrils, purges

the head; and Galen saith also, they have along among the leaves; after which come a drying faculty, whereby they are good to small and round husks. The root is small solder the lips of wounds, and to cleanse and woody, perishing every year.

foul ulcers. The distilled water or juice is ? Place.] It grows more plentifully in much esteemed by French dames to cleanse Kent than any other county of this land, as the skin from any roughness and defor- namely, in many places on this side Dartmity, or discolouring thereof; being boiled; ford, along to Southfleet, Chatham, and in wine and given to drink, it is a good Rochester, and upon Chatham down, hard remedy against the plague, and other pes- by the Beacon, and half a mile from tilential fevers, if the party after taking it Rochester, in a field near a house called

*Time.*] It flowers and gives seed in the Government and virtues.] Mars owns the

being used inwardly, and applied outward-therb. The decoction of Ground Pine ly. The same also opens obstructions of drank, doth wonderfully prevail against the the liver, and is very available against the stranguary, or any inward pains arising infirmities of the reins : It provokes urine, from the diseases of the reins and urine, and helps to expel the stone and gravel and is especially good for all obstructions of out of the kidneys and bladder, and helps the liver and spleen, and gently opens much in all inward pains and ulcers. The the body; for which purpose they were decoction, or distilled water, is no less ef-; wont in former times to make pills with the It fresh and green, or old, filthy, fretting, and marvellously helps all the diseases of the running ulcers, which it very effectually mother, inwardly or outwardly applied, cures in a short space. A little mixed procuring women's courses, and expelling with the juice, and dropped into the eyes, the dead child and after-birth; yea, it is so cleanses them from cloudy mists, or thick powerful upon those feminine parts, that it films which grow over them, and hinder is utterly forbidden for women with child, the sight. It helps the tooth-ache, being for it will cause abortion or delivery before dropped into the ear on a contrary side of the time. The decoction of the herb in the pain. It is also effectual to ease the wine taken inwardly, or applied outwardly, or both, for some time together, is also effectual in all pains and diseases of the joints, as gouts, cramps, palsies, sciatica, and Descript.] OUR common Ground Pine aches; for which purpose the pills made grows low, seldom rising above a hand's with powder of Ground Pine, and of Herbreadth high, shooting forth divers small modactyls with Venice Turpentine are very branches, set with slender, small, long, nar-feffectual. The pills also, continued for row, greyish, or whitish leaves, somewhat some time, are special good for those that hairy, and divided into three parts, many have the dropsy, jaundice, and for griping bushing together at a joint, some growing pains of the joints, belly, or inward parts scatteringly upon the stalks, smelling some- It helps also all diseases of the brain, prowhat strong, like unto rozin : The flowers ceeding of cold and phlegmatic humours are small, and of a pale yellow colour, and distillations, as also for the falling sick-growing from the joint of the stalk all ness. It is a special remedy for the poison

be warm in his bed, and sweat for two; Selesys. hours after, and use the same for twice at least. It helps also all stingings and Summer months. bitings of venomous beasts, or mad dogs, fectual to be applied to all wounds that are powder thereof, and the pulp of figs. pains of the hæmorrhoids or piles.

# GROUND PINE. OR CHAMEPITYS.

of the aconites, and other poisonous herbs, from the head, and stays all manner of as also against the stinging of any veno-fluxes, even women's courses, when hey mous creature. It is a good remedy for a flow too abundantly. It is good to stay cold cough, especially in the beginning. spitting of blood and other bleedings at the For all the purposes aforesaid, the herb mouth, or the making of foul and bloody being tunned up in new drink and drank, water, by reason of any ulcer in the reins is almost as effectual, but far more accepta- or bladder, and also stays the too free ble to weak and dainty stomachs. The bleeding of wounds. It is held an especial distilled water of the herb hath the same remedy for those that are troubled with the effects, but more weakly. The conserve phthisic, or consumption of the lungs, or of the flowers doth the like, which Mat-julcers of the lungs, or coughs that come of thiolus much commends against the palsy. heat. The decoction or powder of the being applied, dissolves the hardness of the purposes aforesaid than the leaves. women's breasts, and all other hard swell-Dioscorides saith, that three roots boiled in green herb also applied, or the juice thereof; for the quartan agues, (but letting the numstinking, foul, and malignant ulcers and tion of divers roots may be effectual. The sores of all sorts, but heals and solders up herb (but especially the seed) is held to be the lips of green wounds in any part also. profitable against the dropsy, the falling-Let pregnant women forbear, for it works sickness, the yellow jaundice, and stoppings violently upon the feminine part.

# PLANTAIN.

known, that it needs no description.

and the seed ripens shortly after.

cures.

The green herb, or the decoction thereof, roots or seeds, is much more binding for all ings in any other part of the body. The wine and taken, helps the tertain agues, and with some honey, not only cleanses putrid, ber pass as fabulous) I conceive the decocof the liver and reins. The roots of Plantain, and Pellitory of Spain, beaten into powder, and put into the hollow teeth, takes THIS grows usually in meadows and away the pains of them. The clarified fields, and by path sides, and is so well juice, or distilled water, dropped into the eyes, cools the inflammations in them, and Time.] It is in its beauty about June, takes away the pin and web; and dropped i..to the cars, eases the pains in them, and Government and virtues.] It is true, Mis- helps and removes the heat. The same aldus and others, yea, almost all astrology-jalso with the juice of Houseleek is profitable physicians, hold this to be an herb of Mars, against all inflammations and breakings out because it cures the diseases of the head of the skin, and against burnings and scaldand privities, which are under the houses ings by fire and water. The juice or deof Mars, Aries, and Scorpio : The truth is, coction made either of itself, or other things it is under the command of Venus, and of the like nature, is of much use and good cures the head by antipathy to Mars, and effect for old and hollow ulcers that are hard the privities by sympathy to Venus; neither to be cured, and for cankers and sores in is there hardly a martial disease but it the mouth or privy parts of man or woman; and helps also the pains of the piles in the The juice of Plantain clarified and drank fundament. The juice mixed with oil of for divers days together, either of itself, or roses, and the temples and forehead anointin other drink, prevails wonderfully against ed therewith, eases the pains of the head all torments or excoriations in the intestines proceeding from heat, and helps lunatic or bowels, helps the distillations of rheum and frantic persons very much; as also the

of the brine of powdered beef, boiled cholic. together and clarified, is a most sure remedy to heal all spreading scabs or itch in the head and body, all manner of tetters, ring- [ Descript.] Tuis is a small herb consistworms, the shingles, and all other running ing of nothing but roots and leaves, bearing and fretting sores. Briefly, the Plantains i neither stalk, flower, nor seed, as it is are singularly good wound herbs, to heal thought. It hath three or four leaves fresh or old wounds or sores, either inward rising from the root, every one single by or outward

#### PLUMS.

description.

Government and virtues.] All Plums are the edges at all, as the male fern hath, of under Venus, and are like women, some sad green colour, and smooth on the upper better, and some worse. As there is great side, but on the other side somewhat rough diversity of kinds, so there is in the opera- by reason of some yellowish flowers set tion of Plums, for some that are sweet thereon. The root is smaller than one's moistens the stomach, and make the belly little finger, lying aslope, or creeping along soluble; those that are sour quench thirst; under the upper crust of the carth, brownmore, and bind the belly; the moist and ish on the outside and greenish within, of waterish do sooner corrupt in the stomach, a sweetish harshness in taste, set with cerbut the firm do nourish more, and offend tain rough knags on each side thereof, less. The dried fruit sold by the grocers having also much mossiness or yellow hairunder the names of Damask Prunes, do iness upon it, and some fibres underneath it, somewhat loosen the belly, and being whereby it is nourished. stewed, are often used, both in health and Place.] It grows as well upon old rotten sickness, to relish the mouth and stomach, stumps, or trunks of trees, as oak, beech, to procure appetite, and a little to open hazel, willow, or any other, as in the woods the body, allay choler, and cool the under them, and upon old mud walls, as stomach. Plum-tree leaves boiled in wine, also in mossy, stony, and gravelly places are good to wash and gargle the mouth and near unto wood. That which grows upon throat, to dry the flux of rheum coming to joak is accounted the best; but the quantity the palate, gums, or almonds of the ear. thereof is searce sufficient for the common The gum of the tree is good to break the use icrosoft

biting of serpents, or a mad dog. The stone. The gum or leaves boiled in vinesame also is profitably applied to all hot gar, and applied, kills tetters and ringgouts in the feet or hands, especially in the worms. Matthiolus saith, The oil prebeginning. It is also good to be applied served out of the kernels of the stones, as where any bone is out of joint, to hinder oil of almonds is made, is good against the inflammations, swellings, and pains that inflamed piles, the tumours or swellings of presently rise thereupon. The powder of ulcers, hoarseness of the voice, roughness the dried leaves taken in drink, kills worms of the tongue and throat, and likewise the of the belly; and boiled in wine, kills pains in the ears. And that five ounces worms that breed in old and foul ulcers. of the said oil taken with one ounce of mus-One part of Plantain water, and two parts kadel, drives forth the stone, and helps the

## POLYPODY OF THE OAK.

itself, of about a hand length, are winged, consisting of many small narrow leaves cut into the middle rib, standing on each ARE so well known that they need no side of the stalk, large below, and smaller up to the top, not dented nor notched at

Time.] It being always green, may be doth much help it; and applied also to the gathered for use at any time.

the Oak, that which grows upon the carth in time stops the passage of breath through is best; it is an herb of Saturn, to purge; that nostril; and it helps those clefts or melancholy; if the humour be otherwise, chops that come between the fingers or chuse your Polypodium accordingly. Meuse i toes. (who is called the Physician's Evangelist for the certainty of his medicines, and the truth of his opinion) saith, That it dries up thin humours, digests thick and tough, and purges burnt choler, and especially tough and White, both which I shall here desand thick phlegm, and thin phlegm also, even from the joints, and therefore good for } those that are troubled with melancholy, or great, and reasonably high, covered with quartan agues, especially if it be taken in thick, smooth, white bark, especially the whey or honied water, or in barley-water, branches; having long leaves cut into or the broth of a chicken with Epithymum, several divisions almost like a vine leaf, but or with Beets and Mallows. It is good for not of so deep a green on the upper side, the hardness of the spleen, and for pricking and hoary white underneath, of a reasonor stitches in the sides, as also for the cholic: able good scent, the whole form represent-Some use to put to it some Fennel seeds, or ing the form of Collsfoot. Annis seeds, or Ginger, to correct that which it brings forth before the leaves, are loathing it brings to the stomach, which is long, and of a faint reddish colour, which more than needs, it being a safe and gentle fall away, bearing seldom good seed with medicine, fit for all persons, which daily them. The wood hereof is smooth, soft, experience confirms; and an ounce of it; and white, very finely waved, whereby it is may be given at a time in a decoction, if much esteemed. there be not Sena, or some other strong The Black Poplar grows higher and purger put with it. A dram or two of the straighter than the White, with a greyish powder of the dried roots, taken fasting in bark, bearing broad green leaves, somewhat a cup of honied water, works gently, and like ivy leaves, not cut in on the edges like for the purposes aforesaid. The distilled the White, but whole and dented, ending water both of roots and leaves, is much in a point, and not white underneath, hangcommended for the quartan ague, to be ing by slender long foot stalks, which with taken for many days together, as also the air are continually shaken, like as the against melancholy, or fearful and trouble-; Aspen leaves are. The catkins hereof are some sleeps or dreams; and with some greater than those of the White, composed sugar-candy dissolved therein, is good of many round green berries, as if they against the cough, shortness of breath, and were set together in a long cluster, containwheezings, and those distillations of thin ing much downy matter, which being ripe, rheum upon the lungs, which cause phthi- is blown away with the wind. The clammy sicks, and oftentimes consumptions. The buds hereof, before they spread into leaves, fresh roots beaten small, or the powder of are gathered to make Unguentum and the dried roots mixed with honey, and ap-? Populneum, and are of a yellowish green plied to the member that is out of joint, colour, and somewhat small, sweet, but

nose, cures the disease called Polypus, which Government and virtues.] Polypodium of is a piece of flesh growing therein, which

## THE POPLAR TREE.

THERE are two sorts of Poplars, which are most familiar with us, viz. the Black cribe unto you.

Descript.] The White Poplar grows The catkins

white, and easy to be cloven. On both the Erratic Wild Poppy, or Corn Rose. these trees grows a sweet kind of musk, sweet ointments.

by water-sides in sundry places of this land; 2 yet the White is not so frequent as the other.

*Time.*] Their time is likewise expressed ! before: The catkins coming forth before } the leaves in the end of Summer.

dominion over both. White Poplar, saith } Galen, is of a cleansing property: The weight of an ounce in powder, of the bark broken, the flowers within it spreading itself thereof, being drank, saith Dioscorides, is a remedy for those that are troubled with i the sciatica, or the stranguary. The juice of the leaves dropped warm into the ears, eases the pains in them. The young clammy buds or eyes, before they break out into leaves, bruised, and a little honey put to them, is a good medicine for a dull ber of small round seeds, in several partisight. The Black Poplar is held to be more cooling than the White, and therefore i middle thereof remaining hollow, and the leaves bruised with vinegar and applied, empty. The whole plant, both leaves, help the gout. The seed drank in vinegar, is held good against the falling-sickness. young, and green, yield a milk when they The water that drops from the hollow places are broken, of an unpleasant bitter taste, of this tree, takes away warts, pushes, almost ready to provoke casting, and of a wheals, and other the like breakings-out of strong heady smell, which being condensed, the body. The young Black Poplar buds, is called Opium. The root is white and saith Matthiolus, are much used by women woody, perishing as soon as it hath given to beautify their hair, bruising them with ripe seed. fresh butter, straining them after they have been kept for some time in the sun. The former, until it baers its flower, which is ointment called Populneon, which is made somewhat less, and of a black purplish of this Poplar, is singularly good for all colour, but without any purple spots in the heat and inflammations in any part of the bottom of the leaf. The head of the seed body, and tempers the heat of wounds. It is much less than the former, and opens is much used to dry up the milk of women's itself a little round about the top, under breasts when they have weaned their the crown, so that the seed, which is very children.

strong. The wood is smooth, tough, and the White and black of the Garden, and

Descript.] 'The White Poppy hath at which in former times was used to put into first four or five whitish green leaves lying upon the ground, which rise with the stalk, *Place.* They grow in moist woods, and compassing it at the bottom of them, and are very large, much cut or torn on the edges, and dented also besides : The stalk, which is usually four or five feet high, hath sometimes no branches at the top, and usually but two or three at most, bearing Government and virtues. Saturn hath every one but one head wrapped up in a thin skin, which bows down before it is ready to blow, and then rising, and being open, and consisting of four very large. white, round leaves, with many whitish round threads in the middle, set about a small, round, green head, having a crown, or star-like cover at the head thereof, which growing ripe, becomes as large as a great apple, wherein are contained a great numtions or divisions next unto the shell, the stalks, and heads, while they are fresh,

> The Black Poppy little differs from the black, will fall out, if one turn the head thereof downward.

# POPPY.

The wild Poppy, or Corn Rose, hath long Or this I shall describe three kinds, viz. and narrow leaves, very much cut in on the

edges into many divisions, of a .ight green the Moon. The garden Poppy heads with colour, sometimes hairy withal. The stalk seeds made into a syrup, is frequently, and is blackish and hairy also, but not so tall as to good effect used to procure rest, and the garden kind, having some such like sleep, in the sick and weak, and to stay leaves thereon to grow below, parted into catarrhs and defluxions of thin rheums three or four branches sometimes, whereon { from the head into the stomach and lungs, grow small hairy heads bowing down be- causing a continual cough, the fore-runner fore the skin break, wherein the flower is of a consumption ; it helps also hoarseness inclosed, which when it is fully blown open, i of the throat, and when one have lost their is of a fair vellowish red or crimson colour, voice, which the oil of the seed doth likeand in some much paler, without any spot wise. The black seed boiled in wine, and in the bottom of the leaves, having many drank, is said also to dry the flux of the black soft threads in the middle, compass-belly, and women's courses. The empty ing a small green head, which when it is shells, or poppy heads, are usually boiled ripe, is not bigger than one's little finger's in water, and given to procure rest and end, wherein is contained much black seeds sleep : so doth the leaves in the same mansmaller than that of the garden. The root iner; as also if the head and temples be perishes every year, and springs again of bathed with the decoction warm, or with its own sowing, Of this kind there is one the oil of Poppies, the green leaves or the lesser in all parts thereof, and differs in heads bruised and applied with a little nothing else.

rally grow wild in any place, but all are all inflammations, as also the disease called sown in gardens where they grow.

tifully enough, and many times too much so medicines that are made to procure rest in the corn fields of all counties through this and sleep, and to ease pains in the head as land, and also on ditch hanks, and by well as in other parts. It is also used to hedge sides. The smaller wild kind is also cool inflammations, agues, or frenzies, or found in corn fields, and also in some to stay defluxions which cause a cough, or other places, but not so plentifully as the consumptions, and also other fluxes of the former.

sown in the spring, which then flower about been found by experience to ease the pains the end of May, and somewhat earlier, if of the gout. they spring of their own sowing.

until July, and the seed of them is ripe soon isickness. The syrup made with the flower, after the flowering.

Lunar, and of the juice of it is made opium; either boiled in water, or made into powder only for lucre of money they cheat you, and drank, either in the distilled water of and tell you it is a kind of tear, or some them, or some other drink, works the like such like thing, that drops from Poppies effect. The distilled water of the flowers when they weep, and that is somewhere is held to be of much good use against

vinegar, or made into a poultice with barley-Place.] The garden kinds do not natu- meal or hog's grease, cools and tempers wn in gardens where they grow. The Wild Poppy or Corn Rose, is plen- St. Anthony's fire. It is generally used in treacle and mithridate, and in all other belly or women's courses; it is also put Time.] The garden kinds are usually into hollow teeth, to ease the pain, and hath

The Wild Poppy, or Corn Rose (as Mat-The wild kind flower usually from May thiolus saith) is good to prevent the fallingis with good effect given to those that have Government and virtues.] The herb is the pleurisy; and the dried flowers also, beyond the seas, I know not where beyond { surfeits, being drank evening and morning;

It is also more cooling than any of the parts where pushes, wheals, pimples, St, to be used inwardly.

## PURSLAIN.

GARDEN Purslain (being used as a sallad herb) is so well known that it needs no description; I shall therefore only speak of its virtues as follows.

Government and virtues.] 'Tis an herb of the Moon. It is good to cool any heat in the liver, blood, reins, and stomach, and in hot agues nothing better : It stays hot and choleric fluxes of the belly, women's courses, the whites, and gonorrhæa, or running of the reins, the distillation from the head, and pains therein proceeding from heat, want of sleep, or the frenzy. The seed is more effectual than the herb, and is of singular good use to cool the heat and sharpness of urine, venereous dreams, snd the like; insomuch that the over frequent use hereof extinguishes the heat and vitue of natural procreation. The seed bruised and boiled in wine, and given to children, expels the worms. The juice of the herb is held as effectual to all the purposes aforesaid; as also to stay vomitings, and taken with some sugar or honey, helps an old and dry cough, shortness of breath, and the phthisick, and stays immoderate thirst. The distilled water of the herb is used by many (as the more pleasing) with a little sugar to work the same effects. The juice also is singularly good in the inflammations and ulcers in the serect parts of man or woman, as also the bowels and hæmorrhoids, when they are ulcerous, or excoriations in 2 them. The herb bruised and applied to the forehead and temples, allays excessive heat and brought, wrought, and cut into so many therein, that hinders rest and sleep; and forms, of men, horses, birds, &c. which applied to the eyes, takes away the redness though at first supported, grows afterwards and inflammation in them, and those other strong of itself. It bears long and narrow

other Poppies, and therefore cannot but Anthony's fire and the like, break forth; be as effectual in hot agues, frenzies, and if a little vinegar be put to it, and laid to other inflammations either inward or out- the neck, with as much of galls and linseed ward. Galen saith, The seed is dangerous together, it takes away the pains therein, and the crick in the neck. The juice is used with oil of roses for the same causes. or for blasting by lightening, and burnings by gunpowder, or for women's sore breasts. and to allay the heat in all other sores or hurts; applied also to the navels of children that stick forth, it helps them; it is also good for sore mouths and gums that are swollen, and to fasten loose teeth. Camerarius saith, the distilled water used by some, took away the pain of their teeth, when all other remedies failed, and the thickened juice made into pills with the powder of gum Tragicanth and Arabic, being taken, prevails much to help those that make bloody water. Applied to the gout it eases pains thereof, and helps the hardness of the sinews, if it come not of the cramp, or a cold cause.

#### PRIMROSES.

THEY are so well known, that they need no description. Of the leaves of Primroses is made as fine a salve to heal wounds as any that I know; you shall be taught to make salves of any herb at the latter end of the book: make this as you are taught there, and do not (you that have any ingenuity in you) see your poor neighbours go with wounded limbs when an halfpenny cost will heal them.

## PRIVET.

Descript.] OUR common Privet is carried up with many slender branches to a reasonable height and breadth, to cover arbours, bowers and banquetting houses, Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®





Cress Rocket



Queen of the Meadow



Rattle Grass



Meadow Rue



Rocket Cress



Ragwort



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THOMAS KELLY, LONDON 1885



Saffron

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green leaves by the couples, and sweet { (as Agrimony hath) somewhat deeply dented smelling white flowers in tufts at the end of about the edges, of a sad green colour on the branches, which turn into small black the upper side, and greyish underneath, berries that have a purplish juice with them, of a pretty sharp scent and taste, somewhat and some seeds that are flat on the one like unto the Burnet, and a leaf hereof put side, with a hole or dent therein into a cup of claret wine, gives also a fine

woods.

July, the berries are ripe in August and much sweeter than the leaves; and in their September.

lady of this. It is little used in physic with woody, and blackish on the outside, and us in these times, more than in lotions, to brownish within, with divers great strings, wash sores and sore mouths, and to cool and lesser fibres set thereat, of a strong scent, inflammations, and dry up fluxes. Yet but nothing so pleasant as the flowers and Matthiolus saith, it serves all the uses for leaves, and perishes not, but abides many which Cypress, or the East Privet, is ap-years, shooting forth a-new every Spring. pointed by Dioscorides and Galen. He Place.] It grows in moist meadows further saith. That the oil that is made of that lie mostly wet, or near the courses of the flowers of Privet infused therein, and water. set in the Sun, is singularly good for the in- Time.] It flowers in some places or flammations of wounds, and for the head-; other all the three Summer months, that is, ache, coming of a hot cause. There is a June, July, and August, and the seed is sweet water also distilled from the flowers, ripe soon after. that is good for all those diseases that need Government and virtues.] Venus claims cooling and drying, and therefore helps all dominion over the herb. It is used to stay fluxes of the belly or stomach, bloody-fluxes, all manner of bleedings, fluxes, vomitings, and women's courses, being either drank or and women's courses, also their whites : applied; as all those that void blood at the It is said to alter and take away the fits of mouth, or any other place, and for distilla- the quartan agues, and to make a merry tions of rheum in the eyes, especially if it heart, for which purpose some use the be used with them.

# SWEET, OR MEAD SWEET.

dish, rising to be three feet high, sometimes it helps old ulcers that are cankerous, or four or five feet, having at the joints thereof hollow fistulous, for which it is by many iarge winged leaves, standing one above; much commended, as also for the sores in another at distances, consisting of many the mouth or secret parts. The leaves when and somewhat broad leaves, set on each they are full grown, being laid on the skin, side of a middle rib, being hard, rough, or will, in a short time, raise blisters thereon, rugged, crumpled much like unto elm leaves, as Tragus saith. The water thereof helps having also some smaller leaves with them the heat and imflammation in the eyes.

Place.] It grows in this land, in divers relish to it. At the tops of the stalks and branches stand many tufts of small white Time.] Our Privet flowers in June and flowers thrust thick together, which smell places, being fallen, come crooked and Government and virtues.] The Moon is cornered seed. The root is somewhat

flowers, and some the leaves. It helps speedily those that are troubled with the QUEEN OF THE MEADOWS, MEADOW cholic; being boiled in wine, and with a i little honey, taken warm, it opens the belly; but boiled in red wine, and drank, it stays Descript.] THE stalks of these are red-the flux of the belly. Outwardly applied,

## THE QUINCE TREE.

served, becomes more pleasant.

in September or October.

Government and virtues.] Old Saturn falling, if it be ready to shed. owns the Tree. Quinces when they are green, help all sorts of fluxes in men or women, and choleric lasks, casting, and whatever needs astriction, more than any that it needs no description. way prepared by fire; yet the syrup of the juice, or the conserve, are much conducible, first leaves, that rise before Winter, about a much of the binding quality being con- foot and a half long, very much cut in or sumed by the fire; if a little vinegar be; torn on the edges into many parts, of a dark added, it stirs up the languishing appetite, green colour, with a great rib in the middle; and the stomach given to casting; some; after these have been up a while, others spices being added, comforts and strengthens; follow, which are greater, rougher, broader the decaying and fainting spirits, and helps and longer, whole and not divided at first, the liver oppressed, that it cannot perfect; but only somewhat rougher dented about the digestion, or corrects choler and phlegm. the edges; the stalks when it bears flowers If you would have them purging, put honey (which is seldom) is great, rising up with to them instead of sugar; and if more laxa- some few lesser leaves thereon, to three or tive, for choler, Rhubarb; for phlegm, Tur-; four feet high, spreading at the top many

bith; for watery humours, Scammony; but if more forcible to bind, use the unripe Descript.] THE ordinary Quince Tree Quinces, with roses and acacia, hypocistis, grows often to the height and bigness of a and some torrified rhubarb. To take the reasonable apple tree, but more usually; crude juice of Quinces, is held a preservalower, and crooked, with a rough bark, tive against the force of deadly poison; for spreading arms, and branches far abroad. it hath been found most certainly true, that The leaves are somewhat like those of the the very smell of a Quince hath taken away apple tree, but thicker, broader, and full of all the strength of the poison of white Helleveins, and whiter on the under side, not bore. If there be need of any outwardly dented at all about the edges. The flowers; binding and cooling of hot fluxes, the oil are large and white, sometimes dashed over of Quinces, or other medicines that may be with a blush. The fruit that follows is yel- made thereof, are very available to anoint low, being near ripe, and covered with a the belly or other parts therewith; it likewhite freeze, or cotton; thick set on the wise strengthens the stomach and belly, younger, and growing less as they grow to and the sinews that are loosened by sharp be thorough ripe, bunched out oftentimes humours falling on them, and restrains in some places, some being like an apple, immoderate sweatings. Themuscilage taken and some a pear, of a strong heady scent, from the seeds of Quinces, and boiled in a and not durable to keep, and is sour, harsh, little water, is very good to cool the heat and of an unpleasant taste to eat fresh; and heal the sore breasts of women. The but being scalded, roasted, baked, or pre-i same, with a little sugar, is good to lenify the harshness and hoarseness of the throat, Place and Time.] It best likes to grow and roughness of the tongue. The cotton near ponds and water sides, and is frequent; or down of Quinces boiled and applied to. through this land: and flowers not until plague sores, heals them up: and laid as a the leaves be come forth. The fruit is ripe plaister, made up with wax, it brings hair to them that are bald, and keeps it from

# RADDISH, OR HORSE-RADDISH.

THE garden Raddish is so well known,

Descript.] The Horse-Raddish hath its Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

small branches of whitish flowers, made of leaves lying on the ground, very much four leaves a-piece; after which come small; rent and torn on the sldes in many places: pods, like those of Shepherd's Purse, but from among which rise up sometimes but seldom with any seed in them. The root is one, and sometimes two or three square or great, long, white and rugged, shooting up crested blackish or brownish stalks, three divers heads of leaves, which may be parted or four feet high, sometimes branched, for increase, but it doth not creep in the bearing divers such-like leaves upon them, ground, nor run above ground, and is of a at several distances upon the top, where it strong, sharp, and bitter taste almost like branches forth into many stalks bearing mustard.

but is chiefly planted in gardens, and joys thrum in the middle, which do abide a in moist and shadowy places.

doth, it is in July.

given to drink, is held to be very effectual years. for the scurvy. It kills the worms in children, being drank, and also laid upon the the former only in this, that it rises not so belly. place grieved with the sciatica, joint-ache, nor of so dark a green colour, but rather or the hard swellings of the liver and spleen, somewhat whitish, soft and woolly, and the doth wonderfully help them all. The dis-i flowers usually paler. tilled water of the herb and root is more familiar to be taken with a little sugar for pastures, and untilled grounds in many all the purposes aforesaid.

Garden Raddishes are in wantonness by the gentry eaten as a sallad, but they breed and the seed is ripe in August. but scurvy humours in the stomach, and ? corrupt the blood, and then send for a phy- under the command of Dame Venus, and sician as fast as you can; this is one cause cleanses, digests, and discusses. The dewhich makes the owners of such nice palates i coction of the herb is good to wash the so unhealthful; yet for such as are troubled mouth or throat that hath ulcers or sores with the gravel, stone, or stoppage of urine, therein : and for swellings, hardness, or they are good physic, if the body be strong imposthumes, for it thoroughly cleanses and that takes them; you may make the juice heals them; as also the quinsy, and the of the roots into a syrup if you please, for king's evil. It helps to stay catarrhs, thin

# RAGWORT.

Stagger-wort, and Stammer-wort, and Se-fall old and filthy ulcers in the privities, and grum.

Descript.] The greater common Ragwort wounds and ulcers; stays the malignity of hath many large and long, dark green fretting and running cankers, and hollow

yellow flowers, consisting of divers leaves, Place.] It is found wild in some places, set as a pale or border, with a dark yellow great while, but at last are turned into down,

Time.] It seldom flowers, but when it and with the small blackish grey seed, are

carried away with the wind. The root is Government and virtues.] They are both made of many fibres, whereby it is firmly under Mars. The juice of Horse-raddish fastened into the ground, and abides many

There is another sort thereof differs from The root bruised and laid to the high; the leaves are not so finely jagged,

> *Place.*] They grow, both of them, wild in places, and oftentimes both in one field.

> Time.] They flower in June and July.

Government and virtues.] Ragwort is that use: they purge by urine exceedingly. rheums, and defluxions from the head into the eyes, nose, or lungs. The juice is found by experience to be singularly good to heal IT is called also St. James'-wort, and green wounds, and to cleanse and heal in other parts of the body, as also inward

fistulas, not suffering them to spread farther. It is also much commended to help woods generally through this land. aches and pains either in the fleshy part, or in the nerves and sinews, as also the sciatica, summer until August be past, sometimes. or pain of the hips or knuckle-bone, to bathe the places with the decoction of the of them under the dominion of the Moon. herb, or to anoint them with an ointment. The Red Rattle is accounted profitable to made of the herb bruised and boiled in old; hog's suet, with some Mastick and Olibanum in powder added unto it after it is strained forth. In Sussex we call it Ragweed.

# RATTLE GRASS.

speak of, viz. the red and yellow.

sundry reddish, hollow stalks, and some-thoney put thereto, be drank or dropped into times green, rising from the root, lying for the eyes. The whole seed being put into the most part on the ground, some growing the eyes, draws forth any skin, dimness or more upright, with many small reddish or film, from the sight, without trouble, or green leaves set on both sides of a middle pain. rib, finely dented about the edges: The flowers stand at the tops of the stalks and starts branches, of a fine purplish red colour, like small gaping hooks; after which come up with divers rough woody twigs half a blackish seed in small husks, which lying yard or a yard high, set at the joints without loose therein, will rattle with shaking. The order, with little roundish leaves, sometimes root consists of two or three small whitish more than two or three at a place, of a strings with some fibres thereat.

above one round great stalk, rising from sundry places, with short and sharp thorns. the foot, about half a yard, or two feet high, The flowers come forth at the tops of the and but few branches thereon, having two twigs and branches, whereof it is full long and somewhat broad leaves set at a fashioned like pease or broom blossoms, but joint, deeply cut in on the edges, resembling lesser, flatter, and somewhat closer, of a the comb of a cock, broadest next to the faint purplish colour; after which come stalk, and smaller to the end. The flowers small pods containing small, flat, round grow at the tops of the stalks, with some seed: The root is blackish on the outside, shorter leaves with them, hooded after the and whitish within, very rough, and hard same manner that the others are, but of a to break when it is fresh and green, and as fair yellow colour, or in some paler, and in hard as an horn when it is dried, thrusting some more white. The seed is contained down deep into the ground, and spreading in large husks, and being ripe, will rattle likewise, every piece being apt to grow or make a noise with lying loose in them. again if it be left in the ground. The root is small and slender, perishing Place.] It grows in many places of this every year. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

Place.] They grow in meadows and

Time.] They are in flower from Mid-

Government and virtues.] They are both heal up fistulas and hollow ulcers, and to stay the flux of humours in them, as also the abundance of women's courses, or any other fluxes of blood, being boiled in red wine, and drank.

The yellow Rattle, or Cock's Comb, is OF this there are two kinds which I shall held to be good for those that are troubled with a cough, or dimness of sight, if the Descript.] The common Red Rattle hath herb, being boiled with beans, and some

# REST HARROW, OR CAMMOCK.

Descript.] COMMON Rest Harrow rises dark green colour, without thorns while The common Yellow Rattle hath seldom they are young; but afterwards armed in

land, as well in the arable as waste ground.

or middle of July, and the seed is ripe in which rise up divers stalks two or three August.

dominion of Mars. It is singularly good from the middle into divers stiff stalks, to provoke urine when it is stopped, and to bearing sundry yellow flowers on them, break and drive forth the stone, which the made of four leaves a-plece, as the others powder of the bark of the root taken in wine are, which afterwards yield them small redperforms effectually. Matthiolus saith, dish seed, in small long pods, of a more The same helps the disease called Herma bitter and hot biting taste than the garden Carnosa, the fleshy rupture, by taking the kinds, as the leaves are also. said powder for three months together con- Place.] It is found wild in divers places stantly, and that it hath cured some which of this land. seemed incurable by any other means than by cutting or burning. The decoction and the seed is ripe in August. thereof made with some vinegar, gargled in { Government and virtues.] The wild Rocthe mouth, eases the tooth-ache, especially kets are forbidden to be used alone, in rewhen it comes of rheum; and the said de-{gard their sharpness fumes into the head, coction is very powerful to open obstruc- causing aches and pains therein, and are tions of the liver and spleen, and other less hurtful to hot and choleric persons, for parts. A distilled water in Balneo Maria, fear of inflaming their blood, and therefore with four pounds of the root hereof first for such we may say a little doth but a sliced small, and afterwards steeped in a little harm, for angry Mars rules them, and gallon of Canary wine, is singularly good the sometimes will be restive when he meets for all the purposes aforesaid, and to cleanse; with fools. The wild Rocket is more strong the urinary passages. The powder of the and effectual to increase sperm and venesaid root made into an electuary, or lozenges, rous qualities, whereunto all the seed is heal the better.

## ROCKET.

cription whereof take as follows.

Descript.] has longer and narrower leaves, much more the gall of an ox, it mends foul scars, black divided into slender cuts and jags on both and blue spots, and the marks of the smallsides the middle rib than the garden kinds pox.

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Time.] It flowers about the beginning have; of a sad green colour, from among feet high, sometimes set with the like leaves.

Government and virtues.] It is under the but smaller and smaller upwards, branched

Time.] It flowers about June or July,

with sugar, as also the bark of the fresh more effectual than the garden kind. It roots boiled tender, and afterwards beaten serves also to help digestion, and provokes to a conserve with sugar, works the like; urine exceedingly. The seed is used to cure effect. The powder of the roots strewed the biting of serpents, the scorpion, and the upon the brims of ulcers, or mixed with shrew mouse, and other poisons, and expels any other convenient thing, and applied, worms, and other noisome creatures that consumes the hardness, and causes them to breed in the belly. The herb boiled or stewed, and some sugar put thereto, helps the cough in children, being taken often. The seed also taken in drink, takes away IN regard the Garden Rocket is rather the ill scent of the arm-pits, increases milk used as a sallad herb than to any physical in nurses, and wastes the spleen. The seed purposes, I shall omit it, and only speak mixed with honey, and used on the face, of the common wild Rocket. The des- cleanses the skin from morphew, and used with vinegar, takes away freckles and red-The common wild Rocket ness in the face, or other parts; and with

## WINTER-ROCKET, OR CRESSES.

green leaves lying upon the ground, torn or vence under the King of France. The cut in divers parts, somewhat like unto white and red Roses are cooling and dry-Rocket or turnip leaves, with smaller pieces ing, and yet the white is taken to exceed next the bottom, and broad at the ends, the red in both the properties, but is seldom which so abide all the Winter (if it spring used inwardly in any medicine: The bitup in Autumn, when it is used to be eaten) terness in the Roses when they are fresh, from among which rise up divers small especially the juice, purges choler, and round stalks, full of branches, bearing many watery humours; but being dried, and that small yellow flowers of four leaves a-piece, heat which caused the bitterness being conafter which come small pods, with reddish sumed, they have then a binding and asseed in them. The root is somewhat stringy, tringent quality : Those also that are not and perishes every year after the seed is full blown, do both cool and bind more ripe.

duit in Holborn.

and then perishes.

them by their drying quality.

## ROSES.

since both the garden Roses, and the Roses vinegar of Squills added thereto. The heads And first I shall begin with the garden blood. Red Roses do strengthen the heart, kinds.

have authors made with Roses! What a racket have they kept? I shall add, red Descript.] WINTER-Rocket, or Winter- Roses are under Jupiter, Damask under Cresses, hath divers somewhat large sad Venus, White under the Moon, and Pro-

than those that are full blown, and the *Place.*] It grows of its own accord in white Rose more than the Red. The decocgardens and fields, by the way-sides, in tion of red Roses made with wine and used, divers places, and particularly in the next is very good for the head-ache, and pains pasture to the Conduit-head behind Gray's in the eyes, ears, throat, and gums; as also Inn, that brings water to Mr. Lamb's con-; for the fundament, the lower part of the belly and the matrix, being bathed or put Time.] It flowers in May, seeds in June, into them. The same decoction with the Roses remaining in it, is profitably applied Government and virtues.] This is pro- to the region of the heart to ease the infitable to provoke urine, to help stranguary, flammation therein; as also St. Anthony's and expel gravel and stone. It is good for fire, and other diseases of the stomach. the scurvy, and found by experience to be Being dried and beaten to powder, and a singularly good wound herb to cleanse in-; taken in steeled wine or water, it helps to ward wounds; the juice or decoction being stay women's courses. The yellow threads drank, or outwardly applied to wash fou<sup>1</sup> in the middle of the Roses (which are ulcers and sores, cleansing them by sharp- erroneously called the Rose Seed) being ness, and hindering or abating the dead powdered and drank in the distilled water flesh from growing therein, and healing of Quinces, stays the overflowing of women's courses, and doth wonderfully stay the defluctions of rheum upon the gums and teeth, preserving them from corruption, and I HOLD it altogether needless to trouble fastening them if they be loose, being the reader with a description of any of these, washed and gargled therewith, and some of the briars are well enough known: take with the seed being used in powder, or in a therefore the virtues of them as follows; decoetion, stays the lask and spitting of

the stomach and the liver, and the reten-Government and virtues. What a pother tive faculty: They mitigate the pains that

arise from heat, assuage inflammations, of mastich, is very good for the gonorrhea, procure rest and sleep, stay both whites and for the looseness of the humours in the and reds in women, the gonorrhea, or runn-body. The old Conserve mixed with Aroing of the reins, and fluxes of the belly: the maticum Rosarum, is a very good cordial juice of them doth purge and cleanse the against faintings, swoonings, weakness, body from choler and phlegm. The husks and tremblings of the heart, strengthens, of the Roses, with the beards and nails of both it and a weak stomach, helps digesthe Roses, are binding and cooling, and the tion, stays casting, and is a very good predistilled water of either of them is good for servative in the time of infection. The dry the heat and redness in the eyes, and to Conserve, which is called the Sugar of Roses, stay and dry up the rheums and watering is a very good cordial to strengthen the of them. Of the Red Roses are usually made heart and spirits; as also to stay deflucmany compositions, all serving to sundry tions. The syrup of dried red Roses good uses, viz. Electuary of Roses, Con-strengthens a stomach given to casting, serve, both moist and dry, which is more cools an over-heated liver, and the blood in usually called Sugar of roses, Syrup of dry agues, comforts the heart, and resists putre-Roses, and Honey of Roses. The cordial faction and infection, and helps to stay powder called Diarrhoden Abbatis, and lasks and fluxes. Honey of Roses is much Aromatica Rosarum. The distilled Water of used in gargles and lotions to wash sores, Roses, Vinegar of Roses, Ointment, and Oil either in the mouth, throat, or other parts, of Roses, and the Rose leaves dried, are of both to cleanse and heal them, and to stay greatuse and effect. To write at large of every the fluxes of humours falling upon them. one of these, would make my book smell; It is also used in clysters both to cool and too big, it being sufficient for a volume of cleanse. The cordial powders, called itself, to speak fully of them. But briefly, Diarrhoden Abbatis and Aromaticum Rothe Electuary is purging, whereof two or sarum, do comfort and strengthen the heart three drams taken by itself in some con- and stomach, procure an appetite, help venient liquor, is a purge sufficient for a digestion, stay vomiting, and are very good weak constitution, but may be increased to for those that have slippery bowels, to six drams, according to the strength of the strengthen them, and to dry up their moispatient. It purges choler without irouble, ture. Red Rose-water is well known, and it is good in hot fevers, and pains of the of familiar use on all occasions, and better head arising from hot choleric humours, than Damask Rose-water, being cooling and and heat in the eyes, the jaundice also, and cordial, refreshing, quickening the weak joint-aches proceeding of hot humours. and faint spirits, used either in meats or The moist Conserve is of much use, both broths, to wash the temples, to smell at the binding and cordial; for until it be about nose, or to smell the sweet vapours thereof two years old, it is more binding than jout of a perfuming pot, or cast into a hot cordial, and after that, more cordial than fire shovel. It is also of much good use binding. Some of the younger Conserve against the redness and inflammations of the taken with mithridate mixed together, is eyes to bathe them therewith, and the temgood for those that are troubled with dis- ples of the head; as also against pain and tillations of rheum from the brain to the ache, for which purpose also Vinegar of nose, and defluctions of rheum into the Roses is of much good use, and to procure eyes; as also for fluxes and lasks of the rest and sleep, if some thereof, and Rosebelly; and being mixed with the powder! water together, be used to smell unto, or the

more usually to moisten a piece of a red melancholic humours; and available against Rose-cake, cut for the purpose, and heated the leprosy, itch, tetters, &c. and the French between a double folded cloth, with a little disease : Also honey of Roses solutive is beaten nutineg, and poppy-seed strewed on i made of the same infusions that the syrup the side that must lie next to the forehead is made of, and therefore works the same and temples, and bound so thereto all night. effect, both opening and purging, but is The ointment of Roses is much used against oftener given to phlegmatic than choleric heat and inflammations in the head, to anoint persons, and is more used in clysters than the forehead and temples, and being mixt in potions, as the syrup made with sugar is. with Unguentum Populneum, to procure rest: The conserve and preserved leaves of those it is also used for the heat of the liver, the Roses are also operative in gently opening back and reins, and to cool and heal pushes, the belly. wheals, and other red pimples rising in the The simple water of Damask Roses is face or other parts. Oil of Roses is not chiefly used for fumes to sweeten things, as only used by itself to cool any hot swell- the dried leaves thereof to make sweet powings or inflammations, and to bind and stay ders, and fill sweet bags; and little use fluxes of humours unto sores, but is also they are put to in physic, although they put into ointments and plaisters that are have some purging quality; the wild Roses cooling and binding, and restraining the also are few or none of them used in physic, flux of humours. The dried leaves of the but are generally held to come near the red Roses are used both inwardly and out- nature of the manured Roses. The fruit of wardly, both cooling, binding, and cordial, the wild briar, which are called Hips, being for with them are made both Aromaticum, thoroughly ripc, and made into a conserve Rosarum, Diarrhoden Abbatis, and Saccha-; with sugar, besides the pleasantness of the rum Rosarum, each of whose properties are taste, doth gently bind the belly, and stay before declared. Rose leaves and mint, defluctions from the head upon the stomach, heated and applied outwardly to the drying up the moisture thereof, and helps stomach, stays castings, and very much digestion. The pulp of the hips dried into strengthen a weak stomach; and applied a hard consistence, like to the juice of the as a fomentation to the region of the liver liquorice, or so dried that it may be made and heart, do much cool and temper them, into powder and taken into drink, stays and also serve instead of a Rose-cake (as is speedily the whites in women. The briar said before) to quiet the over-hot spirits, ball is often used, being made into powder and cause rest and sleep. The syrup of and drank, to break the stone, to provoke Damask Roses is both simple and compound, Jurine when it is stopped, and to ease and and made with Agaric. The simple solutive help the cholic; some appoint it to be syrup is a familiar, safe, gentle and easy burnt, and then taken for the same purpose. medicine, purging choler, taken from one In the middle of the balls are often found ounce to three or four, yet this is remarkable certain white worms, which being dried and herein, that the distilled water of this syrup made into powder, and some of it drank, should notably bind the belly. The syrup is found by experience of many to kill and with Agaric is more strong and effectual, for drive forth the worms of the belly. one ounce thereof by itself will open the body more than the other, and works as much on phlegm as choler. The com-

nose and temples moistened therewith, but i pound syrup is more forcible in working on

# ROSA SOLIS, OR SUN DFW.

IT is likewise called Red-rot, and Youthwort.

Descript.] It hath, divers small, round, hollow leaves somewhat greenish, but full of jus, sometimes again in August. certain red hairs, which make them seem red, every one standing upon his own footstalk, reddish, hairy likewise. The leaves are continually moist in the hottest day, yea, the hotter the sun shines on them, the moister they are, with a sliminess that will rope (as we say,) the small hairs always holding the moisture. Among these leaves rise up slender stalks, reddish also, three or four fingers high, bearing divers small white knobs one above another, which are flowers; after which in the heads are contained small seeds. The root is a few small hairs.

Place.] It grows usually in bogs and wet places, and sometimes in moist woods.

*Time.*] It flowers in June, and the leaves are then fittest to be gathered.

Government and virtues. The Sun rules it, and it is under the sign Cancer. Rose Solis is accounted good to help those that have a salt rheum distilling on their lungs, which breeds a consumption, and therefore the distilled water thereof in wine is held fit and profitable for such to drink, which water will be of a good yellow colour. The same water is held to be good for all other diseases of the lungs, as phthisicks, wheezings, shortness of breath, or the cough; as also to heal the ulcers that happen in the lungs; and it comforts the heart and fainting spirits. The leaves, outwardly applied to the skin will raise blisters, which has 5 caused some to think it dangerous to be taken inwardly; but there are other things which will also draw blisters, yet nothing dangerous to be taken inwardly. There is an usual drink made thereof with agua vitæ and spices frequently, and without any offence or danger, but to good purpose; used in qualms and passions of the heart.

# ROSEMARY.

Our garden Rosemary is so well known, that I need not describe it.

Time.] It flowers in April and May with

Government and virtues.] The Sun claims privilege in it, and it is under the celestial Ram. It is an herb of as great use with us in these days as any whatsoever, not only for physical but civil purposes. The physical use of it (being my present task) is very much used both for inward and outward diseases, for by the warming and comforting heat thereof it helps all cold diseases. both of the head, stomach, liver, and belly, The decoction thereof in wine, helps the cold distillations of rheum into the eyes. and all other cold diseases of the head and brain, as the giddiness or swimmings therein, drowsiness or dullness of the mind and senses like a stupidness, the dumb palsy, or loss of speech, the lethary, and fallensickness, to be both drank, and the temples bathed therewith. It helps the pains in the gums and teeth, by rheum falling into them, not by putrefaction, causing an evil smell from them, or a stinking breath. It helps a weak memory, and quickens the senses. It is very comfortable to the stomach in all the cold griefs thereof, helps both retention of meat, and digestion, the decoction or powder being taken in wine. It is a remedy for the windiness in the stomach, bowels, and spleen, and expels it powerfully. It helps those that are liver-grown, by opening the obstructions thereof. It helps dim eyes, and procures a clear sight, the flowers thereof being taken all the while it is flowering every morning fasting, with bread and salt. Both Dioscorides and Galen say, That if a decoction be made thereof with water, and they that have the yellow jaundice exercise their bodies directly after the taking thereof, it will certainly cure them. The flowers and conserve made of them,

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and to expel the contagion of the pestilence; to burn the herb in houses and chambers, corrects the air in them. Both the flowers and leaves are very profitable for women that are troubled with the whites, if they be daily taken. The dried leaves shred small, and taken in a pipe, as tobacco is taken, helps those that have any cough, phthisic, or consumption, by warming and drying the thin distillations which cause those discases. The leaves are very much used in bathings; and made into ointments or oil, are singularly good to help cold benumbed joints, sinews, or members. The chymical oil drawn from the leaves and flowers, is a sovereign help for all the diseases aforesaid, to touch the temples and nostrils with two man's thumb, when they are grown to their or three drops for all the diseases of the fulness, and most of them two feet and head and brain spoken of before; as also more in length, especially when they grow ro take one drop, two, or three, as the case in any moist or good ground; and the tequires, for the inward griefs : Yet must it stalk of the leaf, from the bottom thereof to be done with discretion, for it is very quick the leaf itself, being also two feet, the breadth and piercing, and therefore but a little must ! thereof from edge to edge, in the broadest be taken at a time. There is also another oil made by insolation in this manner: Take what quantity you will of the flowers, and put them into a strong glass close stopped, tie a fine linen cloth over the mouth, and turn the mouth down into another strong glass, which being set in the sun, an oil will distil down into the lower glass, to be preserved as precious for divers uses, both inward and outward, as a sovereign balm to heal the disease before-mentioned, to clear dim sights, and to take away spots, marks, and scars in the skin.

## RHUBARB, OR REPHONTIC.

Do not start, and say, This grows you know not how far off: and then ask me, How it comes to pass that I bring it among our English simples? For though the name may speak it foreign, yet it grows with us in England, and that frequent enough in our having a pale yellow skin under it, which gardens; and when you have thoroughly covers the inner substance or root, which

are singularly good to comfort the heart, pursued its virtues, you will conclude it nothing inferior to that which is brought out of China, and by that time this hath been as much used as that hath been, the name which the other hath gotten will be eclipsed by the fame of this; take therefore a description at large of it as follows:

> Descript.] At the first appearing out of the ground, when the winter is past, it hath a great round brownish head, rising from the middle or sides of the root, which opens itself into sundry leaves one after another. very much crumpled or folded together at the first, and brownish : but afterwards it spreads itself, and becomes smooth, very large and almost round, every one standing on a brownish stalk of the thickness of a place, being also two feet, of a sad or dark green colour, of a fine tart or sourish taste, much more pleasant than the garden or wood sorrel. From among these rise up some, but not every year, strong thick stalks, not growing so high as the Patience, or garden Dock, with such round leaves as grow below, but small at every joint up to the top, and among the flowers, which are white, spreading forth into many branches. consisting of five or six small leaves a-piece, hardly to be discerned from the white threads in the middle, and seeming to be all threads, after which come brownish three square seeds, like unto other Docks, but larger, whereby it may be plainly known to be a Dock. The root grows in time to be very great, with divers and sundry great spreading branches from it, of a dark brownish or reddish colour on the outside, Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft @

appears of so fresh and lively a colour, branches, bear reddish or purplish flowers, with fresh coloured veins running through and three-square seed, like unto other it, that the choicest of that Rhubarb that is Docks. The root is long, great and yellow, brought us from beyond the seas cannot excel it, which root, if it be dried carefully, and as it ought (which must be in our) country by the gentle heat of a fire, in regard the sun is not hot enough here to do it, and every piece kept from touching one another) will hold its colour almost as well as when it is fresh, and has been approved of, and commended by those who have oftentimes used them.

*Place.*] It grows in gardens, and flowers about the beginning and middle of June, and the seed is ripe in July.

Time.] The roots that are to be dried and kept all the year following, are not to be taken up before the stalk and leaves be quite turned red and gone, and that is not until the middle or end of October, and if they be taken a little before the leaves do spring, or when they are sprung up, the roots will not have half so good a colour in them.

I have given the precedence unto this, because in virtues also it hath the pre-eminence. I come now to describe unto you that which is called Patience, or Monk's Rhubarb; and the next unto that, the great round-leaved Dock, or Bastard Rhubarb, for the one of these may happily supply in the absence of the other, being not much unlike in their virtues, only one more powerful and efficacious than the other. And lastly, shall shew you the virtues of all the three sorts.

# GARDEN-PATIENCE, OR MONK'S RHU-BARB.

THIS is a Dock bearing the Monk's Rhubarb, with a scruple of Ginger Descript.] name of Rhubarb for some purging quality i made into powder, and taken fasting in a therein, and grows up with large tall stalks, draught or mess of warm broth, purges set with somewhat broad and long, fair, choler and phlegin downwards very gently green leaves, not dented at all. The tops and safely without danger. The seed

rind and skin being pared away, the root of the stalks being divided into many small like unto the wild Docks, but a little redder; and if it be a little dried, shews less store of discoloured veins than the other does when it is dry.

# GREAT ROUND-LEAVED DOCK, OR BAS-TARD RHUBARB.

Descript.] This has divers large, round thin yellowish green leaves rising from the root, a little waved about the edges, every one standing upon a reasonably thick and long brownish footstalk, from among which rises up a pretty big stalk, about two feet high, with some such high leaves growing thereon, but smaller; at the top whereof stand in a long spike many small brownish flowers, which turn into a hard three square shining brown seed, like the garden Patience before described. The root grows greater than that, with many branches or great fibres thereat, yellow on the outside, and somewhat pale; yellow within, with some discoloured veins like to the Rhubarb which is first described, but much less than it, especially when it is dry.

Place and Time.] These also grow in gardens, and flower and seed at or near the same time that our true Rhubarb doth, viz. they flower in June, and the seed is ripe in July.

Government and virtues.] Mars claims predominancy over all these wholesome herbs: You cry out upon him for an unfortunate, when God created him for your good (only he is angry with fools.) What dishonour is this, not to Mars, but to God himself. A dram of the dried root of

thereof contrary doth bind the belly, and blood, opening obstructions, and helping flux. The distilled water thereof is very profitably used to heal scabs; also foul ulcerous sores, and to allay the inflammation of them; the juice of the leaves or roots or the decoction of them in vinegar, is used as the most effectual remedy to heal reins and strengthens them afterwards, and scabs and running sores.

The Bastard Rhubarb hath all the properties of the Monk's Rhubarb, but more effectual for both inward and outward diseases. The decoction thereof without vinegar dropped into the ears, takes away the pains; gargled in the mouth, takes away the tooth ache; and being drank, heals the blood in the body, happening by any fall The seed thereof taken, eases jaundice. the gnawing and griping pains of the parts, as well inward as outward. The oil stomach, and takes away the loathing there-; likewise wherein it hath been boiled, works of unto meat. 'The root thereof helps the ruggedness of the nails, and being boiled in i to heal those ulcers that happen in the eyes wine helps the swelling of the throat, commonly called the king's evil, as also the swellings of the kernels of the ears. It helps them that are troubled with the stone, provokes urine, and helps the dimness of the sight. The roots of this Bastard Rhubarb are used in opening and purging dietdrinks, with other things, to open the liver, and to cleanse and cool the blood.

The properties of that which is called the English Rhubarb are the same with the thereof. former, but much more effectual, and hath all the properties of the true Italian Rhubarbs, except the force in purging, wherein it is but of half the strength thereof, and therefore a double quantity must be used : it likewise hath not that bitterness and astriction; in other things it works almost in an equal quantity, which are these: It purges the body of choler and phlegm, being | large leaves on them, above as well as beeither taken of itself, made into powder, and drank in a draught of white wine, or steeped inicked or dented in the fore part of them. therein all night, and taken fasting, or put of a red green colour on the upper-side, among other purges, as shall be thought and pale green underneath; Toward the convenient, cleansing the stomach, liver, and top of the stalk there shoots forth divers

helps to stay any sort of lasks or bloody- those griefs that come thereof, as the jaundice, dropsy, swelling of the spleen, tertain and daily agues, and pricking pains of the sides; and also stays spitting of blood. The powder taken with cassia dissolved. and washed Venice turpentine, cleanses the is very effectual to stay the gonorrhea. It is also given for the pains and swellings in the head, for those that are troubled with melancholy, and helps the sciatica, gout, and the cramp. The powder of the Rhubarb taken with a little mummia and madder roots in some red wine, dissolves clotted or bruise, and helps burstings and broken the like effects being anointed. It is used or eyelids, being steeped and strained ; as also to assuage the swellings and inflammations; and applied with honey, boiled in wine, it takes away all blue spots or marks that happen therein. Whey or white wine are the best liquors to steep it in, and thereby it works more effectual in opening obstructions, and purging the stomach and liver. Many do use a little Indian Spikenard as the best corrector

# MEADOW-RUE.

Descript.] MEADOW-RWU rises up with a yellow stringy root, much spreading in the ground, shooting forth new sprouts round about, with many herby green stalks. two feet high, crested all the length of them. set with joints here and there, and many low, being divided into smaller leaves, Univ Calit - Digitized by Microsoft @

two, three or four small heads, or buttons, venery. A decoction thereof with some which breaking the skin that incloses them, shoots forth a tuft of pale greenish yellow and torments, inwardly to be drank, and threads, which falling away, there come in { their places small three-cornered cods, wherein is contained small, long and round seed. The whole plant has a strong unpleasant scent.

*Place.*] It grows in many places of this land, in the borders of moist meadows, and ditch-sides.

*Time.*] It flowers about July, or the beginning of August.

saith, That this herb bruised and applied, perfectly heals old sores, and the distilled suffocation thereof, if the share and the water of the herb and flowers doth the like. ] parts thereabouts be anointed therewith. It It is used by some among other pot-herbs kills and drives forth the worms of the to open the body, and make it soluble; but belly, if it be drank after it is boiled in wine the roots washed clean, and boiled in ale to the half, with a little honey; it helps the and drank, provokes to stool more than the gout or pains in the joints, hands, feet or leaves, but yet very gently. The root knees, applied thereunto; and with figs it boiled in water, and the places of the body helps the dropsy, being bathed therewith : most troubled with vermin and lice washed Being bruised and put into the nostrils, it therewith while it is warm, destroys them stays the bleeding thereof. It takes away utterly. In Italy it is good against the wheals and pimples, if being bruised with a plague, and in Saxony against the jaundice, as Camerarius saith.

## GARDEN-RUE.

name, and the name Herb of Grace, that I shall not need to write any farther description of it, but shall shew you the virtue of it, } as follows.

the Sun, and under Leo. It provokes urine little honey, and the gall of a cock put thereand women's courses, being taken either in junto, helps the dimness of the eye-sight. meat or drink. The seed thereof taken in An ointment made of the juice thereof with wine, is an antidote against all dangerous oil of roses, ceruse, and a little vinegar, and medicines or deadly poisons. The leaves anointed, cures St. Anthony's fire, and all walnuts, is called Mithridate's counter-poi-julcers of the nose, or other parts.

short branches, on every one whereof stand often taken in meat and drink, it abates dried dill leaves and flowers, eases all pains outwardly to be applied warm to the place grieved. The same being drank, helps the pains both of the chest and sides, as also coughs and hardness of breathing, the inflammations of the lungs, and the tormenting pains of the sciatica and the joints, being anointed, or laid to the places; as also the shaking fits of agues, to take a draught before the fit comes. Being boiled or infused in oil, it is good to help the wind cholic, Government and virtues.] Dioscorides the hardness and windiness of the mother, and frees women from the strangling or few myrtle leaves, it be made up with wax, and applied. It cures the morphew, and takes away all sorts of warts, if boiled in wine with some pepper and nitre, and the GARDEN-RUE is so well known by this place rubbed therewith, and with almond and honey helps the dry scabs, or any tetter or ringworm. The juice thereof warmed in a pomegranate shell or rind, and

dropped into the ears, helps the pains of Government and virtues.] It is an herb of them. The juice of it and fennel, with a taken either by themselves, or with figs and running sores in the head : and the stinking The son against the plague, and causes all veno-i antidote used by Mithridates, every mornmous things to become harmless; being ing fasting, to secure himself from any

nuts, and a couple of figs, beaten together set very thick together, whereat come forth into a mess, with twenty juniper berries, two very small leaves of a French yellow, which is the quantity appointed for every green coloured branches and all, where day. Another electuary is made thus: grows forth also a number of exceedingly Take of nitre, pepper, and cummin seed, small yellowish flowers, scarce to be disof each equal parts; of the leaves of Rue cerned from the stalks and leaves, which clean picked, as much in weight as all the turn into seeds as small as the very dust. other three weighed; beat them well toge-; The root is very long and small, thrusting ther, and put as much honey as will make down deep into the ground. This has it up into an electuary (but you must first neither smell nor taste at first, but aftersteep your cummin seed in vinegar twenty wards has a little astringent taste, without four hours, and then dry it, or rather roast; any manifest heat; yet a little bitter and it in a hot fire-shovel, or in an oven) and is sharp withal. a remedy for the pains or griefs in the chest ? Place.] It grows in dry, sandy, and or stomach, of the spleen, belly, or sides, rocky places. by wind or stitches; of the liver by ob- Time.] It is fresh and green all the structions; of the reins and bladder by the Summer. stopping of urine; and helps also to ex-} Government and virtues.] They say Saturn ingly.

## RUPTURE-WORT.

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poison or infection, was this: Take twenty ground, about a span long, divided into leaves of rue, a little salt, a couple of wal-many other smaller parts full of small joints

tenuate fat corpulent bodies. What an in- causes ruptures ; if he do, he does no more famy is cast upon the ashes of Mithridates, than he can cure ; if you want wit, he will or Methridates (as the Augustines read his teach you, though to your cost. This herb name) by unworthy people. They that is Saturn's own, and is a noble antivencdeserve no good report themselves, love to rean. Rupture-wort hath not its name in give none to others, viz. That renowned vain: for it is found by experience to cure King of Pontus fortified his body by poison the rupture, not only in children but also in against poison. (He cast out devils by Beel- elder persons, if the disease be not too inzebub, Prince of the devils.) What a sot is veterate, by taking a dram of the powder he that knows not if he had accustomed his of the dried herb every day in wine, or a body to cold poisons, but poisons would decoction made and drank for certain days have dispatched him? on the contrary, if together. The juice or distilled water of not, corrosions would have done it. The the green herb, taken in the same manner, whole world is at this present time beholden thelps all other fluxes either of man or to him for his studies in physic, and he that woman; vomitings also, and the gonorrhea, uses the quantity but of an hazel-nut of that being taken any of the ways aforesaid. It receipt every morning, to which his name doth also most assuredly help those that is adjoined, shall to admiration preserve have the stranguary, or are troubled with his body in health, if he do but consider the stone or gravel in the reins or bladder. that Rue is an herb of the Sun, and under The same also helps stitches in the sides, Leo, and gather it and the rest accord-griping pains of the stomach or belly, the obstructions of the liver, and cures the yellow jaundice; likewise it kills also the worms in children. Being outwardly ap-Descript.] THIS spreads very many plied, it conglutinates wounds notably, and thready branches round about upon the helps much to stay defluctions of rheum

from the head to the eyes, nose, and terth, did describe it, they would presently say, being bruised green and bound thereto; or I might as well have spared that labour. the forehead, temples, or the nape of the Its virtue follows.

neck behind, bathed with the decoction of the dried herb. It also dries up the moisfoul and spreading.

#### RUSHES.

Rushes, yet I shall only here insist upon dish of coals, and bound fast to the head those which are best known, and most while it is hot, doth much ease the continual medicinal; as the bulrushes, and other of pains of the head. Matthiolus saith, that the soft and smooth kinds, which grow so the ashes of Rye straw put into water, and commonly in almost every part of this land, steeped therein a day and a night, and the and are so generally noted, that I suppose chops of the hands or feet washed therewith, it needless to trouble you with any des-idoth heal them. cription of them: Briefly then take the virtues of them as follows:

Government and virtues.] The seed of the soft Rushes, (saith Dioscorides and known generally where it grows. Galen, toasted, saith Pliny) being drank in wine and water, stays the lask and women's in Essex, and in Cambridgeshire. courses, when they come down too abundaily: but it causes head-ache; it provokes sleep likewise, but must be given with caution. The root boiled in water, to strengthens the heart so exceedingly. Let the consumption of one third, helps the not above ten grains be given at one time, cough.

their inconveniences, and virtue is seldom a cordial being taken in an immoderate unaccompanied with some vices. What quantity, hurts the heart instead of help-I have written concerning Rushes, is to ing it. It quickens the brain, for the Sun satisfy my countrymen's questions : Are is exalted in Aries, as he hath his house in our Rushes good for nothing? Yes, and as Leo. It helps consumptions of the lungs. good let them alone as taken. There are and difficulty of breathing. It is excellent remedies enough without them for any dis-in epidemical diseases, as pestilence, smallease, and therefore as the proverb is, I care pox, and measles. It is a notable expulnot a rush for them; or rather they will do sive medicine, and a notable remedy for the you as much good as if one had given you yellow jaundice. My opinion is, (but I a Rush.

# RYE.

THIS is so well known in all the counties crocus, both white and yellow, purge of this land, and especially to the country-philegm as hermodactyls do; and if you people, who feed much thereon, that if I please to dry the roots of any crocus, neither

Government and virtues.] Rye is more digesting than wheat; the bread and the ture of fistulous ulcers, or any other that are leaven thereof ripens and breaks imposthumes, boils, and other swellings: The meal of Rye put between a double cloth, and moistened with a little vinegar, and ALTHOUGH there are many kinds of heated in a pewter dish, set over a chafing

#### SAFFRON.

THE herb needs no description, it being

Place.] It grows frequently at Walden

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of the Sun, and under the Lion, and therefore you need not demand a reason why it

for the Sun, which is the fountain of light, Thus you see that conveniences have may dazzle the eyes, and make them blind; have no author for it) that hermodactyls are nothing else but the roots of Saffron dried; and my reason is, that the roots of all

your eyes nor your taste shall distinguish with wormwood is good for the bloody-flux. them from hermodactyls.

# SAGE.

description.

*Time.*] It flowers in or about July.

this, and bids me tell you, it is good for the is used to the same purpose, and also for all liver, and to breed blood. A decoction of the former recited diseases. The juice of the leaves and branches of Sage made and Sage drank with vinegar, hath been of good drank, saith Dioscorides, provokes urine, use in time of the plague at all times. brings down women's courses, helps to Gargles likewise are made with Sage, roseexpel the dead child, and causes the hair mary, honey-suckles, and plantain, boiled to become black. It stays the bleeding of in wine or water, with some honey or allum wounds, and cleanses foul ulcers. Three put thereto, to wash sore mouths and spoonfuls of the juice of Sage taken fasting, throats, cankers, or the secret parts of man with a little honey, doth presently stay the or woman, as need requires. And with spitting or casting of blood of them that are other hot and comfortable herbs, Sage is in a consumption. These pills are much boiled to bathe the body and the legs in the commended; Take of spikenard, ginger, Summer time, especially to warm cold of each two drams; of the seed of Sage joints, or sinews, troubled with the palsy toasted at the fire, eight drams; of long and cramp, and to comfort and strengthen pepper, twelvedrams; all these being brought; the parts. It is much commended against into powder, put thereto so much juice of the stitch, or pains in the side coming of Sage as may make them into a mass of wind, if the place be fomented warm with pills, taking a dram of them every morning the decoction thereof in wine, and the fasting, and so likewise at night, drinking herb also after boiling be laid warm therea little pure water after them. Matthiolus unto. saith, it is very profitable for all manner of pains in the head coming of cold and rheumatic humours : as also for all pains of ; the joints, whether inwardly or outwardly, and therefore helps the falling-sickness, the square hoary stalks, two feet high at the lethargy such as are dull and heavy of least, with two leaves set at every joint, spirit, the palsy; and is of much use in all somewhat like other Sage leaves, but defluctions of rheum from the head, and for smaller, softer, whiter, and rounder, and a the diseases of the chest or breast. The little dented about the edges, and smelling leaves of Sage and nettles bruised together, somewhat stronger. At the tops of the and laid upon the imposthume that rises stalks and branches stand the flowers, on a behind the ears, doth assuage it much. slender like spike, turning themselves all The juice of Sage taken in warm water, i one way when they blow, and are of a pale helps a hoarseness and a cough. The and whitish colour, smaller than Sage, but leaves sodden in wine, and laid upon the hooded and gaping like unto them. The place affected with the palsy, helps much, seed is blackish and round; four usually if the decoction be drank: Also Sage taken i seem in a husk together: the root is long

Pliny saith, it procures women's courses, and stays them coming down too fast: helps the stinging and biting of serpents, and kills OUR ordinary garden Sage needs no the worms that breed in the ear, and in sores. Sage is of excellent use to help the memory, warming and quickening the Government and virtues.] Jupiter claims senses; and the conserve made of the flowers

## WOOD-SAGE.

Descript.] WOOD-SAGE rises up with

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and stringy, with divers fibres thereat, and one, and sometimes also two stalks and abides many years.

Place.] wood-sides; as also in divers fields and of the stalk. After they are past, come in bye-lanes in the land.

Time.] It flowers in June, July, and first, and blackish green, tending to blueness August.

under Venus. The decoction of the Wood of the thickness of one's finger or thumb, Sage provokes urine and women's courses: white and knotted in some places, a flat It also provokes sweat, digests humours, round circle representing a Seal, whereof it and discusses swellings and nodes in the took the name, lying along under the upper flesh, and is therefore thought to be good crust of the earth, and not growing down-against the French pox. The decoction ward, but with many fibres underneath. of the green herb, made with wine, is a safe Place.] It is frequent in divers places of and sure remedy for those who by falls, this land; as, namely in a wood two miles bruises, or blows, suspect some vein to be from Canterbury, by Fish-Pool Hill, as also inwardly broken, to disperse and void the in Bushy Close belonging to the parsonage congealed blood, and to consolidate the of Alderbury, near Clarendon, two miles veins. The drink used inwardly, and the from Salisbury : in Cheffon wood, on Chesherb used outwardly, is good for such as son Hill, between Newington and Sittingare inwardly or outwardly bursten, and is bourn in Kent, and divers other places in found to be a sure remedy for the palsy. Essex, and other counties. The juice of the herb, or the powder thereof dried, is good for moist ulcers and sores root abides and shoots a-new every year. in the legs, and other parts, to dry them, and cause them to heal more speedily. It the plant, for he loves his bones well. · is no less effectual also in green wounds, to be used upon any occasion.

# SOLOMON'S SEAL.

Descript. Seal rises up with a round stalk half a yard are old. It is singularly good to stay high, bowing or bending down to the vomitings and bleeding wheresoever, as ground, set with single leaves one above also all fluxes in man or woman ; also, to another, somewhat large, and like the leaves knit any joint, which by weakness uses to of the lily-convally, or May-lily, with an be often out of place, or will not stay in eye of bluish upon the green, with some long when it is set; also to knit and join ribs therein, and more yellowish under- broken bones in any part of the body, the neath. At the foot of every leaf, almost roots being bruised and applied to the from the bottom up to the top of the stalk, places; yea, it hath been found by expe-come forth small, long, white and hollow rience, and the decoction of the root in flowers of May-lily, but ending in five long other drink, and after a night's infusion,

flowers at the foot of a leaf, which are with-It grows in woods, and by out any scent at all, and stand on the top their places small round berries great at the

when they are ripe, wherein lie small, Government and virtues.] The herb is white, hard, and stony seeds. The root is

Time.] It flowers about May: The

Government and virtues.] Saturn owns The root of Solomon's Seal is found by experience to be available in wounds, hurts, and outward sores, to heal and close up the lips of those that are green, and to dry up and THE common Solomon's restrain the flux of humours to those that pendulous flowers, somewhat like the wine, or the bruised root put into wine or points, for the most part two together, at the strained forth hard and drank, hath helped end of a long foot-stalk, and sometimes but hoth man and beast, whose bones hath been

# THE COMPLETE HERBAL

counties of the land that they can have. It which might be remedied by a more freis no less effectual to help ruptures and quent use of this herb. If people would burstings, the decoction in wine, or the have sauce to their meat, they may take marks that abide after the hurt. The same dered in the kidneys or bladder. also, or the distilled water of the whole plant, used to the face, or other parts of the skin, cleanses it from morphew, freckles, spots, or marks whatsoever, leaving the wort. place fresh, fair, and lovely; for which purpose it is much used by the Italian many great round leaves, standing upon Dames.

# SAMPHIRE.

with a tender green stalk about half a yard, finely dented about the edges, smooth, and or two feet high at the most, branching of a dark shining colour, and somewhat forth almost from the very bottom, and reddish about the brims; from among stored with sundry thick and almost round which arise up small, round green stalks, colour, sometimes two together, and some- the top, where it branches forth into flowers, times more on a stalk, and sappy, and of having a leaf divided into three or four a pleasant, hot, and spicy taste. At the parts at that joint with the flowers, which top of the stalks and branches stand umbels are small and white, starting out of small of white flowers, and after them come large round greenish yellow heads, many standseed, bigger than fennel seed, yet some-ing together in a tuft, in which afterwards what like it. The root is great, white, and are the seeds contained, which are small long, continuing many years, and is of an round burs, somewhat like the leaves of hot and spicy taste likewise.

flowed with the sea water.

end of July and August.

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Place.] It is found in many sh Jupiter, and was in former times wont to be woods, and other places of this land. used more than now it is; the more is the Time.] It flowers in June, and the seed pity. It is well known almost to every is ripe shortly after. body, that ill digestions and obstructions? Government and virtues.] This is one of

broken by any occasion, which is the most are the cause of most of the diseases which assured refuge of help to people of divers the frail nature of man is subject to; both powder in broth or drink, being inwardly some for profit as well as for pleasure. It taken, and outwardly applied to the place. is a safe herb, very pleasant both to taste The same is also available for inward or out- and stomach, helps digestion, and in some ward bruises, falls or blows, both to dispel sort opening obstructions of the liver and the congealed blood, and to take away spleen : provokes urine, and helps thereby both the pains and the black and blue to wash away the gravel and stone engen-

#### SANICLE.

This herb is by many called Butter-

Descript.] Ordinary Sanicle sends forth long brownish stalks, every one somewhat deeply cut or divided into five or six parts, and some of these also cut in somewhat like Descript.] ROCK Samphire grows up the leaf of crow's-foot, or dove's-foot, and (somewhat long) leaves of a deep green without any joint or leaf thereon, saving at not and spicy taste likewise. Place.] It grows on the rocks that are any thing that they touch. The root is often moistened at the least, if not over- composed of many blackish strings or fibres, set together at a little long head, Time.] And it flowers and seeds in the which abides with green leaves all the Winter, and perishes not.

Place.] It is found in many shadowy



Meadow Saxifrage



Garden Scurvygrass



Great Sanicle



Scubious



Samphir e'



Shepherd's Purse





THOMAS KELLY. LONDON 1835 .

Venus's herbs, to cure the wounds or mis- no leaf appears in the Winter. The taste chiefs Mars inflicts upon the body of man. hereof is strong and unpleasant; and so is It heals green wounds speedily, or any the smell also. ulcers, imposthumes, or bleedings inward, *Place.*] It grows in moist and wet also tumours in any part of the body; for grounds, by wood-sides, and sometimes in

the decoction or powder in drink taken, moist places of shadowy groves, as also by and the juice used outwardly, dissipates the water side. the humours: and there is not found any *Time.*] It flowers in July, and the seed herb that can give such present help either is soon ripe, and carried away with the

to man or beast, when the disease falleth wind. upon the lungs or throat, and to heal up Government and virtues.] Saturn owns putrid malignant ulcers in the mouth, the herb, and it is of a sober condition, like throat, and privities, by gargling or wash-{him. Among the Germans, this wound ing with the decoction of the leaves and herb is preferred before all others of the roots made in water, and a little honey put same quality. Being boiled in wine, and thereto. It helps to stay women's courses, drank, it helps the indisposition of the and all other fluxes of blood, either by the liver, and freeth the gall from obstructions; mouth, urine, or stool, and lasks of the whereby it is good for the yellow jaundice, belly; the ulcerations of the kidneys also, and for the dropsy in the beginning of it; and the pains in the bowels, and gonorrhea, for all inward ulcers of the reins, mouth or being boiled in wine or water, and drank. throat, and inward wounds and bruises, The same also is no less powerful to help likewise for such sores as happen in the any ruptures or burstings, used both in-privy parts of men and women; being steeped wardly and outwardly: And briefly, it is in wine, and then distilled, the water thereas effectual in binding, restraining, conso-i of drank, is singularly good to ease all gnawlidating, heating, drying and healing, as ings in the stomach, or other pains of the comfrey, bugle, self-heal, or any other of body, as also the pains of the mother: and the vulnerary herbs whatsoever.

# SARACEN'S CONFOUND, OR SARACEN'S WOUNDWORT.

Descript.] THIS grows sometimes, with brownish stalks, and other whiles with green, to a man's height, having narrow green leaves snipped about the edges, somewhat like those of the peach-tree, or willow leaves, but not of such a white green colour. The tops of the stalks are furnished with many yellow star-like flowers, standing in green heads, which when they are fallen, Winter, although the stalks dry away and for the form, but of a fresher green colour,

being boiled in water, it helps continual agues; and the said water, or the simple water of the herb distilled, or the juice or decoction, are very effectual to heal any green wound, or old sore or ulcer whatsoever, cleansing them from corruption, and quickly healing them up: Briefly, whatsoever hath been said of bugle or sanicle, may be found herein.

# SAUCE-ALONE, OR JACK-BY-THE-HEDGE-SIDE.

Descript.] THE lower leaves of this are and the seed ripe, which is somewhat long, rounder than those that grow towards the small and of a brown colour, wrapped in top of the stalks, and are set singly on a down, is therefore carried away with the joint being somewhat round and broad, wind. The root is composed of fibres set pointed at the ends, dented also about the together at a head, which perishes not in edges, somewhat resembling nettle leaves

white, growing at the top of the stalks one i your ease, and it is a hundred pounds to a above another, which being past, follow penny if you do not; keep it dry, make small round pods, wherein are contained i round seed somewhat blackish. The root withal, take notice that the Summer kind stringy and thready, perishes every year is the best. They are both of them hot after it hath given seed, and raises itself? again of its own sowing. The plant, or any part thereof, being bruised, smells of } garlic, but more pleasantly, and tastes somewhat hot and sharp, almost like unto rocket.

*Place.*] It grows under walls, and by hedge-sides, and path-ways in fields in many places.

August.

Mercury. This is eaten by many country inostrils. The juice dropped into the eyes, people as sauce to their salt fish, and helps } clears a dull sight, if it proceed of thin cold well to digest the crudities and other cor- humours distilled from the brain. rupt humours engendered thereby. warms also the stomach, and causes diges-1 into the ears, eases them of the noise and tion. The juice thereof boiled with honey is accounted to be as good as hedge mustard for the cough, to cut and expectorate the tough phlegm. The seed bruised and boiled in wine, is a singularly good remedy for the wind colic, or the stone, being drank { It also takes away the pain that comes by warm: It is also given to women troubled stinging of bees, wasps, &c. with the mother, both to drink, and the seed put into a cloth, and applied while it is warm, is of singularly good use. The leaves also, or the seed boiled, is good to be used in clysters to case the pains of the stone. The green leaves are held to be good to heal the ulcers in the legs.

# WINTER AND SUMMER SAVOURY.

entertained as constant inhabitants in our; it with honey, it is an excellent remedy to gardens) that they need no description.

dominion over this herb, neither is there; excellently good to break carbuncles and a detter remedy against the colic and iliac; plague-sores; also helps the king's evil, passion, than this herb; keep it dry by being applied to the place. Being sprcad

not rough or pricking: The flowers are you all the year, if you love yourself and conserves and syrups of it for your use, and and dry, especially the Summer kind, which is both sharp and quick in taste, expelling wind in the stomach and bowels, and is a present help for the rising of the mother procured by wind; provokes urine and women's courses, and is much commended for women with child to take inwardly, and to smell often unto. It cures tough phlegm in the chest and lungs, and *Time.*] It flowers in June, July, and helps to expectorate it the more easily; quickens the dull spirits in the lethargy, the Government and virtues.] It is an herb of juice thereof being snuffed up into the The It juice heated with the oil of Roses, and dropped singing in them, and of deafness also. Outwardly applied with wheat flour, in manner of a poultice, it gives ease to the sciatica and palsied members, heating and warming them, and takes away their pains.

#### SAVINE

To describe a plant so well known is needless, it being nursed up almost in every garden, and abides green all the Winter.

Government and virtues.] It is under the dominion of Mars, being hot and dry in the third degree, and being of exceeding clean parts, is of a very digesting quality. BOTH these are so well known (being If you dry the herb into powder, and mix cleanse old filthy ulcers and fistulas; but Government and virtues.] Mercury claims it hinders them from healing. The same is Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

over a piece of leather, and applied to the them, and to expel it and the gravel by navel, kills the worms in the belly, helps urine; to help the stranguary; for which scabs and itch, running sores, cankers; tet- purpose the decoction of the herb or roots ters, and ringworms; and being applied to in white wine, is most usual, or the powder the place, may haply cure venereal sores. of the small kernelly root, which is called This I thought good to speak of, as it may the seed, taken in white wine, or in the be safely used outwardly, for inwardly it same decoction made with white wine, is cannot be taken without manifest danger.

## THE COMMON WHITE SAXIFRAGE.

dish kernels of roots covered with some and lungs from thick and tough phlegm skins, lying among divers small blackish that trouble them. There are not many fibres, which send forth divers round, faint better medicines to break the stone than or yellow green leaves, and greyish under- this. neath, lying above the grounds, unevenly dented about the edges, and somewhat hairy, every one upon a little foot-stalk, Descript.] THE greater sort of our from whence rises up round, brownish, English Burnet Saxifrage grows up with hairy, green stalks, two or three feet high, divers long stalks of winged leaves, set with a few such like round leaves as grow directly opposite one to another on both below, but smaller, and somewhat branched sides, each being somewhat broad, and a at the top, whereon stand pretty large white little pointed and dented about the edges, flowers of five leaves a-piece, with some of a sad green colour. At the top of the yellow threads in the middle, standing in a stalks stand umbels of white flowers, after long crested, brownish green husk. After; which come small and blackish seed. The the flowers are past, there arises sometimes root is long and whitish, abiding long. Our a round hard head, forked at the top, lesser Burnet Saxifrage hath much finer wherein is contained small black seed, but leaves than the former, and very small; and usually they fall away without any seed, set one against another, deeply jagged and it is the kernels or grains of the root about the edges, and of the same colour as which are usually called the White Saxi- the former. The umbels of the flowers are frage-seed, and so used.

land, as well in the lower-most, as in the in taste. upper dry corners of meadows, and grassy ? Place.] These grow in moist meadows sandy places. It used to grow near Lamb's of this land, and are easy to be found being conduit, on the backside of Gray's Inn.

gathered, as well for that which is called cerned. the seed, as to distil, for it quickly perishes down to the ground when any hot weather their seed is ripe in August. comes.

fectual to cleanse the reins and bladder, frages are hot as pepper; and Tragus saith, and to dissolve the stone engendered in by his experience, that they are wholesome

most usual. The distilled water of the whole herb, root and flowers, is most familiar to be taken. It provokes also women's Descript.] THIS hath a few small red- courses, and frees and cleanses the stomach

# BURNET SAXIFRAGE.

white, and the seed very small, and so is Place.] It grows in many places of our the root, being also somewhat hot and quick

well sought for among the grass, wherein Time.] It flowers in May, and then many times they lay hid scarcely to be dis-

Time.] They flower about July, and

Government and virtues.] They are both Government and virtues.] It is very ef-jof them herbs of the Moon. The Saxi-

They have the same properties the pars-i great, white and thick, growing down deep leys have, but in provoking urine, and into the ground, and abides many years. causing the pains thereof, and of the wind There is another sort of Field Scabious

and colic, are much more effectual, the different in nothing from the former, but roots or seed being used either in powder, only it is smaller in all respects.

The Corn Scabious differs little from the likewise helps the windy pains of the first, but that it is greater in all respects, and the flowers more inclining to purple, and the root creeps under the upper crust of the earth, and runs not deep into the

> Place.] The first grows more usually in meadows, especially about London every where.

> The second in some of the dry fields

The third in standing corn, or fallow

Time.] They flower in June and July, time.

There are many other sorts of Scabious, but I take these which I have here described to be most familiar with us. The virtues of both these and the rest, being much alike, take them as follow.

Government and virtues. Mercury owns the plant. Scabious is very effectual for all sorts of coughs, shortness of breath, and all other diseases of the breast and lungs, coughing and spitting: It ripens also all head with the seed is likewise; the root is if need require. The green herb bruised

or in decoctions, or any other way; and mother, and to procure their courses, and to break and void the stone in the kidneys, to digest cold, viscous, and tough phlegm in the stomach, and is an especial remedy ground as the first doth. against all kind of venom. Castoreum being boiled in the distilled water thereof, is singularly good to be given to those that are troubled with cramps and convulsions. Some do use to make the seeds into comfits about this city, but not so plentifully as the (as they do carraway seeds) which is effec- former. tual to all the purposes aforesaid. The juice of the herb dropped into the most fields, and the borders of such like fields. grievous wounds of the head, dries up their moisture, and heals them quickly. Some and some abide flowering until it be late in women use the distilled water to take away August, and the seed is ripe in the mean freckles or spots in the skin or face; and to drink the same sweetened with sugar for all the purposes aforesaid.

## SCABIOUS, THREE SORTS.

Descript.] COMMON field Scabious grows up with many hairy, soft, whitish green leaves, some whereof are very little, if at } all jagged on the edges, others very much rent and torn on the sides, and have threads ripening and digesting cold phlegm, and in them, which upon breaking may be other tough humours, voids them forth by plainly seen; from among which rise up; divers hairy green stalks, three or four feet sorts of inward ulcers and imposthumes ; high, with such like hairy green leaves on pleurisy also, if the decoction of the herb them, but more deeply and finely divided and dry or green be made in wine, and drank branched forth a little : At the tops thereof, for some time together. Four ounces of which are naked and bare of leaves for a the clarified juice of Scabious taken in the good space, stand round heads of flowers, morning fasting, with a dram of mithridate, of a pale blueish colour, set together in a or Venice treacle, frees the heart from any · head, the outermost whereof are larger than infection of pestilence, if after the taking the inward, with many threads also in the of it the party sweat two hours in bed, and middle, somewhat flat at the top, as the this medicine be again and again repeated,



Yellow Succorv



Solomon's Seal



Wild Succory



Spignel



Wood Sorrel



Common Sorrel

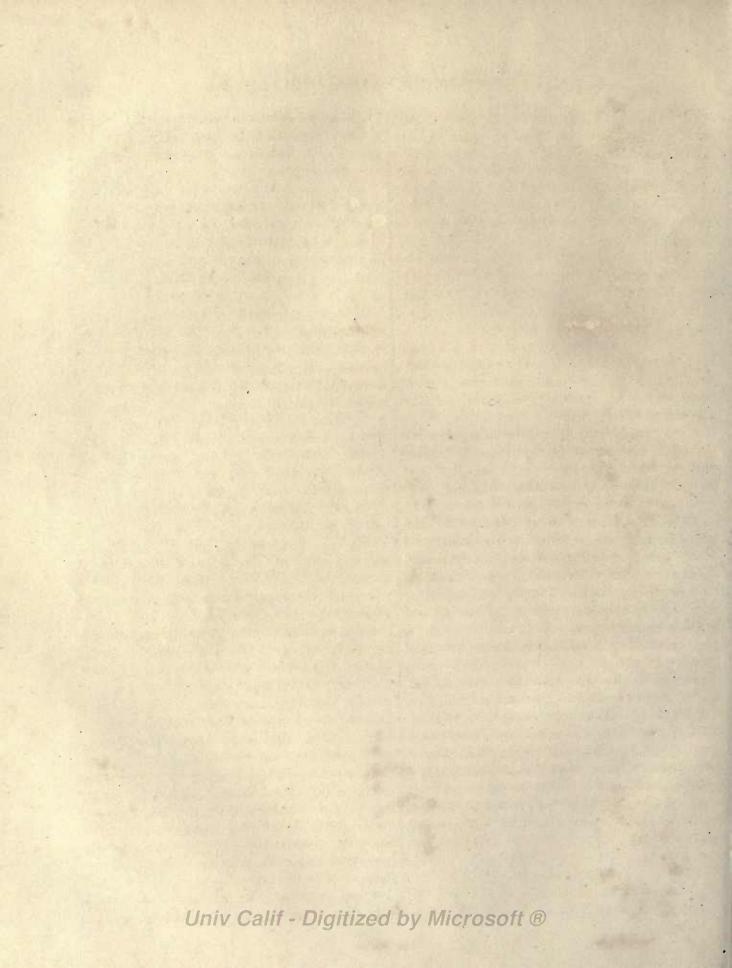


Smallage

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THOMAS WELTY TONDANT TON



and applied to any carbuncle or plague; grass hath many thick flat leaves, more sore, is found by certain experience to dis- long than broad, and sometimes longer and solve and break it in three hours space. narrower; sometimes also smooth on the The same decoction also drank, helps the edges, and sometimes a little waved; somepains and stitches in the side. . The decoc- times plain, smooth and pointed, of a sad tion of the roots taken for forty days toge-i green, and sometimes a blueish colour, ther, or a dram of the powder of them; every one standing by itself upon a long taken at a time in whey, doth (as Matthi- foot-stalk, which is brownish or greenish olus saith) wonderfully help those that are also, from among which arise many slender troubled with running of spreading scabs, stalks, bearing few leaves thereon like the tetters, ringworms, yea, although they pro-jother, but longer and less for the most ceed from the French pox, which, he saith; part: At the tops whereof grow many he hath tried by experience. The juice or whitish flowers, with yellow threads in the decoction drank, helps also scabs and middle, standing about a green head, which breakings-out of the itch, and the like becomes the seed vessel, which will be The juice also made up into an ointment somewhat flat when it is ripe, wherein is and used, is effectual for the same purpose. { contained reddish seed, tasting somewhat The same also heals all inward wounds by hot. The root is made of many white the drying, cleansing, and healing quality strings, which stick deeply into the mud, therein : And a syrup made of the juice wherein it chiefly delights, yet it will well and sugar, is very effectual to all the pur- abide in the more upland and drier ground, poses aforesaid, and so is the distilled water and tastes a little brackish and salt even of the herb and flowers made in due season, there, but not so much as where it hath the especially to be used when the green herb salt water to feed upon. is not in force to be taken. The decoction Place.] It grows all along the Thames

of the herb and roots outwardly applied, sides, both on the Essex and Kentish doth wonderfully help all sorts of hard or shores, from Woolwich round about the cold swellings in any part of the body, is sea costs to Dover, Portsmouth, and even effectual for shrunk sinews or veins, and to Bristol, where it is had in plenty; the heals green wounds, old sores, and ulcers. The juice of Scabious, made up with the powder of Borax and Samphire, cleanses places of Lincolnshire by the sca side.

#### SCURVYGRASS.

Descript.] THE ordinary English Scurvy. The root is white, small and thready. The Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft B

them, which turn into small pods, and

smaller brownish seed than the former.

taste is nothing salt at all; it hath a hot, the ground, whereby it is made a great tun aromatical spicy taste. in a short time.

Time.] It flowers in April and May, Place.] It is found in woods and fields every where. and gives seed ripe quickly after. Time.] It flowers in May, and some-

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Tupiter. The English Scurvy grass is more times in April. used for the salt taste it bears, which doth . Government and virtues.] Here is another somewhat open and cleanse; but the Dutch herb of Venus, Self-heal, whereby when Scurvygrass is of better effect, and chiefly you are hurt you may heal yourself: It is used (if it may be had) by those that have a special herb for inward and outward the scurvy, and is of singular good effect to wounds. Take it inwardly in syrups for cleanse the blood, liver, and spleen, taking inward wounds : outwardly in unguents, the juice in the Spring every morning fast- and plaisters for outward. As Self-heal is ing in a cup of drink. The decoction is like Bugle in form, so also in the qualities good for the same purpose, and opens and virtues, serving for all the purposes obstructions, evacuating cold, clammy and whereto Bugle is applied to with good success. phlegmatic humours both from the liver either inwardly or outwardly, for inward and the spleen, and bringing the body to a wounds or ulcers whatsoever within the more lively colour. The juice also helps body, for bruises or falls, and such like all foul ulcers and sores in the mouth, hurts. If it be accompanied with Bugle, gargled therewith; and used outwardly, Sanicle, and other the like wound herbs, cleanses the skin from spots, marks, or scars; it will be more effectual to wash or inject that happen therein.

#### SELF-HEAL.

is called also Prunel, Carpenter's Herb, part, this is used with some good success; Hook-heal, and Sickle-wort, is a small, low, creeping herb, having many small, roundish { cause them more speedily to be healed. It pointed leaves, like leaves of wild mints, of is an especial remedy for all green wounds, a dark green colour, without dents on the to solder the lips of them, and to keep the edges; from among which rise square hairy place from any further inconveniencies. stalks, scarce a foot high, which spread The juice hereof used with oil of roses to sometimes into branches with small leaves anoint the temples and forehead, is very efset thereon, up to the top, where stand fectual to remove head ache, and the same brown spiked heads of small brownish mixed with honey of roses, cleanses and leaves like scales and flowers set together, heals all ulcers, in the mouth, and throat, almost like the heads of Cassidony, which and those also in the secret parts. And the flowers are gaping, and of a blueish purple, proverb of the Germans, French, and or more pale blue, in some places sweet, others, is verified in this, That he needs but not so in others. The root consists of neither physician nor surgeon that hath Selfmany fibres downward, and spreading heal and Sanicle to help himself. strings also whereby it increases. The small stalks, with the leaves creeping on the ground, shoot forth fibres taking hold on't by Microsoft B

into ulcers in the parts outwardly. Where there is cause to repress the heat and sharpness of humours flowing to any sore, ulcers, inflammations, swellings, or the like, or to Descript.] THE common Self-heal which stay the fluxes of blood in any wound or as also to cleanse the foulness of sores, and

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#### THE SERVICE-TREE.

It is so well known in the place where it grows, that it needs no description.

Time.] It flowers before the end of May, and the fruit is ripe in October.

Government and virtues.] Services, when they are mellow, are fit to be taken to stay fluxes, scouring, and casting, yet less than medlers. If they be dried before they be mellow, and kept all the year, they may be used in decoctions for the said purpose, either to drink, or to bathe the parts requiring it; and are profitably used in that manner to stay the bleeding of wounds, and of the mouth or nose, to be applied to the forehead and nape of the neck; and are under the dominion of Saturn.

#### SHEPHERD'S PURSE.

IT is called Whoreman's Permacety, Mercury. wort, Pickpurse, and Casewort.

which come the little cases which hold the of roses, and barley-water, is very good to a heart.

almost by every path-side.

long; nay some of them are so fruitful, that with. The seed is especially used to break they flower twice a year.

Government and virtues.] It is under the a stinking breath. The root is effectual to dominion of Saturn, and of a cold, dry, all the purposes aforesaid, and is held to and binding nature, like to him. It helps be stronger in operation than the herb, but all fluxes of blood, either caused by inward especially to open obstructions, and to rid or outward wounds; as also flux of the away any ague, if the juice thereof be taken belly, and bloody flux, spitting blood, and in wine, or the decoction thereof in wine bloody urine, stops the terms in women; used.

being bound to the wrists of the hands, and the soles of the feet, it helps the yellow jaundice. The herb being made into a poultice, helps inflaminations and St. Anthony's fire. The juice being dropped into the ears, heals the pains, noise, and mutterings thereof. A good ointment may be made of it for all wounds, especially wounds in the head.

#### SMALLAGE.

THIS is also very well known, and therefore I shall not trouble the reader with any description thereof.

*Place.*] It grows naturally in dry and marshy ground; but if it be sown in gardens. it there prospers very well.

Time.] It abides green all the Winter, and seeds in August.

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Smallage is hotter, drier, and Shepherd's Scrip, Shepherd's Pounce, Toy-i much more medicinal than parsley, for it much more opens obstructions of the liver Descript.] The root is small, white, and and spleen, rarefies thick phlegm, and perishes every year. The leaves are small cleanses it and the blood withal. It proand long, of a pale green colour, and deeply vokes urine and women's courses, and is cut in on both sides, among which spring singularly good against the yellow jaundice, up a stalk which is small and round, con-itertian and quartan agues, if the juice taining small leaves upon it even to the top. thereof be taken, but especially made up The flowers are white and very small; after into a syrup. The juice also put to honey seed, which are flat, almost in the form of gargle the mouth and throat of those that

have sores and ulcers in them, and will **Place.** They are frequent in this nation, quickly heal them. The same lotion also cleanses and heals all other foul ulcers and Time.] They flower all the Summer cankers elsewhere, if they be washed thereand expel wind, to kill worms, and to help

#### SOPEWORT, OR BRUISEWORT.

reasonable scent.

sides of running waters.

extol it to perform an absolute cure in the to a hard imposthume, botch, boil, or plague French pox, more than either sarsaparilla, sore, doth both ripen and break it. The guiacum, or China can do; which, how distilled water of the herb is of much good true it is, I leave others to judge.

#### SORREL.

gardens, and also wild in the fields, is so having a number of leaves coming from well known, that it needs no description. the root made of three leaves, like a trefoil, Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

Government and virtues.] It is under the dominion of Venus. Sorrel is prevalent in all hot diseases, to cool any inflammation Descript.] THE roots creep under and heat of blood in agues pestilential or ground far and near, with many joints choleric, or sickness and fainting, arising therein, of a brown colour on the outside from heat, and to refresh the overspent and yellowish within, shooting forth in spirits with the violence of furious or fiery divers places weak round stalks, full of fits of agues; to quench thirst, and procure joints, set with two leaves a-piece at every anappetite in fainting or decaying stomachs: one of them on a contrary side, which are For it resists the putrefaction of the blood, ribbed somewhat like to plantain, and kills worms, and is a cordial to the heart, fashioned like the common field white cam- which the seed doth more effectually, being pion leaves, seldom having any branches more drying and binding, and thereby stays from the sides of the stalks, but set with the hot fluxes of women's courses, or of flowers at the top, standing in long husks humours in the bloody flux, or flux of the like the wild campions, made of five leaves stomach. The root also in a decoction, or a-piece, round at the ends, and dented in in powder, is effectual for all the said purthe middle, of a rose colour, almost white, poses. Both roots and seeds, as well as the sometimes deeper, sometimes paler; of a herb, are held powerful to resist the poison of the scorpion. The decoction of the roots Place.] It grows wild in many low and is taken to help the jaundice, and to expel wet grounds of this land, by brooks and the the gravel and the stone in the reins or kidneys. The decoction of the flowers made Time.] It flowers usually in July, and with wine and drank, helps the black jaunso continues all August, and part of Sep-idice, as also the inward ulcers of the body tember, before they be quite spent. Government and virtues.] Venus owns it. of Sorrel and fumitory, is a sovereign help The country people in divers places do use to kill those sharp humours that cause the to bruise the leaves of Sopewort, and lay it itch. The juice thereof, with a little vineto their fingers, hands or legs, when they gar, serves well to be used outwardly for are cut, to heal them up again. Some the same cause, and is also profitable for make great boast thereof, that it is diureti-, tetters, ringworms, &c. It helps also to cal to provoke urine, and thereby to expel discuss the kernels in the throat; and the gravel and the stone in the reins or kidneys, juice gargled in the mouth, helps the sores and do also account it singularly good to therein. The leaves wrapt in a colewort void hydropical waters : and they no less leaf and roasted in the embers, and applied use for all the purposes aforesaid.

#### WOOD SORREL.

OUR ordinary Sorrel, which grows in Descript.] THIS grows upon the ground.

but broad at the ends, and cut in the middle, of a yellowish green colour, every one standing on a long foot-stalk, which at their first coming up are close folded toge- that they need no description. ther to the stalk, but opening themselves afterwards, and are of a fine sour relish, manured grounds, sometimes by old walls, and yielding a juice which will turn red pathsides of fields, and high ways. when it is clarified, and makes a most dainty clear syrup. Among these leaves former are under the influence of Venus. rise up divers slender, weak foot-stalks, Sow Thistles are cooling, and somewhat with every one of them a flower at the top, i binding, and are very fit to cool a hot consisting of five small pointed leaves, star-i stomach, and ease the pains thereof. The fashion, of a white colour, in most places, there boiled in wine, is very helpful to stay and in some dashed over with a small show the dissolution of the stomach, and the milk of blueish, on the back side only. After that is taken from the stalks when they are the flowers are past, follow small round broken, given in drink, is beneficial to those heads, with small yellowish seed in them. that are short winded, and have a wheez-The roots are nothing but small strings ing. Pliny saith, That it hath caused the fastened to the end of a small long piece; gravel and stone to be voided by urine, and all of them being of a yellowish colour.

not too much upon the Sun.

Time. It flowers in April and May.

Wood Sorrel serves to all the purposes that hoids. The juice boiled or thoroughly the other Sorrels do, and is more effectual heated in a little oil of bitter almonds in the in hindering putrefaction of blood, and peel of a pomegranate, and dropped into ulcers in the mouth and body, and to the ears, is a sure remedy for deafness, singquench thirst, to strengthen a weak stomach, ings, &c. Three spoonfuls of the juice to procure an appetite, to stay vomiting, taken, warmed in white wine, and some and very excellent in any contagious sick-{wine put thereto, causes women in travail ness or pestilential fevers. The syrup made to have so easy and speedy a delivery, that of the juice, is effectual in all the cases they may be able to walk presently after. aforesaid, and so is the distilled water of It is wonderful good for women to wash the herb. Sponges or linen cloths wet in their faces with, to clear the skin, and give the juice and applied outwardly to any hot it a lustre. swelling or inflammations, doth much cool

and help them. The same juice taken and is singularly good to heal wounds, or to any description thereof. stay the bleeding of thrusts or scabs in the Time.] It flowers for the most part in body.

#### SOW THISTLE.

Sow Thistles are generally so well known,

Place.] They grow in gardens and

Government and virtues.] This and the that the eating thereof helps a stinking Place.] It grows in many places of our breath. The decoction of the leaves and land, in woods and wood-sides, where they stalks causes abundance of milk in nurses, be moist and shadowed, and in other places and their children to be well coloured. The juice or distilled water is good for all hot inflammations, wheals, and erputions or Government and virtues.] Venus owns it. heat in the skin, itching of the hæmorr-

#### SOUTHERN WOOD.

gargled in the mouth, and after it is spit: SOUTHERN Wood is so well known to be forth, taken afresh, doth wonderfully help a an ordinary inhabitant in our gardens, foul stinking canker or ulcer therein. It that I shall not need to trouble you with

July and August.

Government and virtues. It is a gallant mercurial plant, worthy of more esteem than it hath. Dioscorides saith, That the seed bruised, heated in warm water, and incl do spread much and deep in the ground, drank, helps those that are bursten, or many strings or branches growing from one troubled with cramps or convulsions of the head, which is hairy at the top, of a blacksinews, the sciatica, or difficulty in making ish brown colour on the outside, and white water, and bringing down women's courses. within, from whence rise sundry long stalks The same taken in wine is an antidote, or taste, from whece rise sundry long stalks counter-poison against all deadly poison, of most fine cut leaves like hair, smaller and drives away serpents and other venom- than dill, set thick on both sides of the ous creatures; as also the smell of the herb, stalks, and of a good scent. Among these being burnt, doth the same. The oil thereof leaves rise up round stiff stalks, with a few anointed on the back-bone before the fits of joints and leaves on them, and at the tops agues come, takes them away: It takes an umbel of pure white flowers; at the away inflammations in the eyes, if it be put edges whereof sometimes will be seen a with some part of a roasted quince, and shew of the reddish blueish colour, especiboiled with a few crumbs of bread, and ap-jally before they be full blown, and are plied. Boiled with barley-meal it takes succeeded by small, somewhat round seeds, away pinpels, pushes or wheals that arise bigger than the ordinary fennel, and of a in the face, or other parts of the body. brown colour, divided into two parts, and The seed as well as the dried herb, is often crusted on the back, as most of the umbelgiven to kill the worms in children : The liferous seeds are. herb bruised and laid to, helps to draw forth ? Place.] It grows wild in Lancashire, splinters and thorns out of the flesh. The Yorkshire, and other northern counties, and ashes thereof dries up and heals old ulcers, is also planted in gardens. that are without inflammation, although by Government and virtues.] It is an herb of the sharpness thereof it bites sore, and puts Venus. Galen saith, The roots of Spignel them to sore pains; as also the sores in the are available to provoke urine, and women's privy parts of man or woman. The ashes courses ; but if too much thereof be taken, mingled with old sallad oil, helps those that it causes head-ache. The roots boiled in have hair fallen, and are bald, causing the wine or water, and drank, helps the stranhair to grow again either on the head or guary and stoppings of the urine, the wind, beard. Daranters saith, That the oil made swellings and pains in the stomach, pains eases of the spleen and mother. The Ger-ling or biting of any venomous creature mans commend it for a singular wound herb, and therefore call it Stabwort. It is held by all writers, ancient and modern, to be more offensive to the stomach than } worm-wood.

## SPIGNEL, OR SPIKENARD.

Descript.] THE roots of common Spig-

of Southern-wood, and put among the oint- of the mother, and all joint-aches. If the ments that are used against the French dis-powder of the root be mixed with honey, ease, is very effectual, and likewise kills and the same taken as a licking medicine, lice in the head. The distilled water of the it breaks tough phlegm, and dries up the herb is said to help them much that are theum that falls on the lungs. The roots are troubled with the stone, as also for the dis-{accounted very effectual against the sting-

# SPLEENWORT, CETERACH, OR HEART'S TONGUE.

Descript.] THE smooth Spleenwort. from a black, thready and bushy root, sends forth Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft B

many long single leaves, cut in on both down to the ground, that it seems a pretty sides into round dents almost to the middle, bush, set with divers the like divided leaves which is not so hard as that of polypody, up to the tops, where severally do stand w each division being not always set opposite small whitish green heads, set with sharp anto the other, cut between each, smooth, white pricks (no part of the plant else being and of a light green on the upper side, and prickly) which are somewhat yellowish; a dark yellowish roughness on the back, out of the middle whereof rises the flowers. folding or rolling itself inward at the first composed of many small redush purple. springing up.

walls, as moist and shadowy places, about lying down as others do. The root is small, Bristol, and other the west parts plentifully; long and woody, perishing every year, and as also on Framlingham Castle, on Bea- rising again of its own sowing. consfield church in Berkshire, at Stroud in Place. ] It grows wild in the fields about Kent, and elsewhere, and abides green all London in many places, as at Mile-End the Winter.

Government and virtues.] Saturn owns it. It is generally used against infirmities of July, and sometimes in August. the Spleen : It helps the stranguary, and Government and virtues.] This, as almost wasteth the stone in the bladder, and is all Thistles are, is under Mars. The seed good against the yellow jaundice and the of this Star Thistle made into powder, and hiccough; but the juice of it in women drank in wine, provokes urine, and helps hinders conception. Matthiolus saith, That to break the stone, and drives it forth. The if a dram of the dust that is on the back- root in powder, and given in wine and side of the leaves be mixed with half a dram drank, is good against the plague and pesof amber in powder, and taken with the tilence; and drank in the morning fasting juice of purslain or plantain, it helps the for some time together, it is very profitable gonorrhea speedily, and that the herb and for fistulas in any part of the body. root being boiled and taken, helps all Baptista Sardas doth much commend the melancholy diseases, and those especially distilled water thereof, being drank, to help that arise from the French diseases. I the French disease, to open the obstructions Camerarius saith, That the distilled water of the liver, and cleanse the blood from thereof being drank, is very effectual against corrupted humours, and is profitable against the stone in the reins and bladder; and the quotidian or tertian ague. that the lye that is made of the ashes thereof being drank for some time together, helps splenetic persons. It is used in outward remedies for the same purpose.

#### STAR THISTLE.

Descript.] A COMMON Star Thistle has and the fruit is ripe shortly after. divers narrow leaves lying next the ground, Government and virtues.] Venus owns the cut on the edges somewhat deeply into herb. Strawberries, when they are green, many parts, soft or a little woo'ly, all over are cool and dry; but when they are ripe, green, among which rise up divers weak they are cool and moist: The berries are stalks, parted into many branches, all lying excellently good to cool the liver, the blood,

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threads; and in the heads, after the flowers Place.] It grows as well upon stone are past, come small whitish round seed,

green, and many other places.

Time.] It flowers early, and seeds in

#### STRAWBERRIES.

THESE are so well known through this land, that they need no description.

Time.] They flower in May ordinarily,

and the spleen, or an hot choleric stomach; and for such other defects in them as may to refresh and comfort the fainting spirits, be helped by any outward medicine.

and quench thirst: They are good also for other inflammations; yet it is not amiss to refrain from them in a fever, lest by their Descript.] THE garden Succory hath putrifying in the stomach they increase long and narrower leaves than the Endive, the fits. The leaves and roots boiled and more cut in or torn on the edges, and in wine and water, and drank, do like-the root abides many years. It bears also wise cool the liver and blood, and assuage blue flowers like Endive, and the seed is all inflammations in the reins and bladder, hardly distinguished from the seed of the provoke urine, and allay the heat and smooth or ordinary Endive. sharpness thereof. The same also being The wild Succory hath divers long leaves drank stays the bloody flux and women's lying on the ground, very much cut in or courses, and helps the swelling of the torn on the edges, on both sides, even to the spleen. The water of the Berries carefully middle rib, ending in a point; sometimes distilled, is a sovereign remedy and cordial it hath a rib down to the middle of the in the panting and beating of the heart, leaves, from among which rises up a hard, and is good for the yellow jaundice. The round, woody stalk, spreading into many juice dropped into foul ulcers, or they branches, set with smaller and less divided washed therewith, or the decoction of the leaves on them up to the tops, where stand herb and root, doth wonderfully cleanse; the flowers, which are like the garden kind, and help to cure them. Lotions and gar-; and the seed is also (only take notice that gles for sore mouths, or ulcers therein, or in the flowers of the garden kind are gone in the privy parts or elsewhere, are made with on a sunny day, they being so cold, that the leaves and roots thereof; which is also they are not able to endure the beams of the good to fasten loose teeth, and to heal sun, and therefore more delight in the shade) spungy foul gums. It helps also to stay the root is white, but more hard and woody catarrhs, or defluctions of rheum in the than the garden kind. The whole plant is mouth, throat, teeth, or eyes. The juice or exceedingly bitter. water is singularly good for hot and red *Place.*] This grows in many places of inflamed eyes, if dropped into them, or they our land in waste untilled and barren fields. bathed therewith. It is also of excellent The other only in gardens. property for all pushes, wheals and other Government and virtues.] It is an herb of breakings forth of hot and sharp humours. Jupiter. Garden Succory, as it is more in the face and hands, and other parts of dry and less cold than Endive, so it opens the body, to bathe them therewith, and to more. An handful of the leaves, or roots take away any redness in the face, or spots, boiled in wine or water, and a draught or other deformities in the skin, and to make thereof drank fasting, drives forth choleric it clear and smooth. Some use this medi- and phlegmatic humours, opens obstruccine, Take so many Strawberries as you tions of the liver, gall and spleen; helps the shall think fitting, and put them into a dis-yellow jaundice, the heat of the reins, and tillatory, or body of glass fit for them, which of the urine; the dropsy also; and those being well closed, set it in a bed of horse that have an evil disposition in their bodies, dung for your use. It is an excellent water; by reason of long sickness, evil diet, &c. for hot inflamed eyes, and to take away a which the Greeks call Cachexia. A decocfilm or skin that begins to grow over them, i tion thereof made with wine, and drank, is

## SUCCORY, OR CHICORY.

and a dram of the seed in powder, drank in arising from cholcric humours. It expels wine, before the fit of the ague, helps to poison much, resists pestilential fevers, being drive it away. The distilled water of the exceeding good also for tertian agues: You herb and flowers (if you can take them in may drink the decoction of it, if you please, time) hath the like properties, and is es-i for all the foregoing infirmities. It is su pecially good for hot stomachs, and in harmless an herb, you can scarce use it agues, either postilential or of long con- amiss : Being bruised and applied to the tinuance; for swoonings and passions of place, it helps the king's evil, and any other the heart, for the heat and head-ache in knots or kernels in the flesh; as also the children, and for the blood and liver. The piles. said water, or the juice, or the bruised leaves applied outwardly, allay swellings, inflammations, St. Anthony's fire, pushes, wheals, and pimples, especially used with thick stalk, about two feet high, whereon a little vinegar; as also to wash pestiferous do grow thick, flat green leaves, nothing so sores. The said water is very effectual for large as the other Indian kind, somewhat sore eyes that are inflamed with redness, for nurses' breasts that are pained by the about the edges. The stalk branches forth, abundance of milk.

The wild Succory, as it is more bitter, so it is more strengthening to the stomach and liver.

#### STONE-CROP, PRICK-MADAM, OR SMALL-HOUSELEEK.

Descript.] IT grows with divers trailing branches upon the ground, set with many every year with the hard frosts in Winter, thick, flat, roundish, whitish green leaves, but rises generally from its own sowing. pointed at the ends. The flowers stand many of them together, somewhat loosely. Brazil, as it is thought, and is more familiar The roots are small, and run creeping under in our country than any of the other sorts; ground.

Place.] It grows upon the stone walls dom do. and mud walls, upon the tiles of houses and { Time.] It flowers from June, sometimes pent-houses, and amongst rubbish, and in to the end of August, or later, and the seed other gravelly places.

Time.] It flowers in June and July, and Government and virtues.] It is a martial the leaves are green all the Winter.

Government and virtues.] It is under the be available to expectorate tough phlegm dominion of the Moon, cold in quality, from the stomach, chest, and lungs. The and something binding, and therefore very juice thereof made into a syrup, or the disgood to stay defluctions, especially such as tilled water of the herb drank with some fall upon the eyes. It stops bleeding, both sugar, or without, if you will, or the smeak inward and outward, helps cankers, and all taken by a pipe, as is usual, but fainting. fretting sores and ulcers; it abates the heat helps to expel worms in the stomach and

very effectual against long lingering agues ; of choler, thereby preventing diseases

#### ENGLISH TOBACCO.

Descript.] This rises up with a round round pointed also, and nothing dented and bears at the tops divers flowers set on great husks like the other, but nothing so large : scarce standing above the brims of the husks, round pointed also, and of a greenish yellow colour. The seed that follows is not so bright, but larger, con-

tained in the like great heads. The roots are neither so great nor woody; it perishes

Place.] This came from some parts of early giving ripe seed, which the others sel-

ripens in the mean time.

plant. It is found by good experience to Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft

It is profitable for those that are troubled { Government and virtues.] A gallant Sawith the stone in the kidneys, both to ease { turnine herb it is. The root, leaves, young the pains by provoking urine, and also to branches, or bark boiled in wine, and drank. expel gravel and the stone engendered stays the bleeding of the hæmorrhodical therein, and hath been found very effectual veins, the spitting of blood, the too aboundto expel windiness, and other humours, ing of women's courses, the jaundice, the which cause the strangling of the mother. cholic, and the biting of all venomous ser-The seed hereof is very effectual to expel pents, except the asp; and outwardly apthe tooth ache, and the ashes of the burnt; plied, is very powerful against the hardness herb to cleanse the gums, and make the of the spleen, and the tooth-ache, pains in teeth white. plied to the place grieved with the king's coction, with some honey put thereto, is evil, helps it in nine or ten days effectually. good to stay gangrenes and fretting ulcers, Monardus saith, it is a counter poison and to wash those that are subject to nits against the biting of any venomous crea- and lice. Alpinus and Veslingius affirm, ture, the herb also being outwardly applied That the Egyptians do with good success to the hurt place. The distilled water is use the wood of it to cure the French disoften given with some sugar before the fit ease, as others do with lignum vitæ or of an ague, to lessen it, and take it away in guiacum; and give it also to those who three or four times using. If the distilled have the leprosy, scabs, ulcers, or the like. fæces of the herb, having been bruised be- Its ashes doth quickly heal blisters raised fore the distillation, and not distilled dry, by burnings or scaldings. be set in warm dung for fourteen days, and dropsy, arising from the hardness of the afterwards be hung in a bag in a wine spleen, and therefore to drink out of cups cellar, the liquor that distills therefrom is made of the wood is good for splenetic singularly good to use in cramps, aches, persons. It is also helpful for melancholy, the gout and sciatica, and to heal itches, and the black jaundice that arise thereof. scabs, and running ulcers, cankers, and all foul sores whatsoever. The juice is also good for all the said griefs, and likewise to kill lice in children's heads. The green herb bruised and applied to any green it needs no description. wounds, cures any fresh wound or cut whatsoever: and the juice put into old sores, both cleanses and heals them. There i minded to pleasure women with child by this is also made hereof a singularly good salve herb, for there grows not an herb, fitter for their to help imposthumes, hard tumours, and other swellings by blows and falls.

#### THE TAMARISK TREE.

grows, that it needs no description.

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belly, and to case the pains in the head, or jor June, and the seed is ripe and blown megrim, and the griping pains in the bowels. away in the beginning of September.

The herb bruised and ap-the cars, red and watering eyes. The de-It helps the

#### GARDEN TANSY.

GARDEN Tansy is so well known, that

Time.] It flowers in June and July.

Government and virtues.] Dame Venus was use than this is; it is just as though it were cut out for the purpose. This herb bruised and applied to the naval, stays miscarriages; I know no herb like it for that use : Boiled in ordinary beer, and the decoction drank, It is so well known in the place where it doth the like; and if her womb be not as she would have it, this decoction will make Time.] It flowers about the end of May, it so. Let those women that desire chil-

dren love this herb, it is their best com- and it is true enough, that it will stop the panion, their husbands excepted. Also it terms, if worn so, and the whites too, for consumes the phlegmatic humours, the cold ought I know. It stays also spitting or and moist constitution of Winter most vomiting of blood. The powder of the usually affects the body of man with, and herb taken in some of the distilled water, that was the first reason of eating tansies in helps the whites in women, but more esthe Spring. The decoction of the common pecially if a little coral and ivory in pow-Tansy, or the juice drank in wine, is a sin-i der be put to it. It is also recommended gular remedy for all the griefs that come to help children that are bursten, and have by stopping of the urine, helps the stran- a rupture, being boiled in water and salt. guary and those that have weak reins and Being boiled in water and drank, it eases kidneys. It is also very profitable to dis-the griping pains of the bowels, and is good solve and expel wind in the stomach, belly, for the sciatica and joint-aches. The same or bowels, to procure women's courses, and boiled in vinegar, with honey and allum, expel windiness in the matrix, if it be bruis- and gargled in the mouth, eases the pains ed and often smelled unto, as also applied of the tooth-ache, fastens loose teeth, helps to the lower part of the belly. It is also the gums that are sore, and settles the very profitable for such women as are given palate of the mouth in its place, when it is pained with colds, if thereto applied.

WILD TANSY, OR SILVER WEED.

THIS is also so well known, that it needs no description.

*Place.*] It grows in every place.

Time.] It flowers in June and July

Government and virtues.] Now Dame one name, the one to help conception, and they need no description: Their difference more can be expected of her? What now grow, viz. remains for you, but to love your husbands, the fluxes of blood in men and women, many places.

to miscarry. It is used also against the fallen down. It cleanses and heals ulcers stone in the reins, especially to men. The in the mouth, or secret parts, and is very herb fried with eggs (as it is the custom in good for inward wounds, and to close the the Spring-time) which is called a Tansy, lips of green wounds, and to heal old, moist, helps to digest and carry downward those and corrupt running sores in the legs or bad humours that trouble the stomach. elsewhere. Being bruised and applied to The seed is very profitably given to chil- the soles of the feet and hand wrists, it dren for the worms, and the juice in drink wonderfully cools the hot fits of agues, be is as effectual. Being boiled in oil, it is they never so violent. The distilled water good for the sinews shrunk by cramps, or cleanses the skin of all discolourings therein, as morphew, sun-burnings, &c. as also pimples, freckles, and the like; and dropped into the eyes, or cloths wet therein and applied, takes away the heat and in-

THISTLES.

flammations in them.

OF these are many kinds growing here in Venus hath fitted women with two herbs of England which are so well known, that the other to maintain beauty, and what is easily known on the places where they

Some grow in fields, some in Place.] and not to be wanting to your poor neigh- meadows, and some among the corn ; others bours? Wild Tansy stays the lask, and all on heaths, greens, and waste grounds in

which some say it will do, if the green herb : Time.] They flower in June and August, be worn in the shoes, so it be next the skin; 'and their seed is ripe quickly after.

will cause it to grow speedily.

#### THE MELANCHOLY THISTLE.

the points thereof are little or nothing that please may use it. prickly, and at the top usually but one head, yet sometimes from the bosom of the upper-most leaves there shoots forth another small Descript.] OUR LADY'S THISTER. head, scaly and prickly, with many reddish; divers very large and broad leaves lying on thrumbs or threads in the middle, which the ground cut in, and as it were crumpled, being gathered fresh, will keep the colour but somewhat hairy on the edges, of a white a long time, and fades not from the stalk a green shining colour, wherein are many long time, while it perfects the seed, which lines and streaks of a milk white colour, is of a mean bigness, lying in the down. running all over, and set with many sharp The root hath many strings fastened to the and stiff prickles all about, among which head, or upper part, which is blackish, and rises up one or more strong, round, and perishes not.

green above, and more hoary underneath, head, strongly armed with prickles, and seeds as the former.

in the northern parts.

They flower about July or Time.] August, and their seed ripens quickly after. almost every ditch.

Capricorn, and therefore under both Saturn July, and August.

Government and virtues.] Surely Mars being drank, expels superfluous melancholy rules it, it is such a prickly business. All out of the body, and makes a man as merry these thistles are good to provoke urine, as a cricket ; superfluous melancholy causes and to mend the stinking smell thereof; as care, fear, sadness, despair, envy, and many also the rank smell of the arm-pits, or the evils more besides ; but religion teaches to whole body; being boiled in wine and wait upon God's providence, and cast our drank, and are said to help a stinking care upon him who cares for us. What a breath, and to strengthen the stomach. fine thing were it if men and women could Pliny saith, That the juice bathed on the live so? And yet seven years' care and fear place that wants hair, it being fallen off, makes a man never the wiser, nor a farthing richer. Dioscorides saith, the root borne about one doth the like, and removes all diseases of melancholy. Modern writers Descript.] IT rises up with tender single laugh at him; Let them laugh that win: my hoary green stalks, bearing thereon four or opinion is, that it is the best remedy against five green leaves, dented about the edges; all melancholy diseases that grows; they

## OUR LADY'S THISTLE.

prickly stalks, set full of the like leaves up There is another sort little differing from to the top, where at the end of every branch, the former, but that the leaves are more comes forth a great prickly Thistle-like and the stalk being about two feet high, with bright purple thumbs rising out of the bears but one scaly head, with threads and imiddle; after they are past, the seed grows in the said heads, lying in soft white down, Place.] They grow in many moist mea- which is somewhat flattish in the ground, dows of this land, as well in the southern, as and many strings and fibres fastened thereunto. All the whole plant is bitter in taste. *Place.*] It is frequent on the banks of

Government and virtues.] It is under Time.] It flowers and seeds in June,

and Mars, one rids melancholy by sympa-thy, the other by antipathy. Their virtues Thistle is under Jupiter, and thought to be are but few, but those not to be despised ;; as effectual as Carduus Benedictus for for the decoction of the thistle in winc agues, and to prevent and cure the infection Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft 🖲

tions of the liver and spleen, and thereby is ther by some spasm or convulsion, or other good against the jaundice. It provokes infirmities; as the rickets (or as the college urine, breaks and expels the stone, and is of physicians would have it, Rachites, about good for the dropsy. It is effectual also for which name they have quarrelled sufficiently) the pains in the sides, and many other in- in children, being a disease that hinders ward pains and gripings. The seed and their growth, by binding their nerves, distilled water is held powerful to all the ligaments, and whole structure of their purposes aforesaid, and besides, it is often body. applied both outwardly with cloths or spunges to the region of the liver, to cool; the distemper thereof, and to the region of ; the heart, against swoonings and the passions of it. It cleanses the blood exceedingly: and in Spring, if you please to boil the tender plant (but cut off the prickles, former, but that the prickles are small, soft, unless you have a mind to choak yourself)

#### THE WOOLLEN, OR, COTTON THISTLE.

changes, and that is the way to be safe.

it will change your blood as the season }

lying upon the ground, somewhat cut in, The other near ditches and rills of water in and as it were crumpled on the edges, of a many places of this land. green colour on the upper side, but covered over with a long hairy wool or cotton down, in the end of August. set with most sharp and cruel pricks; from Government and virtues. It is an herb of the middle of whose heads of flowers come Venus. Dioscorides saith, That the root forth many purplish crimson threads, and bruised and boiled in wine, till it be thick, sometimes white, although but seldom. and kept in a brazen vessel, and after spread The seed that follow in those white downy as a salve, and applied to the fundament, heads, is somewhat large and round, re- doth heal the cleft thereof, cankers and sembling the seed of Lady's Thistle, but fistulas therein, also takes away warts and paler. The root is great and thick, spread-; wens. The juice of the leaves dropped into ing much, yet usually dies after seed time. the ears, kills worms in them. The dis-

growing in gardens.

Mars. Dioscorides and Pliny write, That other heat or discolourings. the leaves and roots hereof taken in drink, help those that have a crick in their neck,

of the plague: as also to open the obstruc- persons that have their bodies drawn toge-

THE FULLER'S THISTLE, OR TEASLE.

It is so well known, that it needs no description, being used with the clothworkers.

The wild Teasle is in all things like the and upright, not hooked or stiff, and the flowers of this are of a fine blueish, or pale carnation colour, but of the manured kind, whitish.

Place.] The first grows, being sown in Descript.] THIS has many large leaves gardens or fields for the use of clothworkers:

*Time.*] They flower in July, and are ripe

Place.] It grows on divers ditch-banks, tilled water of the leaves dropped into the and in the corn-fields, and highways, gene-; eyes, takes away redness and mists in them rally throughout the land, and is often that hinder the sight, and is often used by

women to preserve their beauty, and to take Government and virtues.] It is a plant of away redness and inflammations, and all

#### TREACLE MUSTARD.

that they cannot turn it, unless they turn; Descript.] IT rises up with a hard round their whole body. Galen saith, That the stalk, about a foot high, parted into some roots and leaves hereof are good for such branches, having divers soft green leaves.

long and narrow, set thereon, waved, but resisting poison, venom and putrefaction. not cut into the edges, broadest towards the { It is also available in many cases for which ends, somewhat round pointed; the flowers the common Mustard is used, but somewhat are white that grow at the tops of the weaker. branches, spike-fashion, one above another; after which come round pouches, parted in the middle with a furrow, having one blackish brown seed on either side, somewhat description. sharp in taste, and smelling of garlick, especially in the fields where it is natural, hedges and borders of fields. but not so much in gardens: The roots are small and thready, perishing every year.

Give me leave here to add Mithridate Mustard, although it may seem more properly by the name to belong to M, in the alphabet.

#### MITHRIDATE MUSTARD.

former, spreading more and higher branches, lask of the belly or stomach, or the bloody whose leaves are smaller and narrower, flux, the too much abounding of women's sometimes unevenly dented about the edges. ¿courses, and helps to ease the pains of the The flowers are small and white, growing sides, and bowels, that come by overmuch on long branches, with much smaller and scouring, to drink the decoction of the bark rounder vessels after them, and parted in of the roots, or more usually the decoction the same manner, having smaller brown of the berries, either fresh or dried. The seeds than the former, and much sharper in conserve also is of very much use, and more taste. The root perishes after seed time, familiarly taken for the purposes aforesaid.

Surrey side.

to August.

are herbs of Mars. The Mustards are said also are good to make lotions to gargle and to purge the body both upwards and down-wash the mouth and throat, wherein are wards, and procure women's courses so swellings, sores, or kernels; and to stay the abundantly, that it suffocates the birth. defluctions of rheum to the eyes, or other It breaks inward imposthumes, being taken { parts ; as also to cool the heat and inflaminwardly; and used in clysters, helps the mations of them, and ease hot pains of the sciatica. The seed applied, doth the same. head, to bathe the forehead and temples It is an especial ingredient in mithridate there with. The simple distilled water of and treacle, being of itself an antidote the flowers is very effectual for the said

#### THE BLACK THORN, OR SLOE-BUSH.

IT is so well known, that it needs no

*Place.*] It grows in every county in the

Time.] It flowers in April, and sometimes in March, but the fruit ripens after all other plums whatsoever, and is not fit to be eaten until the Autumn frost mellow them.

Government and virtues.] All the parts of the Sloe-Bush are binding, cooling, and dry, and all effectual to stay bleeding at the Descript.] This grows higher than the nose and mouth, or any other place; the but abides the first Winter after springing. But the distilled water of the flower first Place.] They grow in sundry places in steeped in sack for a night, and drawn this land, as half a mile from Hatfield, by therefrom by the heat of Balneum and the river side, under a hedge as you go to Anglico, a bath, is a most certain remedy, Hatfield, and in the street of Peckham on tried and approved, to ease all manner of gnawings in the stomach, the sides and *Time.*] They flower and seed from May bowels, or any griping pains in any of them, to drink a small quantity when the extre-Government and virtues.] Both of them mity of pain is upon them. The leaves Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®



Treacle Mustard



Tustan



Thorough Wax



Tooth-wort



Trefoil



Lady's Thistle



Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft Cotton Thistle

purposes, and the condensate juice of the applied with a little flour and wax to chil-The distilled water of the green dren's navels that stick forth, it helps them. Sloes. berries is used also for the said effects.

#### THYME.

Descript.] COMMON Thorough-Wax sends forth a strait round stalk, two feet strengthener of the lungs, as notable a one high, or better, whose lower leaves being as grows; neither is there scarce a better of a bluish colour, are smaller and narrower remedy growing for that disease in children than those up higher, and stand close there- which they commonly call the Chin-cough, to, not compassing it; but as they grow than it is. It purges the body of phlegm, higher, they do not encompass the stalks, and is an excellent remedy for shortness of until it wholly pass through them, branch-; breath. It kills worms in the belly, and ing toward the top into many parts, where being a notable herb of Venus, provokes the leaves grow smaller again, every one the terms, gives safe and speedy delivery standing singly, and never two at a joint. to women in travail, and brings away the The flowers are small and yellow, standing after birth. It is so harmless you need not in tufts at the heads of the branches, where fear the use of it. An ointment made of it afterwards grow the seed, being blackish, takes away hot swellings and warts, helps many thick thrust together. The root is the sciatica and dullness of sight, and takes small, long and woody, perishing every away pains and hardness of the spleen. year, after seed-time, and rising again plen- Tis excellent for those that are troubled tifully of its own sowing.

corn-fields and pasture grounds in this wardly, comforts the stomach much, and land.

Time.] It flowers in July, and the seed is ripe in August.

Government and virtues.] Both this and the former are under the influence of it needs no description. Saturn. Thorough-Wax is of singular good use for all sorts of bruises and wounds either commons, and other barren places throughinward or outward; and old ulcers and out the nation. sores likewise, if the decoction of the herb?

THOROUGH WAX, OR THOROUGH LEAF. It is in vain to describe an herb so conimonly known.

Government and virtues.] It is a noble with the gout. It eases pains in the loins Place.] It is found growing in many and hips. The herb taken any way inexpels wind.

WILD THYME, OR MOTHER OF THYME.

WILD Thyme also is so well known, that

*Place.*] It may be found commonly in

Government and virtues.] It is under the with water and wine be drank, and the dominion of Venus, and under the sign place washed therewith, or the juice of the Aries, and therefore chiefly appropriated green herb bruised, or boiled, either by to the head. It provokes urine and the itself, or with other herbs, in oil or hog's terms, and eases the griping pain of the grease, to be made into an ointment to serve belly, cramps, ruptures, and inflamation all the year. The decoction of the herb, of the liver. If you make a vinegar of the or powder of the dried herb, taken inwardly, herb, as vinegar of roses is made (you may and the same, or the leaves bruised, and find out the way in my translation of the applied outwardly, is singularly good for London Dispensatory) and anoint the head all ruptures and burstings, especially in with it, it presently stops the pains thereof. children before they be too old. Being It is excellently good to be given either in

phrenzy or lethargy, although they are two; is an ingredient in all antidotes or counter and breaks the stone.

#### TORMENTIL, OR SEPTFOIL.

weak branches rising from the root, lying fully opens obstructions of the liver and on the ground, rather leaning than standing lungs, and thereby helps the yellow jaunupright, with many short leaves that stand dice. The powder or decoction drank, or closer to the stalk than einquefoil (to which to sit thereon as a bath, is an assured remedy this is very like) with the root-stalk com- against abortion, if it proceed from the passing the branches in several places; but over flexibility or weakness of the inward those that grow to the ground are set upon retentive faculty; as also a plaster made long foot stalks, each whereof are like the; therewith, and vinegar applied to the reins leaves of cinquefoil, but somewhat long and of the back, doth much help not only this. lesser dented about the edges, many of but also those that cannot hold their water, them divided into five leaves, but most the powder being taken in the juice of of them into seven, whence it is also called plaintain, and is also commended against Septfoil; yet some may have six, and some the worms in children. It is very powerful eight, according to the fertility of the soil. in ruptures and burstings, as also for bruises At the tops of the branches stand divers and falls, to be used as well outwardly as small yellow flowers, consisting of five inwardly. The root hereof made up with leaves, like those of cinquefoil, but smaller. pellitory of Spain and allum, and put into The root is smaller than bistort, somewhat a hollow tooth, not only assuages the pain, thick, but blacker without, and not so red; but stays the flux of humours which causes within, yet sometimes a little crooked, it. having blackish fibres thereat.

places of this land, and almost in every foul corrupt rotten sores and ulcers of the broom field in Essex.

Time.] It flowers all the Summer long. herb of the Sun. Tormentil is most ex-; are to be applied to wounds or sores, is very cellent to stay all kind of fluxes of blood or effectual, as the juice of the leaves and the humours in man or woman, whether at root bruised and applied to the throat or nose, mouth, or belly. The juice of the jaws, heals the king's evil, and eases the herb of the root, or the decoction thereof, pain of the sciatica; the same used with a taken with some Venice treacle, and the little vinegar, is a special remedy against person laid to sweat, expels any venom or the running sores of the head or other poison, or the plague, fever, or other con-parts ; scabs also, and the itch or any such tagious diseases, as pox, measles, &c. for it eruptions in the skin, proceeding of salt and

contrary diseases: It helps spitting and poisons. Andreas Urlesius is of opinion voiding of blood, coughing, and vomiting; that the decoction of this root is no less it comforts and strengthens the head, effectual to cure the French pox than Guistomach, reins, and womb, expels wind, acum or China; and it is not unlikely, because it so mightily resists putrefaction. The root taken inwardly is most effectual to help any flux of the belly, stomach. Descript.] THIS hath reddish, slender, spleen, or blood; and the juice wonder-Tormentil is no less effectual and powerful a remedy against outward wounds, Place.] It grows as well in woods and sores and hurts, than for inward, and is shadowy places, as in the open champain therefore a special ingredient to be used in country, about the borders of fields in many wound drinks, lotions and injections, for

mouth, secrets, or other parts of the body. The juice or powder of the root put in Government and virtues. This is a gallant interest, plaisters, and such things that

for the piles or hæmorrhoids, if they be give much ease; the seed and juice of the washed or bathed therewith, or with the leaves also being rubbed with a little salt distilled water of the herb and roots. It is upon warts and wens, and other kernels in found also helpful to dry up any sharp the face, eye-lids, or any other part of the rheum that distills from the head into the body, will, by often using, take them away. eyes, causing redness, pain, waterings, itching, or the like, if a little prepared tutia, or MEADOW TREFOIL, OR HONEYSUCKLES. white amber, be used with the distilled water thereof. And here is enough, only remember the Sun challengeth this herb.

#### TURNSOLE, OR HELIOTROPIUM.

Descript.] THE greater Turnsole rises in this land. with one upright stalk, about a foot high, or Government and virtues. Mercury hath more, dividing itself almost from the bottom, dominion over the common sort. Dodointo diverssmall branches, of a hoary colour; ineus saith, The leaves and flowers are good at each joint of the stalk and branches grow to ease the griping pains of the gout, the small broad leaves, somewhat white and herb being boiled and used in a clyster. hairy. At the tops of the stalks and branches If the herb be made into a poultice, and stand small white flowers, consisting of four, applied to inflammations, it will ease them. and sometimes five small leaves, set in The juice dropped in the eyes, is a familiar order one above another, upon a small; medicine, with many country people, to crooked spike, which turns inwards like a take away the pin and web (as they call it) bowed finger, opening by degrees as the in the eyes; it also allays the heat and flowers blow open; after which in their blood shooting of them. Country people place come forth cornered seed, four for the do also in many places drink the juice most part standing together; the root is thereof against the biting of an adder; and small and thready, perishing every year, having boiled the berb in water, they first and the seed shedding every year, raises it wash the place with the decoction, and then again the next spring.

and seeds with us, notwithstanding it is not so made into an ointment, is good to apply natural to this land, but to Italy, Spain, and to the biting of any venomous creature. France, where it grows plentifully.

the Sun, and good one too. Dioscorides them to make water who had it stopt besaith, That a good handful of this, which is fore. It is held likewise to be good for called the Great Turnsole, boiled in water, wounds, and to take away seed. The deand drank, purges both choler and phlegm; coction of the herb and flowers. with the and boiled with cummin, helps the stone in seed and root, taken for some time, helps the reins, kidneys, or bladder, provokes women that are troubled with the whites. urine and women's courses, and causes an The seed and flowers boiled in water, and easy and speedy delivery in child-birth. afterwards made into a poultice with some The leaves bruised and applied to places oil, and applied, helps hard swellings and pained with the gout, or that have been out imposthumes.

sharp humours. The same is also effectual of joint and newly set, and full of pain, do

It is so well known, especially by the name of Honeysuckles, white and red, that I need not describe them.

Place.] They grow almost every where

a lay some of the herb also to the hurt place. Place.] It grows in gardens, and flowers The herb also boiled in swine's grease, and The herb also bruised and heated between Government and virtues.] It is an herb of tiles, and applied hot to the share, causes

#### HEART TREFOIL.

each leaf contains the perfection of a heart, ground. and that in its proper colour, viz. a flesh colour.

way and parts adjacent.

Government and virtues.] It is under the other places needless to recite. dominion of the Sun, and if it were used, it would be found as great a strengthener of or St. Peter's-wort. the heart, and cherisher of the vital spirits as grows, relieving the body against fainting and swoonings, fortifying it against Tustan purges choleric humours, as St. poison and pestilence, defending the heart; Peter's-wort is said to do, for therein it against the noisome vapours of the spleen.

#### PEARL TREFOIL.

save only in this particular, it hath a white powder of the dry be applied thereto. spot in the leaf like a pearl. It is particularly under the dominion of the Moon, and its icon shews that it is of a singular virtue against the pearl, or pin and web in the cyes.

#### TUSTAN, OR PARK LEAVES.

Descript.] IT hath brownish shining } round stalks, crested the length thereof, rising two by two, and sometimes three feet high, branching forth even from the bottom, having divers joints, and at each of them two fair large leaves standing, of a dark blueish green colour on the upper side, and of a yellowish green underneath, turning reddish toward Autumn. At the top of the greyish root, lying for the most part above stalks stand large yellow flowers, and heads ground, shooting forth on all other sides with seed, which being greenish at the first such like small pieces of roots, which have and afterwards reddish, turn to be of a all of them many long green strings and blackish purple colour when they are ripe, i fibres under them in the ground, whereby with small brownish seed within them, and it draws nourishment.

they yield a reddish juice or liquor, somewhat resinous, and of a harsh and stypick BESIDES the ordinary sort of Trefoil, taste, as the leaves also and the flowers be, here are two more remarkable, and one of although much less, but do not yield such which may be properly called Heart Tre-la clear claret wine colour, as some say it foil, not only because the leaf is triangular, doth, the root is brownish, somewhat great, like the heart of a man, but also because hard and woody, spreading well in the

*Place.*] It grows in many woods, groves, and woody grounds, as parks and forests, Place.] It grows between Longford and and by hedge-sides in many places in this Bow, and beyond Southwark, by the high- land, as in Hampstead wood, by Ratley in Essex, in the wilds of Kent, and in many

*Time.*] It flowers later than St. John's

Government and virtues.] It is an herb of Saturn, and a most noble anti-venerean. works the same effects, both to help the sciatica and gout, and to heal burning by fire; it stays all the bleedings of wounds, IT differs not from the common sort, if either the green herb be bruised, or the lt hath been accounted, and certainly it is, a sovereign herb to heal either wound or sore, either outwardly or inwardly, and therefore always used in drinks, lotions, green wounds, ulcers, or old sores, in all balms, oils, ointments, or any other sorts of which the continual experience of former ages hath confirmed the use thereof to be admirably good, though it be not so much in use now, as when physicians and surgeons were so wise as to use herbs more than now they do.

#### GARDEN VALERIAN.

Descript. THIS hath a thick short From the head of





Valerian



Woodbine



Wall Flower





Wormwood

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THOMAS KELLY, LONDON, 1835.

these roots spring up many green leaves, virtue against the plague, the decoction which at first are somewhat broad and long, thereof being drank, and the root being without any divisions at all in them, or dent-jused to smell to. It helps to expel the ing on the edges; but those that rise up wind in the belly. The green herb with after are more and more divided on each the root taken fresh, being bruised and apside, some to the middle rib, being winged, plied to the head, takes away the pains and as made of many leaves together on a stalk, prickings there, stays rheum and thin disand those upon a stalk, in like manner more tillation, and being boiled in white wine, divided, but smaller towards the top than { below; the stalk rises to be a yard high or away the dimness of the sight, or any pin more, sometimes branched at the top, with many small whitish flowers, sometimes to heal any inward sores or wounds, and dashed over at the edges with a pale pur- also for outward hurts or wounds, and plish colour, of a little scent, which passing drawing away splinters or thorns out of the away, there follows small browinsh white flesh. seed, that is easily carried away with the

wind. The root smells more strong than either leaf or flower, and is of more use in medicines.

gardens.

Time. It flowers in June and July, and continues flowering until the frost pull it somewhat grey underneath. The stalk is down.

the influence of Mercury. Dioscorides reckon the long spike of flowers at the tops saith, That the Garden Valerian hath a of them, which are set on all sides one above warming faculty, and that being dried and another, and sometimes two or three togegiven to drink it provokes urine, and helps ther, being small and gaping, of a blue the stranguary. taken, doth the like also, and takes away come small round seed, in small and somepains of the sides, provokes women's courses, what long heads. The root is small and and is used in antidotes. Pliny saith, That long. the powder of the root given in drink, or Place.] It grows generally throughout the decoction thereof taken, helps all stopp-; this land in divers places of the hedges and ings and stranglings in any part of the way-sides, and other waste grounds. body, whether they proceed of pains in the ? Time.] It flowers in July, and the seed chest or sides, and takes them away. The is ripe soon after. root of Valerian boiled with liquorice, rai-! Government and virtues.] This is an herb sins, and anniseed, is singularly good for of Venus, and excellent for the womb to those that are short-winded, and for those strengthen and remedy all the cold griefs of that are troubled with the cough, and helps it, as Plantain doth the hot. to open the passages, and to expectorate hot and dry, opening obstructions, cleansphlegm easily. It is given to those that are ing and healing. It helps the yellow jaunbitten or stung by any venomous creature, dice, the dropsy and the gout; it kills and

and a drop thereof put into the eyes, takes or web therein. It is of excellent property

#### VERVAIN.

Descript.] THE common Vervain hath somewhat long broad leaves next the ground *Place.*] It is generally kept with us in deeply gashed about the edges, and some only deeply dented, or cut all alike, of a blackish green colour on the upper side,

square, branched into several parts, rising Government and virtues.] This is under about two feet high, especially if you The decoction thereof colour and white intermixed, after which

Vervain is being boiled in wine. It is of a special expels worms in the belly, and causes a

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good colour in the face and body, strengthens meal into a poultice, it cools inflammations as well as corrects the diseases of the stomach, of wounds; the dropping of the vine, when liver, and spleen; helps the cough, wheez-{it is cut in the Spring, which country people ings, and shortness of breath, and all the call Tears, being boiled in a syrup, with defects of the reins and bladder, expelling sugar, and taken inwardly, is excellent to the gravel and stone. It is held to be good stay women's longings after every thing against the biting of sepents, and other they see, which is a disease many women venomous beasts, against the plague, and with child are subject to. The decoction of both tertian and quartan agues. It con- Vine leaves in white wine doth the like. solidates and heals also all wounds, both Also the tears of the Vine, drank two or inward and outward, stays bleedings, and three spoonfuls at a time, breaks the stone used with some honey, heals all old ulcers in the bladder. This is a very good remedy, and fistulas in the legs or other parts of the and it is discreetly done, to kill a Vine to body; as also those ulcers that happen in cure a man, but the salt of the leaves are the mouth; or used with hog's grease, it held to be better. The ashes of the burnt helps the swellings and pains of the secret branches will make teeth that are as black parts in man or woman, also for the piles; as a coal, to be as white as snow, if you but or hæmorrhoids; applied with some oil of every morning rub them with it. It is a roses and vinegar unto the forehead and most gallant Tree of the Sun, very sympatemples, it eases the inveterate pains and thetical with the body of men, and that is ache of the head, and is good for those that the reason spirit of wine is the greatest corare frantic. The leaves bruised, or the dial among all vegetables. juice of them mixed with some vinegar, doth wonderfully cleanse the skin, and takes away morphew, freckles, fistulas, and other such like inflamations and defor- known, that they need no description. mities of the skin in any parts of the body. The distilled water of the herb when it is in July, but are best in March, and the beginfull strength, dropped into the eyes, cleanses ining of April. them from films, clouds, or mists, that darken the sight, and wonderfully strengthens pleasing plant of Venus, of a mild nature, the optic nerves. The said water is very no way harmful. All the Violets are cold powerful in all the diseases aforesaid, either and moist while they are fresh and green, inward or outward, whether they be old and are used to cool any heat, or distemcorroding sores, or green wounds. The perature of the body, either inwardly or dried root, and peeled, is known to be ex-; outwardly, as inflammations in the eyes, in cellently good against all scrophulous and the matrix or fundament, in imposthumes scorbutic habits of body, by being tied to also, and hot swellings, to drink the decocthe pit of the stomach, by a piece of white tion of the leaves and flowers made with water ALL CARLES AND ALL AND ALL ribband round the neck.

#### THE VINE.

THE leaves of the English vine (I do not; or any other pains arising of heat, being mean to send you to the Canaries for a applied in the same manner, or with oil of inedicine (being boiled, makes a good lotion roses. A dram weight of the dried 'eaves for sore mouths; being boiled with barley or flower of Violets, but the leaves more

# VIOLETS.

BOTH the tame and the wild are so well

Time.] They flower until the end of

Government and virtues.] They are a fine in wine, or to apply them poultice-wise to the grieved places : it likewise eases pains in the head, caused through want of sleep;

strongly, doth purge the body of choleric rough, hairy, or prickly sad green leaves, humours, and assuages the heat, being somewhat narrow; the middle rib for the taken in a draught of wine, or any other most part being white. The flowers stand drink: the powder of the purple leaves of at the top of the stalk, branched forth in the flowers, only picked and dried and many long spiked leaves of flowers bowing drank in water, is said to help the quinsy, or turning like the turnsole, all opening for and the falling-sickness in children, espe-; the most part on the one side, which are cially in the beginning of the disease. The long and hollow, turning up the brims a flowers of the white Violets ripen and dis-{little, of a purplish violet colour in them solve swellings. The herb or flowers, while that are fully blown, but more reddish while they are fresh, or the flowers when they are they are in the bud, as also upon their dedry, are effectual in the pleurisy, and all cay and withering; but in some places of diseases of the lungs, to lenify the sharp- a paler purplish colour, with a long pointel ness in hot rheums, and the hoarseness of in the middle, feathered or parted at the the throat, the heat also and sharpness of top. After the flowers are fallen, the seeds urine, and all the pains of the back or reins, growing to be ripe, are blackish, cornered and bladder. It is good also for the liver and pointed somewhat like the head of a and the jaundice, and all hot agues, to cool viper. The root is somewhat great and the heat, and quench the thirst; but the blackish, and woolly, when it grows toward syrup of Violets is of most use, and of better seed-time, and perishes in the Winter. effect, being taken in some convenient There is another sort, little differing from liquor; and if a little of the juice or syrup; the former, only in this, that it bears white of lemons be put to it, or a few drops of the flowers. Place.] The first grows wild almost oil of vitriol, it is made thereby the more powerful to cool the heat, and quench the every where. That with white flowers thirst, and gives to the drink a claret wine; about the castle-walls at Lewis in Sussex. colour, and a fine tart relish, pleasing to the; *Time.*] They flower in Summer, and taste. Violets taken, or made up with their seed is ripe quickly after. honey, do more cleanse and cool, and with Government and virtues.] It is a most sugar contrary-wise. The dried flower of gallant herb of the Sun; it is a pity it is no Violets are accounted amongst the cordial more in use than it is. It is an especial drinks, powders, and other medicines, es- remedy against the biting of the Viper, and

pecially where cooling cordials are necessary. The green leaves are used with other herbs to make plaisters and poultices to inflammations and swellings, and to ease all pains whatsoever, arising of heat, and for the piles also, being fried with yolks of eggs, and applied thereto.

#### VIPER'S BUGLOSS.

Descript.] This hath many long rough leaves lying on the ground, from among which rises up divers hard round stalks, very rough, as if they were thick set with prickles or hairs, whereon are set such like

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most effectual to comfort the heart, and expel sadness, or causeless melancholy; it or its chief strength, is excellent to be ap-jings, comforts and strengthens any weak choly.

#### GILLI-WALL FLOWERS, OR WINTER FLOWERS.

THE garden kind are so well known that they need no description.

Descript.] The common single Wallflowers, which grow wild abroad, have sun-i cription. dry small, long, narrow, dark green leaves, set without order upon small round, whitish, leaves come forth, and the fruit is ripe in woody stalks, which bear at the tops divers September. single yellow flowers one above another, every one bearing four leaves a-piece, and plant of the Sun. Let the fruit of it be of a very sweet scent: after which come gathered accordingly, which you shall find long pods, containing a reddish seed. The to be of most virtues while they are green, roots are white, hard and thready.

old walls of many houses, and other stone leaves are much of the same temperature : walls in divers places; The other sort in but the leaves when they are older, are heatgardens only.

many times in the end of Autumn; and if fresh, which, by reason of their sweetness, the Winter be mild, all the Winter long, are more pleasing, and better digesting in but especially in the months of February, the stomach; and taken with sweet wine, March, and April, and until the heat of the they move the belly downwards, but being spring do spend them. But the double old, they grieve the stomach; and in hot kinds continue not flowering in that manner bodies cause the choler to abound and the all the year long, although they flower very head-ach, and are an enemy to those that early sometimes, and in some places very have the cough; but are less hurtful to those late.

them. ple medicines, saith, That the yellow Wall- honey, they help the biting of a mad dog, flowers work more powerfully than any or the venom or infectious poison of any of the other kinds, and are therefore of more beast, &c. Caias Pompeius found in the use in physic. It cleanses the blood, and treasury of Mithridates, king of Pontus, fretteth the liver and reins from obstruc- when he was overthrown, a scroll of his own tions, provokes women's courses, expels the hand writing, containing a medicine against secundine, and the dead child; helps the any poison or infection; which is this; hardness and pain of the mother, and of Take two dry walnuts, and as many good spleen also; stays inflammations and swell-; figs, and twenty leaves of rue, bruised and

plied either inwardly or outwardly, for all part, or out of joint; helps to cleanse the the griefs aforesaid. There is a syrup made eyes from mistiness or films upon them, hereof very effectual for the comforting and to cleanse the filthy ulcers in the mouth, the heart, and expelling sadness and melan- or any other part, and is a singular remedy for the gout, and all aches and pains in the

joints and sinews. A conserve made of the flowers, is used for a remedy both for the apoplexy and palsy.

#### THE WALLNUT TREE.

It is so well known, that it needs no des-

Time.] It blossoms early before the

Government and virtues.] This is also a before they have shells. The bark of the Place.] It grows upon church walls, and Tree doth bind and dry very much, and the

ing and drying in the second degree, and Time.] All the single kinds do flower harder of digestion than when they are

that have a colder stomach, and are said to Government and virtues.] The Moon rules kill the broad worms in the belly or stomach. Galen, in his seventh book of sim- If they be taken with onions, salt. and

salt and twenty juniper berries, which take shelled from the nuts, and drank with a every morning fasting, preserves from dan-ilittle vinegar, is good for the place, so as ger of poison, and infection that day it is before the taking thereof a vein be opened taken. The juice of the other green husks The said water is very good against the boiled with honey is an excellent gargle for quinsy, being gargled and bathed theresore mouths, or the heat and inflammations; with, and wonderfully helps deafness, the in the throat and stomach. The kernels, noise, and other pains in the ears. when they grow old, are more oily, and distilled water of the young green leaves in therefore not fit to be eaten, but are then the end of May, performs a singular cure used to heal the wounds of the sinews, on foul running ulcers and sores, to be gangrenes, and carbuncles. The said ker- bathed, with wet cloths or spunges applied nels being burned, are very astringent, to them every morning. and will stay lasks and women's courses, being taken in red wine, and stay the falling of the hair, and make it fair, being anointed with oil and wine. The green many leaves, long, narrow and flat upon husks will do the like, being used in the the ground; of a dark blueish green colour, same manner. The kernels beaten with somewhat like unto Woad, but nothing so rue and wine, being applied, help the large, a little crumpled, and as it were quinsy; and bruised with some honey, and round-pointed, which do so abide the first applied to the ears, ease the pains and in-{year; and the next spring from among flammation of them. A piece of the green them, rise up divers round stalks, two or husks put into a hollow tooth, eases the three feet high, beset with many such like pain. they fall off, dried, and given a dram thereof forth small branches, which with the stalks in powder with white wine, wonderfully carry many small yellow flowers, in a long helps those that are troubled with the rising spiked head at the top of them, where afterof the mother. The oil that is pressed out wards come the seed, which is small and of the kernels, is very profitable, taken in- black, inclosed in heads that are divided at wardly like oil of almonds, to help the the tops into four parts. The root is long, cholic, and to expel wind very effectually ; white and thick, abiding the Winter. The an ounce or two thereof may be taken at whole herb changes to be yellow, after it any time. The young green nuts taken hath been in flower awhile. before they be half ripe, and preserved with Place.] It grows every where by the sugar, are of good use for those that have way sides, in moist grounds, as well as dry, weak stomachs, or defluctions thereon. The in corners of fields and bye lanes, and somedistilled water of the green husks, before times all over the field. In Sussex and they be half ripe, is of excellent use to cool Kent they call it Green Weed. the heat of agues, being drank an ounce or the two at a time: as also to resist the infec- { Government and virtues.] Matthiolus saith, tion of the plague, if some of the same be that the root hereof cures tough philegm, also applied to the sores thereof. The digests raw phlegm, thins gross humours, same also cools the heat of green wounds; dissolves hard tumours, and opens obstrucand old ulcers, and heals them, being tions. Some do highly commend it against

beaten together with two or three corns of the green husks being ripe, when they are The

#### WOLD, WELD, OR DYER'S WEED.

THE common kind grows bushing with The catkins hereof, taken before leaves thereon, but smaller, and shooting

*Time.*] It flowers in June.

bathed therewith. The distilled water of the biting of venomous creatures, to be taken

inwardly and applied outwardly to the bran of Wheat meal steeped in sharp vineheal them.

#### WHEAT.

known unto almost all people, that it is all and applied to swollen breasts, helps them. together needless to write a description and stays all inflamations. It helps also thereof.

Venus. corn of green Wheat is hurtful to the meal applied with some salt, take away stomach, and breeds worms. Pliny saith, hardness of the skin, warts, and hard knots That the corn of Wheat, roasted upon an in the flesh. Wafers put in water, and iron pan, and eaten, are a present remedy drank, stays the lask and bloody flux, and for those that are chilled with cold. The are profitably used both inwardly and outoil pressed from wheat, between two thick wardly for the ruptures in children. Boiled plates of iron, or copper heated, heals all in water unto a thick jelly, and taken, it tetters and ring-worms, being used warm; stays spitting of blood; and boiled with and hereby Galen saith, he hath known mint and butter, it helps the hoarseness of many to be cured. Mitthiolus commends; the throat. the same to be put into hollow ulcers to heal them up, and it is good for chops in the hands and feet, and to make rugged skin? THESE are so well known that they need smooth. The green corns of Wheat being no description. I shall therefore only shew chewed, and applied to the place bitten by you the virtues therof. the eyes that are hot, red, and inflamed, or seed, are used to stanch bleeding of wounds, together, perfectly heals the kernels in the and to stay vomiting, and provocation there-The flour of Wheat mixed with the juice of drank. It helps also to stay thin, hot, sharp, henbanc, stays the flux of humours to the salt distillations from the head upon the

hurt place; as also for the plague or pes- gar, and then bound in a linen cloth, and tilence. The people in some countries of rubbed on those places that have the scurf. this land, do use to bruise the herb, and lay morphew, scabs or leprosy, will take them it to cuts or wounds in the hands or legs, to away, the body being first well purged and prepared. The decoction of the bran of

Wheat or barley, is of good use to bathe those places that are bursten by a rupture; ALL the several kinds thereof are so well and the said bran boiled in good vinegar, the biting of vipers (which I take to be no

Government and virtues.] It is under other than our English adder) and all other Dioscorides saith, That to eat the venomous creatures. The leaves of Wheat

#### THE WILLOW TREE.

a mad dog, heals it; slices of Wheat bread *Government* and virtues.] The Moon soaked in red rose water, and applied to owns it. Both the leaves, bark, and the blood-shotten, helps them. Hot bread ap-; and at mouth and nose, spitting of blood, plied for an hour, at times, for three days and other fluxes of blood in man or woman, throat, commonly called the king's evil. unto, if the decoction of them in wine be joints, being laid thereon. The said meal lungs, causing a consumption. The leaves boiled in vinegar, helps the shrinking of the bruised with some pepper, and drank in sinews, saith Pliny; and mixed with vine- wine, helps much the wind cholic. The gar, and boiled together, heals all freckles, leaves bruised and boiled in wine, and spots and pimples on the face. Wheat drank, stays the heat of lust in man or flour, mixed with the yolk of an egg, honey, woman, and quite extinguishes it, if it be and turpentine, doth draw, cleanse and heal long used: The seed also is of the same any boil, plague, sore, or foul ulcer. The effect. Water that is gathered from the

Willow, when it flowers, the bark being ift of it, where those that sow it, cut it three slit, and a vessel fitting to receive it, is very times a year. good for redness and dimness of sight, or

*Time.*] It flowers in June, but it is long films that grow over the eyes, and stay the after before the seed is ripe.

theums that fall into them; to provoke; Government and virtues.] It is a cold and urine, being stopped, if it be drank; to clear dry plant of Saturn. Some people affirm the face and skin from spots and discolour- the plant to be destructive to bees, and ings. Galen saith, The flowers have an fluxes them, which, if it be, I cannot help admirable faculty in drying up humours, it. I should rather think, unless bees be being a medicine without any sharpness or contrary to other creatures, it possesses them corrosion; you may boil them in white with the contrary disease, the herb being wine, and drink as much as you will, so exceeding dry and binding. However, if you drink not yourself drunk. The bark any bees be diseased thereby, the cure is, works the same effect, if used in the same to set urine by them, but set it in a vessel, manner, and the Tree hath always a bark that they cannot drown themselves, which upon it, though not always flowers; the may be remedied, if you put pieces of cork burnt ashes of the bark being mixed with in it. The herb is so drying and binding, vinegar, takes away warts, corns, and that it is not fit to be given inwardly. An superfluous flesh, being applied to the place. jointment made thereof stanches bleeding. The decoction of the leaves or bark in wine, A plaister made thereof, and applied to the takes away scurff and dandriff by washing region of the spleen which lies on the left the place with it. It is a fine cool tree, the side, takes away the hardness and pains boughs of which are very convenient to thereof. The ointment is excellently good be placed in the chamber of one sick of a in such ulcers as abound with moisture, and takes away the corroding and fretting humours: It cools inflammations, quenches St. Anthony's fire, and stays defluxion of Descript.] IT hath divers large leaves, the blood to any part of the body.

#### WOODBINE, OR HONEY-SUCKLES

It is a plant so common, that every one From among which leaves rises up a lusty that hath eyes knows it, and he that hath stalk, three or four feet high, with divers none, cannot read a description, if I should leaves set thereon; the higher the stalk write it.

Time. They flower in June, and the it spreads divers branches, at the end of fruit is ripe in August.

Government and virtues.] Doctor Traflowers, and after they pass away like other dition, that grand introducer of errors, that flowers of the field, come husks, long and hater of truth, lover of folly, and the mortal somewhat flat withal; in form they resem-; foe to Dr. Reason, hath taught the common ble a tongue, in colour they are black, and people to use the leaves or flowers of this they hang bobbing downwards. The seed plant in mouth-water, and by long concontained within these husks (if it be a little i tinuance of time, hath so grounded it in the chewed) gives an azure colour. The root is brains of the vulgar, that you cannot beat it out with a beetle: All mouth-waters ought

white and long.

WOAD.

long, and somewhat broad withal, like those

of the greater plntain, but larger, thicker, of a greenish colour, somewhat blue withal. }

rises, the smaller are the leaves; at the top }

which appear very pretty, little yellow

fever.

Place.] It is sowed in fields for the bene- to be cooling and drying, but Honey

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Suckles are cleansing, consuming and di-i describe, and the third be critical at ; and gesting, and therefore fit for inflammations; I care not greatly if I begin with the last thus Dr. Reason. Again if you please, we first.

will leave Dr. Reason a while, and come to ! Sea Wormwood hath gotten as many names Dr. Experience, a learned gentleman, and as virtues, (and perhaps one more) Scriphian. his brother. Take a leaf and chew it in Santomeon, Belchion, Narbinense, Hanmaids will love it.

#### WORMWOOD.

your mouth, and you will quickly find it tonicon, Misneule, and a matter of twenty likelier to cause a sore mouth and throat more which I shall not blot paper withal. than to cure it. Well then, if it be not good A papist got the toy by the end, and he for this, What is it good for? It is good for called it Holy Wormwood; and in truth something, for God and nature made I am opinion, their giving so much holinothing in vain. It is an herb of Mercury, i ness to herbs, is the reason there remains so and appropriated to the lungs; neither is it; little in themselves. The seed of this Crab claims dominion over it; neither is it Wormwood is that which women usually a foe to the Lion; if the lungs be afflicted give their children for the worms. Of all by Jupiter, this is your cure: It is fitting a Wormwoods that grow here, this is the conserve made of the flowers of it were kept weakest, but Doctors commend it, and in every gentlewoman's house; I know no apothecaries sell it; the one must keep his better cure for an asthma than this: besides, { credit, and the other get money, and that is it takes away the evil of the spleen, provokes the key of the work. The herb is good for urine, procures speedy delivery of women something, because God made nothing in in travail, helps cramps, convulsions, and vain: Will you give me leave to weigh palsies, and whatsoever griefs come of cold things in the balance of reason; Then thus; or stopping; if you please to make use of The seeds of the common Wormwood are it as an ointment, it will clear your skin of far more prevalent than the seed of this, to morphew, freckles, and sun-burnings, or expel worms in children, or people of ripe whatsoever else discolours it, and then the age; of both some are weak, some are Authors say, The strong. The Scriphian Wormwood is the flowers are of more effect than the leaves, weakest, and haply may prove to be fittest and that is true; but they say the seeds are for the weak bodies, (for it is weak enough least effectual of all. But Dr. Reason told of all conscience.) Let such as are strong me, That there was a vital spirit in every take the common Wormwood, for the others seed to beget its like; and Dr. Experience will do but little good. Again, near the sea told me, That there was a greater heat in the many people live, and Seriphian grows seed than there was in any other part of the near them, and therefore is more fitting for plant: and withal, That heat was the mother their bodies, because nourished by the of action, and then judge if old Dr. Tradi- same air; and this I had from Dr. Reason. tion (who may well be honoured for his age, In whose body Dr. Reason dwells not, dwells but not for his goodness) hath not so poi- Dr. Madness, and he brings in his brethren, soned the world with errors before I was Dr. Ignorance, Dr. Folly, and Dr. Sickborn, that it was never well in its wits ness, and these together make way for since, and there is a great fear it will die mad. Death, and the latter end of that man is worse than the beginning. Pride was the cause of Adam's fall; pride begat a daugh-

THREE Wormwoods are familiar with ter, I do not know the father of it, unless us; one I shall not describe, another I shall the devil, but she christened it, and calle l

these wormwoods, who finding this the one root. Its height is four feet, or three at least bitter, made the squeamish wench least. The leaves in longitude are long, in extol it to the skies, though the virtues of it latitude narrow, in colour white, in form never reached the middle region of the air. hoary, in similitude like Southernwood, only Its due praise is this; It is weakest, there-; broader and longer; in taste rather salt than fore fittest for weak bodies, and fitter for bitter, because it grows so near the saltthose bodies that dwell near it, than those water; at the joints, with the leaves toward that dwell far from it; my reason is, the sea (those that live far from it, know when they ; come near it) casts not such a smell as the land doth. being over all his works, hath by his eternal Providence, planted Seriphian by the seaside, as a fit medicine for the bodies of those that live near it. Lastly, It is known to all that know any thing in the course of nature, that the liver delights in sweet things, if so, it abhors bitter; then if your liver be weak, it is none of the wisest courses to plague it shorter than the common Wormwood by with an enemy. If the liver be weak, as consumption follows; would you know the } reason? It is this, A man's flesh is repaired { by blood, by a third concoction, which § transmutes the blood into flesh, it is well I said, (concoction) say I, if I had said { (boiling) every cook would have understood me. The liver makes blood, and if it be it is spicy. weakened that if it makes not enough, the flesh wastes; and why must flesh always be mountains (it seems 'tis aspiring) there 'tis renewed? Because the eternal God, when natural, but usually nursed up in gardens he made the creation, made one part of it; for the use of the apothecaries in London. in continual dependency upon another; and why did he so? Because himself only in August, a little sooner or later. is permanent; to teach us, That we should } not fix our affections upon what is transi- me leave to be critical a little? I must tory, but what endures for ever. The re-take leave. Wormwood is an herb of Mars, sult of this is, if the liver be weak, and can-land if Pontanus say otherwise, he is beside not make blood enough, I would have said, the bridge; I prove it thus: What delights Sanguify, if I had written only to scholars, in martial places, is a martial herb; but the Scriphian, which is the weakest of Wormwood delights in martial places (for Wormwoods, is better than the best. I have about forges and iron works you may gather been critical enough, if not too much.

by the sea-side.

it Appetite, and sent her daughter to taste with many round, woody, hairy stalks from the tops it bears little yellow flowers; the root lies deep, and is woods.

Common Wormwood I shall not describe, The tender mercies of God for every boy that can eat an egg knows it. Roman Wormwood; and why Roman, seeing it grows familiarly in England? It may be so called, because it is good for a stinking breath, which the Romans cannot be very free from, maintaining so many bad houses by authority of his Holiness.

Descript.] The stalks are slender, and one foot at least; the leaves are more finely cut and divided than they are, but something smaller; both leaves and stalks are hoary, the flowers of a pale yellow colour ; it is altogether like the common Wormwood, save only in bigness, for it is smaller; in taste, for it is not so bitter; in smell, for

*Place.*] It grows upon the tops of the

*Time.*] All Wormwoods usually flower

Government and virtues.] Will you give a cart-load of it,) ergo, it is a martial herb. Place.] It grows familiarly in England, It is hot and dry in the first degree, viz. the sea-side. Descript.] It starts up out of the earth, remedies the evils choler can inflict on the

3 E

evils Venus and the wanton Boy produce, biting of rats and mice. Mushrooms (I by antipathy; and it doth something else; cannot give them the title of Herba, Frubesides. It cleanses the body of choler tex, or Arbor) are under the dominion of (who dares say Mars doth no good?) It Saturn, ( and take one time with another, provokes urine, helps surfeits, or swellings they do as much harm as good;) if any have in the belly; it causes appetite to meat, poisoned himself by eating them, Wormbecause Mars rules the attractive faculty in wood, an herb of Mars, cures him, because man: The sun never shone upon a better Mars is exalted in Capricorn, the house of herb for the yellow jaundice than this; Why Saturn, and this it doth by sympathy, as it should men cry out so much upon Mars for did the other by antipathy. Wheals, pushes, an infortunate, (or Saturn either?) Did black and blue spots, coming either by God make creatures to do the creation a bruises or beatings. Wormwood, an herb mischief? This herb testifies, that Mars is of Mars, helps, because Mars, (as bad you willing to cure all diseases he causes; the love him, and as you hate him) will not truth is, Mars loves no cowards, nor Saturn break your head, but he will give you a fools, nor I neither. Take of the flowers of plaister. If he do but teach you to know Wormwood, Rosemary, and Black Thorn, yourselves, his courtesy is greater than is of each a like quantity, half that quantity discourtesy. The greatest antipathy beof saffron; boil this in Rhenish wine, but tween the planets, is between Mars and put it not in saffron till it is almost boiled; Venus: one is hot, the other cold; one This is the way to keep a man's body in diurnal, the other nocturnal; one dry, the health, appointed by Camerarius, in his other moist; their houses are opposite, one book intitled Hortus Medicus, and it is a masculine, the other feminine; one public. good one too. Besides all this, Wormwood the other private ; one is valiant, the other provokes the terms. I would willingly effeminate: one loves the light, the other teach astrologers, and make them physi- hates it; one loves the field, the other shcets; cians (if I knew how) for they are most then the throat is under Venus, the quinsy fitting for the calling; if you will not believe lies in the throat, and is an inflammation me, ask Dr. Hippocrates, and Dr. Galen, there; Venus rules the throat, (it being a couple of gentlemen that our college of under Tamus her sign.) Mars eradicates physicians keep to vapour with, not to all diseases in the throat by his herbs (for follow. In this our herb, I shall give the pat-; wormwood is one) and sends them to Egypt tern of a ruler, the sons of art rough cast, on an errand never to return more, this yet as near the truth as the men of Benja-idone by antipathy. The eyes are under min could throw a stone: Whereby, my the Luminaries; the right eye of a man, brethren, the astrologers may know by a and the left eye of a woman the Sun claims penny how a shilling is coined : As for the dominion over : the left eye of a man, and college of physicians, they are too stately to the right eye of a woman, are privileges of college or too proud to continue. They the Moon, Wormwood, an herb of Mars say a mouse is under the dominion of the cures both; what belongs to the Sun by Moon, and that is the reason they feed in the sympathy, because he is exalted in his night; the house of the Moon is Cancer; house; but what belongs to the Moon by rats are of the same nature with mice, but antipathy, because he hath his fall in her's. they are a little bigger; Mars receives his Suppose a man be bitten or stung by a fall in Cancer, ergo, Wormwood being an martial creature, imagine a wasp, a hornet.

body of man by sympathy. It helps the herb of Mars, is a present remedy for the

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a scorpion, Wormwood, an herb of Mars, jeither linen or woolen draper) yet as brave as gives you a present cure; that Mars, cho- they looked, my opinion was that the moths leric as he is, hath learned that patience, to might consume them; moths are under the pass by your evil speeches of him, and tells dominion of Mars; this herb Wormwood beyou by my pen, That he gives you no af- ing laid among cloaths, will make a moth fliction, but he gives you a cure; you need scorn to meddle with the cloaths, as much not run to Apollo, nor Æsculapius; and if as a lion scorns to meddle with a mouse, or he was so choleric as you make him to be, an eagle with a fly. You say Mars is anhe would have drawn his sword for anger, gry, and it is true enough he is angry with to see the ill conditions of these people many countrymen, for being such fools to that can spy his vices, and not his virtues. be led by the noses by the college of phy-The eternal God, when he made Mars, sicians, as they lead bears to Paris garden. made him for public good, and the sons of Melancholy men cannot endure to be men shall know it it in the latter end of the wronged in point of good fame, and that world. Et cælum Mars solus babet. You doth sorely trouble old Saturn, because they say Mars is a destroyer; mix a little Worm-i call him the greatest infortunate; in the wood, an herb of Mars, with your ink, body of man he rules the spleen, (and that neither rats nor mice touch the paper writ- makes covetous man so splenetic) the poor ten with it, and then Mars is a preserver. old man lies crying out of his left side Astrologers think Mars causes scabs and Father Saturn's angry, Mars comes to him ; itch, and the virgins are angry with him, Come, brother, I confess thou art evilspoken because wanton Venus told them he de- of, and so am I; thou knowest I have my forms their skins; but, quoth Mars, my exaltation in thy house, I give him an herb only desire is, they should know themselves; of mine, Wormwood, to cure the old man : my herb Wormwood will restore them to Saturn consented, but spoke little, and so the beauty they formerly had, and in that Mars cured him by sympathy. When I will not come an inch behind my opposite, Mars was free from war, (for he loves to be Venus: for which doth the greatest evil, he fighting, and is the best friend a soldier that takes away an innate beauty, and when hath) I say, when Mars was free from war, he has done, knows how to restore it again? he called a council of war in his own brain, or she that teaches a company of wanton to know how he should do poor sinful man lasses to paint their faces? If Mars be in good, desiring to forget his abuses in being a Virgin, in the nativity, they say he causes called an infortunate. He musters up his the cholic (it is well God hath set some own forces, and places them in battalia. body to pull down the pride of man.) He Oh! quoth he, why do I hurt a poor in the Virgin troubles none with the cholic, silly man or woman? His angel answers but them that know not themselves (for who him, It is because they have offended their knows himself, may easily know all the God, (Look back to Adam :) Well, says world.) Wormwood, an herb of Mars, is a Mars, though they speak evil of me, I will present cure for it; and whether it be most do good to them; Death's cold, my herb like a Christian to love him for his good, or shall heat them : they are full of ill humours hate him for his evil, judge ye. I had al-most forgotten, that charity thinks no evil. me;) my herb shall cleanse them, and dry I wasonce in the Tower and viewed the ward-them; they are poor weak creatures, my robe, and there was a great many fine clothes: herb shall strengthen them; they are dull I can give them no other title, for I was never witted, my herb shall fortify their appre-

hensions; and yet among astrologers all night, the one from Aries, and the other this does not deserve a good word : Oh the from Scorpio; give me thy leave by sympathy to cure this poor man with drinking patience of Mars!

Felix qui potuit rcrum cognoscere caucas, Inque domus superum scandere cura facit. O happy he that can the knowledge gain, To know the eternal God made nought in vain. To this 1 add, I know the reason causeth such a dearth Of knowledge; 'tis because men love the earth.

Venus, and he asked her, What was the reason that she accused him for abusing not agree; with that the Moon began to women? He never gave them the pox. In } the dispute they fell out, and in anger parted, and Mars told me that his brother Saturn told him, that an antivenerean medicine was the best against the pox. Once a month he meets with the Moon. Mars is quick enough of speech, and the Moon not much behind hand, (neither are key in these words which will unlock, (if it most women.) The Moon looks much be turned by a wise hand) the cabinet of after children, and children are much troubled with the worms; she desired a medi-idurst; it is not only upon Wormwood as cine of him, he bid her take his own herb, I wrote, but upon all plants, trees, and Wormwood. He had no sooner parted herbs; he that understands it not, is unfit with the Moon, but he met with Venus, and i (in my opinion) to give physic. This shall she was as drunk as a hog; Alas! poor live when I am dead. And thus I leave it Venus, quoth he; What! thou a fortune, and be drunk? I'll give thee antipathetical cure; Take my herb Wormwood, and thou? shall never get a surfeit by drinking. poor silly countryman hath got an ague, Providence is over me: Then the ill tongue and cannot go about his business: he; wishes he had it not, and so do I; but I tongue than wit, or more proud than will tell him a remedy, whereby he shall honest, shall never trouble me. Wisdom is prevent it; Take the herb of Mars, Worm- justified by her children. wood, and if infortunes will do good, what Wormwood. will fortunes do? Some think the lungs are under Jupiter; and if the lungs then the breath; and though sometimes a man gets a stinking breath, and yet Jupiter is a forthee a couple of trines to thy house last are white, but not all of a whiteness, and

a draught of Wormwood beer every morn-The Moon was weak the other day, ing. and she gave a man two terrible mischiefs, a dull brain and a weak sight; Mars laid by his sword, and comes to her; Sister Moon, said he, this man hath angered thee, but I beseech thee take notice he is but a fool; prithee be patient, I will with my herb The other day Mars told me he met with wormwood cure him of both infirmities by antipathy, for thou knowest thou and I canquarrel; Mars (not delighting much in women's tongues) went away, and did it whether she would or no.

> He that reads this, and understands what he reads, hath a jewel of more worth than a diamond; he that understands it not, is There lies a as little fit to give physick. physick: I have delivered it as plain as I to the world, not caring a farthing whether they like it or dislike it. The grave equals all men, and therefore shall equal me with A all princes; until which time the eternal of a prating fellow, or one that hath more And so much for

#### YARROW, CALLED NOSE-BLEED, MILFOIL AND THOUSALD-LEAL.

Descript.] IT hath many long leaves tune, forsooth; up comes Mars to him; spread upon the ground, finely cut, and Come brother Jupiter, thou knowest I sent divided into many small parts . It flowers

which rise from among the leaves.

Place.] It is frequent in all pastures.

end of August.

wounds, but also for ulcers and fistulas, cramps, and therefore called Militaris. especially such as abound with moisture.

stayed in knots, upon divers green stalks It stays the shedding of hair, the head being bathed with the decoction of it; inwardly taken it helps the retentive faculty of the Time.] It flowers late, even in the latter stomach : it helps the gonorrhea in men,

and the whites in women, and helps such as Government and virtues.] It is under the cannot hold their water; and the leaves influence of Venus. An ointment of them; chewed in the mouth eases the tooth-ache, cures wounds, and is most fit for such as and these virtues being put together, shew have inflammations, it being an herb of the herb to be drying and binding. Achilles Dame Venus; it stops the terms in women, is supposed to be the first that left the virbeing boiled in white wine, and the decoc-i tues of this herb to posterity, having learned tion drank; as also the bloody flux; the them of this master Chiron, the Centaur; ointment of it is not only good for green and certainly a very profitable herb it is in

# DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING SYRUPS, CONSERVES,

fc. fc.

HAVING in divers places of this Treatise promised you the way of making Syrups, Conserves, Oils, Ointments, &c, of herbs, roots, flowers, &c. whereby you may have them ready for your use at such times when they cannot be had otherwise; I come now to perform what I promised, and you shall find me rather better than worse than my word.

That this may be done methodically, I shall divide my directions into two grand sections, and each section into several chapters, and then you shall see it look with such a countenance as this is.

### SECTION I.

Of gathering, drying, and keeping Simples, and their juices.

> Of leaves of Herbs, &c. CHAP. I CHAP. II. Of Flowers. CHAP. III. Of Seeds. CHAP. IV. Of Roots.

	CHAP.	v. 0	f Barks.
			f Juices.
			TION II
	Of making and keeping Compounds.		
	CHAP.	· ·	Of distilled waters.
	CHAP.		Of Syrups.
	CHAP.		Of Juleps.
	CHAP.		Of Decoctions.
	CHAP.		Öf Oils.
	CHAP.		Of Electuaries.
	CHAP.		Of Conserves.
	CHAP.		Of Preserves.
	CHAP.		Of Lohochs.
	CHAP.		Of Ointments.
	CHAP.	AND DESCRIPTION OF	Of Plaisters.
	CHAP.	and the state of t	Of Poultices.
	CHAP.		Of Troches.
	CHAP.	COLL & COLL &	Of Pills.
	CHAP.	a designed and the	The way of fitting Medi-
	onnr.		cines to Compound Dis-
			eases.
		Of all	these in order.
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#### CHAPTER I.

#### Of Leaves of Herbs, or Trees.

1. OF leaves, choose only such as are green, and full of juice; pick them carefully, and cast away such as are any way declining, for they will putrify the rest: So shall one handful be worth ten of those you buy at the physic herb shops.

2. Note what places they most delight to grow in, and gather them there; for Betony that grows in the shade, is far better than that which grows in the Sun, because it delights in the shade; so also such herbs as delight to grow near the water, shall be gathered near it, though happily you may find some of them upon dry ground : The Treatise will inform you where every herb delights to grow.

3. The leaves of such herbs as run up to seed, are not so good when they are in flower as before (some few excepted, the leaves of which are seldom or never used) in such cases, if through ignorance they were not known, or through negligence forgotten, you had better take the top and the flowers, then the leaf.

4. Dry them well in the Sun, and not in the shade, as the saying of physicians is; plant, and of none of the least use in phyfor if the sun draw away the virtues of the } herb, it must need do the like by hay, by } the same rule, which the experience of every country farmer will explode for a notable; the planetary hour, and the planet they piece of nonsense.

indeed none else are fit to make physicians); the day, let it be when the sun shine upon such I advise; let the planet that governs; them, that so they may be dry; for, if you the herb be angular, and the stronger the gather either flowers or herbs when they are better; if they can, in herbs of Saturn, let; wet or dewy, they will not keep. Saturn be in the ascendant; in the herbs of those houses they delight; let the Moon you in the foregoing chapter.

her apply to a planet of the same triplicity; if you cannot wait that time neither, let her be with a fixed star of their nature.

6. Having well dried them, put them up in brown paper, sewing the paper up like a sack, and press them not too hard together, and keep them in a dry place near the fire.

7. As for the duration of dried herbs. a just time cannot be given, let authors prate their pleasure; for,

1st. Such as grow upon dry grounds will keep better than such as grow on moist.

2dly, Such herbs as are full of juice, will not keep so long as such as are drier.

3dly. Such herbs as are well dried, will keep longer than such as are slack dried. Yet you may know when they are corrupted, by their loss of colour, or smell, or both; and if they be corrupted, reason will tell you that they must needs corrupt the bodies of those people that take them.

4. Gather all leaves in the hour of that planet that governs them.

#### CHAPTER II.

#### Of Flowers.

1. THE flower, which is the beauty of the sick, grows yearly, and is to be gathered when it is in its prime.

2. As for the time of gathering them, let come of, be observed, as we shewed you 5. Such as are artists in astrology, (and ; in the foregoing chapter : as for the time of

3. Dry them well in the sun, and keep Mars, let Mars be in the mid heaven, for in them in papers near the fire, as I shewed

apply to them by good aspect, and let her; 4. So long as they retain the colour and not be in the houses of her enemies; if you smell, they are good; either of them being cannot well stay till she apply to them, let gone, so is the virtue also.

#### CHAPTER III.

#### Of Seeds.

1. THE seed is that part of the plant such sapmongers answer me this argument; which is endowed with a vital faculty to bring forth its like, and it contains poten-} the leaf, and lies there all the Winter, then tially the whole plant in it.

from the place where they delight to grow.

gathered ; and forget not the celestial har- kernel in the Spring, you shall find the root mony before mentioned, for I have found to grow to a pretty bigness in the Summer, by experience that their virtues are twice as; and be not a whit bigger next Spring. great at such times as others: "There is What doth the sap do in the root all that an appointed time for every thing under while? Pick straws? 'Tis as rotten as a the sun."

4. When you have gathered them, dry them a little, and but a little in the sun, the tropic of Cancer, the sap begins to conbefore you lay them up.

them so near the fire, as the other before- to us-ward, it begins to wax thin again, mentioned, because they are fuller of and by degrees, as it congealed. But to spirit, and therefore not so subject to proceed. corrupt.

palpable they will keep a good many years; less excrementitious moisture in them. yet, they are best the first year, and this I make appear by a good argument. They is to dry in the sun, or else hang them in will grow sooner the first year they be set, the chimney corner upon a string; as for therefore then they are in their prime; such as are hard, you may dry them any and it is an easy matter to renew them where. yearly.

#### CHAPTER IV.

## Of Roots.

1. OF roots, chuse such as are neither rotten nor worm-eaten, but proper in their taste, colour, and smell; such as exceed i neither in softness nor hardness.

2. Give me leave to be a little critical against the vulgar received opinion, which ; is, That the sap falls down into the roots in keep them near the fire, you may save yourthe Autumn, and rises again in the Spring, self the labour

and this idle talk of untruth is so grounded in the heads, not only of the vulgar, but also of the learned, that a man cannot drive it out by reason. I pray let

If the sap falls into the roots in the fall of must the root grow only in the Winter. 2. As for place, let them be gathered But the root grows not at all in the Winter, as experience teaches, but only in the 3. Let them be full ripe when they are Summer: Therefore, If you set an apple-

rotten post.

The truth is, when the sun declines from geal both in root and branch; when he 5. You need not be so careful of keeping touches the tropic of Capricorn, and ascends

3. The drier time you gather the roots 6. As for the time of their duration, it is in, the better they are; for they have the

4. Such roots as are soft, your best way

5. Such roots as are great, will keep longer than such as are small; yet most of them will keep a year.

8. Such roots as are soft, it is your best way to keep them always near the fire, and to take this general rule for it: If in Winter-time you find any of your roots, herbs or flowers begin to be moist, as many times

you shall (for it is your best way to look to them once a month) dry them by a very gentle fire; or, if you can with convenience

as men go to bed at night, and rise in the; 7. It is in vain to dry roots that may

commonly be had, as Parsley, Fennel, Plantain, &c. but gather them only for present need

#### CHAPTER V

#### Of Barks.

1. BARKS, which physicians use in medicine, are of these sorts: Of fruits, of roots, of boughs.

2. The barks of fruits are to be taken when the fruit is full ripe, as Oranges, Lemons, &c. but because I have nothing to do with exotics here, I pass them without any more words.

3. The barks of trees are best gathered in the Spring, if of oaks, or such great trees; because then they come easier off, and so you may dry them if you please; but indeed the best way is to gather all barks only for present use.

4. As for the barks of roots, 'tis thus to be gotten. Take the roots of such herbs as have a pith in them, as parsley, fennel, &c. slit them in the middle, and when you have taken out the pith (which you may easily do) that which remains is called (tho' improperly) the bark, and indeed is only to be used.

#### CHAPTER VI.

## Of Juices.

1. JUICES are to be pressed out of herbs when they are young and tender, out of some stalks and tender tops of herbs and plants, and also out of some flowers.

and clarify it.

3. The manner of clarifying it is this: Put it into a pipkin or skillet, or some such thing, and set it over the fire; and when the scum arises, take it off; let it stand over the fire till no more scum arise; when you have your juice clarified, cast away the scum as a thing of no use.

4. When you have thus clarified it, you have two ways to preserve it all the year.

(1.) When it is cold, put it into a glass, and put so much oil on it as will cover it to the thickness of two fingers; the oil will swim at the top, and so keep the air from coming to purtify it: When you intend to use it, pour it into a porringer, and if any oil come out with it, you may easily scum it off with a spoon, and put the juice you use not into the glass again, it will quickly sink under the oil. This is the first way.

(2.) The second way is a little more difficult, and the juice of fruits is usually preserved this way. When you have clarified it, boil it over the fire, till (being cold) it be of the thickness of honey; This is most commonly used for diseases of the mouth, and is called Roba and Saba. And thus much for the first section, the second follows.

#### SECTION II.

The way of making and keeping all necessary Compounds.

#### CHAPTER V.

#### Of distilled Waters.

HITHERTO we have spoken of medicines 2. Having gathered the herb, would you which consist in their own nature, which preserve the juice of it, when it is very dry authors vulgarly call Simples, though some-(for otherwise the juice will not be worth times improperly; for in truth, nothing is a button) bruise it very well in a stone mor- simple but pure elements; all things else tar with a wooden pestle, then having put are compounded of them. We come now it into a canvas bag, the herb I mean, not to treat of the artificial medicines, in the the mortar, for that will give but little juice, form of which (because we must begin press it hard in a press, then take the juice somewhere) we shall place distilled waters : in which consider,

2. You see at the first view, That this 1. Waters are distilled of herbs, flowers, aphorism divides itself into three branches, fruits, and roots.

2. We treat not of strong waters, but of which deserve severally to be treated of, cold, as being to act Galen's part, and not viz. Paracelsus's.

3. The herbs ought to be distilled when they are in the greatest vigour, and so ought the flowers also.

people use, because they know no better, is in a pewter still; and although distilled waters are the weakest of artificial medicines, and good for little but mixtures of other medicines, yet they are weaker by many ing, as roses, violets, peach flowers, &c. degrees, than they would be were they distilled in sand. If I thought it not impossible, to teach you the way of distilling in three pounds or three pints, which you will sand, I would attempt it.

5. When you have distilled your water, ing hot; first put your flowers into a pewput it into a glass, covered over with a ter-pot, with a cover, and pour the water on paper pricked full of holes, so that the ex-{ them ; then shutting the pot, let it stand by crementitious and fiery vapours may ex-; the fire, to keep hot twelve hours, and hale, which cause that settling in distilled (strain it out: (in such syrups as purge) as waters called the Mother, which corrupt damask roses, peach flowers, &c. the usual, them, then cover it close, and keep it for and indeed the best way, is to repeat this your use.

makes them musty, and so does paper, if it stronger) having strained it out, put the but touch the water : it is best to stop them with a bladder, being first put in water, and i one well glazed, and to every pint of it add bound over the top of the glass.

Such cold waters as are distilled in a pewter still (if well kept) will endure a year; such as are distilled in sand, as they are twice as strong, so they endure twice as long.

# CHAPTER 11. Of Syrups.

1. A Syrup is a medicine of a liquid form, composed of infusion, decoction and And, 1. For the more grateful taste. juice. 2 honey.

1. Syrups made by infusion.

2. Syrups made by decoction.

3. Syrups made by juice.

Of each of these, (for your instruction-4. The vulgar way of distillations which sake, kind countrymen and women) I speak a word or two apart.

> 1st, Syrups made by infusion, are usually made of flowers, and of such flowers as soon lose their colour and strength by boil-They are thus made : Having picked your flowers clean, to every pound of them add (for it is all one) of spring water, made boil-

infusion, adding fresh flowers to the same 6. Stopping distilled waters with a cork, i liquor divers times, that so it may be the infusion into a pewter bason, of an earthen two pounds of sugar, which being only melted over the fire, without boiling, and scummed, will produce you the syrup you desire.

> 2dly, Syrups made by decoction are usually made of compounds, yet may any simple herb be thus converted into syrup:

Take the herb, root, or flowers you would make into a syrup, and bruise it a little; then boil it in a convenient quantity of spring water; the more water you boil it in, the weaker it will be; a handful of the 2. For the better keeping of it: with a cer-i herb or root is a convenient quantity for a tain quantity of honey or sugar, hereafter pint of water, boil it till half the water be mentioned, boiled to the thickness of new consumed, then let it stand till it be almost cold, and strain it through a woollen cloth,

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ing. To every pint of this decoction add no money to quench thirst. one pound of sugar, and boil it over the nre till it come to a syrup, which you may know, if you now and then cool a little of t with a spoon : Scum it all the while it boils, and when it is sufficiently boiled, whilst it is hot, strain it again through a woollen cloth, but press it not. have the syrup perfected.

3dly, Syrups made of juice, are usually made of such herbs as are full of juice, and ; indeed they are better made into a syrup this way than any other; the operation is; thus: Having beaten the herb in a stone mortar, with a wooden pestle, press out the juice, and clarify it, as you are taught before in the juices; then let the juice boil away till about a quarter of it be consumed; to a pint of this add a pound of sugar, and when it is boiled, strain it through a woollen cloth, as we taught you before, and keep it ; for your use.

3. If you make a syrup of roots that are any thing hard, as parsley, fennel, and grass roots, &c. when you have bruised them, lay them in steep some time in that water which you intend to boil them in hot, so will the virtue the better come out.

4. Keep your syrups either in glasses or stone pots, and stop them not with cork nor bladder, unless you would have the glass break, and the syrup lost, only bind paper about the mouth.

5. All syrups, if well made, continue a year with some advantage; yet such as are made by infusion, keep shortest

# CHAPTER III. Of Juleps.

1. JULEPS were first invented, as I suppose, in Arabia; and my reason is, because the word Julep is an Arabic word.

2. It signifies only a pleasant potion, as trating. is vulgarly used by such as are sick, and

letting it run out at leisure: without press-; want help, or such as are in health, and want

- 3. Now-a-day it is commonly used---
  - 1. To prepare the body for purgation.
  - 2. To open obstructions and the pores
  - 3. To digest tough humours.
  - 4. To qualify hot distempers, &c.

4. Simple Juleps, (for I have nothing to Thus you say to compounds here) are thus made; Take a pint of such distilled water, as conduces to the cure of your distemper, which this treatise will plentifully furnish you with, to which add two ounces of syrup, conducing to the same effect; (I shall give you rules for it in the next chapter) mix them together, and drink a draught of it at your pleasure. If you love tart things, add ten drops of oil of vitriol to your pint, and shake it together, and it will have a fine grateful taste.

> 5. All juleps are made for present use; and therefore it is in vain to speak of their duration.

## CHAPTER IV.

#### Of Decoctions.

1. All the difference between decoctions, and syrups made by decoction, is this; Syrups are made to keep, decoctions only for present use; for you can hardly keep a decoction a week at any time; if the weather be hot, not half so long.

2. Decoctions are made of leaves, roots, flowers, seeds, fruits or barks, conducing to the cure of the disease you make them for; are made in the same manner as we shewed you in syrups.

3. Decoctions made with wine last longer than such as are made with water; and if you take your decoction to cleanse the passages of the urine, or open obstructions, your best way is to make it with white wine instead of water, because this is pene-

4. Decoctions are of most use in such Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

diseases as lie in the passages of the body, i fruits or seeds by expression, as oil of sweet as the stomach, bowels, kidneys, passages and bitter almonds, linseed and rape-seed of urine and bladder, because decoctions oil, &c. of which see in my Dispensatory. pass quicker to those places than any other 4. Compound oils, are made of oil of form of medicines.

5. If you will sweeten your decoction with sugar, or any syrup fit for the occasion you take it for, which is better, you may, and no harm.

6. If in a decoction, you boil both roots, herbs, flowers, and seed together, let the roots boil a good while first, because they retain their virtue longest ; then the next in order by the same rule, viz. 1. Barks. 2. The herbs. 3. The seeds. 4. The flowers. 5. The spices, if you put any in, because their virtues come soonest out.

7. Such things as by boiling cause sliminess to a decoction, as figs, quinceseed, linseed, &c. your best way is, after you have bruised them, to tie them up in a linen rag, as you tie up calf's brains, and so boil them.

stopped, and in the cooler place you keep them, the longer they will last ere they be for your use. sour.

Lastly, The usual dose to be given at one say here. time, is usually two, three, four, or five; ounces, according to the age and strength pains in the limbs, roughness of the skin, of the patient, the season of the year, the strength of the medicine, and the quality of the disease.

# CHAPTER V.

#### Of Oils.

1. OIL Olive, which is commonly known by the name of Sallad Oil, I suppose, because it is usually eaten with sallads by them that love it, if it be pressed out of ripe olives, according to Galen, is temperate, and exceeds in no one quality.

compound.

olives, and other simples, imagine herbs, flowers, roots, &c.

5. The way of making them is this: Having bruised the herbs or flowers you would make your oil of, put them into an earthen pot, and to two or three handfuls of them pour a pint of oil, cover the pot with a paper, set it in the sun about a fortnight or so, according as the sun is in hotness; then having warmed it very well by the fire, press out the herb, &c. very hard in a press, and add as many more herbs to the same

oil; bruise the herbs (I mean not the oil) in like manner, set them in the sun as before; the oftener you repeat this, the stronger your oil will be; At last when you conceive it strong enough, boil both herbs and oil together, till the juice be consumed, which you may know by its bubbling, and the

8. Keep all decoctions in a glass close herbs will be crisp; then strain it while it is hot, and keep it in a stone or glass vessel

6. As for chymical oils, I have nothing to

7. The general use of these oils, is for the itch, &c. as also for ointments and plaisters.

8. If you have occasion to use it for wounds or ulcers, in two ounces of oil, dissolve half an ounce of turpentine, the heat of the fire will quickly do it; for oil itself is offensive to wounds, and the turpentine qualifies it.

#### CHAPTER VI.

#### Of Electuaries.

PHYSICIANS make more a quoil than 2. Of oils, some are simple, and some are needs by half, about electuaries. I shall prescribe but one general way of making

3. Simple oils, are such as are made of them up; as for ingredients, you may very

them as you please, and as you find occasion, by the last chapter.

1. That you may make electuaries when you need them, it is requisite that you keep always herbs, roots, flowers, seeds, &c.; ready dried in your house, that so you may be in a readiness to beat them into powder when you need them.

2. It is better to keep them whole than { beaten; for being beaten, they are more subject to lose their strength; because the air soon penetrates them.

3. If they be not dry enough to beat into } powder when you need them, dry them by a gentle fire till they are so.

a fine tiffany searce, that no great pieces may be found in you electuary.

5. To one ounce of your powder add ; three ounces of clarified honey; this quantity I hold to be sufficient. If you would make more or less electuary, vary your pro- conserves; the way of keeping them is in portion accordingly.

6. Mix them well together in a mortar, and take this for a truth, you cannot mix inutneg at a time morning and evening, them too much.

7. The way to clarify honey, is to set it please. over the fire in a convenient vessel, till the scum rise, and when the scum is taken off, it is clarified.

8. The usual dose of cordial electuaries, is from half a dram to two drams; of purging electuaries, from half an ounce to an ounce.

9. The manner of keeping them is in a pot.

10. The time of taking them, is either in ] a morning fasting, and fasting an hour after them; or at night going to bed, three or four hours after supper.

#### CHAPTER VII.

#### Of Conserves.

1. The way of making conserves is twofold, one of herbs and flowers, and the other of fruits.

2. Conserves of herbs and flowers, are thus made: if you make your conserves of herbs, as of scurvy-grass, wormwood, rue, and the like, take only the leaves and tender tops (for you may beat your heart out before you can beat the stalks small) and having beaten them, weigh them, and to every pound of them add three pounds of sugar, you cannot beat them too much.

3. Conserves of fruits, as of barberries, sloes and the like, is thus made: First, Scald the fruit, then rub the pulp through a thick hair sieve made for the purpose, called a pulping sieve; you may do it for a need with the back of a spoon: then take 4. Having beaten them, sift them through this pulp thus drawn, and add to it its weight of sugar, and no more; put it into a pewter vessel, and over a charcoal fire; stir it up and down till the sugar be melted, and your conserve is made.

> 4. Thus you have the way of making earthen pots.

> 5. The dose is usually the quantity of a or (unless they are purging) when you

> 6. Of conserves, some keep many years, as conserves of roses: other but a year, as conserves of Borage, Bugloss, Cowslips and the like.

> 7. Have a care of the working of some conserves presently after they are made; look to them once a day, and stir them conserves of Borage, Bugloss, about Wormwood, have got an excellent faculty at that sport.

> 8. You may know when your conserves are almost spoiled by this; you shall find a hard crust at top with little holes in it, as though worms had been eating there.

> > CHAPTER VIII

Of Preserves.

OF Preserves are sundry sorts, and the Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft 🖲

operation of all being somewhat different, you cut it into it, and let it remain until we will handle them all apart. These are you have occasion to use it. preserved with sugar :

1. Flowers.

3. Roots. 2. Fruits. 4. Barks.

I never saw any that I remember, save water till they be soft, as we shewed you only cowslip flowers, and that was a great before in the fruits; then boil the water you fashion in Sussex when I was a boy. It is boiled the root in into a syrup, as we shewed thus done, Take a flat glass, we call them you before; then keep the root whole in the jat glasses; strew on a laying of fine sugar, syrup till you use them. on that a laying of flowers, and on that 4. As for barks, we have but few come another laying of sugar, on that another to our hands to be done, and of those the laying of flowers, so do till your glass be few that I can remember, are, oranges, full; then tie it over with a paper, and in ! lemons, citrons, and the outer bark of wala little time, you shall have very excellent inuts, which grow without side the shell, and pleasant preserves.

flowers; namely, with vinegar and salt, member, if there be any more put them as they pickle capers and broom-buds; but; into the number. as I have little skill in it myself, I cannot teach you.

preserved two ways;

pulp them through a sieve, as we shewed i not this way and my reason is this; Because you before; then with the like quantity of I doubt when their bitterness is gone, so is sugar, boil the water they were boiled in their virtue also; I shall then prescribe one into a syrup, viz. a pound of sugar to a pint common way, namely, the same with the of liquor; to every pound of this syrup, former, viz. First, boil them whole till they add four ounces of the pulp; then boil it be soft, then make a syrup with sugar and with a very gentle fire to their right con- the liquor you boil them in, and keep the sistence, which you may easily know if you barks in the syrup. drop a drop of it upon a trencher; if it i be enough, it will not stick to your fingers when it is cold.

(2.) Another way to preserve fruits is roots and barks much longer. this; First, Pare off the rind; then cut? them in halves, and take out the core: then i for delicacy, yet came afterwards to be of boil them in water till they are soft ; if you excellent use in physic ; For,

know when beef is boiled enough, you may (1.) Hereby medicines are made pleasant easily know when they are; Then boil the for sick and squeamish stomachs, which water with its like weight of sugar into a else would loath them.

syrup; put the syrup into a pot, and put { (2.) Hereby they are preserved from dethe boiled fruit as whole as you left it when 'caying a long time.

S. Roots are thus preserved; First, Scrape them very clean, and cleanse them from the pith, if they have any, for some roots have 1. Flowers are very seldom preserved; not, as Eringo and the like; Boil them in

for the shells themselves would make but There is another way of preserving scurvy preserves; these be they I can re-

The way of preserving these, is not all one in authors, for some are bitter, some are 2 Fruits, as quinces, and the like, are hot; such as are bitter, say authors, must

be soaked in warm water, oftentimes chang-(1.) Boil them well in water, and then ing till their bitter taste be fled; But I like

5. They are kept in glasses or in glaz'd pots. 6. The preserved flowers will keep a year,

if you can forbear eating of them; the

7. This art was plainly and first invented

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#### CHAPTER IX.

# Of Lohocks.

1. THAT which the Arabians call Lolocks, and the Greeks Eclegma, the Latins call Linctus, and in plain English signifies nothing else but a thing to be licked up.

2. They are in body thicker than a syrup, and not so thick as an electuary.

take a little with a liquorice stick, and let it time vet this I will tell you, the fuller of go down at leisure.

a decoction of pectoral herbs, and the trea-{it, boil it so long till your herbs be crisp, tise will furnish you with enough, and when and the juice consumed, then strain it you have strained it, with twice its weight pressing it hard in a press, and to every of honey or sugar, boil it to a lohock; if pound of ointment add two ounces of turyou are molested with much phlegm, honey pentine, and as much wax, because grease is better than sugar; and if you add a little is offensive to wounds, as well as oil. vinegar to it, you will do well ; if not, I hold sugar to be better than honey.

5. It is kept in pots, and may be kept a some above two years. year and longer.

6. It is excellent for roughness of the wind-pipe, inflammations and ulcers of the lungs, difficulty of breathing, asthmas, coughs, and distillation of humours.

#### CHAPTER X

#### Of Ointments.

in physic, for whose sake I write this. It is for use, they could melt by the fire again. thus done.

Bruise those herbs, flowers, or roots, you oil and fat, which needed not so long will make an ointment of, and to two hand- boiling. fuls of your bruised herbs add a pound of hog's grease dried, or cleansed from the these ingredients, metals, stones, divers skins, beat them very well together in a sorts of earth, feces, juices, liquors, seeds, stone mortar with a wooden pestle, then put roots, herbs, excrements of creatures, wax, it into a stone pot, (the herb and grease I i rosin, gums.

mean, not the mortar,) cover it with a paper and set it either in the sun, or some other warm place; three, four, or five days, that it may melt; then take it out and boil it a little; then whilst it is hot, strain it out, pressing it out very hard in a press : to this grease add as many more herbs bruised as before; let them stand in like manner as long, then boil them as you did the former; If you think your ointment is not strong 3. The manner of taking them is, often to enough, you may do it the third and fourth juice the herbs are, the sooner will your 4. They are easily thus made; Make; ointment be strong; the last time you boil

> 2. Ointments are vulgarly known to be kept in pots, and will last above a year,

#### CHAPTER XI.

#### Of Plaisters.

1. THE Greeks made their plaisters of divers simples, and put metals into the most of them, if not all; for having reduced their metals into powder, they mixed them with that fatty substance whereof the rest of the 1. VARIOUS are the ways of making plaister consisted, whilst it was thus hot, ointments; which authors have left to pos-; continually stirring it up and down, lest it terity, which I shall omit, and quote one; should sink to the bottom; so they conwhich is easiest to be made, and therefore tinually stirred it till it was stiff; then they most beneficial to people that are ignorant; made it up in rolls, which when they needed

2. The Arabians made up theirs with

3. The Greeks emplaisters consisted of

### CHAPTER XII.

## Of Poultices.

1. POULTICES are those kind of things which the Latins call Cataplasmata, and our learned fellows, that if they can read English, that's all, cali them Cataplasms, because 'tis a crabbed word few understand; it is indeed a very fine kind of medicine to ripen sores.

2, They are made of herbs and roots, fitted for the disease, and members afflicted, being chopped small, and boiled in water almost to a jelly; then by adding a little barleymeal, or meal of lupins, and a little oil, or rough sweet suet, which I hold to be better, spread upon a cloth and apply to the grieved places.

3. Their use is to ease pain, to break sores, to cool inflammations, to dissolve hardness, to ease the spleen, to concoct humours, and dissipate swellings.

4. I beseech you take this caution along with you; Use no poultices (if you can help it) that are of an healing nature, before you have first cleansed the body, because they are subject to draw the humours to them from every part of the body.

#### CHAPTER XIII.

#### Of Troches.

1. THE Latins call them *Placentula*, or though not all, are very bitter. little cakes, and the Greeks Prochikois, Kukliscoi, and Artiscoi; they are usually this. I rather think they were done up in little round flat cakes, or you may make this hard form, that so they might be the them square if you will.

2. Their first invention was, that powders grounded upon reason too, not upon fancy, being so kept might resist the intermission of air, and so endure pure the longer.

3. Besides, they are easier carried in the before, such infimities as lie near the paspockets of such as travel; as many a man sages were best removed by decoctions, (for example) is forced to travel whose because they pass to the grieved part stomach is too cold, or at least not so hot as soonest; so here, if the infirmity lies in the it should be, which is most proper, for the head, or any other remote part, the best way

stomach is never cold till a man be dead ; in such a case, it is better to carry troches of wormwood, or galangal, in a paper in his pocket, than to lay a gallipot along with him.

4. They are made thus; At night when you go to bed, take two drams of fine gum tragacanth; put it into a gallipot, and put half a quarter of a pint of any distilled water fitting for the purpose you would make your troches for to cover it, and the next morning you shall find it in such a jelly as the physicians call mucilage; With this you may (with a little pains taken) make a powder into a paste, and that paste into cakes called troches.

5. Having made them, dry them in the shade, and keep them in a pot for your

#### CHAPTER XIV.

## Of Pills.

1. THEY are called *Pilulæ*, because they resemble little balls; the Greeks call them Catapotia.

2. It is the opinion of modern physicians, that this way of making medicines, was invented only to deceive the palate, that so by swallowing them down whole, the bitterness of the medicine might not be perceived, or at least it might not be unsufferable: and indeed most of their pills,

3. I am of a clean contrary opinion to longer in digesting; and my opinion is

or hearsay. The first invention of pills was to purge the head, now, as I told you

is to use pills, because they are longer in { call the offending humour to them.

4. If I should tell you here a long tale of miscarry, through wind, thus do; medicine working by sympathy and antipathy, you would not understand a word of eases, 'and you shall be directed by that, it: They that are set to make physicians how many herbs prevent miscarriage. may find it in the treatise. All modern physicians know not what belongs to a you shall see how many of these herbs exsympathetical cure, no more than a cuckow what belongs to flats and sharps in music, but follow the vulgar road, and call it a grief. hidden quality, because 'tis hidden from the eyes of dunces, and indeed none but astro- the body afflicted. logers can give a reason for it; and physic without reason is like a pudding without ficulty, for sometimes two parts of the body fat.

5. The way to make pills is very easy, for with the help of a pestle and mortar, and a little diligence, you may make any powder into pills, either with syrup, or the is usually mortal. jelly I told you before.

#### CHAPTER XV.

The way of mixing Medicines according to the Cause of the Disease, and Parts of the Body afflicted

THIS being indeed the key of the work, I shall be somewhat the more diligent in it. I shall deliver myself thus;

1. To the Vulgar.

2. To such as study Astrology; or such stomach, and is at the liver immediately. as study physic astrologically.

tice, and I am therefore the more unfit to ; give you advice. I have now published these few rules to stay your stomachs. Iniv Calif - Digitized by Microsoft @

1. With the disease, regard the cause, digestion, and therefore the better able to and the part of the body afflicted; for example, suppose a woman be subject to

(1.) Look Abortion in the table of dis-

(2.) Look Wind in the same table, and pel wind.

These are the herbs medicinal for your

2. In all diseases strengthen the part of

3. In mix'd diseases there lies some difare afflicted with contrary humours, as sometimes the liver is afflicted with choler and water, as when a man hath both the dropsy and the yellow-jaundice; and this

In the former, Suppose the brain be too cool and moist, and the liver be too hot and dry; thus do;

1. Keep your head outwardly warm.

2. Accustom yourself to the smell of hot herbs.

3. Take a pill that heats the head at night going to bed.

4. In the morning take a decoction that cools the liver, for that quickly passes the

You must not think, courteous people, 1st, To the Vulgar. Kind souls, I am that I can spend time to give you examples sorry it hath been your hard mishap to have; of all diseases ; These are enough to let you been so long trained in such Egyptian dark-i see so much light as you without art are ness which to your sorrow may be felt; able to receive; If I should set you to look The vulgar road of physic is not my prac-lat the sun, I should dazzle your eyes, and make you blind.

2dly, To such as study Astrology, (who a little book, (Galen's Art of Physic,) which are the only men I know that are fit to will fully instruct you, not only in the study physic, physic without astrology being knowledge of your own bodies, but also in like a lamp without oil: you are the men fit medicines to remedy each part of it! I exceedingly respect, and such documents when afflicted; in the mean season take; as my brain can give you at present (being i absent from my study) I shall give you.

# AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

1 Fortify the body with herbs of the nature of the Lord of the Ascendant, 'tis no i medicines of the Light of Time matter whether he be a Fortune or Infortune in this case.

2. Let your medicine be something antipathetical to the Lord of the sixth.

3. Let your medicine be something of life, and therefore those universal remedies, the nature of the sign ascending.

make use of his medicines.

5. If this cannot well be, make use of the

6. Be sure always to fortify the grieved part of the body by sympathetical remedies.

7. Regard the heart, keep that upon the wheels, because the Sun is the foundation of

Aurum Potabile, and the Philosopher's 4. If the Lord of the Tenth be strong, Stone, cure all diseases by fortifying the heart.

THE

# ENGLISH PHYSICIAN

## AND

# FAMILY DIPENSATORY.

# AN ASTROLOGO-PHYSICAL DISCOURSE OF THE HUMAN VIRTUES IN THE BODY OF MAN; BOTH PRINCIPAL AND ADMINISTERING.

HUMAN virtues are either PRINCIPAL for procreation, and conservation; or AD-MINISTRING, for Attraction, Digestion, Retention, or Expulsion.

and Animal.

. By the *natural* are bred Blood, Choler, Flegm, and Melancholy.

The animal virtue is Intellective, and Sensitive.

The Intellective is Imagination, Judgment, and Memory.

The sensitive is Common, and Particular.

The particular is Seeing, Hearing, Smell- pages, and in the same order. ing, Tasting, and Feeling.

THE scope of this discourse is, To preserve in soundness and vigour, the mind and understanding of man; to strengthen the brain, preserve the body in health, to teach a man to be an able co-artificer, or Virtues conservative, are Vital, Natural, helper of nature, to withstand and expel Diseases.

> I shall touch only the principal faculties both of body and mind; which being kept in a due decorum, preserve the body in health, and the mind in vigour.

I shall in this place speak of them only in the general, as they are laid down to your view in the Synopsis, in the former

Virtue Procreative ] The first in order, is

the Virtue Procreative: for natural regards beget its like, and conserve in Species.

The seat of this is the Member of Generation, and is governed principally by the influence of Venus.

It is augmented and encreased by the strength of Venus, by her Herbs, Roots, Trees, Minerals, &c.

It is diminished and purged by those of Mars, and quite extinguished by those of Saturn.

Observe the hour and Medicines of Venus, to fortify; of Mars, to cleanse this virtue; of Saturn, to extinguish it.

Vital, Natural, Animal.

in the heart, and is dispersed from it by the the lungs, and is governed by Venus, some Arteries; and is governed by the influence say by the Moon, perhaps it may be goof the Sun. And it is to the body, as the verned by them both, it is cold and moist in Sun is to the Creation; as the heart is in a

the Microcosm, so is the Sun in the Megacosm : for as the Sun gives life, light, and motion to the Creation, so doth the heart to ! faculty, and memory ; makes men sober, the body; therefore it is called Sol Corporis, } as the Sun is called Cor Cali, because their } bridled toys of lustful blood, stays the wanoperations are similar.

are Saturn and Mars.

The Herbs and Plants of Sol, wonderfully fortify it.

resides in the liver, and is generally governed any of them, man cannot live. by Jupiter, Quasi Juvans Pater ; its office is to nourish the body, and is dispersed through Flegm, the Watery; Melancholy, the body by the veins.

From this are bred four particular humours, Blood, Choler, Flegm, and Melan-; mains, which is Animal; its residence is in choly.

cocted, in quality hot and moist, governed inified the Animal virtue; and I am of by Jupiter: It is by a third concoction; opinion, both Mercury and the Moon distransmuted into flesh, the superfluity of it pose it; and my reason is, 1, Because both into seed, and its receptacle is the veins, by i of them in nativities, either fortify, or impedite which it is dispersed through the body.

Choler is made of meat more than pernot only the conservation of itself, but to fectly concocted; and it is the spume or froth of blood : it clarifies all the humours, heats the body, nourishes the apprehension. as blood doth the judgment: It is in quality

hot and dry; fortifies the attractive faculty, as blood doth the digestive; moves man to activity and valour: its receptacle is the gall, and it is under the influence of Mars.

Flegm is made of meat not perfectly digested; it fortifies the virtue expulsive, makes the body slippery, fit for ejection; it fortifies the brain by its consimilitude with it; yet it spoils apprehension by its antipathy to it:

It qualifies choler, cools and moistens the Conservative.] The conservative virtue is heart, thereby sustaining it, and the whole body, from the fiery effects, which continual Vital.] The Vital spirit hath its residence motion would produce. Its receptacle is quality.

Melancholy is the sediment of blood, cold and dry in quality, fortifying the retentive solid, and staid, fit for study; stays the undering thoughts, and reduces them home to Inimical and destructive to this virtue, the centre : its receptacle is in the spleen, and it is governed by Saturn.

Of all these humours blood is the chief, all the rest are superfluities of blood; yet *Natural.*] The natural faculty or virtue are they necessary superfluities, for without

Namely; Choler is the fiery superfluities, the Earthly.

Animal. The third principal virtue rethe brain, and Mercury is the general sig-Blood is made of meat perfectly con-inificator of it. Ptolomy held the Moon sigit. 2, Ill directions to either, or from either.

Moon rules the bulk of it, as also the sensi-{know a man's own complexion, by his tive part of it: Mercury the rational part: dreams, I mean a n an void of distractions, and that's the reason, if in a nativity the or deep studies: (this most assuredly shews Moon be stronger than Mercury, sense many Mercury to dispose of the Imagination, as times over-powers reason; but if *Mercury* also because it is mutable, applying itself to be strong, and the Moon weak, reason will any object, as Mercury's nature is to do;) for be master ordinarily in despite of sense.

sitive.

in the brain, within the *Pia mater*, is govern-i as when the man is awake; and perhaps ed generally by Mercury.

It is divided into Imagination, Judgment, by ocular objects. and Memory.

the brain; it is hot and dry in quality, influence; and is also strong or weak in quick, active, always working; it receives man, according as Mercury is strong or vapours from the heart, and coins them into i weak in the nativity. thoughts: it never sleeps, but always is; working, both when the man is sleeping and brain, to shew that it ought to bear rule over waking; only when Judgment is awake it all the other faculties: it is the judge of the regulates the Imagination, which runs at little world, to approve of what is good, random when Judgment is asleep, and forms and reject what is bad; it is the seat of any thought according to the nature of the reason, and the guide of actions; so that all vapour sent up to it. *Mercury* is out of failings are committed through its infirmity, question the disposer of it.

ment asleep before himself many times, and in quality, and under the influence of then he shall perceive his thoughts run at Jupiter. random.

Imagination never sleeps; Memory some-; world; and its office is to record things times sleeps when men sleep, and sometimes either done and past, or to be done. it doth not: so then when memory is awake, i It is in quality cold and dry, melancholic, and the man asleep, then memory remem- and therefore generally melancholic men bers what apprehension coins, and that is a have best memories, and most tenacious dream: The thoughts would have been the every way. It is under the dominion of same, if memory had not been awake to re-i Saturn, and is fortified by his influence, but member it.

These thoughts are commonly (I mean in ) sleep, when they are purely natural,) framed { mal virtue, is sensitive, and it is divided into according to the nature of the humour, two parts, common and particular. called complexion, which is predominate in } the body; and if the humour be peccant it and that which gives virtue to all the paris always so.

afflict it, as good ones help it. Indeed the is one of the surest rules to then the imagination will follow its old bent; It is divided into Intellective, and Sen-for if a man be bent upon a business, his

apprehension will work as much when he is 1. Intellective.] The Intellectual resides asleep, and find out as many truths by study, more too, because then it is not hindered

And thus much for imagination, which is *Imagination* is seated in the forepart of governed by *Mercury*, and fortified by his

Judgment is seated in the midst of the it not rightly judging between a real and A man may easily perceive his Judg- an apparent good. It is hot and moist

*Memory* is seated in the hinder cell of the Judgment always sleeps when men do, brain, it is the great register to the little

purged by the luminaries.

2. Sensitive.] The second part of the ani-

Common sense is an imaginary term, ticular senses, and knits and unites them

lated by Mercury, (perhaps this is one rea- Mercury: A thousand to one, but it is son why men are so fickle-headed) and its under Mercury. office is to preserve a harmony among the senses.

Particular senses are five, viz. seeing, hearing, smelling, tasting, and feeling.

These senses are united in one, in the ; seats, and places of residence.

ticularly in the christaline humour. It is nature wants. in quality cold and moist, and governed by the luminaries. They who have them weak authors, and not under Mars, because he is in their genesis, have always weak sights; of a corrupting nature, yet if we cast an if one of them be so, the weakness pos-impartial eye upon experience, we shall sesses but one eye.

under the dominion of Saturn.

of Mars.

The *taste* resides in the palate, which is for then, placed at the root of the tongue on purpose to discern what food is congruous for the dominion at all in the body of man. stomach, and what not; as the meseraik veins are placed to discern what nourish-levil, and corrupted by *Adam's* fall. ment is proper for the liver to convert into blood. In some very few men, and but; fied when the Moon is in fiery signs, viz. a few, and in those few, but in few instances Aries and Sagitary, but not in Leo, for the these two tasters agree not, and that is the sign is so violent, that no physic ought to reason some men covet meats that make be given when the Moon is there: (and them sick, viz. the taste craves them, and why not Leo, seeing that is the most attracthe meseraik veins reject them: In quality tive sign of all; and that's the reason such hot and moist, and is ruled by Jupiter.

could not feel a quality contrary, viz. cold, handmaids attend it. and this might be spoken of other qualities. The *attractive* virtue draws that which it

together within the Pia Mater. It is regu- It is under the dominion of Venus, some say,

The four ADMINISTERING VIRTUES are, attractive, digestive, retentive, and expulsive.

The attractive virtue is hot and dry, hot by quality, active, or principal, and that brain, by the common sense, but are ope-sappears because the fountain of all heat is ratively distinguished into their several attractive, viz. the sun. Dry by a quality passive, or an effect of its heat; its office The sight resides in the eyes, and par-is to remain in the body, and call for what

It is under the influence of the Sun, say find, that martial men call for meat none of The hearing resides in the ears; is in the least, and for drink the most of all other quality, cold and dry, melancholy, and men, although many times they corrupt the body by it, and therefore I see no reason The smelling resides in the nose, is in why Mars being of the same quality with quality hot and dry, choleric, and that is the Sun, should not have a share in the the reason choleric creatures have so good dominion. It is in vain to object, that the smells, as dogs. It is under the influence influence of Mars is evil, and therefore he should have no dominion over this virtue;

1. By the same rule, he should have no

2. All the virtues in man are naturally

This attractive virtue ought to be fortias have it ascending in their genesis, are The feeling is deputed to no particular such greedy eaters.) If you connot stay till organ, but is spread abroad, over the whole the Moon be in one of them, let one of them body; is of all qualities, hot, cold, dry, and ascend when you administer the medicine. moist, and is the index of all tangible. The digestive virtue is hot and moist, and things; for if it were only hot alone, it is the principal of them all, the other like

should digest, and serves continually to feed Although I did what I could throughout and supply it.

with it, till it be perfectly digested.

The expulsive virtue casteth out, expels might be, Yet, 1. Some words of necessity fall what is superfluous by digestion. It is in which need explanation. 2. It would be under the influence of Jupuer, and fortified very tedious at the end of every receipt to repeat by his herbs and plants, &c. In fortifying over and over again, the way of administration it, let your Moon be in Gemini, Aquary, or of the receipt, or ordering your bodies after it, the first half of Libra, or if matters be come or to instruct you in the mixture of medicines, to that extremity, that you cannot stay till and indeed would do nothing else but stuff the that time, let one of them ascend, but both book full of tautology. of them together would do better, always

provided that the Moon be not in the as-; time. cendent. I cannot believe the Moon afflicts the ascendent so much as they talk of, if plaining, such as are obvious to my eye, are she be well dignified, and in a sign she these that follow. delights in.

The retentive virtue is in quality cold and way of distilling in water. It is no more than dry; cold, because the nature of cold is to to place your glass body which holds the matter compress, witness the ice; dry, because the to be distilled in a covenient vessel of water, nature of dryness, is to keep and hold what when the water is cold (for fear of breaking) is compressed. It is under the influence of put a wisp of straw, or the like under is, to keep Saturn, and that is the reason why usually it from the bottom, then make the water boil, Saturnine men are so covetous and tenaci- that so the spirit may be distilled forth; take ous. In fortifying of it, make use of the not the glass out till the water be cold again, herbs and plants, &c. of Saturn, and let the for fear of breaking : It is impossible for a Moon be in Taurus or Virgo, Capricorn is not man to learn how to do it, unless he saw it so good, say authors, (I can give no reason done. for that neither ;) let not Saturn nor his ill

aspect molest the ascendent.

The expulsive faculty is cold and moist; white, sewed together in form of a sugar-loaf. cold because that compasses the super- Its use is, to strain any syrup or decoction fluities; moist, because that makes the body through, by pouring it into it, and suffering slippery and fit for ejection, and disposes it it to run through without pressing or crushto it. It is under the dominion of Luna, jing it. with whom you may join Yerus, because she is of the same nature.

the nature of the planets, take notice, that a thing as goldsmiths melt silver in, and fixed stars of the same nature, work the founders metals; you may place it in the same effect.

In fortifying this, (which ought to be and on every side of it. done in all purgations,) let the Moon be in } 4. Filtrition, is straining of a liquid body Cancer, Scorpio, or Pisces, or let one of these through a brown paper : make up the paper signs ascend.

the whole book to express myself in such a The retentive virtue, retains the substance language as might be understood by all, and therefore avoided terms of art as much as

To answer to both these is my task at this

To the first : The words which need ex-

1. To distil in Balno Mariæ, is the usual

2. Manica Hippocrates. Hippocrates's sleeve, is a piece of woolen cloth, new and

3. Calcination, is a burning of a thing in a crucible or other such convenient vessel Also in whatsoever is before written, of that will endure the fire. A crucible is such midst of the fire, with coals above, below,

in form of a funnel, the which having placed

in a funnel, and the funnel and the paper iso medicines might be more delightful, or at in it in an empty glass, pour in the liquor least less burdensome. You may make the you would filter, and let it run through at its ; mixtures of them in what form you please, leisure. only for your better instruction at present,

5. Coagulation, is curdling or hardening: it is used in physic for reducing a liquid body to hardness by the heat of the fire.

6. Whereas you find vital, natural, and animal spirits often mentioned in the virtues or receipts, I shall explain what they be, and what their operation is in the body of many medicines appropriated to that disease man.

The actions or operations of the animal virtues, are, 1. sensitive, 2. motive.

The sensitive is, 1. external, 2. internal. The external senses are, 1, seeing, 2. hear-

ing, 3. tasting, 4. smelling, 5. feeling. The internal senses are, 1. the Imagination, to apprehend a thing. 2. Judgment, to judge of it. 3. Memory, to remember it.

The seat of all these is in the brain.

The vital spirits proceed from the heart, and cause in man mirth, joy, hope, trust, humanity, mildness, courage, &c. and their opposite: viz. sadness, fear, care, sorrow, despair, envy, hatred, stubbornness, revenge, &c. by heat natural or not natural.

animal gives it sense and motion) its office degrees; pills, and such like medicines which into blood, blood into flesh, to form, engen-business, because they are longest before der, nourish, and increase the body.

7. Infusion, is to steep a gross body into one more liquid.

8. Decoction, is the liquor in which any weak by half, than too strong in the least. thing is boiled.

As for the manner of using or ordering of the body afflicted, and maintain it in that, the body after any sweating, or purging; else you extinguish nature, as the heart is medicines, or pills, or the like, they will be hot, the brain cold, or at least the coldest found in different parts of the work, as also; part of the body. in the next page.

The different forms of making up medi- medicines as are hot in the first degree are cines, as some into syrups, others into elec-{ most habitual to our bodies, because they tuaries, pills, troches, &c. was partly to are just of the heat of our blood. please the different palates of people, that ? 8. All opening medicines, and such as

accept of these few lines.

1. Consider, that all diseases are cured by their contraries, but all parts of the body maintained by their likes: then if heat be the cause of the disease, give the cold medicine appropriated to it; if wind, see how expel wind, and use them.

2. Have a care you use not such medicines to one part of your body which are appropriated to another, for if your brain be over heated, and you use such medicines as cool the heart or liver, you may make bad work.

3. The distilled water of any herb you would take for a disease, is a fit mixture for the syrup of the same herb, or to make any electuary into a drink, if you affect such liquid medicines best; if you have not the distilled water, make use of the decoction.

4. Diseases that lie in the parts of the body remote from the stomach and bowels, The *natural spirit* nourishes the body it is in vain to think to carry away the cause throughout (as the vital quickens it, and the stat once, and therefore you had best do it by is to alter or concoct food into chile, chile are hard in the body, are fittest for such a they digest.

> 5. Use no strong medicines, if weak will serve the turn, you had better take one too

> 6. Consider the natural temper of the part

7. Observe this general rule; That such

provoke urine or the menses, or break the electuaries, as also all pills that have neither stone, may most conveniently be given in Diagrydium nor Colocynthus, in them. But white wine, because white wine of itself is all violent purges require a due ordering of of an opening nature, and cleanses the the body; such ought to be taken in the morning after you are up, and not to sleep reins.

to stop fluxes or looseness, be taken before least before night: two hours after you have meat, about an hour before, more or less, taken them, drink a draught of warm possetthat so they may strengthen the digestion drink, or broth, and six hours after eat a and retentive faculty, before the food come bit of mutton, often walking about the into the stomach, but such as are subject to chamber; let there be a good fire in the vomit up their meat, let them take such chamber, and stir not out of the chamber medicines as stay vomiting presently after till the purge have done working, or not till meat, at the conclusion of their meals, that so they may close up the mouth of the stomach; and that is the reason why usually you are in bed, covered warm, and in the men eat a bit of cheese after meat, because by its sourness and binding it closes the; mouth of the stomach, thereby staying belching and vomiting.

10. In taking purges be very careful, and that you may be so, observe these rules.

(1.) Consider what the humour offending ; is, and let the medicine be such as purges that humour, else you will weaken nature, not the disease.

(2.) Take notice, if the humour you would { purge out be thin, then gentle medicines will serve the turn, but if it be tough and viscous, then such medicines as are cutting and opening, the night before you would take them in this place : if, notwithstanding, any the purge.

(3.) In purging tough humours, forbear as i chief, the fault is not mine much as may be such medicines as leave a binding quality behind them.

(4.) Have a care of taking purges when your body is astringent; your best way, is first to open it by a clyster.

(5.) In taking opening medicines, you may safely take them at night, cating but or brankursine, it is meanly hot and dry, a little supper three or four hours before, helps aches and numness of the joints, and is and the next morning drinking a draught of of a binding quality, good for wounds and warm posset-drink, and you need not fcar; broken bones. Dioscorides saith, they are to go about your business. In this manner profitable for ruptures, or such as are you may take Lenitive Electuary, Diacatho- bursten, or burnt with fire, a dram of the

9. Let all such medicines as are taken after them before they are done working, at next day.

Lastly, Take sweating medicines when time of your sweating drink posset-drink as hot as you can. If you sweat for a fever, boil sorrel and red sage in your posset-drink,

sweat an hour or longer if your strength will permit, then (the chamber being kept very warm) shift yourself all but your head, about which (the cap which you sweat in being still kept on) wrap a napkin very hot, to repel the vapours back.

I confess these, or many of these directions may be found in one place of the book or other, and I delight as little to write tautology as another, but considering it might make for the public good, I inserted

will be so mad as to do themselves a mis-

## ROOTS.

Acanths, Brancæ Ursinæ. Of bearsbreech, licon, Pulp of Cassia, and the like gentle root in powder being taken in the morning

fasting, in a decoction made with the same vulsions; both of them resist poison. I root and water.

Acori, Veri, Perigrini, vulgaris, &c. See wort. Calamus Aromaticus. I shall not speak concerning the several sorts of it, one of which hot and dry in the third degree, a most is Water-flag, or Flower-de-luce, which is hot and dry in the second degree, binds, strengthens, stops fluxes of the belly, and immoderate flowing of the menses, a dram being taken in red wine every morning.

Garlic. It is hot and dry in the Allium. fourth degree, breeds corrupt blood, yet is i an enemy to all poisons, and such as are bitten by cold venomous beasts, viz. Adders, Toads, Spiders, &c. it provokes urine, and expels wind.

Alcannæ. Of privet. See the leaves.

Althæe. Of Marsh mallows, are meanly hot, of a digesting, softening nature, ease pains, help bloody fluxes, the stone, and gravel; being bruised and boiled in milk, and the milk drank, is a good remedy for gripings of the belly, and the bloody flux. If I know no great good they do inwardly a fever accompany the disease, boil a handful of common mallow leaves with a handful of these roots.

Angelice. Of Angelica; is hot and dry in the third degree, strengthens the heart, and is good against pestilence and poison, half a dram taken in the morning fasting.

Anchusæ. Of Alkanet; cold and dry, binding, good for old ulcers.

Anthoræ. A foreign root, the counterpoison for Monkshood, it is an admirable a safer purge than the leaves, and not so remedy for the wind cholic, and resists poison.

Apii. Of smallage. See the barks.

Aristolochiæ. Of birthwort; of which are } three sorts, long, round, and climing: All hot and dry in the third degree. The long, they are temperate in quality, opening, being drank in wine, brings away both birth and after-birth, and whatsoever a careless midwife hath left behind. Dioscorides, The round, being drank with wine, Galen. helps (besides the former) stuffings of the Spear, or Female Asphodel. I know no lungs, hardness of the spleen, ruptures, con-; physical use of the roots; probably there

never read any use of the climing birth-

Artanitæ, Cyclaminis, &c. Or Sowbread ; violent purge, dangerous; outwardly applied to the place, it profits much in the bitings of venomous beasts, also being hung about women in labour, it causes speedy deliverance. See the Herb.

Arundinis, Vallanoria, and Saccharina. Of common reeds and sugar reeds. The roots of common reeds applied to the place draw out thorns, and ease sprains; the ashes of them mixed with vinegar, take scurf, or dandrif off from the head, and prevent the falling off of the hair, they are hot and dry in the second degree, according to Galen. I never read any virtue of the root of sugar cane.

Ari, &c. Of Cuckow-points, or Wake-Robin, hot and dry in the third degree, taken, unless to play the rogue withal, or make sport: outwardly applied, they take off scurf, morphew, or freckles from the face, clear the skin, and ease the pains of the gout.

Asclepiadis, vincetoxici. Of Swallow-wort, hot and dry, good against poison, and gripings of the belly, as also against the bitings of mad dogs, taken inwardly.

Asari. Of Asarabacca: the roots are violent, they purge by vomit, stool, and urine; they are profitable for such as have agues, dropsies, stoppings of the liver, or spleen, green sickness.

Asparagi. Of Asparagus, or sperage: they provoke urine, and cleanse the reins and bladder, being boiled in white wine, and the wine drank.

Asphodeli, Hastæ Reigæ fæm. Of Kings

thing of no use.

Asphodeli, Albuci, muris. Of male Asphodel. Hot and dry in the second degree, black: they are both hot and dry, some inwardly taken, they provoke vomit, urine, say in the third degree, and some say but and the menses: outwardly used in oint-{in the first; they purge flegm and watery ments, they cause hair to grow, cleanse humours, but they trouble the stomach ulcers, and take away morphew and freckles much, they are very good for dropsies; from the face.

dock, temperately hot and dry. Helps used, take away freckles, sunburning, and such as spit blood and matter; bruised and morphew from the face, and cleanse filthy mixed with salt and applied to the place, ulcers: It is but a churlish purge, but being helps the bitings of mad dogs. It expels let alone, can do no harm. wind, eases pains of the teeth, strengthens the back, helps the running of the reins, the same with Borrage, and the roots of and the whites, being taken inwardly. either seldom used. Dioscorides, Apuleius.

red. Mesue, Serapio, and other Arabians, say they are hot and moist in the latter end of the first, or beginning of the second or sweet garden flag: it provokes urine, degree, and comfort the heart, stir up lust. The Grecians held them to be dry in the second degree, that they stop fluxes, and provoke urine.

Bellidis. Of Dasies. See the Leaves. Betæ, nigræ, albæ, rubræ. Of Beets, black, white, and red; as for olack Beets I have nothing to say, I doubt they are as rare as black swans. The red Beet root?

boiled and preserved in vinegar, makes a fine, cool, pleasing, cleansing, digesting; See the leaves. sauce.

cold and dry in the third degree, binding : hot, of a cleansing quality, they keep garhalf a d:am at a time taken inwardly, re-i ments from being moth-eaten. sists pestilence and poison, helps ruptures leaves. and bruises, stays fluxes, vomiting, and immoderate flowing of the menses, helps in-i the roots are good for, but only to bear the flammations and soreness of the mouth, herbs and flowers. and fastens loose teeth, being bruised and boiled in white wine, and the mouth washed Greater. The roots help such as are burwith it.

is, for I do not believe God created any in the first degree, cheers the heart, helps drooping spirits. Dioscorides.

Broniæ, &c. Of Briony both white and

If the white is most in use, and is good for the Bardana, &c. Of Bur, Clot-bur, or Bur- fits of the mother: both of them externally

Buglossi. Of Bugloss: Its virtues are

Bulbus Vomitorius. A Vomiting Root: Behen. alb. rub. Of Valerian, white and I never read of it elswhere by this general name.

> Calami Aromatici. Of Aromatical Reed, strengthens the lungs, helps bruises, resists poison, &c. being taken inwardly in powder, the quantity of half a dram at a time. You may mix it with syrup of violets, if your body be feverish.

> Capparum. Capper Roots. Are hot and dry in the second degree, cutting and cleansing: they provoke menses, help malignant ulcers, ease the toothache, assuage swelling, and help the rickets. See Oil of Cappers.

Cariophillatæ, &c. Of Avens, or Herb Bistortæ, &c. Of Bistort, or snakeweed, Bennet. The roots are dry, and something See the

Caulium. Of Colewort. I know nothing

Centrurii majoris. Of Centaury the sten, such as spitblood, shrinking of sinews,

Borraginis. Of Borrage, hot and moist shortness of wind, coughs, convulsions,

3 L

cramps: half a dram in powder be-it opens obstructions of the liver, being ing taken inwardly, either in muskadel, boiled in white wine, and the decoctions or in a decoction of the same roots. drank; and if chewed in the mouth it helps They are either not at all, or very scarce the tooth-ache. Celandine the lesser is in England, our centaury is the small cen- that which usually we call Pilewort, which tuary.

Cepa. (according to Galen) in the fourth degree: up in the nose, purges the head, helps the they cause dryness, and are extremely hurt- hemorrhoids or piles being bathed with it. ful for choleric people, they breed but little; as also doth the root only carried about one: nourishment, and that little is naught: they being made into an ointment, it helps the are bad meat, yet good physic for phleg-iking's evil or Scrophula. matic people, they are opening, and pro- China, wonderfully extenuates and drics. voke urine and the menses, if cold be the provokes sweat, resists putrefaction ; it cause obstructing: bruised and outwardly strengthens the liver, helps the dropsy and applied, they cure the bitings of mad dogs, imalignant ulcers, leprosy, itch, and veneroasted and applied, they help boils, and real, and is profitable in diseases coming of aposthumes : raw, they take the fire out of fasting. It is commonly used in diet drinks burnings, but ordinarily eaten, they cause for the premises. headache, spoil the sight, dull the senses, and fill the body full of wind.

leon, white and black. Tragus calls the liver and spleen, being boiled in white wine carline thistle by the name of white chame- and the decoction drank. leon, the root whereof is hot in the second ! degree, and dry in the third, it provokes roots are held to be hurtful to the stomach. sweat, kills worms, resists pestilence and therefore I let them alone. poison; it is given with success in pestilen- Consolidæ, majoris, minoris. Consolida tial fevers, helps the toothache by being Major, is that which we ordinarily call chewed in the mouth, opens the stoppings Comfry, it is of a cold quality, yet pretty of the liver and spleen, provokes urine, and temperate, so glutinous, that, according to the menses : give but little of it at a time, Dioscorides, they will join meat together by reason of its heat. As for the black that is cut in sunder, if they be boiled with chameleon, all physicians hold it to have it; it is excellent for all wounds, both ina kind of venomous quality, and unfit to be ternal and external, for spitting of blood, used inwardly, Galen, Clusius, Nicander, ruptures or burstness, pains in the back, it Dioscorides, and Ægineta. Outwardly in strengthens the reins, it stops the menses, ointments, it is profitable for scabs, mor- and helps hemorrhoids. The way to use phew, tetters, &c. and all things that need them is to boil them in water and drink the cleansing.

Chelidonij majoris, minoris. Of celandine, call Self-heal, and the latins Prunella. the greater and lesser : The greater is that the herb. which we usually call Celandine: the root Costi utriusquie. Of Costus both sorts

with us is hot in the first degree; the juice Of Onions. Are hot and dry of the root mixed with honey and snuffed

Cichorii. Of Succory; cool and dry in the second degree, strengthens the liver and Chameleontis albi nigri, &c. Of Chame- veins, it opens obstructions, stoppings in the

> Colchici. Of Meadow Saffron. The

decoction. Consolida minor, is that we See

is hot and dry, cleansing and scouring, being roots coming from beyond sea, hot proper for such as have the yellow jaundice, and dry, break wind, being boiled in oil,

grieved place with it.

roots; they purge flegm, and that with such; have taken too much opium, as also for violence, that I would advise the country lethargies, the juice helps hot rheums in the man that knows not how to correct them, to eyes; a scruple of the root in powder is let them alone.

Cinaræ, &c. Of Artichokes. The roots purge by urine, whereby the rank savour of attribute divers herbs to this name. It is the body is much amended.

Cynoglossæ, Sc. Cold and dry: being roasted and laid to take away proud, or dead flesh, the very the fundament, helps the hemorrhoids, is smell of them is hurtful for pregnant women: also good for burnings and scaldings.

Curcumæ. Of Turmerick, hot in the scurf, morphew, and sun-burning; I would third degree, opens obstructions, is profita-i not wish any, unless very well read in physic, ble against the yellow jaundice, and cold to take them inwardly. Matthiolus, Diosdistemper of the liver and spleen, half a corides. dram being taken at night going to bed in } the pulp of a roasted apple, and if you add Danewort; hot and dry in the third degree, a little saffron to it, it will be the better by the roots are as excellent a purge for the far.

Grass, or English Galanga, both sorts, long istrong) in white wine at a time. and round : is of a warm nature, provokes; Echij. Of Viper's Bugloss, or wild Bugurine, breaks the stone, provokes the menses; loss. This root is cold and dry, good for such the ashes of them (being burnt) are used for as are bitten by venemous beasts, either being ulcers in the mouth, cankers, &c.

hot and moist, breed but little nourishment, it encreaseth milk in nurses. and are windy.

toothed violets, or corralwort: they are bore, or sneezewort, being grated and snuffed drying, binding, and strengthening; are up the nose, causeth sneezing; kills rats and good to ease pains in the sides and bowels; mice being mixed with their meat. also being boiled, the decoction is said to Black Hellebore, Bears-foot or Christmas be good to wash green wounds and ulcers flower: both this and the former are hot and with.

Dictianni. Of Dittany : is hot and dry violent nor dangerous as the former. in the third degree, hastens travail in Enulæ Campanæ Helenij. Of Elecamwomen, provokes the menses. (See the pane. It is hot and dry in the third degree, leaves.)

Doronici. Of Doronicum, a supposed old coughs, and sortness of breath, helps rupkind of Wolf's bane : It is hot and dry in tures, and provokes lust ; in ointments, it is good the third degree, strengthens the heart, is a gainst scabs and itch. covereign cordial, and preservative against! Endivæ, &c. Of Endive, Garden Endive.

it is held to help the gout by anointing the the pestilence: it helps the vertigo or swimming of the head, is admirable against

Cucumeris a grestis. Of wild Cucumber the bitings of venomous beasts, and such as enough to take at one time.

> Dracontii, Dracunculi. Divers authors most probable that they mean dragons, Of, Hounds-tongue, the roots of which cleanse mightily, and outwardly in ointments, they take away

> > Ebuli. Of Dwarf Elder, Walwort, or

dropsy as any under the sun. You may Cyperiutriusque, longi, rotundi. Of Cyprus take a dram or two drams (if the patient be

boiled in wine and drank, or bruised and applied Danci. Of Carrots. Are moderately to the place : being boiled in wine and drank,

Ellebori, Veratri, albi nigri. Of Helle-Dentaria majoris, &c. Of Toothwort, bore white and black. The root of white Helle-

dry in the third degree. This is neither so

wholesome for the stomach, resists poison, helps

which is the root here specified, is held to be amorous diseases. You may take half a dram somewhat colder, though not so dry and cleans- at a time. Matthiolus.

ing as that which is wild ; it cools hot stomachs, harmless.

Eringij. Of Eringo or Sea-holly: the terms, &c.

Esulæ, majoris, minoris. wardly) too violent for common use; outwardly for a pin and web. in ointments they cleanse the skin, take away sunburning.

for pregnant women.

urine, ease pains in the bladder, and are a good wounds. Galen, Dioscorides. preservative against the falling-sickness.

Fœniculi. liver, and is good against the dropsy.

Fraxini. Of Ash-tree. I know no great? virtues in physic of the roots.

Galangæ, majoris, minoris. Galanga, commonly called Galingal, the greater and dry in the first degree, and cold in the second, lesser : They are hot and dry in the third they stop looseness, bind the belly. degree, and the lesser are accounted the hotter, or wind ; the smell of it strengthens the brain, Florence. of the womb, heats the reins, and provokes of the breath, provoke the menses; th

Gentiana. Of Gentian; some call it Felhot livers, amends the blood corrupted by heat, wort, and Baldmoney. It is hot, cleansing, and therefore is good in fevers, it cools the and scouring, a notable counterpoison, it opens reins, and therefore prevents the stone, it opens obstructions, helps the biting of venemous beasts, obstructions, and provokes urine: you may bruise; and mad dogs, helps digestion, and cleanseth the root, and boil it in white wine, 'tis very' the body of raw humours; the root is profitable for ruptures, or such as are bursten.

Glycyrrhizæ. Of Liquorice; the best roots are moderately hot, something drying and that is grows in England: it is hot and mois: cleansing, bruised and applied to the place; in temperature, helps the roughness of the they help the Scrophula, or disease in the windpipe, hoarsness, diseases in the kidneys and throat called the King's Evil, they break the bladder, and ulcers in the bladder, it concocts stone, encrease seed, stir up lust, provoke the raw humours in the stomach, helps difficulty of breathing, is profitable for all salt humours,

Of Spurge the the root dried and beaten into powder, and the greater and lesser, they are both (taken in- powder put into the eye, is a special remedy

Gramminis. Of Grass, such as in London they call couch grass, and Squitch-grass; in Filicis, &c. Fearn, of which are two grand Sussex Dog-grass. It gallantly provokes distinctions, viz. male and female. Both are urine, and easeth the kidneys oppressed with hot and dry, and good for the rickets in chil-gravel, gripings of the belly, and difficulty of dren, and diseases of the spleen, but dangerous urine. Let such as are troubled with these diseases, drink a draught of white wine, wherin Filipendulæ. Of Dropwort. The roots these roots (being bruised) have been boiled,

are hot and dry in the third degree, opening, for their morning's draught, bruised and apcleansing, yet somewhat binding; they provoke plied to the place, they speedily help green

Hermodactyli. Of Hermodactils. They Of Fennel. The root is hot are hot and dry, purge flegm, especially from and dry, some say in the third degree, opening; the joints, therefore are good for gouts, and it provokes urine, and menses, strengthens the other diseases in the joints. Their vices are corrected with long pepper, ginger, cinnamon, or mastich. I would not have unskilful people too busy with purges.

Hyacinthi. Of Jacinths. The roots are

Iridis, vulgaris, and Florentine, &c. it strengthens the stomach exceedingly, and Orris, or Flower-de-luce, both that which takes away the pains thereof coming of cold grows with us, and that which comes from They are hot and dry in the it relieves faint hearts, takes away windiness third degree, resist poison, help shortness Calif - Digitized by Microsoft

Root being green and bruised, takes away applied, it helps ulcers in the head, and blackness and blueness of a stroke, being amends the ill colour of the face. Malvæ. Of Mallows. They are cool, applied thereto.

root is hot and dry in the third degree; mitigates the rigour of agues, helps dropsies, provokes sweat, breaks carbuncles, and plague-sores, being applied to them; it is very profitable being given inwardly in dangerous for its coldness, being cold in the bruises.

Isotidis, Glasti. Of Woad. I know no great physical virtue in the root. See the corrected with Cinnamon, is temperate yet Herb.

Labri Veneris, Dipsaci. Fullers-Thistle, they are dry in the second degree: and I take it all Authors hold them to be cold and dry. Unslacked lime beaten into pow- and dry in the second or third degree, and der, and mixed with black soap, takes away a wen being anointed with it.

Lactuca. Of Lettice. I know no physical virtue residing in the roots.

Lauri. Of the Bay-tree. The Bark of the root drunk with wine, provokes urine, breaks the stone, opens obstructions of the liver and spleen. But according to Dioscorides is naught for pregnant women. Galen.

Lapathi acuti, Oxylapathi. Sorrel, accord- See the herb. ing to Galen; but Sharp-pointed Dock, according to Dioscorides. The roots of Sorrel are held to be profitable against the Nard wonderfully provokes urine. They jaundice. Of Sharp-pointed Dock; cleanse, and help scabs and itch.

Levistici. Of Lovage. They are hot and dry, and good for any diseases coming of helps gnawing pains of the stomach; and wind.

is something hot and dry, helps burnings, though in a weaker measure. softens the womb, provokes the menses, if boiled in wine, is given with good success They are cold and dry, and stop lust: in rotten Fevers, Pestilences, and all dis-; I never dived so deep to find what virtue eases that require suppuration : outwardly the roots have.

Imperitoria, &c. Of Master-wort. The and digesting, resist poison, and help corrosions, or gnawing of the bowels, or any other part; as also ulcers in the bladder. See Marsh-mallows.

> Mandragoræ. Of Mandrakes. A root fourth degree: the root is dangerous.

Mechoachanæ. Of Mechoacah. It is drying, purges flegm chiefly from the head and joints, it is good for old diseases in the Teazle. The root being boiled in wine till head, and may safely be given even to feit be thick (quoth Dioscorides) helps by verish bodies, because of its temperature: it unction the clefts of the fundament, as also is also profitable against coughs and pains in takes away warts and wens. Galen saith, thereins; as also against venereal complaints; the strong may take a dram at a time.

Mei, &c. Spignel. The roots are hot send up unwholesome vapours to the head.

Mezerei, &c. Of Spurge, Olive, or Widowwail. See the Herb, if you think it worth the seeing.

Merorum Celci. Of Mulberry Tree. The bark of the root is bitter, hot and dry, opens stoppings of the liver and spleen, purges the belly, and kills worms, boiled in vinegar, helps the tooth-ache.

Morsus Diaboli, Succisæ, &c. Devil's-bit.

Norpi Spicæ, Indicæ, Celticæ, &c. Of Spikenard, Indian, and Cheltic. Cheltic are both hot and dry. The Indian, also provokes urine, and stops fluxes, helps windiness of the stomach, resists the pestilence, dries up rheums that molest the head. The Lillij albi. Of white Lillics. The root Celtic Spikenard performs the same offices,

Nenupharis, Nymphæ. Of Water-lilics.

mock, or Rest-harrow, so called because it i brings away the placenta. makes oxen stand still when they are ploughdegree; it breaks the stone (viz. the bark) of it.) The root itself, according to *Pliny*, helps the falling-sickness; according to Matthiolus, helps ruptures: you may take half a dram at a time.

Ostrutij. Masterwort, given once before under the name of Imperitoria. But I have something else to do than to write one thing twice as they did.

and Wild Parsnips. They are of a tem-; the menses, helps the stranguary, stays rheums perate quality, inclining something to heat: in the head, and takes away the pricking pains The Garden Parsnips provoke lust, and thereof. The lesser resist poison, assuages the nourish as much and more too, than any swelling of the testicles, coming either through root ordinarily eaten: the wild are more wind or cold, helps cold taken after sweating or physical, being cutting, cleansing, and labour, wind cholic: outwardly it draws out opening: they resist the bitings of veno- *thorns, and cures both wounds and ulcers.* mous beasts, ease pains and stitches in the sides, and are a sovereign remedy against this good, to bring forth a gallant physical the wind cholic.

Pentafylli. Of Cinqfyl, commonly called Five-leaved, or Five-finger'd grass : the root something dryer than the leaf, but not so cold, is very drying, but moderately hot: It is it opens stoppages of the liver, helps the jaunadmirable against all fluxes, and stops dice, and ulcers of the reins and bladder. A blood flowing from any part of the body: *little bit of the root being eaten, instantly stays* it helps infirmities of the liver and lungs, pains in the head, even to admiration. helps putrified ulcers of the mouth, the root boiled in vinegar is good against the the Oak. It is a gallant though gentle shingles, and appeases the rage of any purger of melancholy; Also in the opinion fretting sores. You may safely take half of Mesue (as famous a physician as ever a dram at a time in any convenient liquor. I read for a Galenist,) it dries up super-

hot and dry in the second degree, they are the hands, feet, knees, and joints, stitches exceeding good in violent and pestilential fevers, they provoke the menses, expel poi-i spleen, rickets; correct it with a few Annis son, and kill worms.

wort, Hogs-fennel, or Hore-strange. It is Your best way of taking it, is to bruise it very good applied to the navels of children well, and boil it in white wine till half be that stick out, and ruptures : held in the consumed, you may put in much, or little, mouth, it is a present remedy for the fits of according to the strength of the diseased, it the mother: being taken inwardly, it gives works very safely.

Ononidis, Arrestæ Bovis, &c. Of Cam-; speedy deliverance to women in travail, and

Pœoniœ, maris, fœmellæ. Of Peony male ing. The roots are hot and dry in the third and female. They are meanly hot, but more drying. The root helps women not sufficiently purged after travail, it provokes the menses, and helps pains in the belly, as also in the reins and bladder, falling sickness, and convulsions in children, being either taken inwardly, or hung about their necks. You may take half a dram at a time, and less for children.

Phu, Valerinæ, majoris, minoris. Valerian, or Setwal, greater and lesser. They are Pastinatæ, Sativæ, and silvestris. Garden i temperately hot, the greater provokes urine and

> Pimpinellæ, &c. Of Burnet. It doth herb.

> Plantaginis. Of Plantane. The root is

Polypodij. Of Polypodium, or Fern of *Petacita*. Of Butter-bur. The roots are fluous humours, takes away swellings from and pains in the sides, infirmities of the seeds, or Fennel seeds, or a little ginger, Peucedani, Faniculi porcini. Of Sulphur- and then the stomach will not loath it.

Poligonati, sigilli Solomonis, &c. Of Solo- ing takes away the virtue of it, and theremon's Seal. Stamped and boiled in wine it fore it is best given by infusion only; If speedily helps (being drank) all broken bones, your body be any thing strong, you may and is of incredible virtue that way; as also take two drams of it at a time being sliced being stamped and applied to the place, it thin and steeped all night in white wine, in soon heals all wounds, and quickly takes away the morning strain it out and drink the the black and blue marks of blows, being white wine; it purges but gently, it leaves bruised and applied to the place, and for a binding quality behind it, therefore dried these, I am persuaded there is not a better a little by the fire and beaten into powder, medicine under the sun.

Porri. Of Leeks. They say they are hot and dry in the fourth degree; they breed ill-favoured nourishment at the best, they spoil the eyes, heat the body, cause troublesome sleep, and are noisome to the stomach: yet are they good for something } else, for the juice of them dropped into the ears takes away the noise of them, mixed with a little vinegar and snuffed up the 3 nose, it stays the bleeding of it, they are better of the two boiled than raw, but both ways exceedingly hurtful for ulcers in the bladder: and so are onions and garlic.

Prunellorum Silvestrium. Of Sloe-bush, or Sloe-tree. I think the college set this amongst the roots only for fashion sake, and I did it because they did.

Pyrethri Salivaris, &c. Pelitory of Spain. It is hot and dry in the fourth degree, chewed in the mouth, it draws away rheum in the tooth-ache; bruised and boiled in oil, it provokes sweat by unction; inwardly taken, they say it helps palsies and other cold effects in the brain and nerves.

Rhapontici. Rhupontick, or Rhubarb of Pontus. It takes away windiness and weakness of the stomach, sighings, sobbings, spittings of blood, diseases of the liver and spleen, rickets, &c. if you take a dram at a time it will purge a little, but bind much, and therefore fit for foul bodies that have fluxes.

purges choler from the stomach and liver, against pains in the head, and joints; they opens stoppings, withstands the dropsy, provoke sweat, and are used familiarly in Hypocondriac Melancholly; a little boil-i drying diet drinks

it is usually given in fluxes.

Rhaphani, Domestica and Sylvestris. Of Raddishes, garden and wild. Garden Raddishes provoke urine, break the stone. and purge by urine exceedingly, yet breed very bad blood, are offensive to the stomach, and hard of digestion, hot and dry in quality. Wild, or Horse Raddishes, such as grow in ditches, are hotter and drier than the former, and more effectual.

Rhodie Rad. Rose Root. Stamped and applied to the head it mitigates the pains thereof, being somewhat cool in quality.

Rhabarbari Monachorum. Monks Rhubarb, or Bastard-Rhubarb, it also purges. and cleanses the blood, and opens obstructions of the liver.

Rubiæ tinctorum. Of Madder. It is both drying and binding, yet not without some opening quality, for it helps the yellow jaundice, and therefore opens obstructions of the liver and gall; it is given with good success, to such as have had bruises by falls, stops looseness, the hemorrhoids, and the menses.

Of Knee-holly or Butchers-Rusci. broom, or Bruscus. They are meanly hot and dry, provoke urine, break the stone. and help such as cannot evacuate urine freely Use them like grass roots.

Sambuci. Of Elder. I know no wonders the root will do.

Sarsæ-Parigliæ. Of Sarsa-Parilla, or Rhabarbari. Of Rhubarb. It gently Bind-weed; somewhat hot and dry, helpful

venery, and increase seed; each branch bears two roots, both spongy, yet the one more solid than the other, which is of most { teeth. virtue, and indeed only to be used, for some say the most spongy root is quite contrary in operation to the other, as the one increaseth, the other decreaseth.

Saxifragiæ albæ. Of white Saxifrage, in Sussex we call them Lady-smocks. The roots powerfully break the stone, expel wind, provoke urine, and cleanse the reins.

Sanguisorbæ. A kind of Burnet.

Scabiosa. Of Scabious. The roots either and barks. boiled, or beaten into powder, and so taken, help such as are extremely troubled with scabs and itch, are medicinal in the french disease, hard swellings, inward wounds, being of a drying, cleansing, and healing; faculty.

Scordy. Of Scordium, or Water-Germander. See the herb.

Scillæ. Of Squills. See vinegar, and wine of Squills, in the compound.

Scropulariæ, &c. Of Figwort. The roots being of the same virtue with the herb, I refer you thither.

Scorzoneræ. Of Vipers grass. The root } reach to. cheers the heart, and strengthens the vital spirits, resists poison, helps passions and tremblings of the heart, faintness, sadness, and melancholy, opens stoppings of the liver and spleen, provokes the menses, ease women of the fits of the mother, and helps I know no great virtue they have. swimmings in the head.

Seseleos. Of Seseli, or Hartwort. roots provoke urine, and help the fallingsickness.

Sisari, secacul. Of Scirrets. They are } thing windy, as all roots are; by reason of exterior parts of the body: it is corrected appetite, and provoke urine.

Saturij utriusque. Of Satyrion, each sort. called our Ladies-thistles by that name; They are hot and moist in temper, provoke the roots of which are drying and binding, stop fluxes, bleeding, take away cold swellings, and ease the pains of the

> Spatulæ fætidæ. Stinking Gladon, a kind of Flower-de-luce, called so for its unsavory smell. It is hot and dry in the third degree; outwardly they help the king's evil. soften hard swellings, draw out broken bones: inwardly taken, they help convulsions, ruptures, bruises, infirmities of the lungs.

Tamarisci. Of Tamaris. See the herbs,

Tanaceti. Of Tansie. The root eaten, is a singular remedy for the gout: the rich may bestow the cost to preserve it.

Thapsi, &c. A venomous foreign root: therefore no more of it.

Tormentillæ. Of Tormentil. A kind of Singfoil; dry in the third degree, but moderately hot; good in pestilences, provokes sweat, stays vomiting, cheers the heart, expels poison.

Trifolij. Of Trefoil. See the herb.

Tribuli Aquatici. Of Water Caltrops. The roots lie too far under water for me to

Trachellij. Of Throat-wort: by some called Canterbury Bells: by some Coventry Bells. They help diseases and ulcers in the throat.

Trinitatis herbæ. Hearts-ease, or Pansies.

*Tunicis.* I shall tell you the virtue when The ! I know what it is.

> The root purges flegm, expels Tripolij. poison.

Turbith. The root purges flegin, (being hot and moist, of good nourishment, some-; hot in the third degree) chiefly from the which, they provoke venery, they stir up i with ginger, or Mastich. Let not the vulgar be too busy with it.

Sconchi. Of Sow-thistles. See the herb. Or Toad-stools. Whether Tuburnum. Spinæ albæ, Bedeguar. The Arabians i these be roots or no, it matters not much :

for my part I know but little need of them, } Avellanarum. Of Hazel " The rind of either in food or physic.

Victorialis. A foreign kind of Garlick. They say, being hung about the neck of given in powder, stay the immoderate flux cattle that are blind suddenly, it helps them; and defends those that bear it, from evil spirits.

Swallow-wort, and teazles were handled i ferent qualities: the outward bark, viz. what before.

Cold and dry, binding, stops fluxes, and the immoderate flowing of the menses: you which here I am to speak to, it is somewhat may take a dram at a time.

Urtice. Of Nettles. See the leaves. Zedoariæ. Of Zedoary, or Setwall. This and Zurumbet, according to Rhasis, and not the heart so much. Mesue, are all one; Avicenna thinks them different: I hold with Mesue; indeed they the tree according to Classius, being steeped differ in form, for the one is long, the other in wine, and the wine drank, purges choler, round; they are both hot and dry in the second degree, expel wind, resist poison, jaundice. Boil it in white wine and drink stop fluxes, and the menses, stay vomiting, help the cholic, and kill worms; you may take half a dram at a time.

Zingiberis. Of Ginger. Helps digestion, warms the stomach, clears the sight, and is profitable for old men: heats the joints, and the roots. therefore is profitable against the gout, expels wind; it is hot and dry in the second degree.

## BARKS.

Take notice here, that the Barks both of speedy delivery in women to travail, help this root, as also of Parsley, Fennel, &c. coughs and defluxions of humours upon is all of the root which is in use, neither the lungs, dropsy, and difficulty of urine. can it properly be called bark, for it is all In ointments it takes away red pimples, and the root, the hard pith in the middle ex-} the like deformities from the face. cepted, which is always thrown away, when is scarce a better remedy for women in the roots are used. It is something hotter labour, than a dram of Cinnamon newly and drier than Parsley, and more medicinal; beaten into powder, and taken in white it opens stoppings, provokes urine, helps wine. digestion, expels wind, and warms a cold stomach: use them like grass roots.

the tree provokes urine, breaks the stone; the husks and shells of the nuts, dried and of the menses.

Aurantiorum. Of Oranges. Both these, and also Lemons and Citrons, are of dif-

looks red, is hot and dry, the white is cold Ulmaria, Regina, prati, &c. Mead-sweet. and moist, the juice colder than it, the seeds hot and dry; the outward bark is that hotter than either that of Lemons or Citrons, therefore it warms a cold stomach more, and expels wind better, but strengthens

> Berber, &c. Barberries. The Rind of and is a singular remedy for the yellow See the directions at the beginning. it.

Cassia Lignea, &c. It is something more oily than Cinnamon, yet the virtues being not much different, I refer you thither.

Capparis Rad. Of Caper roots. See

Castanearum. Of Chesnuts. The bark of the Chesnut tree is dry and binding, and stops fluxes.

Cinnamon, and Cassia Cinnamonum. Lignea, are hot and dry in the second degree, strengthens the stomach, help digestion, cause a sweet breath, resist poi-A Pil Rad. Of the roots of Smallage. son, provoke urine, and the menses, cause There

Citrij. Of Pome Citrons. The outward pill, which I suppose is that which is meant

3 N

here: It strengthens the heart, resists poison, amends a stinking breath, helps digestion, comforts a cold stomach.

Ebuli Rad. Of the roots of Dwarf-Elder, or Walwort. See the herbs.

Enulæ. Of Elecampane. See the roots. this. Esulæ Rad. See the roots.

Fabarum. Of Beans. Bean Cods (or Pods, as we in Sussex call them) being bruised, the ashes are a sovereign remedy for aches in the joints, old bruises, gouts, and sciaticas.

Fæniculi Rad. Of Fennel roots. See the roots, and remember the observation given in Smallage at the beginning of the bark of Nutmeg-tree, helps fluxes and barks.

Fraxini Rad. Of the bark of Ash-tree roots. The bark of the tree, helps the rickets, is moderately hot and dry, stays vomiting; being burnt, the ashes made into an ointment, helps leprosy and other deformity of the skin, eases pains of the spleen. You} may lay the bark to steep in white wine for the rickets, and when it hath stood so for no use of it. two or three days, let the diseased child drink now and then a spoonful of it.

Granatorum. Of Pomegranates. The rind cools, and forcibly binds, stays fluxes, and the menses, helps digestion, strengthens [lungs. weak stomachs, fastens the teeth, and are good for such whose gums waste. You the oak, and Acorn Cups are drying and may take a dram of it at a time inwardly. Pomegranate flowers are of the same virtue.

Gatrujaci. See the wood.

Juglandium Virid. Of green Walnuts. As for the outward green bark of Walnuts, I suppose the best time to take them is before the Walnuts be shelled at all, and ? then you may take nuts and all (if they may properly be called nuts at such a time) you

shall find them exceeding comfortable to the stomach, they resist poison, and are plague, inferior to none: they are admirations of the lungs.

Lauri. Of the Bay-tree. See the root. Limonum. Of Lemons. The outward peel is of the nature of Citron, but helps not so effectually; however, let the poor country man that cannot get the other, use

Mandragora Rad. Be pleased to look back to the root.

Myrobalanorum. Of Myrobalans. See the fruits.

Macis. Of Mace. It is hot in the third degree, strengthens the stomach and heart exceedingly, and helps concoction.

Maceris, &c. It is held to be the inner spitting of blood.

Petroselini Rad. Of Parsley root: opens obstructions, provokes urine and themenses. warms a cold stomach, expels wind, and breaks the stone. Use them as grass roots, and take out the inner pith as you were taught in smallage roots.

Prunelli Silvestris. Of Sloe-tree. I know

Pinearum putaminae. Pine shucks, or husks. I suppose they mean of the cones that hold the seeds; both those and also the bark of the tree, stop fluxes, and help the

Querci. Of Oak-tree. Both the bark of cold, binding, stop fluxes and the menses, as also the running of the reins; have a care how you use them before due purging. Rhaphani. Of Radishes. I could never see any bark they had.

Suberis. Of Cork. It is good for something else besides to stop bottles : being dry and binding, stanches blood, helps fluxes, especeially the ashes of it being burnt. Paulus.

Sambuci, &c. Of Elder roots and a most excellent preservative against the branches; purges water, helps the dropsy. Cort. Medius Tamaricis. The middle ble for such as are troubled with consump- Bark of Tameris, eases the spleen, helps the rickets. Use them as Ash-tree bark.

Tillin. Of Line-tree. Boiled, the water helps burnings.

Lynoramus.

Ulmi. Of Elm. Moderately hot and cleansing, good for wounds, burns, and broken bones, viz. boiled in water and the grieved place bathed with it.

# WOODS AND THEIR CHIPS, OR RASPINGS.

A Gallochus, Lignum Aloes. Wood of Aloes; is moderately hot and dry: a good cordial: a rich perfume, a great strengthener to the stomach.

Aspalathus. Rose-wood. It is moderately and burnings. hot and dry, stops looseness, provokes urine, and is excellent to cleanse filthy ulcers.

Bresilium. Brasil. All the use I know } of it is, to die cloth, and leather, and make red ink.

Buxus. Box. Many Physicians have written of it, but no physical virtue of it.

Cypressus. Cypress. The Wood laid amongst cloaths, secures them from moths. wood, male and female. It is hot and dry See the leaves.

sight, being either boiled in wine, or burnt to ashes.

ates, causes sweat, resists putrefaction, is good for the French disease, as also for sorts, are all hot and dry in the second or ulcers, scabs, and leprosy: it is used in diet third degrees, the common Wormwood is drinks.

wood, drives away serpents; the ashes of worms, open stoppings, help surfeits, clear it made into lie, cures itch, and scabs.

Nephriticum. It is a light wood and and secure cloaths from moths. comes from Hispaniola; being steeped in } water, will soon turn it blue, it is hot and something drying and binding, but inferior dry in the first degree, and so used as be-{in virtue to the roots, to which I refer fore, is an admirable remedy for the stone, you.

Rhodium. Encreases milk in nurses.

Santalum, album, Rubrum, citrinum. White, Thuris. Of Frankinsenses. I must plead red, and yellow Sanders: They are all cold

and dry in the second or third degree: the red stops defluxions from any part, and helps inflammations : the white and yellow (of which the yellow is best) cool the heat of fevers, strengthen the heart, and cause cheerfulness.

Sassafras. Is hot and dry in the second degree, it opens obstructions or stoppings, it strengthens the breast exceedingly; if it

be weakened through cold, it breaks the stone, stays vomiting, provokes urine, and is very profitable in the venereal, used in diet drinks.

Tamaris. Is profitable for the rickets,

Wood of the Balsam Xylobalsamum. tree, it is hot and dry in the second degree, according to Galen. I never read any great virtues of it.

## HERBS AND THEIR LEAVES.

A Brotanum, mas, fæmina. Southernin the third degree, resists poison, kills Ebenum. Ebony. It is held to clear the worms; outwardly in plaisters, it dissolves cold swellings, and helps the bitings of venomous beasts, makes hair grow: take Guajacum, Lignum vita Dries, attenu- not above half a dram at a time in powder. Absinthium, &c. Wormwood. Its several

thought to be hottest, they all help weak-Juniperus. Juniper. The smoak of the ness of the stomach, cleanse choler, kill the sight, resist poison, cleanse the blood.

Abugilissa, &c. Alkanet. The leaves are

and for obstructions of the liver and spleen. Acetosa. Sorrel. Is moderately cold

dry and binding, cuts tough humours, cools held to be more cordial; cools the blood. the brain, liver and stomach, cools the helps ulcers in the mouth; hot defluxions blood in fevers, and provokes appetite. upon the lungs, wounds, ulcers, &c.

Acanthus. Bears-breech, or Branks Alcea. Vervain Mallow. The root helps ursine, is temperate, something moist. See fluxes and burstness. Ætius, Dioscorides. the root.

ruptures and shortness of wind.

Adiantum Aurcum Politrycum. Golden Maiden-hair. Its temperature and virtues { rately hot and drier than other Mallows; they are the same with the former; helps the help digestion, and mitigate pain, case the spleen; burned, and lye made with the pains of the stone, and in the sides. Use ashes, keeps the hair from falling off the them as you were taught in the roots, whose head.

Agrimonia. Agrimony. Galen's Eupa- do better. torium. It is hot and dry in the first degree, binding, it amends the infirmities of the without any binding, assuages swelling, liver, helps such as evacuate blood instead and comforts the sinews much; therefore it of water, helps inward wounds, opens is good for such as are shrunk up; it disobstructions. Outwardly applied it helps solves aposthumes, hard swellings, and old sores, ulcers, &c. Inwardly, it helps helps mange in the hands and legs, outthe jaundice and the spleen. Take a dram wardly applied in a pultis. Galen. of this or that following, inwardly in white wine, or boil the herb in white wine, and dry, some say in the second degree, some drink the decoction. Galen, Pliny, Diosco- say in the third: outwardly it helps wounds, rides, Serapio.

gree, provokes urine and the menses, dries vomiting, and the Fluor Albus, and is very the brain, opens stoppings, helps the green profitable for such women as are subject to sickness, and profits such as have a cold, miscarry through cold and moisture. weak liver; outwardly applied, it takes! away the hardness of the matrix, and fills; helps ulcers in the mouth, is good against hollow ulcers with flesh.

are hot and dry in the third degree; expel the mouth, and in hog's grease for burnings wind, consume the seed, cause chastity and scaldings. being only borne about one; it dissolves them, head-ache, and lethargy.

is of the temperature of other Sorrel, and eases in the brain, being only smelled to

Allum. Garlick. Hot and dry in the Adiantum, Album, nigrum. Maiden hair, fourth degree, troublesome to the stomach; white and black. They are temperate, yet it dulls the sight, spoils a clear skin, resists drying. White Maiden hair is that we poison, eases the pains of the teeth, helps usually call Wall-rue; they both open ob-; the bitings of mad dogs, and venomous structions, cleanse the breast and lungs of beasts, helps ulcers, leprosies, provokes gross slimy humours, provoke urine, help urine, is exceedingly opening, and profitable for dropsies.

> Althea, &c. Marsh-Mallows. Are modevirtues they have, and both together will

> Alsine. Chickweed. Is cold and moist

Alchymilla. Ladies-Mantle. Is hot and reduces women's breasts that hang down: Ageretum. Hot and dry in the second de- inwardly, helps bruises, and ruptures, stays

Alkanna. Privet hath a binding quality, burnings and scaldings, cherishes the nerves Agnus Castus, &c. Chast-tree. The leaves and sinews; boil it in white wine to wash

Amaracus, Majorana. Marjoram. Some swellings of the testicles, being applied to say 'tis hot and dry in the second degree, some advance it to the third. Sweet Mar-Allajula, Lujula, &c. Wood Sorrel. It joram, is an excellent remedy for cold dis-

helps such as are given to much sighing, easeth pains in the belly, provokes urine, being taken inwardly: you may take a dram of it at a time in powder. Outwardly in s oils or salves, it helps sinews that are shrunk; limbs out of joint, all aches and swellings coming of a cold cause.

Angelica. Is hot and dry in the third degree; opens, digests, makes thin, strengthens the heart, helps fluxes, and loathsomeness of meat. It is an enemy to poison and pestilence, provokes menses, and brings away the placanta. You may take a drain of it? at a time in powder.

Anagallis, mas, femina. Pimpernel, male and female. They are something hot and dry, and of such a drying quality that they draw thorns and splinters out of the flesh, amend the sight, cleanse ulcers, help infirmities of the liver and reins. Galen.

Anethum. Dill. Is hot and dry in the second degree. It stays vomiting, eases hiccoughs, assuages swellings, provokes urine, helps such as are troubled with fits of the mother, and digests raw humours.

Apium. Smallage; So it is commonly used; but indeed all Parsley is called by the name of Apium, of which this is one kind. It is something hotter and dryer than Parsley, and more efficacious; it opens stoppings of; or cinnamon. the liver, and spleen, cleanses the blood, provokes the menses, helps a cold stomach; to digest its meat, and is good against the yellow jaundice. Both Smallage and Clevers, § may be well used in pottage in the morning instead of herbs.

Aparine. Goose-grass, or Clevers : They { it Vulvaria. are meanly hot and dry, cleansing, help the bitings of venomous beasts, keep men's and dry, of a binding quality, it is admirabodies from growing too fat, help the yel-{ble to heal wounds, inward or outward, as low jaundice, stay bleeding, fluxes, and help green wounds. Dioscorides, Pliny, Galen, Tragus.

choly, and opens the stoppings of the liver. the lungs.

Aquilegia. Columbines: help sore throats, are of a drying, binding quality.

Argentina. Silver-weed, or Wild Tansy cold and dry almost in the third degree; stops lasks, fluxes, and the menses, good against ulcers, the stone, and inward wounds:

easeth gripings in the belly, fastens loose teeth: outwardly it takes away freckles, morphew, and sunburning, it takes away inflammations, and bound to the wrists stops the violence of the fits of the ague.

Artanita. Sow-bread: hot and dry in the third degree, it is a dangerous purge:

outwardly in ointments it takes away freckles, sunburning, and the marks which the small pox leaves behind them: dangerous for pregnant women.

Aristolochia, longa, rotunda. Birth-wort long and round. See the roots.

Artemisia. Mugwort: is hot and dry in the second degree: binding: an herb appropriated to the female sex; it brings down the menses, brings away both birth and placenta, eases pains in the matrix. You may take a dram at a time.

Asparagus. See the roots.

Asarum, &c. Asarabacca: hot and dry; provokes vomiting and urine, and are good for dropsies. They are corrected with mace

Atriplex, &c. Orach, or Arrach. It is cold in the first degree, and moist in the second, saith Galen, and makes the belly soluble. It is an admirable remedy for the fits of the mother, and other infirmities of the matrix, and therefore the Latins called

Aricula muris, major. Mouse-ear: hot also ruptures or burstness: Edge-tools quenched in the juice of it, will cut iron without turning the edge, as easy as they

Aspergula odorata. Wood-roof: Cheers will lead: And, lastly, it helps the swelling the heart, makes men merry, helps melan-i of the spleen, coughs and consumptions, of

moderately digesting, helps the biting of coming of cold, cleanses the breast and venomous beasts: Mesue saith, it is hot in lungs, opens stoppings of the liver and flegm.

Maudlin.

Sengreen: cold in the third degree, pro- kills worms, helps bruises, and cleanseth fitable against the Shingles, and other hot women after labour: You may take a dram creeping ulcers, inflaminations, St. Anthony's of it at a time in white wine, or any other fire, frenzies; it cools and takes away corns; convenient liquor proper against the disfrom the toes, being bathed with the juice ease you are afflicted with. of it, and a skin of the leaf laid over the place; stops fluxes, helps scalding and Male Lluellin, to which add Elative, or burning.

perately dry and wasting, something cool-jof humours that fall from the head into the ing; it is held to be good against the shrink- eyes, are profitable in wounds, help filthy ing of the sinews; eases pains in the bladder, ! foul eating cankers. and provokes urine. Also Mizaldus saith, that a leaf applied to the top of the head of flowers. See the flowers. a woman draws the matrix upwards, but applied to the soles of the feet draws it the second degree, they ease all pains and downwards, and is therefore an admirable swellings coming of heat, in clysters they remedy for suffocations, precipitations, and close the belly, are profitable in fevers and dislocations of the matrix, if a wise man; inflammations of the testicles, they take have but the using of it.

black, and red; black Beets I have no mations of the lungs or blood knowledge of. The white are something colder and moister than the red, both of and moist, others cold and dry: none them loosen the belly, but have little or no The white provoke to stool, nourishment. and are more cleansing, open stoppings of forts the heart, cheers the spirits, drives the liver and spleen, help the vertigo or swimming in the head : The red stay fluxes, help the immoderate flowing of the menses, and are good in the yellow jaundice.

Beuedicta Cariphyllara. Avens: hot and much weakened by sickness. dry, help the cholic and rawness of the; stomach, stitches in the sides, and take away good ; hot and dry, cleansing and scouring ; clotted blood in any part of the body.

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Attractivis hirsuta. Wild Bastard-saffron, Betony : hot and dry in the second degree. Distaff-thistle, or Spindle-thistle. Is dry and helps the falling sickness and all head-aches the first degree, and dry in the second, and spleen, as the rickets, &c. procures appetite, cleanseth the breast and lungs of tough helps sour belchings, provokes urine, breaks the stone, mitigates the pains of the reins

Balsamita, &c. Costmary, Alecost: See and bladder, helps cramps, and convulsions, resists poison, helps the gout, such as Barbajovis, sedum majus. Houseleek or evacuate blood, madness and head-ache,

Betonica Pauli, &c. Paul's Betony, or Female Lluellin, which comes afterwards; Bardana. Clot-bur, or Bur-dock: tem- they are pretty temperate, stop defluxions

Betonica Coronaria, &c. Is Clove Gilli-

Bellis. Dasies: are cold and moist in away bruises, and blackness and blueness; Beta, alba, nigra, rubra. Beets, white, they are admirable in wounds and inflam-

> Blitum. Blites. Some say they are cold mention any great virtues of them.

Borrago. Borrage : hot and moist, comaway sadness and melancholy, they are rather laxative than binding; help swooning and heart-qualms, breed good blood, help consumptions, madness, and such as are

Bonus Henricus. Good Henry, or all inwardly taken it loosens the belly; out-Betonica vulgaris. Common or Wood wardly it cleanseth old sores and ulcers.

in the second degree, helps such as are short-; tain and Water Calamint: For the Water winded, cuts and wastes gross and tough { Calamint : see mints, than which it is acflegm, laid among cloaths they preserve counted stronger. Mountain Calamint, is them from moths, and give them a sweet smell.

Branca ursina. Bears-breech.

Brionia, &c. Briony, white and black; both are hot and dry in the third degree, purge violently, yet are held to be wholesome physic for such as have dropsies, vertigo, or swimming in the head, fallingsickness, &c. Certainly it is a strong, troublesome purge, therefore not to be tampered with by the unskilful, outwardly in ointments it takes away freckles, wrinkles, morphew, scars, spots, &c. from the face.

Bursa pastoris. Shepherd's Purse, is manifestly cold and dry, though Lobel and Pena thought the contrary; it is binding and stops blood, the menses; and cools inflammations.

Buglosse. Its virtues are Buglossom. the same with Borrage.

Bugula. Bugle, or Middle Comfrey; is temperate for heat, but very drying, excellent for falls or inward bruises, for it dissolves congealed blood, profitable for inward wounds, helps the rickets and other stoppings of the liver; outwardly it is of wonderful force in curing wounds and ulcers, though festered, as also gangreens and fistulas, it helps broken bones, and dislocations. Inwardly you may take it in powder a dram at a time, or drink the decoction of it in white-wine: being made into an ointment with hog's grease, you shall find it admirable in green wounds.

Buphthalmum, &c. Ox eye. Matthiolus saith they are commonly used for black Hellebore, to the virtues of which I refer.

Buxus. Boxtree: the leaves are hot, dry, and binding, they are profitable against the a wholesome and harmless purge. Outwardly biting of mad dogs; both taken inwardly it easeth women's breasts that are swollen boiled and applied to the place: besides and inflamed; as also inflammations of the they are good to cure horses of the bots. joints, nerves, or sinews. Ægineta.

Botrys. Oak of Jerusalem : hot and dry : Calamintha, Montana, Palustris. Mounhot and dry in the third degree, provokes urine and the menses, hastens the birth in

women, brings away the placenta, helps cramps, convulsions, difficulty of breathing, kills worms, helps the dropsy: outwardly used, it helps such as hold their necks on one side: half a dram is enough at one time. Galen, Dioscorides, Apuleius.

Calendula. &c. Marigolds. The leaves are hot in the second degree, and something moist, loosen the belly: the juice held in the mouth, helps the toothache, and takes away any inflammation or hot swelling being bathed with it, mixed with a little vinegar.

Callitricum. Maiden-hair. See Adianthum. Caprisolium. Honey-suckles: The leaves are hot, and therefore naught for inflammations of the mouth and throat, for which

the ignorant people oftentime give them: and Galen was true in this, let modern writers write their pleasure. If you chew but a leaf of it in your mouth, experience will tell you that it is likelier to cause, than to cure a sore throat, they provoke urine, and purge by urine, bring speedy delivery to women in travail, yet procure barrenness and hinder conception, outwardly they dry up foul ulcers, and cleanse the face from morphew, sun-burning and freckles.

Carduncellus, &c. Groundsell. Cold and moist according to Tragus, helps the cholic, and gripings in the belly, helps such as cannot make water, cleanses the reins, purges choler and sharp humours: the usual way of taking it is to boil it in water with currants, and so eat it. I hold it to be

Carduus B. Mariæ. Our Ladies Thistles.; are drying and binding, help dimness of the They are far more temperate than Carduus sight: help the spleen, preserve from Benedictus, open obstructions of the liver, drunkenness, and help the evil effects of it: help the jaundice and dropsy, provoke provoke the menses. urine, break the stone.

better known by the Latin name : it is hot will do wonders in curing wounds : see the and dry in the second degree, cleansing and root. The less is a present remedy for the opening, helps swimming and giddiness in yellow jaundice, opens stoppings of the the head, deafness, strengthens the memory, liver, gall, and spleen : purges choler, helps helps griping pains in the belly, kills worms, gout, clears the sight, purgeth the stomach, provokes sweat, expels poison, helps in-thelps the dropsy and green sickness. It is flammation of the liver, is very good in pestilence and venereal: outwardly applied, it ripens plague-sores, and helps hot swellings, the bitings of mad dogs and venomous ; beasts, and foul filthy ulcers. Every one that can but make a Carduus posset, knows second degree, helps spitting and other how to use it. Camerarius, Arnuldus vel evacuations of blood, stops the menses and anovanus.

Chalina. See the roots, under the name of white Chameleon.

Corallina. A kind of Sea Moss: cold, binding, drying, good for hot gouts, inflammations: also they say it kills worms, hogs that will not eat their meat. Your and therefore by some is called Maw-wormseed.

Cussutha, cascuta, potagralini. Dodder. See Epithimum.

Caryophyllata. Avens, or Herb Bennet, hot and dry: they help the cholic, rawness of the stomach, stitches in the sides, stoppings of the liver, and bruises.

Tythymalus.

Cattaria, Nepeta. Nep, or Catmints. pleurises and pricking in the sides. The virtues are the same with Calaminth.

Cauda Equina. Horse-tail; is of a binding drying quality, cures wounds, and is an Water cresses; they help mangy horses; admirable remedy for sinews that are shrunk : see Water cresses. it is a sure remedy for bleeding at the nose, or by wound, stops the menses, fluxes, hot, waste and consumes the splcen, insoulcers in the reins and bladder, coughs, much that Vitruvius affirms he hath known ulcers in the lungs, difficulty of breathing. hogs that have fed upon it, that have had

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Centaurium, majus, minus. Centaury the Carduus Benedictus. Blessed Thistle, but greater and less. They say the greater only the tops and flowers which are useful, of which you may take a dram inwardly in powder, or half a handful boiled in possetdrink at a time.

> Centinodium, &e. Knotgrass: cold in the all other fluxes of blood, vomiting of blood, gonorrhæa, or running of the reins, weakness of the back and joints, inflammations of the privities, and such as make water by drops, and it is an excellent remedy for only way is to boil it, it is in its prime about the latter end of July, or beginning of August: at which time being gathered it may be kept dry all the year. Brassavolus, Camerarius.

Caryfolium vulgare et Myrrhis. Common and great chervil: Take them both together, and they are temperately hot and dry, pro-Cataputia minor. A kind of Spurge. See voke urine, stir up venery, comfort the heart, and are good for old people; help

Capea, Anagallis aquatica. Brooklime, hot and dry, but not so hot and dry as

Ceterach, &c. Spleenwort: moderately Caulis, Brassica hortensis, silvestris. Cole-; (when they were killed) no spleens at all. wort, or Cabbages, garden and wild. They It is excellently good for melancholy people.

# AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

helps the stranguary, provokes urine, and breaks the stone in the bladder, boil it and venery, and purge by urine. drink the decoction; but because a little; boiling will carry away the strength of it in which comes after. They are cold and dry vapours, let it boil but very little, and let it in the second degree, cleansing and openstand close stopped till it be cold before ing; they cool the heats of the liver, and you strain it out; this is the general rule are profitable in the yellow jaundice, and for all simples of this nature.

Chamapitys. Ground-pine; hot in the second degree, and dry in the third, helps the jaundice, sciatica, stopping of the liver, and spleen, provokes the menses, cleanses } the entrails, dissolves congealed blood, resists poison, cures wounds and ulcers. fire, or any eating ulcers. Strong bodies may take a dram, and weak bodies half a dram of it in powder at a time.

Chamæmelum, sativum, sylvestre. Garden and Wild Chamomel. Garden Chamomel, is hot and dry in the first degree, and as gallant a medicine against the stone in the bladder as grows upon the earth, you may take it inwardly, I mean the decoction of it, being boiled in white wine, or inject the juice of it into the bladder with a syringe. It expels wind, helps belchings, and potently provokes the menses: used in baths, it helps pains in the sides, gripings and gnawings in the belly.

Chamædris, &c. Germander: hot and dry in the third degree; cuts and brings away tough humours, opens stoppings of the liver and spleen, helps coughs and shortness ; of breath, stranguary and stopping of urine, and provokes the menses; half a dram is enough to take at a time.

Chelidonium utrumque. Celandine both sorts. Small Celandine is usually called Pilewort; it is something hotter and dryer than the former, it helps the hemorrhoids or piles, bruised and applied to the grief. names. Cottonweed, Cudweed, Chaffweed, Celandine the greater is hot and dry (they and Petty Cotton. Of a drying and bindsay in the third degree) any way used; ing nature; boiled in lye, it keeps the head either the juice or made into an oil or oint- from nits and lice; being laid among ment, it is a great preserver of the sight, clothes, it keeps them safe from moths, and an excellent help for the eyes.

Cinara, &c. Artichokes. They provoke

Cichorium. Succory, to which add Endive burning fevers; help excoriations in the

privities, hot stomachs; and outwardly applied, help hot rheums in the eyes.

Cicuta. Hemlock: cold in the fourth degree, poisonous: outwardly applied, it helps Priapismus, the shingles, St. Anthony's

Clematis Daphnoides, Vinca provinca. Periwinkle. Hot in the second degree, something dry and binding; stops lasks, spitting of blood, and the menses.

Consolida major. Comfrey, I do not conceive the leaves to be so virtuous as the roots.

Consolida media. Bugles, of which before. Consolida minima. Daises.

Consolida rubra. Golden Rod: hot and dry in the second degree, cleanses the reins, provokes urine, brings away the gravel: an admirable herb for wounded people to take inwardly, stops blood, &c.

Consolida Regalis, Delphinium. Lark heels: resist poison, help the bitings of venomous beasts.

Saracenica Solidago. Saracens Confound. Helps inward wounds, sore mouths, sore throats, wasting of the lungs, and liver.

Coronepus. Buchorn Plantane, or Seaplantain: cold and dry, helps the bitings of venomous beasts, either taken inwardly, or applied to the wound : helps the cholie, breaks the stone. Ægineta.

Hath got many English Coronaria. kills worms, helps the bitings of venomous Univ Calif - Digitizes by Microsoft ®

aches.

of Gentian called also by this name, which a dram to a dram. I pass by) is drying and binding, exceeding good for inward or outward wounds, either inwardly taken, or outwardly ap--plied: and an excellent remedy for such as are bursten.

Crassula. Orpine. Very good: outwardly used with vinegar, it clears the skin; inwardly taken, it helps gnawings of the stomach and bowels, ulcers in the lungs, bloody-flux, and quinsy in the throat, for which last disease it is inferior to none, take not too much of it at a time, because of its coolness.

Crithamus, &c. Sampire. Hot and dry, helps difficulty of urine, the yellow jaundice, provokes the menses, helps digestion, opens stoppings of the liver and spleen. Galen.

Cucumis Asininus. Wild Cucumbers. See Elaterium.

Cyanus major, minor. Blue bottle, great and small, a fine cooling herb, helps, bruises, wounds, broken veins; the juice dropped into the eye, helps the inflammations thereof.

Cygnoglossam. Hound's-Tongue, cold and dry: applied to the fundament helps the } hemorrhoids, heals wounds and ulcers, and is a present remedy against the bitings of keep it dry, both may keep it as a jewel. dogs, burnings and scaldings.

Cypressus, Chamæ Cyparissus. Cypress- } tree. The leaves are hot and binding, help ruptures, and *Polypus* or flesh growing on § the nose.

Chamæ cyparissus. Is Lavender Cotton. Resists poison, and kills worms.

Disetamnus Cretensis. Dictamny, or Dittany of Creet, hot and dry, brings away dead children, hastens delivery, brings away the placenta, the very smell of it drives urine. See the root. away venomous beasts, so deadly an enemy ; Epithimum. Dodd

beasts; taken in a tobacco-pipe, it helps it is to poison; it is an admirable remedy coughs of the lungs, and vehement head- against wounds and gunshot, wounds made with poisoned weapons, it draws out splin-

*Cruciata*. Crosswort: (there is a kind ters, broken bones, &c. The dose from half

Dipsacus, sativ. sylv. Teazles, garden and wild, the leaves bruised and applied to the temples, allay the heat in fevers, qualify the rage in frenzies; the juice dropped into the ears, kills worms in them, dropped into the eyes, elears the sight, helps redness and pimples in the face, being anointed with it.

Ebulus. Dwarf Elder, or Walwort. Hot and dry in the third degree; waste hard swellings, being applied in form of a poultice; the hair of the head anointed with the juice of it turns it black; the leaves being applied to the place, help inflammations, burnings, scaldings, the bitings of mad dogs; mingled with bulls suet is a present remedy for the gout; inwardly taken, is a singular purge for the dropsy and gout.

Echium. Viper's-bugloss, Viper's-herb, Snake bugloss, Wal-bugloss, Wild-bugloss, several counties give it these several names : It is a singular remedy being eaten, for the biting of venomous beasts: continually eating of it makes the body invincible against the poison of serpents, toads, spiders, &c. however if be administered; it comforts the heart, expels sadness and melancholy. The rich may make the flowers into a conserve, and the herb into a syrup, the poor may

Empetron, Calcifragra, Herniaria, &c. Rupture-wort, or Burst-wort. The English name tells you it is good against ruptures, and so such as are bursten shall find it, if they please to make trial of it, either inwardly taken, or outwardly applied to the place, or both. Also the Latin names hold it forth to be good against the stone, which whoso tries shall find true.

Enula Campana. Elicampane. Provokes

Epithimum. Dodder of Time, to which

add common Dodder, which is usually that which grows upon flax : indeed every Dodder retains a virtue of that herb or plant; inflammations and wounds, hot diseases in it grows upon, as Dodder that grows upon Broom, provokes urine forcibly, and loosens the belly, and is moister than that which grows upon flax · that which grows upon time, is hotter and dryer than that which grows upon flax, even in the third ! degree, opens obstructions, helps infirmities of the spleen, purgeth melancholy, relieves drooping spirits, helps the rickets: That which grows on flax, is excellent for agues in young children, strengthens weak stomachs, purgeth choler, provokes urine, opens stoppings in the reins and bladder. That which grows upon nettles, provokes urine exceedingly. The way of using it is to boil it in white wine, or other convenient decoction, and boil it very little. Ætias, Mesue, Actuarius, Serapio, Avincena.

Eruch. Rocket, hot and dry in the third degree, being eaten alone, causeth head-ache, by its heat procures urine. Galen.

Eupatorium. Sec Ageratum.

Euphragia. Eyebright is something hot and dry, the very sight of it refresheth the eyes; inwardly taken, it restores the sight, } You may take a dram of it at a time in and makes old men's eyes young, a dram of it taken in the morning is worth a pair of spectacles, it comforts and strengthens the memory, outwardly applied to the place, it helps the eyes.

Filix fæmina.

Filicula, polypidium. See the roots. Filipendula.

in the second degree, comforts the stomach help the green sickness. Let such as are exceedingly, helps digestion, provokes; urine, helps inflammations of the eyes, secures cloaths from moths.

Faniculum. Fennel, encreaseth milk in nurses, provokes urine, breaks the stone, it, one of which is that which is called easeth pains in the reins, opens stoppings, Muscata; it is thought to be cool and dry, breaks wind, provokes the menses; you helps hot swellings, and by its smell amends may boil it in white wine.

Fragaria. Strawberry leaves, are cold, dry, and binding, a singular remedy for the throat; they stop fluxes and the terms, cool the heat of the stomach, and the inflammations of the liver. The best way is to boil them in barley water.

Fraxinus, &c. Ash-trees, the leaves are moderately hot and dry, cure the bitings of Adders, and Serpents; they stop looseness, and stay vomiting, help the rickets, open stoppages of the liver and spleen.

Fumaria. Fumitory: cold and dry, it opens and cleanses by urine, helps such as are itchy, and scabbed, clears the skin, opens stoppings of the liver and spleen, helps rickets, hypochondriac melancholy, madness, frenzies, quartan agues, loosens the belly, gently purgeth melancholy, and addust choler: boil it in white wine, and take this one general rule. All things of a cleansing or opening nature may be most commodiously boiled in white wine. Remember but this, and then I need not repeat it.

Goat's-rue: Temperate in Galega. quality, resists poison, kills worms, helps the falling-sickness, resists the pestilence. powder.

Galion. Ladies-bed straw: dry and binding, stanches blood, boiled in oil, the oil is good to anoint a weary traveller; inwardly it provokes venery.

Gentiana. See the root.

Genista. Brooms: hot and dry in the second degree, cleanse and open the stomach, Malahathram. Indian leaf, hot and dry break the stone in the reins and bladder, troubled with heart-qualms or faintings, forbear it, for it weakens the heart and spirit vital. See the flowers.

> Geranium. Cranebill, the divers sorts of a hot brain.

Geranium Columbinum. Doves-foot; helps | milk in nurses, and outwardly by ointment the wind cholic, pains in the belly, stone in the prosies.

the reins and bladder, and is good in ruptures, and inward wounds. I suppose these are the general virtues of them all.

Gramen. Grass: See the root.

Gratiola. Hedge-Hyssop, purges water and flegm, but works very churlishly. Gesner commends it in dropsies.

Asphodelus fam. See the root.

Hepatica, Lichen. Liverwort, cold and dry, good for inflammations of the liver, or any other inflammations, yellow jaundice.

Hedera Arborea, Terrostris. Tree and Ground-Ivy. Tree-Ivy helps ulcers, burn-200 ings, scaldings, the bad effects of the spleen; the juice snuffed up the nose, purges the } head, it is admirable for surfeits or headache, or any other ill effects coming of drunkenness. Ground-Ivy is that which } usually is called Alehoof, hot and dry, the help the stranguary, expel wind. juice helps noise in the ears, fistula's, gouts, stoppings of the liver, it strengthens the reins and stops the menses, helps the yellow jaundice, and other diseases coming of stoppings of the liver, and is excellent for wounded people.

Herba Camphorata. Stinking Groundpine, is of a drying quality, and therefore stops defluxions either in the eyes or upon the lungs, the gout, cramps, palsies, aches : strengthens the nerves.

Herbu Paralysis, Primula veris. Prim-; roses, or Cowslips, which you will. The leaves help pains in the head and joints; see the flowers which are most in use.

Herba Paris. Herb True-love, or Oneberry. It is good for wounds, falls, bruises, joints, commonly called a felon: strewed aposthumes, inflammations, ulcers in the in a chamber, kills all the fleas there: this privities. Herb True-love, is very cold in { temperature. You may take half a dram inwardly: there is a milder sort, called of it at a time in powder.

Herba Roberti. A kind of Cranebill.

juice snuffed up in the nose purgeth the got that the former is an admirable remedy

The same with Empetron. Herniaria.

Pellitory of the wall. Cold, Helxine. moist, cleansing, helps the stone and gravel in the kidnics, difficulty of urine, sore throats, pains in the ears, the juice being dropped in them; outwardly it helps the shingles and St. Anthony's fire.

Hyppoglossum. Horse-tongue, Tongueblade or Double-Tongue. The roots help the stranguary, provoke urine, ease the hard labour of women, provoke the menses. the herb helps ruptures and the fits of the mother: it is hot in the second degree, dry in the first : boil it in white wine.

Hyppolapathum. Patience, or Monk's Rhubarb: see the Root.

Hypposclinum. Alexanders, or Alisanders: provoke urine, expel the placenta,

Sage either taken inwardly or beaten and applied plaister-wise to the matrix, draws forth both menses and placenta.

Horminum. Clary: hot and dry in the third degree; helps the weakness in the back, stops the running of the reins, and the Fluor Albus, provokes the menses, and helps women that are barren through coldness or moisture, or both: causes fruitfulness, but is hurtful for the memory. The usual way of taking it is to fry it with butter, or make a tansy with it.

Hydropiper. Arsmart. Hot and dry, consumes all cold swellings and blood congealed by bruises, and stripes; applied to the place, it helps that aposthume in the is hottest Arsmart, and is unfit to be given Persicaria, which is of a cooler and milder quality, drying, excellently good for putri-Herba venti, Anemone. Wind-flower. The fied ulcers, kills worms: I had almost forhead, it cleanses filthy ulcers, encreases for the gout, being roasted between two

tiles and applied to the grieved place, and as also inflammation and falling out of the yet 1 had it from Dr. Butler too. fundament.

Hysopus. Hysop. Helps coughs, shortness of breath, wheezing, distillations upon colour of the body, helps the dropsy and corroding gnawing ulcers. spleen, sore throats, and noise in the ears. See Syrup of Hysop.

Hyosciamus, &c. Henbane. The white nanthus. Henbane is held to be cold in the third } degree, the black or common Henbane and *Lactuca*. Lettice. Cold and moist, cools the yellow, in the fourth. They stupify the inflammation of the stomach, commonly the senses, and therefore not to be taken called heart-burning: provokes sleep, resists inwardly, outwardly applied, they help drunkenness, and takes away the ill effects, inflammations, hot gouts: applied to the of it; cools the blood, quenches thirst, breeds temples they provoke sleep.

gallant a wound-herb as any is, either more wholesome eaten boiled than raw. given inwardly, or outwardly applied to the wound : it is hot and dry, opens stopp-{'Irefoil growing in France and Spain. Let ings, helps spitting and vomiting of blood, them that live there look after the virtues it cleanses the reins, provokes the menses, of it. helps congealed blood in the stomach and meseraic veins, the falling-sickness, palsy, the third degree: the temples and forehead cramps and aches in the joints; you may bathed with the juice of it; as also the smell give it in powder or any convenient decoe-of the herb helps swoonings, catalepsis, tion.

Hypoglottis, Laurus, Alexandrina. Laurel panied with a fever. See the flowers. of Alexandria, provokes urine and the menses, and is held to be a singular help to upward and downward : they are good for women in travail.

Hypoglossum, the same with Hypoglossum for they draw forth much water. before, only different names given by different authors, the one deriving his name and dry, resist drunkenness, they gently from the tongue of a horse, of which form bind and help diseases in the bladder, help the leaf is; the other the form of the little the stinging of bees and wasps, mitigate leaf, because small leaves like small tongues the pain of the stomach, dry and heal, grow upon the greater.

Iberis Cardamantice. I suppose so called because they help the Sciatica, or Huckle-bone Gout.

Ingunialis, Asther. wort: being bruised and applied, they help dry in the second degree) spitting and swellings, botches, and venerous swellings evacuations of blood, and the falling out in the groin, whence they took their name, of the fundament.

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Iris. See the roots.

Isatis, Glastum. Woad. Drying and the lungs: it is of a cleansing quality: kills binding; the side being bathed with it, it worms in the body, amends the whole easeth pains in the spleen, cleanseth filthy

Iva Arthritica. The same with Camæpytis. Iuncus oderatus. The same with Scha-

Labrum veneris. The same with Dipsacus. milk, and is good for choleric bodies, and Hypericon. St. John's Wort. It is as such as have a frenzy, or are frantic. It is

> Logabus, Herba Leporina. A kind of

> Lavendula. Lavender: Hot and dry in falling-sickness, provided it be not accom-

> Laureola. Laurel. The leaves purge rheumatic people to chew in their mouths,

Laurus. Bay-tree. The leaves are hot open obstructions of the liver and spleen, Sciatica-cresses. ; resist the pestilence.

Lappa Minor. The lesser Burdock.

Lentiscus. Mastich-tree. Both the leaves Setwort or Shart- and bark of it stop fluxes (being hot and

Lens palustris. Duckmeat: Cold and provoke urine, the young sprouts open moist in the second degree, helps inflamma- stoppings of the liver and spleen, cleanse tions, hot swellings, and the falling out of the blood, clear the skin, help scabs and the fundament, being warmed and applied itch, help agues, purge choler: they are to the place.

Lepidium Piperites. Dittander, Pepperwort, or Scar-wort: A hot fiery sharp herb, admirable for the gout being applied to the place: being only held in the hand, it helps the tooth-ache, and withall leaves a wan colour in the hand that holds it.

Livisticum. Lovage. Clears the sight, takes away redness and freckles from the face.

Libanotis Coronaria. Sce Rosemary.

Linaria. Toad-flax, or Wild-flax: hot and dry, cleanses the reins and bladder, provokes urine, opens the stoppings of the liver and spleen, and helps diseases coming thereof: outwardly it takes away yellowness and deformity of the skin.

Lillium convallium. Lilly of the Valley. See the flowers.

Lingua Cervina. Hart's-tongue: drying and binding, stops blood, the menses and fluxes, opens stoppings of the liver and spleen, and diseases thence arising. The like quantity of Hart's-tongue, Knotgrass and Comfrey Roots, being boiled in water, and a draught of the decoction drunk every morning, and the materials which have boiled applied to the place, is a notable remedy for such as are bursten.

Limonium. Sea-bugloss, or Marsh-bugloss, or Sea-Lavender; the seeds being very bloody flux. drying and binding, stop fluxes and the menses, help the cholic and stranguary.

about this herb, I conceive the best take it { ointments. to be Trisolium Odoratum, Sweet Trefoyl, which is of a temperate nature, cleanses the eyes gently of such things as hinder the Hot in the second degree, and dry in the sight, cures green wounds, ruptures, or third, opens the liver and spleen, cleanses burstness, helps such as urine blood or are the breast and lungs, helps old coughs, bruised, and secures garments from moths. pains in the sides, ptisicks, or ulceration of Lupulus.

usually boiled and taken as they eat as paragus, but if you would keep them, for they are excellent for these diseases, you may make them into a conserve, or into a syrup.

Lychnitis Coronaria: or as others write it, Lychnis. Rose Campion. I know no great physical virtue it hath.

*Macis.* See the barks.

Magistrantia. &c. Masterwort. Hot and dry in the third degree: it is good against poison, pestilence, corrupt and unwholesome air, helps windiness in the stomach, causeth an appetite to one's victuals, very profitable in falls and bruises, congealed and clotted blood, the bitings of mad-dogs; the leaves chewed in the mouth, cleanse the brain of superfluous humours, thereby preventing lethargies, and apoplexes.

Malva. Mallows. The best of Authors account wild Mallows to be best, and hold them to be cold and moist in the first degree. they are profitable in the bitings of venomous beasts, the stinging of bees and wasps, &c. Inwardly they resist poison, provoke to stool; outwardly they assuage hard swellings of the privities or other places; in clysters they help roughness and fretting of the entrails, bladder, or fundament; and so they do being boiled in water, and the decoction drank, as I have proved in the

Majorana. See Amaraeus.

Mandragora. Mandrakes. Fit for no Lotus urbana. Authors make some flutter vulgar use, but only to be used in cooling

Marrubium, album, nigrum, fætidum.

Marrubium album, is common Horehound. Hops. Opening, cleansing, the lungs, it provokes the menses, eases hard labour in child-bearing, brings away stomach, stay vomiting, stop the menses, the placenta. See the syrups.

Marrubium, nigrum, et fætidum. and stinking Horehouud, I take to be all Hot and dry in the third degree; one. cures the bitings of mad dogs, wastes and consumes hard knots in the fundament and pains of the belly, head-ache, and vomiting, matrix, cloanses filthy ulcers.

Marum. Herb Mastich. Hot and dry in the third degree, good against cramps and convulsions.

Matricaria. Feverfew. Hot in the third ! degree, dry in the second; opens, purges; a singular remedy for diseases incident to the matrix, and other diseases incident to { women, eases their travail, and infirmities coming after it; it helps the vertigo or dissiness of the head, melancholy sad thoughts: you may boil it either alone, or with other herbs fit for the same purpose, with which this treatise will furnish you: applied to } the wrists, it helps the ague.

Matrisylva. The same with Caprifolium. Meliotus. Melilot. Inwardly taken, provokes urine, breaks the Stone, cleanses the reins and bladder, cutteth and cleanses the lungs of tough flegm, the juice dropped inflammations of wounds. Galen. into the eyes, clears the sight, into the ears, mitigates pain and noise there; the head bathed with the juice mixed with vinegar, takes away the pains thereof: outwardly in pultisses, it assuages swellings in the privities and elsewhere.

Mellissa. Balm. wardly mixed with salt and applied to the neck, helps the King's-evil, bitings of mad of a cold earthly quality, drying and binddogs, venomous beasts, and such as cannot i hold their neck as they should do; inwardly it is an excellent remedy for a cold and moist stomach, cheers the heart, refreshes the mind, takes away griefs, sorrow, and care, instead of which it produces joy and cresses are hot and dry in the fourth degree, mirth. See the syrup. Galen, Avicenna.

Mentha sativa. Mints. Are hot and dry in the third degree, i the spleen, provoke lust. Dioscorides. Waterprovoke hunger, are wholesome for the cresses are hot and dry, cleanse the blood,

help sore heads in children, strengthen the Black stomach, cause digestion; outwardly applied, they help the bitings of mad-dogs: Yet they hinder conception.

> Memba aquatica. Water Mints: Ease gravel in the kidnies and stone.

> Methastrum. Horse-mint. I know no difference between them and water mints.

> Mercurialis, mas, fæmina. Mercury male and female, they are both hot and dry in the second degree, cleansing, digesting, they purge watery humours, and further conception.

Mezereon. Spruge-Olive, or Widdowwail. A dangerous purge, better let alone than meddled with.

Millefolium. Yarrow. Meanly cold and binding, an healing herb for wounds, stanches bleeding; and some say the juice snuffed up the nose, causeth it to bleed, whence it was called, Nose-bleed; it stops lasks, and the menses, helps the running of the reins, helps inflammations and excoriations of the priapus, as also

Muscus. Mosse. Is something cold and binding, yet usually retains a smatch of the property of the tree it grows on; therefore that which grows upon oaks is very dry and binding. Serapio saith that it being infused in wine, and the wine drank, it stays vomit-Hot and dry: out-jing and fluxes, as also the Fluor Albus.

> Myrtus. Myrtle-tree. The leaves are ing, good for fluxes, spitting and vomiting of blood; stop the Fluor Albus and menses.

Nardus. See the root.

Nasturtium, Aquaticum, Hortense. Water cresses, and Garden-cresses. Gardengood for thes curvy, sciatica, hard swellings, Garden Mints, Spear yet do they trouble the belly, ease pains o

help the scurvy, provoke urine and the travel four days without either meat or menses, break the stone, help the green-sick-i drink, by only chewing a little of this in ness, cause a fresh lively colour.

Nasturtium Alhum, Thlaspie. mustard. Hot and dry in the third degree, purges violently, dangerous for pregnant women. Outwardly it is applied with profit Two-pence; cold, dry, binding, helps fluxes, to the gout.

Tobacco. It is hot and dry Nicorimi. in the second degree, and of a cleansing nature: the leaves warmed and applied to the head, are excellently good in inveterate head-aches and megrims, if the diseases come through cold or wind, change them often till the diseases be gone, help such in powder, and be sure also the birth be whose necks be stiff: it eases the faults of irpe, else it causes abortion. the breast: Asthma's or head-flegm in the lappets of the lungs: eases the pains of the to come by here. stomach and windiness thereof: being heated by the fire, and applied hot to the side, they loosen the belly, and kill worms being ap- are very drying: being boiled in oil they plied unto it in like manner: they break make a dainty green balsam for green the stone being applied in like manner to wounds: taken inwardly, they help inward the region of the bladder : help the rickets, wounds. being applied to the belly and sides: applied to the navel, they give present ease to the Marjoram; hot and dry in the third degree, fits of the mother: they take away cold helps the bitings of venomous beasts, such aches in the joints applied to them: boiled, as have taken Opium, Hemlock, or Poppy; the liquor absolutely and speedily cures provokes urine, brings down the menses, scabs and itch: neither is there any better helps old coughs; in an ointment it helps salve in the world for wounds than may be scabs and itch. made of it: for it cleanses, fetches out the filth though it lie in the bones, brings up the flesh from the bottom, and all this it doth erratick. I refer you to the syrups of each. speedily: it cures wounds made with poisoned weapons, and for this *Clusius* brings name of *Helxine*. many experiences too tedious here to relate. It is an admirable thing for carbuncles and plague-sores, inferior to none: green wounds i milder sort of Arsmart I described there: 'twill cure in a trice: ulcers and gangreens; If ever you find it amongst the compounds, very speedily, not only in men, but also in take it under that notion. beasts, therefore the Indians dedicated it to { their god. Taken in a pipe, it hath almost yet but meanly hot, if at all; helps ulcers as many virtues; it easeth weariness, takes in the mouth, roughness of the wind-pipe away the sense of hunger and thirst, pro- (whence comes hoarsness and coughs, &c.) vokes to stool: he saith, the Indians will helps fluxes, creeping ulcers, and the yellow

their mouths: It eases the body of super-Treacle- fluous humours, opens stoppings See the ointment of Tobacco.

> Nummularia. Money-wort, or Herb stops the menses, helps ulcers in the lungs; outwardly it is a special herb for wounds.

Nymphea. See the flowers.

Ocynum. Basil, hot and moist. The best use that I know of it, is, it gives speedy deliverance to women in travail. Let them not take above half a dram of it at a time

Oleæ folia. Olive leaves: they are hard

Ononis. Restharrow. See the roots.

Ophioglossum. Adder's-tongue. The leaves

Origany: a kind of wild Origanum.

Oxylapathum. Sorrel. See Acetosa.

Poppies, white, black, or Papaver, &c. Parietaria. Given once before under the

Pastinæa. Parsnips. See the roots.

Persicaria. See Hydropiper. This is the

Pentaphyllium. Cinquefoil: very drying,

jaundice; they say one leaf cures a quoti- helps all inward inflammations whatsoever. dian ague, three a tertain, and four a quartan. I know it will cure agues without this curiosity, if a wise man have the hand- Flowers, which you will. ling of it; otherwise a cart load will not do it.

Petroselinum. Parsley. See Smallage. Per Columbinus. See Geranium.

Persicarium folia. Peach Leaves: they are a gentle, yet a complete purger of the third degree; provokes urine, breaks choler, and disease coming from thence; the stone in the reins, strengthens women's fit for children because of their gentleness. You may boil them in white wine: a handfull is enough at a time.

Pilosella. Mouse-ear: once before and this is often enough.

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Plantago. Plantain. Cold and dry; an herb, though common, yet let none despise it, for the decoction of it prevails mightily against tormenting pains and excoriations of the entrails, bloody fluxes, it stops the menses, and spitting of blood, § phthisicks, or consumptions of the lungs, the running of the reins, and the Fluor Albus, pains in the head, and frenzies: outwardly it clears the sight, takes away in-} chamber; it is dangerous for pregnant flammations, scabs, itch, the shingles, and all spreading sores, and is as wholesome an herb as can grow about any an house. Tragus, Dioscorides.

Polium, &c. Polley, or Pellamountain: All the sorts are hot in the second degree, and dry in the third: helps dropsies, the yellow jaundice, infirmities of the spleen, and provokes urine. Dioscorides.

Polygonum. Knotgrass.

Maidenhair. Polytricum.

Portulaca. in the second or third degree: cools hot Gold-knobs, Butter-flowers, &c. they are stomachs, and it is admirable for one that of a notable hot quality, unfit to be taken hath his teeth on edge by eating sour apples, inwardly: If you bruise the roots and apply it cools the blood, liver, and is good for hot them to a plague-sore, they are notable diseases, or inflammations in any of these things to draw the venom to them. places, stops fluxes, and the menses, and ;

Porrum. Leeks. See the roots.

Primula Veris. See Cowslips, or the

Prunella. Self-heal, Carpenter's-herb, and Sicklewort. Moderately hot and dry, binding. See Bugle, the virtues being the same.

Pulegium. Pennyroyal; hot and dry in backs, provokes the menses, easeth their labour in child-bed, brings away the placenta, stays vomiting, strengthens the brain, breaks wind, and helps the vertigo.

Pulmonaria, arborea, et Symphytum macu-Pithyusa. A new name for Spurge of losum. Lung-wort. It helps infirmities of the lungs, as hoarsness, coughs, wheezing, shortness of breath, &c. You may boil it in Hyssop-water, or any other water that strengthens the lungs.

> Pulicaria. Fleabane; hot and dry in the third degree, helps the biting of venomous beasts, wounds and swellings, the yellow jaundice, the falling sickness, and such as cannot make water; being burnt, the smoak of it kills all the gnats and fleas in the women.

Pyrus sylvestris. Wild Pear-tree. I know no virtue in the leaves.

Pyrola. Winter-green. Cold and dry, and very binding, stops fluxes, and the menses, and is admirably good in green wounds.

Quercus folia. Oak Leaves: Are much of the nature of the former, stay the Fluor Albus. See the bark.

Ranunculus. Hath got a sort of English Purslain: Cold and moist Names: Crowfoot, King-kob, Gold-cups,

Raparum folia. If they do mean Turnip

leaves, when they are young and tender, the boughs stuck about a chamber, wonderthey are held to provoke urine.

the second degree, binding, stops fluxes, helps stuffings in the head, the yellow jaundice, helps the memory, expels wind. See the flowers. Serapio, Dioscorides.

Rosa solis. See the water.

Rosa alba, rubra, Damascena. White, Red, and Damask Roses.

*Rumex.* Dock; All the ordinary sort of Docks are of a cool and drying substance, and therefore stop fluxes; and the leaves are seldom used in physic.

Rubus Idæus: Raspis, Raspberries, or Hind-berries: I know no great virtues in the leaves.

Ruta. Rue, or Herb of Grace; hot and dry in the third degree, consumes the seed, and is an enemy to generation, helps difficulty of breathing, and inflammations of : the lungs, pains in the sides, inflammations of the priapus and matrix, naught for pregnant women: no herb resists poison more. It strengthens the heart exceedingly, and no herb better than this in pestilential times, take it what manner you will or can.

Ruta Muraria. See Adianthum.

Sabina. Savin: hot and dry in the third degree, potently provokes the menses, expels both birth and afterbirth, they (boiled in oil and used in ointments) stay creeping ulcers, scour away spots, freckles and sunburning from the face; the belly anointed with it kills worms in children.

Salvia. Sage: hot and dry in the second or third degree, binding, it stays abortion in such women as are subject to come before their times, it causes fruitfulness, it is sin-i they say, by being only hung about the gularly good for the brain, strengthens the neck. If not, bruise it, and apply it to senses and memory, helps spitting and the place, it helps the piles or hemorrhoids. vomiting of blood: outwardly, heat hot with a little vinegar and applied to the side, Jovis. helps stitches and pains in the sides.

Salix. Willow leaves, are cold, dry, and and dries in the first, cleanses, purges, and binding, stop spitting of blood, and fluxes; digests; it carries downward both choler, v Calli - Digitizeo by Microsoft B

fully cool the air, and refresh such as have. Rosmarirum. Rosemary, hot and dry in fevers; the leaves applied to the head, help hot diseases there, and frenzies

Sampsucum. Marjoram.

Sumicula. Sanicle; hot and dry in the second degree, cleanses wounds and ulcers.

Saponaria. Sope-wort, or Bruise-wort, vulgarly used in bruises and cut fingers. and is of notable use in the veneral disease.

Satureia. Savory. Summer savory is hot and dry in the third degree, Winter savory is not so hot, both of them expel wind.

Sazifragia alba. White Saxifrage, breaks wind, helps the cholic and stone.

Scabiosa. Scabious: hot and dry in the second degree, cleanses the breast and lungs. helps old rotten coughs, and difficulty of breathing, provokes urine, and cleanses the bladder of filthy stuff, breaks aposthumes, and cures scabs and itch. Boil it in white wine.

Scariola. An Italian name for Succory. Schananthus. Schananth, Squinanth, or Chamel's hay; hot and binding. It digests and opens the passages of the veins: surely it is as great an expeller of wind as any is.

Scordium. Water-Germander, hot and dry, cleanses ulcers in the inward parts, it provokes urine and the menses, opens stopping of the liver, spleen, reins, bladder, and matrix, it is a great counter poison, and eases the breast oppressed with flegm : see Diascordium.

Figwort, so called of Scrophularia. Scrophula, the King's Evil, which it cures Sedum. And all his sorts: see Barba Senna. It heats in the second degree

flegm, and melancholy, it cleanses the usually found about old ruinous buildings; brain, heart, liver, spleen; it cheers the it is so called because of its virtue in senses, opens obstructions, takes away dul-{stopping fluxes. ness of sight, helps deafness, helps melancholy and madness, resists resolution of the physical virtues of it. nerves, pains of the head, scabs, itch, falling-sickness, the windiness of it is corrected ? with a little ginger. You may boil half an ounce of it at a time, in water or white be the same with Scabious, and some think wine, but boil it not too much; half an the herbs too; though I am of another ounce is a moderate dose to be boiled for jopinion. any reasonable body.

it is hot and dry in the third degree, it pro-; of the liver and spleen, cleanses the matrix vokes the menses, and helps the stranguary and bladder, brings out corrupt humours, or stoppage of urine, gripings in the belly, provokes urine. ruptures, convulsions, inflammation of the liver, lethargy, and infirmities of the spleen, Hot and dry in the second degree: inwardly boil it in white wine. *Ætius*, Galen.

the root.

Smyrnium. Alexander of Crete.

dry, binding; it is somewhat dangerous given inwardly, unless by a skilful hand; of the ears, than this herb bruised and outwardly it helps the Shingles, St. Anthony's applied to them. fire, and other hot inflammations.

Soldanella. Bindweed, hot and dry in hard, if not impossible to come by here. the second degree, it opens obstructions of the liver, and purges watery humours, and degree and dry in the third; the very smell is therefore very profitable in dropsies, it is of it stays abortion, or miscarriages in very hurtful to the stomach, and therefore women; so it doth being bruised and apif taken inwardly it had need be well corplied to their navels, provokes urine, and rected with cinnamon, ginger, or annis-is a special help against the gout. seed, &c.

and rough, they are of a cold, watery, yet it is called lyon's tooth; it is a kind of Sucbinding quality, good for frenzies, they cory, and thither I refer you. increase milk in nurses, and cause the children which they nurse to have a good cleansing quality, and hath a notable virtue colour, help gnawings of the stomach against the rickets, and infirmities of the coming of a hot cause; outwardly they spleen, provokes the menses. Galen, Dioshelp inflammations, and hot swellings, cool corides. the heat of the fundament and privities.

Sophi Chirurgorum. Fluxweed : drying without any manifest heat or coldness ; it is

Shinachia. Spinage. I never read any

Spina Alba. See the root.

Spica. Sec Nardus.

Stabe. Silver Knapweed: The virtues

Stachas. French Lavender. Cassidony, Serpillum. Mother-of-Time, with Time; is a great counterpoison, opens obstructions

Succisa, Marsus Diaboli. Devil's-bit. taken, it eases the fits of the mother, and Sigillum Solomonis. Solomon's seal. See breaks wind, takes away swellings in the mouth, and slimy flegm that stick to the jaws, neither is there a more present remedy Solanum. Night-shade: very cold and in the world for those cold swellings in the neck which the vulgar call the almonds

> Suchaha. An Egyptian Thorn. Very Tanacetum. Tansy: hot in the second

Taraxacon. Dandelion, or to write better Sonchus levis Asper. Sow-thistles smooth French, Dent-de-lion, for in plain English,

Tamariscus. Tamiris. It hath a dry

Telephium. A kind of Opine. Thlaspi. See Nasturitum. Thymbra. A wild Savory.

third degree; helps coughs and shortness of and the hemorrhoids, it cures hoarseness, breath, provokes the menses, brings away the cough, and such as are broken winded dead children and the after birth; purges flegm, cleanses the breast and lungs, reins and matrix; helps the sciatica, pains in the breast, expels wind in any part of the body, resists fearfulness and melancholy, continual pains in the head, and is profitable for such as have the falling-sickness to smell to.

Thymælea. The Greek name for Spurge-Olive: Mezereon being the Arabick name.

Tithymallus, Esula, &c. Spurge. Hot and dry in the fourth degree: a dogged purge, better let alone than taken inwardly: hair anointed with the juice of it will fall off: it kills fish, being mixed with any thing that they will eat: outwardly it cleanses ulcers, takes away freckles, sunburning and morphew from the face.

Tormentilla. See the root.

Trinitatis herba. Pansies, or Heart'sease: They are cold and moist, both herbs and flowers, excellent against inflammations of the breast or lungs, convulsions or falling-sickness, also they are held to be good for venereal complaints.

Trefoil: dry in the third Trifolium. degree, and cold: The ordinary Meadow Trefoil, cleanses the bowels of slimy humours that stick to them, being used either in drinks or clysters; outwardly they take? away inflammations.

Tussilago. Colt's-foot: something cold and dry, and therefore good for inflammations, they are admirably good for coughs, and consumptions of the lungs, shortness of breath, &c. It is often used and with good success taken in a tobacco-pipe, being cut and mixed with a little oil of annis seeds. See the Syrup of Colt's-foot.

Valeriana. Valerian, or Setwall. See the roots.

Verbascum, Thapsus Barbatus. or Higtaper.

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Thymum. Thyme. Hot and dry in the a digesting, cleansing quality, stops fluxes Verbena. Vervain: hot and dry, a great opener, cleanser, healer, it helps the yellow jaundice, defects in the reins and bladder. pains in the head; if it be but bruised and hung about the neck, all diseases in the privities; made into an ointment it is a sovereign remedy for old head-aches, as also frenzies, it clears the skin, and causes a lovely colour.

Voronica. See Betonica Pauli.

Violaria. Violet Leaves: they are cool, ease pains in the head proceeding of heat and frenzies, either inwardly taken, or outwardly applied; heat of the stomach, or inflammation of the lungs.

Vitis Viniseria. The manured Vine: the leaves are binding and cool withal; the burnt ashes of the sticks of a vine, scour the teeth and make them as white as snow; the leaves stop bleeding, fluxes, heartburnings, vomitings; as also the longings of pregnant women. The coals of a burnt Vine, in powder, mixed with honey, doth make the teeth as white as ivory, which are rubbed with it.

Vincitoxicum. Swallow-wort. A pultis made with the leaves helps sore breasts, and also soreness of the matrix.

Virga Pastoris. A third name for Teazles. See Dipsatus.

Virga Aurea. See Consolida.

Ulmaria. See the root. Meadsweet.

Umbslicus Veneris. Navil-wort: Cold, dry, and binding, therefore helps all inflammations; they are very good for kibed heels, being bathed with it and a leaf laid over the sore.

Urtica. Nettles: an herb so well known, that you may find them by the feeling in the darkest night: they are something hot, not very hot; the juice stops bleeding; Mullin, they provoke lust, help difficulty of breath-It is something dry, and of ing, pleurisies, inflammations of the lungs, that troublesome cough that women call the Chincough; they exceedingly break inflammation of the womb, provoke the the stone, provoke urine, and help such as menses, and help ulcers in the mouth. cannot hold their necks upright. Boil them in white wine.

Usnea. Moss; once before.

#### FLOWERS.

BORAGE, and Bugloss flowers strengthen the brain, and are profitable in fevers.

Chamomel flowers, heat and assuage swellings, inflammation of the bowels, dissolve wind, are profitably given in clysters or drink, to such as are troubled with the cholic, or stone.

Stachea, opens stoppings in the bowels, and strengthens the whole body.

Saffron powerfully concocts, and sends out whatever humour offends the body, drives back inflammations; applied outwardly, encreases venery, and provokes urine.

Clove-Gilliflowers, resist the pestilence, strengthen the heart, liver, and stomach, and provoke venery.

Schananth (which I touched slightly amongst the herbs) provokes urine potently, provokes the menses, breaks wind, helps such as spit or vomit blood, eases pains of the stomach, reins, and spleen, helps dropsies, convulsions, and inflammations of the womb.

Lavender-flowers, resist all cold afflictions of the brain, convulsions, falling-sickness, they strengthen cold stomachs, and open obstructions of the liver, they provoke urine and the menses, bring forth the birth and placenta.

Hops, open stoppings of the bowels, and for that cause beer is better than ale.

Balm-flowers, cheer the heart and vital spirits, strengthen the stomach.

Rosemary-flowers, strengthen the brain exceedingly, and resist madness; clear the sight. Univ Calif - Digit

Winter-Gilliflowers, or Wall-flowers, help

Honey-suckles, provoke urine, ease the pains of the spleen, and such as can hardly fetch their breath.

Mallows, help coughs.

Red Roses, cool, bind, strengthen both vital and animal virtue, restore such as are in consumptions, strengthen. There are so many compositions of them which makes me more brief in the simples.

Violets, (to wit, the blue ones,) cool and moisten, provoke sleep, loosen the belly, resist fevers, help inflammations, correct the heat of choler, ease the pains in the head, help the roughness of the wind-pipe, diseases in the throat, inflammations in the breast and sides, plurisies, open stoppings of the liver, and help the yellow jaundice. Chicory, (or Succory as the vulgar call it) cools and strengthens the liver, so doth Endive.

Watev lilies ease pains of the head coming of choler and heat, provoke sleep, cool inflammations, and the heat in fevers.

Pomegranate-flowers, dry and bind, stop fluxes, and the menses.

Cowslips, strengthen the brain, senses, and memory, exceedingly, resist all diseases there, as convulsions, falling-sickness. palsies, &c.

*Centaury*, purgescholer and gross humours helps the yellow jaundice, opens obstructions of the liver, helps pains of the spleen, provokes the menses, brings away birth and afterbirth.

Elder flowers, help dropsies, cleanse the blood, clear the skin, open stoppings of the liver and spleen, and diseases arising therefrom.

Bean-flowers, clear the skin, stop humours flowing into the eyes

*Peach-tree* flowers, purge choler gently Broom-flowers, purge water, and are good in dropsies. 3 s

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#### THE COMPLETE HERBAL

The temperature of all these differ either very little or not at all from the herbs.

The way of using the flowers I did forbear, because most of them may, and are cholic, quickens digestion oppressed with usually made into conserves, of which you may take the quantity of a nutmeg in the morning; all of them may be kept dry a year, and boiled with other herbs conducing ing, and therefore help fluxes. to the cures they do.

## FRUITS AND THEIR BUDS.

Green Figs, are held to be of ill juice, but the best is, we are not much troubled with them in *England*; dry figs help coughs, cleanse the breast, and help infirmities of the lungs, shortness of wind, they loose the belly, purge the reins, help inflammations of the liver and spleen; outwardly they dissolve swellings.

Pine-nuts, restore such as are in consumptions, amend the failings of the lungs, concoct flegm, and yet are naught for such as are troubled with the head-ache.

Dates, are binding, stop eating ulcers being applied to them; they are very good for weak stomachs, for they soon digest, and breed good nourishment, they help infirmities of the reins, bladder, and womb.

Sebestens, cool choler, violent heat of the stomach, help roughness of the tongue and wind-pipe, cool the reins and bladder.

Raisins of the Sun, help infirmities of the breast and liver, restore consumptions, gently cleanse and move to stool.

Walnuts, kill worms, resist the pestilence, (I mean the green ones, not the dry.)

Capers eaten before meals, provoke hunger.

Nutmegs, strengthen the brain, stomach, the womb, and dropsies. and liver, provoke urine, ease the pains of the spleen, stop looseness, ease pains of the ing to their different taste, the sweet are head, and pains in the joints, strengthen the quickest of digestion, but the sour are more and cause a sweet breath. Calif - Digitize appetite to one's meat.

Cloves, help digestion, stop looseness, provoke lust, and quicken the sight

Pepper, binds, expels wind, helps the cold, heats the stomach.

Quinces. See the Compositions.

*Pears* are grateful to the stomach, dry-

All plums that are sharp or sour, are binding, the sweet are loosening.

Cucumbers, cool the stomach, and are good against ulcers in the bladder.

Galls, are exceeding binding, help ulcers in the mouth, wasting of the gums, ease the pains of the teeth, help the falling out of the womb and fundament, make the hair black.

Pompions are a cold and moist fruit, of small nourishment, they provoke urine, outwardly applied; the flesh of them helps inflammations and burnings; applied to the forehead they help inflammations of theeyes.

Melons, have few other virtues.

Apricots, are very grateful to the stomach, and dry up the humours thereof. *Peaches* are held to do the like.

Cubebs, are hot and dry-in the third degree, they expel wind, and cleanse the stomach of tough and viscous humours, they ease the pains of the spleen, and help cold diseases of the womb, they cleanse the head of flegm and strengthen the brain, they heat the stomach and provoke venery.

Bitter Almonds, are hot in the first degree and dry in the second, they cleanse and cut thick humours, cleanse the lungs, and eaten every morning, they are held to preserve from drunkenness.

Bay-berries, heat, expel wind, mitigate pain; are excellent for cold infirmities of

Cherries. are of different qualities accordbody, take away weakness coming of cold, pleasing to a hot stomach, and procure

#### AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

Medlars, are strengthening to the stomach, confident a child of three years old, if you binding, and the green are more binding should give it Raisins of the sun or Cherries, than the rotten, and the dry than the green. would not ask how it should take them.

Olives, cool and bind.

English-currants, cool the stomach, and are profitable in acute fevers, they quench thirst, resist vomiting, cool the heat of choler, provoke appetite, and are good for : hot complexions.

Medlars, but something weaker in opera-! for mad people. tion.

of choler, resist the pestilence, stay vomiting; be they internal or external: bruised and and fluxes, stop the menses, kill worms, i mixed with vinegar they case the pains of help spitting of blood, fasten the teeth, and the spleen: being applied to the sides, strengthen the gums.

blood, but are very hurtful for such as have heads. agues.

Winter-Cherries, potently provoke urine, greek. and break the stone.

gently purgeth choler and flegm, clarifies Boil them in white wine; but bruise them the blood, resists fevers, cleanses the breast first. and lungs, it cools the reins, and thereby { Lupines, ease the pains of the spleen, resists the breeding of the stone, it provokes kill worms and cast them out : outwardly, urine, and therefore is exceeding good for they cleanse filthy ulcers, and gangrenes, the running of the reins in men, and the help scabs, itch, and inflammations. Fluor Albus in women.

stomach; the Indian Myrobalans, are held it dulls the sight, and is an enemy to geneto purge melancholy most especially, the ration. other flegm; yet take heed you use them? not in stoppings of the bowels: they are menses, expels wind, resists poison, and cold and dry, they all strengthen the heart, eases inward pains, it opens stoppings in brain, and sinews, strengthen the stomach, any part of the body, yet it is hurtful for relieve the senses, take away tremblings and such as have the falling-sickness, and for heart-qualms. They are seldom used alone. pregnant women.

*Prunes*, are cooling and loosening.

stay vomiting, help the yellow jaundice, Basıl seed: If we may believe Diosco quench thirst, cool hot stomachs, and hot rides and Crescentius, cheers the heart, and livers.

I omit the use of these also as resting melancholy, and provokes urine.

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SEEDS OR GRAINS.

Coriander seed, hot and dry, expels wind, but is hurtful to the head; sends up un-Services, or Chockers are of the nature of wholesome vapours to the brain, dangerous

*Fenugreek* seeds, are of a softening, dis-Barberries, quench thirst, cool the heat cussing nature, they cease inflammations, help hardness and swellings of the matrix, Strawberries, cool the stomach, liver, and being boiled, the decoction helps scabby

Lin-seed hath the same virtues with Fenu-

Gromwell seed, provokes urine, helps the Cassia-fistula, is temperate in quality, cholic, breaks the stone, and expels wind.

*Dill* seed, encreases milk in nurses, expels All the sorts or Myrobalans, purge the wind, stays vomitings, provokes urine; yet

Smallage seed, provokes urine and the

Rocket seed, provokes urine, stirs up lust, *Tamarinds*, are cold and dry in the second ! encreases sced, kills worms, eases pains of degree, they purge choler, cool the blood, the spleen. Use all these in like manner.

strengthens a moist stomach, drives away

Nettle seed, provokes venery, opens stop-} pages of the womb, helps inflammations of ble the stomach and belly; ease the pains of the sides and lungs; purgeth the breast: boil them (being bruised) in white wine also.

The seeds of Ammi, or Bishop's-weed, heat and dry, help difficulty of urine, and the pains of the cholic, the bitings of venomous beasts; they provoke the menses, and purge the womb.

Annis seeds, heat and dry, ease pain, expel wind, cause a sweet breath, help the dropsy, resist poison, breed milk, and stop the Fluor Albus in women, provoke venery, and ease the head-ache.

Cardamoms, heat, kill worms, cleanse the reins, and provoke urine.

*Fennel* seed, breaks wind, provokes urine t and the menses, encreases milk in nurses.

Cummin seed, heat, bind, and dry, stop blood, expel wind, ease pain, help the bitings of venomous beast: outwardly applied (viz. in Plaisters) they are of a dis-strengthens the stomach, liver, and reins. cussing nature.

Carrot seeds, are windy, provoke lust exceedingly, and encrease seed, provoke urine and the menses, cause speedy delivery to women in travail, and bring away the placenta. All these also may be boiled in crease milk in nurses, provoke the menses, white wine.

Nigella seeds, boiled in oil, and the fore- flammations of the testicles, ulcers, &c. head anointed with it, ease pains in the head, take away leprosy, itch, scurf, and help scald heads: Inwardly taken they expel worms, they provoke urine, and the menses, help difficulty of breathing.

Stavesacre, kills lice in the head, I hold it not fitting to be given inwardly.

Olibanum mixed with as much Barrow's Grease (beat the Olibanum first in powder) and boiled together, make an ointment which will kill the lice in children's heads, and such as are subject to breed them, will were taught to do poppy-seeds. never breed them. A Medicine cheap, safe, and sure, which breeds no annoyance to the brain. Univ Call - Digitize

The seeds of Water-cresses, heat, yet tronof the spleen, are very dangerous for pregnant women, yet they provoke lust. outwardly applied, they help leprosies, scald

heads, and the falling off of hair, as also carbuncles, and cold ulcers in the joints.

Mustard seed, heats, extenuates, and draws moisture from the brain: the head being shaved and anointed with Mustard, is a good remedy for the lethargy, it helps filthy ulcers, and hard swellings in the mouth, it helps old aches coming of cold.

French Barley, is cooling, nourishing, and breeds milk

Sorrel seeds, potently resist poison, help fluxes, and such stomachs as loath their mcat.

Succory seed, cools the heat of the blood, extinguishes lust, opens stoppings of the liver and bowels, it allays the heat of the body, and produces a good colour, it

Poppy seeds, ease pain, provoke sleep. Your best way is to make an emulsion of them with barley water.

Mallow seeds, ease pains in the bladder. Chich-pease, are windy, provoke lust, enoutwardly, they help scabs, itch, and in-

White Saxifrage seeds, provoke urine, expel wind, and break the stone. Boil them in white wine.

Rue seeds, helps such as cannot hold their water.

Lettice seed, cools the blood, restrains venery.

Also Gourds, Citruls, Cucumbers, Melons, Purslain, and Endive seeds, cool the blood, as also the stomach, spleen, and reins, and allay the heat of fevers. Use them as you

Wormseed, expels wind, kills worms.

Ash-tree Keys, ease pains in the sides, thelp the dropsy, relieve men weary with labour, provoke venery, and make the body name you please, is a desperate purge, hurtlean.

disease the vulgar call the Mare, as also the fits of the mother, and other such like infirmities of the womb, stop the menses, and I fast as doctors gnaw their purses. help convulsions.

Broom seed, potently provoke urine, digesting quality. break the stone.

Citron seeds, strengthen the heart, cheer the vital spirit, resist pestilence and poison.

TEARS, LIQUORS, AND ROZINS.

Laudanum, is of a heating, mollifying nature, it opens the mouth of the veins, stays the hair from falling off, helps pains in the ears, and hardness of the womb. It is used only outwardly in plaisters.

Assafatida. Is commonly used to allay the fits of the mother by smelling to it; they say, inwardly taken, it provokes lust, and expels wind.

Benzoin, or Benjamin, makes a good perfume.

Sanguis Draconis, cools and binds exceedingly.

Aloes, purges choler and flegm, and with such deliberation that it is often given to withstand the violence of other purges, it and helps a stinking breath, helps the wastpreserves the senses and betters the appre-ing of the gums, fastens the teeth: outwardly hension, it strengthens the liver, and helps it helps wounds, and fills up ulcers with the yellow-jaundice. Yet is naught for such i flesh. as are troubled with the hemorrhoids, or time. have agues. I do not like it taken raw.

washed with the juice of roses.

Manna, is temperately hot, of a mighty being chewed in the mouth. dilative quality, windy, cleanses choler gently, also it cleanses the throat and bind, fill up old ulcers with flesh, stop bleedstomach. A child may take an ounce of it ing, but is extremely bad for mad people. at a time melted in milk, and the dross strained out, it is good for them when they helps the running of them. are scabby.

ful to the body by reason of its heat, windi-

Piony seeds, help the Ephialtes, or the ness, corroding, or gnawing, and violence of working. I would advise my countrymen to let it alone; it will gnaw their bodies as

Opopanax, is of a heating, molifying :

Gum Elemi, is exceeding good for fractures of the skull, as also in wounds, and therefore is put in plaisters for that end. See Arceus his Liniment.

Tragacanthum, commonly called Gum Traganth, and Gum Dragon, helps coughs, hoarseness, and distillations on the lungs.

Bdellium, heats and softens, helps hard swellings, ruptures, pains in the sides, hardness of the sincws.

Galbanum. Hot and dry, discussing; applied to the womb, it hastens both birth and after-birth, applied to the navel it stays the strangling of the womb, commonly called the fits of the mother, helps pains in the sides, and difficulty of breathing, being

applied to it, and the smell of it helps the vertigo or diziness in the head.

Myrh, heats and dries, opens and softens the womb, provokes the birth and afterbirth; inwardly taken, it helps old coughs and hoarseness, pains in the sides, kills worms,

You may take half a dram at a

Mastich, strengthens the stomach exceed-See Aloe Rosata, which is nothing but it ingly, helps such as vomit or spit blood, it fastens the teeth and strengthens the gums,

Frankinsense, and Olibanum, heat and Turpentine, Purges, cleanses the reins,

Styrax Calamitis, helps coughs, and dis-Scamony, or Diagridium, call it by which tillations upon the lungs, hoarseness, want З т

of voice, hardness of the womb, but it is bad for head-aches.

Ammonicaum, applied to the side, helps the hardness and pains of the spleen.

of heat, takes away inflammations, and cools any place to which it is applied.

#### JUICES.

with the herbs or fruits whereof they are made, I suppose few or none will deny, therefore I shall only name a few of them, and that briefly.

Sugar is held to be hot in the first degree, strengthens the lungs, takes away the roughness of the throat, succours the reins and bladder.

The juice of *Citrons* cools the blood, strengthens the heart, mitigates the violent heat of fevers.

The juice of *Lemons* works the same cffect, but not so powerfully.

Juice of Laquorice, strengthens the lungs, helps coughs and colds.

## THINGS BRED FROM PLANTS.

These have been treated of before, only two excepted. The first of which is.

Agarick : It purges flegm, Agaricus. choler, and melancholy, from the brain, nerves, muscles, marrow, (or more properly brain) of it will fall out. the back, it cleanses the breast, lungs, liver, stomach, spleen, reins, womb, joints; it provokes to die in it, he that drinks it will never endure urine, and the menses, kills worms, helps pains in the joints, and causes a good colour: it is very seldom or never taken alone. See Syrup of Roses with Agarick.

Oak, helps the falling-sickness being either dogs, and all other venomous beasts. taken inwardly, or hung about one's neck.

## LIVING CREATURES.

Millepedes (so called from the multitude Camphire, eases pains of the head coming of their feet, though it cannot be supposed they have a thousand) sows, hog-lice, wood-lice, being bruised and mixed with wine, they provoke urine, help the yellow jaundice · outwardly being boiled in oil, help pains in the ears, a drop being put into them.

The flesh of vipers being eaten, clear the THAT all juices have the same virtues sight, help the vices of the nerves, resist poison exceedingly, neither is there any better remedy under the sun for their bitings than the head of the viper that bit you, bruised and applied to the place, and the flesh eaten, you need not eat above a dram at a time, and make it up as you shall be taught in troches of vipers. Neither any comparable to the stinging of bees and wasps, &c. than the same that sting you, bruised and applied to the place.

Land Scorpions cure their own stingings 14 the same means; the ashes of them (being burnt) potently provokes urine, and breaks the stone.

Earth-worms, are an admirable remedy for cut nerves being applied to the place; they provoke urine; see the oil of them, only let me not forget one notable thing quoted by Mizaldus, which is, That the powder of them put into an hollow tooth, makes it drop out.

To draw a tooth without pain, fill an earthen crucible full of Emmets, Ants, or Pismires, eggs and all, and when you have burned them, keep the ashes, with which if you touch a tooth

Eels, being put into wine or beer, and suffered that sort of liquor again.

Oysters applied alive to a pestilential swelling, draw the venom to them.

Crab-fish, burnt to ashes, and a dram of it Lastly, Vicus Quircinus, or Misleto of the taken every morning helps the bitings of mad

> Swallows, being eaten, clear the sight, the ashes of them (being burnt) eaten, preserve

from drunkenness, helps sore throats being ap- ter than Castorium, raw, to which I refer plied to them, and inflammations. you.

Grass-hoppers, being eaten, ease the cholic, and pains in the bladder.

Hedge Sparrows, being kept in salt, or dried Diabetes. and eaten raw, are an admirable remedy for the stone.

Young Pigeons being eaten, help pains in the reins, and the disease called Tenesmus.

## PARTS OF LIVING CREATURES, makes women fruitful. AND EXCREMENTS.

THE brain of Sparrows being eaten, provokes lust exceedingly.

The brain of an *Hare* being roasted, helps trembling, it makes children breed teeth easily, their gums being rubbed with it, it the womb, and mitigate pain. also helps scald heads, and falling off of hair, the head being anointed with it.

The head of a young Kite, being burnt to ashes and the quantity of a drachm of it taken every morning in a little water, is an admirable remedy against the gout.

Crab-eyes break the stone, and open stoppings of the bowels.

burned) is an admirable strengthener to the lungs : see the Lohoch of Fox lungs.

The liver of a Duck, stops fluxes, and hoof of the right foot behind. strengthens the liver exceedingly.

eaten, helps quartan agues, or as the vulgar that it is not profitable in head-aches; yet call them, third-day agues.

*Castoreum* resists poison, the bitings of remedy for inward ulcers in any part of venomous beasts ; it provokes the menses, ; the body, or any corrosions, or excoriations, and brings forth birth and after-birth; it pains in the reins and bladder: but it is expels wind, eases pains and aches, con-very bad in diseases of the liver, spleen, the vulsions, sighings, lethargies; the smell of falling-sickness, vertigo, or dissiness in the it allays the fits of the mother; inwardly head, fevers and head-aches; Goat's milk given, it helps tremblings, falling-sickness, is held to be better than Cow's for Hectic and other such ill effects of the brain and fevers, phthisick, and consumptions, and nerves: A scruple is enough to take at also is Ass's also.

A Sheep's or Goat's bladder being burnt, and the ashes given inwardly, helps the

A flayed Mouse dried and beaten into powder, and given at a time, helps such as cannot hold their water, or have a Diahetes, if you do the like three days together.

Ivory, or Elephant's tooth, binds, stops the Whites, it strengthens the heart and stomach, helps the yellow jaundice, and

Those small bones which are found in the fore-feet of an *Hare*, being beaten into powder and drank in wine, powerfully provoke urine.

Goose grease, and Capons grease, are both softening, help gnawing sores, stiffness of

I am of opinion that the suet of a Goat mixed with a little saffron, is as excellent an ointment for the gout, especially the gout in the knees, as any is.

Bears grease stays the falling off of the hair.

*For grease* helps pains in the ears.

Elk's Claws or hoofs are a sovereign remedy The lungs of a Fox, well dried, (but not; for the falling sickness, though it be but worn in a ring, much more being taken inwardly; but saith Mizaldus, it must be the

Milk is an extreme windy meat; there-The liver of a Frog, being dried and fore I am of the opinion of Dioscorides, viz.

this is for certain, that it is an admirable

time, and indeed spirit of Castorium is bet-; Whey, attenuates and cleanses both cho-

whey. Outwardly it cleanses the skin of from ten grains to thirty. such deformities as come through choler or inelancholy, as scabs, itch, morphew, leprosies, &c.

Honey is of a gallant cleansing quality, exceeding profitable in all inward ulcers in what part of the body soever; it opens the resist fevers. The dose is ten grains or veins, cleanses the reins and bladder. I know no vices belonging to it, but only it than because it would do harm. is soon converted into choler.

Wax, softens, heats, and meanly fills sores with flesh, it suffers not the milk to curdle in women's breasts; inwardly it is given (ten grains at a time) against bloodyfluxes.

*Raw-silk*, heats and dries, cheers the } heart, drives away sadness, comforts all the spirits, both natural, vital and animal

## BELONGING TO THE SEA.

Sperma Cati, is well applied outwardly to : eating ulcers, the marks which the small pox leaves behind them; it clears the sight, provokes sweat; inwardly it troubles the stomach and belly, helps bruises, and stretching of the nerves, and therefore is good for women newly delivered.

the brain and nerves exceedingly, if the spirits, which one perceiving, very wittily infirmity of them come of cold, resists pes-} inserted these verses : tilence.

Sea-sand, a man that hath the dropsy, being set up to the middle in it, it draws out all the water.

Red Coral, is cold, dry and binding, fevers, falling-sickness, and all such like stops the immoderate flowing of the menses, infirmities, incident either to the vital or bloody-fluxes, the running of the reins, and animal spirit.

ler and melancholy: wonderfully helps the Fluor Albus, helps such as spit blood, melancholy and madness coming of it; it is an approved remedy for the falling opens stoppings of the bowels; helps such sickness. Also if ten grains of red Coral as have the dropsy and are troubled with be given to a child in a little breast-milk so the stoppings of the spleen, rickets and soon as it is born, before it take any other hypochondriac melancholy: for such dis-{ food, it will never have the falling-sickness, eases you may make up your physic with nor convulsions. The common dose is

> *Pearls*, are a wonderful strengthener to the heart, encrease milk in nurses, and amend it being naught, they restore such as are in consumptions; both they and the red Coral preserve the body in health, and fewer; more, I suppose, because it is dear,

Amber, (viz. yellow Amber) heats and dries, therefore prevails against moist diseases of the head; it helps violent coughs, helps consumption of the lungs, spitting of blood, the Fluor Albus; it stops bleeding at the nose, helps difficulty of urine: You may take ten or twenty grains at a time.

The Froth of the Sea, it is hot and dry, helps scabs, itch, and leprosy, scald heads, &c. it cleanses the skin, helps difficulty of urine, makes the teeth white, being rubbed with it, the head being washed with it, it helps baldness, and trimly decks the head with hair.

## METALS, MINERALS, AND STONES.

GOLD is temperate in quality, it won-Amber-grease, heats and dries, strengthens ! derfully strengthens the heart and vital

For Gold is cordial; and that's the reason,

Your raking Misers live so long a season.

However, this is certain, in cordials, it resists melancholy, faintings, swoonings,

filthy ulcers, and fastens loose teeth.

is brimstone refined, and the better for physical uses; helps coughs and rotten flegm; outwardly in ointments it takes away leprosies, scabs, and itch; inwardly it helps yellow jaundice, as also worms in the belly, especially being mixed with a little Saltpetre: it helps lethargies being snuffed up in the nose.

Litharge, both of gold and silver; binds : and dries much, fills up ulcers with flesh, and heals them.

Lead is of a cold dry earthly quality, of an healing nature; applied to the place it helps any inflammation, and dries up humours.

*Pompholix*, cools, dries and binds.

Jacynth, strengthens the heart being either beaten into powder, and taken inwardly, or only worn in a ring.

Sapphire, quickens the senses, helps such as are bitten by venomous beasts, ulcers in the bowels.

*Emerald* : called a chaste stone because it resists lust: being worn in a ring, it helps, or at least mitigates the falling sickness and vertigo; it strengthens the memory, and stops the unruly passions of men.

Ruby (or carbuncle, if there be such a stone) restrains lust; resists pestilence; takes away idle and foolish thoughts, makes men cheerful. Cardanus.

Granite. Strengthens the heart, but hurts the brain, causes anger, takes away sleep.

Diamond, is reported to make him that bears it unfortunate.

Amethist, being worn, makes men sober and steady, keeps men from drunkenness and { too much sleep, it quickens the wit, is pro- it may be as possible as the sound of a fitable in huntings and fightings, and repels trumpet is to incite a man to valour; or a vapours from the head.

a great cordial, no way hurtful nor danger- I hope my fault is not much, or at a leastous is admirably good in fevers, pestilences, ; wise, venial.

Alum. Heats, binds, and purges; scours; and consumptions, viz. taken inwardly; for this stone is not used to be worn as a jewel; Brimstone, or flower of brimstone, which ; the powder of it put upon wounds made by venomous beasts, draws out the poison. Topaz (if Epiphanius spake truth) if you put it into boiling water, it doth so cool it

that you may presently put your hands into it without harm; if so, then it cools inflammations of the body by touching them.

Toadstone; Being applied to the place helps the bitings of venomous beasts, and quickly draws all the poison to it; it is known to be a true one by this; hold it near to any toad, and she will make proffer to take it away from you if it be right; else not. Lemnius.

Nephritichus lapis; helps pains in the stomach, and is of great force in breaking and bringing away the stone and gravel.

Jasper; being worn, stops bleeding, eases the labour in women, stops lust, resists fevers and dropsies. Mathiolus.

Atites, or the stone with child, because being hollow in the middle, it contains another little stone within it, is found in an Eagle's nest, and in many other places; this stone being bound to the left arm of women with child, stays their miscarriage or abortion, but when the time of their labour comes, remove it from their arm, and bind it to the inside of their thigh, and it brings forth the child, and that (almost) without any pain at all. Dioscorides, Pliny.

Lapis Lazuli, purges melancholy being taken inwardly; outwardly worn as a jewel, it makes men cheerful, fortunate and rich.

And thus I end the stones, the virtues of which if any think incredible, I answer; 1. I quoted the authors where I had them. 2. I know nothing to the contrary but why fiddle to dancing: and if I have added a Bezoar, is a notable restorer of nature, few simples which the Colledge left out,

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#### THE COMPLETE HERBAL

## A CATALOGUE OF SIMPLES

## IN THE

# NEW DISPENSATORY.

## ROOTS.

Alcanet, Angelica, Anthora, Smallage, Aron, Fennel, Valerian, greater and lesser, Burnet, Birth-wort long and round, Sowbread, Reeds, Land and Water Plantain, Polypodium of the Asarabacca, Virginian Snakeweed, Swall-wort, Asparagus, Asphodel, male and female. Burdocks great and small, Behen, or Bazil, Rhapontick, common Rhubarb, Monk's Rhu-Valerian, white and red. Daisies, Beets, barb, Rose Root, Madder Bruscus. Sopewort, white, red, and black. Marsh-mallows, Bis- Sarsapurilla, Saturion, male and female, White tort, Borrage, Briony, white and black, Bugloss, Saxifrage, Squills, Figwort, Scorzonera, Enggarden and wild. Calamus Aromaticus, Our lish and Spanish, Virginian Snake weed, Solo-Lady's thistles, Avens, Coleworts, Centaury the mon's Seal, Cicers, stinking Gladon, Devil's bit, less. Onions, Chameleon, white and black. Dandelion, Thapsus, Tormentil, Turbith, Coll's-Celandine, Pilewort. China, Succory, Arti- foot, Valerian, greater and lesser, Vervain, chokes. Virginian Snakeroot, Comfry greater Swallow-wort, Nettles, Zedoary long and round, and lesser Contra yerva, Costus, sweet and Ginger. bitter. Turmerick, wild Cucumbers, Sowbread, Culpeper.] These be the roots the col-Hound's-tongue, Cypres, long and round. lege hath named, and but only named, and Toothwort, white Dittany, Doronicum, Dra-; in this order I have set them down. It gons, Woody Nightshade, Vipers Bugloss, seems the college holds a strange opinion, Smallage, Hellebore, white and black, Endive, viz. That it would do an Englishman a Elicampane, Eringo, Colt's-foot, Fearn, male mischief to know what the herbs in his and female, Filipendula or Drop-wort, Fennel, garden are good for. white Dittany, Galanga, great and small, But my opinion is, that those herbs, Gentian, Liquorice, Dog-grass, Hermodactils. roots, plants, &c. which grow near a man, Swallow wort, Jacinth, Henbane, Jallap, are far better and more congruous to his Master-wort, Orris or Flower-de-luce, both nature than any outlandish rubbish what-English and Florentine, sharp pointed Dock, soever, and this I am able to give a reason Burdock greater and lesser, Lovage, Privet, of to any that shall demand it of me, therewhite Lilies, Liquorice, Mallows, Mechoacan, fore I am so copious in handling of them, Jallap, Spignel, Mercury, Devil's bit, sweet you shall observe them ranked in this order. DIGNIZE all -

Navew, Spikenard, Celtic ana Indian, Water lilies, Rest-harrow, sharp pointed Dock, College.] Sorrel, Calamus Aromaticus, Peony, male and female, Parsnips, garden and Water-flag, Privet, Garlick, Marsh-mallows, wild, Cinquefoil, Butter-Bur, Parsley, Hog's

DV WICTOSO

#### AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

1. The temperature of the roots, herbs, flowers, &c. viz. Hot, cold, dry, moist, together with the degree of each quality.

2. What part of the body each root, herb, flower, is appropriated to, viz. head, throat, breast, heart, stomach, liver, spleen, bowels, reins, bladder, womb, joints, and in those which heat those places, and which cool them.

3. The property of each simple, as they bind, open, mollify, harden, extenuate, discuss, draw out, suppure, cleanse, glutinate, break wind, breed seed, provoke or stop the menses, resist poison, abate swellings, ease pain.

throughout the simples, which, having finished I shall give you a paraphrase explaining these terms, which rightly considered, will be the key of Galen's way of Marshmallows, Alkanet, Smallage, Reeds, administering physic.

#### Temperature of the Roots.

lows, Bazil, Valerian, Spattling, Poppy, Cypress long and round, Fennel, Lovage, Burdocks, Borrage, Bugloss, Calamus Aromaticus, Avens, Pilewort, China, Self- Parsley, Plantain, Zedoary. heal, Liquorice, Dog-grass, white Lilies, Peony, male and female, wild Parsnips, Birthwort, long and round, Sowbread, Bis-Parsley, Valerian, great and small, Knee-; tort, Asarabacca, Briony white and black, holly, Satyrion, Scorzonera, Skirrets.

Swallow-wort, Asphodel, male, Carline Hellebore white and black, Elicampane, Thistle, Cypress, long and round, Fennel, Fillipendula, Galanga greater and lesser, Lovage, Spignel, Mercury, Devil's bit, But- Masterwort, Orris, English and Florentine, ter Bur, Hog's Fennel, Sarsaparilla, Squils, Restharrow, Peony male and female, Cin-Zedoary.

Hot in the third degree. Angelica, Aron, ing Gladen, Tormentil, Ginger. Birthwort long and round, Sowbread, Asarabacca, Briony, white and black, Sal- Costus, Leeks, Pellitory of Spain. lendine, Virgianian snakeroot, Hemeric, Orris English and Florentine, Restharrow, Satyrion, Scorzonera, Parsnips, Skirrets. stinking Gladen, Turbith, Ginger.

Hot in the fourth degree. Garlick, Onions, Leeks, Pellitory of Spain.

Roots temperate in respect of heat, are Bear's breech, Sparagus, our Lady's Thistle, Eringo, Jallap, Mallows, Mechoacan, garden Parsnips, Cinquefoil, Tormentil.

Roots cold in the first degree. Sorrel, Beets, white and red, Comfrey the greater, Plantain, Rose Root, Madder.

Cold in the second degree. Alcanet, Daisies, Succory, Hound's tongue, Endive, Jacinth.

Cold in the third degree. Bistort and Mandrakes are cold in the third degree, and Henbane in the fourth.

Roots dry in the first degree. Bears-breech, This I intend shall be my general method Burdocks, Redbeets, Calamus Aromaticus, Pilewort, Self-heal, Endive, Eringo, Jacinth, Madder, Kneeholly.

Dry in the second degree. Waterflag, Sorrel, Swallow-wort, Asphodel male, Bazil, Valerian and Spatling Poppy, according to the opinion of the Greeks. Our Lady's Roots hot in the first degree. Marsh-mal-; Thistles, Avens, Succory, Hound's tongue. Spignel, Mercury, Devil's bit, Butter-bur,

Dry in the third degree. Angelica, Aron, Carline Thistle, China, Sallendine, Virginian Hot in the second degree. Water-flag, Reeds, Snake-root, white Dittany, Doronicum, quefoil, Hog's Fennel, Sarsaparilla, stink-

Dry in the fourth degree. Garlick, Onions.

Roots moist are, Bazil, Valerian, and White Dittany, Doronicum, Hellebore, Spatling-poppy, according to the Arabian white and black, Elicampane, Fillipendula, Physicians, Daisies, white Beets, Borrage, Galanga greater and lesser, Masterwort, Bugloss, Liquorice, Dog grass, Mallows,

## Roots appropriated to several parts of the body.

Heat the head. Doronicum, Fennel, Jallap, Mechoacan, Spikenard, Celtic and Indian. Peony male and female.

Neck and throat. Pilewort, Devil's bit.

Breast and lungs. Birthwort long and round, Elicampane, Liquorice, Orris English and Florentine, Calamus Aromaticus, Cinquefoil, Squills.

Heart. Angelica, Borrage, Bugloss, Carline Thistle, Doronicum, Butter bur, Scorzonera, Tormentil, Zedoary, Bazil, Valerian white and red.

Stomach. Elicampane, Galanga greater and lesser, Spikenard, Celtic and Indian, Ginger, Fennel, Avens, Raddishes.

Bowels. Valerian great and small, Zedoary, Ginger.

Liver. Smallage, Carline Thistle, Sullendine, China, Turmerick, Fennel, Gentian, Dog-grass, Cinquefoil, Parsley, Smallage, Asparagus, Rhubarb, Rhapontic, Kneeholly.

Spleen. Smallage, Carline Thistle, Fern male and female, Parsley, Water-flag, Asparagus, round Birthwort, Fennel, Capers, Ash, Gentian.

Reins and Bladder. Marshmallows, Smallage, Asparagus, Burdock, Bazil, Valerian, Spatling Poppy, Carline Thistle, China, Cyprus long and round, Fillipendula, Dog grass, Spikenard, Celtic and Indian, Parsly, Knee-holly, white Saxifrage.

Birthwort long and round, Womb. and female, Hog's Fennel.

Fundament. Pilewort.

Bear's-breech, Hermodactils, Joints. Jallap, Mecoacan, Ginger, Costus.

Roots cool the head. Rose root.

Stomach. Sow Thistles, Endive, Succory, Bistort.

Liver Madder, Endive, Chicory.

Properties of the Roots.

simples may be found out by the ensuing explanation of the terms, and I suppose by that means they were found out at first: and although I hate a lazy student from my heart, yet to encourage young students in the art, I shall quote the chie of them: I desire all lovers of physic to compare them with the explanation of these rules, so shall they see how they agree, so may they be enabled to find out the properties of all simples to their own benefit in physic Roots, bind. Cypress, Bistort, Tormen-

til, Cinquefoil, Bear's breech, Water-flag, Alkanet, Toothwort, &c.

Discuss. Birthwort, Asphodel, Briony, Capers, &c.

Cleanse. Birthwort, Aron, Sparagus, Grass, Asphodel, Celandine, &c.

Open. Asarabacca, Garlic, Leeks, Onions, Rhapontick, Turmerick, Carline Thistle, Succory, Endive, Fillipendula, Fennel, Parsly, Bruscus, Sparagus, Smallage, Gentian, &c.

Extenuate. Orris English and Florentine, Capers, &c.

Burn. Garlick, Onions, Pellitory of Spain, &c.

Mollify. Mallows, Marshmallows &c.

Marshmallows, Briony, white Suppur. Lillies, &c.

Glutinate. Comfrey, Solomon's Seal, Gentian, Birthwort, Daisies, &c.

Expel Wind. Smallage, Parsly, Fennel, Water-flag, Garlick, Costus, Galanga. Galanga greater and lesser, Peony male Hog's Fennel, Zedoary, Spikenard Indian, and Celtic, &c.

> Breed Seed. Waterflag, Eringo, Satyrian, Galanga, &c.

> Provoke the menses. Birthwort Asarabacca, Aron, Waterflag, white Dittany, Asphodel, Garlick, Centaury the less, Cyperus long and round, Costus, Capers, Calamus Aromaticus, Dittany of Crete, Carrots, Eringo, Fennel, Parsly, Smallage, Grass, Elicampane, Peony, Valerian, Knee-

Although I confess the properties of the holly, &c. 50 f B

Stop the menses. Comfrey, Tormentil, convenient liquor, is an excellent remedy Bistort, &c.

Provoke sweat. Sarsaparilla, &c.

Resist poison. Angelica, Garlick, long Birthwort, Smallage, Doronicum, Costus, Zedoary, Cyprus, Gentian, Carolina Thistle, Bistort, Tormentil, Swallow-wort, Viper's Hops, Endive and Succory roots: Parsly Bugloss, Elicampane, &c.

Help burnings. Asphodel, Jacinth, white Lilies, &c.

Ease pains. Waterflag, Eringo, Orris, Restharrow, &c.

Asarabacca, Rhubarb, Purge choler. Rhapontick, Fern, &c.

Relieve melancholy. Hellebore, white and black, Polipodium.

Purge flegm and watery humours. Squills, Turbith, Hermodactils, Jallap, Mecoacan, wild Cucumbers, Sowbread, male Asphodel, Briony white and black, Elder, Spurge great and small.

I quoted some of these properties to found in the former part of the book. teach you the way how to find the rest, which the explanation of these terms will give you ample instructions in: I quoted not all because I would fain have you studious: be diligent gentle reader.

How to use your bodies in, and after taking purges, you shall be taught by and by.

Barks mentioned by the College are these.

Hazel Nuts, Oranges, Bar-College. berries, Birch-tree, Caper roots, Cassia Lignea, Chestnuts, Cinnamon, Citron Pills, Dwarf-{mon. Elder, Spurgeroots, Alder, Ash, Pomegranates, Guajacum, Walnut tree, green Walnuts, Laurel, { Bay, Lemon, Mace, Pomegranates, Mandrake roots, Mezereon, Mulberry tree roots, nea, Cinnamon, Citron pills, Lemon pills, Sloe tree roots, Pinenuts, Fistick-nuts, Poplar tree, Oak, Elder, Sassafras, Cork, Tamerisk, Lime tree, Frankincense, Elm, Capt. Winter's Cinnamon.

Culpeper.] Of these, Captain Winter's tain Winter's Cinnamon Cinnamon, being taken as ordinary spice, or half a dram taken in the morning in any Bay tree.

for the scurvy; the powder of it being snuf-Carolina Thistle, China, fed up in the nose, cleanses the head of rheum gallantly.

The bark of the black Alder tree purges choler and flegm if you make a decoction with it. Agriniony, Wormwood, Dodder, and Smallage roots, or you may bruise a

handful of each of them, and put them in a gallon of ale, and let them work together: put the simples into a boulter-bag, and a

draught, (half a pint, more or less, according to the age of him that drinks it,) being drunk every morning, helps the dropsy, jaundice, evil disposition of the body; also helps the rickets, strengthens the liver and spleen; makes the digestion good, troubles not the stomach at all, causes appetite, and helps such as are scabby and itchy.

The rest of the barks that are worth the noting, and the virtues of them, are to be

Barks are hot in the first degree. Guajacum, Tamarisk, Oranges, Lemons, Citrons. In the second. Cinnamon, Cassia, Lignea, Captain Winter's Cinnamon, Frankincense, Capers.

In the third. Mace.

Cold in the first. Oak, Pomegranates. In the third. Mandrakes.

#### Appropriated to parts of the body.

Heat the head. Captain Winter's Cinna-

The heart. Cinnamon, Cassia, Lignea, Citron Pills, Walnuts, Lemon pills, Mace. The stomach. Orange pills, Cassia Lig-Mace, Sassafras.

Cassia Lignea, Cinnamon, The lungs. Walnuts.

The liver. Barberry-tree, Bay-tree, Cap-

The spleen. Caper bark, Ash tiee bark.

The reins and bladder. Bay-tree, Sassa- or Alcost, Burdock greater and lesser, Brookfras.

The womb. Cassia Lignea, Cinnamon.

Cool the stomach. Pomegranate pills.

Purge choler. The bark of Barberry tree.

Purge flegm and water. Elder, Dwarf-Elder, Spurge, Laurel.

## WOODS.

College.] Firr, Wood of Aloes, Rhodium, Brazil, Box, Willow, Cypress, Ebony, Guaja-Sassafras, Tamarisk

Rhodium, Box, Ebony, Guajacum, Nephriticum, Rosemary, Sassafras, Tamarisk.

white, red, and yellow.

Rosemary is appropriated to the head, wood of Aloes to the heart and stomach, Rhodium to the bowels and bladder, Nephri- *Epithimum*, ticum to the liver. spleen, reins and bladder, Sassafras to the breast, stomach and bladder, heart and spirits in fevers.

that part of the book preceding.

## HERBS.

College.] Southernwood male and female. Wormwood, common, Roman, and such as bear Wormseed, Sorrel, wood Sorrel, Maiden-hair Reeds, Schananth, Chamepitys, Glasswort, common, white or wall Rue, black and golden { Lettice, Lagobus, Arch-angel, Burdock great Maudlin, Agremony, Vervain, Mallow, Ladies and small, Lavender, Laurel, Bay leaves, Mantle, Chickweed, Marshmallows, and Pim- English and Alexandrian, Duckweed, Dittanpernel both male and female, Water Pimpernel, der, or Pepper-wort, Lovage, Privet, Sea bug-Dill, Angelica, Smallage, Goose-grass, or loss, Toad flax, Harts-tongue, sweet Trefoil, Cleavers, Columbine, wild Tansie, or Silver Wood-sorrel, Hops, Willow-herb, Marjoram, Weed, Mugwort, Asarabacca, Woodroofe, common and tree Mallows, Mandrake, Hore-JIGHIZ

lime, or water Pimpernel, Beets white, red, and black, Betony of the wood and water. Daises greater and lesser, Blite, Mercury, Borrage, Oak of Jerusalem, Cabbages, Sodonella, Briony white and black, Bugloss, Buglesse, Shepherd's Purse, Ox-eye, Box leaves, Calaminth of the Mountains and Fens, Ground Pine, Wood-bine, or Honey-suckles, Lady-smocks, Marygolds, Our Lady's Thistle, Carduus Benedictus, Avens, small Spurge, Horse-tail, Coleworts, Centaury the less, Knotgrass, Cervil, Germander, Camomle, Chamepytis female Southernwood, Chelene, Pilewort, Chicory, Hemlock, cum, Juniper, Lentisk, Nephriticum, Rhodium, garden and sea Scurvy-grass, Fleawort, Com-Rosemary, Sanders, white, yellow, and red, fry great, middle, or bugle, least or Daisies, Sarasens, Confound, Buck-horn, Plantain, Of these some are hot. Wood of Aloes, May weed, (or Margweed, as we in Sussex call it) Orpine, Sampeer, Crosewort, Dodder, Blue Bottle great and small, Artichokes. Some cold. As Cypress, Willow, Sanders Houndstone, Cypress leaves, Dandelion, Dittany of Treet, Box leaves, Teazles garden and wild, Dwarff Elder, Viper's Bugloss, Lluellin, Smallage, Endive, Elecampane, Horsetail, Groundsel, Hedge-mustard. Spurge, Agrimony, Maudlin, Eye-bright, Orpine, Fennel, Sampeer, Fillipendula, Indian Tamarisk to the spleen, Sanders cools the leaf, Strawberry leaves, Ash tree leaves, Fumitory, Goat's Rue, Lady's Bedstraw, Broom, For the particular virtues of each, see Muscatu, Herb Robert, Doves Foot, Cottonweed, Hedge Hyssop, Tree Ivy, Ground Ivy, or Alehoof, Elecampane, Pellitory of the wall, Liver-wort, Cowslips, Rupture-wort, Hawkweed, Monk's Rhubarb, Alexanders, Clary garden and wild, Henbane, St. John's-wort, Horsetongue, or double tongue, Hysop, Sciatica cresses, small Sengreen, Sharewort, Woad, Arach, Distaff Thistle, Mousear, Costmary, hound white and black, Herb Mastich, Fea-DV MICROSOTI

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water, Mints, Horse-mints, Mercury, Mezereon, Goat's Rue, Hart's-tongue, sweet Trefoil, Yarrow, Devil's-bit, Moss, sweet Chivil, Mir- Flixweed, Cinquefoil, Trefoil, Paul's Bettle leaves, Garden and water Cresses, Nep, tony, Lluellin. Tobacco, Money-wort, Water Lilies, Bazil, Intemperate and hot in the first degree, are Olive Leaves, Rest-harrow, Adder's Tongue, Agrimony, Marsh-mallows, Goose-grass or Origanum, sharp-pointed Dock, Poppy, white, Cleavers, Distaff Thistle, Borrage, Bugloss, black, and red, or Erratick, Pellitory of the or Lady's Thistles, Avens, Cetrach, Chervil, Wall, Cinquefoil, Ars-smart spotted and not; Chamoniel, Eyebright, Cowslips, Melilot, spotted, Peach Leaves, Thoroughwax, Parsley, Bazil, Self-heal. Hart's Tongue, Valeriak, Mouse-ear, Burnet, In the second. Common and Roman small Spurge, Plantain common and narrow Wormwood, Maudlin, Lady's Mantle, leaved, Mountain and Cretick Poley, Knot- Pimpernel male and female, Dill, Smallage, grass, Golden Maidenhair, Poplar leaves and Mugwort, Costmary, Betony, Oak of Jerubuds, Leeks, Purslain, Silverweed, or wild salem, Marigold, Cuckooflowers, Carduus Tansy, Horehound white and black, Primroses, Benedictus, Centaury the less, Chamepitys, Self-heal, Field Pellitory, or Sneezewort, Penny- Scurvy-grass, Indian Leaf, Broom, Aleroyal, Fleabane, Lungwort, Winter-green, hoof, Alexanders, Double-tongue, or Tongue-Oak leaves and buds, Docks, common rue, blade, Archangel, or dead Nettles, Bay Wall Rue or white Maidenhair, wild Rue, Leaves, Marjoram, Horehound, Bawm, Savin, Osier Leaves, Garden Sage the greater Mercury, Devil's-bit, Tobacco, Parsley, and lesser, Wild Sage, Elder leaves and buds, Poley mountain, Rosemary, Sage, Sanicle, Marjorum, Burnet, Sanicle, Sopewort, Savory, Scabious, Senna, Soldanella, Tansy, Ver-White Saxifrage, Scabious, Chicory, Schananth, vain, Perewinkle. Clary, Scordium, Figwort, Houseleek, or In the third degree. Southernwood male Sengreen the greater and lesser, Groundsel, and female, Brooklime, Angelica, Briony Senna leaves and pods, Mother of Time, Solo- white and black, Calaminth, Germander, mon's Seal, Alexanders, Nightshade, Solda- Sullendine, Pilewort, Fleabane, Dwarf nela, Sow-thistles, smooth and rough, Flix- Elder, Epithimun, Bank-cresses, Clary, weed, common Spike, Spinach, Hawthorn, Glasswort, Lavender, Lovage, Herb Mas-Devil's-bit, Comfry, Tamarisk leaves, Tansy, tich, Featherfew, Mints, Water-cresses, Dandelyon, Mullen or Higcaper, Time, Lime Origanum, biting Arsmart, called in Latin tree leaves, Spurge, Tormentil, common and Hydropiper, (the college confounds this golden Trefoil, Wood-sorrel, sweet Trefoil, with Persicaria, or mild Arsmart, which is Colt's-foot, Valerian, Mullen, Vervain, Paul's cold (Sneezewort, Pennyroyal, Rue, Savin, Bettony, Lluellin, Violets, Tansy, Percwinkles, summer and winter Savory, Mother of Swallow-wort, golden Rod, Vine leaves, Mead-Time, Lavender, Spike, Time, Nettles. sweet, Elm leaves, Naval-wort, Nettles, com- In the fourth degree. Sciatica-cresses, mon and Roman, Archangel, or dead Nettles, Stone-crop, Dittany, or Pepper-wort, garwhite and red.

Culpeper. These be the herbs as the Spurge. college set down to look upon, we will; Herbs, cold in the first degree. Sorrel, see if we can translate them in another Wood-sorrel, Arach, Burdock, Shepherd's-

Herbs temperate in respect of heat, are Mallows, Yarrow, mild Arsmart, called common Maiden-hair, Wall-rue, black and Persicaria, Burnet, Coltsfoot, Violets,

therfew, Woodbine, Melilot, Bawm garden and golden Maiden-hair, Woodroof, Bugle,

den-cresses, Leeks, Crowfoot, Rosa Solis,

form to the benefit of the body of man. purse, Pellitory of the wall, Hawk-weed,

Cold in the second degree. Chickweed, wild Tansy, or Silverweed, Daisies, Knot- wild Rue, Leeks, Onions, Crowfoot, Rosa grass, Succory, Buck-horn, Plantain, Dandelyon, Endive, Fumitory, Strawberry leaves, Lettice, Duck-meat, Plantain, Purslain, Willow leaves.

In the third degree. Sengreen, or Houseleek, Nightshade.

In the fourth degree. Hemlock, Henbane, Mandrakes, Poppies.

Herbs dry in the first degree. Agrimony, Marsh-mallows, Cleavers, Burdocks, Shepherds-purse, our Lady's Thistle, Chervil, Chamomel, Eye-bright, Cowslips, Hawkweed, Tongue-blade, or double tongue, Melilot, mild Arsmart, Self-heal, Senna, Flixweed, Coltsfoot, Perewinkle.

Dry in the second degree. Common and Roman Wormwood, Sorrel, Wood-sorrel, Maudlin, Lady's mantle, Pimpernel male and female, Dill, Smallage, wild Tansy, or Silverweed, Mugwort, Distaff Thistle, Costmary, Betony, Bugle, Cuckooflowers, Carduus Benedictus, Avens, Centaury the black, common and golden, Distaff Thistle, less, Chicory, commonly called Succory, Time, Betony, Calaminth, Chamomel, Scurvy-grass, Buckhorn, Plantain, Dande- Fennel, Indian-leaf, Bay leaves, Hyssop, lyon, Endive, Indian Leaf, Strawberry Bawm, Horehound, Oak of Jerusalem, Gerleaves, Fumitory, Broom, Alehoof, Alex- mander, Melilot, Origanum, Rue, Sabious, anders, Archangel, or Dead Nettles, white Periwinkles, Nettles. and red, Bay Leaves, Marjoram, Featherfew, Bawm, Mercury, Devil's-bit, Tobacco, female, Angelica, Wood-roof, Bugloss, Parsley, Burnet, Plantain, Rosemary, Wil-3 Carduus Benedictus, Borrage, Goat's Rue, low Leaves, Sage, Santicle, Scabious, Sol- Senna, Bazil, Rosemary, Elecampane. danella, Vervain.

male and female, Brooklime, Angelica, Broom, Schenanth, Bay leaves, Bawm, mander, Chamepitys, Selandine, Pilewort, Time, Sage. Fleabane, Epithinum, Dwarf-Elder, Bank cresses, Clary, Glasswort, Lavender, Lovage Pimpernel, male and female, Smallage, Horehound, Herb Mastic, Mints, Water- Costmary, or Ale cost, our Lady's Thistles, cresses, Origanum, Cinquefoil, hot Arsmart, ¿Centaury the less, Germander, Chamepytis, Poley mountain, Sneezewort, Penny-royal, Selandinc, Sampier, Fox Gloves, Ash-tree Rue, or herb of Grace, Savin winter and leaves, Bay leaves, Toad-flax, Hops, Horesummer Savory, Mother of Time, Laven- hound, Water-cresses, der, Silk, Tansy, Time, Trefoil. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

In the fourth degree. Garden-cresses. Solis, Garlic, Spurge.

Herbs moist in the first degree. Borrage, Bugloss, Marigolds, Pellitory of the wall. Mallows, Bazil.

In the fourth degree. Chickweed, Arach. Daisies, Lettice, Duckmeat, Purslain, Sow Thistles, Violets, Water-lilies.

## Herbs appropriated to certain parts of the body of man.

Heat the head. Maudlin, Costmary, Betony, Carduus Benedictus, Sullendine, Scurvy-grass, Eye-bright, Goat's Rue, Cowslips, Lavender, Laurel, Lovage, herb Mastich, Feather-few, Melilot, Sncezewort, Penny-royal, Senna, Mother of Time, Vervain, Rosemary.

Heat the throat. Archangel white and red, otherwise called dead Nettles, Devil'sbit.

Heat the breast. Maiden-hair, white,

Heat the heart. Southernwood male and

Heat the stomach. Wormwood common Dry in the third degree. Southernwood, and Roman, Smallage, Avens, Indian leaf, Briony, white and black, Calamint, Ger- Mints, Parsley, Fennel, Time, Mother of

> Heat the liver. Agrimony, Maudlin, Parsley, Polev Mountain, Sage, Scordium, Senna, Mother

of Time, Soldanella, Asarabacca, Fennel, Strawberry leaves, and Water-Lilies. Hyssop, Spikenard.

Heat the bowels. Chamomel, Alehoofe, Alexanders.

Heat the spleen. All the four sorts of i Maiden-hair, Agrimony, Smallage, Centaury the less, Cetrach, Germander, Chamepitys, Samphire, Fox-glove, Epithimum, Ash-tree, Bay leaves, Toad-flax, Hops, Horehound, Parsley, Poley, Mountain Sage, Scordium, Senna, Mother of Time, Tamarisk, Wormwood, Water-cresses, Hart's-tongue.

Heat the reins and bladder. Agrimony, Maudlin, Marsh-mallows, Pimpernel male and female, Brooklime, Costmary, Bettony, Chervil, Germander, Chamomel, Samphire, Broom, Rupture-wort, Clary, Schenanth, Bay-leaves, Toad-flax, Hops, Melilot, Water-cresses, Origanum, Pennyroyal, Scordium, Vervain, Mother of Time, Rocket, Spikenard, Saxifrage, Nettles.

Heat the womb. Maudlin, Angelica, Mugwort, Costmary, Calaminth, Flea-bane, May-weed, Ormarg-weed, Dittany of Crete, Schenanth, Arch-angel or Dead Nettles, Melilot, Feather-few, Mints, Devil's-bit, Origanum, Bazil, Pennyroyal, Savin, Sage, Scordium, Tansy, Time, Vervain, Periwinkles, Nettles.

Heat the joints. Cowslips, Sciatica-cresses, hot Arsmart, Garden-cresses, Costmary, Agrimony, Chamomel, Saint John's-wort, Melilot, Water-cresses, Rosemary, Rue, Sage Stechas.

Herbs cooling the head. Wood-sorrel, Teazles, Lettice, Plantain, Willow-leaves, Sengreen or Houseleek, Strawberry-leaves, Violet-leaves, Fumitory, Water Lilies.

Cool the throat. Orpine, Strawberry leaves, Privet, Bramble leaves.

Mulberry leaves, Bramble Breast. leaves, Violet leaves, Strawberry leaves, Sorrel, Wood-sorrel, Poppies, Orpine, other herbs that are very cold. Moneywort, Plantain, Colt's-foot.

Heart. Sorrel, Wood sorrel, Viper's Pennyroyal, Steechas, Time, Mother of Time, Bugloss, Lettice, Burnet, Violet leaves, Juniper, &c.

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Stomach. Sorrel, Wood sorrel, Succory,

Orpine, Dandelyon, Endive, Strawberry leaves, Hawkweed, Lettice, Purslain, Sow Thistles, Violet leaves.

Liver. Sorrel, Woodsorrel, Dandelyon, Endive, Succory, Strawberry leaves, Fumitory, Liverwort, Lettice, Purslain, Nightshade, Water Lilies.

Bowels. Fumitory, Mallows, Buckthorn, Plantain, Orpine, Plantain, Burnet.

Fumitory, Endive, Succory, Spleen. Lettice.

Reins and bladder. Knotgrass, Mallows, Yarrow, Moneywort, Plantain, Endive, Succory, Lettice, Purslain, Water Lilies, Houseleek or Sengreen.

The womb. Wild Tansy, Arrach, Burdocks, Willow herb, Mirtle leaves, Moneywort, Purslain, Sow Thistles, Endive, Succory, Lettice, Water Lilies, Sengreen.

The joints. Willow leaves, Vine leaves, Lettice, Henbane, Nightshade, Sengreen or Houseleek.

### Herbs altering according to property, in operation, some bind, as

Amomus, Agnus Castus, Shepherd's purse, Cypress, Horsetail, Ivy, Bay leaves, Melilot, Bawm, Mirtles, Sorrel, Plantain, Knot-grass, Comfry, Cinquefoil, Fleawort, Purslain, Oak leaves, Willow leaves, Sengreen or Houseleek, &c.

Open, as, Garlick, Onions, Wormwood. Mallows, Marsh-mallows, Pellitory of the Wall, Endive, Succory, &c.

Soften. Mallows, Marsh-mallows, Beets, Pellitory of the Wall, Violet leaves, Strawberry leaves, Arrach, Cypress leaves, Bay leaves, Fleawort, &c.

Harden. Purslain, Nightshade, Houseleek or Sengreen, Duckmeat, and most

Extenuate. Mugwort, Chamomel, Hysop,

all the four sorts of Maidenhair, Marsh-Bawm, Water-cresses, Origanum, Bazi, mallows, Dill, Mallows, Arrach, Beets, Chamomel, Mints, Melilot, Pelitory of the Wall, Chickweed, Rue, Stochas, Marjoram.

Draw. Pimpernel, Birthwort, Dittany, Leeks, Onions, Garlick, and also take this general rule, as all cold things bind and harden, so all things very hot are drying.

Suppure. Mallows, Marsh-mallows, White; Lily leaves, &c.

Cleanse. Pimpernel, Southernwood, Sparagus, Cetrach, Arrach, Wormwood, line Thistle, Agrimony, Fennel, Juniper, Beet, Pellitory of the Wall, Chamepitis, Dodder, Liverwort, Horehound, Willow leaves, &c.

Glutinate Marsh-mallows, Pimpernel, Centaury, Chamepitis, Mallows, Germander, Horsetail, Agrimony, Maudlin, Strawberry leaves, Woad-chervil, Plantain, Cinquefoil, Comfry, Bugle, Self-heal, Woundwort, Tormentil, Rupture-wort, Knot-grass, Tobacco.

Expel wind. Wormwood, Garlick, Dill, Smallage, Chamomel, Epithimum, Fennel, Juniper, Marjoram, Origanum, Savory both winter and summer. Tansy is good to cleanse the stomach and bowels of rough viscous flegm, and humours that stick to them, tory, Senna, Dodder. which the flegmatic constitution of the winter usually infects the body of man with, black, Spurge, both work most violently and occasions gouts and other diseases of and are not fit for a vulgar use, Dwarf like nature and lasting long. This was the Elder, Hedge Hyssop, Laurel leaves, Meroriginal of that custom to eat Tansys in the cury, Mezereon also purges violently, and spring; the herb may be made into a con-{so doth Sneezewort, Elder leaves, Senna. serve with sugar, or boil it in wine and drink the decoction, or make the juice into a syrup also how to order the body after purges, the with sugar, which you will.

Herbs breed seed. Clary, Rocket, and most herbs that are hot and moist, and be more fully hereafter. breed wind.

Provoke the terms. Southernwood, Garlick, all the sorts of Maiden hair, Mugwort, Wormwood, Bishops-weed, Cabbages, Bet-

Discuss. Southernwood male and female, St. John's Wort, Marjoram, Horchound Pennyroyal, Poley mountain, Parsley, Smallage, Rue, Rosemary, Sage, Savin, Hartwort, Time, Mother of Time, Scordium, Nettles. Stop the terms. Shepherd's purse, Strawberries, Mirtles, Water Lilies, Plantain, Houseleek or Sengreen, Comfry, Knotgrass. Southernwood, Worm-Resist poison. wood, Garlick, all sorts of Maiden hair, Smallage, Bettony, Carduus Benedictus, Germander, Calaminth, Alexanders, Car-Horehound, Origanum, Pennyroyal, Poleymountain, Rue, Scordium, Plantain.

> Discuss swellings. Maiden-hair, Cleavers, or Goosegrass, Mallows, Marsh-mallows, Docks, Bawm, Water-cresses, Cinquefoil, Scordium, &c.

> Ease pain. Dil, Wormwood, Arach. Chamomel, Calaminth, Chamepitis, Henbane, Hops, Hog's Fennel, Parsley, Rosemary, Rue, Marjoram, Mother of Time.

#### Herbs Purging.

Choler. Groundsel, Hops, Peach leaves, Wormwood, Centaury, Mallows, Senna.

Melancholy. Ox-eye, Epithimum, Fumi-

Flegm and water. Briony, white and

For the particular operations of these, as quantity to be taken at a time, you have been in part instructed already, and shall

#### FLOWERS.

tony, Centaury, Chamomel, Calaminth, College.] Wormwood, Agnus Castus, Germander, Dodder, Dittany, Fennel, Amaranthus, Dill, Rosemary, Columbines,

Bettony, Borrage, Bugloss, Marigolds, Wood- flowers, Woodbine, or Honey-suckles. bine or Honey-suckles, Clove Gilliflowers, Centaury the less, Chamomel, Winter Gilliflowers, Fred, white, and damask Violets. Succory, Comfry the greater, Saffron, Bluebottle great and small, (Synosbatus, Tragus, and Dedonæus hold our white thorn to be it, Cordus and Marcelus think it to be Bryars, Lugdunensis takes it for the sweet Bryar, but what our College takes it for, I know not) Cytinus, (Dioscorides calls the flowers of the Manured Pomegranates, Cytinus, but Pliny calls the flowers of the wild kind by that name,) Fox-glove, Viper's Bugloss, Rocket, Eyebright, Beans, Fumitory, Broom, Cowslips, St. John's Wort, Hysop, Jessamine or Shrub, Trefoil, Archangel, or Dead Nettles white loss, Mallows, Succory, Endive. and red, Lavender, Wall-flowers, or Winter-Gilliflowers, Privet, Lilies white, and of the valley, Hops, Common and tree Mallows, Feather-few, Woodbine, or Honey-suckles, Melilot, Bawm, Walnuts, Water-Lilies white and yellow, Origanum, Poppies white and rcd, or Erraticks, Poppies, or corn Roses, so called because they grow amongst Corn, Peony, Honey-suckles, or Woodbine, Peach-flowers, Primroses, Self-heal, Sloebush, Rosemary flowers, Roses, white, damask and red, Sage, Elder, white Saxifrage, Scabious, Siligo, (I think they mean wheat by it, Authors are not ugreed about it) Steches, Tamarisk, Tansy, Mullen or Higtaper. Limetree, Clove Gilli-

flowers, Colt's-foot, Violets, Agnus Castus, Dead Nettles white and red.

*Culpeper.*] That these may be a little explained for the public good : be pleased heal, Chamomel, Bettony, Cowslips, Lavento take notice

Some are hot in the first degree, as Borrage, Bugloss, Bettony, Ox-eye, Melilot, Chamomel, Stoechas.

Hot in the second degree. Amomus, Saffron, Clove-gilliflowers, Rocket, Bawm, Spikenard, Hops, Schenanth, Lavender, Jasmine, Rosemary.

In the third degree. Agnus Castus, Bettony, Chamomel, Spikenard.

Orrenges, Balaustins, or Pomegranate Flowers, Epithimum, Winter-gilliflowers, or Wall-

Cold in the first degree. Mallows, Roses

In the second. Anemom, or Wind-flower, Endive, Succory, Water-lilies, both white and yellow.

In the third. Balaustins, or Pomegranate flowers.

In the fourth. Henbane, and all the sorts of Poppies, only whereas authors say, field Poppies, which some call red, others erratick and corn Roses, are the coldest of all the others; yet my opinion is, that they are not cold in the fourth degree.

Moist in the first degree. Borrage, Bug-

In the second. Water-lilies, Violets.

Dry in the first degree. Ox-eye, Saffron, Chamomel, Melilot, Roses.

In the second. Wind-flower, Amomus. Clove-gilliflowers, Rocket, Lavender, Hops, Peony, Rosemary, Spikenard.

In the third. Woodbine, or Honeysuckles, Balaustines, Epithimum, Germander, Chamepitis.

The temperature of any other flowers not here mentioned are of the same temperature with the herbs, you may gain skill by searching there for them, you can loose none.

For the parts of the body, they are appropriated to, some heat

The head; as, Rosemary flowers, Selfder, Melilot, Peony, Sage, Stochas.

Bettony, Bawm, Scabious, The breast. Schœnanth.

The heart. Bawm, Rosemary flowers, Borrage, Bugloss, Saffron, Spikenard.

The stomach. Rosemary-flowers, Spikenard, Scheenanth.

The liver. Centaury, Schænanth, Elder,

The spleen. Bettony, Wall-flowers. The reins and bladder. Bettony, Marsh mallows, Melilot, Schœnanth, Spikenard.

The womb. Bettony, Squinanth or Schenanth, Sage, Orris or Flower-de-luce.

The joints. Rosemary-flowers, Cowslips, Chamomel, Melilot.

Flowers, as they are cooling, so they cool

The head. Violets, Roses, the three sorts of Poppies, and Water-lilies.

The breast and heart. Violets, Red Roses, Water-lilies.

The stomach. Red Roses, Violets.

The liver and spleen. Endive, and Succory. Violets, Borrage, and Bugloss, moisten the heart, Rosemary-flowers, Bawm and Bettony, dry it.

#### According to property, so they bind.

Balaustins, Saffron, Succory, Endive, red-roses, Melilot, Bawm, Clove-gilliflowers, Agnus Castus.

Discuss. Dill, Chamomel, Marsh-mallows, Mallows, Melilot, Stœchas, &c.

Cleanse. Damask-roses, Elder flowers, Bean flowers, &c.

Extenuate. Orris, or Flower-de-luce, Chamomel, Melilot, Stœchas, &c.

Mollify. Saffron, white Lilies, Mallows, Marsh-mallows, &c.

Suppure. Saffron, white Lilies, &c.

Glutinate. Balaustines, Centaury, &c. Provoke the terms. Bettony, Centaury,

Chamomel, Schœnanth, Wall-flowers, Bawm Peony, Rosemary, Sage.

Stop the terms. Balaustines, or Pomegranate flowers, Water Lilies.

Expel wind. Dill, Chamomel, Scheenanth, Spikenard.

Help burnings. White Lilies, Mallows, Marsh-mallows.

Resist poison. Bettony, Centaury.

Ease pain. Dill, Chamomel, Centaury, Melilot, Rosemary.

Flowers purge choler. Peach flowers Damask Roses, Violets.

Flegm. Broom flowers, Elder flowers.

If you compare but the quality of the flowers with the herbs, and with the explanation of these terms at the latter end, you may easily find the temperature and property of the rest.

The flowers of Ox-eye being boiled into a poultice with a little barley meal, take away swellings and hardness of the flesh, being applied warm to the place.

Chamomel flowers heat, discuss, loosen and rarify, boiled in Clysters, they are excellent in the wind cholic, boiled in wine, and the decoction drunk, purges the reins, break the stone, opens the pores, cast out choleric humours, succours the heart, and cases pains and aches, or stiffness coming by travelling.

The flowers of Rocket used outwardly, discuss swellings, and dissolve hard tumors, you may boil them into a poultice, but inwardly taken they send but unwholesome vapours up to the head.

Hops open obstructions of the bowels, liver, and spleen, they cleanse, the body of choler and flegm, provoke urine.

Jasmine flowers boiled in oil, and the grieved place bathed with it, takes away cramps and stitches in the sides.

The flowers of Woodbine, or Honeysuckles, being dryed and beaten into powder, and a dram taken in white wine in the morning, helps the rickets, difficulty of breathing; provoke urine, and help the stranguary.

The flowers of Mallows being bruised and boiled in honey (two ounces of the flowers is sufficient for a pound of honey; and having first clarified the honey before you put them in) then strained out; this honey taken with a liquorice stick, is an excellent remedy for Coughs, Asthmas, and consumptions of the lungs.

#### FRUITS.

College.] Winter-cherries, Love Apples, Almonds sweet and bitter, Anacardia, Oranges, Hazel Nuts, the oily Nut Ben, Barberries, Capers, Guinny Pepper, Figs, Carpobalsamum, Cloves, Cassia Fistula, Chestnuts, Cherries black and red, Cicers, white, black and red, Pome Citrons, Coculus Indi, Colocynthis, Currants, Cornels or Cornelian Cherries, Cubebs, Cucumbers garden and wild, Gourds, Cynosbatus, Cypress, Cones, Quinces, Dates, Dwarf-Elder, Green Figs, Strawberries, common and Turkey Galls, Acorns, Acorn Cups, Pomegranates, Gooseberries, Ivy, Herb True-Love, Walnuts, Jujubes, Juniper berries, Bayberries, Lemons, Oranges, Citrons, Quinces, Pomegranates, Lemons, Mandrakes, Peaches, Stramonium, Apples, garden and wild, or Crabs and Apples, Musk Melons, Medlars Mulberries, Myrobalans, Bellericks, Chebs, Emblicks, Citron and Indian, Mirtle, Berries, water Nuts, Hazel Nuts, Chestnuts, Cypress Nuts, Walnuts, Nutmegs, Fistick Nuts, Vomiting Nuts, Olives pickled in brine, Heads of white and black Poppies, Pompions, Peaches, French or Kidney Beans, Pine, Cones, white black, and long Pepper, Fistick Nuts, Apples and Crabs, Prunes, French and Damask, Sloes, Pears, English Currants, Berries of Purging Thorn, black Berries, Raspberries, Elder berries, Sebastens, Services, or Checkers, Hawthorn berries, Pine Nuts, Water Nuts, Grapes, Gooseberries, Raisins, Currants.

by these, be pleased to consider, that they Olives. are some of them

Temperate in respect of heat. Raisins of Sebastens.

Hot in the first degree. Sweet Almonds, Jujubes, Cypress Nuts, green Hazel Nuts, berries, Juniper berries. green Walnuts.

Capers, Nutmegs, dry Walnuts, dry Hazel Nuts, Fistick Nuts.

In the third degree. Juniper Berries, Cloves, Carpobalsamum, Cubebs, Anacardium, bitter Almonds.

In the fourth degree. Pepper, white, black and long, Guinny Pepper.

Cold in the first degree. The flesh of Citrons, Quinces, Pears, Prunes, &c.

In the second. Gourds, Cucumbers, Melons, Pompions, Oranges, Lemons, Citrons, Pomegranates, viz. the juice of them, Peaches, Prunes, Galls, Apples.

In the third. Mandrakes.

In the fourth. Stramonium.

Moist in the first degree. The flesh of Citrons, Lemons, Oranges, viz. the inner rhind which is white, the outer rhind is hot, In the second. Gourds, Melons, Peaches, Prunes, &c.

Dry in the first degree. Juniper Berries.

In the second. The Nut Ben, Capers, Pears, Fistick Nuts, Pine Nuts, Quinces, Nutmegs, Bay berries.

In the third. Cloves, Galls, &c.

In the fourth. All sorts of pepper.

As appropriated to the body of Man, so they heat the head : as

Anacardia, Cubebs, Nutmegs.

The breast. Bitter Almonds, Dates, Cubebs, Hazel Nuts, Pine Nuts, Figs, Raisins of the sun, Jujubes.

The heart. Walnuts, Nutmegs, Juniper berries.

The stomach. Sweet Almonds, Cloves, Culpeper.] That you may reap benefit Ben, Juniper berries, Nutmegs, Pine Nuts,

The spleen. Capers.

The reins and bladder. Bitter Almonds. the sun, Currants, Figs, Pine Nuts, Dates, Juniper Berries, Cubebs, Pine Nuts, Raisins of the sun.

The womb. Walnuts, Nutinegs, Bay-

Cool the breast. Sebastens, Prunes, Hot in the second degree. The Nut Ben, Oranges, Lemons.

Pomegranates, Quinces, Pears.

The stomuch. Quinces, Citruls, Cucumbers, Gourds, Musk Melons, Pompions, Cherries, Gooseberries, Cornelian Cherries, Lemons, Apples, Medlars, Oranges, Pears, English Currants, Cervices or Checkers.

The liver. Those that cool the stomach and Barberries.

The reins and womb. Those that cool the stomach, and Strawberries.

#### By their several operations, some

Bind As the berries of Mirtles, Barberries, Chestnuts, Cornels, or Cornelian Cherries, Quinces, Galls, Acorns, Acorncups, Medlars, Checkers or Cervices, Pomegranates, Nutmegs, Olives, Pears, Peaches.

Discuss. Capers, all the sorts of Pepper. Extenuate. Sweet and bitter Almonds,

Bayberries, Juniper berries.

Ghutinate. Acorns, Acorn Cups, Dates, Raisins of the sun, Currants.

Expel Wind, Bay berries, Juniper berries, Nutmegs, all the sorts of Pepper.

Breed seed. Raisins of the sun, sweet Almonds, Pine Nuts, Figs, &c.

Provoke urine. Winter Cherries.

Provoke the terms. Ivy berries, Capers, &c. Stop the terms. Barberries, &c.

Resist poison. Bay berries, Juniper berries, Walnuts, Citrons, commonly called Pome Citrons, all the sorts of Pepper.

Ease pain. Bay berries, Juniper berries, Ivy berries, Figs, Walnuts, Raisins, Currants, all the sorts of Pepper.

Fruits purging.

Cassia Fistula, Citron Myro-Choler. balans, Prunes, Tamarinds, Raisins.

Melancholy. Indian Myrobalans.

purge violently, and therefore not rashly to common and cretish, Mustard-seed, Alexanders, be meddled withal: I desire my book should Nightshade, Steves Ager, Sumach, Treacle,

The heart. Oranges, Lemons, Citrons, Myrobalans of all sorts, especially Chebs, Bellericks and Emblicks, purge flegm very gently, and without danger.

Of all these give me leave to commend only one to you as of special concernment, which is Juniper berries.

#### SEEDS.

College. Sorrel, Agnus Castus, Marshmallows, Bishop's weed true and common. Amomus, Dill, Angellica, Annis, Rose-seed, Smallage, Columbines, Sparagus, Arach, Oats, Oranges, Burdocks, Bazil, Barberries, Cotton, Bruscus or Knee-holly, Hemp, Cardamoms greater and lesser, Carduus Benedictus, our Lady's Thistles, Bastard, Saffron, Caraway, Spurge greater and lesser, Coleworts, Onions, the Kernels of Cherry stones, Chervil, Succory, Hemlock, Citrons, Citruls, Garden Scurvy-grass, Colocynthis, Coriander, Samphire, Cucumbers garden and wild, Gourds, Quinces, Cummin, Cynosbatus, Datc-stones, Carrots English, and cretish, Dwarf-Elder, Endive, Rocket, Hedge Mustard, Orobus, Beans, Fennel, Fenugreek, Ash-tree keys, Fumitory, Brooms, Grains of Paradise, Pomegranates, wild Rue, Alexanders, Barley, white Henbane, St. John's Wort, Hyssop, Lettice, Sharp-pointed-Dock, Spurge, Laurel, Lentils, Lovage, Lemons, Ash-tree-keys, Linseed, or Flaxweed, Gromwell, Darnel, Sweet Trefoil, Lupines, Masterwort, Marjoram, Mallows, Mandrakes, Melons, Medlars, Mezereon, Gromwell, sweet Navew Nigella, the kernels of Cherries, Apricots, and Peaches, Bazil, Orobus, Rice, Panick, Poppies white and black, Parsnips garden and wild, Thorough Wax, Parsley, English and Macedonian, Burnet, Pease, Plantain, Peony, Leeks, Purslain, Fleawort, Turnips, Radishes, Sumach Spurge, Roses, Rue, garden and wild, Worm-Flegm. Colocynthis and wild Cucumbers ! seed, Saxifrage, Succory, Sesami, Hartwort, be beneficial, not hurtful to the vulgar, but; Mustard, sweet Trefoil, Wheat, both the fine flour and the bran, and that which starch is made of, Vetches or Tares, Violets, Nettles, common and Roman, the stones of Grapes, Greek Wheat, or Spelt Wheat

more benefit by these, than the bare reading of them, which doth at the most but tell you what they are; the following method may instruct you what they are good for.

#### Seeds are hot in the first degree.

Linseed, Fenugreek, Coriander, Rice, Gromwell, Lupines.

In the second. Dill, Smallage, Orobus, Rocket, Bazil, Nettles.

In the third. Bishop's Weed, Annis, Amomus, Carraway, Fennel, (and so I believe Smallage too, let authors say what and Sorrel seeds.

they will, for if the herb of Smallage be little reason why the seed should not be so hot) Cardamons, Parsley, Cummin, Carrots, Nigella, Navew, Hartwort, Staves Ager.

In the fourth. Water-cresses, Mustardseed.

Cold in the first degree. Barley, &c.

In the second. Endive, Lettice, Purslain, Succory, Gourds, Cncumbers, Melons, Citruls, Pompions, Sorrel, Nightshade.

In the third. Henbane, Hemlock, Poppies white and black.

Moist in the first degree. Mallows, &c.

Dry in the first degree. Beans, Fennel, greek seed, Mallows, Nigella. Fenugreek, Barley, Wheat, &c.

In the second. Orobus, Lentils, Rice, Poppies, Nightshade, and the like.

In the third. Dill, Smallages, Bishop's Barley. Weed, Annis, Caraway, Cummin, Coriander, Nigella, Gromwell, Parsley.

#### Appropriated to the body of man, and so they

Heat the head. Fennel, Marjoram, Peony, &c.

The breast. Nettles.

The heart. seed, &c.

The stomach. Annis, Bishop's weed, Amomus, Smallage, Cummin, Cardamoms, Cubebs, Grains of Paradise.

The liver. Annis, Fennel, Bishop's weed, Culpeper.] That you may receive a little Amomus, Smallage, Sparagus, Cummin, Caraway, Carrots.

The spleen. Annis, Caraway, Watercresses.

The reins and bladder. Cicers, Rocket, Saxifrage, Nettles, Gromwell.

The womb. Peony, Rue.

The joints. Water-cresses, Ruc, Mustardseed.

Cool the head. Lettice, Purslain, white Poppies.

The breast. White Poppies, Violets.

The heart. Orange, Lemon, Citron

Lastly, the four greater and four lesser cold somewhat hotter than Parsley; I know seeds, which you may find in the beginning of the compositions, as also the seed of white and black Poppies cool the liver and spleen, reins and bladder, womb and joints.

According to operation some seeds

Bind, as Rose-seeds, Barberries, Shepherd's purse, Purslain, &c.

Discuss. Dill, Carrots, Linseeds, Fenugreek, Nigella, &c.

Cleanse. Beans, Orobus, Barley, Lupines, Nettles, &c.

Mollify. Linseed, or Flax seed, Fenu-

Harden. Purslain seed, &c.

Suppure. Linseed, Fenugreek seed, Darnel, Barley husked, commonly called French

Glutinate. Orobus, Lupines, Darnel, &c, Expel wind. Annis, Dill, Smallage, Caraway, Cummin, Carrots, Fennel, Nigella, Parsley, Hartwort, Wormseed.

Breed seed. Rocket, Beans, Cicers, Ashtree keys.

Provoke the menses. Amomus, Sparagus, Bazil, Rue, &c. Mustard Annis, Fennel, Bishop's weed, Cicers, Carrots, Smallage, Parsley, Lovage, Hartwort,

Break the stone. Mallows, Marsh-mal- Concrete Juices, or Juices made thick, are either lows, Gromwell, &c.

Stop the terms. Rose seeds, Cummin, Burdock, &c.

Resist poison. Bishop's weed, Annis, Smallage, Cardamoms, Oranges, Lemons, Citrons, Fennel, &c.

Ease pain. Dill, Amomus, Cardamoms, Cummin, Carrots, Orobus, Fenugreek, Lin-Inis, Acacia. seed, Gromwell, Parsley, Panick.

Assuage swellings. Linseed, Fenugreek seeds, Marsh-mallows, Mallows, Coriander, Barley, Lupines, Darnel, &c.

The College tells you a tale that there are such things in Rerum Natura, as these, Gums, Rozins, Balsams, and Juices made thick, viz.

College.] Juices of Wormwood and Maudlin, Acacia, Alocs, Lees of Oil, Assa-fætida, 200 Balsam of Peru and India; Bdellium, Ben- tions of the bowels, the bloody-flux. zoin, Camphire, Caranna, Colophonia, Juice of Maudlin, Euphorbium, Lees of Wine, Lees of Trachea Arteria, which is in plain English Oil, Gums of Galbanum, Amoniacum, Anime, I called the windpipe, the roughness of which Arabick, Cherry Trees, Copal, Elemy, Juni- causes coughs and hoarseness, difficulty of per, Ivy, Plumb Trees, Cambuge, Hypocystis, breathing, &c. It allays the heat of the Labdanum, Lacca, Liquid Amber, Manna, stomach and liver, eases pains, soreness and Mastich, Myrrh, Olibanum, Opium, Opopanax, Froughness of the reins and bladder, it Pice-bitumen, Pitch of the Cedar of Greece, quencheth thirst, and strengthens the Liquid and dry Rozins of Fir-tree, Larch-tree, stomach exceedingly: It may easily be Pine tree, Pine-fruit, Mastich. Venice and carried about in one's pocket, and eat a little Cyprus Turpentine. Sugar, white, red, and now and then. Christaline, or Sugar Candy white and red, Sagapen, Juniper, Gum, Sanguis Draconis, roughness of the tongue, it strengthens the Surcocolla, Scamony, Styrax, Liquid and reins and bladder, being weakened: being Calamitis, Tacha, Mahacca, Tartar, Frankin- beaten into fine powder and put into the cense, Olibanum, Tragaganth, Birdlime.

Culpeper.] That my country may receive the sight. more benefit than ever the college of Phytreat of them severally.

Digitize

1. Of the Juices.

2. Of the Gums and Rosins.

Temperate, as, Juice of Liquorice, white starch.

Hot in the first degree. Sugar.

In the second. Labdanum.

In the third. Benzoin, Assafætida.

Cold in the third degree. Sanguis Draco-

In the third. Hypocistis.

In the fourth. Opium, and yet some authors think Opium is hot because of its bitter taste.

Aloes and Manna purge choler gently; and Scamony doth purge choler violently, that it is no ways fit for a vulgar man's use, for it corrodes the Bowels. Opopoanax purges flegm very gently.

White starch gently levigates or makes smooth such parts as are rough, syrup of Violets being made thick with it and so taken on the point of a knife, helps coughs, roughness of the throat, wheezing, excoria-

Juice of *Liquorice* helps roughness of the

Sugar cleanses and digests, takes away eyes, it takes away films that grow over

Labdanum is in operation, thickening, sicians intended them from these, I shall heating and mollifying, it opens the passage of the veins, and keeps the hair from falling off; the use of it is usually external: being mixed with wine, myrrh, and oil of mirtles, and applied like a plaister, it takes away filthy scars, and the deformity the small pox leaves behind them; being mixed with oil of Roses, and dropped into the ears, it helps pains there; being used as a pessary, it provokes the menses, and helps hardness or stiffness of the womb. It is sometimes used inwardly in such medicines as ease pains and help the cough: if you mix a little of it with old white wine and drink it, it both provokes urine and stops griefs. looseness or fluxes.

Dragons blood, cools, binds, and repels. Acasia, and Hyposistis, do the like.

The juice of *Maudlin*, or, for want of it Costmary, which is the same in effect, and better known to the vulgar, the juice is made; thick for the better keeping of it; first clarify the juice before you boil it to its due thickness, which is something thicker than honey.

It is appropriated to the liver, and the flesh. quantity of a dram taken every morning, helps the Cachexia, or evil disposition of temperately, being mixed with any conthe body proceeding from coldness of the venient ointment or plaister, it helps kerliver: it helps the rickets and worms in nels in the neck and throat, Scrophula, or children, provokes urine, and gently (with- that disease which was called the King's out purging) disburdens the body of choler Evil. Inwardly taken in any convenient and flegm; it succours the lungs, opens ob-i medicine, it provokes the menses, and breaks structions, and resists putrifaction of blood. the stone, it helps coughs and bitings of

Elemi, Tragacanth, &c.

degree, as Bdellium, Gum of Ivy.

In the second, Galbanum, Myrrh, Mastich, Frankincense, Olibanum, Pitch, Rozin, Styrax

In the third. Amoniacum.

In the fourth. Euphorbium.

Gum Arabick is cold.

Colophonia and Styrax soften.

Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, San-; darack or Juniper Gum, and Sarcocolla bind.

Gum of Cherry trees, breaks the stone. Styrax provokes the menses.

Opopanax gently purges flegm

From the prickly *Ccdar* when it is burned comes forth that which, with us, is usually known by the name of Tar, and is excellently good for unction either for scabs, itch, or manginess, either in men or beasts, as also against the leprosy, tetters, ringworms, and scald heads.

All sorts of Rozins fill up hollow ulcers, and relieve the body sore pressed with cold

The Rozin of Pitch-tree, is that which is commonly called Burgundy pitch, and is something hotter and sharper than the former, being spread upon a cloth is excellently good for old aches coming of former bruises or dislocations.

*Pitch* mollifies hard swellings, and brings boils and sores to suppuration, it breaks carbuncles, disperses aposthumes, cleanses ulcers of corruption and fills them with

Bdellium heats and mollifies, and that very Gums are either temperate, as, Lacca, venomous beasts: it helps windiness of the spleen, and pains in the sides thence coming. Intemperate, and so are hot in the first Both outwardly applied to the place and inwardly taken, it helps ruptures or such as are burst, it softens the hardness of the womb, dries up the moisture thereof and expels the dead child.

> Bitumen Jadaicum is a certain dry pitch which the dead sea, or lake of Sodom in India casts forth at certain times, the inhabitants thereabouts pitch their ships with it. It is of excellent use to mollify the hardness of swellings and discuss them, as also against inflammations; the smoke of it burnt is excellently good for the fits of the mother, and the falling-sickness: Inwardly taken in

wine it provokes the menses, helps the bitings; tures in the skull and head. See Arceus' of venomous beasts, and dissolves congealed liniment. blood in the body.

degree, I will not dispute whether it be a venient liquor, strengthens the stomach and Gum or not: It strengthens nature much liver, opens obstructions, helps the yellow which way soever it be taken, there are but jaundice and dropsy; provokes urine. few grains usually given of it at a time: breaks the stone in the reins and bladder. mixed with a little ointment of Orange flowers, and the temples and forehead Styrax: by unction it warms and comforts. anointed with it, it eases the pains of the a cold and moist brain, it eases all griefs head and strengthens the brain exceedingly; coming of a cold cause, it mightily comforts the same applied to the privities helps the and strengthens a weak stomach, being fits of the mother; inwardly taken it anointed with it, and helps digestion exstrengthens the brain and memory, the ceedingly, it dissolves swellings. It is hot heart and vital spirit, warms cold stomachs, in the third degree, and moist in the first. and is an exceeding strengthener of nature I think it would do the commonwealth to old people, adding vigour to decayed and no narm if I should speak a word or two of worn-out spirits : it provokes venery, and Manna here, although it be no Gum : I conmakes barren women fruitful, if coldness; fess authors make some flutter about it, and moisture or weakness be the cause im- what it is, some holding it to be the juice pediting.

known to repress the fits of the mother; only the contries whence it comes being far a little bit put into an aching tooth, pre-hotter, it falls in great abundance. Let him sently eases the pain, ten grains of it taken that desires reason for it, be pleased to read before dinner, walking half an hour after Butler's book of Bees, a most excellent it, provokes appetite, helps digestion, experimental work, there he shall find reastrengthens the stomach, and takes away son enough to satisfy any reasonable man. loathing of meat, it provokes lust exceed- Choose the driest and whitest; it is a very ingly and expels wind as much.

Gold, Silver, Copper, &c. inwardly given the throat, helps bitterness in the throat, in small quantities, it stops fluxes, and the and often proneness to vomit, it is very good running of the reins : being in fine powder, for such as are subject to be costive to put and put into green wounds, it cures them at it into their drink instead of sugar, it hath once dressing.

Gamba: I know no good of it.

for aches and swellings in the nerves and will melt like sugar, neither will it be known joints: If you lay it behind the ears, it from it by the taste. draws back humours from the eyes; applied; Myrrh is hot and dry in the second degree, to the temples as they usually do Mastich, it dangerous for pregnant women, it is bitter, helps the tooth-ache.

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Gum Lacca being well purified, and the Ambergreese is hot and dry in the second quantity of half a dram taken in any con

Liquid Amber is not much unlike liquid

of a tree; I am confident it is the very same Assafatida being smelled to, is vulgarly condensated that our honey-dews here are, gentle purger of choler, quenches thirst, Borax, besides the virtues it has to solder provokes appetite, cases the roughness of no obnoxious quality at all in it, but may Gambuge, which the College calls Gutta be taken by a pregnant woman without any danger; a child of a year old may take an Caranna outwardly applied, is excellent ounce of it at a time dissolved in milk, it

and yet held to be good for the roughness Gum Elimi, authors appropriate to frac-i of the throat and wind-pipe; half a dram &

it taken at a time helps rheumatic distilla-} not very easy. It stops defluctions from tions upon the lungs, pains in the sides; it the head, if you perfume your cap with the stops fluxes, provokes the menses, brings smoke of it, it helps the headache and away both birth and after-birth, softens the megrin, strengthens the brain, and therefore hardness of the womb; being taken two the sinews. hours before the fit comes, it helps agues. Mathiolus saith he seldom used any other } medicine for the quartan ague than a dram of myrrh given in Muskadel an hour before the fit usually came; if you make it up into pills with treacle, and take one of them every morning fasting, it is a sovereign preservative against the pestilence, against the poison of serpents, and other venomous beasts; a singular remedy for a stinking breath if it arise from putrefaction of the stomach, it fastens loose teeth, and stays the shedding off of the hair, outwardly used it breeds flesh in deep wounds, and covers the naked bones with flesh.

Olibanum is hot in the second degree, and dry in the first, you may take a dram of it taken, wonderfully breaks the stone in the at a time, it stops looseness and the-run-2 ning of the reins; it strengthens the memory { exceedingly, comforts the heart, expels sadness and melancholy, strengthens the heart, 3 helps coughs, rheums and pleurises; your best way (in my opinion,) to take it is to mix it with conserve of roses, and take it in the morning fasting.

Tachamacha is seldom taken inwardly, outwardly spread upon leather, and applied to the navel; it stays the fits of the mother, applied to the side, it mitigates speedily, and in little time quite takes away the pain and windiness of the spleen; the truth is, whatsoever ache or swelling proceeds of wind or cold raw humours, I know no better plaister coming from beyond sea than this guin. It strengthens the brain and memory exceedingly, and stops all such defluctions thence as trouble the eyes, ears, or teeth, it helps the gout and sciatica.

Gum Coopal, and Gum Anime, are very stops distillations upon the lungs, stays like one another both in body and opera-i vomiting, and causes a sweet breath; bring tion, the former is hard to come by, the last mixed with white wine and the mouth

Gum Tragaganth, which the vulgar call Gum Dragon, being mixed with pectoral Syrups, (which you shall find noted in their proper places) it helps coughs and hoarseness, salt and sharp distillations upon the lungs, being taken with a liquorice stick, being dissolved in sweet wine, it helps (being drank) gnawing in the bowels, sharpness and freetings of the urine, which causes excoriations either in the reins or bladder, being dissolved in milk and the eyes washed with it, it takes away weals and scabs that grow on the eyelids, it is excellently good to be put in poultice to fodder wounds, especially if the nerves or sinews be hurt.

Sagapen, dissolved in juice of rue and bladder, expels the dead child and afterbirth, clears the sight; dissolved in wine and drank, it helps the cough, and distillation upon the lungs, and the fits of the mother; outwardly in oils or ointments, it helps such members as are out of joint or over-stretched.

Galbanum is of the same operation, and also taken from the same plant, viz. Fennel, Giant.

Gum Arabic, thickens and cools, and corrects choleric sharp humours in the body, being dissolved in the white of an egg, well beaten, it helps burnings, and keeps the place from blistering.

Mastich stays fluxes, being taken inwardly any way. Three or four small grains of Mastich, swallowed at night going to bed, is a remedy for pains in the stomach: being beaten into powder, and mixed with conserve of Roses, it strengthens the stomach,

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washed with it, it cleanses the gums of cor- ; being anointed with the same, cools the reins, ruption, and fastens loose teeth.

applied to the temples, stops the rheums inwardly with Bettony-water, take but a that flow to the eyes, helps green wounds, small quantity of it at a time inwardly, it and fills hollow ulcers with flesh, stops the resist poison and bitings by venomous bleeding of wounds, though the arteries be beasts; outwardly, applied as before, and cut; being made into an ointment with; the eyes anointed with it, stops hot rheums Vinegar and Hog's-grease, helps the itch, that flow thither. pains in the ears, inflammations in women's Oppopanax purges thick flegm from the breasts commonly called agues in the breast; most remote parts of the body, vix. the beware of taking it inwardly, lest it cause brain, joints, hands, and feet, the nerves madness.

cleanses the reins, provokes urine.

second degree, it heals, mollifies, and con-jings of the spleen, it helps the stranguary cocts; being taken inwardly helps the cough, and difficulty of making urine, provokes and distillations of the lungs, hoarseness and the menses, and helps all cold afflictions of loss of voice, helps the hardness of the the womb; have a care you give it not to womb, and provokes the menses.

degree, softens, draws, and heats; being dis-i dissolved in Vinegar and outwardly applied solved in vinegar, strained and applied helps the passions of the spleen. plaister-wise, it takes away carbuncles and hardness in the flesh, it is one of the best remedies that I know for infirmities of the spleen, being applied to the left side; being made into an ointment with oil, it is good to anoint the limbs of such as are weary: a scruple of it being taken in the form of a pill loosens the belly, gives speedy delivery of sour Grapes, Oranges, Barberries, Tears of to women in travail, helps diseases of the *a Birch-tree*, Juice of Chermes, Quinces, Pomespleen, the sciatica and all pains in the granates, Lemons, Wood-sorrel, Oil of unripe joints, and have any humour afflicting their Olives, and ripe Olives, both new and cold, Junce breast.

Camphire, it is held by all authority to be Vine. cold and dry in the third degree, it is of very thin subtile parts, insomuch that being these may be found in the Syrups, and are beaten into very fine powder it will vanquish; few of them used alone. away into the air, being beaten into powder and mixed with oil, and the temples anointed therewith, eases headaches proceeding of heat, all inflammations whatsoever, the back

and seminal vessels, stops the running of Frankincense being used outwardly in the the reins and Fluor Albus, the moderate use way of a plaister, heats and binds; being of Venery, the like it doth if it be drank

and breast, and strengthens all those parts *Turpentine* is hot in the second degree, it when they are weak, if the weakness proheals, softens, it discusses and purges, ceed of cold, as usually it doth; it helps weakness of the sight, old rotten coughs, Styrax Calamitis is hot and dry in the and gouts of all sorts, dropsies, and swellany pregnant women. The dose is one Ammoniacum, hot and dry in the third dram at most, corrected with a little Mastich,

> In the next place the College tells you a tale concerning Liquid, Juices, and Tears, which are to be kept for present use, viz.

College.] Vinegar, Juice of Citrons, Juice of red and Damask Roses, Wine Tears of a

Culpeper.] The virtues of the most of

# Then the College tells you there are things bred of PLANTS.

College.] Agarick, Jew's-ears, the berries of Chermes, the Spungy substance of the Briar, Moss, Viscus Quercinus, Oak, Apples.

you know this, so would I know what the chief of them are good for.

Jew's-ears boiled in milk and drank, Therefore consider that the College gave helps sore throats.

Moss is cold, dry, and binding, therefore good for fluxes of all sorts.

Misleto of the Oak, it helps the falling sickness and the convulsions, being discreetly gathered and used.

boiled in milk and drank, they stop fluxes Capon, Beaver, wild Cat, Stork, Coney, Horse and the menses, and being boiled in vinegar, Hedge-hog, Hen, Man, Lion, Hare, Pike, or and the body anointed with the vinegar, Jack, (if they have any fat, I am persuaded cures the itch.

Then the College acquaints you, That there are certain living Creatures called

Toads, Crabs of the River, little Puppy Dogs, stone taken out of a man's bladder, Vipers Grass-hoppers, Cantharides, Cothanel, Hedge- flesh, fresh Cheese, Castorium, white, yellow, hogs, Emmets or Ants, Larks, Swallows, and and Virgin's Wax, the brain of Hares and their young ones, Horse-leeches, Snails, Earth- Sparrows, Crabs' Claws, the Rennet of a worms, Dishwashers or Wagtails, House Lamb, a Kid, a Hare, a Calf, and a Horse, Sparrows and Hedge Sparrows, Frogs, Scineus, the heart of a Bullock, a Stag, Hog, and Land Scorpions, Moles, or Monts, Tortoise of a Wether, the horn of an Elk, a Hart, the Woods, Tenches, Vipers and Foxes.

Cattle and some others which they have not tooth of a Bore, an Elephant, and a Sea-horse, been pleased to learn, may be made bene- Vivory, or Elephant's Tooth, the skin a Snake ficial to your sick bodies, be pleased to hath cast off, the gall of a Hawk, Bullock, a understand, that

with the ashes, trimly decks a bald head Wolf, an Otter, a Frog, Isinglass, the guts being washed with it.

broken, and they boiled in spring water, but not scummed at all, for the scum will sink of itself, and the water drank for ordinary drink is a most admirable remedy for consumption; being bruised and applied to the place they help the gout, draw thorns out of the flesh, and held to the nose Culpeper.] As the College would have help the bleeding thereof.

> the Apothecaries a catalogue of what Parts of Living creatures and Excrements they must keep in their shops.

College.] The fat, grease, or suet, of a Duck, Goosc, Eel, Boar, Herron, Thymal-Oak Apples are dry and binding; being; lows (if you know where to get it) Dog, 'tis worth twelve-pence a grain) Wolf, Monse of the mountains, (if you can catch them) Pardal, Hog, Serpent, Badger, Grey or brock Fox, Vulture, (if you can catch them) Album Gracium, Anglice, Dog's dung, the hucklebone of a Hare and a Hog, East College.] Bees, Woodlice, Silkworms, and West Bezoar, Butter not salted and salted, a Rhinoceros, an Unicorn, the skull of a man Culpeper.] That part of this crew of killed by a violent death, a Cockscomb, the she Goat, a Hare, a Kite, a Hog, a Bull, Bees being burnt to ashes, and a lye made a Bear, the cases of Silk-worms, the liver of a of a Wolf and a Fox, the milk of a she Ass, Snails with shells on their backs, being a she Goat, a Woman, an Exe, a Heifer, first washed from the dirt, then the shells East and West Bezoar, the stone in the head of

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a Crab, and a Perch, if there be any stone in ! an Ox Gall, stone in the bladder of a Man, METALS, STONES, SALTS, the Jaw of a Pike or Jack, Pearls, the marrow of the Leg of a Shcep, Or, Goat, Stag, Calf, common and virgin Honey, Musk, Mummy, a Swallow's nest, Crabs Eyes, the Omentum or Alana Terra, Alabaster, Alectorions, Alum call of a Lamb, Rum, Wether, Calf, the Seisile and Roach Amethist, Amianth, Amphewhites, yolks, and shells of Hen's Eggs, Emmet's lites, Antimony, leaves and filings of Silver, Eggs, bone of a Stag's heart, an Ox leg, Ossepiæ, Quick Silver, Lapis, Armenius, nutive Asseme, the inner skin of a Hen's Gizzard, the wool of both white and red, artificial Arsenic, white Hares, the feathers of Partridges, that which and realgar, Argilla, Asteria, leaves and fil-Bees make at the entrance of the hive, the ings of Gold, Belemites, Berril, Bole-armenick, pizzle of a Stag, of a Bull, Fox Lungs, Borrax, Toad-stone, Lapis Calaminatis, Cadfasting spittle, the blood of a Pigeon, of a mia, Lime quick and quenched, Vitriol, white, Cat, of a he Goat, of a Hare, of a Partridge, blue, and green, Steel, Borrax, Chrisolite, of a Sow, of a Bull, of a Badger, of a Snail, Chrisopus, Cynabris, native and artificial, Sick, Whey, the suet of a Bullock, of a Stag, Whetstones, Chalk, white and green, Crystal, of a he Goat, of a Sheep, of a Heifer, Sperma- Diphriges, the rust, dust, scales, and flakes of ceti, a Bullock's spleen, the skin a Snake hath Iron, Granite, Mortar, such as walls are cast off, the excrements of a Goose, of a Dog, daubed with, Hematitis, Heliotropium, Jacinth, of a Goat, of Pigeons, of a stone Horse, of a Hyber, Nicius, Jasper, Lapis Judacious, Hen, of Swallows, of a Hog, of a Heifer, the Tiles, Lapis Lazuly, Lapis Lincis, Lithanancle of a Hare, of a Sow, Cobwebs, Water thrax, Litharge of Silver and Gold, Loadthells, as Blatta Bazantia, Buccinæ, Crabs, stone, Marchasite, or fire stone Marble, Red Cockles, Dentalis, Entalis, Mother of Pearl, Lead, native and artificial, Miss, Naptha, Mytuli Purpura, Os sepia, Umbilious Mari- Lapis Nephriticus, Nitre, Oaker yellow and nus, the testicles of a Horse, a Cock, the hoof rea, Onyx, Opalus, Ophytes, Ostcocolla Lead of an Elk, of an Ass, a Bullock, of a Horse, of white and black, Plumbago, Pompholix, Mara Lyon, the urine of a Boar, of a she Goat.

being dried and beaten into powder and and Sardine, Selenitis, Flints, Emerald, drank in wine, strengthens the reins exceed- Smiris, Sori, Spodium, Pewter, Brimstone, ingly, and helps the dropsy, convulsions, quick and common, Talth, Earth of Cimolia, and the falling sickness, together with all Sames, Lemmos, Sylesia, Topas, Alana, Terra, fluxes of the bowels.

The liver being in like manner brought into powder, strengthens the liver exceedingly, and helps the dropsy.

be taken from the SEA, as

College.] Amber-grease, Sea-water, Seasand, Bitumen, Amber white and yellow, Jet, Carlinæ, Coral, white and red, Foam of the Sea, Spunge, Stone Pumice, Sea salt, Spunges, Univ Calif - Digitized Granite, Sardony Amber.

# AND OTHER MINERALS.

Ver-de-grease, Scales of Brass, Ætitis, chasite, Realgar, Ruby, red Oaker, Sal Culpeper.] The liver of an Hedge-hog Armoniach, Sal Gem, and salt Nitre, Saphyr Tutty, Vitriol, white, blue, and green.

> Precious stones alter by a way manifest or hidden.

By a way manifest, they are hot, in the Then the College tells you these things may first degree. Hemetitis, Pyritis, Lopis Asius, Thyitis, Smyres, Lapis Schistus.

> Precious stones cold, are in the first degree. Jacinth, Saphyr, Emerald, Cristal, Lapis Samius, Lapis Phrigius.

In the second degree. Ruby, Carbuncle,

In the fourth degree. Diamond.

Asius, Nectius, Geodes, Pumice-stone.

Emolient, as Alabaster, Jet, Lapis Thrasius.

Stupify: as Memphitis, Jasper, Ophites.

Cleanse : as Lapis Arabicus.

Gutinate : as Galactitis, Melites.

Scarify: as Morochtus.

Judaicus, Lapis Sponge.

Retain the fruit in the womb: as Ætitis, Jasper.

Provoke the menses. Ostracites.

Stones altering by a hidden property (as they call it,) are

Bezoar, Topaz, Lapis Colubrinus, Toadstone, Emerald, Alectorius, Calcidonius, Amethist, Saphyr, Jasper, Lapis Nephriticus, Lapis Tibernum, Lapis, Spongites, the stone found in the maw of a Swallow, Load-stone, Lapis Vulturis, Merucius, Ceral, Lynturius, Jet, Ætites, the stones of Crabs, Amber, Crystal, &c.

The Load-stone purges gross humours.

Lapis Armenius and Lapis Lazuli, purge melancholy.

Pyrites heat and cleanse, take away dimness of sight. Dioscorides. Lapis Asius binds and moderately corrodes and cleanses filthy ulcers, and fills them up with flesh; being mixed with honey, and applied to the *tongue*, *Politricum*. place, is an admirable remedy for the gout.

*Chrystal* being beaten into very fine powder, and a dram of it taken at a time helps the bloody-flux, stops the Fluor Albus, and i or breaking wind. increases milk in Nurses. Mathiolus.

Lapis Samius is cooling and binding, it is very comfortable to the stomach, but it dulls the senses, helps fluxes of the eyes and ulcers.

Geodetes binds and drys, being beaten into powder and mixed with water, and applied to the place, takes away inflammations of the Testicles.

*Pumice-stone* being beaten into powder In respect of property, they bind, as Lapis and the teeth rubbed with it, cleanses them. Dioscorides.

> Jet, it is of a softening and discussing nature, it resists the fits of the mother.

Lapis Arabicus being beaten into powder, and made into an ointment helps the hemorrhoids.

Ostracites, a dram of it taken in powder Break the stone: as Lapis Lyncis, Lapis provokes the menses; being taken after that purgation, causes conception, also being made into an ointment, helps inflammations of the breast.

Myexis being borne about one takes away pains in the reins, and hinders the breeding of the stone.

Lapis Armenius purges melancholy, and also causes vomiting, I hold it not very safe for our English bodies, and therefore I will speak no more of it.

Explanation of certain Vacuations.

The five opening Roots.

Smallage, Sparagus, Fennel, Parsley, Knecholly.

The two opening Roots.

Fennel, Parsley.

The five emolient Herbs.

Marsh-mallows, Mallows, Beets, Mercury, Pellitory of the Wall, Violet Leaves.

The five Capillary Herbs.

Maidenhair, Wall Rue, Cctrach, Hart's-

The four cordial Flowers.

Borrage, Bugloss, Roses, Violets.

The four greater hot Seeds, Carminative,

Annis, Carraway, Cummin, Fennel.

The four lesser hot seeds.

Bishop's weed, Amomus, Smallage, Carrots

The four greater cold seeds.

Citrul, Cucumber, Gourds, Melon.

The four lesser cold seeds.

Succory, Endive, Lettice, Purslain.

Five fragments of precious stones.

Granite, Jacinth, Sapphire, Sardine, Emerald

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The right worshipful, the College of Physicians of London in their New Dispensatory give you free leave to distil these common waters that follow, but they never intend you should know what they are good for.

SIMPLE DISTILLED WATERS.

## Of fresh Roots of

Briony, Onions, Elecampane, Orris, or Flower-de-luce, Turnips.

Of flowers and buds of

Southernwood, both sorts of Wormwood, Wood Sorrel, Lady's-Mantle, Marsh-mallows, Angelica, Pimpernel with purple flowers, Smallage, Columbines, Sparagus, Mouse-ear, Borrage, Shepherd's Purse, Calaminth, Woodbine or Honey-suckles, Carduus Benedictus, our Lady's Thistles, Knotgrass, Succory, Dragons, Colt's-foot, Fennel, Goat's Rue, Grass, Hyssop, Lettice, Lovage, Toad-flax, Hops, Marjoram, Mallows, Horehound, Fea-; an admonition concerning these, which therfew, Bawm, Mints, Horse-mints, Water; being converted into your native language, Cresses, English Tobacco, white Poppies- is as follows. Pellatory of the Wall, Parsley, Plantain, We give you warning that these common Purslain, Self-heal, Penmyroyal, Oak leaves, Sage, Scabious, Figwort or Throatwort, Houseleek, or Sengreen, the grea er and lesser Mother of Time, Nightshade, Tansy, Tormentil, Valerian.

## Of Flowers of

Oranges, (if you can get them) Blue-bottle the greater, Beans, Water-Lilies, Lavender, Nut-tree, Cowslips, Sloes, Rosemary, Roses white, damask, and red, Satyrien, Lime-tree, Clove-gilliflowers, Violets.

# Of Fruits of

Oranges, Black Cherries, Pome Citrons, Quinces, Cucumbers, Strawberries, Winter Cherries, Lemons, Rasberries, unripe Walnuts, Apples.

Of parts of living Creatures and their excrements

Lobsters, Cockles, or Snails, Hartshorn, ascribed.

Bullocks dung made in May, Swallows, Earthworms, Magpies, Spawn of Frogs.

# SIMPLE WATERS DISTILLED. being digested before-hand.

Of the fresh Roots of Nettles. Of the leaves of Agrimony, wild Tansy, or Silverweed, Mugwort, Bettony, Marigolds, Chamomel, Chamepitys, Celandine, Pilewort, Scurvy-grass, Comfry the greater, Dandelyon, Ash-tree leaves, Eyebright, Fumitory, Alehoof, or ground Ivy, Horsetail, St. John's Wort, Yarrow, Moneywort, Restharrow, Solomon's Seal, Res solis, Rue, Savin, Saxifrage, Hart's tongue, Scordium, Tamarisk, Mullin, Vervain, Paul's Bettony, Mead-sweet, Nettles.

Of the Flowers of Mayweed, Broom, Cowslips, Butter-bur, Peony, Elder.

Of the berries of Broom, Elder.

*Culpeper.*] Then the College gives you

waters be better prepared for time to come, either in common stills, putting good store of ashes underneath, the roots and herbs being dryer, &c. or if they be full of Juice, by distilling the juice in a convenient bath, that so burning may be avoided, which hitherto hath seldom But let the other Herbs, Flowers, been. or Roots, be bruised, and by adding Tartar, common salt, or leven be digested, then putting spring water to them, distil them in an Alembick with its refrigeratory, or Worm, till the change of the taste shew the virtue to be drawn off; then let the oil (if any) be separated from the water according to art.

Into the number of these waters may be

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The Tears of Vines, the liquor of the Birch-tree, May dew.

Culpeper.] That my country may receive ! Fennel, the benefit of these waters, I shall first ? Primroses, Eye-bright. shew the temperatures, secondly, the virtues of the most usual and most easy to come by: If any should take exceptions that I mention not all, I answer first, I mention enough. Secondly, who ever makes this objection, they shew extreme ingratitude; for had I mentioned but only one, I had revealed more to them than ever the College intended they should know, or give me thanks for doing.

The qualities and appropriation of the simple Distilled Waters.

Simple distilled waters either cool or heat: such as cool, either cool the blood or choler.

Waters cooling the blood. Lettice, Purslain, Water Lilies, Violets, Sorrel Endive, Succory, Funitory.

Waters cooling and repressing choleric humours, Waters concocting Melancholy in the head, or vapours in the head.

Nightshade, Lettice, Water Lilies, Plantain, Poppies, viz. The flowers both of white black and red Poppies, black Cheries.

The breast and lungs. Violets, Poppies Rosemary. all three sorts, Colt's-foot.

In the heart. Sorrel, Quinces, Water Lilies, Roses, Violets, green or unripe Tamarisk, Time. Walnuts.

In the stomach. Quinces, Roses, Violets, Nightshade, Houseleeks, or Sengreen, Lettice, Purslain.

In the liver. Endive, Succory, Nightshade, Purslain, Water Lilies.

cory, Winter Cherries, Plantain, Water Lilies, Strawberries, Houseleek or Sengreen, black Cherries.

In the womb. Endive, Succory, Lettice, Water Lilies, Purslain, Roses.

Simple waters which are hot, concoct have hot coughs, or pestilences. either flegm or melancholy.

Waters concocting flegm in the head, are

Bettony, Sage, Marjoram, Chamomel, Calaminth, Rosemary-flowers,

In the breast and lungs. Maiden-hair, Bettony, Hysop, Horehound, Carduus Benedictus, Scabious, Orris, or Flower-deluces, Bawm, Self-heal, &c.

In the heart. Bawm, Rosemary.

In the stomach. Wormwood, Mints, Fennel, Chervil, Time, Mother of Time, Marigolds.

In the liver. Wormwood, Centaury, Origanum, Marjoram, Maudlin, Costmary, Agrimony, Fennel.

In the spleen. Water-cresses, Wormwood. Calaminth.

In the reins and bladder Rocket, Nettles, Saxifrage, Pellitory of the Wall, Alicampane, Burnet.

In the womb. Mugwort, Calaminth, Penny-royal, Savin, Mother of Time, Lovage.

Hops, Fumitory.

The breast. Bawm, Carduus Benedictus. The heart. Borrage, Bugloss, Bawm,

The liver. Endive, Chicory, Hops.

Dodder, Hart's-tongue, The spleen.

Having thus ended the appropriation, I shall speak briefly of the virtues of distilled waters.

Lettice water cools the blood when it is over-heated, for when it is not, it needs no cooling: it cools the head and liver, stays In the reins and bladder. Endive, Suc- hot vapours ascending to the head, and hinders sleep; it quenches immoderate thirst, and breeds milk in nurses, distil it in May.

Purslain water cools the blood and liver, quenches thirst, helps such as spit blood,

The distilled water of water Lily-flowers

4 C Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ® pleurisies, the head-ache, coming of heat, retentive faculty in man. fevers pestilential and not pestilential, as also hectic fevers.

blood, the heart, liver and lungs, over-i binding, the other loosening; if your body heated, and quenches an insatiable desire be costive, use Damask Rose water, beof drinking, they are in their prime about cause it is loosening: if loose, use red, the latter end of March, or beginning of because it is binding. April, according as the year falls out.

heart, liver, and spleen : If Venice Treacle flammations in the eyes, and for this it is be given with it, it is profitable in pestilen- better than the former. tial fevers, distil it in May.

against heat in the stomach; if you take frequently amongst corn, cools the blood an ounce of either (for their operation is and spirits over-heated by drinking or the same) morning and evening, four days labour, and is therefore excellent in surfets. one after another, they cool the liver, and cleanse the blood: they are in their prime; end of June or July, and bruised, and so in May.

Fumitory water is usual with the city pestilence. dames to wash their faces with, to take away *Plantuin* water helps the headache; being morphey, freckles, and sun-burning; in-dropped into the ear it helps the tooth-ache, wardly taken, it helps the yellow jaundice helps the phthisicks, dropsy and fluxes, and itch, cleanses the blood, provokes and is an admirable remedy for u.cers in sweat, strengthens the stomach, and cleanses the reins and bladder, to be used as comthe body of adust humours: it is in its mon drink: the herb is in its prime in May. prime in May and June.

The water of Nightshade helps pains in clarifies the blood, breaks the stone, helps the head coming of heat. Take heed you all inward inflammations, especially those distil not the deadly Nightshade instead of in the reins, bladder and passages of the the common, if you do, you may make urine; it strengthens the liver and helps mad work. Let such as have not wit the yellow jaundice. enough to know them asunder, have wit!

all heat against nature, helps head-aches obstructions of the liver and spleen, and coming of heat, and too long standing in kills worms. the sun. Distil them in June or July.

cools the blood and the bowels, and all? The water of Distilled Quinces strengthens internal parts of the body; helps such as the heart and stomach exceedingly, stays have the yellow jaundice, hot coughs and vomiting and fluxes, and strengthens the

Damask Rose water cools, comforts, and strengthens the heart, so doth Red Rose-The water of Violet flowers, cools the water, only with this difference, the one is

pril, according as the year falls out. White Rose water is generally known to The water of Sorrel cools the blood, be excellent against hot rheums, and in-

The water of Red Poppy flowers, called Endive and Succory water are excellent by many Corn-roses, because they grow so Green Walnuts gathered about the latter stilled, strengthen the heart, and resist the

Strawberry water cools, quenches thirst,

The distilled water of Dog grass, or enough to let them both alone till they do. Couch grass, as some call it, cleanses the The water of white Poppies extinguishes reins gallantly, and provokes urinc, opens

Black Cherry water provokes urine, helps colt's-foot water is excellent for burns to the dropsy. It is usually given in diseases wash the place with it; inwardly taken it of the brain, as convulsions, falling-sickhelps Phthisicks and other diseases incidences, palsy and apoplexy.

dent to the lungs, distil them in May or June. Betony is in its prime in May, the dis-

tilled water thereof is very good for such as are pained in their heads, it prevails against the dropsy and all sorts of fevers · it succours the liver and spleen, and helps want of digestion and evil disposition of the body thence arising; it hastens travail in women with child, and is excellent against the bitings of venomous beasts.

Distil Sage whilst the flowers be on it, August. the water strengthens the brain, provokes the The water of *Hore-hound*, helps the cough menses, helps nature much in all its actions. and straitness of the breast; it strengthens

*Marjoram* is in its prime in June, distilled water is excellent for such whose brains are too cold, it provokes urine, heats the womb, provokes the menses, strengthens the memory and helps the judgment, causes an able brain.

Distil Camomel water about the beginning of June. It eases the cholick and pains in the belly; it breaks the stone in the reins and bladder, provokes the menses, expels the dead child, and takes away pains in the head.

*Fennel* water strengthens the heart and brain; dilates the breast, the cough, provokes the menses, encreases milk in nurses, and if you wash your eyes with it, it clears the sight.

The Hooses of the fore feet of a Cow dried and taken any away, encrease milk in nurses, the smoke of them drives away mice. *Mizaldus*.

Calaminth water heats and cleanses the womb, provokes the menses, and eases the pains of the head, distil it in May.

The distilled water of Rosemary flowers, helps such as are troubled with the yellow Jaundice, Asthmas, it cleanses the blood, helps concoction, strengthens the brain and body exceedingly.

Water of the *flowers of Lilies* of the valley, strengthens the brain and all the senses.

The water of *Cowslip flowers* helps the palsey; takes away pains in the head, the vertigo and megrim, and is exceeding good for pregnant women.

The eyes being washed every morning with *Eyebright* water, most strangely clears and strengthens the sight.

Maidenhair distilled in May, the water cleanses both liver and lungs, clarifies the blood, and breaks the stone.

Hyssop water cleanses the lungs of flegin, helps coughs and Asthmas, distil it in August.

The water of *Hore-hound*, helps the cough and straitness of the breast; it strengthens the breast, lungs and stomach, and liver, distil it in June.

Carduus water succours the head, strengthens the memory, helps such as are troubled with vertigoes and quartan agues,

it provokes sweat, strengthens the heart, and all other fevers of choler. It is in its prime in May and June.

Scabious water helps pleurises and pains, and pricking in the sides; Aposthumes, coughs, pestilences, and straitness of the breast.

Water of *Flower-de-luce* is very profitable in dropsics, an ounce being drank continually every morning and evening; as also pains and torments in the bowels.

Bawm water distilled in May, restores memory, it quickens all the senses, strengthens the brain, heart, and stomach, causes a merry mind and a sweet breath.

The water of *Comfrey* solders broken bones, being drank, helps ruptures, outwardly it stops the bleeding of wounds, they being washed with it.

Wormwood water distilled cold, about the end of May, heats and strengthens the stomach, helps concoction, stays vomiting, kills worms in the stomach and bowels, it mitigates the pains in the teeth, and is profitably given in fevers of choler.

Mint water strengthens the stomach, helps concoction and stays vomiting, distil it in the latter end of May, or beginning of June, as the year is in forwardness or backwardness, observe that in all the rest.

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May, helps ruptures, breaks the stone, dis-; the passages of it from gravel. solves congealed blood, strengthens the; heart and stomach

The water of Mother of Time strengthens the brain and stomach, gets a man a good stomach to his victuals, provoke urine and the menses, heats the womb. It is in its ? prime about the end of June.

The water of Marigold flowers is appropriated to most cold diseases of the head. eyes, and stomach: they are in their vigour when the Sun is in the Lion.

The distilled water of Centaury comforts a cold stomach, helps in fever of choler, it kills worms, and provokes appetite.

Maudlin and Costmary water distilled in May or June, strengthens the liver, helps the yellow jaundice, opens obstructions, and helps the dropsy.

Water-cresses distilled in March, the water cleanses the blood, and provokes urine exceedingly, kills worms, outwardly mixed with honey, it clears the skin of morphew and sunburning.

Distil Nettles when they are in flower, the water helps coughs and pains in the bowels, provokes urine, and breaks the stone.

wind, breaks the stone, cleanses the reins and bladder of gravel, distil them when they are in flower.

The water of *Pellitory* of the Wall, opens obstructions of the liver and spleen, by drinking an ounce of it every morning; it cleanses the reins and bladder, and eases helps the hardness of the spleen, and the gripings of the bowels coming of wind. strengthens it. Distil it in the end of May, or beginning of June.

Cinquefoil water breaks the stone, cleanses the reins, and is of excellent use in putrified fevers. Distilit in May.

The water of Radishes breaks the stone, cleanses the reins and bladder, provokes the menses, and helps the yellow jaundice.

Chervil water distilled about the end of and lungs, provokes urine, and cleanses

Distil Burnet in May or June, the water breaks the stone, cleanses the passages of urine, and is exceeding profitable in pestilential times.

Mugwort water distilled in May, is excellent in coughs and diseases proceeding from stoppage of the menses, it warms the stomach, and helps the dropsy.

Distil *Penny-royal* when the flowers are upon it: the water heats the womb gallantly, provokes the menses, expels the afterbirth; cuts, and casts out thick and gross humours in the breast, eases pains in the bowels, and consumes flegm.

The water of *Lovage* distilled in May, eases pains in the head, and cures ulcers in the womb being washed with it; inwardly taken it expels wind, and breaks the stone.

The tops of *Hops* when they are young, being distilled, the water cleanses the blood of melancholy humours, and therefore helps scabs, itch, and leprosy, and such like diseases thence proceeding; it opens obstructions of the spleen, helps the rickets, and hypochondriac melancholy.

The water of Borrage and Bugloss dis-Saxifrage water provokes urine, expels tilled when their flowers are upon them, strengthens the heart and brain exceedingly, cleanses the blood, and takes away sadness, griefs and melancholy.

> Dodder water cleanses the liver and spleen, helps the yellow jaundice.

> Tamarisk water opens obstructions, and

English Tobacco distilled, the water is excellently good for such as have dropsy, to drink an ounce or two every morning; it helps ulcers in the mouth, strengthens the lungs, and helps such as have asthmas.

The water of Dwarf Elder, hath the same effects.

Thus you have the virtues of enough of Elicampane water strengthens the stomach cold waters, the use of which is for mixtures of other medicines, whose operation cold and flegm, chilliness of the spirits, is the same, for they are very seldom given &c.

alone: If you delight most in liquid medi- But that my countrymen may not be cines, having regard to the discase, and part i mistaken in this, I shall give them some of the body afflicted by it, these will fur-symptoms of each complexion how a man nish you with where withal to make them may know when it exceeds its due limits. so as will please your pallate best.

# COMPOUNDS. SPIRIT AND COM-POUND DISTILLED WATERS.

Culpeper.] Before I begin these, I thought good to premise a few words: They ? are all hot in operation, and therefore not fire, lightning, anger, and fighting. to be meddled with by people of hot constitutions when they are in health, for fear of fevers and adustion of blood, but for seem so) and fuller then ordinary; the skin people of cold constitutions, as melancholy is red, and as it were swollen; pricking and flegmatic people. If they drink of pains in the sides, and about the temples, them moderately now and then for recrea-; shortness of breath, head-ache, the pulse tion, due consideration being had to the great and full, urine high coloured and part of the body which is weakest, they thick, dreams of blood, &c. may do them good: yet in diseases of melancholy, neither strong watersnor sack is to be drank, for they make the humour foolish imaginations, the skin rough and thin, and then up to the head it flies, where swarthy, leanness, want of sleep, frightful it fills the brain with foolish and fearful dreams, sourness in the throat, the pulse imaginations.

2. Let all young people forbear them often sighing, &c. whilst they are in health, for their blood is usually hot enough without them.

so shall you find them more beneficial in much superfluities at the nose, little appe-Summer than in Winter, because in sum-itite to meat and as bad digestion, the skin mer the body is always coldest within, and whiter, colder and smoother than it was digestion weakest, and that is the reason; want to be; the pulse slow and deep: the why men and women eat less in Summer urine thick and low coloured : dreams of than in Winter.

Thus much for people in health, which i drink strong waters for recreation.

As for the medicinal use of them, it shall ; be shewed at the latter end of every receipt, is only in general they are (due respect had Spiritus et Aqua Absinthis minus Composita. to the humours afflicting, and part of the body afflicted) medicinal for diseases of lesser composition.

Signs of choler abounding.

Leanness of body, costiveness, hollow eyes, anger without a cause, a testy disposition, yellowness of the skin, bitterness in the throat, pricking pains in the head, the pulse swifter and stronger than ordinary, the urine higher coloured, thinner and brighter, troublesome sleeps, much dreaming of

# Signs of blood abounding.

The veins are bigger (or at least they

Signs of melancholy abounding.

Fearfulness without a cause, fearful and very weak, solitariness, thin clear urine,

# Signs of flegm abounding.

Sleepiness, dulness, slowness, heaviness, 3. Have regard to the season of the year, cowardliness, forgetfulness, much spitting rain, floods, and water, &c.

> These things thus premised, I come to the matter.

The first the College presents you with.

Or, Spirit and water of Wormwood, the

4 D

Wormwood two pounds, Annis seeds, half } a pound: steep them in six gallons of small wine twenty four hours, then distil them in an Alembick, adding to every pound of the distilled water two ounces of the best Sugar.

Let the two first pound you draw out be called Spirit of Wormwood, those which follow, Wormwood water the lesser composition.

Culpeper.] I like this distinction of the College very well, because what is first stilled out, is far stronger than the rest, and therefore very fitting to be kept by itself: you may take which you please, according as the temperature of your body, either to heat or cold, and the season of year requires.

It hath the same virtues Wormwood hath, only fitter to be used by such whose bodies are chilled by age, and whose natural heat abates. You may search the herbs for the virtues, it heats the stomach, and helps digestion.

The College.] After the same manner (only omitting the Annis seeds) is distilled spirit and water of Angelica, both Herb and Root, Bawm, Mints, Sage, &c. the Flowers of Rosemary, Clary, Clove-gilliflowers, &c. the seeds of Caraway, &c. Juniper-berries, Orange Pills, Lemons, Citrons, &c. Cinnamon, Nutmegs, &c.

Spiritus et Aqua Absynthii magis composita. Or spirit and water of Wormwood, the greater composition.

Take of common and The College.] Roman Wormwood, of each a pound; Sage, Mints, Bawm, of each two handfuls; the Roots of Galanga, Ginger, Calamus, Aromaticus, Elecampane, of each three drachms; Liquorice, an ounce, Raisins of the Sun stoned, three ounces, Annis seeds, and sweet Fennel seeds, of each three drachms; Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, of each two drachms ; Cardamoms, Cubebs,

College.] Take of the leaves of dryed, of each one drachm: let the things be cut that are to be cut, and the things be bruised that are to be bruised, all of them infused in twenty four pints of Spanish wine, for twenty four hours, then, distilled in an Alembick, adding two ounces of white sugar to every pint of distilled water.

> Let the first pint be called Spirit of Wormwood the greater composition.

> Culpeper.] The opinion of Authors is, That it heats the stomach, and strengthens it and the lungs, expels wind, and helps digestion in ancient people.

> Spiritus et Aqua Angelica magis composita. Or Spirit and water of Angelica, the greater composition.

> The College. Take of the leaves of Angelica eight ounces, of Carduus Benedictus six ounces, of Bawm and Sage, of each four ounces, Angelica seeds six ounces; sweet Fennel seeds nine ounces. Let the herbs, being dryed, and the seeds be grossly bruised, to which add of the species called Aromaticum Rosarum, and of the species called Diamoschu Dulce, of each an ounce and a half, infuse them two days in thirty two pints of Spanish Wine, then distil them with a gentle fire, and with every pound mix two ounces of sugar dissolved in Rose-water.

> Let the three first pounds be called by the name of Spirit, the rest by the name of water. *Culpeper.*] The chief end of composing this medicine, was to strengthen the heart and resist infection, and therefore is very wholesome in pestilential times, and for such as walk in stinking air.

I shall now quote you their former receipt in their former dispensatory.

Angelica water the greater composition. The College. Take of Angelica two pounds, Annis seed half a pound, Coriander and Caraway seeds, of each four ounces, Zedoary bruised, three ounces: steep them twenty four hours in six gallons of small wine, then draw out the spirit, and sweeten ; being tyed up in a rag, be hung into the it with sugar.

Culpeper.] It comforts the heart, cherishes the vital spirits, resists the pestilence, and all corrupt airs, which indeed are the natural causes of epidemical diseases, the sick may take a spoonful of it in any convenient cordial, and such as are in health, and have bodies either cold by nature, or cooled by age, may take as much either in the morning fasting, or a little before meat.

Spiritus Lavendula compositus Matthiæ. Or compound spirit of Lavender. Matthias.

The College.] Take of Lavender flowers one gallon, to which pour three gallons of the best spirits of wine, let them stand together in the sun six days, then distil them with an Alembick with this refrigeratory.

Take of the flowers of Sage, Rosemary, and Bettony, of each one handful; the flowers of Borrage, Bugloss, Lilies of the Valley, Cowslips, of each two handfuls: let the flowers be newly and seasonably gathered, being infused in one gallon of the best spirits of wine, and mingled with the foregoing spirit of Lavender flowers, adding the leaves of Bawm, Feather-few, and Orange tree fresh gathered; the flowers of Steechas and Orange tree, Lay berries, of each one ounce. After convenient digestion distil it again, after which add Citron pills the outward bark, Peony seed husked, of each six drams, cinnamon, Mace, Nutmegs, Cardamoms, Cubebs, yellow Sanders, of each half an ounce, Wood of Aloes one dram, the best Jujubes, the stones being taken out, half a pound, digest them six weeks, then strain it and filter it, and add to it prepared Pearls two drams, Emeralds prepared a scruple, Ambergrease, Musk, Saffron, of each half a scruple, red Roses dryed, red Sanders, of each half an ounce, yellow Sanders, Citron Pills, dryed, of each one dram. Let the species i mixed with white wine, and dropped into

aforementioned spirit.

Culpeper.] I could wish the Apothecaries would desire to be certified by the College. 1. Whether the gallon of Lavender flowers must be filled by heap, or by strike.  $\mathbf{2}.$ Next, whether the flowers must be pressed down in the measure or not. 3. How much must be drawn off in the first distillation. 4. Where they should get Orange leaves and flowers fresh gathered. 5. What they mean by convenient digestion. 6. Where you shall find Borrage, Bugloss, and Cowslips, flowering together, that so you may have them all fresh according to their prescript, the one flowering in the latter end of April, and beginning of May, the other in the end of June, and beginning of July. 7. If they can make a shift to make it, how, or which way the virtues of it will countervail the one half of the charge and cost, to leave the pains and trouble out.

# Spiritus Castorii.

# Or Spirit of Castoreum.

The College. Take of fresh Castoreum four ounces, Lavender flower an ounce, the tops of Sage and Rosemary, of each half an ounce, Cinnamon six drams, Mace, Cloves, of each two drachms, spirits of Wine rectified, six pounds, digest them in a phial filled only to the third part, close stopped with cork and bladder in warm ashes for two days, then distilled in Balneo Mariæ, and the distilled water kept close stopped.

Culpeper.] By reason of its heat it is no ways fit to be taken alone, but mixed with other convenient medicines appropriated to the diseases you would give it for, it resists poison, and helps such as are bitten by venomous beasts: it causes speedy delivery to women in travail, and casteth out the Placenta: it helps the fits of the mother, lethargies and convulsions, being

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the ears, it helps deafness; if stopping be pound, Peony flowers four ounces: steep the cause of it, the dcse to be given in-them together fourteen days, then distil wardly is between one dram, and half a them in Balneo Mariæ till they be dry: in dram, according to the strength and age of the distilled liquor infuse again male Peony the patient.

# Aqua Petasitidis composita.

Or, compound water of Butter-bur. The College.] Take of the fresh roots of Butter-bur bruised, one pound and a half, the roots of Angelica and Masterwort, of each half a pound, steep them in ten pints of strong Ale, then distil them till the change of the taste gives a testimony that the strength is drawn out.

being mixed with other convenient cordials, for such as have pestilential fevers : also a spoonful taken in the morning, may prove a good preservative in pestilential times: it helps the fits of the mother, and such as are short winded, and being taken inwardly, dries up the moisture of such sores as are hard to be cured.

Aqua Raphani Composita.

Or Compound water of Radishes.

The College. Take of the leaves of both sorts of Scurvy-grass, of each six pound, having bruised them, press the juice out of and Lemon pills, of each six drams, Clovethem, with which mix of the juice of brooklime, and Water-cresses, of each one pound and a half, of the best white winc, eight pounds, twelve whole Lemons, pills and all, fresh Briony roots four pound, the roots of wild Radishes two pound, Captain Winter's Cinnamon half a pound, Nutmegs four ounces, steep them altogether, and then distil them

Culpeper.] I fancy it not, and so I leave it; I suppose they intended it for purgation of women in child-bed.

Aqua Peoniæ Composita.

Or Compound water of Peony.

The College.] Take of the flowers of pound, and distilled in a glass still in Balneo Lilies of the Valley, one pound : infuse them in four gallons of Spanish wine so long residue may be strained through a linen till the following flowers may be had fresh. cloath, and be reduced to the thickness of

Take of the fore-named flowers half a Honey, and called the Bezoartic extract.

roots gathered in due time, two ounces and a half, white Dittany, long Birthwort, of each half an ounce, the leaves of Misselto of the Oak, and Rue, of each two handfuls, Peony seeds husked, ten drams, Rue seeds three drams and a half, Castoreum two scruples, Cubebs, Mace, of each two drachms, Cinnamon an ounce and a half, Squills prepared, three drachms, Rosemary flowers six pugils, Arabian Stæchas, Laven-Culpeper.] This water is very effectual der, of each four pugils, the flowers of Betony, Clove-gilli-flowers, and Cowslips, of each eight pugils, then adding four pound of the juice of black Cherries, distil it in a glass till it be dry.

# Aqua Bezoartica.

#### Or Bezoar Water.

College.] Take of the leaves of Celandine, roots and all, three handfuls and a half, Rue two handfuls, Scordium four handfuls, Dittany of Crete, Carduus, of each one handful and a half, Zedoary and Angelica roots, of each three drams, Citrons gilliflowers one ounce and a half, Red Rose, Centaury the less, of each two drams, Cinnamon, Cloves, of each three drams, Venice Treacle three ounces, Mithridates one ounce and a half, Camphire two scruples, Troches of Vipers two ounces, Mace two drams, Wood of Aloes half an ounce, Yellow Sanders one dram and a half, Carduus seeds one ounce, Citron seeds six drams, let them be cut and infused in spirits of Wine, and Malaga Wine, of each three pound and a half, Vinegar of Clovegilliflowers, Juice of Lemons, of each one Maria, after it is half distilled off, the

Culpeper.] Extracts have the same vir-jone pound and a half, the leaves and tues with the waters they are made from, flowers of Centaury the less, of each four only the different form is to please the jounces, steep them eight days in twelve palates of such whose fancy loathes any one pounds of white Wine, then distil them in particular form. an alembick.

This Bezoar water strengthens the heart, arteries, and vital spirits: It provokessweat, from ill air, and pestilential fevers: it opens and is exceeding good in pestilential fevers, obstructions of the liver, and helps such as in health it withstands melancholy and they say are liver-grown; it cases pains in consumptions, and makes a merry, blithe, the stomach, helps digestion, and eases such chearful creature. Of the extract you may as have pains in their bones by ill lodging take ten grains at a time, or somewhat abroad in the cold, it provokes appetite, more, if your body be not feverish, half and is exceeding good for the yellow jauna spoonful of water is sufficient at a time, dice, as also for prickings or stitches in the and that mixed with other cordials or medi-i sides : it provokes the menses, and expels cines appropriated to the disease that trou-{both birth and placenta: it is naught for bles you.

# Aqua et Spiritus Lambricorum, magistralis.

Or Water and Spirit of Earthworms.

Take of Earthworms well College. cleansed, three pound, Snails, with shells on their backs cleansed, two gallons, beat them in a mortar, and put them into a convenient vessel, adding stinging Nettles, College.] Take of Scabious, Burnet, roots and all, six handfuls, wild Angelica, Dragons, Bawm, Angelica, Pimpernel, four handfuls, brank Ursine, seven hand-] with purple flowers, Tormentil, roots and fuls, Agrimony, Bettony, of each three all, of each two handfuls, let all of them, handfuls, Rue one handful, common Worm- being rightly gathered and prepared, be wood two handfuls, Rosemary flowers six steeped in four gallons of Canary Wine, ounces, Dock roots ten ounces, the roots of still off three gallons in an alembick, to Sorrel five ounces, Turmerick, the inner which add three ounces of each of the bark of Barberries, of each four ounces, cordial Fenugreek seeds two ounces, Cloves three ounces, Saffron half an ounce, Turmerick ounces, Hart's-horn, Ivory in gross pow-itwo ounces, Galanga, Bazil seeds, of each der, of each four ounces, Saffron three one dram, Citron pills one ounce, the seed drams, small spirits of Wine four gallons of Citrons and Carduus, Cloves of each and a half, after twenty-four hours infusion, five ounces, Hart's-horn four ounces, steep distil them in an alembick. Let the four them twenty four hours and then distil first pounds be reserved for spirit, the rest them in Balneo Mariæ: to the distilled water for water.

Culpeper. may be they intended it for an universal two drams, Crabs claws, six drams, Bezoar, medicine.

# Aqua Gentianæ compositæ.

Or Gentian Water compound. College.] Take of Gentain roots sliced, may keep the powders for Spicord. temp.)

Culpeper.] It conduces to preservation pregnant women. If there be no fever, you may take a spoonful by itself; if there be, you may, if you please, mix it with some cooler medicine appropriated to the same use you would give it fer.

# Aqua Gilbertii.

## Or Gilbert's Water.

flowers, Clove-gilliflowers six

add Pearls prepared, an ounce and a half, 'Tis a mess altogether, it red Coral, Crabs eyes, white Amber, of each Ambergrease, of each two scruples, steep them six weeks in the sun, in a vessel well stopped, often shaking it, then filter it, (you by mixing twelve ounces of Sugar candy, leaves of Scordium four handfuls, old

for a cordial to strengthen the heart, to pounds, digest them two days, either in relieve languishing nature. It is exceed- Horse-dung, or in a bath, the vessel being ing dear. I forbear the dose, they that close shut, then distil them in sand; in the have money enough to make it themselves, distillation you may make a Theriacal excannot want time to study both the virtues traction. and dose: I would have gentlemen to be studious.

## Aqua cordialis frigida Saxeniæ

Bugloss, Bawm, Bistort, Tormentil, Scor- admirable counter-poison, special good for dium, Vervain, sharp-pointed Dock, Sorrel, such as have the plague, or are poisoned, or Goat's Rue, Mirrhis, Blue Bottle great and bitten by venomous beasts, and expels small, Roses, Marigolds, Lemon, Citrons, virulent humours from such as have the of each three ounces, white Wine Vinegar venereal disease. If you desire to know one pound, Purslain seeds two ounces, more virtues of it, see the virtues of Venice Citron and Carduus seeds, of each half an Treacle. The dose is from a spoonful to ounce, Water Lily flowers two ounces, an ounce. the flowers of Borrage, Bugloss, Violets, Clove-gilliflowers, of each one ounce, Or Briony Water compound. Diatrion Sentalon six drams: let all of them, being rightly prepared, be infused roots, four pounds, the leaves of Rue and three days, then distilled in a glass still : Mugwort, of each two pounds, dryed Savın to the distilled Liquor add earth of Lemnos, three handfuls, Featherfew, Nep, Penny-Siletia, and Samos, of each one ounce and royal, of each two handfuls, Bazil, Dittany, an half, Pearls prepared with the juice of of Crete, of each one handful and a half, Citrons, three drams, mix them, and keep Orange pills four ounces, Myrrh two them together.

and therefore profitable in fevers, and all convenient vessel, then still them in Balneo diseases proceeding of heat of blood; it Mariæ: About the middle of the distillaprovokes sleep. You may take half an tion strain it out, and make an Hysterical ounce at a time, or two drams if the party extraction of the residue. be weak.

# Aqua Theriacalis.

College.] Walnuts, four pounds, the juice of Rue wife by heedlessness or accident hath left three pounds, juice of Carduus, Marigolds, behind; it cleanses the womb exceedingly, and Bawm, of each two pounds, green; and for that I fancy it much, take not above Petasitis roots one pound and a half, the a tasterful at a time, and then in the morroots of Burs one pound, Angelica and ning fasting, for it is of a purging quality, Master-wort, of each half a pound, the and let pregnant women forbear it.

with six ounces of red Rose-water, and four Venice Treacle, Mithridates, of each eight ounces of spirit of Cinnamon with it. Culpeper. I suppose this was invented Vinegar six pounds, juice of Lemons two

Culpeper.] This water is exceeding good in all fevers, especially pestilential; it expels venomous humours by sweat; it College.] Take of the juice of Borrage, strengthens the heart and vitals; it is an

# Aqua Brioniæ composita.

College.] Take of the juice of Briony ounces, Castoreum one ounce, Canary Wine Culpeper.] It mightily cools the blood, twelve pounds, digest them four days in a

> Culpeper.] A spoonful of it taken, eases the fits of the mother in women that Or Treacle Water. have them; it potently expels the after-Take of the juice of green birth, and clears the body of what a mid-

# Aqua Imperialis. Or Imperial Water.

Orange pills, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, of each two ounces, the roots of Cypress, Orris, Florentine, Calamus Aromaticus, of each one ounce, Zedoary Galanga, Ginger, of each half an ounce, the tops of Cinnamon water with each pound. Lavender and Rosemary, of each two Bawm, Mints, Sage, Thyme, of each one Diascoridum to it, it is a water for Diasco-Roses fresh, of each half a handful, Rosewater four pounds, white Wine eight pounds, let all of them be bruised and infused twenty four hours, then distil them according to art.

Culpeper.] You must distil it in a bath, and not in sand: It comforts and strengthens the heart against faintings and swoonings, and is held to be a preservative against Violet-water, of each a pound and a half; consumptions and apoplexies. You may take half a spoonful at a time.

#### Aqua Mirabilis.

College. Take of Cloves, Galanga, Cubebs, Mace, Cardamoms, Nutmegs, a pound, Cinnamon bruised, half an ounce, Ginger, of each one dram, Juice of Celan- distilit in a glass still according to art. dinc half a pound, spirits of Wine one pounds with an alembick.

regard the stomach, and therefore the water or other sickness: It is a sovereign remedy heats cold stomachs, besides authors say it; for hectic fevers, and Marasmos, which preserves from apoplexies, and restores is nothing else but a consumption coming lost speech.

#### Aqua Protheriacalis.

Take of Scordium, Scabius, College.] Carduus, Goat's Rue, of each two handfuls, Citron and Orange pills, of each two ounces,

Carduus water, in a glass, close stopped, and set it in the sun of bath for a fortnight, The College.] Take of dried Citron, and soften shaking it, then distilit in Balneo Maria. Let the two first pounds be kept by themselves for use, and the remainder of the distillation by itself: Lastly, mix one ounce. of Julep of Alexandria, and a spoonful of

Culpeper.] Aqua Protheriacalis, signifies nandfuls, the leaves of Bay, Marjoram, a water for Treacle, so then if you put handful, the flowers of white and Damask ridum; well then, we will take it for a general water for all physick.

# Aqua Caponis. Or Capon Water.

Take a Capon the guts being College.] pulled out, cut in pieces, the fat being taken away, boiled in a sufficient quantity of spring-water in a close vessel, take of this broth three pounds. Borrage and white Wine one pound, red rose leaves two drams and an half, the flowers of Borrage, Violets and Bugloss, of each one dram, pieces of bread, hot out of the oven, half

Culpeper.] The simples are most of

pound, white Wine three pounds, infuse them appropriated to the heart, and in them twenty-four hours, and draw off two truth the composition greatly nourishes and strengthens such as are in consumptions,

Culpeper.] The simples also of this, and restores lost strength, either by fevers from them. Let such as are subject to these diseases, hold it for a jewel.

# Aqua Limacum Magistr. Or Water of Snails.

College.] Take of the juice of Ground the seeds of Citrons, Carduus, Hartwort, Ivy, Colt's-foot, Scabious, Lungwort, of Treacle, Mustard, of each one ounce, the each one pound and a half, the juice of flowers of Marigolds and Rosemary, of Purslain, Plantain, Ambrosia, Paul's Beteach one handful, cut them, and bruise tony, of each a pound, Hog's blood, white them grossly, then infuse them in four Wine, of each four pounds, Garden Snails, pounds of white Wine, and two pounds of two pound, dried Tobacco leaves eight,

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rage, of each four pugils, steep them three leaden still till they be dry. days warm, and then distil them in a glass still, in sand.

*Culpeper.* It purges the lungs of flegm and helps consumptions there. If you should happen to live where no better nor readier medicine can be gotten, you may use this.

#### Aqua Scordii composita.

Or Compound Water of Scordium. College.] Take of the juice of Goat's Rue, Sorrel, Scordium, Citrons, of each one pound, London Treacle, half a pound, steep it three days, and distil it in sand.

Culpeper. A tasterful taken in the morning, preserves from ill airs.

#### Aqua Mariæ.

College.] Take of Sugar Candy a pound, Canary Wine six ounces, Rose Water four ounces; boil it well into a Syrup, and add to it Imperial water two pounds, Ambergreese, Musk, of each eighteen grains, Saffron fifteen grains, yellow Sanders infused in Imperial water, two drams; make a clear water of it.

#### Aqua Papaveries composita.

Or Poppy Water compound.

sprinkle them with white Wine two pounds, and put so much small spirits of Wine to then distil them in a common still, let the them, that it may overtop them the thickand repeated three times; to which dis- and set it in the sun two days, then strain ness; if the sharpness be more than you your use. would have it, put some of the same water to it which was not set in the sun.

Aqua Juglandium composita. Or Walnut Water compound.

powder of Liquorice two ounces, of Ele- College. Take of green Walnuts a campane half an ounce, of Orris an ounce, pound and an half, Radish roots one Cotton seeds an ounce and a half, the pound, green Asarabacca six ounces, Radish greater cold seeds, Annis seeds of each six seeds, six ounces. Let all of them, being drams, Saffron one dram, the flowers of bruised, be steeped in three pounds of white red Roses, six pugils, of Violets and Bor- Wine for three days, then distilled in a

# TINCTURES.

# Tinctura Croci.

Or Tincture of Saffron.

College.] Take two drams of Saffron, eight ounces of Treacle water, digest them six days, then strain it.

*Culpeper.*] See the virtues of Treacle water, and then know that this strengthens the heart something more, and keeps melancholy vapours thence by drinking a spoonful of it every morning.

## Tinctura Castorii.

#### Or Tincture of Castoreum.

*College.*] Take of Castoreum in powder half an ounce, spirit of Castoreum half a pound, digest them ten days cold, strain it, and keep the Liquor for Tincture.

Culpeper.] A learned invention! 'Tis something more prevalent than the spirit.

#### Tinctura Fragroram.

Or Tincture of Strawberries.

Take of ripe Wood-straw-College. College.] Take of red Poppies four pounds, berries two pounds, put them in a phial, distilled water be poured upon fresh flowers i ness of four fingers, stop the vessel close, tilled water add two Nutmegs sliced, red it, and press it but gently; pour this spirit Poppy flowers a pugil, Sugar two ounces, to as many fresh Strawberries, repeat this set it in the sun to give it a pleasing sharp-isix times, at last keep the clear liquor for

Culpeper.] A fine thing for Gentlemen that have nothing else to do with their money, and it will have a lovely look to please their eyes.

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# Tinctura Scordii.

Or Tincture of Scordium.

Aqua Aluminosa Magistralis.

College.] Take of Plantain and red College.] Take of the leaves of Scor- Rose water, of each a pound, roch Alum dium gathered in a dry time, half a pound, and Sublimatum, of each two drams; let digest them in six pounds of small spirits of the Alum and Sublimatum, being in pow-Wine, in a vessel well stopped, for three der, boil in the waters, in a vessel with a days, press them out gently, and repeat the narrow mouth till half be consumed, when infusion three times, and keep the clarified it has stood five days, strain it. liquor for use.

So is made Tincture of Celandine, Restharrow, and Rosa-solis.

*Culpeper.*] See the herbs for the virtues, and then take notice that these are better for cold stomachs, old bodies.

Tinctura Theriacalis vulgo Aqua Theriacalis

# · Ludg. per infus.

Or Tincture of Treacle.

College.] Take of Canary Wine often times distilled, Vinegar in which half an ounce of Rue seeds have been boiled, two pounds choice treacle, the best Mithridate, breaks wind, helps the wind cholic, of each half a pound; mix them and set them in the sun, or heat of a bath, digest helps the green sickness. them, and keep the water for use.

Tinctura Cinnamoni, vulgo, Aqua Clareta Cinnam.

Or Tincture of Cinnamon.

College.] Take of bruised Cinnamon two ounces, rectified spirits of Wine two manner. It wonderfully clears the sight pounds, infuse them four days in a large being drank, and revives the sight of elderly glass stopped with cork and bladder, shake men: A cup of it in the morning is worth it twice a day, then dissolve half a pound a pair of spectacles. of Sugar Candy by itself in two pounds of Rose water, mix both liquors, into which manner. hang a nodule containing, Ambergris half a scruple, Musk four grains.

Tinctura Viridis.

Or a green Tincture.

ounce, Auripigmentum six drams, Alum it and take it in the same manner. three drams, boil them in a pound of white Wine till half be consumed, adding, after it is cold, the water of red Roses, and Nightshade, of each six ounces.

ulcers, but I fancy it not. Calif - Dig of Sugar being added to every pound, let

# PHYSICAL WINES.

Vinum Absynthitis. Or Wormwood Wine.

College.] Take a handful of dried Wormwood, for every gallon of Winc, stop it in a vessel close, and so let it remain in steep: so is prepared wine of Rosemary flowers, and Eye-bright.

*Culpeper.*] It helps cold stomachs, strengthens the stomach, kills worms, and

Rosemary-flower Wine, is made after the same manner. It is good against all cold diseases of the head, consumes flegm, strengthens the gums and teeth.

Eye-bright Wine is made after the same

All other Wines are prepared in the same

The best way of taking any of these Wines is, to drink a draught of them every morning. You may, if you find your body old or cold, make Wine of any other herb, College.] Take of Verdigris, half an the virtues of which you desire; and make

Vinum Cerassorum Nigrorum.

Or Wine of Black Cherries.

College. ] Take a gallon of Black Cherries, keep it in a vessel close stopped till it Culpeper.] This was made to cleanse begin to work, then filter it, and an ounce

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keep in a vessel close stopped for use.

# Vinum Helleboratum.

#### Or Helleborated Wine.

College.] 'Take of white Hellebore cut small, four ounces, Spanish Wine two pounds, steep it in the sun in a phial close stopped, in the dog days, or other hot weather.

# Vinum Rubellum.

College.] Take of Stibium, in powder, one ounce, Cloves sliced two drams, Claret Wine two pounds, keep it in a phial close shut.

# Vinum Benedictum.

Take of Crocus Metallorum, College. in powder, one ounce, Mace one dram, Spanish Wine one pound and an half, steep it.

# Vinum Antimoniale.

## Or Antimonial Wine.

College.] Take of Regulus of Antimony, in powder, four ounces, steep it in three pounds of white Wine in a glass well stopped, after the first shaking let the Regulus settle.

Culpeper.] These last mentioned are vomits, and vomits are fitting medicines for but a few, the mouth being ordained to : take in nourishment, not to cast out excrements, and to regulate a man's body in vomiting; and doses of vomits require a deeper study in physic, than I doubt the then the bare simples whereof they are generality of people yet have; I omit it made; so are Vinegars for hot bodies. therefore at this time, not because I grudge Besides, Vinegars are often, nay, most comit my country, but because I would not monly used externally, viz. to bathe the willingly have them do themselves a mis- place, then look amongst the simples, and chief, I shall shortly teach them in what see what place of the body the simple is diseases vomits may be used, and then, and appropriated to, and you cannot but know not till then, the use of vomits.

# Vinum Scilliticum.

Or Wine of Squills.

College.] Take of a white Squill of the mountains, gathered about the rising of the dog star, cut it in thin pieces, and dried for ; which is between the outward bark and the a month, one pound, put it in a glass bottle, i bottom, cut in thin slices, and placed thirty

it pass through Hippocrates' sleeve, and and when it hath stood so four days, take out the Squill.

> The virtues of this are the same with Vinegar of Squills, only it is hotter.

# PHYSICAL VINEGARS.

# Acetum distillatum. Or distilled Vinegar.

College.] Fill a glass or stone alembick with the best Vinegar to the third part, separate the flegm with a gentle fire, then encrease the fire by degrees, and perform the work.

## Acetum Rosarum. Or Rose Vinegar.

College.] Takeof red Rose buds, gathered in a dry time, the whites cut off, dried in the shade three or four days, one pound, Vinegar eight sextaries, set them in the sun forty days, then strain out the Roses, and repeat the infusion with fresh ones.

After the same manner is made Vinegar of Elder flowers, Rosemary flowers, and Clove-gilliflowers.

Culpeper.] For the virtues of all Vinegars, take this one only observation, They carry the same virtues with the flowers whereof they are made, only as we said of Wines, that they were better for cold bodies both what Vinegar to use, and to what place to apply it.

# Acetum Scilliticum. Or Vinegar of Squils.

College.] Take of that part of the Squill and pour to it eight pounds of French Wine, for forty days in the sun or some remiss heat, then a pound of them (being cut dram, Saffron three drams, of these let the small with a knife made of ivory or some Saffron, Hart's-horn, Dittany, and Bole, white wood) being put in a vessel, and six } pounds of Vinegar put to them; set the ves- i things before mentioned, in five pints of sel, being close stopped, in the sun thirty or Vinegar, for certain days by a temperate forty days, afterwards strain it, and keep it i for use.

Culpeper. A little of this medicine being taken in the morning fasting, and walking half an hour after, preserves the body in health, to extreme old age, (as Samus tried, who using no other medicine but this, lived in perfect health till one hundred and seventeen years of age) it Rose, and Elder flower Vinegar, of each makes the digestion good, a long wind, a clear voice, an acute sight, a good colour, days, then strain it through Hippocrates' it suffers no offensive thing to remain in the sleeve. body, neither wind, flegm, choler, melancholy, dung, nor urine, but brings them forth; it brings forth filth though it lie in the bones, it takes away salt and sour belchings, though a man be never so licentious in diet, he shall feel no harm: It hath cured such as have the phthisic, that have been given over by all Physicians : It cures such as have the falling sickness, gouts, and diseases and swellings of the joints: It takes away the hardness of the liver and splcen. We should never have done if we should reckon up the particular benefits of this medicine: Therefore we commend it as a wholesome medicine for soundness of body, preservation of health, and vigour of mind. Thus Galen.

# Acetum Theriacale, Norimberg.

Or Treacle Vinegar. College.] Take of the roots of Celandine the greater, one ounce and a half: the roots of Angelica, Masterwort, Gentian, Bistort, Valerian, Burnet, white Dittany, Elecampane, Zedoary, of each one dram, of Plantain the greater one dram and a half, the leaves of Mousear, Sage, Scabious, Scor-

be tied up in a rag, and steeped with the heat in a glass well stopped, strain it, and

add six drams of the best Treacle to it, shake it together, and keep it for your use.

# Acetum Theriacale.

# Or Treacle Vinegar.

College. Add to the description of Treacle water, Clove-gilliflowers two ounces, Lavender flowers an ounce and a half, four pounds, digest it without boiling, three

Culpeper.] See Treacle Water for the virtues, only this is more cool, a little more fantastical.

# DECOCTIONS.

Decoctum commune pro clystere.

Or a common Decoction for a Clyster. College.] Take of Mallows, Violets, Pellitory, Bcets, and Mercury, Chamomel flowers, of each one handful, sweet Fennel seeds half an ounce, Linseeds two drams. boil them in a sufficient quantity of common water to a pound.

Culpeper.] This is the common decoction for all clysters, according to the quality of the humour abounding, so you may add what Simples, or Syrups, or Electuaries you please; only half a score Linseeds, and a handful of Chamomel flowers are added.

#### Decoctum Epythimi.

Or a Decoction of Epithimum.

College.] . Take of Myrobalans, Chebs, and Inds, of each half an ounce, Steechas, dium, Dittany of Crete, Carduus, of each Raisins of the sun stoned, Epithimum, half an handful, barks and seeds of Citrons, Senna, of each one ounce, Fumitory half of each half a dram, Bole Amoniac one i an ounce, Maudlin five drams, Polipodium

six drams, Turbith half an ounce, Whey ; made with Goat's milk, or Heifer's milk four ? College.] 'Take of Agrimony, Mugwort. pounds, let them all boil to two pounds, wild Angelica, St. John's Wort, Mousear, a second or two, then take it from the fire, handful, Southernwood, Bettony, Bugloss, one dram and an half, steep them ten hours, Tormentil with the roots, the buds of Barthen press it strongly out.

CTOTA.

jewel.

# Decoctum Sennæ Gereonis. Or a Decoction of Senna.

Pollipodium half an ounce, Ginger one let it be scummed and kept for use. dram, Raisins of the sun stoned two ounces, Sebestens, Prunes, of each twelve, do you good, this is as like to do it as any the flowers of Borrage, Violets, Roses, and I know. Rosemary, of each two drams, boil them in four pounds of water till half be consumed.

Culpeper.] It is a common Decoction for any purge, by adding other simples or compounds to it, according to the quality of the humour you would have purged, yet, in itself, it chiefly purges melancholy.

## Decoctum Pectorale.

Or a Pectoral Decoction.

stoned, an ounce, Sebestens, Jujubes, of advertise thee of these few things, which each fifteen, Dates six, Figs four, French concern the nature, making, and use of Syrups Barley one ounce, Liquorice half an ounce, in general. 1. A Syrup is a medicine of Maiden-hair, Hyssop, Scabious, Colt's-foot, a liquid body, compounded of Decoction, of each one handful, boil them in three Infusion, or Juice, with Sugar or Honey, pounds of water till two remain. -----

propriated to the lungs, and therefore Honey is not of a thickness, understand causes a clear voice, a long wind, resists; new Honey, which of all other is thinnest. Loughs, hoarseness, asthmas, &c. You 3. The reason why Decoctions, Infusions, may drink a quarter of a pint of it every Juices, are thus used, is, Because thereby, morning, without keeping to any diet, for First, They will keep the longer. Secondly, it purges not.

I shall quote some Syrups fitting to be Syrups have a great care of their just conmixed with it, when I come to the Syrups. sistence, for if you boil them too much

# Decoctum Trumaticum.

the Epithimum excepted, which boil but of each two handfuls, Wormwood half a and add black Hellebore one dram and Comfrey the greater and lesser, roots and an half, Agerick half a dram, Sal. Gem. all, Avens, both sorts of Plantain, Sanicle, berries and Oak, of each a handful, all Culpeper.] It purges melancholy, as these being gathered in May and June also choler, it resists madness, and all and diligently dried, let them be cut and diseases coming of melancholy, and there-put up in skins or papers against the time fore let melancholy people esteem it as a of use, then take of the forenamed herbs three handfuls, boil them in four pounds of conduit water and two pounds of white Wine gently till half be consumed, strain it, College.] Take of Senna two ounces, and a pound of Honey being added to it,

Culpeper.] If sight of a medicine will

#### ALTERING SYRUPS.

*Culpeper.*] READER, before we begin College.] Take of Raisins of the sun with the particular Syrups, I think good to and brought by the heat of the fire, into Culpeper.] The medicine is chiefly ap-{the thickness of Honey. 2. Because all They will taste the better. 4 In boiling they will candy, if too little, they will sour. 5. All simple Syrups have the virtues of the simples they are made of, and are far more convenient for weak people, and pounds, white Sugar five pounds, boil them delicate stomachs.

# Syrupus de Absinthio simplex.

#### Or Syrup of Wormwood simple.

The College.] Take of the clarified Juice Vinegar by degrees, perfect the Syrup. of common Wormwood, clarified Sugar, of each four pounds, make it into a Syrup ac- with the Vinegar over the fire, scum it, but cording to art. After the same manner, boil it not. are prepared simple Syrups of Betony, Borrage, Bugloss, Carduus, Chamomel, Succory, Endive, Hedge-mustard, Straw- College. Take of white Sugar five berries, Fumitory, Ground Ivy, St. John's pounds, white Wine Vinegar two pounds, Wort, Hops, Mercury, Mousear, Plantain, by melting it in a bath, make it into a Apples, Purslain, Rasberries, Sage, Scabi- Syrup. ous, Scordium, Houseleek, Colt's-foot, Paul's Bettony, and other Juices not sour. I one use which he finds by experience to be you may easily know both their virtues, and both of them cut flegm, as also tough,

delicate stomachs when they are made into ; cool the body, quench thirst, provoke urine, Syrups.

# Syrupus de Absinthio Compositus.

Or Syrup of Wormwood compound. meanly dry, half a pound, red Roses two it to operate, it will work the easier, but if for ounces, Indian Spikenard three drams, any of the foregoing occasions, take it with old white Wine, juice of Quinces, of each a liquorice stick. two pounds and an half, steep them a whole day in an earthen vessel, then boil them gently, and strain it, and by adding two? College. Take of the roots of Smallage, pounds of sugar, boil it into a Syrup accord- Fennel, Endive, of each three ounces, the ing to art.

in this; and the receipt is appropriated to Watersix pounds, boil it gently in an earthen cold and flegmatic stomachs, and it is an vessel till half the water be consumed, then admirable remedy for it, for it strengthens strain and clarify it, and with three pounds both stomach and liver, as also the instru- of Sugar, and a pound and a half of white ments of concoction, a spoonful taken in Wine Vinegar, boil it into a Syrup. the morning, is admirable for such as have [ Culpeper.] This in my opinion is a a weak digestion, it provokes an appetite to gallant Syrup for such whose bodies are one's victuals, it prevails against the yellow stuffed either with flegm, or tough humours, jaundice, breaks wind, purges humours by for it opens obstructions or stoppings both urine. Univ Calif - Digitize4 by Microsoft @

# Syrupus de Acetosus simplex. Or Syrup of Vinegar simple.

College.] Take of clear Water four in a glazed vessel over a gentle fire, scumming it till half the water be consumed, then by putting in two pounds of white Wine

Culpeper.] That is, only melt the Sugar

# Syrupus Acetosus simplicior.

Or Syrup of Vinegar more simple.

Culpeper.] Of these two Syrups let every Culpeper.] See the simples, and then best; the difference is but little. They also that they are pleasanter and fitter for, hard viscous humours in the stomach; they and prepare the stomach before the taking of a vomit. If you take it as a preparative for an emetic, take half an ounce of it when College.] Take of common Wormwood you go to bed the night before you intend

#### Syrupus Acetosus compositus.

Or Syrup of Vinegar compound.

seeds of Annis, Smallage, Fennel, of each Culpeper.] Mesue is followed verbatim one ounce, of Endive half an ounce, clear

of the stomach, liver, spleen, and reins;

it cuts and brings away tough flegm and four hours in three ounces of white Wine, choler, and is therefore a special remedy Radish and Fumitory water, of each two for such as have a stuffing at their stomach. pounds, then boil it away to one pound

# Syrupus de Agno Casto.

Or Syrup of Agnus Castus.

Hemp, of each half a dram, of Endive, Wine Vinegar, two ounces, boil the rest Lettice, Purslain, Gourds, Melons, of each with a pound and an half of white sugar two drams, of Fleawort half an ounce, of into a Syrup, adding the mixtures of the Agnus Castus four ounces, the flowers of Gum at the end. Water Lilies, the leaves of Mints, of each? Culpeper.] It cools the liver, and opens half a handful, decoction of seeds of Lentils, obstructions both of it and the spleen, helps and Coriander seeds, of each half an ounce, sold surfeits, and such like diseases, as scabs, three pounds of the decoction, boil them itch, leprosy, and what else proceed from all over a gentle fire till two pounds be con-i the liver over heated. You may take an sumed, add to the residue, being strained, ounce at a time. two ounces of juice of Lemons, a pound and a half of white sugar, make it into a Syrup according to art.

little.

#### Syrupus de Althæa.

#### Or Syrup of Marsh-mallows.

lows, two ounces, the roots of Grass Aspara-jof each a handful, the roots of Fennel, gus, Liquorice, Raisins of the Sun stoned, Smallage, Parsley, Sparagus, Bruscus, of each half an ounce, the tops of Mallows, Saxifrage, Elecampane, Cypress, Madder, Marsh-mallows, Pellitory of the Wall, Orris, Peony, of each an ounce, Juniper Burnet, Plantain, Maiden-hair white and Berries, the seeds of Lovage, Parsley, black, of each a handful, red Cicers an Smallage, Annis, Nigella, Carpobalsamum ounce, of the four greater and four lesser or Cubebs, Costus, Cassia Lignea, Cardacold seeds, of each three drams, boil them moms, Calamus Aromaticus, the roots of in six pounds of clear Water till four remain, Asarabacca, Pellitory of Spain, Valerian, which being strained, boil into a syrup with of each half an ounce, being cleansed, cut, four pounds of white sugar.

slipery Syrup, and chiefly commendable for and boiled till half be consumed, being the cholic, stone, or gravel, in the kidneys taken off from the fire, and rubbed between or bladder.

# Syrupus de Ammoniaca.

Or Syrup of Ammoniacum.

of each four handfuls, common Wormwood | nard, of each three drams. an ounce, the roots of Succory, Sparagus, [ Culpeper.] It helps the passion of the

eight ounces, let it settle, in four ounces of which, whilst it is warm, dissolve by itself College.] Take of the seeds of Rue and Gum Ammoniacum, first dissolved in white

# Syrupus de Artemisia.

# Or Syrup of Mugwort.

College.] Take of Mugwort two hand-Culpeper.] A pretty Syrup, and good for I fuls, Pennyroyal, Calaminth, Origanum, Bawm, Arsmart, Dittany of Crete, Savin, Marjoram, Germander, St. John's Wort, Camepitis, Featherfew with the flowers, College.] Take of roots of Marsh-mal- Centaury the less, Rue, Bettony, Bugloss, and bruised, let them be infused twenty-Culpeper.] It is a fine cooling, opening, four hours in fourteen pounds of clear water, your hands whilst it is warm, strain it, and with honey and sugar, of each two pounds, sharp Vinegar fourounces, boil it to a Syrup, College.] Take of Maudlin and Cetrach, and perfume it with Cinnamon and Spike-

bark of Caper roots, of each two ounces, inatrix, and retains it in its place, it disafter due preparation steep them twenty- solves the coldness, wind, and pains thereof:

it strengthens the nerves, opens the pores, jaundice. You may take them with a corrects the blood, it corrects and provokes Liquorice stick, or take a spoonful in the the menses. You may take a spoonful of morning fasting. it at a time.

Syrupus de Betonica compositus.

Syrupus Botryos. Or Syrup of Oak of Jerusalem.

Or Syrup of Bettony compound.

fuls, Marjoram four handfuls and a half, fuls, Colt's-foot, one handful and a half. Thyme, red Roses, of each a handful, Violets, boil them in a sufficient quantity of clear Steechas, Sage, of each half a handful, the water till half be consumed; to two pounds seeds of Fennel, Annis, and Animi, of each of the Decoction, add two pounds of the half an ounce, the roots of Peons, Poly-Juice of Turnips baked in an oven in a podium, and Fennel, of each five drams, close pot, and with three pounds of white boil them in six pounds of river water, to sugar, boil it into a Syrup. three pounds, strain it, and add juice of [ Culpeper.] This Syrup was composed Bettony two pounds, sugar three pounds against coughs, shortness of breath, and and a half, make it into a Syrup.

cold, both in the head and stomach, as also it) you may take it with a Liquorice stick. such as come of wind, vertigos, madness; it concocts melancholy, it provokes the menses, and so doth the simple Syrup more than the compound.

Syrupus Byzantinus, simple.

of Endive and Smallage, of each two pounds, sing, with a pound and a half of fine sugar of Hops and Bugloss, of each one pound, boil them together and scum them, and to the clarified liquor, add four pounds of stomach, strengthens the lungs, and helps white sugar, to as much of the juices, and with a gentle fire boil it to a Syrup.

Syrupus Byzantinus, compound.

College.] Take of the Juices so ordered as in the former, four pounds, in which boil red Roses, two ounces, Liquorice half an ounce, the seeds of Annis, Fennel, and Smallage, of each three drams, Spikenard pounds, Rose Water two ounces and a half, two drams, strain it, and to the three pounds remaining, add two pounds of Vinegar, dram, Ginger two scruples, Sugar three four pounds of Sugar, make it into a syrup jounces and a half, boil it to the consistence according to art.

Culpeper.] They both of them (viz. grains, Musk one grain.

College.] Take of Oak of Jerusalem. College.] Take of Bettony three hand- Hedge-mustard, Nettles, of each two hand-

other the like infirmities of the breast pro-Culpeper.] It helps diseases coming of ceeding of cold, for which (if you can get

Syrupus Capillorum Veneris.

Or Syrup of Maiden-hair.

College.] 'Take of Liquorice two ounces, Maiden-hair five ounces, steep them a natural day in four pounds of warm water, College.] Take of the Juice of the leaves then after gentle boiling, and strong strainmake it into a Syrup.

> *Culpeper.*] It opens stoppings of the the infirmities of them. This may be taken also either with a Liquorice stick, or mixed with the Pectoral Decoction like Syrup of Coltsfout.

Syrupus Cardiacus, vel Julepum Cardiacum. Or a Cordial Syrup.

College.] Take of Rhenish Wine two Cloves two scruples, Cinnamon half a a Julep, adding Ambergris three of

both Simple and Compound) open stopp- [ Culpeper.] If you would have this Julep ings of the stomach, liver, and splcen, help keep long, you may put in more sugar, the rickets in children, cut and bring and yet if close stopped, it will not easily away tough flegm, and help the yellow corrupt because it is made up only of Wine, Univ Calif - Digilized by Microsof ®

tity of sugar according to the palate of a Syrup like Syrup of Clove-gilliflowers. him that takes it. It restores such as are in consumptions, comforts the heart, opening quality, thereby carrying away those vapours which might otherwise annoy the brain and heart: You may take and ounce at a time, or two if you please.

Syrupus infusionis florum Cariophillorum.

Or Syrup of Clove-gilliflowers.

College.] Take a pound of Clove-gilliflowers, the whites being cut off, infuse them ; a whole night in two pounds of water, then with four pounds of sugar melted in it, may see the virtues of them: they all cool make it into a Syrup without boiling.

Culpeper. This Syrup is a fine temperate Syrup: it strengthens the heart, liver, and stomach; it refreshes the vital spirits, and is a good cordial in fevers; and usually mixed with other cordials, you can hardly err in taking it, it is so harm-? Pills five ounces, the berries of Chermes, less a Syrup.

> Syrupus de Cinnamomo. Or Syrup of Cinnamon.

bruised, four ounces, steep it in white and with two pounds and a half of sugar Wine, and small Cinnamon Water, of each boiled it into a Syru : let half of it be half a pound, three days, in a glass, by a without Musk, but perfume the other halt gentle heat; strain it, and with a pound with three grains of Musk tied up in a rag. and a half of sugar, boil it gently to a Syrup.

digestion exceedingly, and strengthens the sumptions, and hectic fevers, and strengthens whole body. You may take a spoonful at nature much. You may take a spoonful a time in a cordial.

College.] Thus also you may conveniently prepare Syrups (but only with white Wine,) of Annis seeds, sweet Fennel seeds, Cloves, Nutmegs, Ginger, &c

Syrupus Acetositatis Citriorum.

OrSyrup of Juice of Citrons.

strained without expression, and cleansed, four days, pour off what is dissolved; put

indeed the wisest way is to order the quan-ia pound, Sugar two pounds, make it into

Culpeper.] It prevails against all diseases proceeding from choler, or heat of cherishes the drooping spirits, and is of an blood, fevers, both pestilential, and not pestilential; it resists poison, cools the blood, quenches thirst, cures the vertigo, or dizziness in the head.

> College.] After the same manner is made Syrups of Grapes, Oranges, Barberries, Cherries, Quinces, Lemons, Woodsorrel, Mulberries, Sorrel, English Currants, and other sour Juices.

*Culpeper.*] If you look the simples you and comfort the heart, and strengthen the stomach, Syrup of Quinces stays vomiting, so doth all Syrup of Grapes.

Syrupus Corticum Citriorum.

Or Syrup of Citron Pills.

College.] Take of fresh yellow Citron or the juice of them brought over to us, two drams, Spring Water four pounds, steep them all night, boil them till half be College.] Take of Cinnamon grossly consumed, taking off the scum, strain it, Culpeper. It strengthens the stomach, resists poison, strengthens the heart, and Culpeper.] It refreshes the vital spirits resists the passions thereof, palpitation, exceedingly, and cheers both heart and faintings, swoonings; it strengthens the stomach languishing through cold, it helps vital spirits, restores such as are in conat a time.

# Syrupus e Coralliis simplex. Or Syrup of Coral simple.

Take of red Coral in very fine College.] powder four ounces, dissolve it in clarified juice of Barberries in the heat of a bath, a pound, in a glass well stopped with wax College.] Take of the Juice of Citrons, and cork, a digestion being made three or

in fresh clarified juice, and proceed as be-i take a spoonful of it before meat, for fore, repeat this so often till all the coral vomiting after meat, for both, as also for be dissolved; lastly, to one pound of this; the rest, in the morning. juice add a pound and a half of sugar, and boil it to a Syrup gently.

Syrupus e Coralliis compositus. Or Syrup of Coral compound.

College.] Take of red Coral six ounces, in very fine powder, and levigated upon a marble, add of clarified juice of Lemons, the flegm being drawn off in a bath, sixteen ounces, clarified juice of Barberries, eight ounces, sharp white Wine Vinegar, and juice of Wood-sorrel, of each six ounces, mix them together, and put them in a glass stopped with cork and bladder, shaking it every day till it have digested eight days in a bath, or horse dung, then filter it, of which } take a pound and a half, juice of Quinces half a pound, sugar of Roses twelve ounces, make them into a Syrup in a bath, adding Syrup of Clove-gilliflowers sixteen ounces, keep it for use, omitting the half dram of Ambergris, and four grains of Musk till the physician command it.

Culpeper. Syrup of Coral both simple { and compound, restore such as are in consumptions, are of a gallant cooling nature, especially the last, and very cordial, good for hectic fevers, it stops fluxes, the running of the reins, and the Fluor Albus, helps such as spit blood, and such as have the falling-sickness, it stays the menses. Half a spoonful in the morning is enough.

# Syrupus Cydoniorum.

Or Syrup of Quinces.

College. Take of the Juice of Quinces clarified six pounds, boil it over a gentle fire till half of it be consumed, scumming it, adding red Wine three pounds, white sugar four pounds, boil it into a Syrup, to be perfumed with a dram and a half of Cinnamon, Cloves and Ginger, of each two scruples.

stomach, stays looseness and voniting, its gentleness. It helps surfeits exceedingly,

Syrupus de Erysimo.

Or Syrup of Hedge-mustard.

College. Take of Hedge-mustard, fresh. six handfuls, the roots of Elecampane. Colt's-foot, Liquorice, of each two ounces. Borrage, Succory, Maiden-hair, of each a handful and a half, the cordial flowers. Rosemary and Bettony, of each half a handful, Annis seeds half an ounce, Raisins of the sun stoned, two ounces, let all of them. being prepared according to art, be boiled in a sufficient quantity of Barley Water and Hydromel, with six ounces of juice of Hedge-mustard to two pounds and a half, the which, with three pounds of sugar; boil it into a Syrup according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It was invented against cold afflictions of the breast and lungs, as asthmas, hoarseness, &c. You may take it either with a Liquorice stick, or which is better, mix an ounce of it with three or four ounces of Pectoral Decoction, and drink it off warm in the morning.

# Syrupus de Fumaria.

# Or Syrup of Fumitory.

Take of Endive, common College. Wormwood, Hops, Dodder, Hart's-tongue, of each a handful, Epithimum an ounce and a half, boil them in four pounds of water till half be consumed, strain it, and add the juice of Fumitory a pound and a half, of Borrage and Bugloss, of each half a pound, white sugar four pounds, make them into a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.] The receipt is a pretty concocter of melancholy, and therefore a rational help for diseases arising thence, both internal and external, it helps diseases of the skin, as Leprosies, Cancers, Warts, Corns, Itch, Tetters, Ringworms, Scabs, &c. Culpeper.] It strengthens the heart and and it is the better to be liked, because of relieves languishing nature : for looseness, i cleanses, cools, and strengthens the liver, Univ Calif - Digitize4 By Microsoft ®

blood cannot make bad flesh. I commend about a quarter of an hour; at last, five this receipt to those whose bodies are subject to scabs and itch. If you please you other three (being first strained and clarimay take two ounces by itself every morn-3 fied) into a Syrup with two pounds and a ing.

# Syrupus de Glycyrrhiza. Or Syrup of Liquorice.

College.] Take of green Liquorice, scraped and bruised, two ounces, white Maiden-hair an ounce, dryed Hyssop half an ounce, steep these in four pounds of hot water, after twenty-four hours, boil it till half be consumed, strain it, and clarify it, and with Honey, Penids, and Sugar, of each eight ounces, make it into a Syrup, adding, before it be perfectly boiled, red Rose wild, Bettony, Mother of Thyme, of each a Water six ounces.

more to the Pectoral Decoction.

Syrupus Granatorum cum Aceto; vulgo, Oxysaccharum simplex.

boil it gently into a Syrup.

*Culpeper.*] Look the virtues of Pome-3 of each three drams. granates among the simples.

Syrupus de Hyssopo.

Or Syrup of Hyssop.

Water, half an ounce of Barley, boil it Barley, of each an ounce, the seeds of about half an hour, then add the Roots of Mallows five drams, the seeds of white Smallage, Parsley, Fennel, Liquorice, of Poppies, Melons, Lettice, (seeds of Quinces each ten drams, Jujubes, Sebestens, of each and Gum Tragacanth tied up in a rag) fifteen, Raisins of the sun stoned, an ounce of each three drams, boil them in six and a half, Figs, Dates, of each ten, the pounds of rain or spring water till half be seeds of Mallows and Quinces, Gum Tra- consumed, strain it, and with two pounds gacanth tied up in a rag, of each three of sugar make it into a Syrup. drams, Hyssop meanly dryed, ten drams, Culpeper.] It is a fine cooling Syrup, Maiden-hair six drams, boil them together, very available in coughs, hoarseness, and yet so, that the roots may precede the fruits, pleurisies, ulcers of the lungs and bladder, Calif - Digitize

and causes it to make good blood, and good } the fruits the seeds, and the seeds the herbs. pounds of water being consumed, boil the half of sugar.

> Culpeper.] It mightily strengthens the breast and lungs, causes long wind, clears the voice, is a good remedy against coughs. Use it like the Syrup of Liquorice.

Syrupus Ivæ arthriticæ, sive Chamæpityos. Or Syrup of Chamepitys.

College.] Take of Chamepitys, two handfuls, Sage, Rosemary, Poley Mountain, Origanum, Calaminth, wild Mints, Pennyroyal, Hyssop, Thyme, Rue, garden and handful, the roots of Acorns, Birthwort long Culpeper.] It cleanses the breast and and round, Briony, Dittany, Gentian, lungs, and helps continual coughs and Hog's Fennel, Valerian, of each half an pleurisies. You may take it with a ounce, the roots of Smallage, Asparagus, Liquorice stick, or add an ounce of it or Fenuel, Parsley, Bruscus, of each an ounce. Pellitory of Spain, an ounce and a half, Stochas, the seeds of Annis, Ammi, Caraway, Fennel, Lovage, Hartwort, of each Or Syrup of Pomegranates with Vinegar. three drams, Raisins of the sun two ounces, College.] Take of white sugar a pound boil them in ten pounds of water to four, and a half, juice of Pomegranates eight to which add honey and sugar, of each two ounces, white Wine Vinegar four ounces, pounds, make it into a Syrup to be perfumed with Sugar, Nutmegs, and Cubebs,

# Syrupus Jujubinus. Or Syrup of Jujubes.

College. Take of Jujubes, Violets, five College.] Take eight pounds of Spring drams, Maiden-hair, Liquorice, French

a by microson e

as also in all inflammations whatsoever. Jounce, the leaves of Bawm, Scabious, You may take a spoonful of it once in three! Devil's-bit, the flowers of both sorts of or four hours, or if you please take it with Bugloss, and Rosemary, of each a handful, a Liquorice stick.

Syrupus de Mcconio, sive Diacodium.

Or Syrup of Meconium, or Diacodium.

College.] Take of white Poppy heads with their seeds, gathered a little after the white sugar, juice of Bawm and Rose flowers are fallen off, and kept three days, eightounces, black Poppy heads (so ordered) six ounces, rain Water eight pounds, steep and yellow Sanders, of each half an ounce. them twenty-four hours, then boil and press them gently, boil it to three pounds, and with twenty-four ounces of sugar boil it into a Syrup according to art.

Syrupus de Meconio compositus.

Or Syrup of Meconium compound. College.] Take of white and black Poppy heads with their seeds, fifty drams, Maiden-hair fifteen drams, Jujubes thirty, the seeds of Lettice, forty drams, of Mallows and Quinces tied up in a rag, a dram is weet and between sweet and sour, the juice and a half, Liquorice five drams, water of Pomegranates sweet, between sweet and eight pounds, boil it according to art, strain sour, and sour, of each a pound and a half, it, and to three pounds of Decoction add dried Mints half a pound, red Roses two Sugar and Penids, of each one pound, make jounces, let them lie in steep one day, then it into a Syrup.

the juice of English Poppies boiled till it perfume it not unless the Physicians combe thick: It prevails against dry coughs, mand. phthisicks, hot and sharp gnawing rheums, and provokes sleep It is an usual fashion ing, yet it comforts the stomach much, for nurses when they have heated their milk helps digestion, stays vomiting, and is as by exercise or strong liquor (no marvel then excellent a remedy against sour or offensive if their children be froward) then run for belchings, as any is in the Dispensatory. Syrup of Poppies, to make their young Take a spoonful of it after meat. ones sleep. I would fain have that fashion left, therefore I forbear the dose; let nurses keep their own bodies temperate, and their children will sleep well enough, never mallows, Mallows, Quinces, of each an fear.

# Syrupus Melissophylli. Or Syrup of Bawm.

roots, an ounce, the roots of white Dittany, an ounce and an half, with which, and Cinquefoil, Scorzonera, of cach half an three ounces of the aforesaid Decoction,

the seeds of Sorrel, Citrons, Fennel, Carduus, Bazil, of each three drams, boil them in four pounds of water till half be consumed, strain it, and add three pounds of Water, of each half a pound, boil them to a Syrup, the which perfume with Cinnamon Culpeper.] It is an excellent cordial. and strengthens the heart, breast, and stomach, it resists melancholy, revives the spirits, is given with good success in fevers, it strengthens the memory, and relieves languishing nature. You may take a spoonfull of it at a time.

## Syrupus de Mentha. Or Syrup of Mints.

College.] Take of the juices of Quinces

boil it half away, and with four pounds of *Culpeper.*] Meconium is nothing else but; sugar boil it into a Syrup according to art:

Culpeper. ] The Syrup is in quality bind-

Syrupus de Mucilaginibus.

Or Syrup of Mussilages.

College.] Take of the seeds of Marshounce, Gum Tragacanth three drams, let these infuse six hours in warm Decoction of Mallows, white Poppy seeds, and Winter College.] Take of the Bark of Bugloss Cherries, then press out the Mussilage to Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

and two ounces of sugar, make a Syrup ; boil them in four pounds of clear water according to art.

or in any convenient liquor, is excellent for four pounds, boil it into a Syrup according any sharp corroding humours be they in to art. what part of the body soever, phthisicks, bloody-flux, stone in the reins or bladder, Syrups, allay the heat of choler, and proor ulcers there: it is excellent good for voke sleep, they cool the body, both head, such as have taken purges that are too heart, liver, reins, and matrix, and therestrong for their bodies, for by its slippery fore are profitable for hot diseases in either, nature it helps corrosions, and by its cool- you may take an ounce of it at a time when ing helps inflammations.

# Syrupus Myrtinus. Or Syrup of Myrtles.

College.] Take of Myrtle Berries two ounces and an half, Sanders white and red, Sumach, Balaustines, Barberry stones, red Roses, of each an ounce and a half, Medlars half a pound, bruise them in eight pounds of water to four, strain it, and add juice of Quinces and sour Pomegranates, of each six ounces, then with three pounds of sugar, boil it into a Syrup.

Culpeper.] The Syrup is of a very binding, yet comforting nature, it helps such as spit blood, all fluxes of the belly, or corrosions of the internal parts, it strengthens the fuls, the roots of Lady's-mantle an ounce retentive faculty, and stops immoderate flux of menses. A spoonful at a time is the dose.

# Syrupus Florum Nymphæ simplex.

Or Syrup of Water-Lily flowers, simple. College.] Take of the whitest of white Water-Lily flowers, a pound, steep them in three pounds of warm water six or seven hours, let them boil a little, and strain them out, put in the same weight of flowers again the second and third time, when you have three, then strain it strongly, and when it is strained it the last time, add its weight of settled, add Gum Tragacanth, the seeds of sugar to it, and boil it to a Syrup.

# Syrupus Florum Nymphæ compositus.

Syrup of Water-Lily flowers compound.

College. flowers half a pound, Violets two ounces, it to the thickness of honey. Lettice two handfuls, the seeds of Lettice,

till one be consumed, strain it, and add half

Culpeper.] A spoonful taken by itself, a pound of red Rose water, white sugar

Culpeper.] They are both fine cooling your stomach is empty.

# Syrupus de Papavere Erratico, sive Rubro. Or Syrup of Erratic Poppies.

College.] Take of the fresh flowers of red Poppies two pounds, steep them in four pounds of warm spring water, the next day strain it, and boil it into a Syrup with its equal weight in sugar.

Culpeper.] The Syrup cools the blood, helps surfeits, and may safely be given in frenzies, fevers, and hot agues.

# Syrupus de Pilosella.

#### Or Syrup of Mousear.

College.] Take of Mousear three handand an half, the roots of Comfrey the greater, Madder, white Dittany, Tormentil, Bistort, of each an ounce, the leaves of Wintergreen, Horsetail, Ground Ivy, Plantain, Adder's Tongue, Strawberries, St. John's Wort with the flowers, Golden Rod, Agrimony, Bettony, Burnet, Avens, Cinquefoil the greater, red Coleworts, Balaustines, red Roses, of each a handful, boil them gently in six pounds of Plantain Water to Fleawort, Marsh-mallows and Quinces, made into a Mussilage by themselves in Strawberry and Bettony Water, of each Take of white Water-Lily; three ounces, white sugar two pounds, boil

Culpeper.] It is drying and healing, and Purslain, and Gourds, of each half an ounce, therefore good for ruptures.

Syrupus infusionis florum Paonia. Or Syrup of the infusion of Peony flowers. College.] It is prepared in the same manner as Syrup of Clove-gilliflowers.

Surupus de Pæonia compositus.

Or Syrup of Peony compound.

College.] 'Take of the Roots of both sorts of Peony taken up at the full Moon, cut in slices, and steeped in white Wine a whole day, of each an ounce and an half, Contra Yerva half an ounce, Siler Mountain six drams, Elk's Claws an ounce, Rosemary with the flowers on, one handful, Bettony, Hyssop, Origanum, Chamepitys, Rue, of each three drams, Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Cardamous the less, of each two drams, Ginger, Spikenard, of each a dram, Stochas, Nutmegs, of each two drams and an half, boil them after one day's warm digestion, in a sufficient quantity of distilled water of Pcony roots, to four pounds, in which (being strained through Hippocrates' sleeve) put four pounds and an half of white sugar, and boil it to a Syrup.

Culpeper.] It helps the falling-sickness, and convulsions.

# Syrupus de Pomis auterans. Or Syrup of Apples.

of sweet scented Apples, the juice of Bug- white Wine Vinegar, towards the latter loss, garden and wild, of Violet leaves, end. Rose Water, of each a pound, boil them together, and clarify them, and with six well, is profitable against obstructions, propounds of pure sugar, boil it into a Syrup vokes urine, cleanses the body of flegm, according to art.

for such whose stomachs are overpressed upon an empty stomach is a good dose. with heat, and may safely be given in fevers, for it rather loosens than hinds: it breeds good blood, and is profitable in { College.] Take of garden and wild hectic fevers, and for such as are troubled Radish roots, of each an ounce, the roots with palpitation of the heart, it quenches of white Saxifrage, Lovage, Bruscus, thirst admirably in fevers, and stays hic- Eringo, Rest-harrow, Parsley, Fennel, of coughs. You may take an ounce of it at each half an ounce, the leaves of Bettony, a time in the morning, or when you need. Burnet, Pennyroyal, Nettles, Water-cresses,

## Syrupus de Prasio. Or Syrup of Horehound.

Take of white Horehound College.] fresh, two ounces, Liquorice, Polipodium of the Oak, Fennel, and Smallage roots, of each half an ounce, white Maiden-hair, Origanum, Hyssop, Calaminth, Thyme, Savory, Scabious, Colt's-foot, of each six drams, the seeds of Annis and Cotton, of each three drams, Raisins of the sun stoned two ounces, fat Figs ten, boil them in eight pounds of Hydromel till half be consumed, boil the Decoction into a Syrup with honey and sugar, of each two pounds, and perfume it with an ounce of the roots of Orris Florentine.

*Culpeper.*] It is appropriated to the breast and lungs, and is a fine cleanser to purge them from thick and putrified flegm, it helps phthisicks and coughs, and diseases subject to old men, and cold natures. Take it with a Liquorice stick.

Syrupus de quinq. Radicibus.

Or Syrup of the five opening Roots.

*College.*] Take of the roots of Smallage, Fennel, Parsley, Bruscus Sparagus of each two ounces, spring Water, six pounds, boil away the third part, and make a Syrup with the rest according to art, with three College.] Take four pounds of the juice pounds of sugar, adding eight ounces of

Culpeper.] It cleanses and opens very and is safely and profitably given in the Culpeper.] It is a fine cooling Syrup beginning of fevers. An ounce at a time

# Syrupus Raphani.

#### Or Syrup of Radishes.

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Samphire, Maiden-hair, of each one hand-s and Cotton, of each three drams, boil them ful, Winter Cherries, Jujubes, of each ten, all (the roots being infused in white Wine the seeds of Bazil, Bur, Parsley of Macc-; the day before) in a sufficient quantity of donia, Hartwort, Carraway, Carrots, Grom- Wine and Water to eight ounces, strain it, well, the bark of the root of Bay-tree, of and adding four ounces of the Juice of each two drams, Raisins of the sun stoned, Scabious, and ten ounces of sugar, boil it Liquorice, of each six drams, boil them in to a Syrup, adding to it twenty drops of oil twelve pounds of water to eight, strain it, jof sulphur.

and with four pounds of sugar, and two and half an ounce of Nutmegs.

the stone.

Syrupus Regius, alias Julapium Alexandrinum. as are itchy, or scabby. Or Julep of Alexandria.

College.] Boil four pounds of Rosewater, and one pound of white Sugar into? manner.

the heat of summer.

Syrupus de Rosis siccis.

Or Syrup of dried Roses.

water hot, in which infuse a pound of dried Roses, by some at a time, press them out; melancholy, opens obstructions of the liver and with two pounds of sugar, boil it into and spleen, and is profitable against splena Syrup according to art.

ens the heart, comforts the spirits, binds rickets, or liver-grown: A speonful in a the body, helps fluxes, and corrosions, or morning is a precious remedy for children gnawings of the bowels, it strengthens the troubled with that disease. Men that are stomach, and stays vomiting. You may troubled with the spleen, which is known take an ounce at a time, before meat, if for by pain and hardness in their left side, may

Surupus Scabiosæ.

Or Syrup of Scabious.

College.] Take of the roots of Elecam-; Syrupus de Stachade. pane, and Polypodium of the Oak, of each Syrup of Steechas of each half an ounce, the seeds of Nettles half an ounce, the seeds of Rue, Peony, and

Culpeper.] It is a cleansing Syrup appounds of honey, make it into a Syrup, propriated to the breast and lungs, when and perfume it with an ounce of Cinnamon, you perceive them oppressed by flegm, crudites, or stoppings, your remedy is to *Culpeper.*] A tedious long medicine for take now and then a spoonful of this Syrup. it is taken also with good success by such

# Syrupus de Scolopendrio.

Or Syrup of Hart's-tongue.

College.] Take of Hart's-tongue three a Julep. Julep of Roses is made with handfuls, Polypodium of the Oak, the Damask Rose water, in the very same roots of both sorts of Bugloss, bark of the roots of Capers and Tamerisk, of each two Culpeper.] Two fine cooling drinks in jounces, Hops, Dodder, Maiden-hair, Bawm, of each two handfuls, boil them in nine pounds of Spring water to five, and strain it, and with four pounds of white sugar, College.] Make four pounds of spring make it into a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.] It helps the stoppings of etic evils, and therefore is a choice remedy Culpeper.] Syrup of dried Roses, strength-1 for the disease which the vulgar call the fluxes; after meat if for vomiting. I take three or four spoonfuls, they shall find this one receipt worth the price of the whole book.

two ounces, Raisins of the sun stoned an! College.] Take of Stochas flowers four ounce, Sebestens twenty, Colt's-foot, Lung-jounces, Rosemary flowers half an ounce, wort, Savory, Calaminth, of each a hand- Thyme, Calaminth, Origanum, of each an ful and an half, Liquorice, Spanish Tobacco, Jounce and an half, Sage, Bettony, of each Fennel, of each three drams, spring water the water of Violet flowers and sugar, like ten pounds, boil it till half be consumed, Julep of Roses.

and with honey and sugar, of each two pounds, boil it into a Syrup, which perfume with Cinnamon, Ginger, and Calmas Aromaticus, of each two drams tied up in i a rag.

## Syrupus de Symphyto. Or Syrup of Counfrey.

College.] Take of roots and tops of { Comfrey, the greater and lesser, of each roots of Smallage, Fennel, and Sparagus, three handfuls, red Roses, Bettony, Plantain, Burnet, Knot grass, Scabious, Colt's foot, of each two handfuls, press the juice out of them all, being green and bruised, boil it, scum it, and strain it, add its weight of i sugar to it that it may be made into a Syrup, according to art.

Culpeper.] The Syrup is excellent for all inward wounds and bruises, excoriations, vomitings, spittings, or evacuation of blood, it unites broken bones, helps ruptures, and Spikenard, bound up in a thin slack rag stops the menses: You cannot err in taking the which crush often in boiling, and so of it.

# Syrupus Violarum.

#### Or Syrup of Violets.

College.] Take of Violet flowers fresh and picked, a pound, clear water made it strengthens the heart and nutritive virtue, boiling hot, two pounds, shut them up close ; purges by stool and urine, it makes a man together into a new glazed pot, a whole day, then press them hard out, and in two pounds of the liquor dissolve four pounds I never accounted purges to be proper and three ounces of white sugar, take away! physic in pestilential fevers ; this I believe, the scum, and so make it into a Syrup with-3 the Syrup cleanses the liver well, and is out boiling. Syrup of the juice of Violets, exceeding good for such as are troubled is made with its double weight of sugar, like; with hypocondriac melancholy. The strong the former.

and that very gently, it corrects the sharp-1 the Decoction of Senna. ness of choler, and gives ease in hot vices of the breast, it quenches thirst in acute fevers, and resist the heat of the disease; it comforts hot stomachs exceedingly, cools the drams, Mirobalans, Citron, and Indian of liver and heart, and resists putrefaction, each fifteen drams, Emblicks, Belloricks, pestilence, and poison.

College.] Julep of Violets is made of Calaminth. Bugloss, Stoechas of each six

Culpeper.] It is cooling and pleasant.

# PURGING SYRUPS.

Syrupus de Cichorio cum Rhubarbaro. Or Syrup of Succory with Rhubarb.

College.] Take of whole Barley, the of each two ounces, Succory, Dandelyon, Endive, smooth Sow-thistles, of each two handfuls, Lettuce, Liverwort, Fumitory, tops of Hops, of each one handful, Maidenhair, white and black, Cetrachs, Liquorice, winter Cherries, Dodder, of each six drams, to boil these take sixteen pounds of spring water, strain the liquor, and boil in it six pounds of white sugar, adding towards the end six ounces of Rhubarb, six drams of make it into a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.] It cleanses the body of venemous humours, as boils, carbuncles, and the like; it prevails against pestilential fevers, have a good stomach to his meat, and provokes sleep. But by my author's leave, may take two ounces at a time, the weak, Culpeper.] This Syrup cools and moistens, sone, or you may mix an ounce of it with

# Syrupus de Epithymo.

#### Or Syrup of Epithimum.

Coliege.] Take of Epithimum twenty Polypodium. Liquorice Agrick, Thyme,

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drams, Dodder, Fumitory, ot each ten Fennel seeds of each two drams and an blood, it purges choler and melancholy, and nalf, sweet Prunes ten, Raisins of the sun stoned four ounces, Tamarinds two ounces ! yellow and black jaundice, madness, scurf, in ten pints of spring water, boil it away to six, then take it from the fire and strain it, and with five pounds of fine sugar boil it inty Syrup according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It is best to put in the Dodder, Steechas and Agarick, towards the latter end of the Decoction. It purges melancholy, and other humours, it strengthens the stomach and liver, cleanses the body of addust choler and addust blood, as also of salt humours, and helps diseases proceeding from these, as scabs, itch, tetters, ringworms, leprosy, &c. A man may take two ounces at a time, or add one ounce to the Decoction of Epithimum.

# - Syrupus e Floribus Persicorum.

Or Syrup of Peach-flowers.

College.] Take of fresh Peach-flowers' a pound, steep them a whole day in three pounds of warm water, then boil a little and strain it out, repeat this infusion five times in the same liquor, in three pounds of which dissolve two pounds and an half of sugar and boil it into a Syrup.

Culpeper.] It is a gentle purger of choler, and may be given even in fevers to draw away the sharp choleric humours.

## Syrupus de Pomis purgans

Or Syrup of Apples purging.

College.] Take of the juice of sweet smelling Apples two pounds, the juice of Borrage and Bugloss of each one pound and an half, Senna two ounces, Annis seeds half an ounce, Saffron one dram, let the Senna of each two ounces and an half, Senna be steeped in the juices twenty-four Violet flowers a handful, Cinnamon one hours, and after a boil or two strain it, I dram and an half, Ginger half a dram, and with two pounds of white sugar boil; Bettony, Succory and Bugloss Water of it to a Syrup according to art, the saffron each one pound and an half, let them be being tied up in a rag, and often crushed mixed together warm all night, and in the

Culpener.] The Syrup is a cooling purge. drains, red Roses, Annis-seeds and sweet and tends to rectify the distempers of the therefore must needs be effectual both in and an half, after twenty-four hours infusion; leprosy, and scabs, it is very gentle. The dose is from one ounce to three, according as the body is in age and strength. An ounce of it in the morning is excellent for such children as break out in scabs.

# Syrupus de Pomis magistralis

Or Syrup of Apples magisterial.

College.] Take of the Juice and Water of Apples of each a pound and an half, the Juice and Water of Borrage and Bugloss of each nine ounces, Senna half a pound, Annis seeds, and sweet Fennel seeds. of each three drams, Epithimum of Crete, two ounces, Agarick, Rhubarb, of each half an ounce, Ginger, Mace, of each four scruples, Cinnamon two scruples, Saffron half a dram, infuse the Rhubarb and Cinnamon apart by itself, in white Wine and Juice of Apples, of each two ounces, let all the rest, the Saffron excepted, be steeped in the Waters above mentioned, and the next day put in the juices, which being boiled, scummed, and strained, then with four ounces of white sugar boil it into a Syrup, crushing the saffron in it being tied up in a linen rag, the infusion of the Rhubarb being added at the latter end.

Culpeper. Out of doubt this is a gallant Syrup to purge choler and melancholy, and to resist madness.

> Syrupus de Rhubarbaro. Or Syrup of Rhubarb.

College.] Take of the best Rhubarb and in the boiling. Univ Calif - Digitize morning strained and boiled into a Syrup,

with two pounds of white sugar, adding provokes the menses, purges the stomach towards the end four ounces of Syrup of and liver, and provokes urine. Roses.

Culpeper.] It cleanses choler and melancholy very gently, and is therefore fit for children, old people, and weak bodies. You may add an ounce of it to the Decoction of Epithimum or to the Decoction of Senna.

> Syrupus Rosaceus solutivus. Or Syrup of Roses solutive.

College.] Take of Spring Water boiling hot four pounds, Damask Rose leaves fresh, as many as the water will contain; let them remain twelve hours in infusion. close stopped; then press them out and put in fresh Rose leaves; do so nine times in the same liquor, encreasing the quantity of the Roses as the liquor encreases, which will be almost by the third part every time: Take six parts of this liquor, and with four parts of white sugar, boil it to a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.] It loosens the belly, and gently brings out choler and flegm, but leaves a binding quality behind it.

Syrupus e succo Rosarum.

Or Syrup of the Juice of Roses.

College. It is prepared without steeping, only with the juice of Damask Roses pressed out, and clarified, and an equal proportion of sugar added to it.

Culpeper.] This is like the other. Syrupus Rosaceus solutivus cum Agarico.

Or Syrup of Roses solutive with Agarick. College. Take of Agarick cut thin an ounce, Ginger two drams, Sal. Gem. one dram, Polipodium bruised two ounces, sprinkle them with white Wine and steep them two days over warm ashes, in a pound and an half of the infusion of Damask Roses prescribed before, and with one pound of sugar boil it into a Syrup according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It purges flegm from the head, relieves the senses oppressed by it,

Syrupus Rosaceus solutivus cum Helleboro.

Or Syrup of Roses solutive with Hellebore. College.] Take of the bark of all the Myrobalans, of each four ounces, bruise them grossly, and steep them twenty-four hours in twelve pounds of the infusion of Roses before spoken, Senna, Epithimum, Polypodium of the Oak, of each four ounces, Cloves an ounce, Citron seeds, Liquorice, of each four ounces, the bark of black Hellebore roots six drams, let the fourth part of the liquor gently exhale, strain it, and with five pounds of sugar, and sixteen drams of Rhubarb tied up in a linen rag, make it into a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.] The Syrup, rightly used, purges melancholy, resists madness.

Syrupus Rosaceus solutivus cum Senna.

Or Syrup of Roses solutive with Senna.

College.] Take of Senna six ounces, Caraway, and sweet Fennel seeds, of each three drams, sprinkle them with white Wine, and infuse them two days in three pounds of the infusion of Roses aforesaid, then strain it, and with two pounds of sugar boil it into a Syrup.

Culpeper. It purges the body of choler and melancholy, and expels the relics a disease hath left behind it; the dose is from one ounce to two, you may take it in a Decoction of Senna, it leaves a binding quality behind it.

> Syrupus de Spina Cervina. Or Syrup of Purging Thorn.

College.] Take of the berries of Purging Thorn, gathered in September, as many as you will, bruise them in a stone mortar, and press out the juice, let the fourth part of it evaporate away in a bath, then to two pounds of it add sixteen ounces of white sugar, boil it into a Syrup, which perfume with Mastich, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Anniseeds in fine powder, of each three drams. all - Dignizad by Microsoft ®

# SYRUPS MADE WITH VINEGAR AND HONEY.

#### Mel Anthosatum.

#### Or Honey of Rosemary Flowers.

College. Take of fresh Rosemary flowers a pound, clarified Honey three pounds, mix them in a glass with a narrow mouth, set them in the sun, keep them for usc.

*Culpeper.*] It hath the same virtues with Rosemary flowers, to which I refer you, only by reason of the Honey it may be somewhat cleansing.

# Mel Helleboratum.

#### Or Honey Helleborated.

College.] Take of white Hellebore roots bruised a pound, clear Water fourteen pounds, after three days infusion, boil it till half be consumed, then strain it diligently, and with three pounds of Honey, boil it to the thickness of Honey.

#### Mel Mercuriale.

#### Or Honey of Mercury.

College.] Boil three pounds of the juice of Mercury, with two pounds of Honey to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper.] It is used as an emollient in : clysters.

#### Mel Mororum, vel Diamoron.

Or Honey of Mulberries.

College.] Take of the juice of Mulberries and Blackberries, before they be ripe, gathered before the sun be up, of each a pound an a half, Honey two pounds, boil Damask Roses five pounds, Honey rightly them to their due thickness.

Culpeper.] It is vulgarly known to be good for sore mouths, as also to cool inflammations there.

# Mel Nuceum, alias, Diacarion et Dianucum. Or Honey of Nuts.

College.] Take of the juice of the outward bark of green Walnuts, gathered in the dog days two pounds, boil it gently till College.] Take one Squil full of juice,

it be thick, and with one pound of Honey, boil it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper.] It is a good preservative in pestilential times, a spoonful being taken as soon as you are up.

# Mel Passalatum.

#### Or Honey of Raisins.

College.] Take of Raisins of the sun cleansed from the stones two pounds, steep them in six pounds of warm water, the next day boil it half away, and press it strongly, and with two pounds of Honey, let the

expressed liquor boil to its thickness.

Culpeper. It is a pretty pleasing medicine for such as are in consumptions, and are bound in body.

Mel Rosatum commune, sive Foliatum.

Or common Honey of Roses.

College. Take of red Roses not quite open two pounds, Honey six pounds, set them in the sun according to art.

# ··· Mel. Rosatum Colatum.

Or Honey of Roses strained.

College.] Take of the best clarified Honey ten pounds, juice of fresh red Roses one pound, set it handsomely over the fire, and when it begins to boil, put in four pounds of fresh red Roses, the whites being cut off; the juice being consumed by boiling and stirring, strain it and keep it for use.

Culpeper.] They are both used for diseases in the mouth.

Mel Rosatum solutivum.

• Or Honey of Roses solutive.

College.] Take of the often infusion of clarified four pounds, boil it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper.] It is used as a laxative in clysters, and some use it to cleanse wounds. College.] After the same manner is prepared Honey of the infusion of red Roses. Mel scilliticum.

Or Honey of Squils.

cut in bits, and put it in a glass vessel, the Squills prepared, Birthwort, long, round, mouth close stopped, and covered with a and climbing, Turbith, English Orris, Costus, skin, set in the sun forty days, to wit, twenty Polypodium, Lemon pills, of each an before and after the rising of the dog star, ounce, the strings of black Hellebore, then open the vessel, and take the juice Spurge, Agerick, added at the end of the which lies at the bottom, and preserve it Decoction, of each two drams, the bark of with the best Honey. white Hellebore half an ounce, let all of

like as Honey of Roses.

Oxymel, simple.

College.] Take of the best Honey four Posca, made of equal parts of Water and pounds, clear Water and white Wine Vine- Vinegar, eight pounds, Sapa two ounces, gar, of each two pounds, boil them in an three days being expired, boil it little more earthen vessel, taking the scum off with; than half away, strain it, pressing it gently, a wooden scummer, till it be come to the and add to the liquor a pound and a half consistence of a Syrup.

preparative against a vomit.

Oxymel compound.

College.] Take of the Bark of the Root Mace, of each a dram. of Fennel, Smallage, Parsley, Bruscus, Asparagus, of each two ounces, the seeds of ; Fennel, Smallage, Parsley, Annis, of each roots, the roots of Orris, Fennel, Parsley, one ounce, steep them all (the roots being) Bruscus, Chicory, Sparagus, Cypress, of first cleansed and the seeds bruised) in six each half an ounce, the leaves of Hartspounds of clear Water and a pound and a tongue, Schænanth, Tamarisk, of each half half of Wine Vinegar, the next day boil it a handful, sweet Fennel seed half an ounce, to the consumption of the third part, boil infuse them in three pounds of Posca, which the rest being strained, with three pounds is something sour, afterwards boil it till half of Honey into a liquid Syrup according to be consumed, strain it, and with Honey and art.

*Culpeper.*] First having bruised the roots to the thickness of Honey. and seeds, boil the in the water till half? Culpeper.] This medicine is very openbe consumed, then strain it and add the ing, very good against Hypocondriac melan-Honey, and when it is almost boiled enough, tholy, and as fit a medicine as can be for add the Vinegar.

Oxymel Helleboratum.

Or Oxymel Helleborated.

College.] Take of Rue, Thyme, Dittany Vinegar of Squills two pounds, boil them of Crete, Hyssop, Pennyroyal, Horehound, according to art. Carduus, the roots of Celtick, Spikenard : Culpeper.] It cuts and divides humours without leaves, the inner bark of Elders, of that are tough and viscous, and therefore each a handful, Mountain Calaminth two; helps the stomach and bowels afflicted by pugils, the seeds of Annis, Fennel, Bazil, such humours, and sour belchings. If you Roman Nettles, Dill, of each two drams, take but a spoonful in the morning, an able the roots of Angelica, Marsh-mallows, Aron, body will think enough.

College.] Honey of Violets is prepared them being dried and bruised, be digested in a glass, or glazed vessel close stopped,

in the heat of the sun, or of a furnace,

of Honey Roses, wherein two ounces of *Culpeper.*] It cuts flegm, and it is a good Citron pills have been infused, boil it to the thickness of Honey, and perfume it with Cloves, Saffron, Ginger, Galanga,

#### Oxymel Julianizans.

College.] Take of the Bark of Caper sugar clarified, of each half a pound, boil it

that disease in children called the Rickets.

College.] Oxymel of Squills simple, is I made of three pounds of clarified Honey;

in three pounds of Water to one, strain it the Pectoral Decoction before mentioned. and with two pounds of Honey, Honey of Raisins half a pound, juice of Briony five College.] Take of the heads of white ounces, Vinegar of Squills a pound and a Poppies and black, when both of them are

ing-sickness, Megrim, Head-ache, Vertigo, jounce, boil them in eight pints of water till or swimming in the head, and if these be the virtue is out of the heads; then strain occasioned by the stomach as many times them, and with four pounds of sugar boil they are, it helps the lungs obstructed by the liquor to a Syrup. humour, and is good for women not well cleansed after labour, it opens the passage [ College.] Take of the heads of both of the womb.

Syrup of Purslain. Mesue.

latter end of the decoction.

at a time when you have occasion.

Compound Syrup of Colt's-foot. Renod.

Colt's-foot, two handfuls of Maiden-hair, propriated to the lungs; It prevails against one handful of Hyssop, and two ounces of dry coughs, phthisicks, hot and sharp gnaw-Liquorice, boil them in four pints, either of ing rheums, and provokes sleep. It is an rain or spring water till the fourth part be usual fashion for nurses when they have consumed, then strain it, and clarify it, to heated their milk by exercise or strong liquor boil it to the perfect consistence of a Syrup. their young ones sleep. I would fain have

Culpeper.] The composition is appro-; that fashion left off, therefore I forbear the priated to the lungs, and therefore helps the dose: Let nurses keep their own bodies

Oxymel Scilliticum compositus. ; infirmities, weaknesses, or failings thereof, Or Oxymel of Squills compound. as want of voice, difficulty of breathing, College.] Take of Origanum, dried coughs, hoarseness, catharrs, &c. The way Hyssop, Thyme, Lovage, Cardamoms the of taking it is with a Liquorice-stick, or if less, Stoechas, of each five drams, boil them you please, you may add an ounce of it to

Syrup of Poppies, the lesser composition.

half, boil it, and scum it according to art. green, of each six ounces, the seeds of Culpeper.] This is good against the fall- Lettice, the flowers of Violets, of each one

Syrup of Poppies, the greater composition.

white and black Poppies, seeds and all, of each fifty drams, Maiden-hair, fifteen drams, College.] Take of the seeds of Purslain Liquorice, five drams, Jujubes, thirty by grossly bruised, half a pound, of the juice of number, Lettice seeds, forty drams, of the Endive, boiled and clarified, two pounds, seeds of Mallows and Quinces, (tied up in Sugar two pounds, Vinegar nine ounces, a thin linen cloth) of each one dram and infuse the seeds in the juice of Endive an half, boil these in eight pints of water twenty-four hours, afterwards boil it half till five pints be consumed, when you have away with a gentle fire, then strain it, and strained out the three pints remaining, add boil it with the sugar to the consistence of to them, Penids and white sugar, of each a Syrup, adding the Vinegar towards the a pound, boil them into a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.] It is a pretty cooling Syrup, [ Culpeper.] All these former Syrups of fit for any hot disease incident to the Poppies provoke sleep, but in that, I desire stomach, reins, bladder, matrix, or liver ;; they may be used with a great deal of cauit thickens flegm, cools the blood, and pro-ition and wariness: such as these are not vokes sleep. You may take an ounce of it fit to be given in the beginning of fevers, nor to such whose bodies are costive, yet to such as are troubled with hot, sharp rheums, College.] Take six handfuls of green you may safely give them: The last is apwhich add three pounds of white sugar, then run for Syrup of Poppies to make

temperate, and their children will sleep; the sun, or the fire, that it is capable of well enough.

Fennel, and Succory, of each two ounces, of body, somewhat thicker than new Honey. Liquorice, Schænanth, Dodder, Worm- 4. It may be kept about a year, little more wood, Roses, of each six drams, Maiden-for less. hair, Bedeguar, or instead thereof, the roots of Carduus Mariæ, Suchaha or instead thereof the roots of Avens, the flowers or roots of Bugloss, Annis seeds, sweet Fennel! from white and ripe Grapes, boil it over a seeds, Ageratum, or Maudlin, of each five gentle fire to the thickness of Honey. drams, Rhubarb, Mastich, of each three! drams, Spikenard, Indian leaf, or instead of word Rob, or Sapa throughout the Dispenit put Roman spike, of each two drams, satory, simply quoted in any medicine withboil them in eight pints of Water till the out any relation of what it should be made, third part be consumed, then strain the this is that you ought to use. Decoction, and with four pounds of sugar, clarified juice of Smallage and Endive, of each half a pound, boil it into a Syrup.

liver coming of cold, opens obstructions, helps; self (or else by adding half a pound of sugar the dropsy, and evil state of the body; it to each pound of juice) to the thickness of extenuates gross humours, strengthens the Honey.

cour for hypocondriac melancholy. You the mouth of the stomach, thereby staying may take an ounce at a time in the morning, vomiting, and belching, it strengthens it opens but purges not.

Honey of Emblicks. Augustanus.

College.] Take fifty Emblick Myrobalans, bruise them and boil them in three pints of you need. water till two be consumed, strain it, and with the like weight of Honey, boil it into a Syrup.

of flegn and melancholy: it strengthens the you will, and with half their weight in sugar brain and nerves, and senses both internal and external, helps tremblings of the heart, may take a spoonful at a time.

being kept safe from putrefaction. 2. Its Surup of Eupatorium (or Maudlin.) Mesue. use was first invented for diseases in the College.] Take of the Roots of Smallage, mouth. 3. It is usually made, in respect

#### Rob sive Sapa, simplex.

Or Simple Rob, or Sapa.

College. Take of Wine newly pressed

Culpeper.] Whenever you read the

## Rob de Barberis.

## Or Rob of Barberries.

College.] Take of the juice of Barberries Culpeper.] It amends infirmities of the strained as much as you will, boil it by it-

liver, provokes urine, and is a present suc- ? Culpeper.] It quenches thirst, closes stomachs weakened by heat, and procures

appetite. Of any of these Robs you may take a little on the point of a knife when

#### Rob de Cerasis.

#### Or Rob of Cherries.

College.] Take of the juice of red Culpeper. It is a fine gentle purger both { Cherries somewhat sowerish, as much as boil them like the former.

Culpeper.] See the virtue of Cherries; stays vomiting, provokes appetite. You and there you have a method to keep them all the year.

# Rob de Cornis.

## Or Rob of Cornels.

College.] Take of the juice of Cornels two pounds, sugar a pound and an half

## ROB, OR SAPA: AND JUICES.

Culpeper.] 1. Rob, or Sapa, is the juice boil it according to art. of a fruit, made thick by the heat either of Culpeper. Of these Cornel trees are two sorts, male and female, the fruit of the Betony, only in the last, the sugar and juice male Cornel, or Cornelian Cherry is here to must be equal in weight.

be used. The fruit of male Cornel, binds exceedingly, and therefore good in fluxes, and the immoderate flowing of the menses.

### Rob Cydoniorum.

#### Or Rob of Quinces.

College.] Take of the clarified juice of Quinces, boil it till two parts be consumed and with its equal weight in sugar boil it into a Rob.

#### Miva vel Gelatina Eorundem.

Or Jelly of Quinces.

College.] Take of the juice of Quinces clarified twelve pounds, boil it half away, and add to the remainder, old white Wine five pounds, consume the third part over a gentle fire, taking away the scum (all you ought) let the rest settle, and strain it, and with three pounds of sugar boil it according to art.

*Culpcper.* Both are good for weak and indisposed stomachs.

College. Rob of sour Plums is made as Rob of Quinces, the use of sugar is indifferent in them both.

Rob of English Currants is made in the same manner, let the juice be clarified.

Culpeper.] The virtues are the same with Rob of Barberries.

#### Rob Baccarum Sambuci

Or Rob of Elder Berries.

its weight in sugar being added.

Culpeper.] Both Rob of Elder Berries, thickness. and Dwarf-Elder, are excellent for such whose bodies are inclining to dropsies, neither let them neglect nor despise it. They may take the quantity of a nutineg each morning, it will gently purge the watery humour.

Succus Glycyrrhizæ simplex.

Or Juice of Liquorice simple.

College. ] Infuse Liquorice Roots cleansed and gently bruised, three days in Spring

Water, so much that it may over-top the roots the breadth of three fingers, then boil it a little, and press it hard out, and boil the liquor with a gentle fire to its due thickness.

Culpeper.] It is vulgarly known to be good against coughs, colds, &c. and a strengthner of the lungs.

Succus Glycyrrhize compositus.

Or Juice of Liquorice compound.

College.] Take of the water of tender Oak leaves, of Scabious, of each four pounds, English Liquorice scraped and bruised two pounds, boil them by degrees till they be soft, then press out the liquor strongly in a press, to which add three pounds of juice of Hyssop, and dry it away in the sun in a broad earthen vessel.

Culpeper. The virtues are the same with: the former.

Succus Pronorum Sylvestrum.

Or Juice of Sloes, called Acacia.

College.] Take of Sloes hardly ripe, press out the juice, and make it thick in a bath.

Culpeper.] It stops fluxes, and procures appetite.

College.] So are the Juices of Worm-College.] Take of the juice of Elder wood, Maudlin, and Fumitory made thick, Berries, and make it thick with the help of to wit, the herbs bruised while they be a gentle fire, either by itself, or a quarter of tender, and the juice pressed out and after it be clarified, boil over the fire to its just

## LOHOCH, OR ECLEGMATA

Culpeper.] Because this word also is understood but by few, we will first explain College.] In the same manner is made what it is. 1. The word Lohoch is an Ara-Rob of Dwarf-Elder, Junipers, and Paul's bick word, called in Greek Eclegma, in licked up. 2. It is in respect of body, a little of it. something thicker than a Syrup, and not so ?

Lohoch e Passulis.

Or Lohoch of Raisins.

against the roughness of the windpipe, dis-College.] Take of male Peony roots, eases, and inflammations of the lungs, dif- Liquorice, of each half an ounce, Hyssop, ficulty of breathing, colds, coughs, &c.; Bawm, Hart's-tongue, or Cetrach, of each 4. Its manner of reception is with a Liquo- half a handful, boil them in Spring Water, rice stick, bruised at the end, to take up and press them strongly, and by adding a some and retain it in the mouth, till it melt pound of Raisins bruised, boil it again, pressing it through a linen cloth, then with a pound of white sugar, make it into a Lohoch according to art.

> Culpeper.] It is very good against coughs. consumptions of the lungs, and other vices of the breast, and is usually given to children for such diseases, as also for convulsions, and falling-sickness.

#### Lohoch e Pino.

#### Or Lohoch of Pinenuts.

College.] Takeof Pine-nuts, fifteen drams, sweet Almonds, Hazel Nuts gently roasted, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, powder and juice of Liquorice, white Starch, Maidenhair, Orris roots, of each two drams, the pulp of Dates seventeen drams, bitter Almonds one dram and an half, Honcy of Raisins, white Sugar-candy, fresh Butter, of each two ounces, Honey one pound and an half, dissolve the Gums in so much Decoction of Maiden-hair as is sufficient: let the rest be inixed over a gentle fire, and stirred. that so it may be made into a Lohoch.

Culpeper.] The medicine is excellent for continual coughs, and difficulty of breathcuts and atenuates tough humours in the i breast.

#### Lohoch de Portulaca.

#### Or Lohoch of Purslain.

College.] Take of the strained Juice o Culpeper.] It helps salt, sharp and thin; Purslain two pounds, Troches of Terra and fevers; it is excellent for such as are of each two scruples, white Sugar one Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

Latin Linctus, and signifies a thing to be troubled with pleurises to take now and then

3. Its use was

of its own accord. Lohoch de Farfara.

thick as an electuary.

### Or Lohoch of Coltsfoot.

College.] Takeof Colts-foot roots cleansed eight ounces, Marsh-mallow roots four ounces cleansed, boil them in a sufficient quantity of water, and press the pulp out through a sieve, dissolve this again in the Decoction, and let it boil once or twice, then take it from the fire, and add two pounds of white sugar, Honey of Raisins fourteen ounces, juice of Liquorice two drams and an half, stir them stoutly with a wooden pestle, mean season sprinkle in Saffren and Cloves, of each a scruple, Cinnamon and Mace, of each two scruples, make them into a Lohoch according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It was invented for the cough.

### Lohoch de Papaverc.

#### Or Lohoch of Poppies.

College. Take white Poppy seeds twenty four drams, sweet Almonds blanched in { Rose Water, Pine-nuts cleansed, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, of each ten drams, juice of Liquorice an ounce, Starch three ing, it succours such as are asthmatic, for it drams, the seeds of Lettuce, Purslain, Quinces, of each half an ounce, Saffron a dram, Penids four ounces, Syrup of Mcconium three pounds, make it into a Lohoch according to art.

distillations upon the lungs, it allays the *Lemnia*two drams, Troches of Amber, Gum, fury of such sharp humours, which occasion Arabic. Dragon's-blood of each one dram, both roughness of the throat, want of sleep, *Lapis Hematilis*, the wool of a Hare toasted,

pound, mix them together, that so you may make a Lohoch of them.

*Culpeper.*] The medicine is so binding that it is better let alone than taken, unless in inward bruises when men spit blood, then you may safely take a little of it.

## Lohoch e Pulmone Vulpis. Or Lohoch of Fox Lungs.

College.] Take of Fox Lungs rightly prepared, juice of Liquorice, Maiden-hair, Annis-seeds, sweet Fennel seeds, of each ! equal parts, Sugar dissolved in Colt's-foot, and Scabious Water, and boiled into a Syrup, three times their weight; the rest being in fine powder, let them be put to it and strongly stirred together, that it may be made into a Lohoch according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It cleanses and unites ulcers in the lungs and breast, and is a present remedy in phthisicks.

### Lohoch sanum et Expertum.

Calaminth, of each half an ounce, Jujubes, from the breast, be they thick or thin, and Sebestens, the stones being taken out, fifteen wonderfully helps indigestion of victuals, Raising of the Sun stoned, fat Figs, Dates, and eases pains in the breast, and for this, of each two ounces, Linseed, Fenugreek I quote the authority of Galen. seed, of each five drams, Maiden-hair one handful, Annis-seeds, sweet Fennel seeds, Orris Roots cut, Liquorice, Cinnamon, of of Coleworts, clarified Saffron three drams, each an ounce, boil them according to art clarified Honey, and Sugar, of each half a in four pounds of clear water till half be pound, make of them a Lohoch according consumed, and with two pounds of Penids to art. boil it into a Syrup, afterwards cut and bruise very small Pine-nuts five drams, sweet of voice, eases surfeits and head-ache coming Almonds blanched, Liquorice, Gum Tra-jof drunkenness, and opens obstructions of gacanth and Arabick, white Starch of each the liver and spleen, and therefore is good three drams, let these be put into the Syrup for that disease in children called the rickets when it is off the fire, and stir it about swiftly with a wooden pestle till it look white.

Culpeper.] It succors the breast, lungs, throat, oppressed by cold, it restores the voice lost by reason of cold, and attenuates thick and gross humours in the breast and lungs.

## Lohoch Scilliticum. Or Lohoch of Squils.

College.] Take three drams of a Squil baked in paste, Orris Roots two drams. Hyssop, Hore-hound, of each one dram. Saffron, Myrrh, of each half a dram, Honey two ounces and an half, bruise the Squil, after it is baked, in a stone mortar, and after it hath boiled a walm or two with the Honey, put in the rest of the things in powder, diligently stirring it, and make it into a Lohoch according to art.

Eclegma of Squils. Mesue.

College.] Take of the juice of Squils and Honey, both of them clarified, of each two pounds, boil them together according to art to the consistence of Honey.

*Culpeper.*] For the virtues of it see Vinegar of Squils, and Oximel of Squils, only this is more mild, and not so harsh to the throat, because it hath no Vinegar in it, and therefore is far more fitting for Asthmaes. Or a sound and well experienced Lohoch. and such as are troubled with difficulty of College.] Take of dried Hyssop and breathing, it cuts and carries away humours

Lohoch of Coleworts. Gordonius.

College.] Take one pound of the juice

Cutpeper.] It helps hoarseness, and loss

## PRESERVED ROOTS, STALKS. BARKS, FLOWERS, FRUITS.

College. 7 Take of Eringo Roots as many Univ Calif - Digitized as you will, cleanse them without and within,

days in clear water, shifting the water some- that they are free from the stones, boil it times, then dry them with a cloth, then again in an earthen vessel over a gentle fire, take their equal weight in white Sugar, and soften stirring them for fear of burning, till as much Rose-water as will make it into a the watery humour be consumed, then mix Syrup, which being almost boiled, put in iten pounds of sugar with six pounds of this the roots, and let them boil until the mois- pulp, boil it to its due thickness. Broom ture be consumed, and let it be brought to buds are also preserved, but with brine and the due body of a Syrup. Not much un-jvinegar, and so are Olives and Capers. like to this are preserved the roots of Acorus, Lastly, Amongst the Barks, Cinnamon, Angelica, Borrage, Bugloss, Succory, Ele- amongst the flowers, Roses, and Marigolds, campane, Burnet, Satyrion, Sicers, Comfrey i amongst the fruits, Almonds, Cloves, Pinethe greater, Ginger, Zedoary. Take of the nuts, and Fistick-nuts, are said to be prestalks of Artichokes, not too ripe, as many served but with this difference, they are as you will, and (contrary to the roots) take encrusted with dry sugar, and are more only the pith of these, and preserve them called confects than preserves. with their equal weight in sugar, like the former. So is prepared the stalks of Angelica, Burs, Lettuce, &c. before they be too ripe. Take of fresh Orange pills as many as you will, take away the exterior yellowness, and steep them in spring water; Wormwood, Sorrel, Wood-sorrel, the flowers three days at the least, often renewing the of Oranges, Borrage, Bugloss, Bettony, water, then preserve them like the former. Marigolds, the Tops of Carduus, the Flowers In like manner are Lemon and Citron pills of Centaury the less, Clove-gilliflowers, preserved. Preserve the flowers of Citrons, Germander, Succory, the Leaves of Scurvy-Oranges, Borrage, Primroses, with Sugar, grass, the flowers of Comfrey the greater, according to art. Take of Apricots as Citratiæ, Cinosbati, the roots of Spurge, many as you will, take away the outer skin herbs and flowers of Eye-bright, the tops and the stones, and mix them with their of Fumitory, Goat's-rue, the flowers of like weight in sugar, after four hours take Broom not quite open, Hyssop, Lavender, them out, and boil the Sugar without any; white Lilies, Lilies of the Valley, Marjoram, other Liquor, then put them in again, and Mallows, the tops of Bawm, the leaves of boil them a little. Other Fruits may be; Mints, the flowers of Water Lilies, red preserved in the same manner, or at Poppies, Peony, Peaches, Primroses, Roses, least not much unlike to it, as whole Bar- the leaves of Rue, the flowers of Sage, Elder berries, Cherries, Cornels, Citrons, Quinces, Scabious, the leaves of Scordium, the Peaches, common Apples, the five sorts of flowers of Limetree, Coltsfoot, Violets, with Myrobalans, Hazel Nuts, Walnuts, Nut- all these are conserves made with their treble megs, Raisins of the Sun, Pepper brought proportion of white sugar; yet note, that green from India, Plums, garden and wild all of them must not be mixed alike, some Pears, Grapes. Pulps are also preserved, of them must be cut, beaten, and gently as Barberries, Cassia Fistula, Citrons, boiled, some neither cut, beaten nor boiled Cinosbatus, Quinces, and Sloes, &c. Take and some admit but one of them, which on Barberries as many as you will, boil every artist in his trade may find out by them in spring water till they are tender, this premonition and avoid error.

the pith being taken out, steep them two then having pulped them through a sieve,

#### CONSERVES AND SUGARS.

College. Conserves of the herbs of

## THE COMPLETE HERBAL

## SUGARS.

#### Diacodium Solidum, sive Tabulatum.

meanly ripe, and newly gathered, twenty, solved in spring water by a gentle fire, and steep them in three pounds of warm spring the whites of Eggs diligently beaten, and water, and the next day boil them until the clarified once, and again whilst it is boiling, virtue is out, then strain out the liquor, and then strain it and boil it gently again, till with a sufficient quantity of good sugar, it riseup in great bubbles, and being chewed boil it according to art, that you may make; it stick not to your teeth, then pour it upon it up into Lozenges.

Saccharum tabulatum simplex, et perlatum.

Or Lozenges of Sugar both simple and pearled.

the sugar upon a marble, after a sufficient are sometimes used in other compositions. boiling in half its weight in Damask Rose Water: And the latter by adding to every pound of the former towards the latter end i College.] Take Coriander seeds prepared leaves of gold.

strength, takes away burning fevers, and as is sufficient to make it into mean bits. false imaginations, (I mean that with Pearls, Culpeper.] 1 cannot boast much of the for that without Pearls is ridiculous) it hath { rarity nor virtues of this receipt. the same virtues Pearls have.

#### Saccharum Tabulatum compositum.

Or Lozenges of Sugar compound.

scruples, Agarick Trochiscated, Corallins, the sun an ounce, white Sugar a pound, burnt Hart's-horn, Dittany of Crete, Worm-I melt the Sugar in Rose-water and juice of seed and Sorrel seed, of each a scruple, Roses of each two ounces which being con-Cinnamon, Zedoary, Cloves, Saffron, of each sumed by degrees, put in the Rose leaves in half a scruple, white Sugar a pound, dis-i powder, mix them, put it upon a marble, solved in four ounces of Wormwood Water, and make it into Lozenges according to art. Wormwood Wine, an ounce, Cinnamon Culpeper.] As for the virtues of this, it Water a spoonful, with the forenamed pow-strengthens weak stomachs, weak nearts,

Culpeper. The title shews you the viri tues of it.

## Saccharum Penidium, **Or Sugar Penids**

College.] Take of white Poppy heads, College.] Are prepared of sugar disa marble, anointed with oil of Almonds. Culpeper. The virtues are the same with (let the bubbles first sink, after it is removed the common Diacodium, viz. to provoke from the fire) bring back the outsides of it sleep, and help thin rheums in the head, to the middle till it look like Larch rosin. coughs, and roughness of the throat, and then, your hands being rubbed with white may easily be carried about in one's pocket. starch, you may draw it into threads either short or long, thick or thin, and let it cool in what form you please.

*Culpeper.*] I remember country people College.] The first is made by pouring were wont to take them for coughs, and they

## Confectio de Thure.

#### Or Confection of Frankincense.

of the decoction, Pearls, prepared and half an ounce, Nutmegs, white Frankinbruised, half an ounce, with eight or ten cense, of each three drams, Liquorice, Mastich, of each two drams, Cubebs, Hart's-Culpeper.] It is naturally cooling, ap- horn prepared, of each one dram, conserve propriated to the heart, it restores lost of Red roses an ounce, white Sugar as much

Saecharum Rosatum.

### Or Sugar of Roses.

College.] Take of red Rose eaves, the College.] Take of choice Rhubarb four whites being cut off, and speedily dried in ders make it into Lozenges according to art. and weak brains, restores such as are in

consumptions, restores lost strength, stays oriential Bezoar, of each half an ounce, fluxes, eases pains in the head, ears and powder of the black tops of Crab's claws, eyes, helps spitting, vomiting, and urining the weight of them all, beat them into powof blood; it is a fine commodity for a man ider, which may be made into balls with in a consumption to carry about with him, ijelly, and the skins which our vipers have and eat now and then a bit.

### SPECIES, OR POWDERS.

#### Aromaticum Caryophyllatum.

College.] Take of Cloves seven drams, Mace, Zedoary, Galanga the less, yellow Sanders, Troches, Diarrhodon, Cinnamon, wood of Aloes, Indian Spikenard, long Pepper, Cardamoms the less, of each a dram, Red Roses four ounces, Gallia Moschata, Liquorice, of each two drams, of Indian leaf, Cubebs of each two scruples, beat them all diligently into powder.

*Culpeper.* This powder strengthens the heart and stomach, helps digestion, expels wind, stays vomiting, and cleanses the stomach of putrified humors.

#### Aromaticum Rosatum.

College.] Take of Red Roses exungulated fifteen drams, Liquorice seven drams, strengthener of the heart, and brain. wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, of each three drams, Cinnamon five drams, Cloves, Mace, of each two drams and an half, Guin } Arabic and Tragacanth, of each eight scruples, Nutmegs, Cardamons the less, Hartwort, of each two drams, the seeds of Galanga of each one dram, Indian Spikenard two scruples, make it into a powder to an ounce, the seeds of Lovage, black be kept in a glass for use.

It strengthens the brain, Culpeper. heart and stomach, and all such internal members as help towards decoction, it helps digestion, consumes the watery excrements ? of the bowels, strengthens such as are pined away by reason of the violence of a disease, and restores such as are in consumption.

Pulvus ex chelus Cancrorum compositus.

Or Powder of Crab's claws compound.

College. Take of Pearls prepared, Crab's; eyes, red Coral, white Amber, Hart's-horn, will in powders, and into such a body, you

cast off, warily dried and kept for use.

Culpeper.] This is that powder they ordinarily call Gascoigns powder, there are divers receipts of it, of which this is none of the worst, four, or five, or six grains is excellently good in a fever to be taken in any cordial, for it cheers the heart and vital spirits exceedingly, and makes them impregnable.

#### Species Cordiales Temperatæ.

College.] Take of wood of Aloes, Spodium of each a dram, Cinnamon, Cloves, bone of a Stag's-heart, the roots of Angelica, Avens, and Tormentil, of each a dram and an half, Pearls prepared six drams, raw Silk toasted. both sorts of Coral of each two drams, Jacinth, Emerald, Samphire, of each half a dram, Saffron a scruple, the leaves of gold and silver, of each ten, make them into powder according to art.

Culpeper.] It is a great cordial, a great

#### Diacalaminthe Simple.

College.] Take of Mountain Calaminth, Pennyroyal, Origanum, the seeds of Macedonian Parsley, common Parsley, and Smallage, the tops of Thyme of each half-Pepper, of each an ounce, make them into powder according to art.

Culpeper.] It heats and comforts cold bodies, cuts thick and gross flegm, provokes urine and the menses. I confess this differs something from Galen, but is better for our bodies in my opinion than his. It expels wind exceedingly, you may take half a dram of the powder at a time. There is nothing surer than that all their powders will keep better in Electuaries than they may make it with two pound and an half of ounce, Sugar-candy, Diatragacanthum white sugar dissolved in rose water.

### Diacalamintha compound.

of each a dram, Cypress roots, the seeds of colds, coughs, and hoarseness. You may diligently into a powder according to art. take it with a Liquorice stick.

Culpeper. This seems to be more appropriated to the feminine gender than the College. Take of Gum-lacca, prepared former, viz. to bring down the terms, to Rhubarb, Schænanth, of each three drams, bring away the birth, and after-birth, to Indian Spikenard, Mastich, the juice of purge them after labour, yet it is dangerous Wormwood and Agrimony, made thick, the for pregnant women.

#### Dianisum.

College. ounces and an half, Liquorice, Mastich, of Birthwort long and round, Gentian, Saffron, each an ounce, the seeds of Caraway, Fen- Cinnamon, dried Hyssop, Cassia Lignea, nel, Galanga, Mace, Ginger, Cinnamon, of Bdellium, of each a dram and an half, black each five drams, the three sorts of Pepper, Pepper, Ginger, of each a dram, make them Cassia Lignea, mountain Calaminth, Pel-jinto powder according to art. litory of Spain, of each two drams, Carda-; Culpeper.] It strengthens the stomach Spikenard, Saffron, of each a dram and an yellow jaundice, provokes urine, breaks half, make them into powder.

the stomach, and helps the cold infirmities strong they may take a dram in white Wine. thereof, raw, flegm, wind, continual coughs, Let pregnant women forbear it. and other such diseases coming of cold. You may safely take a dram of the electuary College.] Take of East Bezoar, bone of at a time. You may make an electuary of a Stag's-heart, of each a dram and an half, it with its treble weight of clarified Honey. Magisterium, of white and red Coral, white

Or Powder of Aron Roots compound.

of common Water Flag, and Burnet, of each proots, of each a dram, Wood of Aloes, one ounce, Crab's eyes, half an ounce, Citron peels, the roots of Angelica and and Juniper, of each one dram, make them Gold twenty, Ambergris one scruple, Musk into powder.

Culpeper.] And when you have done powder. tell me what it is good for.

College.

frigidum, of each two drams, make them. into powder.

College.] Take of Diacalamintha simple, [ Culpeper.] I do not mean the Diatragahalf an ounce, the leaves of Horehound, canthum frigidum, for that is in powder Marjoram, Bawm, Mugwort, Savin dried, before. It comforts the breast, is good in Maddir and Rue, Mace, Cinnamon, of each mix it with any pectoral Syrups which are two scruples, beat them and mix them; appropriated to the same, diseases, and so

#### Dialacca.

sceds of Smallage, Annis, Fennel, Amuni, Savin, bitter Almonds, Myrrh, Costus, or Take of Annis seeds two Zedoary, the roots of Maddir, Asarabacca,

moms the greater, Cloves, Cubebs, Indian and liver, opens obstructious, helps dropsies, the stone in the reins and bladder. Half a *Culpeper.*] It is chiefly appropriated to dram is a moderate dose, if the patient be

#### Pulvis Cardiacus Magistralis.

Pulvis Radicum Ari composicus. Amber, Magisterium of Pearl, Hart's-born, Ivory, Bole-amoniac, Earth of Germany, College.] Take of Aron Roots two ounces, Samos and Lemnos, Elk's-claw. Tormentil Cinnamon three drams, salt of Wormwood, Zedoary, of each two scruples, leaves of six grains, mix them and make them into

> Culpeper.] It is too dear for a vulgar Diaireos simple: - Diaitize purse, yet a mighty cordial and great Take of Orris roots half an strengthener of the heart and vitals in fevers.

## AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

College.] Take of the four greater cold time of taking it is, in the morning fasting. seeds, the seeds of Purslain, white Poppies, Endive, Sorrel, Citrons, the three Sanders, [ College.] Is prepared by adding to the Wood of Aloes, Ginger, red Roses exun- forenamed Wormwood, dried Roses, of each gulated, the flowers of Water-lilies, Bug- three drams, Aloes half an ounce, Cinnamon loss, Violets, the berries of Mirtles, bone in two drams and an half, Castorium and a Stag'sh' cart, Ivory, Contra yerva, Cinna- Lovage, of each one dram, make them into mon of each one dram, both sorts of Coral, powder. of each half a dram, Pearls three drams, Culpeper. Besides the virtues of the Camphire six grains, make them into pow-former, it purges the stomach of purified der according to art. Observe that the four humours. greater cold seeds, and the Poppy seeds, 1995 Specia Dianthus. are not to be added before the powder be [ College.] Take of Rosemary flowers an required by physician for use. Do so by ounce, red Boses, Violets, Liquorice, of the other powder in the composition of each six drams, Cloves, Indian Spikenard, al course which these powders are used.

storative in consumptions, to help such as moms the less, the seeds of Dill and Anis, are in hectic fevers, to restore strength lost, of each four scruples, make them into powto help coughs, asthmaes, and consump-i der according to art. tions of the lungs, and restore such as have ? Culpeper.] It strengthens the heart and laboured long under languishing or pining helps the passions thereof, it causes a joyful diseases.

### Diamoschu Dulce.

Wood of Aloes, Mace, of each two drams, tion notably. The dose is half a dram, you Pearls, raw Silk toasted, white Amber, red may make it into an electuary with honey, Coral prepared, Gallia Moschata, Bazil, of and take two drams of that at a time. cach two drams and an half, Ginger, Cubebs, Diapendion. Long Pepper, of each a dram and an half, College.] Take of Penides, two ounces, Nutmegs, Indian leaf or Cinnamon, Cloves, Pine-nuts, sweet Almonds blanched, white of each one dram, Musk two scruples, make Poppy seeds, of each three drams and a them into powder according to art. scruple, (Cinnamon, Cloves, Ginger, which

afflictions of the brain, that come without without spices) juice of Liquorice, Gum a fever, melancholy and its attendants, viz. Tragacanth and Arabic, white Starch, the sadness without a cause, vertigo or diziness four greater cold seeds husked, of each a in the head, falling-sickness, palsies, resolu-i dram and an half, Camphire seven grains, tion of thenerves, convulsions, heart-qualms, make them into powder.

Diamargariton frigidum. the electuary, two drams is the dose: The Diamoschu Amarum

Nutmegs, Galanga, Cinnamon, Ginger, Culpeper.] Authors hold it to be re- Zedoary, Mace, Wood of Aloes, Carda-

and cheerful mind, and strengthens such as have been weakened by long sickness, it Take of Saffron, Galanga, Zedoary, strengthens cold stomachs, and helps diges-

Culpeper.] It wonderfully helps cold three being omitted, it is a Diapendion

afflictions of the lungs, and difficulty of [ Culpeper.] It helps the vices of the breathing. The dose of the powder is half breast, coughs, colds, hoarseness, and cona dram, or two scruples, or less; according sumptions of the lungs, as also such as spit to the age or strength of him or her that matter. You may mix it with any pectoral takes it. Mesue appoints it to be made into syrup, and take it with a Liquorice stick, an electuary with clarified honey, and of if you fancy the powder best, but if the

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electuary, you may take a dram of it upon Cucumbers and Gourds, of each two drams, a knife's point at any time when the cough; Penids three ounces, Camphire half a comes.

#### Diarrhodon Abbatis

College.] Take of Sanders white and red, of each two drams and an half, Gum Tragacanth, Arabic, Ivory of each two scruples. Asarabacca roots, Mastich, Indian Spikenard, Cardamoms, Liquorice, Saffron, Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Gallia Moschata, Annis and sweet Fennel seeds, Cinnamon, Rhubarb, Bazil seeds, Barberry seeds, the seeds of Succory, Purslain, the four greater cold seeds cleansed, white Poppy seeds, of each a scruple, Pearls, bone of a Stag's-heart of each half a scruple, red Roses exungulated, one ounce and three drams, Camphire seven grains, make them into powder according to art.

Culpeper.] It cools the violent heat of the heart and stomach, as also of the liver, lungs, and spleen, eases pains in the body, and most infirmities coming to the body by reason of heat. The dose of the powder is half a dram, and two ounces of the electuary, into which with sugar dissolved in Rose-water you may make it.

#### Diospoliticum.

College. Take of Cummin seeds steeped in vinegar and dried, long Pepper, Rue leaves, of each an ounce, Nitre half an ounce, make them into powder.

Culpeper.] It is an admirable remedy for such whose meat is putrified in their Starch, Gum Arabic, Tragacanth, the seeds stomachs, it helps cold stomachs, cold of Melons, Cucumbers, Citruls, Gourds, belchings and windy. You may take half Endive, of each a dram and an half, Cama dram after meat, either in a spoonful of phire a scruple, make them into powder Muskadel, or in a Syrup of Mirtles or according to art. Quinces, or any Cordial Water whose effects is the same.

### Species Diatragacanthi frigidi.

College.] Take of Gum Tragacanth two jaundice, and consumptions of the lungs. ounces, Gum Arabic an ounce and two You may safely take a dram of the powder, drams, white Starch half an ounce, Liquorice, or two drams of the electuary in the mornin the seeds of Melons and white Poppies, of fasting, for most of these powder will kee each three drams, the seeds of Citruls, better by half in electuaries.

scruple, make of them a powder according to art. Also you may make an electuary of them with a sufficient quantity of Syrup of Violets, but have a care of what was told you before of the seeds.

Culpeper.] Make up into an electuary. It helps the faults of the breast and lungs coming of heat and dryness, it helps consumptions, leanness, inflammations of the sides, pleurises, &c. hot and dry coughs, roughness of the tongue and jaws

#### Diatron Piperton.

College. Take of the three sorts of Peppers, of each six drams and fifteen grains, Annis seeds, Thyme, Ginger, of each one dram, beat them into gross powder.

'Culpeper.] It heats the stomach and expels wind. Half a dram in powder, or two drams in electuary (for so Galen who was author of it, appoints it to be made with clarified honey, a sufficient quantity) if age and strength permit, if not, half so much, is a sufficient dose, to be taken before meat, if to heat the stomach and help digestion; after meat, if to expel wind.

#### Diatrion Santalon.

*College.*] 'Take of all the sorts of Sanders, red Roses, of each three drams, Rhubarb, Ivory, Juice of Liquorice, Purslain seeds, of each two drams and fifteen grains, white

*Culpeper.*] It is very profitable against the heat of the stomach and liver, besides, it wonderfully helps such as have the yellow

### Pulvis Haly.

· · · · · · · · · · ·

College.] Take of white Poppy seeds ten drams, white Starch, Gum Arabic and Tragacanth, of each three drains, the seeds of Purslain, Marsh-mallows, Mallows, of of each one ounce, one dram, two scruples each five drams, Cucumbers, Melons, and an half, Cinnamon two drams, two Gourds, Citruls, Quinces of each seven scruples, and two grains, Cloves, Indian drams, Ivory, Liquorice, of each three Spikenard, Ginger, Galanga, Nutmegs,

them into powder according to art. *Culpeper.*] It is a gallant cool powder, grains, beat them into powder. fit for all hot imperfections of the breast and lungs, as consumptions, plcurisies, &c. vomiting, and the author saith it helps hot Your best way is to make it into a soft and dry stomachs, as also heat and dryness electuary with Syrups of Violets, and take ? it as Diatragacanthum frigidum.

#### Lætificans.

College.] Take the flowers of Clove-bazil, or the seeds thereof, Saffron, Zedoary, Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Citron pills, Galanga, Mace, Nutmegs, Styrax Calamitis, of each two drams and an half, Ivory, Annis seeds, Thyme, Epithimum, of each one dram, bone of a Stag's heart, Pearls, Camphire, of each half a dram, leaves of Gold and Silver, of each half a scruple, make it into powder according to art.

Culpeper.] It causes a merry heart, a good colour, helps digestion, and keeps back old age. You may mix half a dram of it to take at one time, or less if you please, in any cordial Syrup, or cordial electuary appropriated to the same uses.

#### Pulvis Saxonicus.

College.] Take of the roots of both sorts of Angelica, Swallow-wort, garden Valerian, Polipodium of the Oak, Marsh-mallows, Nettles, of each half an ounce, the bark of : German Mezereon, two drams, twenty grains of herb 'True-love, the leaves of the same, roots and all, thirty six, the roots being Or Powder of Sena the greater composition, steeped in vinegar and dried, beat it all Carraway, Fennel, Cummin, Spikenard, into powder.

Culpeper.] It seems to be as great an Cinnamon, Galanga, of each half an ounce, expeller of poison, and as great a preserva- ¿ Liquorice, Gromwell, of each an ounce,

tive against it, and the pestilence, as one shall usually read of.

#### Rosate Novelle.

College.] Take of red Roses, Liquorice, drams, Penids the weight of them all, make ¿ Zedoary, Styrax, Calamitis, Cardamons, Parsley seeds, of each one scruple eight

> Culpeper.] It quenches thirst, and stays of the heart, liver, and lungs, (yet is the

> powder itself hot,) it strengthens the vital spirits, takes away heart-qualms, it provokes sweat, and strengthens such as have laboured under long chronical diseases. You may take a dram of the electuary every morning, if with clarified Honey you please to make it into such a body.

#### Pulvus Thuraloes

College.] Take of Frankincense one dram, Aloes half a dram, beat them into powder.

Culpeper.] And when you have occasion to use it, mix so much of it with the white of an egg, (beat the white of the egg well first) as will make it of the thickness or Honey, then dip the wool of a Hare in it, and apply it to the sore or part that bleeds, binding it on.

#### Pulvis Hermidactylorum compositus.

Or Powder of Hermodactils compound.

College.] Take of men's bones burnt, Scammony, Hermodactils, Turbith, Sena, Sugar, of each equal parts, beat them into powder.

#### Pulvis Senæ compositus major.

College.] Take of the seeds of Annis,

Sena, the weight of them all, beat it into keep it, you may encrease the quantity analogically. powder.

Culpeper.] That this receipt is gallantly composed none can deny, and is an excel-! College.] Take of the roots of Tormentil, lent purge for such whose bodies as are Dittany, Clove-gilliflowers, Scabious, the troubled with the wind cholic, or stoppage seed of Sorrel, Coriander prepared, Citron, either of guts or kidneys, two drams Carduus Benedictus, Endive, Rue, of each taken in white Wine will work sufficiently one dram, of the three sorts of Sanders, with any ordinary body. Let weak men! (white, red, and yellow,) Been, white and and children take less, keeping within doors, and warm.

#### Pulvis Sence compositus minor.

Or Powder of Sena, the lesser composition.

College.] Take of Sena two ounces, Cremor Tartar half an ounce, Mace two scruples and an half, Ginger, Cinnamon, of each a dram and an half, Salgem one dram, beat it into powder according to art.

Culpeper.] This powder purges melancholy, and cleanses the head.

#### Diasenæ.

College.] Take of Sena, Cremor Tartar, of each two ounces, Cloves, Cinnamon, Galanga, Annni, of each two drams, Diacridium half an ounce, beat it into powder according to art.

#### Diaturbith with Rhubarb.

Take of Turbith, Hermo-College. dactils, of each an ounce, Rhubarb ten drams, Diacrydium half an ounce, Sanders red and white, Violets, Ginger, of each a dram and an half, Mastich, Annis seeds, Cinnamon, Saffron, of each half a dram, make it into powder.

Culpeper. This also purges flegm and choler. Once more let me desire such as are unskilful in the rules of physic, not to meddle with purges of this nature (unless prescribed by a skilful Physician) lest they do themselves more mischief in half an hour, than they can remove in half a year.

### The lesser cordial Powder. Fernelius.

College. Take of Hart's-horn, Unicorn's ceti and the rest all together and go to beat norn, Pearls, Ivory, of each six grains beat them in that fashion, you may as soon beat them into fine powder. If you mean to the mortar into powder, as the simples. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft

The greater cordial Powder. Fern.

red (or if you cannot get them, take the

roots of Avens and Tormentil, in their stead) Roman Doronicum, (a kind of wolfbane) Cinnamon, Cardanioms, Saffron, the flowers of both sorts of Bugloss, (viz. Borrage and Bugloss,) red Roses, and Water-Lilies, Wood of Aloes, Mace, of each two scruples, Ivory, Spodium, bone of a Stag'sheart, red Coral, Pearls, Emerald, Jacinth, Granite of each one scruple, raw Silk torrified, (dried or roasted by the fire.) Bole-amoniac, Earth of Lemnos, of each half a dram, Camphire, Ambergris, Musk. of each six grains, beat them into powder according to art, and with eigh times their weight in white sugar, dissolved in Rosewater, you may make them into Lozenges. if you please. 111 J. T. J. TL

Culpeper.] Both this and the former powder, are appropriated to the heart, (as the title shew) thefore they do strengthen that, and the vital spirit, and relieve languishing nature. All these are cordial Powders, and seldom above half a dram of them given at a time.

### A Powder for such as are bruised by a fall. The Augustan Physicians.

College.] Take of Terra sigillata, Sanguis Draconis, Mummy of each two drams, Spermaceti one dram, beat them into powder according to art.

Culpeper. You must beat the rest into powder, and then add the Spermaceti to them afterwards, for if you put the Sperma-

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Indeed your best way is to beat them se-is sour belchings, and indigestion, gross verally, and then mix them altogether, which the humours and cold afflictions of the stomach being done, makes you a gallant medicine; and liver. You may take half a dram of the for the infirmities specified in the title, a powder at a time, or two of the electuary dram of it taken in Muskadel and sweating in the morning fasting, or an hour before after it.

Species Electuarii Dyacymini. Nicholaus. College.] Take of Cummin seeds infused a natural day in Vinegar, one ounce and one scruple, Cinnamon, Cloves, of each two drams and an half, Galanga, Savory, the Wall, of each one dram, Ginger, Calaminth, of each one dram and two ? scruples, Ginger, black Pepper, of each two } drams and five grains, the seeds of Lovage, and Ammi, (Bishop's-weed,) of each one drams, Been of both sorts, (if they cannot dram and eighteen grains, long Pepper one be procured take the roots of Avens and dram, Spikenard, Nutmegs, Cardamoms, of Tormentil) black and long Pepper of each each two scruples and an half, beat them three drams, beat them into powder and and keep them diligently in powder for your keep them for your use. use.

Culpeper. bowels, expels wind exceedingly, helps the eases incident to their matrix; but his reawind cholic, helps digestion hindered by cold or wind, is an admirable remedy for wind in the bowels, and helps quartan agues. The powder is very hot, half a dram is enough to take at one time, and too much if the patient be feverish, you may take it Cinnamon, black Pepper, Cardamons, in white Wine. It is in my opinion a fine { Cloves, Mace, of each half a dram, Costus, composed powder.

Species Electuarii Diagalanga. Mesue.

Aloes, of each six drams, Cloves, Mace, seeds of Lovage of each two drams, Ginger, ; way, Carrots, Fennel, Bruscus, Parsley of long and white Pepper, Cinnamon, Calamus; Macedonia, Burs, Seseli, (or Hartwort,) Aromaticus of each a dram and an half, Asarabacca, of each one dram, Lapis Calaminth, and Mints dried, Cardamonis Spongiæ, Lyncis, Cancri, Judaici, of each the greater, Indian Spikenard, the seeds of one dram and an half, Goat's blood pre-Smallage, Annis, Fennel, Caraway, of each pared an ounce and half, beat them all into one dram, beat them into powder according powder according to art. to art. Also it may be made into an electuary with white sugar dissolved in Malaga helps want of digestion coming through clarified Honey.

tuary, which he saith prevails against wind, helps the cholic, stranguary, and disury.

meat. It helps digestion exceedingly, expels wind, and heats a cold stomach.

Species Electuarii Diamargariton Calidi. Avicenna.

College.] Take of Pearls and Pellitory of Mastich, of each half an ounce, Doronicum, Zedoary, Smallage seeds, both sorts of Cardamoms, Nutmegs, Mace, of each two

Culpeper.] This (quoth Avicenna) is ap-It heats the stomach and propriated to women, and in them to dissons I know not. It is cordial and heats the stomach.

#### Lithontribon Nicholaus, according to Fernelius.

College.] Take of Spikenard, Ginger. Liquorice, Cypress, Tragacanth, Germander, of each two scruples, the seeds of Bishop's-College.] Take of Galanga, wood of weed, (Ammi,) Smallage, Sparagus, Bazil, Nettles, Citrons, Saxifrage, Burnet, Cara-

Culpeper.] It heats the stomach, and wine, or twelve times the weight of it of cold, it eases pains in the belly and loins, the Illiac passion, powerfully breaks the Culpeper.] Mesue quotes it only as an elec- i stone in the reins and bladder, it speedily

The dose is from a dram to half a dram, Saphire, bone of a Stag's heart, of each take it either in white Wine, or decoction of one dram, beat them into powder accordherbs tending to the same purposes. ing to art.

Pleres Arconticon. Nicholaus.

Galanga, Wood of Aloes, Indian Spikenard, strengthens the heart. You may take half Nutmegs, Ginger, Spodium, Schænanthus, a dram every morning either by itself, or Cypress, Roses, Violets of each one dram, mixed with any other convenient composi-Indian Leaf or Mace, Liquorice, Mastich, tion, whether Syrup or Electuary. Styrax Calamitis, Marjorani, Costmary, or Diaturbith the greater, without Rhubarb. Water-mints, Bazil, Cardamoms, long and [ College.] Take of the best Turbith an white Pepper, Myrtle berries, and Citron Jounce, Diagridium, Ginger, of each half an pills, of each half a dram and six grains, jounce, Cinnamon, Cloves, of each two Pearls, Been white and red, (or, if they be drams, Galanga, long Pepper, Mace, of each wanting, take the roots of Avens and Tor-jone dram, beat them into powder, and with mentil in their stead) red Coral, torrified eight ounces and five drams of white sugar Silk, of each eighteen grains, Musk six dissolved in Succory Water, it may be made grains, Camphire four grains, beat them, into an electuary. into powder according to art, and with ten Culpeper.] It purges flegm, being rightly Bawm water, you may make them into an inot. electuary.

Culpeper.] It is exceedingly good for College.] Take of Wormseed, four sad, melancholy, lumpish, pensive, grieving, jounces, Sena, one ounce, Coriander seeds vexing, pining, sighing, sobbing, fearful, prepared, Hart's-horn, of each half a dram, careful spirits, it strengthens weak stomachs : Rhubarb half an ounce, dried Rue, twoexceedingly, and help such as are prone to drams, beat them into powder. faintings and swoonings, it strengthens such { Culpeper.] I like this powder very well, as are weakened by violence of sickness, it the quantity (or to write more scholastically, helps bad memories, quickens all the senses, the dose) must be regulated according to strengthens the brain and animal spirits, the age of the patient, even from ten grains helps the falling-sickness, and succours to a dram, and the manner of taking it by such as are troubled with asthmas, or other their palate. It is something purging. cold afflictions of the lungs. It will keep best in an electuary, of which you may take a dram in the morning, or more, as age and strength requires.

A Preservative Powder against the Pestilence. Montagnam.

red, and yellow,) the seeds of Bazil, of each Arabic and Tragacanth, of each two drams an ounce and an half, Bole Amoniac, Cin- and two scruples, Sanders white and red, namon, of each an ounce, the roots of each four scruples, juice of Liquorice, white Dittany, Gentian, and Tormentil, of each Starch, the seeds of white Poppies, Purslain, two drams and an half, the seeds of Citron Lettuce, and Endive, of each three drams, the

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*Culpeper.*] The title tells you the virtue College.] Take of Cinnamon, Cloves, of it, besides, it cheers the vital spirits, and

times their weight in sugar dissolved in administered by a skilful hand. I fancy it

#### A Powder for the Worms.

### ELECTUARIES.

#### Antidotus Analeptica.

College.] Take of red Roses, Liquorice. College.] Take of all the Sanders, (white, of each two drams and five grains, Gum and Sorrel, of each two drams, Pearls, four greater cold seeds husked, of Quinces, Mallows, Cotton, Violets, Pine-nuts, fistic towards the end, Cinnamon bruised half an Nuts, sweet Almonds, pulp of Sebestens, of jounce, strain it, and with two pounds of. each two drams, Cloves, Spodium, Cinna- white sugar, boil it to the thickness of a mon, of each one dram, Saffron five grains, Syrup, putting in, in powder, Cinnamon, a Penids half an ounce, being beaten, make dram, Nutmegs, half a scruple, Musk three them all into a soft electuary with three grains, Ambergris, two and thirty grains, times their weight in Syrup of Violets. ten leaves of Gold, Spirit of Vitriol four

hectic fevers, lost strength, it nourishes according to art. much, and restores radical moisture, opens! Culpeper.] It opens obstruction of the quenches thirst, and resists fevers. You fluxions from the head to the lungs, or may take an ounce in a day, by a dram at teeth, or eyes, it is excellent in coughs, and a time, if you please.

hours, raw Silk four ounces, strain it of barrenness, and is generally a helper of strongly, and add Syrup of the berries of all diseases coming of cold, raw thin Cherms brought over to us, two pounds, humours, you may take half a dram at a Sugar one pound, boil it to the thickness of time in the morning. Honey; then removing it from the fire whilst it is warm, add Ambergris cut small, half an ounce, which being well mingled, put in these things following in powder, drams, the seeds of Ammi, Cummin, Lovage, Cinnamon, Wood of Aloes, of each six Origanum, Nigella, Caraway, Carrots, drams, Pearls prepared, two drams, Leaf- Parsley, bitter Almonds, Pepper black and Gold a dram, Musk a scruple, nake it up long, wild Mints, Calamus Aromaticus. according to art.

cordial, and a mighty strengthener of the drams, clarified Honey a pound and an heart, and vital spirits, a restorer of such as half, the things to be beaten; being beaten, are in consumptions, a resister of pesti-; and the Gums dissolved in Wine, make it lences and poison, a relief to languishing into an electuary according to art. nature, it is given with good success in <sup>§</sup> Culpeper.] It is exceeding good either in fevers, but give not too much of it at at the cholic, or Iliac passion, or any other a time, lest it prove too hot for the body, disease of the bowels coming of cold or and too heavy for the purse. You may wind, it generally eases pains in the bowels. mix ten grains of it with other convenient; You may give a dram in the morning fastcordials to children, twenty or thirty to ing, or half an ounce in a clyster, according men.

#### Electuarium e Sassaphras.

College.] Take of Sassafras two ounces, College. Take of Capers four ounces, common Water three pounds, boil it to the Agrimony Roots, Nigella seeds, Squils. consumption of the third part, adding, Asarabacca, Centaury, black Pepper, Small-

Culpeper.] It restores consumptions, and drops, and so make it into an electuary

the pores, resists choler, takes away coughs, i liver and spleen, helps cold rheums or deother cold afflictions of the lungs and Confectio Alkermes. breast, it helps digestion, expels wind and College.] Take of the juice of Apples, the gravel of the kidneys, it provokes the Damask Rose-water, of each a pound and menses, warms and dries up the moisture of an half, in which infuse for twenty-four the womb, which is many times the cause

Bay-berries, Castorium of each two drains, Culpeper.] Questionless this is a great Sagapenum half an ounce, Opopanax three

as the disease is.

#### Diacapparit.

age, Thyme of each an ounce, Honey three therefore stops fluxes, neither do I know a times their weight, make it into an electuary; better medicine in all the dispensatory for according to art. *Culpeper.*] They say it helps infirmities with looseness. It stops the menses and

of the spleen, and indeed the name seems to Fluor Albus. Take but a dram at a time promise so much, it may be good for cold every morning, because of its binding bodies, if they have strength of nature in quality, except you have a looseness, for them.

## Diacinnamomum. times a day.

College.] Take of Cinnamon fifteen drams, Cassia Lignea, Elecampane roots, College. Take of the roots of Cicers, of each half an ounce, Galanga, seven Acorus, or Calamus Aromaticus, Pine-nuts, drams, Cloves, long Pepper, both sorts of of each a pound and a half, let the Cicers Cardamoms, Ginger, Mace, Nutmegs, roots, being cleansed, cut, boiled, and Wood of Aloes, of each three drams, Saffron, pulped, be added to ten pounds of clarified one dram, Sugar five drams, Musk two honey, and boiled, (stirring it) to its just scruples, adding according to the prescript thickness, then being removed from the of the Physician, and by adding three pounds fire, add the Acorus roots beaten, the Pineeight ounces of clarified Honey, boil it and inuts cut, and these following in powder.

#### Diacorallion.

College.] Take of Coral white and red, it cure the falling-sickness. Bole-amoniac, Dragon's-blood, of each one dram, Pearls half a dram, Wood of Aloes, College. Take of the flesh of Quinces red Roses, Gum Tragacanth, Cinnamon, of cut and boiled in fair water to a thickness, each two scruples, Sanders white and red, eight pounds, white sugar six pounds, boil of each one scruple, with four times its it to it just thickness. weight in sugar dissolved in small Cinna-mon Water, make it into an electuary, College.] Take of the juice of Quinces, according to art.

the heart exceedingly, and restores such as the decoction, it being gently boiled, and the are in consumptions, it is cooling, therefore scum taken away, add Ginger two ounces,

then you may take so much two or three

### Diacorum.

make it into an electuary according to art. Take of black Pepper an ounce, long Pepper, Culpeper.] Diacinnamomum, or in plain Cloves, Ginger, Mace, of each half an English, A composition of Cinnamon, heats ounce, Nutmegs, Galanga, Cardamons, of the stomach, causes digestion, provokes the each three drams, mix them with the roots menses, strengthens the stomach and other and Honey into an electuary according to art. parts that distribute the nourishment of the [ Culpeper.] The electuary provokes lust, body, a dram of it taken in the morning heats the brain, strengthens the nerves, fasting, is good for ancient people and cold quickens the senses, causes an acute wit, bodies, such as are subject to dropsies and eases pains in the head, helps the fallingdiseases of flegm, or wind, for it comforts sickness and convulsions, coughs, catharrs, and strengthens nature much. If you take and all diseases proceeding from coldness it to help digestion, take it an hour before of the brain. Half a dram is enough to meat, do so in all things of like quality. take at one time, because of its heat.

Peony is an herb of the sun, the roots of

#### Diacydonium simple.

Sugar, of each two pounds, white Wine Culpeper.] It comforts and strengthens Vinegar half a pound, added at the end of good in hectic fevers, very binding, and white Pepper ten drams and two scruples. bruise them grossly, and boil it again to the; Antidotum Hæmagogum. thickness of Honey.

Spring Water four pounds, clarify them wort, Mugwort, Cassia Lignca, Macedonian well with the white of an egg, scumming Parsley seed, Pellitory of Spain, Rue seed, them, then take of ripe Quinces cleansed Spikenard, Myrrh, Pennyroyal, of each two from the rind and seeds, and cut in four scruples and fourteen grains, the seeds of quarters, eight pounds, boil them in the Smallage, Savin, of each two scruples and foregoing Syrup till they be tender, then thirteen grains, Centaury the greater, Crestrain the Syrup through a linen cloth, tish Carrots, Nigella, Caraway, Annis, vocata Anglice, Boulter; boil them again to Cloves, Alum, of each two scruples, Bay a jelly, adding four ounces of white wine leaves one scruple, one half scruple, and Vinegar towards the end; remove it from three grains, Schænanth one scruple and the fire, and whilst it is warm put in these thirteen grains, Asarabacca, Calamus Aromafollowing species in powder, Ginger an ticus, Amomum, Centaury the less, the seed ounce, white Pepper, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, of Orrach, Peony, Fennel, of each one of each two drams, keep it for use. iscruple and six grains, wood of Alocs, a

are, they comfort the stomach, help diges- Elecampane, Ginger, Cappar roots, Cummin, tion, stays vomiting, belchings, &c. stop; Orobus, of each one scruple, all of them fluxes and the menses. They are all harm-; being beaten into very fine powder, let less, you may take the quantity of a nut-them be made into an electuary according meg of them at a time, before meat to help to art, with four times their weight in sugar, digestion and fluxes, after meat to stay let it stand one month before you use it

### Confectio de Hyacintho.

Bole-amoniac, Earth of Lemnos, of each purged after travail, it provokes urme, half an ounce, the berries of Chermes, the breaks the stone in the bladder, helps the Roots of Tormentil and Dittany, the seeds stranguary, disury, iskury, &c. helps inof Citrons, Sorrel, and Purslain, Saffron, digestion, the cholic, opens any stoppings in Myrrh, red Roses exungulated, all the sorts; the body, it heats the stomach, purges the of Sanders, bone of a Stag's heart, Hart's- liver and spleen, consumes wind, stays horn, Ivory prepared, of each four scruples, vomiting, but let it not be taken by preg-Samphire, Emerald, Topaz, Pearls, raw nant women, nor such people as have the Silk, leaves of Gold and Silver, of each two hemorrhoids. The dose is from one dram scruples, Camphire, Musk, Ambergris, of to two drams. each five grains, with Syrup of Lemons;

cool, exceeding good in acute fevers and Nuts, Pine nuts, Festick nuts, green Ginger. pestilences, it mightily strengthens and Eringo roots preserved, of each one ounce, cherishes the heart. Never above half a Ginger, Cloves, Galanga, Pepper long and dram is given at a time, very seldom so black, of each three drams, Ambergris COLUMN SHELL much.

College.] Take of Lupines husked two Diacydonium compound, Magisterial. drams, black Pepper five scruples and six College.] Take of white Sugar six pounds, grains, Liquorice four scruples, long Birth-Culpeper.] The virtues of all these three scruple and fourteen grains, Cypress,

vomiting, in the morning for the rest. Confectio de Hyacintho. Confection de Hyacintho. Confection de Hyacintho. Confection de Hyacintho. College.] Take of Jacinth, red Coral, child, purges such as are not sufficiently

#### Diasatyrion.

make it into a confection according to art. College.] Take of Satyrion roots three Culpeper] It is a great cordial and ounces, Dates, bitter Almonds, Indian one scruple, Musk two scruples, Penins

four ounces, Cinnamon, Saffron, of each [ College.] Take of the juice of Liquorice, half an ounce, Malaga Wine three ounces, sweet Almonds, Hazel-Nuts, of each half Nutmegs, Mace, Grains of Paradise, of an ounce, Pinc-nuts an ounce, Hysop, each two drams, Ash-tree keys, the belly Maidenhair, Orris, Nettle seeds, round and loins and Scinks, Borax, Benjamin, of Birthwort, of each a drain and an half, each three drams, wood of Aloes, Cardamoms, black Pepper, the seeds of Water-cresses, of each two drams, the seeds of Nettles and the roots of Elecampane, of each half a Onions, the roots of Avens, of each a dram dram, Honey fourteen ounces, make them and and half, with two pounds and an half; into an electuary according to art of Syrup of green Ginger, make them into [ Culpeper.] It strengthens the stomach an electuary according to art.

College.] 'Take of the four greater and lesser cold seeds, the seeds of Asparagus, College.] Take of Gentain, Bay-berries, Burnet, Bazil, Parsley, Winter Cherries, of Myrrh, round Birthwort, of each two ounces, each two drams, Gromwell, Juice of Liquo- Honey two pounds, make them into an rice, of each three drams, Cinnamon, Mace, electuary according to art. of each one dram, with eight times their [Culpeper.] This is a gallant electuary. weight in white Sugar dissolved in Marsh- It wonderfully helps cold infirmities of the mallows water, make it into an electuary brain, as convulsions, falling-sickness, dead according to art.

tion of them) that break the stone.

#### Micleta.

Myrobalans torrified, of each two drams you may take it either in the morning, or and an half, the secds of Water-cresses, when urgent occasion calls for it. Cummin, Annis, Fennel, Ammi, Caraway, of each a dram and an half, bruise the College.] Take of Cinnamon, Cassia seeds and sprinkle them with sharp white Lignea, of each half an ounce, Scordium, wine Vinegar, then beat them into powder, an ounce, Dittany of Crete, Tormentil, and add the Mirobalans, and these things Bistort, Galbanum, Gum Arabic, of each that follow, Spodium, Balaustines, Sumach, half an ounce, Opium one dram and an Mastich, Gum Arabic, of each one dram half, Sorrel seeds one dram and a half, and fifteen grains, mix them together, and Gentain half an ounce, Bole-amoniac an with ten ounces of Syrup of Myrtles, make ounce and an half, Earth of Lemnos half

the wind cholic, wringing of the bowels, half, Sugar of Roses one pound, Canary infirmities of the spleen, it stops fluxes, the Wine ten ounces, make them into an elechemorrhoids, as also the menses.

and lungs, and helps the vices thereof. Take Electuarium Diaspermaton. it with a Liquorice stick.

### Theriaca Diatessaron.

palsies, shaking palsies, &c. As also the Culpeper.] It breaks the stone, and pro-istomach, as pains there, wind, want of vokes urine. Men may take half an ounce digestion, as also stoppings of the liver, at a time, and children half so much, in i dropsies, it resists the pestilence and poison, water of any herb or roots, &c. (or decoc- and helps the bitings of venomous beasts. The dose is from half a dram to two drams. according to the age and strength of the College.] Take of the barks of all the patient, as also the strength of the diseases:

them into an electuary according to art. an ounce, long Pepper, Ginger, of each two Culpeper.] It gently eases the bowels of drams, clarified Honey two pounds and an

noids, as also the menses. *Electuarium Pectorale.* Or a Pectoral Electuary. University of the menses. *Culpeper.*] It is a well composed elec-tuary, something appropriated to the nature Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

of women, for it provokes the menses, ; cold infirmities of the brain, and stopping hastens labour, helps their usual sickness; of the passage of the senses, (viz. hearing, at the time of their lying in; I know nothing seeing, smelling, &c.) by cold, it expels better, it stops fluxes, mightily strengthens wind, helps the cholic, provokes appetite to the heart and stomach, neither is so hot one's victuals, it helps ulcers in the bladder, but it may safely be given to weak people, if Galen say true, as also difficulty of urine, and besides provokes sleep. It may safely it casts out the dead child, and helps such be given to young children ten grains at women as cannot conceive by reason of a time, ancient people may take a dram cold, it is an admirable remedy for melanor more. It is given as an excellent cor-i choly, and all diseases of the body coming dial in such fevers as are accompanied with through cold, it would fill a whole sheet of want of sleep.

#### Mithridate.

College. each ten drams, the seeds of Hartwort, may be dangerous because of its heat. Opobalsamum, or oil of Nutinegs by expression, Schenanth, Steechas, Costus, Galbanum, Turpentine, long Pepper, Castorium, juice of Hypocistis, Styrax, Calamitis, Opopanax, Indian leaf, or for want of it Mace, of each an ounce, Cassia Lignea, Poley Mountain, white Pepper, Scordium, the seeds of Carrots of Crete, Carpobalsamum or Cubebs, Troch, Cypheos, Bdelium, of each seven drams, Celtic Spikenard, Gum Arabic, Macedonian Parsley seeds, Opium, Cardamoms the less, Fennel seed, Gentian, red Rose leaves, Dittany of Crete, of each five drams, Annis seeds, Asarabacca, Orris Acorus, the greater Valerian, Sagapen, of each three drams, Meum Acacia, the bellies of Scinks, the tops of St. John's Wort, of each two drams and an half, Malaga Wine, so much as is sufficient to dissolve the juices and gums, clarified Honey the treble weight ? of all, the wine excepted, make them into Henbane seeds, of each five drams, Opium an electuary according to art.

and such as have done themselves wrong by dram, Parsley of Macedonia, Fennel, taking filthy medicines, it provokes sweat, Carrots of Crete, of each two scruples and it helps continual waterings of the stomach, five grains, Saffron a scruple and an half, ucers in the body, consumptions, weakness Indian Spikenard, Pellitory of Spain, of the limbs, rids the body of cold humours, Zcdoary fifteen grains, Cinnamon a dram and diseases coming of cold, it remedies; and an half, Euphorbium prepared, Myrrh,

paper to reckon them all up particularly. You may take a scruple or half a dram in Take of Myrrh, Saffron, the morning, and follow your business, two Agarick, Ginger, Cinnamon, Spikenard, drams will make you sweat, yea one dram Frankincense, Treacle, Mustard seeds, of if your body be weak, for then two drams

#### Phylonium Persicum.

Take of white Pepper, the College.] seeds of white Henbane, of each two drams, Opium, Earth of Lemnos, of each ten drams, Lap, Hematitus, Saffron, of each five drams, Castorium, Indian Spikenard, Euphorbium prepared, Pellitory of Spain, Pearls, Amber, Zedoary, Elecampane, Troch, Ramach, of each a dram, Camphire a scruple, with their treble weight in Honey of Roses, make it into an electuary according to art.

Culpeper.] It stops blood flowing from any part of the body, the immoderate flowing of the menses, the hemorrhoids in men, spitting of blood, bloody fluxes, and is profitable for such women as are subject to miscarry: See the next receipt.

#### Phylonium Romanum.

College.] Take of white Pepper, white two drams and an half, Cassia Lignea a Culpeper. It is good against poison; dram and an half, the seeds of Smallage a

Castorium, of each a dram with their treble Rhapontic, Stechas, Horehound, Macedoweight in clarified Honey, make it into an inian Parsley seed, Calaminth, Cypress, electuary.

## Electuarium de Ovo. Or electuary of Eggs.

and the white being taken out by a small tops of Germander, the roots of Rhapontic hole, fill up the void place with Saffron, Earth of Lemnos, Indian Leaf, Chalcitis leaving the yolk in, then the hole being burnt, or instead thereof Roman Vitriol stopped, roast it in ashes till the shell begin i burnt, Gentian roots, Gum Arabic, the juice to look black, take diligent heed the Saffron of Hypositis, Carpobalsamum or Nutmegs. burn not, for then is the whole medicine or Cubebs, the seeds of Annis, Cardamoms, spoiled, then the matter being taken out Fennel, Hartwort, Acacia, or instead theredry, if so that it may be beaten into powder of the juice of Sloes made thick, the seeds and add to it as much powder of white of Treacle Mustard, and Ammi, the tops of Mustard seed as it weighs. Then take the St. John's Wort, Sagapen, of each four roots of white Dittany and Tormentil, of drams, Castorium, the roots of long Birtheach two drams, Myrrh, Hart's-horn, Peta-; wort, Bitumen, Judaicum, Carrot seed, sitis roots, of each one dram, the roots of Opopanax, Centaury the less, Galbanum, of Angelica and Burnet, Juniper Berries, each two drams, Canary Wine enough to Zedoary, Camphire of each half an ounce, i dissolve what is to be dissolved, Honey the mix them all together in a mortar, then add treble weight of the dry species, make them Venice Treacle the weigh of them all, stir into an Electuary according to art. them about with a pestle three hours? Culpeper.] It resists poison, and the together, putting in so much Syrup of bitings of venomous beasts, inveterate head-Lemons, as is enough to make it into an aches, vertigo, deafness, the falling-sickness, electuary according to art.

is as great a help in a pestilential fever as a coughs, such as spit or vomit blood, such as man shall usually read of in a Galenist. can hardly spit or breathe, coldness of the It provokes sweat, and then you shall be stomach, wind, the cholic, and illiac passion, taught how to use yourself. If years do the yellow jaundice, hardness of the spleen, not permit, give not so much.

Theriaca Andromachi.

Or Venice Treacle.

forty-eight drams, Troches of Vipers, long the joints, it helps not only the body, but Pepper, Opium of Thebes, Magma, Hedycroi also the mind, as vain fears, melancholy, dried, of each twenty-four drams, red &c. and is a good remedy in pestilential Roses exungulated, Orris, Illirick, juice of fevers. You may take half a dram and go Liquorice, the seeds of sweet Navew, about your business, and it will do you Scordium, Opobalsamum, Cinnamon, good if you have occasion to go in ill airs, Agerick, of each twelve drams, Myrrh, or in pestilent times, if you shall sweat under Costus, or Zedoary, Saffron, Cassia Lignea, it, as you, best way is, if your body be not Indian Spikenard, Schenanth, Pepper white in health, then take one dram, or between and black, Olibanum, Dittany of Crete; one and two, or less than one, according as

Turpentine, the roots of Cinquefoyl and Ginger, of each six drams, Poley Mountain, Or electuary of Eggs. College.] Take a Hen's Egg new laid, Styrax Calamitis, the roots of Meum, the

astonishment, apoplexies, dulness of sight, Culpeper.] A dram of it given at a time, want of voice, asthmaes, old and new stone in the reins and bladder, difficulty of urine, ulcers in the bladder, fevers, dropsies, leprosies, it provokes the menses, brings College.] Take of Troches of Squils forth birth and after-birth, helps pains in

age and strength is, if you cannot take this and clarified, make it into an electuar, or any other sweating medicine by itself, according to art. inix it with a little Carduus or Dragon's water, or Angelica water, which in my cold diseases of the stomach, liver, or opinion is the best of the three.

## Theriacca Londinensis. Or London Treacle.

College.] Take of Hart's-horn two ounces, the seeds of Citrons, Sorrel, Peony, Bazil, of each one ounce, Scordium, Coralliana, of each six drams, the roots of Angelica, Tormentil, Peony, the leaves of Dittany, Bay-berries, Juniper-berries, of each half an ounce, the flowers of Rosemary, Marigolds, Clove Gilliflowers, the tops of Saint John's Wort, Nutmegs, Saffron, of each three drams, the Roots of Gentian, Zedoary, Ginger, Mace, Myrrh, the leaves of Scabious, Devil's-bit, Carduus, of each two drams, Cloves, Opium, of each a dram, Malaga Wine as much as is sufficient, with their treble weight in Honey, mix them according to art.

Culpeper.] The receipt is a pretty cordial, resists the pestilence, and is a good antidote in pestilential times, it resists poison, strengthens cold stomachs, helps digestion, crudities of the stomach. A man may safely take two drams of it in a morning, and let him fear no harm.

### Diacrocuna.

roots, the seeds of Parsley, Carrots, Annis, drams, Hermodactils, Diacridium, of each Smallage, of each half an ounce, Rhubarb, half an ounce: with their double weight of the roots of Meum, Indian Spikenard, of Honey clarified in white wine, make them each six drams, Cassia Lignea, Costus, into an electuary according to art. Myrrh, Schenanth, Cubebs, Madder roots, *Culpeper.*] Authors say it purges hot the juices of Maudlin, and Wormwood rheums, and takes away inflammations in made thick, Opobalsamum, or oil of Nut- wounds, I assure you the electuary works megs, of each two drams, Cinnamon, violently, and may safely be given in clysters, Calamus Aromaticus, of each a dram and and so you may give two or three drams at an half, Scordium, Cetrach, juice of Liquo- a time, if the patient be strong. For taken rice, of each two drams and an half, Traga-canth a dram, with eight times their weight Cassia Extracta pro Clysteribus. in white sugar, dissolved in Endive water,

*Culpeper.*] It is exceeding good against spleen, corruption of humours and putrefaction of meat in the stomach, ill favoured colour of the body, dropsies, cold faults in the reins and bladder, provokes urine. Take a dram in the morning.

#### PURGING ELECTUARIES.

#### Benedicta Lavativa.

College.] Take of choice Turbith ten drams, Diacridium, bark of Spurge Roots prepared, Hermodactils, Red Roses, of each five drams, Cloves, Spikenard, Ginger, Saffron, long Pepper, Amomus, or for want of it Calamus Aromaticus, Cardamons the less, the seeds of Smallage, Parsley, Fennel, Asparagus, Bruscus, Saxifrage, Gromwell, Caraway, sal. gem. Galanga, Mace, of each a dram, with their treble weight of clarified Honey: make them into an electuary according to art. Also you may keep the species itself in your shops.

*Culpeper.*] It purges flegm, chiefly from the joints, also it purges the reins and bladder.

#### Caryocostinum.

College.] Take of Cloves, Costus, or College.] Take of Saffron, Asarabacca Zedoary, Ginger, Cummin, of each two

Or Cassia extracted for Clysters.

College.] Take of the leaves of Violets, not have the unskilful too busy about Mallows, Beets, Mercury, Pellitory of the purges without advice of a physician. Wall, Violet flowers, of each a handful, boil them in a sufficient quantity of water, College.] Take of Damask Prunes two the benefit of which let the Cassia be ex-jounces, Violet flowers a handful and an tracted, and the canes washed; then take half, Spring Water a pound an an half, boil of this Cassia so drawn, and boil it to its it according to art till half be consumed. consistence, a pound, Sugar a pound and a strain it, and dissolve in the decoction six half, boil them to the form of an electuary jounces of Cassia newly drawn, sugar of

according to art. not work at all; it purges the reins gallantly, electuary according to art. and cools them, thereby preventing the Culpeper.] It is a fine cool purge for stone, and other diseases caused by their such as are bound in the body, for it works heat.

### Electuarium Amarum Magistrale majus: Or the greater bitter Electuary.

drams, Ginger, Crystal of Tartar, of each and keep it in due temper. two scruples, Oriis, Florentine, sweet Fennel seeds, of each a scruple, Syrup of; Or Cassia extracted without the leaves of Roses solutive as much as is sufficient to

of Gentian, Zedoary, Acorus, of each two handful, Raisins of the Sun stoned half an drams, Cinnamon one dram and an balf, jounce, sweet Fennel seeds two drams, the Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Saffron, of each seeds of Purslain, and Mallows, of each one dram, Aloes six ounces, with Syrup of three drams, Liquorice half an ounce, boil Fumitory, Scabious and Sugar so much as them in a sufficient quantity of water, strain is sufficient to make it into a soft electuary. them and dissolve in the decoction, pulp of

former flegm, and this melancholy, the Cinnamon three drams, Sugar a pound, former works strongest, and this strengthens; boil it into the form of an electuary. most, and is good for such whose brains are Cassia extracta cum soliis Senæ. annoyed. You may take half an ounce of Or Cassia extracted with the leaves of Sena. the former, if your body be any thing College.] Take of the former receipt strong, in white Wine, if very strong an two pounds, Sena in powder two ounces, ounce, a reasonable body may take an mix them according to art. ounce of the latter, the weak less. I would ? Culpeper.] This is also a fine cool gentle

Violets, Syrup of Violets, of each four Culpeper.] You may take it in white jounces, Pulp of Tamarinds an ounce, Sugar Wine, it is good for gentle bodies, for if your Candy an ounce and an half, Manna two body be hard to work upon, perhaps it will ounces, mix them, and make them into an.

gently, and without trouble, it purges choler, and may safely be given in fevers coming of choler: but in such cases, if the body be College.] Take of Agarick, Turbith, much bound, the best way is first to Species Hiera Simplex, Rhubarb, of each administer a clyster, and then the next one dram, choice Aloes unwashed two; morning an ounce of this will cool the body,

Cassia extracta sine soliis Senæ.

Sena.

make it into an electuary according to art. [College.] Take twelve Prunes, Violet Electuarium Amarum minus. [flowers a handful, French Barley, the seed Or the lesser bitter Electuary. of Annis, and bastard Saffron, Polypodium College.] Take of Epithimum half an of the Oak, of each five drams, Maiden ounce, the roots of Angelica three drams, hair, Thyme, Epithimum, of each half a Culpeper.] Both these purge choler, the Cassia two pounds, of Tamarinds an ounce,

purge, cleansing the bowels of choler and aforesaid pulp, the pulp of Cassia, and melancholy without any griping, very fit Tamarinds, of each one ounce, then mix for feverish bodies, and yet the former is with it these powders following : Sanders gentler than this. They both cleanse and white and red, Spodium, Rhubarb, of each cool the reins; a reasonable body may take i three drams, red Roses, Violets, the seeds an ounce and an half of the former, and an jof Purslain, Succory, Barberries, Gum ounce of the latter in white Wine, if they Tragacanth, Liquorice, Cinnamon, of each keep the house, or their bodies be oppressed it wo drams, the four greater cold seeds, of with melancholy, let them take half the each one dram, make it into an electuary quantity in four ounces of decoction of according to art. Epithimum.

#### Diacarthamum.

College. frigidum, half an ounce, pulp of preserved loosens the body gently: it is good in agues, Quinces an ounce, the inside of the seeds of hectic fevers, and Mirasmos. You may Bastard Saffron half an ounce, Ginger two take an ounce of it at a time, at night when drams, Diacrydium beaten by itself three you go to bed, three hours after a light drams, Turbith six drams, Manna two supper, neither need you keep your chamounces, Honey of Roses solutive, Sugar ber next day, unless the weather be very Candy, of each an ounce, Hermodactils half ; cold, or your body very tender. an ounce, Sugar ten ounces and an half, make of them a liquid electuary according { College.] Take of Diaprunum Lenitive to art.

#### Diaphanicon.

College.] Take of the pulp of Dates 3 boiled in Hydromel, Penids, of each half a pound, sweet Almonds blanched, three according to the author in this medicine, ounces and an half, to all of them being 'you may use a less weight of Scammony if bruised and mixed, add clarified Honey ; you please. two pounds, boil them a little, and then strew in Ginger, long Pepper, Mace, Cinnamon, Rue leaves, the seeds of Fennel and and Tamarinds, the leaves of Sena, of each Carrots, of each two drams, Turbith four two ounces, Polypodium, Violets, Rhubarb, ounces, Diacridium an ounce and an half, of each one ounce, Annis seeds, Penids, make of them an electuary according to Sugar Candy, Liquorice, the seeds of art.

profitable in fevers taken downwards as being bruised, take of fresh Polypodium authors say, for it is a very violent purge.

#### Diaprunum Lenitive.

Prunes, boil them in water till they be soft, two pounds of sugar, boil the decoction to then pulp them, and in the liquor they were the thickness of a Syrup; then with the boiled in, boil gently one of Violet flowers, pulps and powder make it into an elecstrain it, and with two pounds of sugar boil tuary according to art.

Culpeper.] It may safely, and is with good success, given in acute, burning, and Take of Diatragacanthum all other fevers, for it cools much, and

#### Diaprunum solutive.

whilst it is warm, four pounds, Scammony prepared two ounce and five drams, mix them into an electuary according to art.

Seeing the dose of Scammony is increased

#### Catholicon.

College.] Take of the pulp of Cassia Gourds, Citruls, Cucumbers, Melons, of Culpeper.] I cannot believe this is so each two drams, the things to be bruised three ounces, sweet Fennel seeds six drams, boil them in four pounds of water till the College.] Take one hundred Damask third part be consumed, strain it, and with

it to a Syrup, then add half a pound of the : Culpeper.] It is a fine cooling purge for

patient) in acute, or peracute diseases, for it Confectio Hamech. gently loosens the belly, and adds strength, College.] Take of the bark of Citron. it helps infirmities of the liver and spleen, Myrobalans two ounces, Myrobalans. gouts of all sorts, quotidian, tertian, and Chebs and blacks, Violets, Colocynthis, quartan agues, as also head-aches. It is Polypodium of the Oak, of each one ounce usually given in clysters. If you like to and an half, Wormwood, Thyme, of each take it inwardly, you may take an onnce at half an ounce, the seeds of Annis, and night going to bed; in the morning drink; Fennel, the flowers of red Roses of each a draught of hot posset drink and go about three drams, let all of them being bruised. vour business.

conserves of the flowers of Violets and Prunes, and Raisins of the Sun, of each Bugloss, Diatragacanthum frigidum, Dia- half a pound, white Sugar, clarified Honey. crydium, of each half an ounce, Turbith of each one pound, boil it to the thickness five drams, Ginger half a dram, Sena six of Honey, strewing in towards the end. drams, sweet Fennel seeds one dram, white Agarick trochiscated, Sena of each two sugar dissolved in Rose-water, and boiled ounces, Rhubarb one ounce and an half according to art, ten ounces, make a solid Epithimum one ounce, Diacrydium six

together, make a composition no way pleas- it into an electuary according to art. ing to me; therefore I acconut it a pretty [ Culpeper.] The receipt is chiefly approreceipt, good for nothing.

#### Electuarium Elescoph.

of each six drams, Cloves, Cinnamon, Gin-iskin, it purges adust humours, and is good ger, Myrobalans, Emblicks, Nutmegs, against madness, melancholy, forgetfulness, Polypodium, of each two drams and an vertigo. It purges very violently, and is half, Sugar six ounces, clarified Honey ten not safe given alone. I would advise the ounces, make it into an electuary according unskilful not to meddle with it inwardly : to art.

and wind from all parts of the body, helps; monly have astringency a constant compains of the joints and sides, the cholic, it panion with them. cleanses the reins and bladder, yet I advise Electuarium Lenitivum. you not to take too much of it at a time, for Or Lenitive Electuary. it works pretty violently, let half an ounce College.] Take of Raisins of the Sun be the most, for such whose bodies are stoned, Polypodium of the Oak, Sena, of strong, always remembering that you had each two ounces, Mercury one handful and better ten times take too little, than once an balf, Jujubes, Sebestens, of each twenty,

any part of the body, and very gentle, it; too much; you may take it in white wine, . may be given (an ounce, or half an ounce and keep yourself warm. If you would at a time, according to the strength of the have my opinion of it, I do not like it.

be infused one day in six pounds of Whey. Electuarium de Citro Solutivum. then boiled till half be consumed, rubbed Or Electuary of Citrons, solutive. with your hands and pressed out: to the College.] Take of Citron pills preserved, decoction add juice of Fumitory, pulp of electuary according to art. drams, Cinnamon half an ounce, Ginger Culpeper.] Here are some things very two drams, the seeds of Funitory and cordial, others purge violently, both put Annis, Spikenard, of each one dram, make

priated as a purge for melancholy and salt rtegin, and diseases thence arising, as scabs. College.] Take of Diacrydium, Turbith, itch, leprosies, cancers, infirmities of the

You may give half an ounce of it in clys-Culpeper.] It purges choler and flegm, ters, in melancholy diseases, which com-

Maidenhair, Violets, French Barley, of each in powder, and so make it into an electuary one handful, Damask Prunes stoned, according to art.

Tamarinds of each six drams, Liquorice : Culpeper.] It purges choler, and is good half an ounce, boil them in ten pounds of in tertian agues, and diseases of the joints, water till two parts of the three be con-; it purges violently, therefore let it be warily sumed; strain it, and dissolve in the decoc-; given. tion, pulp of Cassia, Tamarinds, and fresh Prunes, Sugar of Violets, of each six ounces, College. Take of Cinnamon, Xylobal-Sugar two pounds, at last add powder of samum, or wood of Aloes, the roots of Sena leaves, one ounce and an half, Annis Asarabacca, Spikenard, Mastich, Saffron, seeds in powder, two drams to each pound of each six drains, Aloes not washed twelve . of electuary, and so bring it into the form ounces and an half, elarified Honey four of an electuary according to art.

the bowels, brings forth choler, flegm, and keep the species by itself in your shops. melancholy, and that without trouble, it is ? Culpeper.] It is an excellent remedy for cooling, and therefore is profitable in pleu- vicious juices which lie furring the tunicle risics, and for wounded people : A man of of the stomach, and such idle fancies and reasonable strength may take an ounce symptoms which the brain suffers thereby, of it going to bed, which will work next whereby some think they see, others that morning.

#### Electuarium Passulatum.

College.] Take of fresh Polypodium roots three ounces, fresh Marsh-mallow roots, Sena, of cach two ounces, Annis' seeds two drams, steep them in a glazed vessel, in a sufficient quantity of spring water, boil them according to art; strain it and with pulp of Raisins of the Sun half a pound, white Sugar, Manna, of each four ounces, boil it to the thickness of a Cydoniate, and renew it four times a year.

Culpeper.] It gently purges both choler and melancholy, cleanses the reins and bladder, and therefore is good for the stone and gravel in the kidneys.

### Electuarium e succo Rosarum.

Or Electuary of the Juice of Roses.

red Roses clarified, of each a pound and each one dram and an half, and six grains, four ounces, the three sorts of Sanders of Wormwood, Myrrh, of each one dram and Diacydonium twelve drams, Camphire a; Gum Ammoniacum, Indian leaf or Mace, scruple, let the juice be boiled with the Spikenard, Squills prepared, Diacrydium sugar to its just thickness, then add the rest of each one dram, Aloes, Thyme Herman-

#### Hiera Picra simple.

pounds and three ounces, mix them into an Culpeper.] It gently opens and molifies electuary according to art. Also you may

'hey hear strange things, especially when they are in bed, and between sleeping and waking; besides this, it very gently purges the belly, and helps such women as are not sufficiently purged after their travail.

#### Hiera with Agarick.

College.] Take of species Hiera, simple without Aloes, Agarick trochiscated, of each half an ounce, Aloes not washed one ounce, clarified Honey six ounces, mix it, and make it into an electuary according to art.

Culpeper.] Look but to the virtues of Agarick and add them to the virtues of the former receipt, so is the business done without any further trouble.

#### Hiera Logadn.

College.] Take of Coloquintida, Polypodium, of each two drams, Euphorbium, College.] Take of Sugar, the juice of Poley mountain, the seeds of Spurge, of each six drams, Spodium three drams, twelve grains, Centaury the less, Agarick, Univ Calif - Digitiz **4**0 by Microsoft ®

der, Cassia Lignea, Bdellum, Horehound, i half an ounce, filings of steel prepared with of each one scruple and fourteen grains, Vinegar twenty drams, let the Myrobalans Cinnamon, Oppopanax, Castorium, long be roasted with fresh butter, let therest, being Birthwort, the three sorts of Pepper, Sagapen, Saffron, Parsley of each two drams, Almonds, then add Musk one dram, and Hellebore black and white, of each six grains, clarified Honey a pound and a half, mix them, and make of them an electuary according to art. Let the species be kept flowing of the menses in women, and the dry in your shops.

Culpeper.] It takes away by the roots daily evils coming of melancholy, fallingsickness, vertigo, convulsions, megrim, leprosies, and many other infirmities; for my part I should be loth to take it inwardly unless upon desperate occasions, or in clysters. It may well take away diseases by the roots, if it takes away life and all.

## Hiera Diacolocynthidos.

Germander, white Horehound, Steechas, of Honey, of each three drams, yellow Saneach ten drams, Opopanax, Sagapen, Parsley i ders, Liquorice, sweet Fennel seeds, of each seeds, round Birthwort roots, white Pepper half an ounce, Acorns, Scheenanth, of each of each five drams, Spikenard, Cinnamon, a dram, red Roses, Citron pills preserved, Myrrh, Indian leaf or Mace, Saffron, of of each three drams, Violets two drams, each four drams, bruise the Gums in a Penids four ounces, white Sugar half a mortar, sift the rest, and with three pounds pound, Honey clarified in juice of Apples of clarified honey, three ounces and five one pound, make an electuary according to drams, make it into an electuary according art. to art.

madness, and the pain in the head called rest are all cordials. Kephalalgia, pains in the breast and stomach whether they come by sickness or bruises, pains in the loins or back-bone, hardness of womens breasts, putrefaction of meat in the Saffron, Myrrh, of each one ounce, Costus, stomach, and sour belchings. It is but Spignel, (Meum,) Acorus, (Water-flag

Triphera the greater.

Bellericks, Inds and Emblicks, Nutmegs, white Pepper eleven grains, Honey so much of each five drams, Water-cress seeds, as is sufficient to make it into an electuary Asarabacca roots, Persian Origanum, or according to art. esse Dittany of Crete, black Pepper, Oli-banum, Ammi, Ginger, Tamarisk, Indian and the bitings of venomous beasts, and

powdered, be sprinkled with oil of sweet with their treble weight in Honey, make it into an electuary according to art.

Culpeper.] It helps the immoderate hæmorrhoids in men, it helps weakness of the stomach, and restores colour lost, it frees the body from crude humours, and strengthens the bladder, helps melancholy, and rectifies the distempers of the spleen. You may take a dram in the morning, or two if your body be any thing strong.

#### Triphera solutive.

Take of Diacrydium, ten College.7 drams, Turbith, an ounce and an half, College.] Take of Colocynthis, Agarick, Cardamoms the less, Cloves, Cinnamon,

Culpeper.] 'The Diacrydium and Tur-Culpeper.] It helps the falling-sickness, bith, are a couple of untoward purges, the

#### Athanasia Mithridatis. Galen.

College.] Take of Cinnamon, Cassia, Schœnanth, of each an ounce and an half, used seldom and therefore hard to be gotten. perhaps they mean. See the root in the Catalogue of Simples,) Agarick, Scordium, College.] Take of Myrobalans, Chebs, Carrots, Parsley, of each half an ounce,

Nard, Squinanth, Cypress roots of each helps such whose meat putrifies in their

stomach, stays vomiting of blood, helps ; Calamitis two drams and an half, Sugar old coughs, and cold diseases in the liver, dissolved in Hyssop water, and clarified spleen, bladder, and matrix. The dose is Honey, of each twice the weight of all the half a dram.

Electuarium scoriaferri. Rhasis. College.] Take of the flakes of Iron in- { Culpeper.] The electuary is chiefly apfused in Vinegar seven days and dried, propriated to the lungs, and helps cold inthree drams, Indian Spikenard, Schœnanth, firmities of them, as asthmaes, coughs, dif-Cypress, Ginger, Pepper, Bishop's weed, ficulty of breathing, &c. You may take it Frankincense, of each half an ounce, with a Liquorice stick, or on the point of Myrobalans, Indian Bellericks, and Em- a knife, a little of it at a time, and often. blicks, Honey boiled with the decoction of Emblicks, sixteen ounces, mix them

gently, purges melancholy, eases pains in be wanting, take the double quantity of the stomach and spleen, and strengthens Pine-nuts, Fistic-nuts, of each one ounce digestion. People that are strong may take and an half, Cloves, Ginger, the seeds of half an ounce in the morning fasting, and Annis, Rocket, Ash Keys, of each five weak people three drams. It is a good drams, Cinnamon, the tails and loins of remedy for pains and hardness of the Scincus, the seeds of Bulbus Nettles, of each spleen.

### Confectio Humain. Mesua.

College. Take of Eyebright two ounces, Fennel seeds five drams, Cloves, Cinnamon, Cubebs, long Pepper, Mace, of each one dram, beat them all into powder, and with clarified Honey one pound, in which boil juice of Fennel one ounce, juice of Celandine and Rue, of each half an ounce, and with the powders make it up into an electuary.

Culpeper.] It is chiefly appropriated to the brain and heart, quickens the senses, especially the sight, and resists the pestilence. You may take half a dram if your body be hot, a dram if cold, in the morning Tormentil, round Birthwort, male Peony, fasting.

#### Diaireos Solomonis. Nich.

Pennyroyal, Hyssop, Liquorice, of each six Dictamni, Angelica, Yarrow, Fillipendula drams, Tragacanth, white Starch, bitter or Dropwort, Zedoary, Ginger, of each Almonds, Pine-nuts, Cinnamon, Ginger, two drams, Rosemary, Gentian, Devil's-bit, Pepper, of each three drams, fat Figs, the of each two drams and an half, the seeds pulp of Raisins of the Sun, and Dates, of of Citrons, and Agnus Castus, the berries each three drams and an half, Styrax, of Kermes, the seeds of Ash-tree, Sorrel,

rest, make them into an electuary according to art.

#### Diasainrion. Nich.

College.] Take of the roots of Satyrion together, and make of them an electuary. I fresh and sound, garden Parsnips, Eringo, Culpeper.] The medicine heats the spleen Pine-nuts, Indian Nuts, or if Indian Nuts, two drams and an half, Musk seven grains, of the best sugar dissolved in Malaga Wine, three pounds, make it into an electuary according to art.

> Culpeper.] It helps weakness of the reins and bladder, and such as make water with difficulty, it provokes lust exceedingly, and speedily helps such as are impotent in the acts of Venus. You may take two drams or more at a time.

#### Matthiolus's great antidote against Poison and Pestilence.

College.] Take of Rhubarb, Rhapontic, Valerian roots, the roots of Acorus, or Calamus Aromaticus, Cypress, Cinquefoyl, Elecampane, Costus, Illirick, Orris, white Chamelion, or Avens, of each three drams, College.] Take of Orris roots one ounce, the Roots of Galanga, Masterwort, white

inale, Bazil, Hedge Mustard, (Irio) Treacle These being all chosen and prepared with Mustard, Fennel, Bishop's-weed, of each diligence and art, let them be made into an two drams, the berries of Bay, Juniper, electuary just as Treacle or Mithridate is. and Ivy, Sarsaparilla, (or for want of it the *Culpeper.*] The title shews you the scope double weight of Cubebs,) Cubebs, of each of the author in compiling it, I believe it is one dram and an half, the leaves of Scor-jexcellent for those uses. The dose of this dium, Germander, Chamepitys, Centaury is from a scruple to four scruples, or a dram the less, Steechas, Celtic Spikenard, Cala- and an half: It provokes sweating abunminth, Rue, Mints, Betony, Vervain, dantly, and in this or any other sweating Scabious, Carduus Benedictus, Bawm, of medicine, order your body thus : Take it in each one dram and an half, Dittany of bed, and cover yourself warm, in your Crete three drams, Maijoram, St. John's sweating, drink posset-drink as hot as you Wort, Schœnanth, Horehound, Goats Rue, can, if it be for a fever, boil Sorrel and red Savin, Burnet, of each two drams, Figs, Sage in posset-drink, sweat an hour or two if Walnuts, Fistic-nuts, of each three ounces, your strength will bear it, then the chamber Emblicks, Myrobalans half an ounce, the being kept very warm, shift yourself all but flowers of Violets, Borrage, Bugloss, Roses, your head, about which (your cap which Lavender, Sage, Rosemary, of each four you sweat in being kept on) wrap a hot scruples, Safiron three drams, Cassia Lignea, inapkin, which will be a means to repel the ten drams, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, of each vapours back. This I hold the best method two drams and an half, black Pepper, long for sweating in fevers and pestilences, in Pepper, all the three sorts of Sanders, wood which this electuary is very good. I am of Aloes, of each one dram and an half, very loth to leave out this medicine, which Hart's-horn half an ounce, Unicorn's-horn, if it were stretched out, and cut in thongs, or in its stead, Bezoar stone, one dram, would reach round the world. bone in a Stag's heart, Ivory, Stag's pizzle, Castoreum, of each four scruples, Earth of Lemnos three drams, Opium one dram and whites being cut off, blue Violets, of each an half, Orient Pearls, Emcralds, Jacinth, three drams, Opium of Thebes, dissolved red Coral, of each one dram and an half, in Wine, the seeds of white Henbane, Camphire two drams, Gum Arabic, Mastich, Poppies white and black, the roots of Man-Frankincense, Styrax, Turpentine, Saga-; drakes, the seeds of Endive, Purslain, garden penum, Opopanax, Laserpitium, or Myrrh, Lettuce, Psyllium, Spodium, Gum, Tragaof each two drams and an half, Musk, Canth, of each two scruples and five grains, Ambergris, of each one dram, oil of Vitriol Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Ginger, of each a dram half an ounce, species cordiales temperatæ, and an half, Sanders, yellow, white, and Diamargariton, Diamoscu, Diambra, Elec-ired, of each a dram and an half, Sugar tuarij de Gemmis, Troches of Camphire, Inree times their weight, dissolved in Roseof Squills, of each two drams and an half, water : mix them together, and make of Troches of Vipers two ounces, the juice of them an electuary according to art. Sorrel, Sow Thistles, Scordium, Vipers Bug-loss, Borrage, Bawm, of each half a pound, inwardly. Hypocistis two drams, of the best Treacle and Mithridate, of each six ounces, old Wine three pounds, of the best Sugar, or and Gromwell, juice of Liquorice, of each

wild Parsnips, Navew, Nigella, Peony the choice Honey eight pounds six ounces.

half an ounce, the seeds of Caraway, Annis, Smallage, Fennel, Parsley of Macedonia, Broom, Carrots, Bruscus, Asparagus, Rhubarb, of each half an ounce, juice of Lovage, Cummin, Juniper, Rue, Siler Agrimony and Wormwood made thick, of Mountain, the seeds of Acorus, Pennyroyal, jeach two drams, Diagridium five drams, Cinquefoyl, Bayberries, of each two drams, Agarick, Colocynthis, Polypodium of each Indian Spikenard, Schemanth, Amber, itwodrams, Turbith, Alocs, of each six drams, Valerian, Hog's Fennel, Lapis Lincis, of Mastich, red Roses, Sal. Gem. Epithymum, each a dram and an half, Galanga, Ginger, Turbith, of each two drams, Sena an ounce, of Damask Roses, make it into a mass Goat's blood prepared half an ounce, mix according to art. them together: first beat them into powder, then make them into an electuary according to art, with three times their weight in § Sugar dissolved in white Wine.

*Culpeper.*] It is an excellent remedy for { the stone and wind cholic, a dram of it taken every morning : I assure such as are troubled with such diseases, I commend it to them as a jewel.

## PILLS.

Culpeper.] Pills in Greek are called, Katopotia, in Latin, Pilulæ: which signifies little balls, because they are made up in such a form, that thay may be the better swallowed down, by reason of the offensiveness of their taste.

#### Pilulæ de Agarico.

#### Or Pills of Agarick

College.] Take of Agarick three drams, our own blue Orris roots, Mastich, Horehound, of each one dram, Turbith five; drams, Species Hiera Picra half an ounce, Colocynthis, Sarcocol, of each two drams, Myrrh one dram, Sapa as much as is sufficient to make it into a mass according to ; art.

Culpeper. ] It was invented to cleanse the breast and lungs of flegin, it works pretty strongly. Half a dram at a time; party be weak, you may give less, if strong (keeping yourself warm,) cannot well do you ; more. If you take but half a dram, you harm, unless your body be very weak.

#### Pilulæ Aggregativæ.

College.] Take of Citron, Myrobalans, Annis, Ginger, of each a dram, with Syrup

*Culpeper.*] It purges the head of choler, flegm and melancholy, and that stoutly: it is good against quotidian agues, and faults

in the stomach and liver, yet because it is well corrected if you take but half a dram at a time, and keep yourself warm, I suppose you may take it without danger.

#### Pilulæ Alæphanginæ.

College. Take of Cinnamon, Cloves, Cardamoms the less, Nutmegs, Mace, Calamus Aromaticus, Carpobalsamum, or Juniper berries, Squinanth, Wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, red Roses dried, Wormwood, of each half an ounce, let the tincture be taken out of these, being grossly bruised in spirit of Wine, the vessel being close stopped; in three pounds of this tincture, being strained, dissolve Aloes one pound, which being dissolved, add Mastich, Myrrh, of each half an ounce, Saffron two drams, Balsam of Peru one dram, the superfluous liquor being consumed, either over hot ashes, or a bath, bring it into a mass of pills.

*Culpeper.*] It cleanses both stomach and brain of gross and putrified humours, and sets the senses free when they are thereby troubled, it cleanses the brain offended by ill humours, wind, &c. helps vertigo and head-aches, and strengthens the brain ex-

ceedingly, helps concoction, and strengthens the stomach, one dram taken at night going to bed, will work gently next day: if the i may go abroad the next day: but if you take alii - Digitizea by Microsoft &

a dram, you may keep the house; there can be no harm in that.

Pilulæ de Aloe Lota.

Or Pills of washed Aloes.

Dulce half a dram, Syrup of Damask-roses, ito art. so much as is sufficient to make it into a Culpeper.] It is held to purge the head,

mass according to art. bowels, and eyes of putrified humours, and but half a dram at a time, and yet with also strengthens them. Use these as the great care.

## Aloe Rosata.

ounces, juice of Damask Roses clarified one parts of Syrup of Wormwood, and of purgpound, mix them and digest them in the ing thom, make it into a mass according to sun, or in a bath, till the superfluous liquor art. be drawn off, digest it, and evaporate it four times over, and keep the mass.

choler, frees the stomach from superfluous tongue dried, white Henbane seed, Opium humours, opens stoppings, and other infir- prepared, of each half an ounce, Myrrh mities of the body proceeding from choler isix drams, Olibanum five drams, Saffron, and flegm, as yellow jaundice, &c. and Castoreum, Styrax, Calamitis, of each one strengthens the body exceedingly. Take a dram and an half, with Syrup of Steechas, scruple, or half a dram at night going to make it into a mass. bed, you may walk abroad, for it will hardly [ Culpeper.] It stays hot rheums that fall work till next day in the afternoon.

#### Pilulæ Aureæ.

of each five drams, red Roses, Smallage too much if your body be weak : have a seeds, of each two drams and an half, the care of opiates for fear they make you sleep seeds of Annis and Fennel, of each one your last. dram and an half, Mastich, Saffron, Troch, Alhandal, of each one dram, with a sufficient; quantity of Honey Roses, make it into a College.] Take of Colocynthis, and mass according to art.

head, to quicken the senses, especially the then with a little Symp of purging Thorn, sight, and to expel wind from the bowels, make it into a mass.

## Pilulæ Cochiæ, the greater.

College.] Take of Species, Hiera Picra, ten drams, Troch, Alhandal, three drams and an half, Diacrydium two drams and College.] Take of Aloes washed with an half, Turbith, Steechas, of each five juice of red Roses, one ounce, Agarick three drams, with a sufficient quantity of Syrup drams, Mastich two drams, Diamoscu of Stochas, make it into a mass, according

but it is but a dogged purge at best, and Culpeper.] It purges both brain, stomach, must be given only to strong bodies, and

## Pilulæ Cochiæ, the less.

College.] Take of Aloes, Scammony, College.] Take of Aloes in powder four Colocynthis, of each one ounce, with equal

## Pilulæ de Cynoglosso. Or Pills of Hound's-tongue.

Culpeper.] It is a gallant gentle purger of College.] Take of the Roots of Hound's-

down upon the lungs, therefore is good in phthisics, also it mitigates pain, a scruple is College.] Take of Aloes, Diacrydium, enough to take at a time going to bed, and

## Pilulæ ex Duobus. Or Pills of two things.

Scamony, of each one ounce, oil of Cloves Culpeper.] They are held to purge the as much as is sufficient to malax them well,

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succeeding.

balans, of each three drams, Rhubarb three dram and an half, with the Syrup of the drams and an half, Mastich one dram, Aloes juice of Coleworts made with honey, make it five drams, Saffron half a dram, Syrup of into a mass according to art.

to make it into a mass.

and strengthening, fitted for such bodies as *Pilulæ Fatidæ*, and appropriated to the are much weakned by disease of choler. same diseases. The author appropriates it to such as have tertian agues, the yellow jaundice, obstructions or stoppings of the liver; half a dram taken at night going to bed, will work Agarick, of each half an ounce, Aloes one with an ordinary body, the next day by sounce, Honey Roses so much as is sufficient noon.

### Pilulæ Fætidæ.

#### Or Stinking Pills.

College.] Take of Aloes, Colocynthis, College.] Ammoniacum, Sagapen, Myrrh, Rue-seeds, Rhubarb one ounce and an half, Agarick, Epithymum, of each five drams, Scamony Sena, of each one ounce, Cinnamon three three drams, the roots of Turbith half an drams, Ginger two drams, Nutinegs, Cloves, ounce, the roots of Spurge the less prepared, Spikenard, Mastich, of each one dram. Hermodactils of each two drams, Ginger with Syrup of Violets, make it into a mass one dram and an half, Spikenard, Cinnamon, Jaccording to art. Saffron, Castoreum, of each one dram, Euphorbium prepared two scruples, dissolve; humours, and strengthens the stomach exthe Gums in juice of Lecks, and with ceedingly, as also the bowels, liver, and Syrup made with the juice of Leeks and inatural spirits : it is good for cold natures, Sugar, make it into a mass.

Culpeper.] They purge gross and raw or half a dram, taken at night. flegm, and diseases thereof arising; gouts; of all sorts, pains in the back-bone, and other joints: it is good against leprosies, and other such like infirmities of the skin. I fancy not the receipt much.

### Pilulæ de Hermodactilis.

#### Or Pills of Hermodactils.

· Opopanax three drams, melt them in warm Species Hiera simple fifteen drams, with juice of Coleworts, so much as is sufficient, Syrup of the juice of Fumitory, make it then strain it through a convenient rag, into a mass according to art. afterwards boil it to a mean thickness, then take of Hermodactils, Aloes, Citron, Myro- violently. balans, Turbith, Coloquintida, soft Bdellium, of each six drams, Euphorbium prepared, College.] Take of Aloes two ounces, the seeds of Rue and Smallage, Castoreum, Mastieh half an ounce, dried Marjoram two Sarcocol, of each three drains, Saffron one drains, Salt of Wormwood one drain, make Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

the juice of Endive, as much as is sufficient? Culpeper.] They are good against the gout, and other cold afflictions of the joints Culpeper.] It is a gallant gentle purge, These are more moderate by half than

### Pilulæ de Hiera cum Agarico.

#### Or Pills of Hiera with Agarick.

College.] Take of Species Hiera' Picra, to make it into a mass according to art.

## Pilulæ Imperiales.

#### Or Imperial Pills.

Take of Aloes two ounces,

Culpeper.] It cleanses the body of mixt and cheers the spirits. The dose is a scruple

#### Pilulæ de Lapide Lazuli.

## Or Pills of Lapis Lazuli.

Collége.] Take of Lapis Lazuli in powder and well washed, five drams, Epithymum, Polypodium, Agarick, of each an ounce, Scamony, black Hellebore roots Sal. Gem. of each two drams and an half, College.] Take of Sagapen six drams, Cloves, Annis seeds, of each half an ounce,

Culpeper.] It purges melancholy very

#### Pilulæ Macri.

them all, being in powder, into a mass ac-; the Gums being dissolved in clarified juice cording to art with juice of Coleworts and of Coleworts, with Syrup of the juice of Sugar, so much as is sufficient.

Culpeper.] It strengthens both stomach ing to art. and brain, especially the nerves and mus-; Culpeper.] It helps tremblings, palsies, cles, and eases them of such humours as gouts of all sorts, cleanses the joints, and is afflict them, and hinder the motion of the helpful for such as are troubled with cold body, they open obstructions of the liver afflictions of the nerves. It works violently. and spleen, and takes away diseases thence coming.

## Pilulæ Mastichinæ. Or Mastich Pills.

College.] Take of Mastich two ounces, Aloes four ounces, Agarick, Species Hiera; an ounce, let all of them (the Diarrh. Abbatis simple, of each one ounce and an half, excepted) be grossly bruised, and infused with Syrup of Wormwood, make it into a eight days in the best spirits of Wine in a mass according to art.

stiengthen much, both head, brain, eyes, fingers: afterwards infuse the Diarrhodou belly, and reins.

Pilulæ Mechoacanæ.

Or Pills of Mechoacan.

of Spurge steeped in Vinegar and dried, thick matter remain in a mass. the seeds of Walwort, Agarick trochiscated, of each two drains, Spurge roots prepared, body of choler, flegm, and melancholy: it Mastich, of each one dram and an half, must not be taken in any great quantity, Mace, Cinnamon, Sal. Gem. of each two half a dram is sufficient for the strongest scruples, beat them into powder, and with body. white Wine, bring them into a mass. When it is dry, beat it into powder, and with Syrup made with the juice of Orris roots and sugar, Myrrh one ounce, Saffron half an ounce, make it the second time into a mass for with Syrup of the juice of Lemons, make pills.

Culpeper. They purge flegm very violently.

## Pilulæ de Opopanace.

Or Pills of Opopanax.

Bdellium, Ammoniacum, Hermodactils, stomachs, and work so easily that you need Coloquintida, of each five drams, Saffron, not fear following your business the next Castoreum, Myrrh, Ginger, white Pepper, day. Cassia Lignea, Citron, Myrobalans, of each one dram, Scamony two drams, Turbith half an ounce, Aloes an ounce and an half, ? College.] Take of washed Aloes fourteen

Coleworts, make them into a mass accord-

#### Pilulæ Rudii.

College.] Take of Coloquintida six drams, Agarick, Scamony, the roots of black Hellebore, and Turbith, of each half an ounce. Aloes one ounce, Diarrhodon Abbatis half vessel close stopped, in the sun, so that the Culpeper] They purge very gently, but liquor may swim at top the breadth of six Abbatis in the same manner four days in Aqua vitæ, then having strained and pressed them hard, mix them both together. College.] Take of Mechoacan roots half casting the dross away, and draw off the an ounce, Turbith three drams, the leaves moisture in a glass Alembick, and let the .

Culpeper.] It cleanses both head and

#### Pilulæ Russi.

College. Take of Aloes two ounces. it into a mass according to art.

Culpeper. A scruple taken at night going to bed, is an excellent preservative in pestilential times; also they cleanse the body of such humours as are gotten by sur-College.] Take of Opopanax, Sagapen, ! feits, they strengthen the heart, and weak

> Pilulæ sine Quibus. Or Pills without which -

drams, Scammony prepared six drams, of each two drams, Aloes five drams, Agaric Agarick, Rhubarb, Sena, of each half an a drain and an half, long Birthwort half a ounce, Wormwood, red Roses exungulated, 3 dram, with Syrup of Wormwood make it Violet flowers, Dodder, Mastich, of each into a mass.

one dram, salt of Wormwood, of each half a dram, with Syrup of the juice of Fennel woman's body, strengthens conception, and made with Honey, make it into a mass takes away what hinders it; it gently purges according to art.

Culpeper.] It purges flegm, choler, and strengthening quality behind it. melancholy from the head, makes the sight and hearing good, and gives ease to a burdened brain.

### Pilulæ Stomachiæ.

#### Or Stomach Pills.

College. Mastich, red Roses, of each two drams, Succory, make it into a mass according to with Syrup of Wormwood, make it into a art. mass according to art.

stomach, they cleanse but gently, strengthen much, help digestion.

Pilulæ Stomachiæ cum Gummi.

Or Stomach Pills with Gums.

College. Take of Aloes an ounce, Sena rive drams, Gum Amoniacum dissolved in Aloes an ounce and an half, Citron Myro-Elder-flower Vinegar half an ounce, Mastich, Myrrh, of each a dram and an half, Saffron, } salt of Wormwood, of each half a dram, with Syrup of purging Thorn, make it into Wormwood bring them into a mass. a mass according to art.

They work more strongly Culpeper. than the former.

Pilulæ e Styrace.

Or Pills of Styrax.

College.] Take of Styrax Calamitis, Olibanum, Myrrh, juice of Liquorice, tracted in spirit of Wine, one ounce, Saffron Opium, of each half an ounce, with Syrup alike extracted, a dram and an half, Casof white Poppies, make it into a mass ac- { torium one dram : let them be taken in cording to art.

Culpeper.] troubled with defluxion of rheum, coughs, Ambergris, Musk, of each six grains, and provoke sleep to such as cannot sleep joil of Nutmegs ten drops, evaporate the for coughing.

Pilulæ de Succino. Or Pills of Amber

Culpeper. It amends the evil state of a choler and flegm, and leaves a binding,

# Pilulæ ex Tribus.

Or Pills of three things.

College.] Take of Mastich two ounces, Aloes four ounces, Agarick, Hiera simple, of each an ounce and an half, Rhubarb two Take of Aloes six drams, jounces, Cinnamon two drams, with Syrup of

Culpeper.] They gently purge choler, Culpeper] They cleanse and strengthen the and help diseases thence arising, as itch, scabs, wheals, &c. They strengthen the stomach and liver, and open obstructions, as also help the yellow jaundice.

#### Pilulæ Turpeti Aureæ.

College.] Take of Turbith two ounces, balans ten drams, red Roses, Mastich, of each six drams, Saffron three drams, beat them all into powder, and with Syrup of

Culpeper.] They purge choler and flegm, and that with as much gentleness as can be desired; also they strengthen the stomach and liver, and help digestion.

#### Laudanum.

College.] Take of Thebane Opium ex-

tincture of half an ounce of species Diambræ They help such as are; newly made in spirit of Wine, add to them moisture away in a bath, and leave the mass.

Culpeper.] It was invented (and a gal-College.] Take of white Amber, Mastich, lant invention it is) to mitigate violent pains, stop the fumes that trouble the brain seldom used, and therefore are hardly to be in fevers, (but beware of Opiates in the be-; had.

ginning of fevers) to provoke sleep, take not above two grains of it at a time, going to bed; if that provoke not sleep, the next? doom's-day.

#### Nepenthes Opiatum.

College.] Take of tincture of Opium made first with distilled Vinegar, then with spirit of Wine, Saffron extracted in spirit of § Wine, of each an ounce, salt of Pearl and Coral, of each half an ounce, tincture of species Diambræ seven drams, Ambergris one dram: bring them into the form of Pills by the gentle heat of a bath.

Culpeper. The operation is like the former.

#### Pilulæ Assaireth. Avicenna.

College.] Take of Species Hiera Picra Galeni one ounce, Mastich, Citron Myrobalans, of each half an ounce, Aloes two ounces, the Syrup of Steechas as much as is sufficient, make of them a mass according to art.

Culpeper.] It purges choler and flegm, and strengthens the whole body exceedingly, being very precious for such whose bodies are weakened by surfeits, or ill diet, to take half a dram or a scruple at night going to bed.

### Pills of Bdellium. Mesue.

Myrobalans, Bellericks, Emblicks, and or Cubebs, Mace, Galanga, Ginger, Mas-Blacks, of each five drams, flakes of Iron, tich, Assafætida, the seeds of Annis, Fennel, Leek seeds, of each three drams, Choncula Saxifrage, Sparagus, Bruscus, Roses, Grom-Veneris burnt, Coral burnt, Amber, of each well, Sal. Gem. of each two drams, Scama dram and an half, Pearls half an ounce, mony one ounce, of the best Aloes, the dissolve the Bdellium in juice of Leeks and weight of them all, juice of Chamepitys with so much Syrup of juice of Leeks as is made thick with sugar, so much as is sufsufficient, make it into a mass according to ficient: or Syrup of the juice of the same, art.

Pills of Rhubarb. Mesue.

College.] Take of choice Rhubarb three drams, Citron Myrobalans, Trochisci Diarrright you may make bold with three. Have hodon, of each three drams and an half, a care how you be too busy with such juice of Liquorice, and juice of Wormmedicines, lest you make a man sleep to wood, Mastich, of each one dram, the seeds of Smallage and Fennel, of each half a dram, Species Hiera Picra simp. Galeni, ten drams, with juice of Fennel not clarified, and Honey so much as is sufficient, make it into a mass.

> Culpeper.] It purges choler, opens obstructions of the liver, helps the yellow jaundice, and dropsies in the beginning, strengthens the stomach and lungs.

Pilulæ Arabica. Nicholaus.

College.] Take of the best Aloes four ounces, Briony roots, Myrobalans, Citrons, Chebs, Indian Bellerick, and Emblick, Mastich, Diagrydium, Asarabacca, Roses, of each an ounce, Castorium three drams, Saffron one dram, with Syrup of Wormwood, make it into a mass according to art. *Culpeper.* It helps such women as are not sufficiently purged in their labour, helps to bring away what a careless midwife hath left behind, purges the head, helps headach, megrim, vertigo, and purges the stomach of vicious humours.

Pilulæ Arthriticæ. Nicholaus.

College.] Take of Hermodactils, Turbith, Agarick, of each half an ounce, Cassia Lignca, Indian Spikenard, Cloves, Xylobal-College.] Take of Bdellium ten drams, samun, or Wood of Aloes, Carpobalsamum so much as is sufficient to make it into a

Culpeper. Both this and the former are mass. MICrosoft @

Culpeper.] It helps the gout, and other age, Schænanthus, Mastich, Asarabacca pains in the joints, comforts and strengthens roots, Cloves, Cinnamon, Cassia Lignea, both brain and stomach, and consumes dis- Saffron, Mace, of each two drams, Myroeases whose original comes of flegm.

Pilulæ Cochiæ with Helebore.

Pills before prescribed, the powder of the Aloes Succotrina, the weight of them all : bark of the roots of black Hellebore, one with Syrup of the juice of Fennel make ounce : make it into a mass with Syrup of it into a mass according to art. Steechas according to art.

**Pills of Funitory.** Avicenna.

College.] Take of Myrobalans, Citrons, Chebs, and Indian Diagrydium, of each five drams, Aloes seven drams; let all of them being bruised, be thrice moistened with juice of Fumitory, and thrice suffered to dry, then brought into a mass with Syrup of Fumitory.

Culpeper. It purges melancholy. Be not too busy with it I beseech you.

Pilulæ Indæ. Mesue out of Haly.

College. Take of Indian Myrobalans, black Hellebore, Polypodium of the Oak, of each five drams, Epithymun, Steechas, of each six drams, Agarick, Lapis Lazuli often washed troches Alhandal, Sal Indi, of each half an ounce, juice of Maudlin made thick, Indian Spikenard, of each two drams, Cloves one dram, Species Hiera Picra simplex Galeni, twelve drams, with juice of Sinallage, make it into a mass according to art.

Culpeper.] It wonderfully prevails against afflictions coming of melancholy, cancers which are not ulcerated, leprosy, evils of the mind coming of melancholy, as sadness, fear, &c. quartan agues, jaundice, pains and infirmities of the spleen.

Pilulæ Lucis Majorcs. Mesue.

College.] Take of Roses, Violets, Worm-per half a dram, Sapa so much as is sufwood, Colocynthis, Turbith, Cubebs, Cala-i ficient to make it into a mass according to mus Aromaticus, Nutmegs, Indian Spike-; art. nard, Epithimum, Carpobalsamum, or *Culpeper*.] It is appropriated to such as instead thereof, Cardamoms, Xylabalsamum, have phthisicks, and such as spit blood, but or Wood of Aloes, the seeds of Seseli or jought to be newly made, a scruple is suf-Hartwort, Ruc, Annis, Fennel and Small-; ficient taken going to bed. niv Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

balans, Citrons, Chebuls, Indian Bellerick, and Emblick, Rhubarb, of each halt an College.] Take of the powder of the jounce, Agarick, Sena, of each five drams,

Culpeper. It purges mixt humours from the head, and clears it of such excrements as hinder the sight.

#### Pills of Spurge. Fernelius.

College.] Take of the bark of the roots of Spurge the less, steeped twenty-four hours in Vinegar and juice of Purslain, two drams, grains of Palma Christi torrified, by number, forty, Citron Myrobalans one dram and an half, Germander, Chamepitys, Spikenard, Cinnamon, of each two scruples, being beaten into fine powder with an ounce of Gum Tragacanth dissolved in Rose Water, and Syrup of Roses so much as is sufficient, let it be made into a mass.

> Pills of Euphorbium. Mesue.

College.] Take of Euphorbium, Colocynthis, Agarick, Bdellium, Sagapenum, of each two drams, Aloes five drams, with Syrup made of the juice of Leeks, make it into a mass.

Culpeper. The Pills are exceeding good for dropsies, pains in the loins, and gouts coming of a moist cause. Take not above half a dram at a time and keep the house

## Pilulæ Scribonii.

College.] Take of Sagapen, and Myrrh, of each two drams, Opium, Cardamoms, Castorium, of each one dram, white Pep-

## TROCHES.

## Trochisci de Absinthio. Or Troches of Wormwood.

College.] Take of red Roses, Wormwood leaves, Annis' seeds, of each two drams, ill airs, and epidemical diseases, as the pesjuice of Maudlin made thick, the roots of tilence, small pox, &c. and strengthens the seeds, bitter Almonds, Mastich, Mace, of little: you may safely keep any troches in each one dram, juice of Succory so much your pocket, for the drier you keep them. as is sufficient to make it into troches ac- the better they are. cording to art.

*Culpeper.*] They strengthen the stomach : exceedingly, open obstructions, or stopp-; from the seeds and cut small, and rubbed ings of the belly and bowels: strengthen with an ounce of oil of Roses, then beaten digestion, open the passages of the liver, into fine powder, ten ounces, Gum Arabic, help the yellow jaundice, and consume Tragacanth, Bdellium, of each six drams. watery superfluities of the body. They are Steep the Gums three or four days in a sufsomewhat bitter, and seldom taken alone; ficient quantity of Rose-water till they be if your pallate affect bitter things, you may melted, then with the aforesaid pulp, and take a dram of them in the morning: They part of the said mussilage, let them be cleanse the body of choler, but purge not, dried in the shadow, then beaten again. or not to any purpose.

## Agaricus Trochiscatus.

#### Or Agarick Trochiscated.

College.] Take of Agarick sifted and vulgar use. powdered, three ounces, steep it in a sufficient quantity of white Wine, in which two drams of ginger have been infused, and make it into troches.

#### Trochisci Albi. Rhasis.

#### Or white Troches.

College.] Take of Ceruss washed in { Rosewater ten drams, Sarcocol three drams, i make it into troches according to art. white Starch two drams, Gum Arabic and Tragacanth, of each one dram, Camphire as are asthmatic, and can hardly fetch their half a dram, either with Rosewater, or breath; as also for young children, whose women's milk, or make it into troches according to art.

#### Trochisci Alexiterii.

College.] Take of Zedoary roots, powder of Crab's Claws, of each one dram, and an half, the outward Citron preserved drams, Gum Arabic, Tragacanth, Oliba-and dried, Angelica seeds, Pills, of each num, Dragon's-blood, Pine-nuts, bitter one dram, Bole-amoniac half a dram, Almonds, white Styrax, juice of Liquorice,

with their treble weight in sugar make them into powder, and with a sufficient quantity of Mussilage of Gum Tragacanth, made into treacle water distilled, make it into paste, of which make troches.

Culpeper.] This preserves the body from Asarabacca, Rhubarb, Spikenard, Smallage heart exceedingly, eating now and then a

## Trochisci Alhandal.

College.] Take of Coloquintida freed and with the rest of the mussilage, make it up again, dry them and keep them for use.

Culpeper.] They are too violent for a

#### Trochisci Aliptæ Moschatæ.

College.] Take of Labdanum bruised three ounces, Styrax Calamitis one ounce and an half, Benjamin one ounce, Wood of Aloes two drams, Ambergris one dram, Camphire half a drain, Musk half a scruple, with a sufficient quantity of Rose-water,

Culpeper.] It is singularly good for such throat is so narrow that they can hardly swallow down their milk.

## Trochisci Alkekengi.

#### Or Troches of Winter-cherries.

College.] Take of Winter Cherries three

Bole-ammoniac, white Poppy seeds, of each half, Camphire half a dram; with Manna six drams, the seeds of Melons, Cucumbers, i dissolved in juice of Barberries, make them Citruls, Gourds, of each three drams and an into troches according to art.

half, the seeds of Smallage and white Hen- [ Culpeper.] They wonderfully cool the bane, Amber, Earth of Lemnos, Opium, heat of the liver, reins, and bladder, breast, of each two drams, with juice of fresh and stomach, and stop looseness, cools the Winter-Cherries, make them into troches heat of fevers. according to art.

Culpeper.] They potently provoke urine, and break the stone. Mix them with other College.] Take of Camphire half a dram, medicine of that nature, half a dram at a Saffron two drams, white Starch three time, or a dram if age permit. drams, red Roses, Gum Arabic, and Tra-

white Sugar Candy, Penids, of each four lage of the seeds of Fleawort, drawn in ounces, Orris Florentine one ounce, Liquo- Rose-water, make them into troches. rice six drams, white Starch one ounce and Culpeper.] It is exceeding good in burnan half, with a sufficient quantity of mus- ing fevers, heat of blood and choler, together silage of Gum Tragacanth made in Rose with hot distempers of the stomach and Water, make them into small troches. liver, and extreme thirst coming thereby, You may add four grains of Ambergris, also it is good against the yellow jaundice, and three grains of Musk to them, if occa- phthisics, and hectic fevers. sion serve.

### Trochisci Bechici nigri.

white Sugar, of each one dram, Gum Tra- roots, the seeds of Agnus Castus. of each gacanth, sweet Almonds blanched, of each six drams, Ammoniacum half an ounce, the six drams, with a sufficient quantity of seeds of Water Cresses and Nigella, the mussilage of Quince seeds, made thick with leaves of Calaminth and Rue, the roots of Rose Water. Make them into troches ac- Acorus and long Birthwort, the juice of cording to art.

will melt in ones mouth, and in that manner round Cypress, Madder, Gum Lac. of each to be used by such as are troubled with one dram: being bruised let them be made coughs, cold, hoarseness, or want of voice. into troches according to art, with Ammo-The former is most in use, but in my opinion, iniacum dissolved in Vinegar, and boiled to Salar C. the latter is most effectual.

Trochisci de Barberis.

and Liquorice made thick, Spodium, Pur- choly, &c. Men may take a dram, chilslain seeds, of each three drams, red Roses, dren a scruple in the morning. six drams, Indian Spikenard, Saffron, white Starch, Gum Tragacanth, of each a dram, Or, Troches of Amber. Citrul seeds cleansed three drams and an' College.] Take of Amber an ounce,

## Trochisci de Camphora.

Trochisci Bechici aloi, vel, Rotulæ pectorales. gacanth, Ivory, of each half an ounce, the Or, Pectoral Rolls. College.] Take of white Sugar one pound, Liquorice, of each an ounce, with mussi-

#### Trochisci de Capparibus. Or, Troches of Capers.

College.] Take of juice of Liquorice, College.] Take of the bark of Caper Maudlin made thick, bitter Almonds, of Culpeper.] Both this and the former each two drams, Hart's-tongue, the roots of the thickness of Honey.

*Culpeper.*] They open stoppings of the Or, Troches of Barberries. liver and spleen, and help diseases thereof College.] Take of juice of Barberries, coming; as rickets, hypochondriac melan-

Trochisci de Carabe.

red Coral burnt, Tragacanth, Acacia, Hypo- juice make it into troches. cistis, Balaustines, Mastich, Gum Lacca; Culpeper.] Obstructions, or stoppings, washed, black Poppy seeds roasted, of each and swelling above nature, both of the liver of Fleawort drawn in Plantain Water, make of dropsies, &c. them into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] They were invented to stop { College.] Take of Wood of Aloes five dose is from ten grains to a scruple. according to art.

College.] Take of pulp of Raisins of the and heart, and by consequence both vital ounces, Myrrh, Squinanth, of each an ounce They are of an extreme price, therefore I and an half, Cinnamon half an ounce, pass by the dose. Calamus Aromaticus nine drams, the roots of round Cypress, and Indian Spikenard, College.] Take of the four greater cold Cassia Lignea, Juniper berries, Bdelhum, seeds husked, the seeds of white Poppies, Aspalthus or Wood of Alocs, two drams Mallows, Cotton, Purslain, Quinces, Mirtles, and an half, Saffron one dram, clarified Gum Tragacanth, and Arabic, Fistic-nuts, Honey as much as is sufficient, Canary Pine-nuts, Sugar-candy, Penids, Liquorice, Wine a little : let the Myrrh and Bdellium French-barley, mussilage of Fleawort seeds, be ground in a mortar with the wine, to the sweet Almonds blanched, of each two thickness of liquid Honey, then add the drams, Bole-ammoniac, Dragon's-blood. Turpentine, then the pulp of Raisins, then Spodium, red Roses, Myrrh, of each half the powders: at last with the Honey, let an ounce, with a sufficient quantity of them all be made into troches.

Culpeper.] It is excellently good against to art.

made thick, Manna; of each an ounce, red [ College.] Take of Aspalthus, or yellow Roses half an ounce, Spodium three drams Sanders, the leaves of Mastich, the roots of and an half, Spikenard three drams, Rhu-; Asarabacca, of each two drams, Rhupontic, barb, Asarabacca roots, Annis seeds, of each Castus, Calamus Aromaticus, Wood of two drams. Let the Nard, Annis seeds, Aloes, Cirnamon, Squinanth, Opobalsamum and Roses, be beaten together, the Spodium, or oil of Nutinegs by expression, of each Asarabacca, and Rhubarb by themselves, three drams, Cassia Lignea, Indian Leaf or then mix the Manna and juice of Maudlin Mace, Indian Spikenard, Myrrh, Saffron,

Hart's-horn burnt, Gum Arabic burnt, in a mortar, add the powders, and with new

two drams and two scruples, Frankincense, and spleen, are cured by the inward taking Saffron, Opium, of each two drams, with a of these troches, and diseases thereof coming, sufficient quantity of mussilage of the seeds as yellow and black jaundice, the beginning

## Troches of Gallia Moschata.

fluxes of blood in any part of the body, the drams, Ambergris three drams, Musk one menses, the hæmorrhoids or piles; they also dram, with mussilage of Gum Tragacanth help ulcers in the breast and lungs. The made in Rose Water, make it into troches

Trochisci Cypheos, for Mithridate. [ Culpeper.] They strengthen the brain Sun, Cypress, Turpentine, of each three and animal spirits, and cause a sweet breath.

## Trochisci Gordonii.

Hydromel, make it into troches according

inward ulcers in what part of the body soever they be. It is chiefly used in com-positions, as Treacle and Mithridate. *Trochisci de Eupatorio.* Or Troches of Maudlin. *College.*] Take of the juice of Maudlin *College.*] Take of the juice of Maudlin

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of each six drams, Amomus, or Cardamoms; Sagapen, Opopanax, of each two drams, the less, an ounce and an half, Mastich a dissolve the Gums in Wine wherein Mug-dram, Canary Wine as much as is sufficient. wort hath been boiled, or else Juniper-ber-Let the Myrrh be dissolved in the wine, ries, then add the rest, and with juice of then add the Mastich and Saffron well; Mugwort, make it into troches according beaten, then the Opobalsamum, then the to art.

rest in powder, and with the wine, make; Culpeper.] They provoke the menses, them up into troches, and dry them gently. and that with great case to such as have Culpeper.] They are very seldom or them come down with pain. Take a dram never used but in other compositions, yet of them beaten into powder, in a spoonful

naturally they heat cold stomachs, help or two of Syrup of Mugwort, or any other digestion, strengthen the heart and brain. composition tending to the same purpose

## Trochisci Hysterici.

College.] Take of Asafœtida, Galbanum, of each two drams and an half, Myrrh two? College.] 'Take of Lead burnt and washed, drams, Castoreum a dram and an half, the Brass burnt, Antimony, Tutty washed, roots of Asarabacca and long Birthwort, Gum Arabic and Tragacanth of each an the leaves of Savin, Featherfew, Nep, of ounce, Opium half a dram, with Rose-water, each one dram, Dittany half a dram, with make them, being beaten and sifted, into either the juice or decoction of Rue, make troches. it into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] These are applied to the College.] Take of Pomegranate flowers fæminine gender, help fits of the mother, twelve drams, Roach Album three drams, expel both birth and after-birth, cleanse; Frankincense, Myrrh, of each half an ounce, women after labour, and expel the relics of Chalcanthum two drams, Bull's gall six a carcless midwife.

## Trochisci de Ligno Aloes.

Or Troches of Wood of Aloes.

College.] Take of Wood of Aloes, red Roses, of each two drams, Mastich, Cinna-i being outwardly applied, both in green mon, Cloves, Indian Spikenard, Nutmegs, wounds and ulcers. I fancy them not. Parsnip seed, Cardamoms the greater and lessen, Cubebs, Gallia Moschata, Citron Pills, Mace, of each one dram and an half, Ambergris, Musk, of each half a scruple, juiceof Maudlin madethick, bitter Almonds,

stomach, and liver, takes away heart-qualms, Indian Spikenard, the leaves of Wormfaintings, and stinking breath, and resists wood, the seeds of Annis and Smallage, of the dropsy.

#### Trochisci e Mirrha.

Or Troches of Myrrh.

Culpeper.] They gently cleanse the liver, College.] Take of Myrrh three drams, the Meal of Lupines five drams, Madder help the yellow jaundice, and other diseases roots, the leaves of Rue, wild Mints, Dittany; coming of choler and stoppage of the of Crete, Cummin seeds, Asafœtida, liver.

# Sief de Plumbo.

#### Or Sief of Lead.

#### Trochisci Polyidæ Androm.

drams, Aloes an ounce, with austere Wine, or juice of Nightshade or Plantain, make them into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] They are very good they say,

## Trochisci de Rhubarbaro.

Or Troches of Rhubarb.

College.] Take of Rhubarb ten drams, with Honey of Raisins make it into troches. of each half an ounce, red Roses three Culpeper.] It strengthens the heart, drams, the roots of Asarabacca, Madder, each one dram, with Wine in which Wormwood hath been boiled, make them into troches according to art.

## Trochisci de Santalis. Or Troches of Sanders.

each one ounce, the seeds of Cucumbers, Starch, red Roses, Kose seeds, Lap. Hema-Gourds, Citruls, Purslain, Spodium, of each titis, red Coral, Amber, Balaustines, Spohalf an ounce, red Roses seven drams, juice of Barberriessix drams, Bole-ammoniac half an ounce, Camphire one dram, with Purslain Water make it into troches.

*Culpeper.*] The virtues are the same with troches of Spodium, both of them harmless.

Trochisci da Scilla ad Theriacam.

Or Troches of Squils, for Treacle.

College.] Take a Squil gathered about the beginning of July, of a middle bigness, and the hard part to which the small roots stick, wrap it up in paste, and bake it in an oven, till the paste be dry, and the Squil tender, which you may know by piercing it with a wooden skewer, or a bodkin, then take it out and bruise it in a mortar, adding to every pound of the Squil, eight ounces of white Orobus, or red Cicers in powder, then make it into troches, of the weight of two drams a piece, (your hands being anointed with Oil of Roses) dry them on the top of the house, opening towards the South, in the shadow, often turning them till they be well dry, then keep them in a pewter or glass vessel.

## Troches of Spodium.

College.] Take of red Roses twelve drams, Spodium ten drams, Sorrel seed six drams, the seeds of Purslain and Coriander, steeped in Vinegar and dried, pulp of Sumach, of each two drams and an half, white Starchroasted, Balaustines, Barberries, of each two drams, Gum Arabic roasted one dram and an half, with juice of unripe expression, dry them upon a sieve turned Grapes, make it into troches.

binding nature, excellent in fevers coming of choler, especially if they be accompanied with a looseness, they also quench thirst.

> Trochisci de terra Lemnia. Or Troches of Earth of Lemnos.

College.] Take of Earth of Lemnos, Bole-ammoniac, Acacia, Hypocystis, Gum College.] Take of the three Sanders, of Arabic toasted, Dragon's blood, white dium, Purslain seeds a little toasted, Olibanum, Hart's-horn burnt, Cypress Nuts, Saffron of each two drams, black Poppy seeds, Tragacanth, Pearls, of each one dram and an half, Opium prepared one dram, with juice of Plantain, make it into troches.

## Sief de Thure.

## Or Sief of Frankincense.

College.] Take of Frankincense, Lap Calaminaris, Pompholix, of each ten drams, Cyrus forty drams, Gum Arabič, Opium, of each six drams, with fair water make it into balls: dry them and keep them for use.

## Trochisci e Violis solutivi.

Or Troches of Violets solutive.

College.] Take of Violet flowers meanly dry, six drams, Turbith one ounce and an half, juice of Liquorice, Scammony, Manna, of each two drams, with Syrup of Violets, make it into troches.

Culpeper.] They are not worth talking of, much less worth cost, the cost and labour of making.

#### Trochisci de Vipera ad Theriacum.

Or Troches of Vipers, for Treacle.

College.] Take of the flesh of Vipers, the skin, entrails, head, fat, and tail being taken away, boiled in water with Dill, and a little salt, eight ounces, white bread twice baked, grated and sifted, two ounces, make it into troches, your hands being anointed with Opobalsamum, or Oil of Mutmegs by the bottom upwards in an open place, often Culpeper. They are of a fine cooling turning them till they are well dried, then put them in a glass or stone pot glazed, stopped close, they will keep a year, yet is it far better to make Treacle, not long after you have made them.

Culpeper.] They expel poison, and are

## AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

excellently good, by a certain sympathetical You can scarce do amiss in taking them if virtue, for such as are bitten by an adder.

Trochisci de Agno Casto.

Or Troches of Agnus Castus.

College.] 'I'ake of the seeds of Agnus Castus, Lettuce, red Rose flowers, Balaustins, of each a dram, Ivory, white Amber, Bole-amnioniac washed in Knotgrass Water two drams, Plantain seeds four scruples, Sassafras two scruples, with mussilage of Quince seeds, extracted in water of Waterlily flowers, let them be made into troches.

Culpeper. Very pretty troches and good for little

Trochisci Alexiterii. Renodæus.

College.] Take of the roots of Gentian. Tormentil, Orris Florentine, Zedoary, of each two drains, Cinnamon, Clove, Mace, of each half a dram, Angelica roots three drams, Coriander seeds prepared, Roses, of each one dram, dried Citron pills two drams, beat them all into powder, and with juice of Liquorice softened in Hippocras, six ounces, make them into soft paste, which you may form into either troches or small rolls, which you please.

*Culpeper.*] It preserves and strengthens the heart exceedingly, helps faintings and failings of the vital spirits, resists poison and the pestilence, and is an excellent medicine for such to carry about them whose occasions are to travel in pestilential places and corrupt air, only taking a very small! Misy two drams, with eighteen ounces of quantity now and then.

Troches of Annis seed. Mesue. College. Take of Annis seeds, the juice ! of Maudlin made thick, of each two drams, the seeds of Dill, Spikenard, Mastich, Indian leaf or Mace, the leaves of Wormwood, Asarabacca, Smallage, bitter Almonds, of each half a dram, Aloes two drams, juice ? of Wormwood so much as is sufficient to Myrrh, of each six drams, Crocomagma, make it into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] They open obstructions of flowers half an ounce, Wine and Honey, of the liver, and that very gently, and therefore each so much as is sufficient to make it up diseases coming thereof, help quartan agues. into troches according to art.

they please but your palate.

## Trochisci Diarhodon. Mesue

College.] Take of the flowers of red Roses six drams, Spikenard, Wood of Aloes, of each two drams, Liquorice three drams, Spodium one dram, Saffron half a dram, Mastich two drams, make them up into troches with white Wine according to art.

Culpeper.] They wonderfully ease fevers coming of flegm, as quotidian fevers, agues, epiatos, &c. pains in the belly.

## Trochisci de Lacca. Mesue.

College.] Take of Gum Lacca cleansed, the juice of Liquorice, Maudlin, Wormwood, and Barberries, all made thick, Rhubarb, long Birthwort, Costus, Asarabacca, bitter Almonds, Madder, Annis, Smallage, Schænanth, of each one dram, with the decoction of Birthwort, Schænanth, or the juice of Maudlin, or Wormwood, make them into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] It helps stoppings of the liver and spleen, and fevers thence coming, it expels wind, purges by urine, and resists dropsies.

## Pastilli Adronis. Galen.

College.] Take of Pomegranate flowers ten drams, Copperas twelve drams, unripe Galls, Birthwort, Frankincense, of each an ounce, Alum, Myrrh, of each half an ounce, austere Wine, make it into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] This also is appropriated to wounds, ulcers, and fistulas, it clears the cars, and represses all excressences of flesh, cleanses the filth of the bones.

#### Trochisci Musæ. Galen.

College.] Take of Alum, Aloes, Copperas, Saffron, of each three drams, Pomegranate

## THE COMPLETE HERBAL

Culpeper.] Their use is the same with the much as is sufficient to make it into troches tormer.

Crocomagma of Damocrates. Galen.

College.] Take of Saffron an hundred drams, red Roses, Myrrh. of each fifty drams, white Starch, Gum, of each thirty drams, Wine, so much as is sufficient to make it into troches.

Culpeper.] It is very expulsive, heats and strengthens the heart and stomach.

#### Trochisci Ramich. Mesue.

College.] Take of the juice of Sorrel sixteen ounces, red Rose Leaves, an ounce, Myrtle Berries two ounces, boil them a little together, and strain them, add to the decoc-1 tion, Galls well beaten, three ounces, boil them again a little, then put in these following things, in fine powder: take of rcd Roses an ounce, yellow Sanders, ten drams, Gum Arabic an ounce and an half, Sumach, Spodium, of each an ounce, Myrtle berries four ounces, Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, of each half an ounce, sour Grapes seven drams, mix them all together, and let them dry upon a stone, and grind them again into powder, and make them into small troches with one dram of Camphire, and so much Rose Water as is sufficient, and perfume them with fifteen grains of Musk.

Culpeper.] They strengthen the stomach, heart, and liver, as also the bowels, they help the cholic, and fluxes of blood, as also bleeding at the nose if you snuff up the powder of them, disburden the body of salt, fretting, choleric humours. You may carry them about you, and take them at your pleasure.

#### Troches of Roses. Mesue.

College.] Take of red Roses half an to art. ounce, Wood of Aloes two drams, Mastich, a dram and an half, Roman Wormwood, Cinnamon, Indian Spikenard, Cassia Lignea, Schænanth, of each one dram, old Wine, and decoction of the five opening roots, so

*Culpeper.*] They help pains in the stomach, and indigestion, the illiac passion, hectic fevers, and dropsies, in the beginning, and cause a good colour.

Trochisci Diacorallion. Galen.

College.] Take of Bole-ammoniac, red Coral, of each an ounce, Balaustines, Terra Lemnia, white Starch, of each half an ounce, Hypocistis, the seeds of Henbane, Opium, of each two drams, juice of Plantain so much as is sufficient to make them into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] These also stop blood, help the bloody flux, stop the menses, and are a great help to such whose stomachs loath their victuals. I fancy them not.

Trochisci Diaspermaton. Galen.

College.] Take of the seeds of Smallage, and Bishop's weed, of each an ounce, Annis and Fennel seeds, of each half an ounce, Opium, Cassia Lignea, of each two drams, with rain water, make it into troches according to art.

Culpeper.] These also bind, ease pain, help the pleurisy.

Hæmoptoici Pastilli. Galen.

College.] Take of white Starch, Balaustines, Earth of Samos, juice of Hypocystis, Gum, Saffron, Opium, of each two drams, with juice of Plantain, make them into troches according to art.

*Culpeper.*] The operation of this is like the former.

## Troches of Agarick.

College.] Take of choice Agarick three ounces, Sal. Gem. six drams, Ginger two drams, with Oxymel simplex, so much as is sufficient, make it into troches according to art.

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## OILS.

## SIMPLE OILS BY EXPRESSION.

Oil of Sweet Almonds. College.] Take of Sweet Almonds not corrupted, as many as you will, cast the of Apricots, so is also Oils of the Kernels of shells away, and blanch them, beat them in Cherry stones, Peaches, Pine-nuts, Fistic a stone mortar, beat them in a double vessel, Nuts, Prunes, the seeds of Oranges, Hemp,

pleurisies, encreases seed, eases coughs and Radishes, Rape, Ricinum, Sesani, Mushectic fevers, by injection it helps such tard seed, and Grape stones. whose water scalds them; ulcers in the Culpeper] Because most of these Oils bladder, reins, and matrix. You may are out of use, I took not the pains to quote either take half an ounce of it by itself, or the virtues of them; if any wish to make mix it with half an ounce of Syrup of Violets, them, let them look to the simples, and there and so take a spoonful at a time, still shak- they have them; if the simples be not to be ing them together when you take them : found in this book, there are other plentiful only take notice of this, if you take it in- medicines conducing to the cure of all usual wardly, let it be new drawn, for it will be diseases ; which aresour in three or four days.

#### Oil of bitter Almonds.

Almonds, but that you need not blanch sufficiently, then boil them in a sufficient them, nor have such a care of heat in press-{quantity of water till the Oil swim at top, ing out the oil.

Culpeper.] It opens stoppings, helps such for your use. as are deaf, being dropped into their ears, it helps the hardness of the nerves, and takes sovereign remedy for any diseases in any away spots in the face. It is seldom or part of the body coming either of wind or never taken inwardly.

#### Oil of Hazel Nuts.

cleansed, bruised, and beat, and pressed like stones. Oil of Olives omphacine, is pressed Oil of sweet Almonds.

Culpeper.] You must put them in a vessel (viz. a glass, or some such thing) and stop them close that the water come not to and bruise them with your hand or with a them when you put them into the bath. pestle and mortar; beat them in an earthen The oil is good for cold afflictions of the vessel glazed until they begin to froth, nerves, the gout in the joints, &c. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

College.] So is Oil of Been, megs, and Oil of Mace drawn. Oleum Caryinum.

College. Is prepared of Walnut Kernels, in like manner, save only that in the making of this sometimes is required dried, old, and rank Nuts.

#### Oleum Chrysomelinum,

College. Is prepared in the same manner and press out the oil without heat. Culpeper.] It helps roughness and sore-ness of the throat and stomach, helps Lettuce, Flax, Melons, Poppy, Parsley,

#### Oil of Bays.

College.] Take of Bay-berries, fresh and College.] It is made like Oil of sweet ripe, so many as you please, bruise them which separate from the water, and keep

> *Culpeper.*] It helps the choic, and is a cold.

College.] Common Oil of Olives, is College.] It is made of the Kernels, pressed out of ripe olives, not out of the out of unripe olives.

#### Oil of Yolks of Eggs.

College.] Boil the yolks till they be hard, stirring them diligently that they burn not, being hot, put them in a linen bag, and away, cut, bruised, and the vessel covered press out the oil according to art.

Culpeper.] It is profitable in fistulas, and malignant ulcers, it causes the hair to } grow, it clears the skin, and takes away de- ? Omphacine, the meat and juice of Quinces formities thereof, viz. tetters, ringworms, one part, set them in the sun fifteen days in morphew, scabs.

## SIMPLE OILS BY INFUSION AND DECOCTION.

#### Oil of Roses omphacine.

College.] 'Take of red Roses before they away. be ripe, bruised in a stone mortar, four ounces, oil Ouphacine one pound, set them Euphorbium, Oil of Wall-flowers, and sweet in a hot sun, in a glass close stopped, a whole Wine, of each five ounces, boiling it in a week, shaking them every day, then boil double vessel till the Wine be consumed. them gently in a bath, press them out, and ; put in others, use them in like manner, do ! so a third time: then keep the Oil upon a the sun in a glass forty days, and then pound of juice of Roses.

#### Oil cf Roses complete,

fully open, bruised, set in the sun, and rightly set in the sun. boiled gently in a double vessel, only let the third infusion stand in the sun forty Jesmine, put in clear oil, and set in the sun days, then keep the roses and oil together.

In the same manner is made Oil of Wormwood, of the tops of common Wormwood Florentine one pound, purple Orris flowers thrice repeated, four ounces, and three half a pound : boil them in a double vessel pounds of ripe oil; only, the last time put in in a sufficient quantity of decoction of Orris four ounces of the juice of Wormwood, Florentine, and six pounds of sweet oil, putwhich evaporate away by gentle boiling.

Dill four ounces, complete oil, one pound, i Roses. thrice repeated.

toreum oil one pound, Wine four ounces, ripe Oil two pounds, boiled in a double which must be consumed with the heat of a vessel with eight ounces of good white Wine bath.

Oil of Chamomel (which more than one; call Holy) of complete oil, and fresh Cha-jounces of the herb a little bruised, white momel flowers, the little white leaves taken Wine six ounces, ripc oil a pound, mixed

sprinkle them with Aromatic Wine, and with a thin linen cloth, set in the sun, pressed out, and three times repeated.

Oil of Wall-flowers, as oil of Dill.

Oil of Quinces: Of six parts of oia glass, and afterwards boil them four hours in a double vessel, press them out, and renew them three times.

Oil of Elecampane: Of ripe oil, and the roots of Elecampane bruised, and their juice, of each one part, and of generous Wine half a part, which is to be evaporated

Oil of Euphorbium: Of six drams of

Oil of Ants: Of winged Ants infused in four times their weight of sweet oil, set in strain it out.

Oil, or Balsam of St. John's Wort simple, Is made in the same manner, with sweet is made of the oil of seeds beaten and and ripe oil, often washed, and red Roses pressed, and the flowers being added, and

> Oil of Jesmine, is made of the flowers of and afterwards pressed out.

Oil of Orris, made of the roots of Orris ing fresh roots and flowers again and again; Oil of Dill: Of the flowers and leaves of the former being cast away as in oil of

Oil of Earthworms, is made of half a Oil of Castoreum : Of one ounce of Cas- pound of Earthworms washed in white Wine, till the Wine be consumed.

Oil of Marjoram is made with four

together, let them be set in the sun repeated them be set in the sun, and after forty days three times; at last boiled to the consump-istrained. tion of the Wine. Oleum Cicyonium, is made of wild

Oil of Mastich, is made of oil of Roses Cucumber roots, and their juice, of each omphacine one pound, Mastich three ounces, equal parts; with twice as much ripe oil, Wine four ounces: boil them in a double boil it to the consumption of the juice. vessel to the consumption of the Wine.

herb like oil of Chamomel.

Oil of Mints is made of the herb and oil omphacine, as oil of Roses.

Oil of Mirtles, is made of Mirtle berries bruised and sprinkled with sharp Wine one part, oil omphacine three parts; set it in the sun twenty-four days, and in the interim thrice renewed, boiled, and the berries pressed out.

Oil of Daffodils is made as oil of Roses.

Nard Oil is made of three ounces of Spikenard, sweet oil one pound and an half, sweet white Wine and clear water, of each two ounces and an half, boiled to the made, therefore the ingenious might help consumption of the moisture.

Oil of Water-lilics, is made of fresh white Water-lily flowers, one part, oil omphacine three parts, repeating the flowers as in oil of Roses.

Oil of Tobacco is made of the juice of Tobacco, and common oil, of each equal? parts boiled in a bath.

Oil of Poppies, is made of the flowers, heads, and leaves of garden Poppies, and oil and Valerian, of each one ounce, the flowers omphacine, as oil of Dill.

the Poplar tree three parts, rich white Wine four parts, sweet oil seven parts ; first let the cense in powder two ounces, infuse the roots buds be bruised, then infused in the Wine and flowers, being bruised, in so much white and oil seven days, then boiled, then pressed ! Wine as is sufficient to cover them, after out.

Oil of Rue, is made of the herb bruised, and ripe oil, like oil of Roses.

Oil of Savin is made in the same manner. So also is Oil of Elder flowers made.

Oil of Scorpions, is made of thirty live Scorpions, caught when the sun is in the and consolidate wounds, especially in the lion; oil of bitter Almonds two pounds, let thead.

Oil of Nightshade, is made of the berries Oil of Melilot is made with the tops of the of Nightshade ripe, and one part boiled in ripe oil, or oil of Roses three parts.

> Oil of Styrax, is made of Styrax and sweet white Wine, of each one part, ripe oil four parts gently boiled till the Wine be consumed.

Oil of Violets, is made of oil omphacine, and Violet flowers, as oil of Roses.

Oil of Vervain, is made of the herb and oil, as oil of Mints

Culpeper.] That most of these Oils, if not all of them, are used only externally, is certain; and as certain that they retain the virtues of the simples whereof they are themselves.

## COMPOUND OILS BY INFUSION AND DECOCTION.

#### Oleum Benedictum. Or Blessed Oil.

College.] Take of the roots of Carduus

of St. John's Wort two ounces, Wheat one Oil of Poplars, is made of the buds of ounce and an half, old Oil four ounces, Cypress Turpentine eight ounces, Frankintwo days' infusion put in the Oil with the Wheat, bruised, boil them together till the Wine be consumed; then press it out, and add the Frankincense and Turpentine, then boil them a little, and keep it.

Cuipeper.] It is appropriated to cleanse

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# Or, Oil of Capers. be consumed.

roots an ounce, bark of Tamarisk, the leaves strengthens the nerves, and all nervous parts. of the same, the seeds of Agnus Castus, as muscles, tendons, ligaments, the ventricle; Cetrach, or Spleenwort, Cypress roots, of besides these, it strengthens the liver, it each two drams, Rue one dram, oil of ripe keeps the hairs from turning grey, and gives Olives one pound, white Wine Vinegar, and a good colour to the body. I pray you white Wine, of each two ounces, cut them take notice that this and the following oils, and steep them, and boil them (two days (till I give you warning to the contrary) being elapsed) gently in a bath, then the are not made to eat. Wine and Vinegar being consumed, strain it, and keep it.

Culpeper.] The oil is opening, and heat-{ College.] Take of Saffron, Calamus Aroing, absolutely appropriated to the spleen, maticus, of each one ounce, Myrrh, half an hardness and pains thereof, and diseases ounce, Cardamoms nine drams, steep them coming of stoppings there, as hypocondriac six days, (the Cardamoms excepted, which melancholy, the rickets, &c.

samum or Cubebs, Spikenard, Costus, of [ Culpeper.] It helps pains in the nerves, each two drams, Cypress, Squinanth, Pep-1 and strengthens them, mollifies their hardperlong and black, Savin, Pellitory of Spain, ness, helps pains in the matrix, and causes of each two drams and an half, ripe Oil four a good colour. pounds, Spanish Wine two pounds, the five first excepted, let the rest be prepared as [ College.] Take of Stavesacre, Sopewort, they ought to be, and gently boiled in the of each half an ounce, Pellitory of Spain Oil and Winc, until the Wine be consumed, six drams, dried Mountain Calamint one mean time the Galbanum, Opopanax, and Sounce and an half, Castus two drams, Cas-Euphorbium beaten in fine powder, being toreum five drains, being bruised, let them dissolved in part of the Wine, and strained, be three days steeped in three pounds and let them be exquisitely mixed with it (while an half of Wine, boil them with a pound the oil is warm) by often stirring; the boil-{and an half of Oil of Wall-flowers, adding ing being finished, put in the Styrax and half an ounce of Euphorbium, before the Castoreum.

Culpeper.] The virtues are the same with according to art. the simple.

#### Oleum Castinum.

College.] Take of the roots of bitter Castus two ounces, Cassia Lignea one ounce, the tops of Marjoram eight ounces, being

Oleum de Capparibus. Wine, boil it in Balneo Mariæ till the Wing

College.] Take of the bark of Caper : Culpeper.] It heats, opens obstructions,

#### Oleum Crocinum, Or, Oil of Saffron.

oly, the rickets, &c. Oil of Castoreum compound. are not to be put in till the last day,) in nine ounces of Vinegar, the day after put in a College.] Take of Castoreum, Styrax pound and an half of washed oil, boil it Calamitis, Galbanum, Euphorbium, Opo-panax, Cassia Lignea, Saffron, Carpobal-consumed, then strain it.

#### Oil of Euphorbium.

Wine be quite consumed, and so boil it

Culpeper.] It hath the same virtue, only something more effectual than the simple.

Oleum Excestrense,

Or, Oil of Exeter.

College.] Take of the leaves of Wormbruised, steep them two days in twelve wood, Centaury the less, Eupatorium, Fen-ounces of sweet white Wine; then with nel, Hyssop, Bays, Marjoram, Bawm, Nep, three pounds of sallad oil washed in white Pennyroyal, Savin, Sage, Thyme, of each

fourounces, Southernwood, Betony, Chamepitys, Lavender, of cach six ounces, Rose- John's Wort, than which this is stronger. mary one pound, the flowers of Chamomel, Broom, white Lilies, Elders, the seeds of Or, Oil of St. John's Wort more compound Cummin, and Fenugreek, the roots of Helle- ? College.] Take of white Wine three bore black and white, the bark of Ash and pounds, tops of St. John's Wort ripe and Lemons, of each four ounces, Euphorbium, gently bruised, four handfuls, steep them Mustard, Castoreum, Pellitory of Spain, of two days in a glass, close stopped, boil them each an ounce, Oil sixteen pounds, Wine in a bath, and strain them strongly, repeat three pounds, the herbs, flowers, seeds, and the infusion three times, having strained it Euphorbium being bruised, the roots, barks, the third time, add to every pound of deand Castoreum cut, all of them infused coction, old Oil four pounds, Turpentine twelve hours in the Wine and Oil, in a warm; six ounces, oil of Wormwood three ounces. bath, then boiled with a gentle fire, to the Dittany, Gentian, Carduus, Tormentil, Carconsumption of the Wine and moisture, line, or Cordus Maria, Calamus Aromaticus, strain the Oil and keep it.

bruises when they are young, come to feel two ounces, set it in the sun five or six weeks, it when they are old: others by catching then keep it close stopped. cold, catch a lameness in their limbs, to { Culpeper.] Besides the virtue of the simboth which I commend this sovereign oil to ple oil of St. John's Wort, which this perbathe their grieved members with.

#### Oleum Hirundinum,

Or, Oil of Swallows.

College.] Take of whole Swallows sixteen, Chamomel, Rue, Plantain the greater and lesser, Bay leaves, Pennyroyal, Dill, Florentine, three pounds four ounces, the Hyssop, Rosemary, Sage, Saint John's Wort, Howers of purple Orris fifteen ounces, Costmary, of each one handful, common Cypress roots six ounces, of Elecampane Oil four pounds, Spanish Wine one pound, three ounces, of Alkanet two ounces, Cinmake it up according to art.

appropriated to old bruises and pains thereof they ought to be, be steeped in the sun, or coming, as also to sprains.

#### Oleum Hyperici compositum.

Or, Oil of St. John's Wort compound.

Wort four ounces, steep them three whole is cold, strain it and keep it. days in a pound of old Sallad Oil, in the heat either of a bath, or of the sun, then press; the simple, only 'tis stronger. them out, repeat the infusion the second or ; third time, then boil them till the wine be almost consumed, press them out, and by adding three ounces of Turpentine, and one fuls, Mother of Thyme two handfuls, the scruple of Saffron, boil it a little and keep leaves and berries of Myrtles one handful, jt.

Culpeper.] See the simple oil of St.

Oleum Hyperici magis compositum.

all of them bruised, of each two drains, Culpeper.] Many people by catching Earth-worms often washed in white Wine

> forms more effectually, it is an excellent remedy for old bruises, aches, and sprains.

#### Oleum Irinum,

#### Or, Oil of Orris.

College.] Take of the roots of Orris namon, Spikenard, Benjamin, of each one Culpeper.] Both this and the former are ounce: let all of them, being bruised as other hot place, in fifteen pounds of old oil, and four pounds and an half of clear water, after the fourth day, boil them in Balneo College.] 'Take of the tops of St. John's Mariæ, the water being consumed, when it

*Culpeper.*] The effects are the same with

#### Oleum Marjoranæ.

#### Or, Oil of Marjoram.

College.] 'Take of Marjoram four hand-Southernwood, Water Mints, of each half

an handful, being cut, bruised, and put in a ? Cardamoms, of each one ounce and a half. glass, three pounds of Oil Omphacine being bruise them all grossly, and steep them in put to it, let it stand eight days in the sun, water and wine, of each fourteen ounces, or in a bath, close stopped, then strain it Oil of Sesamin, or oil of Olives, four pounds out, in the oil put in fresh simples, do so the and an half, for one day : then perfect the third time, the oil may be perfected accord- oil by boiling it gently in a double vessel. ing to art.

Culpeper. ] It helps weariness and diseases of the brain and nerves, coming of three pounds, Wine four pounds, common cold; it helps the dead palsy, the back (viz. Oil seven pounds two ounces, beat the Popthe region along the back bone) being lar buds very well, then steep them seven anointed with it; being snuffed up in the days in the oil and wine, then boil them in nose, it helps Spasmus cynicus, which is a a double vessel till the wine be consumed, wrying the mouth aside; it helps noise in i (if you infuse fresh buds once or twice bethe ears being dropped into them, it pro- fore you boil it, the medicine will be the vokes the menses, and helps the biting of stronger,) then press out the oil and keep it. venomous beasts; it is a most gallant oil to strengthen the body, the back being anointed i ointment called by that name which follows with it; strengthens the muscles, they being { hereafter is far better. chafed with it; helps head-ache, the forehead being rubbed with it.

## Moschelæum, Or, Oil of Musk.

College.] Take two Nutmegs, Musk one dram, Indian leaf or Mace, Spikenard, Costus, Mastich, of each six drams, Styrax Calamitis, Cassia Lignea, Myrrh, Saffron, Cinnamon, Cloves, Carpobalsamum or Cubebs, Bdellium, of each two drams, pure Oil three pounds, Wine three ounces, bruise them as you ought to do, mix them, and let them boil easily, till the Wine be consumed, the Musk being mixed according to art after } it is strained.

Culpeper. ] It is exceeding good against all diseases of cold, especially those of the stomach, it helps diseases of the sides, they being anointed with it, the stranguary, cholic, and vices of the nerves, and afflictions of the reins.

## Oleum Nardinum. Or, Oil of Nard.

Marjoram two ounces, Wood of Aloes, Calamus Aromaticus, Elecampane, Cypress, i fistulas forcibly, and not without pain, it Bay leaves, Indian leaf or Mace, Squinanth, Etakes away dead and proud flesh, and dries.

Oleum Populeum. Nicholaus.

College.] Take of fresh Poplar buds

Culpeper.] It is a fine cool oil, but the

## **OINTMENTS MORE SIMPLE.**

#### Unguentum album, Or, white Ointment.

College.] Take of Oil of Roses nine ounces, Ceruss washed in Rose-water and diligently sifted, three ounces, white Wax two ounces, after the wax is melted in the oil, put in the Ceruss, and make it into an ointment according to art, add two drams of Camphire, made into powder with a few drops of oil of sweet Almonds, so will it be camphorated.

Culpeper.] It is a fine cooling, drying ointment, eases pains, and itching in wounds and ulcers, and is an hundred times better with Camphire than without it.

Unguentum Egyptiacum.

College.] Take of Verdigris finely powdered, five parts, Honey fourteen parts, sharp Vinegar seven parts, boil them to a College.] Take of Spikenard three ounces, just thickness, and a reddish colour.

Culpeper.] It cleanses filthy ulcers and

## AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

#### Unguentum Anodynum.

Or, an Ointment to ease pain.

six ounces, Oil of Dill, and Chamomel, of cach two ounces, Oil of sweet Almonds one } ounce, Duck's grease, and Hen's grease, of Greek Pitch, of each half a pound, Oil nine each two ounces, white Wax three ounces, jounces: mix them together, by melting mix them according to art.

Culpeper.] Its use is to assuage pains in the any part of the body, especially such as heat, moisten, and digest, procure matter in come by inflammations, whether in wounds wounds, I mean brings the filth or corrupted or tumours, and for that it is admirable.

#### Unguentum ex Apio.

Or, Ointment of Smallage.

College.] Take of the juice of Smallage; College.] Take of Bdellium six drams, one pound, Honey nine ounces, Wheat Euphorbium, Sagapen, of each four drams, flower three ounces, boil them to a just Castoreum three drams, Wax fifteen drams, thickness.

gentle cleanser of wounds and ulcers.

#### Liniment of Gum Elemi.

College.] Take of Gum Elemi, Turpentine of the Fir-tree, of each one ounce and an half, old Sheep's Suet cleansed two ounces, old Hog's grease cleansed one ounce : mix times at least, half a pound, Wax three them, and make them into an ointment ounces, Oil of Roses one pound, stir them all according to art.

an ulcer with flesh, it being of a mild nature, sufficient quantity of the prescribed oil. and friendly to the body.

#### Unguentum Aureum.

College.] Take of yellow Wax half a pound, common Oil two pounds, Turpen- Or, Ointment of Marsh-mallows. tine two ounces, Pine Rozin, Colophonia, of College.] Take of common Oil four each one ounce and an half, Frankincense, pounds, mussilage of Marsh-mallow roots, Mastich, of each one ounce, Saffron one Linseed, and Fenugreek seed two pounds: dram, first melt the wax in the oil, then the boil them together till the watry part Turpentine being added, let them boil of the mussilage be consumed, then add together; having done boiling, put in the Wax half a pound, Rozin three ounces, rest in fine powder, (let the Saffron be the Turpentine an ounce, boil them to the conlast) and by diligent stirring, make them sistence of an ointment, but let the mussilage into an ointment according to art.

Basilicon, the greater.

Rozin, Heifer's Suet, Greek Pitch, Tur-ispring water, and then pressed out. See pentine, Olibanum, Myrrh, of each one the compound.

; ounce, Oil five ounces, powder the Olibanum and Myrrh, and the rest being melted, College.] Take of Oil of white Lilies, make it into an cintment according to art.

Basilicon, the less.

College.] Take of yellow Wax, fat Rozin, them according to art.

Culpeper.] Both this and the former, blood from green wounds : they clense and ease pain.

#### Ointment of Bdellium.

Oil of Elder or Wall-flowers, ten drams, Culpeper.] It is a very fine, and very the Bdellium, and Sagapen being dissolved in water of wild Ruc, let the rest be united by the heat of a bath.

#### Unguentum de Calce.

Or, Ointment of Chalk.

College.] Take of Chalk washed, seven together diligently in a leaden mortar, the Culpeper.] It gently cleanses and fills up wax being first melted by a gentle fire in a

*Culpeper.*] It is exceeding good in burnings and scaldings.

#### Unguentum Dialthæ.

be prepared of a pound of fresh roots bruised, and half a pound of each of the College. ] Take of white Wax, Pine seeds steeped, and boiled in eight pounds of

#### Unguentum Diapompholygos.

College.] Take of Oil of Nightshade sixteen ounces, white Wax, washed, Ceruss, of each four drams, Lead burnt and washed, Pompholix prepared, of each two ounces, pure Frankincense one ounce : bring them into the form of an ointment according to art.

Culpeper.] This much differing from the former, you shall have that inserted at latter end, and then you may use which you please.

#### Unguentum Enulatum. Or, Ointment of Elecampanc.

College.] Take of Elecampane roots boiled in Vinegar, bruised and pulped, one pound, Turpentine washed in their decoction, new Wax, of each two ounces, old Hog's grease salted ten ounces, old oil four red Wine, in the morning boil it in fresh ounces, common salt one ounce, add the Turpentine to the grease, wax, and oil, being melted, as also the pulp and salt being finely powdered, and so make it into an ointment according to art.

Unguentum Enulatum cum Mercurio. Or, Ointment of Elecampane with Quicksilver,

College.] Is made of the former ointment, by adding two ounces of Quick-silver, killed by continual stirring, not only with spittle, or juice of Lemons, but with all the Turpentine kept for that intent, and part of to give it the hundredth part of its due the grease, in a stone mortar.

Culpeper.] My opinion of this ointment, is (briefly) this: It was invented for the Itch, without quick-silver it will do no good, with quick-silver it may do harm.

Unguentum Laurinum commune.

Or, Ointment of Bays common.

College.] Take of Bay leaves bruised finely powdered, half a pound, Vinegar one pound, Bay berries bruised half a one pound, Oil of Roses two pounds, grind pound, Cabbage leaves four ounces, Neat's- the Litharge in a mortar, pouring to it foot Oil five pounds, Bullock's suet two sometimes Oil, sometimes Vinegar, till by pounds, boil them together, and strain them, continual stirring, the Vincgar do no more that so it may be made into an ointment appear, and it come to a whitish ointment, according to art.

Unguentum de minie sive rubrum Camphora Or, Ointment of red Lead.

College.] Take of Oil of Roses one pound and an half, red Lead three ounces. Litharge two ounces, Ceruss one ounce and an half, Tutty three drams, Camphire two drams, Wax one ounce and an half, make it into an ointment according to art, in a pestle and mortar made of Lead.

Culpeper.] This ointment is as drying as a man shall usually read of one, and withal cooling, therefore good for sores, and such as are troubled with defluctions.

## Unguentum e Nicotiona, seu Peto. Or, Ointment of Tobacco.

College.] Take of Tobacco leaves bruised. two pounds, steep them a whole night in Hog's grease, diligently washed, one pound, till the Wine be consumed, strain it, and add half a pound of juice of Tobacco, Rozin four ounces, boil it to the consumption of the juice, adding towards the end, round Birthwort roots in powder, two ounces, new Wax as much as is sufficient to make it into an ointment according to art.

Culpeper.] It would take a whole summer's day to write the particular virtues of this ointment, and my poor Genius is too weak praise: It cures tumours, imposthumes, wounds, ulcers, gun-shot, stinging with nettles, bees, wasps, hornets, venomous beasts, wounds made with poisoned arrows, &c.

#### Unguentum Nutritum, seu Trifarmacum

Cellege.] Take of Litharge of Gold Culpeper.] It is of a cooling, drying

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nature, good for stching of wounds, and it not and keep it for use; then warm it such like deformities of the skin.

Unguentum Ophthalmicum.

Or, An Ointment for the Eyes.

College.] Take of Bole-ammoniac washed i in Rose water, one ounce, Lapis Calaminaris and supple the roughness of the skin, and washed in Eye bright Water, Tutty pre-; take away the chops of the lips, hands, pared, of each two drams, Pearls in very face, or other parts. fine powder half a dram, Camphire half a scruple, Opium five grains, fresh Butter washed in Plantain Water, as much as is a pound and an half, Spermaceti, Madder, sufficient to make it into an ointment ac- Tormentil roots, Castoreum, of each half an cording to art.

hot rheums that fall down into the eyes, the consumed, and become an ointment. eyelids being but anointed with it.

Unguentum ex Oxylapatho.

Or, Ointment of sharp-pointed Dock.

College.] Take of the roots of sharp-pointed Dock boiled in Vinegar until they of the Pine-tree, of the purest Turpentine, be soft, and then pulped, Brimstone washed yellow Wax washed, pure Oil, of each in juice of Lemons, of each one ounce and equal parts: melt them into an ointment an half, Hog's grease often washed in juice according to art. of Scabious, half a pound, Unguentum Populeon washed in juice of Elecampane, in new sprain as most is, and cheap. half an ounce: make them into an ointment in a mortar.

Culpeper.] It is a wholesome, though troublesome medicine for scabs and itch.

Unguentum e Plumbo.

Or, Ointment of Lead.

Ceruss, Antimony, of each one ounce, Oil and frettings, accompanied with choleric of Roses as much as is sufficient: make it; humours, angry pushes, tetters, ringworms, into an ointment according to art.

it will go neer to do more harm than good. stomach and liver.

Uuguentum Pomatum.

College.] Take of fresh Hog's grease three pounds, fresh Sheep's suet nine ounces, [ College.] Take of the oil of Roses om-Pomewater pared and cut, one pound and phacine a pound, white Wax five ounces, nine ounces, Damask Rose-water six ounces, which being melted and put in a leaden the roots of Orris Florentine grossly bruised imortar, put in the Earth of Lemnos or six drams, boil them in Balneo Mariæ till Bole-ammoniac, Lapis Calaminaris, of each

little again and wash it with fresh Rosewater, adding to each pound twelve drops of oil of Lignum Rhodium.

Culpeper. Its general use is, to soften

#### Unguentum Potabile.

College.] Take of Butter without salt, ounce: boil them as you ought in a suf-Culpeper. It is exceeding good to stop ficient quantity of Wine, till the Wine be

Culpeper.] I know not what to make of it.

#### Unguentum Resinum.

*Culpeper.*] It is as pretty a Cerectoth for

Unguentum Rosatum.

#### Or, Ointment of Roses.

College.] Take of fresh Hog's grease cleansed a pound, fresh red Roses half a pound, juice of the same three ounces, make it into an ointment according to art.

College.] Take of Lead burnt accord- Culpeper.] It is of a fine cooling nature, ing to art, Litharge, of each two ounces, exceeding useful in all gallings of the skin,

it mitigates diseases in the head coming of Culpeper.] Take it one time with another, heat, as also the intemperate heat of the

#### Desiccativum Rubrum.

#### Or, a drying Red Ointment.

the Apples be soft, then strain it, but press; four ounces, Litharge of Gold, Ceruss, of

each three ounces, Camphire one dram, make it into an ointment according to art.

Culpeper. It binds and restrains fluxes of humours.

Unguentum e Solano.

Or, Ointment of Nightshade.

College.] Take of juice of Nightshade, Litharge washed, of each five ounces, Ceruss washed eight ounces, white Wax seven ounces, Frankincense in powder ten drams, oil of Roses often washed in water two pounds, make it into an ointment according to art.

*Culpeper.* It was invented to take away inflammations from wounds, and to keep people from scratching of them when they are almost well.

#### Or, Ointment of Tutty.

College.] Take of Tutty prepared two ounces, Lapis Calaminaris often burnt and quenched in Plantain Water an ounce, make them, being finely powdered, into an ointment, with a pound and an half of ointment of Roses.

Culpeper.] It is a cooling, drying ointment, appropriated to the eyes, to dry up hot and salt humours that flow down thither, the eyelids being anointed with it.

#### Valentia Scabiosæ.

College.] Scabious, pressed out with a screw, and four pounds of old oil, the whitest, not rank, strained through a cloth, Hog's grease, of then boil them and press them out, and in each as much as you will, heat the Hog's the oil melt fifteen ounces of white Wax, grease in a stone mortar, not grind it, putt- and make it into an ointment according to ing in the juice by degrees for the more art. commodious mixture and tincture, afterwards set it in the sun in a convenient ves-; is good to anoint the bellies of such as have sel, so as the juice may overtop the grease, dropsies, and if there be any humour of nine days being passed, pour off the dis-; flegm in any part of the body that you coloured juice, and beat it again as before, know not how to remove (provided the part putting in fresh juice, set it in the sun again be not too tender) you may anoint it with five days, which being elapsed, beat it this; but yet be not too busy with it, for I again, put in more juice, after fifteen days tell you plainly it is not very safe. more, do so again, do so five times, after which, keep it in a glass, or glazed vessel.

#### Tapsivalentra.

College.] Take of the juice of Mullen, Hog's grease, of each as much as you will, let the grease be cleansed and cut in pieces, and beat it with the juice, pressed and strained as you did the former ointment, then keep it in a convenient vessel nine or ten days, then beat it twice, once with fresh juice, until it be green, and the second time without juice beaten well, pouring off what is discoloured, and keep it for use.

#### Tapsimel.

Take of the juice of Celan-College.] dine and Mullen, of each one part, clarified. Honey, two parts, boil them by degrees till the juice be consumed, adding (the physician prescribing) Vitriol, burnt Alum, burnt Ink, and boil it again to an ointment according to art.

## OINTMENTS MORE COMPOUND.

#### Unguentum Agrippa.

Take of Briony roots two College. pounds, the roots of wild Cucumbers one pound, Squills half a pound, fresh English Orris roots, three ounces, the roots of male Fern, dwarf Elder, water Caltrops, or Aaron, of each two ounces, bruise them all, being Take of the juice of green fresh, and steep them six or seven days in

Culpeper.] It purges exceedingly, and

Unguentum Amarum. Or, A bitter Ointment.

College.] Take of Oil of Rue, Savin, Mints, Wormwood, bitter Almonds, of each one ounce and an half, juice of Peach flowers and leaves, and Wormwood, of each ! Camphire a dram, white Coral half an half an ounce, powder of Rue, Mints, jounce, Alum Plume an ounce, Umbilicus Centaury the less, Gentian, Tormentil, of Marinus, Tragacanth, white Starch, of each one dram, the seeds of Coleworts, the jeach three drams, Crystal, Dentalis Utalis, pulp of Colocynthis, of each two drams, Aloes Hepatic, three drams, meal of Lupines half an ounce, Myrrh washed in Grass Ceruss six ounces, Hog's grease not salted, water a dram and an half, Bull's Gall an ounce and an half, with a sufficient quantity of juice of Lemons, and an ounce and an half of Wax, make it into an ointment according to art.

#### Unguentum Apostolorum.

#### Or, Ointment of the Apostles.

College.] Take of Turpentine, yellow Wax, Ammoniacum, of each fourteen drams, long Birthwort roots, Olibanum, Bdellium, of each six drams, Myrrh, Gilbanum, of each half an ounce, Opopanax, Verdigris, of each two drams, Litharge nine drams, Oil two pounds, Vinegar enough to dissolve the Gums, make it into an ointment according to art.

Culpeper.] It consumes corrupt and dead flesh, and makes flesh soft which is hard, it cleanses wounds, ulcers, and fistulas, and restores flesh where it is wanting.

#### Unguentum Catapsoras.

College.] Take of Ceruss washed in Purslain water, then in Vinegar wherein wild Rhadish roots have been steeped and pressed out, Lapis Calaminaris, Chalcitis, of each six drams, burnt Lead, Goat's blood, of each half an ounce, Quick-silver sublimated an ounce, the juice of Houseleek, Nightshade, Plantain, of each two ounces, Hog's grease cleansed three pounds, Oil of Violets, Poppies, Mandrakes, of Cinnamon, Wood of Aloes, Squinanth, of each an ounce: first let the sublimate and leach a dram, wax as much as is sufficient exungia, then the oils, juices, and powders, to make it into an ointment according to be mixed, and so made into an ointment; art. according to art.

#### Unguentum Citrinum. Or, A Citron Ointment.

College.] Take of Borax an ounce. Olibanum, Niter, white Marble, of each two drams, Gersa Serpentaria an ounce, a pound and an half, Goat's suct prepared. an ounce and an half, Hen's fat two ounces and an half. Powder the things as you ought to do both together, and by themselves, melt the fats being cleansed in a stone vessel, and steep in them two Citrons of a mean bigness cut in bits, in a warm bath, after a whole week strain it, and put in the powders by degrees, amongst which let the Camphire and Borax be the last, stir them, and bring them into the form of an ointment.

#### Uunguentum Martiatum.

College.]. Take of fresh Bay leaves three pounds, Garden Rue two pounds and an half, Marjoram two pounds, Mints a pound, Sage, Wormwood, Costmary, Bazil, of each half a pound, Sallad Oil twenty pounds, yellow Wax four pounds, Malaga Wine two pounds, of all of them being bruised, boiled, and pressed out as they ought, make an ointment according to art.

Culpeper.] It is a great strengthener of the head, it being anointed with it; as also of all the parts of the body, especially the nerves, muscles, and arteries.

#### Unguentum Mastichinum.

Or, An Ointment of Mastich.

College.] Take of the Oil of Mastich, Wormwood, and Nard, of each an ounce, Mastich, Mints, red Roses, red Coral, Cloves,

Culpeper.] This is like the former, and

not a whit inferior to it; it strengthens the in Violet Water six ounces, oil of Sweet a stomach ointment.

## Unguentum Neapolitanum.

in juice of Sage a pound, Quick-silver strained through leather, four ounces, oil of in Barley or Hyssop water, make an oint-Bays, Chamomel, and Earthworms, of each two ounces, Spirit of Wine an ounce, yellow Wax two ounces, Turpentine washed in ; juice of Elecampane three ounces, powder of Chamepitys and Sage, of each two the breast being anointed with it. drams, make them into an ointment according to art.

ments, and those that appoint them.

## Unguentum Nervinum

College. flowers, Sage, Chamepitys, Rosemary, Arabic, Quince seeds, Lin-seeds, Marsh-Lavender, Bay with the berries, Chamomel, mallow roots, of each half an ounce. Let Rue, Smallage, Melilot with the flowers, the mussilages be made in Rose water, and Wormwood, of each a handful, Mints, adding the rest, make it into an ointment Betony, Pennyroyal, Parsley, Centaury the according to art. less, St. John's Wort, of each a handful, oil of Sheep's or Bullock's feet, five pounds, any manifest heat, and is therefore a fit oil of Spike half an cunce, Sheep's or ointment for such as have agues, asthmas, Bullock's Suet, or the Marrow of either, two hectic fevers, or consumptions. pounds: the herbs being bruised and good ointment to ease pains coming by inboiled with the oil and suet, make it into an i flammations of wounds or aposthumes, ointment according to art.

nerves, and helps their infirmities coming of troubled with. In inward aposthumes, as cold, as also old bruises, make use of it in pleurises, one of them to anoint the exdead palsies, chilliness or coldness of par-; ternal region of the part, is very benefical. ticular members, such as the arteries perform not their office to as they ought; for wind anoint your belly with it; for want of ounce, oil of white Lillies, Chamomel, digestion, your stomach; for the cholic, your fresh Butter, juice of Briony and Sowbelly; for whatever disease in any part of bread, of each half an ounce, boil it to the the body comes of cold, esteem this as a consumption of the juice, add Ammoniacum iewel.

Unguentum Pectorale. Or, A Pectoral Ointment. College.] Take of fresh Butter washed of the bark of the roots of Tamaris and

stomach being anointed with it, restores Almonds four ounces, oil of Chamomel appetite and digestion. Before it was called and Violets, white Wax, of each three ounces, Hen's and Duck's greese, of each two ounces, Orris roots two drams, Saffron College.] Take of Hog's grease washed half a dram: The two last being finely powdered, the rest melted and often washed ment of them according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It strengthens the breast and stomach, eases the pains thereof, helps pleurises and consumptions of the lungs,

## Unguentum Resumptivum.

College.] 'Take of Hog's grease three Culpeper.] A learned art to spoil people: ounces, the grease of Hen's, Geese, and hundreds are bound to curse such oint- Ducks, of each two ounces, Oesipus half an ounce, oil of Violets, Chamomel, and Dill, fresh Butter a pound, white Wax six Take of Cowslips with the jounces, mussilage of Gum Tragacanth,

Culpeper.] It mightily molifies without It is a especially such as dryness accompanies, an Culpeper.] It is appropriated to the infirmity wounded people are many times

#### Unguentum Splanchnicum.

College. Take of oil of Capers an dissolved in Vinegar, two drams and an half, Hen's grease, Oesypus, Marrow of a Calr's Leg, of each half an ounce, powder

Capers, Fern roots, Cetrach, of each a dram, flars and Services, of each a sufficient quanthe seeds of Agnus Castuus, and Broom, tity, then dry them by a gentle fire, and of each a scruple, with a sufficient quantity with the oil and wax boil it into an ointof Wax, make it into an ointment accord-i ment. ing to art.

Unguentum Splanchnicum Magistrale.

tine, powder of sweet Fennel seeds, Ammo- the fundament fall out, when you have put niacum dissolved in Vinegar, of each half it up again anoint it with this ointment, and an ounce, tops of Wormwood, Chamomel it will fall out no more. Do the like by the flowers, of each a dram, ointment of the womb if that fall out. juice and of flowers of Oranges, of each six i Ointment of Marsh-mallows, compound drams, oil of Orris and Capers, of each an ounce and an half: the things which ought ? College.] Take of Marsh-mallow roots being powdered and sifted, the rest dili- two pounds, the seeds of Flax and Fœnugently mixed in a hot mortar, make it into greek, of each one pound, pulp of Squills an ointment according to art.

Culpeper.] appropriated to the spleen, and cases the of each two ounces, Colophonia, Rozin, or pains thereof, the sides being anointed with each half a pound: Let the roots be well them. I fancy not the former.

Unguentum e Succis.

Or, Ointment of Juices.

Elder eight ounces, of Smallage and Parsley, and draw out the mussilage, of which take of each four ounces, Wormwood and Orris, two pounds, and boil it with the oil to the of each five ounces, common Oil half a consumption of the juice, afterwards add pound, oil of white Lilies ten ounces, of the Wax, Rozin, and Colophonia, when Wormwood and Chamomel, of each six they are melted, add the Turpentine, after ounces, the fat of Ducks and Hens, of each wards the Galbanum and Gum of Ivy, distwo ounces, boil them together with a gentle solved in Vinegar, boil them a little, and fire till the juice be consumed, then strain having removed them from the fire, stir them it, and with seven ounces of white Wax, ill they are cold, that so they may be wel! and a little white Wine Vinegar, make it incorporated. into an ointment according to art.

See Unguentum ex Succis Aperitivis.

Unguentum Sumach.

College.] Take of Sumach, unripe Galls, softens hard swellings. Myrtle berries, Balaustines, Pomegranate Pills, Acorn Cups, Cypress Nuts, Acacia, Mastich, of each ten drams, white Wax a fine powder of the things you can, and then add white Wax five ounces, Ceruss

Culpeper.] It is a gallant drying and binding ointment. Besides, the stomach College.] Take of the bark of Caper anointed with it, stays vomiting, and the roots six drams, Briony roots, Orris Floren- belly anointed with it stays looseness, if

## Nicholaus.

half a pound, Oil four pounds, Wax one Both these ointments are pound, Turpentine, Gum of Ivy, Galbanum, washed and bruised, as also the Linseed, Fœnugreek sced, and Squills, then steep them three days in eight pints of water, the College.] Take of the juice of Dwarf- fourth day boil them a little upon the fire,

> Culpeper.] It heats and moistens, helps pains of the breast coming of cold and pleurises, old aches, and stitches, and

### Unguentum Diapompholigos nihili. Nicholaus.

College.] Take of Oil of Roses sixteen five ounces, oil of Roses often washed in jounces, juice of Nightshade six ounces, let Alum water, a pound and ten ounces, make them boil to the consumption of the juice, steep them four whole days in juice of Med- washed two ounces, Lead burnt and washed,

Pompholix prepared, pure Frankincense, of each an ounce, let them be brought into; with it kills the worms. the form of an ointment according to art.

Culpeper. It cools and binds, drys, and stays fluxes, either of blood or humours in wounds, and fills hollow ulcers with flesh.

#### Unguentum Refrigerans. Galenus.

It is also called a Cerecloath.

College.] Take of white Wax fou: ounces, Oil of Roses ompliacine one pound, melt it in a double vessel, then pour it out into another, by degrees putting in cold water, and often pouring it out of one vessel into another, stirring it till it be white, last of all wash it in Rose water, adding a little Rose Water, and Rose Vinegar.

Culpeper.] It is a fine cooling thing, to cure inflammations in wounds or tumours.

#### Unguentum e Succis Aperitivis primum. Fœsius.

College.] Take of the juice of Smallage, Mints, Wormwood, common Endive, Parsley, Valerian, of each three ounces, oil of Wormwood and Mints, of each half a pound, yellow Wax three ounces, mix them together over the fire, and make of them an ointment.

Culpeper.] It opens stoppages of the stomach and spleen, eases the rickets, the breast and sides being anointed with it.

An Ointment for the Worms. Fosius.

College.] Take of oil of Rue, Savin, Mints, Wormwood, and bitter Almonds, of each an ounce and an half, juice of the flowers or leaves of Peaches, and Wormwood, of each half an ounce, powder of Rue, Mints, Gentian, Centaury the less, drams, white and yellow Sanders, of each Tormentil, of each one dram, the seeds of six drams, red Roses twelve drams, Bole-Coleworts, the pulp of Colocynthis, of each ammoniac seven drams, Spodium four two drams, Aloes Hepatic, three drams, the drams, Camphire two drams, white Wax meal of Lupines half an ounce, Myrrh washed thirty drams, Oil of Roses omphawashed in grass water a dram and an half, icine six ounces: make it into a cerecloath Bull's Galls an ounce and an half, with according to art. juice of Lemons, so much as is sufficient, into an ointment according to art. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft B

Culpeper.] The belly being anointed

## CERECLOATHS

Ceratum de Galbano. Or, Cerecloath of Galbanum.

College. Take of Galbanum prepared, an ounce and an half, Assafætida half an ounce, Bdellium a dram, Myrrh two drams, Wax two ounces, Carrot seeds a scruple, Featherfew, Mugwort, of each half a dram, dissolve the Gums in Vinegar, and make it a cerecloath according to art.

*Culpeper.* Being applied to the belly of a woman after labour, it cleanses her of any relicts accidently left behind, helps the fits of the mother, and other accidents incident to women in that case.

#### Ceratum Oesypatum.

College. Take of Ocsypus ten ounces, Oil of Chamomel, and Orris, of each half a pound, yellow Wax two pounds, Rozin a pound, Mastich, Ammoniacum, Turpentine, of each an ounce, Spikenard two drams and an half, Saffron a dram and an half, Styrax Calamitis half an ounce, make them into a cerecloath according to art.

Culpeper.] It molifies and digests hard swellings of the liver, spleen, womb, nerves, joints, and other parts of the body, and is a great easer of pain.

#### Ceratum Santalinum.

College.] Take of red Sanders, ten

Culpeper.] It wonderfully helps hot inand an ounce and an half of Wax, make it firmities of the stomach, liver, and other parts; being but applied to them.

#### PLAISTERS.

## Emplastrum ex Ammoniaco. Or, A Plaister of Ammoniacum.

College.] Take of Ammoniacum, Bran pounds, Oil one pound and an half, Verwell sifted, of each an ounce, Ointment of digris, Litharge, Ceruss, of each three Marsh-mallows, Melilot plaister compound, Jounces, Frankincense half a pound, Roach roots of Briony, and Orris in powder, of Alum not burnt, an ounce and an half, each half an ounce, the fat of Ducks, burnt, four ounces, Opopanax, scales of Geese, and Hens, of each three drams, Brass, Galbanum, of each twelve drams, Bdellium, Galbanum, of each one dram and Aloes, Opium, Myrrh, of each half an an half, Per-Rozin, Wax, of each five ounce, Turpentine two pounds, juice of ounces, oil of Orris, Turpentine, of each Mandrakes, or else dried bark of the root, half an ounce, boil the fats and oil with six drams, Vinegar five pounds: Let the mussilage of Lin-seed, and Fenugreek seed, Litharge, Ceruss, and Oil, boil to the thickof each three ounces, to the consumption of ness of Honey, then incorporate with them the mussilage, strain it, and add the Wax, the Pitch, being melted with Bitumen in Rozin, and Turpentine, the ointment of powder; then add the rest, and boil them Marsh-mallows with the plaister of Melilot; according to art, till the vinegar be conwhen it begins to be cold, put in the sumed, and it stick not to your hands. Ammoniacum, dissolved in Vinegar, then; the Bdellium in powder, with the rest of the and beasts, eases inflammations of wounds, powders, and make it into a plaister accord- { and helps infirmities of the joints, and gouts ing to art.

Culpeper.] It softens and assuages hard swellings, and scatters the humours offending, applied to the side it softens the hardness of the spleen, assuages pains thence arising.

#### Emplastrum e Baccus Lauri.

#### Or, A Plaister of Bay-berries.

Turpentine, of each two ounces, Frankin-jeight ounces, Per-Rozin six ounces, Gum/ cense, Mastich, Myrrh, of each an ounce, Elemi, Oil of Fir, of each two ounces, white Cypress, Costus, of each half an ounce, Wine three pounds: bruise the herbs, boil Honey warmed and not scummed, four them in the Wine, then strain them, and add ounces: make it into a plaister according to the rest, and make them into a plaister acart.

Culpeper.] It is an excellent plaister to ease any pains coming of cold or wind, in the skull when it is cracked, to draw out any part of the body, whether stomach, pieces of broken bones, and cover the liver, belly, reins, or bladder. It is an bones with flesh: It draws filth from the excellent remedy for the cholic and wind in j bottom of deep ulcers, restores flesh lost, the bowels.

#### Emplastrum Barbarum Magnum.

College.] Take of dry Pitch eight pounds, yellow Wax six pounds and eight ounces, Per-Rozin five pounds and four ounces, Bitumen, Judaicum, or Munimy, four

Culpeper.] It helps the bitings of men in the beginning.

#### Emplastrum de Betonica.

#### Or, A Plaister of Betony.

College.] Take of Betony, Burnet, Agrimony, Sage, Pennyroyal, Yarrow, Comfrey the greater, Clary, of each six ounces, Frankincense, Mastich, of each three drams, Orris, round Birthwort, of each six College.] Take of Bay-berries husked, drams, white Wax, Turpentine, of each cording to art.

Culpeper.] It is a good plaister to unite cleanses, digests, and drys.

#### Emplastrum Cæsarus.

College.] Take of red Roses one ounce to art. and an half, Bistort roots, Cypress Nuts, all the Sanders, Mints, Coriander seeds, of College.] Take of the roots of Comfrey each three drams, Mastich half an ounce, the greater, Marsh-mallows, Misselto of the Hypocistis, Acacia, Dragon's blood, Earth Oak, of each two ounces, Platain, Chameof Lemnos. Bole-ammoniac, red Coral, of pitys, St. John's Wort, of each a handful, each two drams, Turpentine washed in boil them in equal parts of black Wine. Plantain water four ounces, Oil of Roses and Smith's Water till half be consumed, three ounces, white Wax twelve ounces, strain it, and add mussilage of Quince seeds Per-Rozin ten ounces, Pitch six ounces, made in Tripe water, Oil of Mastich and the juice of Plantain, Houseleek, and Or-Roses, of each four ounces, boil it to the pine, of each an ounce, the Wax, Rozin, consumption of the humidity, and having and Pitch being melted together, add the strained it, add Litharge of Gold four Turpentine and Oil, then the Hypocistis jounces, boil it to the consistence of an and Acacia dissolved in the juices, at last emplaister, then add yellow Wax four the powders, and make it into a plaister sounces, Turpentine three ounces, Colophonia according to art.

Culpeper.] It is of a fine, cool, binding, strengthening nature, excellently good to repel hot rheums or vapours that ascend Mastich, Amber, of each six drams, Boleup to the head, the hair being shaved off, and it applied to the crown.

#### Emplastrum Catagmaticum the first.

College.] Take of juice of Marsh-mallow roots six ounces, bark of Ashtree roots, and their leaves, the roots of Comfrey the greater binding and drying, the former rules will and smaller with their leaves, of each two ounces, Myrtle Berries an ounce and an half, the leaves of Willow, the tops of St. John's Wort, of each an handful and an half, having bruised them, boil them together { black Pitch one ounce, Labdanum, Turpenin red Wine, and Smith's Water, of each { two pound, till half be consumed, strain it, dung, of each half an ounce, Myrrh, Masand add Oil of Myrtles, and Roses c mpha-i tich, of each one dram and an half, Gum cine, of each one pound and an half, Goat's of Juniper, Nutmegs, of each two drams, suet eight ounces, boil it again to the con-{dissolve the Myrrh and Labdanum in a hot sumption of the decoction, strain it again, mortar, and adding the rest, make it into a and add Litharge of Gold and Silver, red plaister according to art. If you will have Lead, of each four ounces, yellow Wax one it stronger, add the powders, Euphorbium, pound, Colophonia half a pound, boil it to Pellitory of Spain, and black Pepper, of the consistance of a plaister, then add Tur- ; each two scruples. pentine two ounces, Myrrh, Frankincense,

; ed, and made into an emplaister according

### Catagmaticum the second.

six drams, Ship Pitch ten ounces, powders of Balaustines, Roses, Myrtles, Acacia, of each half an ounce, Mummy, Androsamum, ammoniac fine flowers, Frankincense, of each twelve drams, Dragon's blood two ounces: make it into a plaister according to art.

*Culpeper.*] Both this and the former are instruct you in the use.

Emplastrum Cephalicum

Or, A Cephalic Plaister.

College.] Take of Rozin two ounces, tine, flower of Beans, and Orobus, Dove's

*Culpeper.*] It is proper to strengthen the Mastich, of each half an ounce, Bole-brain, and repel such vapours as annoy it, animoniac, Earth of Lemnos, of each one and those powders being added, it dries up ounce, stir them about well till they be boil- the superfluous moisture thereof, and cases

## AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

the eyes of hot scalding vapours that annoy ; it, helps digestion, stays vomiting and putrethem. faction of the meat there.

## Emplastrum de Cerussa.

Or, A Plaister of Ceruss.

College.] Take of Ceruss in fine powder, white Wax, Sallad Oil, of each three ounces, add the Oil by degrees to the Ceruss, and boil it by continual stirring over a gentle fire, till it begin to swell, then add the Wax cut small by degrees, and boil it to its just consistence.

*Culpeper.*] It helps burns, dry scabs, and hot ulcers, and in general whatever sores abound with moisture.

#### Emplastrum ex Cicuta cum Ammoniaco.

#### Or, A Plaister of Hemlock with

Ammoniacum.

Take of the juice of Hemlock College. four ounces, Vinegar, of Squills, and Ammoniacum, of each eight ounces, dissolve the Gum in the juice and Vinegar, after a due infusion, then strain it into its just consistence according to art.

*Culpeper.*] I suppose it was invented to mitigate the extreme pains, and allay the inflammations of wounds, for which it is very good: let it not be applied to any principal part.

#### Emplastrum c crusta Panis.

Or, A Plaister of a crust of Bread.

College.] Take of Mastich, Mints, Spodium, red Coral, all the Sanders, of each one dram, Oil of Mastich and Quinces, of Fenugreek seed, Marsh-mallow roots, of each one dram and an half, a crust of Bread each one pound, old Oil three pounds: boil toasted, and three times steeped in red Rose it to the consumption of the mussilage, Vinegar, and as often dried, Labdanum, of strain it, and add Litharge of Gold in fine each two ounces, Rozin four ounces, Styrax powder, one pound and an half: boil them Calamitis half an ounce, Barley meal five with a little water over a gentle fire always drams: make them into a plaister accord-{stirring them to a just thickness. ing to art.

good plaister to strengthen the brain as any softens hardness of the liver and spleen, it is in the Dispensatory, the hair being is very gentle. shaved off, and it applied to the crown; also being applied to the stomach, it strengthens ?

#### Emplastrum e Cymino.

Or, A Plaister of Cummin.

College.] Take of Cummin-seed, Bayberries, yellow Wax, of each one pound, Per-Rozin two pounds, common Rozin three pounds, Oil of Dill half a pound: mix them, and make them into a plaister.

Culpeper.] It assuages swellings, takes away old aches coming of bruises, and applied to the belly, is an excellent remedy for the wind cholic. This I have often proved, and always with good success.

#### Emplastrum Diacalcitcos.

College. Take of Hog's grease fresh and purged from the skins two pounds, oil of Olives omphacine, Litharge of Gold beaten and sifted, of each three pounds, white Vitriol burnt and purged four ounces: let the Litharge, grease, and oil boil together with a gentle fire, with a little Plantain water, always stirring it, to the consistence of a plaister, into which (being removed from the fire) put in the Vitriol and make it into a plaister according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It is a very drying, binding plaister, profitable in green wounds to hinder putrefaction, as also in pestilential sores after they are broken, and ruptures, and also in burnings and scaldings.

#### Diachylon simple.

College.] Take of mussilage of Linseed,

It is an exceeding good Culpeper. Culpeper.] I shall commend this for a remedy for all swellings without pain, it

#### Diachylon Ireatum.

College.] Add one ounce of Orris in

powder to every pound of Diachylon sim- breaks them, and cleanses them when they ple.

#### Diachylon Magnum.

College.] Take of mussilage of Raisins, fat Figs, Mastich, Mallow-roots, Linseeds, and Fenugreek-seeds, Bird-line, the juice of Orris and Squills, of each twelve drams and an half, Œsypus or oil of Sheep's feet an ounce and an half, Oil of Orris, Chamomel, Dill, of each eight ounces, litharge of Gold in fine powder one pound, Turpentine three ounces, Per-Rozin, yellow Wax, of each two ounces, boil the oil with the mussilages and juices to the consumption of the humidity, strain the oil from the faces, and by adding the Litharge boil it to its consistence; then add the Rozin and Wax; lastly, it being removed from the fire, add the Turpentine, Œsypus and Birdlime, make of them a plaister by melting them according to art.

It dissolves hardness and in-Culpeper. flammations.

#### Diachylon magnum cum Gummi.

College.] Take of Bdellium, Sagapenum, Amoniacum, of each two ounces, dissolved in Wine, and added to the mass of Diachylon magnum : first boil the gums being dissolved, to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper] This is the best to dissolve hard swellings of all the three.

Diachylon compositum, sive Emplaistrum e Mussilaginibus.

Or, A Plaister of Mussilages.

College.] Take of mussilages of the middle bark of Elm, Marsh-mallow roots, Linseed, and Fenugreek secd, of each four ounces and an half, oil of Chamomel, Lilies, and Dill, of each an ounce and an half, Ammoniacum, Galbanum, Sagapen, Opopanax, of each half an ounce, new Wax twenty ounces, Turpentine two ounces, Saffron two drams, dissolve the Gums in Wine, and make it into a plaister according i liver, helps concoction in those parts, and to art.

are broken. It is of a most excellent ripening nature.

## Emplaistrum Diaphænicon hot.

Take of yellow Wax two ounces, Per-Rozin, Pitch, of each four ounces, Oil of Roses and Nard, of each one ounce, melt them together, and add pulp of Dates made in Wine four ounces, flesh of Quinces boiled in red Wine an ounce, then the powders following: take of Bread twice baked, steeped in Wine and dried, two ounces, Mastich an ounce, Frankincense Wormwood, red Roses, Spikenard, of each two drams and an half, Wood of Aloes, Mace, Myrrh, washed Aloes, Acacia, Troches of Gallia Moschata, and Earth of Lemnos, Calamus Aromaticus, of each one dram, Labdanum three ounces, mix them and make them into a plaister according to art.

Culpeper.] It strengthens the stomach and liver exceedingly, helps fluxes, apply it to the places grieved.

#### Diaphænicon cold.

College.] Take of Wax four ounces, Ship Pitch five ounces, Labdanum three ounces and an half, Turpentine an ounce and an half, Oil of Roses one ounce, melt these, and add pulp of Dates almost ripe, boiled austere Wine four ounces, flesh of in Quinces in like manner boiled, Bread twice baked often steeped in red Wine and dried, of each an ounce, Styrax Calamitis, Acacia, unripe Grapes, Balaustines, yellow Sanders, troches of Terra Lemnia, Myrrh, Wood of Aloes, of each half an ounce, Mastich, red Roses, of each an ounce and an half, austere Wine as much as is sufficient to dissolve the juices, make it into a plaister according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It strengthens the belly and distribution of humours, stays vomiting and

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It ripens swellings, and fluxes. MICrosoft @ Culpeper.]

### Emplastrum Divinum. Or, A Divine Plaster.

Ammoniacum three ounces and three altered. drams, Bdellium two ounces, Galbanum, Myrrh, of each ten drams, Olibanum nine [ College.] Take of Gum Elemi three thickness, then add the Wax, which being dissolved in Vinegar. melted, take it from the fire, add the Gums [ Culpeper.] 'The operation is the same dissolved in Wine and Vinegar, strain it, with Arceus Liniment. then add the Myrrh, Mastich, Frankincense, Birthwort, and Loadstone in powder, College.] Take of Lapis Calaminaris last of all the Verdigris in powder, and prepared an ounce, Litharge two ounces make it into a plaster according to art.

exceeding good against malignant ulcers, and an half, Stag's Suet two ounces, Frankit consumes corruption, engenders new incense five drams, Mastich three drams, flesh, and brings them to a scar.

## Emplastrum Epispasticum.

College.] Take of Mustard seed, Euphorbium, long Pepper, of each one dram and College.] Take of Galls, Cypress Nuts, an half, Stavesacre, Pellitory of Spain of Pomegranate Pills, Balaustines, Acacia, each two drams, Ammoniacum, Galbanum, the seeds of Plantain, Fleawort, Water-Phellium, Sagapen, of each three drams, cresses, Acorn Cups, Beans torrified, Birthwhole Cantharides five drams, Ship Pitch, wort long and round, Myrtles of each half Rozin, yellow Wax, of each six drams, an ounce. Let these be powdered, and Turpentine as much as is sufficient to make steeped in Rose Vinegar four days, then it into a plaster.

blisters in their necks for the tooth ache, or Eetrach, the roots of Osmond Royal, Fearn, for rheums in their eyes; if they please to of each an ounce, Frankincense, Myrrh, lay a plaster of this there, it will do it. Emplastrum a nostratibus, Flos Unguentorum ounces, Bole-ammoniac washed in Vinegar,

vellow Wax, Sheep's Suet, of each half a ounces, or as much as is sufficient to make pound, Olibanum four ounces, Turpentine it into a plaster according to art. two ounces and an half, Myrrh, Mastich, Culpeper.] The plaster is very binding of each an ounce, Camphire two drams, and knitting, appropriated to ruptures or white Wine half a pound, boil them into a burstens, as the title of it specifies, it plaster.

Culpeper.] I found this receipt in an old manuscript written in the year 1513. old manuscript written in the year 1513. College.] 'Take of Loadstone four ounces, the quantity of the ingredients very little

## A Plaster of Gum Elemi.

drams, Opopanax, Mastich, long Birthwort, jounces, Per Rozin, Wax, Ammoniacum, Verdigris, of each an ounce, Litharge, of each two ounces, Turpentine three common Oil, of each a pound and an half, jounces and an half, Mallaga Wine so much new Wax eight onnces: let the Litharge in as is sufficient: boil it to the consumption fine powder be boiled with the oil to a of the Wine, then add the Ammoniacum

A Plaister of Lapis Calaminaris.

ake it into a plaster according to art. *Culpeper.*] It is of a cleansing nature, pentine six drams, white Wax an ounce Myrrh two drams, Camphire a dram and an half, make it up according to art.

#### Emplastrum ad Herniam.

torrified and dried, then take of Comfrey Culpeper.] Many people use to draw the greater and lesser, Horsetail, Woad, Aloes, Mastich, Mummy, of each two Dictum. Or, Flower of Ointments. College.] Take of Rozin, Per Rozin, Ship Pitch two pounds, Turpentine six

strengthens the reins and womb, stays

abortion, it consolidates wourds, and helps } all diseases coming of cold and moisture.

#### Emplastrum Hystericum.

College. pound, Wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, Fenugreek, Bay berries husked, Marsh-Nutmegs, Barberry Kernels, Rose seeds, mallow roots, the tops of Wormwood and of each one onnce, Cinnamon, Cloves, Marjoram, of each three drams, the seeds Squinanth, Chamomel flowers, of each half of Smallage, Ammi, Cardamoms, the roots an ounce, Frankincense, Mastich, Alipta of Orris, Cypress, Spikenard, Cassia Lignea, Moschata, Gallia Moschata, Styrax Cala-jof each one dram and an half, Bdellium mitis, of each one dram, Mosch half a dram, 'five drams : beat them all into fine powder, yellow Wax one pound and an half, Tur-the pulp of twelve Figs, and incorporate pentine half a pound, Moschæleum four them with a pound and an half of Melilot ounces, Labdanum four pounds, Ship Pitch plaster simple, Turpentine an ounce and an three pounds: let the Labdanum and Tur-; half, Ammoniacum dissolved in Hemlock pentine be added to the Pitch and Wax, Vinegar, three ounces, Styrax five drams, being melted, then the Styrax, lastly the rest in powder, and sifted, that they may be made into a plaster according to art.

Culpeper.] The plaster being applied to the navel, is a means to withstand the fits of the mother in such women as are subject to them, by retaining the womb in its place.

#### Emplastrum de Mastich.

#### Or, A Plaster of Mastich.

College.] Take of Mastich three ounces. Bole-ammoniac washed in black Wine, an ounce and an half, red Roses six drams, Ivory, Myrtle Berries, red Coral, of each half an ounce, Turpentine, Colophonia, Tachamahacca, Labdanum, of each two ounces, yellow Wax half a pound, Oil of Myrtles four ounces: make it into a plaster according to art.

Culpeper.] It is a binding plaster, strengthens the stomach being applied to it, and helps such as loath their victuals, or cannot digest it, or retain it till it be digested.

#### Emplastrum de Meliloto Simplex.

Or, A Plaster of Melilot simple.

College.] Take of Rozin eight pounds, yellow Wax four pounds, Sheep's Suet two pounds: these being melted, add green Melilot cut small, five pounds: make it Oil of red Roses one pound and an half, into a plaster according to art. niv Calii - Digitized by Microsoft ®

#### Emplastrum de Meliloto compositum. Or, A Plaster of Melilot compound.

College.] Take of Melilot flowers six Take of Bistort roots one drams, Chamomel flowers, the seeds of oil of Marjoram, and Nard, of each half an ounce, or a sufficient quantity, make it into a plaster with a hot mortar and pestle, without boiling.

Culpeper.] It mollifies the hardness of the stomach, liver, spleen, bowels, and other parts of the body: it wonderfully assuages pain, and eases hypochondriac melancholy, and the rickets.

#### Emplastrum de minio compositum.

Or, A Plaster of red Lead compound. College.] Take of Oil of Roses omphacine twenty ounces, oil of Mastich two ounces, Suet of a Sheep and a Calf, of each half a pound, Litharge of Gold and Silver, red Lead, of each two ounces, a taster full of Wine: boil them by a gentle fire continually stirring it till it grow black, let the fire be hottest towards the latter end, then add Turpentine half a pound, Mastich two ounces, Gum Elemi one ounce, white Wax as much as is sufficient: boil them a little, and make them into a plaster according to art.

Culpeper.] It potently cures wounds, old malignant ulcers, and is very drying.

Emplastrum de minio Simplicius.

Or, A Plaster of red Lead simple. College.] Take of red Lead nine ounces, white Wine Vinegar six ounces, boil it into the perfect body of a plaster. It is and make them into a plaster according to prepared without Vinegar, thus: take of red Lead one pound, Oil of Roses one pound and an half, Wax half a pound, make it into a plaster according to art.

Culpeper.] It is a fine cooling healing plaster, and very drying.

#### Emplastrum Metroproptoticon.

College.] Take of Mastich one ounce and an half, Galbanum dissolved in red Wine and strained, six drams, Cypress Turpentine two drams, Cypress Nuts, Galls, of each one dram and an half, oil of Nutmegs by expression one dram, Musk two grains and an half, Pitch scraped off from old ships two drams and an half; beat the Galbanum, Pitch, Turpentine, and Mastich gently in a hot mortar and pestle, towards the end, adding the Oil of Nutniegs, then the rest in powder, last of all the Musk mixed with a little Oil of Mastich upon a marble, and by exact mixture make them into a plaster.

#### Emplastrum Nervunum.

*College.*] Take of Oil of Chamomel and Roses, of each two ounces, of Mastich, Turpentine, and Linseeds, of each an ounce and an half, Turpentine boiled four ounces, Rosemary, Bettony, Horsetail, Centaury the less, of each a handful, Earth-worms washed and cleansed in Wine three ounces, tops of St. John's Wort a handful, Mastich, Gum Elemi, Madder roots, of each ten drams, Ship-pitch, Rozin, of each an ounce and an half, Litharge of Gold and Silver, of each two ounces and an half, red Lead two ounces, Galbanum, Sagapen, Ammoniacum, of each three drams; boil the roots, herbs, and worms, in a pound and an half of Wine till half be consumed, then press them out, and boil the decoction again with the Oils, Suets, Litharge, and red Lead, to the consumption of the Wine: then add the Gums dissolved in Wine, afterwards the Turpentine, Rozin, Pitch, and Mastich, in powders i an ounce, Galbanum, Opopanax Oil of

art.

Culpeper.] It strengthens the brain and nerves, and then being applied to the back, down along the bone, it must needs add strength to the body.

#### Emplastrum Oxycroceum.

College.] Take of Saffron, Ship-pitch, Colophonia, yellow Wax, of each four ounces, Turpentine, Galbanum, Ammoniacum, Myrrh, Olibanum, Mastich, of each one ounce and three drams. Let the Pitch and Colophonia be melted together, then add the Wax, then (it being removed from the fire) the Turpentine, afterwards the Gums dissolved in Vinegar, lastly the Saffron in powder, well mixed with Vinegar. and so make it into a plaster according to art.

Culpeper. ] It is of a notable softening and discussing quality, helps broken bones, and any part molested with cold, old aches, stiffness of the limbs by reason of wounds. ulcers, fractures, or dislocations, and dissipates cold swellings.

### Emplastrum Stephaniaion.

College.] Take of Labdanum half an ounce, Styrax, Juniper Gum, of each two drams, Amber, Cypress, Turpentine, of each one dram, red Coral, Mastich, of each half a drain, the flowers of Sage, red Roses, the roots of Orris Florentine, of each one scruple, Rozin washed in Rosewater half an ounce, the Rozin, Labdanum, Juniper Gum, and Turpentine, being gently beaten in a hot mortar, with a hot pestle, syrinkling in a few drops of red Wine till they are in a body; then put in the powders, and by diligent stirring make them into an exact plaster.

#### Emplastrum Sticticum.

Take of Oil of Olives six College. ounces, yellow Wax an ounce and an half, Litharge in powder four ounces and an half, Ammoniacum, Bdellium, of each half

two drams, pure Turpentine an ounce. Let the Oil, Wax, and Litharge be boiled toge-inature, prevails against stoppings of the ther till it stick not to your fingers, then the stomach, coming of cold, hardness of the mass being removed from the fire and cooled } a little, and the Gums dissolved in white Wine Vinegar, which evaporate away by boiling, strain it strongly, then add the powders, Turpentine, and Oil of Bays, that pound, Rozin one pound, white Wax four it may be made into a plaster according to art.

*Culpeper.*] It strengthens the nerves, draws out corruption, takes away pains and aches, and restores strength to members that ! have lost it: the last is most effectual.

## Emplastrum Stomachicum Magistrale. Or, A Stomach Plaster.

College.] Take of Mints, Wormwood, Stochas, Bay leaves, of each a dram, Marjoram, red Roses, yellow Sanders, of each two drams, Calamus Aromaticus, Wood of Aloes, Lavenderflowers, Nutmegs, Cubebs, Galanga, long Pepper, Mace, of each a dram, Mastich three drams, Cloves two drams and an half, Oil of Mints an ounce and an half, Oil of Nard an ounce, Oil of Spike a dram, Rozin, Wax, of each four ounces, Labdanum three ounces, Styrax half an ounce : make it into a plaster.

Culpeper. Both this and the other of that name which you shall have by and by, strengthen the stomach exceedingly, help digestion and stay vomiting.

### Emplastrum Ceroma, or, Ceroneum. Nich. Alex.

Ship that hath been a long time at Sea, vellow Wax, of each seven drams, Saga- wort, Frankincense, Sal-ammoniac, Ammopenum six drams, Ammoniacum, Turpen-iniacum, burnt brass of each eight drams, tine, Colophonia, Saffron, of each four burnt Alum six drams, Aloes, Myrrh, Galdrams, Aloes, Olibanum, Myrrh, of each banum, of each an ounce and a half, old three drams, Styrax Calamitis, Mastich, Oil one pound, sharp Vinegar so much as Opopanax, Galbanum, Alum, the seeds of is sufficient. Let the metals be dissolved Fenugreek, of each two drams, the settlings in the sun with the Vinegar, then put in

Bays, Lapis Calaminaris, both sorts of or faces of liquid Styrax, Bdellium, of each Birthwort, Myrrh, Frankincense, of each ione dram, Litharge half a dram.

> Culpeper.] It is of a gentle emolient spleen, coldness of the liver and matrix.

#### Emplastrum Gratia Dei. Nich. Or the Grace of God.

College.] Take of Turpentine half a ounces, Mastich an ounce, fresh Betony, Vervain, and Burnet, of each one handful. Let the herbs, being bruised, be sufficiently boiled in white Wine, the liquor pressed out, in which let the Wax and Rozin be boiled to the consumption of the liquor: being taken from the fire, let the Turpentine be mixed with it; lastly the Mastich in powder, and so make of them a plaster according to art.

*Culpeper.* ] It is excellent good in wounds and green ulcers, for it keeps back inflammations, cleanses and joins wounds, fills up ulcers with flesh.

## Emplastrum de Janua, or of Betony. Nicholaus.

Take of the juice of Betony, College. Plantain, and Smallage, of each one pound, Wax, Pitch, Rozin, Turpentine, of each half a pound, boil the Wax and Rozin in the juices with a gentle fire, continually stirring them till the juice be consumed; then add the Turpentine and Pitch, continually stirring it till it be brought into the consistence of a plaster according to art.

Emplastrum Isis Epigoni. Galen.

College.] Take of yellow Wax an hun-College.] Take of Pitch scraped from a dred drams, Turpentine two hundred drams, scales of Copper, Verdigris, round Birththose things that may be melted, last of all Turpentine, last of all the Colophonia, the powders, and make them all into an i emplaster.

Culpeper. ] Galen appropriates it to the } head, and ulcers there. I know no reason but why it may as well serve for other parts of the body.

A Plaster of Mastich. Nich. Alex. College.] Take of Mastich, Ship Pitch, Sagapenum, Wax, of each six drams, Ammoniacum, Turpentine, Colophonia, Saffron, Aloes, Frankincense, Myrrh, of each three drams, Opopanax, Galbanum, Styrax, Calamitis, Alum, (Rondeletius appoints, and we for him) Bitumen, Fenugreek, of each two drams, the feces of Liquid Styrax, Bdellium, Litharge, of each half a dram : Let the Litharge, being beaten into powder, be boiled in a sufficient quantity of water; then add the pitch, which being melted, add the Wax and Ammoni-ione ounce; make them into a plaster acacum, afterwards let the Sagapenum, Opo- cording to art. panax, and Galbanum be put in ; then the [ Culpeper.] It is very good in green Styrax and Feces being mixed with the wounds and shootings.

Mastich, Frankincense, Bdellium, Alum, Myrrh, and Fenugreek in powder: let them be made into a plaster.

Culpeper.] It strengthens the stomach, and helps digestion.

Emplastrum Nigrum. August. Called in High Dutch Stichstaster.

College.] Take of Colophonia, Rozin, Ship Pitch, white Wax, roman Vitriol, Ceruss, Olibanum, Myrrh, of each eight ounces, Oil of roses seven ounces, Oil of Juniper Berries three ounces, Oil of Eggs two ounces, Oil of Spick one ounce, white Vitriol, red Coral, Mummy, of each two ounces, Earth of Lemnos, Mastich, Dragon's blood, of each one ounce, the fat of an Heron one ounce, the fat of Pimullus three ounces, Load stone prepared, two ounces, Earthworms prepared, Camphire, of each

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## A KEY

#### TO

# GALEN'S METHOD OF PHYSIC.

I SHALL desire thee, whoever thou art, are totally led astray by Tradition. that intendest the noble (though too much) these following rules; which being well un-pleased to behold it in this order. derstood, shew thee the Key of Galen and Hippocrates their method of physic: he that useth their method, and is not heedful of these rules, may soon cure one disease, and cause another more desperate.

That thou mayest understand what I intend, it is to discover in a general way of the manifest virtues of medicines.

I say of the manifest virtues, and qualities, viz. Such as are obvious to the senses, especially to the taste and smell: for it hath been the practice of most Physicians, in these latter ages as well as ours, to say, when they cannot give, nor are minded to study a reason, why an herb, plant, &c. hath such an operation, or produces such an i festly operate, either by heat, coldness, dryeffect in the body of man: It doth it by an iness, or moisture, for the world being comhidden quality, for they not minding the posed of so many qualities, they and only whole creation, as one united body, not know-; they can be found in the world, and the ing what belongs to astral influence, not regard- mixtures of them one with another. ing that excellent harmony the only wise

The general use of physic. : the whole ground and foundation of physic)

It is the manifest qualities of medicines abused) study of physic, to mind heedfully that here I am to speak to, and you may be

> SECTION. 1. Of the Temperature of Medicines. SECTION. 2. Of the appropriation of Medicines. SECTION. 3. Of the Properties of Medicines

## SECTION I.

#### Of the Temperature of Medicincs.

Herbs, plants, and other medicines mani-

But that they may appear as clear as the God hath made in a composition of con-isun when he is upon the meridian, I shall traries (in the knowledge of which consists ! treat of them severally, and in this order

**1.** Of Medicines temperate. 2. Of Medicines hot. 3. Of Medicines cold. 4. Of Medicines moist. 5. Of Medicines dry.

#### Of Medicines Temperate.

If the world be composed of extremes, then it acts by extremes, for as the man is, so is his work: therefore it is impossible ; that any medicine can be temperate, but ? may be reduced to heat, cold, dryness, or moisture, and must operate, (I mean such as operate by manifest quality) by one of these, because there is no other to operate by, and ; that there should be such a temperate mixture, so exquisitely of these qualities in any medicine may be neither weaker nor strongmedicine, that one of them should not er, than just to take away the distemper; manifestly excel the other, I doubt it is a for if the distemper be but meanly hot, and system too rare to find.

Thus then I conclude the matter to be, those Medicines are called temperate (not distemper of heat, and bring another of because they have excess of temperature cold twice as bad. Galen, de simp. med. facul. at all in them) which can neither be said, *ib. 3. cap. 12.* to heat nor cool so much as will amount to ; the first degree of excess, for daily expe-sitself, but also the part of the body disrience witnesses that they being added to tempered must be heeded; for if the head medicines, change not their qualities, they be distempered by heat, and you give such make them neither hotter nor colder.

eases where there is no manifest distemper i former. of the first qualities, viz. heat and cold, for example; In obstruction of the bowels, be diligently heeded, which antient physiwhere cold medicines might make the obstruction greater, and hot medicines cause a } fever.

In fevers of flegm, where the cause is cold and moist, and the effect hot and dry; in such, use temperate medicines which may neither encrease the fever by their heat, ? nor condensate the flegm by their coldness.

Besides, because contraries are taken away by their contraries, and every like weak, or restored when wanting. maintained by its like, they are of great use, to preserve the constitution of the body ; cines hot in the first degree, is, by their temperate, and the body itself in strength sweat and temperate heat to reduce the

and vigour, and may be used without danger, or fear of danger, by considering which part of the body is weak, and using such temperate medicines as are appropriated to that part.

## Of Medicines hot.

The care of the ancient Physicians was such that they did not labour to hide from. but impart to posterity, not only the temperature of medicines in general, but also their degrees in temperature, that so the distempered part may be brought to its temperature, and no further; for all things which are of a contrary temperature, conduce not to cure, but the strength of the contrariety must be observed, that so the you apply a medicine cold in the fourth degree, it is true, you may soon remove that

Then, secondly, Not only the distemper. medicines as cool the heart or liver, you will Their use. They are used in such dis-; bring another disease, and not cure the

> The degrees then of temperature are to cians have concluded to be four in the qualities, viz. heat and cold, of each we shall speak a word or two severally.

Of Medicines hot in the first degree.

Those are said to be hot in the first degree, which induce a moderate and natural heat to the body, and to the parts thereof; either cold by nature, or cooled by accident, by which natural heat is cherished when

Effect 1. The first effect then of medi-

body to its natural heat, as the fire doth the appropriated to, or by not heeding well the external parts in cold weather, unless the complexion of the patient, or the natural affliction of cold be so great that such mild temper of the part of the body afflicted, for medicines will not serve the turn.

Effect 2. The second effect is, the mitigation of pain arising from such a distemper, and indeed this effect hath other medicines, some that are cold, and some that are hotter than the first degree, they being rationally applied to the distemper. These medicines the Greeks call Anodyna, and shall be spoken of in their proper places. In this place let it suffice that medicines hot in the first degree, make the offending humours thin, and expel them by sweat, or insensible transpiration, and these of all others are most congruous or agreeable to the body of man, for there is no such equal temperature of heat and cold in a sound man, but heat exceeds, for we live by heat and moisture, and not by cold.

Medicines then which are hot in the first degree, are such as just correspond to the natural heat of our bodies; such as are hotter or colder, are more subject to do mischief, being administered by an unskilful hand, than these are, because of their contrariety to nature; whereas these are grateful to the body by their moderate heat.

Thirdly, These take away Effect 3. weariness, and help fevers, being outwardly applied, because they open the pores of the skin, and by their gentle heat prepare the humours, and take away those fuliginous vapours that are caused by fevers.

Discommodities.] Yet may discommodities arise by heedless giving even of these, which I would have young students in physic to be very careful in, lest they do more mischief than they are aware of, viz. It is possible by too much use of them, to consume not only what is inimical in the body, but also the substance itself, and the strength of the spirits, whence comes faintings, and sometimes death: besides, by applying grees of coldness in medicines, which I shall them to the parts of the body they are not briefly treat of in order. Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft B

the heart is hot, but the brain temperate.

Effect 4. Lastly, Medicines hot in the first degree, cherish heat in the internal parts, help concoction, breed good blood, and keep it good in temper, being bred.

Of Mcdicines hot in the second degree

These are something hotter than the natural temper of a man.

Use. Their use for such whose stomachs are filled with moisture, because their faculty is too hot and dry; they take away obstructions or stoppings, open the pores of the skin, but not in the same manner that such do as are hot in the first degree, for they do it without force, by a gentle heat, concocting, and expelling the humours, by strengthening and helping nature in the work; but these cut tough humours, and scatter them by their own force and power when nature cannot.

## Of Medicines hot in the third degree.

Those which attain the third degree of heat, have the same faculties with those before mentioned; but as they are hotter, so are they more powerful in their operations, for they are so powerful in heating and cutting, that if unadvisedly given they cause fevers. Use. Their use is to cut tough and compacted humours, to provoke sweat abundantly; hence it comes to pass they all of them resist poison.

#### Of Medicines hot in the fourth degree.

Those medicines obtain the highest degree of heat, which are so hot that they burn the body of a man, being outwardly applied to it, and cause inflammations, or raise blisters, as Crowfoot, Mustard-seed, Onions, &c. Of these more hereafter.

#### Of cooling Medicines.

Physicians have also observed four de

Of Medicines cold in the first degree. in the second or third degree, always let Those medicines which are least cold of the remedy correspond to the just proporall, obtain the first degree of coldness; and i tion of the affliction.

I beseech you take notice of this, that seeing our bodies are nourished by heat, and are moved inordinately through heat, thence we live by heat, therefore no cold medi-i follows immoderate watchings, if not decines are friendly to the body, but what privation of the senses, this also must be good they do our bodies, they do it by re-iremedied with cold medicines, for cold moving an unnatural heat, or the body stops the pores of the skin, makes the heated above it natural temper.

The giving then of cold medicines to a man in his natural temper, the season of the year also being but moderately hot, extinguishes natural heat in the body of man.

Yet have these a necessary use in them too, though not so frequent as hot medicines have; and that may be the reason why an all wise God hath furnished us with far more hot herbs and plants, &c. than cold.

Use 1. Their use is first, in nourishment, that so the heat of food may be qualified, and made for a weak stomach to digest.

Use 2. Secondly, To restrain and assuage the heat of the bowels, and to cool the blood in fevers.

Therefore if the distemper of heat be but gentle, medicines cold in the first degree will suffice; also children, and such people whose stomachs are weak, are easily hurt by cold medicines.

Of Medicines cold in the second and third degree.

" Use 1. Such whose stomachs are strong, and livers hot, may easily bear such medicines as are cold in the second degree, and in cases of extremity find much help by them : as also by such as are cold in the third degree, the extremity of the disease, considered, for by both these the unbridled heat of choler is assuaged.

Also they are outwardly applied Use 2. to hot swellings, due consideration being had, that if the inflammation be not great, i fluxes, and make such parts dry as are use those that are less; if the inflammation is slippery, they make the body and members be vehement, make use of medicines cold firm, when they are weakened by too much

Use 3. Thirdly, Sometimes the spirits humours thick, represses sweat, and keeps up the spirits from fainting.

#### Of Medicines cold in the fourth degree.

Lastly, The use of medicines cold in the fourth degree, is, To mitigate desperate and vehement pains, stupifying the senses, when no other course can be taken to save life: of the use of which more hereafter

#### Of moistening Medicines.

There can be no such difference found amongst moistening medicines, that they should surpass the second degree. For seeing all medicines are either hot or cold, neither heat nor cold, seeing they are extremes, can consist with moisture, for the one dries it up, the other condensates it.

Usc. Phylosophers therefore call moisture and dryness, passive qualities, yet have they their operation likewise; for moist medicines lenifies and make slippery, ease the cough, and help the roughness of the throat. These operations are proper to medicines moist in the first degree.

Those which are moister, take away naturally strength, help the sharpness of humours, make both blood and spirits thicker, looses the belly, and fits it for purgation.

The immoderate or indiscreet use of them dulls the body, and makes it unfit for action.

#### Of drying Medicines.

Drying medicines have contrary faculties to these, viz. To consume moisture, stop

moisture, that so they may perform their proper functions.

Yet although the members be strengthened by drying medicines, they have notwithstanding their own proper moisture in them, which ought to be conserved, and not destroyed, for without it they cannot consist: If then this moisture be consumed by using, or rather over use of drying medicines, the members can neither be nourished, nor yet perform their proper actions.

Such medicines as are dry in the third degree, being unadviscdly given, hinder the parts of the body they are appropriated to, of their nourishment, and by that means brings them into consumption.

Besides, There is a certain moisture in the body of man, which is called *radical moisture*, which being taken away, the parts must needs die, seeing natural heat and life also consists in it, and this may be done by too frequent use of medicines dry in the fourth degree : And it may be this was the reason of *Galen's* writing, that things dry in the fourth degree, must of necessity burn; which is an effect of heat, and not of dryness, unless by burning, *Galen* means consuming the radical moisture.

The use then of drying medicines, is only to such bodies, and parts of the body, as abound with moisture, in which observe these rules.

1. If the moisture be not exteme, let not the medicine be extremely drying.

2. Let it be proper to the part of the body afflicted, for if the liver be afflicted by moisture, and you go about to dry the brain or heart, you may sooner kill than cure.

Thus have we briefly spoken of the first qualities of medicines, and in the general only, and but briefly, because we shall always touch upon them in the exposition of the other qualities, in which you must always have an eye to these.

## SECTION II.

## Of the appropriation of Medicines to the several parts of the body.

That the qualities and use of these medicines may be found out, and understood by every one, and so my country reap the benefit of my labour, they shall find them presented to their view in this order. Medicines appropriated.

- 1. To the head.
- 2. To the breast and lungs
- 3. To the heart.
- 4. To the stomach.
- 5. To the liver.
- 6. To the spleen.
- 7. To the reins and bladder.
- 8. To the womb.
- 9. To the joints.

#### CHAPTER I.

Of Medicines appropriated to the head. By [head] is usually understood all that part of the body which is between the top of the crown, and the uppermost joint of the neck, yet are those medicines properly called Cephalical, which are appropriated to the brain, not to the eyes, ears, nor teeth; neither are those medicines which are proper to the ears, proper also to the eyes, therefore (my intent being to write as plain as I can) I shall subdivide this chapter into these parts.

Medicines appropriated

- 1. To the brain.
- 2. To the eyes
- 3. To the mouth, and nostrils.
- 4. To the ears.
- 5. To the teeth.

ualities, in which you must For what medicines are appropriated to eye to these. an unruly tongue, is not in my power at present to determine.

## AND ENGLISH PHYSICIAN ENLARGED.

Of Medicines appropriated to the brain. to the brain, it is requisite that we describe but how they perform this office peculiarly what the nature and affection of the brain to the brain, most physicians confess they is.

hension, judgment, and memory, the origi- by an hidden quality, either by strengthennal of sense and motion, is by nature tem-jing the brain, thereby descending it from perate, and if so, then you will grant me diseases, or by a certain antipathy between that it may easily be afflicted both by heat them and the diseases incident to the brain. and cold, and it is indeed more subject to } Lastly, For the use of Cephalics, obaffliction by either of them, than any other serve, if the brain be much afflicted, you part of the body, for if it be afflicted by cannot well strengthen it before you have heat, sense and reason, it is immoderately purged it, neither can you well purge the moved, if by cold, they languish, and are brain before you have cleansed the rest of dulled, to pass by other symptoms which the body, it is so subject to receive the invade the head, if the brain be altered vapours up to it; give cooling Cephalics from its proper temper.

Also this is peculiar to the brain, that it when it is too cold. is delighted or offended by smells, sights, Beware of using cooling medicines to and sounds, but I shall meddle no further the brain when the crisis of a disease is with these here, because they are not medi-i near: how that time may be known, I shall cines.

from the affections of the brain itself. The ease afflicting your head is, so let your brain is usually oppressed with moisture in remedy be. such afflictions ; therefore give such medicines as very gently warm, cleanse, cut, and dry: but withal, let them be such as are; to the eyes under the name of (Ocular appropriated to the head, such as physi- Medicines) I do it partly to avoid multiplicians say (by an hidden quality) strengthen the brain.

the brain, you shall find it placed in the [Ophthalmics] had not the word been trouhighest part of the body, therefore it is blesome to the reading, much more to the casily afflicted with hot vapours: this understanding of a countryman) as I even punishes a man with watching and head-inow called such medicines [Cephalics] as ache, as the former did with sottishness and were appropriated to the brain. sleepiness, in such cases use such Cephalecs as gently cool the brain.

To make Cephalecs of Narcoticks, or as are referred to the cyes themselves. stupifying medicines, is not my intent, for I am confident they are inimical both to the optick nerves which convey it to the brain and senses. Of these, and such eyes (say Doctors) do it by an hidden medicines as also purge the brain, I shall virtue, into the reason which no man can speak by and by. To return to my purpose. dive, unless they should fetch it from the

Some Cephalics purge the brain, some Before we treat of medicines appropriated heat it, some cool it, some strengthen it;

could neither comprehend by reason, nor The brain which is the seat of appre-idescribe by precepts, only thus, they do it

when the brain is too hot, and hot Cephalics

(God assisting me) instruct you hereafter, Cephalical Medicines may be found out let it suffice now, that according as the dis-

Of Medicines appropriated to the eyes.

Take such medicines as are appropriated city of words, and partly to instruct my countrymen in the terms of art belonging Again, if you consider the situation of to physic, (I would have called them

> Ocular medicines are two-fold, viz. such as are referred to the visive virtues, and such

> Such as strengthen the visive virtue or

similitude of the substance: And yet they; they are of themselves very dry, therefore say a Goat's liver conduces much to make they require medicines which dry much. one see in the night, and they give this reason, because Goats see as well in the Vehement heat, and vehement cold, are night as in the day. Yet is there no affi-inimical to the teeth, but they are most of nity in temperature nor substance between all offended by sharp and sour things, and the liver and the eyes: However Astro-the reason is, because they have neither logers know well enough that all herbs, skin nor flesh to cover them, they delight in plants, &c. that are under the dominion of such medicines as are cleansing and bindeither sun or moon, and appropriated to jing, because they are troubled with dethe head, be they hot or cold they strengthen fluxions and rheums upon every light octhe visive virtue, as Eyebright, which is hot i casion; and that's the reason the common Lunaria, or Moonwort which is cold.

As for what appertains to the constitu- teeth. tion of the eyes themselves, seeing they are exact in sense, they will not endure the least inconvenience, therefore such medicines as are outwardly applied to them (for such medicines as strengthen the visive) virtues are always given inwardly) let them neither hurt by their hardness nor gnawing quality, nor be so tough that they should } stick to them. Therefore let ocular medicines be neither in powders nor ointments, because oil itself is offensive to the eyes, and how pleasing powders are to them, you may perceive yourself by just going into the dust.

Medicines appropriated to the mouth and nose. ing.

Apply no stinking medicine to a disease in the nose, for such offend not only the lungs, we are forced to use binding medinose, but also the brain; neither administer cines, to join the ulcer, yet are not these medicines of any ill taste to a disease in the called pectorals, because binding medicines mouth, for that subverts the stomach, be-; are extreme hurtful to the breast and lungs, cause the tunicle of the mouth and of the both because they hinder one's fetching his stomach is the same: and because both breath, and also because they hinder the mouth and nostrils are ways by which the avoiding that flegm by which the breast is brain is cleansed, therefore are they in-coppressed. fected with such vices as need almost con- Such medicines are called pectorals, tinual cleansing, and let the medicines you which are of a lenifying nature. apply to them be either pleasant, or at least, not ingrateful.

## Medicines appropriated to the ears.

The ears are easily afflicted by cold, be the matter hot or cold which offendeth; because they are always open, therefore others are very cold, which are used only they require hot medicines. And because when the matter offending is sharp.

Medicines appropriated to the teeth.

use of fat and sweet things, soon rots the

## CHAPTER II.

### Of Medicines appropriated to the breast and hings.

The medicines appropriated to the breast and lungs, you shall find called all along by the name of *pectorals* that's the term Physicians give them, when you heat them talk of pectoral Syrups, pectoral rows, or pectoral Ointments.

They are divers, some of which regard the part afflicted, others the matter afflict-

But although sometimes in ulcers of the

Besides, Those which make thin matter thicker are of two sorts, viz. Some are mild and gentle, which may safely be administed.

But because such medicines as conduce; will easily grant me, that it is the property to the cure of the phthisics (which is an of cordials to administer to the heart in these ulceration of the lungs, and the disease particulars.

usually called, the consumption of the Of Cordials, some cheer the mind, some lungs,) are also reckoned in amongst pec-istrengthen the heart, and refresh the spirits toral,s it is not amiss to speak a word or thereof, being decayed. Those which cheer the mind, are not one two of them.

In the cure of this disease are three and the same; for as the heart is variously things to be regarded.

disturbed, either by anger, love, fear, hatred, 1. To cut and bring away the concreted sadness, &c. So such things as flatter blood. lovers or appease the angry, or comfort the

2. To cherish and strengthen the lungs.

S. To conglutinate the ulcer.

called cordials; for the heart, seeing it is And indeed some particular simples will placed in the middle between the brain perform all these, and physicians confess and the liver, is wrought upon by reason, as it; which shews the wonderful mystery the well as by digestion, yet these, because all-wise God hath made in the creation, they are not medicines, are beside my prethat one and the same simple should per-; sent scope.

And although it is true, that mirth, love, form two contrary operations on the same part of the body; for the more a medicine &c. are actions, or motions of the mind. cleanses, the more it conglutinates. not of the body; yet many have beer.

To conclude then, Pectoral Medicines induced to think such affections may be are such as either cut and cleanse out the wrought in the body by medicines. The heart is chiefly afflicted by too much compacted humours from the arteries of the lungs, or make thin defluxions thick, or heat, by poison, and by stinking vapours, temper those that are sharp, help the rough- and these are remedied by the second sort ness of the wind-pipe, or are generally of cordials, and indeed chiefly belong to lenitive and softening, being outwardly ap-jour present scope. plied to the breast.

According to these three afflictions, viz.

fearful, or please the hateful, may well be

1. Excessive heat.

2. Poison.

3. Melancholy vapours.

Are three kinds of remedies which succour the afflicted heart.

Such as

1. By their cooling nature mitigate the heat of fevers.

2. Resist poison.

3. Cherish the vital spirits when they languish.

All these are called Cordials.

1. Such as cool the heart in fevers, yet 1. By its heat to cherish life throughout is not every thing that cooleth cordial, for lead is colder than gold, yet is not lead cordial as gold is, some hold it cordial by

## CHAPTER III.

Of Medicines appropriated to the heart.

These are they which are generally given under the notion of Cordials; take them under that name here.

The heart is the seat of the vital spirit, the fountain of life, the original of infused heat, and of the natural affections of man.

So then these two things are proper to the heart.

the body.

2. To add vigour to the affections.

And if these be proper to the heart, you'a hidden quality, others by reason.

5 F

## THE COMPLETE HERBAL

2. Such as resist poison; there is a twofold resisting of poison.

1. By an antipathy between the medicine and poison.

the heart.

Of the first we shall speak anon, in a chapter by itself. The latter belongs to able to concoct the meat received into the this chapter, and they are such medicines, stomach, but it putrifies there. whose nature is to strengthen the heart, and fortify it against the poison, as Rue, Ange-'stomach is not able to retain the food till it lica, &c. For as the operation of the for-the digested, but either vomits it up again, mer is upon the poison, which afflicteth the or causes fluxes. heart, so the operation of the latter is upon? Such medicines then as remedy all these, the heart afflicted by the poison.

To this class may be referred all such order. medicines as strengthen the heart either by 1. Such as provoke appetite are usually. astral influence, or by likeness of substance, of a sharp or sourish taste, and yet withal if there be such a likeness in medicines, of a grateful taste to the palate, for although for a Bullock's heart is of like substance loss of appetite may proceed from divers to man's, yet I question whether it be cor- causes, as from choler in the stomach, or dial or not.

and make them lively and active, both properly called Orecticks, not stomachicals; because they are appropriated to the office, the former strengthen appetite after these and also because they drive stinking and are expelled. melancholy vapours from the heart, for as; the animal spirit be refreshed by fragrant strengthen the stomach, either by convesmells, and the natural spirits by spices, inient heat, or aromatic (viz. spicy) faculty, so are the vital spirits refreshed by all such by hidden property, or congruity of nature. medicines as keep back melancholy vapours from the heart, as Borrage, Bugloss, Rose-tis corrected by binding medicines, yet not mary, Citron Pills, the compositions of them, by all binding medicines neither, for some and many others, which this treatise will of them are adverse to the stomach, but amply furnish you with.

## CHAPTER IV.

Of Medicines appropriated to the stomach.

By stomach; I mean that ventricle which § contains the food till it be concocted into  $U_{se}$  2. Such medicines as help digestion. chyle.

are usually called stomachicals.

The infirmities usually incident to the the food come into it. stomach are three.

1. Appetite lost.

2. Digestion weakened.

3. The retentive faculty corrupted.

When the appetite is lost, the man feels 2. By a sympathy between the medicine and no hunger when his body needs nourishment.

When digestion is weakened it is not

When the retentive faculty is spoiled the

are called stomachicals. And of them in

putrefied humours or the like, yet such 3. And lastly, Such as refresh the spirits, things as purge this choler or humours, are

2. Such médicines help digestion as

3. The retentive faculty of the stomach by such binding medicines as are appropriated to the stomach.

For the use of these.

Use 1. Use not such medicines as provoke appetite before you have cleansed the stomach of what hinders it.

give them a good time before meat that so Medicines appropriated to the stomach they may pass to the bottom of the stomach, (for the digestive faculty lies there,) before

Use 3. Such as strengthen the retentive Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

faculty, give them a little before meat, if And thus much for the hver, the office of to stay fluxes; a little after meat, if to stay which is to concoct chyle, (which is a white vomiting.

## CHAPTER V.

Of Medicines appropriated to the liver.

Be pleased to take these under the name of *Hepatics*, for that is the usual name physicians give them, and these also are of three sorts.

- 1. Some the liver is delighted in.
- 2. Others strengthen it.
- 3. Others help its vices.

The palate is the seat of taste, and its office is to judge what food is agreeable to the stomach, and what not, by that is both kidneys, which is all one. the quality and quantity of food for the stomach discerned: the very same office; choly blood to itself. the meseraik veins perform to the liver.

which the liver likes not (but not often) this is that the Latins call Atru Bilis: or and therefore the meseraik veins refuse it, i else it is thick and earthly of itself, and this and that is the reason some few men fancy properly is called melancholy humour. such food as makes them sick after the; Hence then is the nature of splenical eating thereof.

sweet things, draws them greedily, and bilis, (I know not what distinct English digests them as swiftly, and that is the reason name to give it) many times causes madhoney is so soon turned into choler.

as (being appropriated to it) very gently the concoction of the blood is vitiated, bind, for seeing the office of the liver is to and dropsies many times follow. concoct, it needs some adstriction, that so Medicines then peculiar to the spleen both the heat and the humour to be con-i must needs be twofold also, some apprococted may be stayed, that so the one slip priated to Atra bilis, others to pure melannot away, nor the other he scattered.

so great a binding faculty as stomachicals do, a chapter by itself. because the passages of the stomach are; 1. Such medicines are splenical, which more open than those of the liver by which by cooling and moistening temper Atra it either takes in chyle, or sends out blood bilis: let not these medicines be too cold to the rest of the body, therefore medicines ineither, for there is no such heat in Atra that are very binding are hurtful to the bilis as there is in choler, and therefore it liver, and either cause obstructions, or hin-i needs no such excessive cooling : amongst

substance the stomach digests the food into) into blood, and distributes it, by the veins, to every part of the body, whereby the body is nourished, and decaying flesh restored.

### CHAPTER VI.

Of Medicines appropriated to the spleen.

In the breeding of blood, are three excrements most conspicuous, viz. urine, choler, and melancholy.

The proper seat of choler is in the gall.

The urine passeth down to the reins or

The spleen takes the thickest or melan-

This excrement of blood is twofold: for Sometimes such food pleases the palate either by excessive heat, it is addust, and

medicines to be found out, and by these 1. The liver is delighted exceedingly with two is the spleen usually afflicted for Atra ness, and pure melancholy causeth obstruc-2. Such medicines strengthen the liver, i tions of the bowels, and tumours, whereby

choly; but of purging either of them, I Yet do not hepatical medicines require shall omit till I come to treat of purging in

der the distribution of the blood, or both. the number of these are such as we men-

tioned amongst the cordials to repel melan- such, that they abhor all binding medicines. choly vapours from the heart, such temper because they cause stoppage of urine. and assuage the malice of Atra bilis.

by which melancholy humours are cor- very hot medicines. rected and so prepared, that they may the Because the bladder is further remote addicted to concoction, binding medicines; the part afflicted. do it harm, and not good.

3. Sometimes the spleen is not only obstructed, but also hardened by melancholy humours, and in such cases emolient medicines may be well called splenicals, not such as are taken inwardly, for they operate upon the stomach and bowels, but such as are outwardly applied to the region of the spleen.

outwardly applied to hardness of the liver, yet they differ from splenicals, because they ter by themselves. are binding, so are not splenicals.

## CHAPTER VII.

## Of Medicines appropriated to the reins and bladder.

separation between the blood and the urine; { ing of the womb upward, apply sweet things, to receive this urine thus separated from as Civet, or the like, to the place of concepthe blood, is the bladder ordained, which tion, it draws it down again; but apply is of a sufficient bigness to contain it.

about the urine, they are both usually af down to its proper place. flicted by the vices of the urine.

- 1. By stones.
- 2. By inflammation.
- 3. By thick humours.

Medicines appropriated to the reins and bladder are usually called Nephriticals, and cephalic diseases, and then are to be cure are threefold; some cool, others cut gross; by cephalic medicines. humours, and a third sort breaks the stone.

In the use of all these, take notice, that called by the name Arthritical medicines. the constitution of the reins and bladder is

Take notice, that the reins and bladder 2. Those medicines are also splenical, being subject to inflaminations endure not

more easily be evacuated : such medicines from the centre of the body than the kidnies are cutting and opening, and they differ are, therefore it requires stronger medicines from hepaticals in this that they are no than the kidnies do, lest the strength or ways binding; for the spleen being no ways the medicine be spent before it be come to

## CHAPTER VIII.

Of Medicines appropriated to the womb. These, physicians call Hystericals, and to avoid multiplicity of words, take them in this discourse under that notion.

Take notice that such medicines as provoke the menses, or stop them when they And although sometimes medicines, are flow immoderately, are properly hystericals, but shall be spoken to by and by in a chap-

> As for the nature of the womb, it seems to be much like the nature of the brain and stomach, for experience teacheth that it is delighted with sweet and aromatical medicines, and flies from their contraries.

For example: a woman being troubled The office of the reins is, to make a with the fits of the mother, which is draw stinking things to the nose, as Assafætida, or Both these parts of the body officiating the like, it expels it from it, and sends it

## CHAPTER IX.

#### Of Medicines appropriated to the joints.

The joints are usually troubled with

Medicines appropriated to the joints, are

The joints, seeing they are very nervous, Univ Calif - Digitized by Microsoft ®

require medicines which are of a heating; and drying nature, with a gentle binding, i too much fulness. and withal, such as by peculiar virtue are

them. It is true, most cephalics do so, yet; into which they flow. because the joints are more remote from the i centre, they require stronger medicines.

the method of proceeding.

the true cure is to take away the cause of a hard substance to its proper temperature. the pain, sometimes the vehemency of the Dryness and thickness of humours being pain is so great that you must be forced to the cause of hardness, emolient medicines use Anodines (for so physicians call such must of necessity be hot and moist; and medicines as ease pain) before you can although you may peradventure find some meddle with the cause, and this is usually of them dry in the second or third degrees, when the part pained is inflamed, for those yet must this dryness be tempered and medicines which take away the cause of qualified with heat and moisture, for reason pain being very hot, if there be any in- will tell you that dry medicines make hard flammation in the part pained, you must parts harder. abstain from them till the inflammation be taken away.

### SECTION III.

Of the propriety or operation of Medicines.

#### CHAPTER I.

#### Of Emolient Medicines.

ness, and moisture in simples, must of mixed with them. necessity produce variety of facultics, and operations in them, which now we come to treat of, beginning first at emolients.

What is hard, and what is soft, most men know, but few are able to express. Phylosophers define that to be hard which yields not to touching, and soft to be the Cap. 10. determines hardening medicines to contrary. An emolient, or softening medi- ; be cold and moist, and he brings some argucine is one which reduceth a hard substance ments to prove it, against which other phyto its proper temperature.

physic: physicians describe hardness to be two-fold.

1. A distention or stretching of a part by

2. Thick humours which are destitute of appropriated to them, and add strength to heat, growing hard in that part of the body

So many properties then ought emolient medicines to have, viz. To moisten what is For removing pains in the joints this is dry, to discuss what is stretched, to warm

what is congealed by cold; yet properly, Pains is either taken away or eased, for that only is said to mollify which reduceth

> Mollifying medicines are know, 1. by their taste, 2. by their feeling.

1. In taste, they are near unto sweat, but fat and oily; they are neither sharp, nor austere, nor sour, nor salt, neither do they manifest either binding, or vehement heat, or cold to be in them.

2. In feeling you can perceive no roughness, neither do they stick to your fingers like Birdlime, for they ought to penetrate the parts to be mollified, and therefore many The various mixtures of heat, cold, dry-times if occasion be, are cutting medicines

## CHAPTER II

## Of hardening Medicines.

Galen in Lib. 5. de Simple, Mcd. Facult. sicians contest.

But to leave phylosophy, and keep to I shall not here stand to quote the dispute, only take notice, that if softening medicines be hot and moist (as we shewed

even now) then hardening medicines must; being useful, that it is obnoxious to the needs be cold and dry, because they are body of man. I pass it without more words. I suppose when Galen wrote of contrary to them.

The universal course of nature will prove hardening medicines, he intended such as it, for dryness and moisture are passive make thick, and therefore amongst them he qualities, neither can extremeties consist in reckons up Fleawort, Purslain, Houseleek, moisture as you may know, if you do but and the like, which assuage the heat of the consider that dryness is not attributed to humours in swellings, and stops subtil and the air, nor water, but to the fire, and earth. sharp defluxions upon the lungs; but of

2. The thing to be congealed must needs these more anon. be moist, therefore the medicine congealing must of necessity be dry, for if cold be joined with dryness, it contracts the pores, that so the humours cannot be scattered.

Yet you must observe a difference between medicines drying, making thick, hardening, and congealing, of which dif-jing, nor that which is opposite to astrinferences, a few words will not do amiss.

draw out, or drink up the moisture, as a English name to give it, than loosening or spunge drinks up water.

2. Such medicines are said to make thick, as do not consume the moisture, but add divers ways, and ought to be loosened by as dryness to it, as you make syrups into many, for they are stretched sometimes by a thick electuary by adding powders to dryness, sometimes by cold, sometimes by them.

moisture, nor make it thick by adding dry-i together. I avoid terms of art as much as ness to it, but contract it by vehement cold, I can, because it would profit my country as water is frozen into ice.

4. Hardness differs from all these, for the in such English as they understand not. parts of the body swell, and are filled with flegmatic humours, or melancholy blood, i cians hath been various about these loosenwhich at last grows hard.

observe but these two things.

1. What it is which worketh.

2. What it worketh upon.

That which is wrought upon, is a certain medicines be referred to heat, or coldness, thickness and dryness, of humours, for if or dryness, or moisture :' but we speak not the humour were fluid as water is, it might here of the particular properties of mediproperly be said to be congealed by cold, cines, but of their joined properties, as they but not so properly hardened. Thus you heat and moisten.

## CHAPTER III.

## Of Loosening Medicines.

By loosening here, I do not mean purggency; but that which is opposite to 1. Such medicines are said to dry, which istretching: I knew not suddenly what fitter laxation, which latter is scarce English.

The members are distended or stretched

repletion or fullness, sometimes by swell-3. Such as congeal, neither draw out the ings, and sometimes by some of these joined but little, to give them the rules of physic

I confess the opinion of ancient physiing medicines. Galen's opinion was, that That you may clearly understand this, they might be referred either to moistening, or heating, or mollifying, or evacuating medicines, and therefore ought not to be referred to a chapter by themselves.

That which worketh is outwardly cold. It is likely they may, and so may all other

see cold and dryness to be the cause of Others, they question how they can be dishardening. This hardening being so far from tinguished from such as mollify, seeing such as are loosening, and such as are emolient. are both of them hot and moist.

To that, thus: stretching and loosening dened of corrupt humours. are ascribed to the moveable parts of the body, as to the muscles and their tendons, ing humour (I should have said the peccant to the ligaments and Membrana; but soft-; humour, had I written only to scholars,) is ness and hardness to such parts of the body called from the internal parts of the body as may be felt with the hand : I shall make to the superfices.

clear by a similitude, Wax is softened, being hard, but Fiddle-strings are loosened being helped forward. stretched. And if you say that the dif- 4. They are exceedingly profitable to draw

ference lying only in the parts of the body forth poison out of the body. is no true difference, then take notice, that 5. Parts of the body over cooled are such medicines which loosen, are less hot, cured by these medicines, viz. by applying and more moistening, than such as soften, them outwardly to the place, not only befor they operate most by heat, these by cause they heat, but also because they draw moisture.

ference is not much, nay, scarce sensible, destitute of them: you cannot but know between emolient and loosening medicines; that many times parts of the body fall away only I quoted this in a chapter by itself, in flesh, and their strength decays, as in not so much because some authors do, as some persons arms or legs, or the like, the because it conduceth to the increase of usual reason is, because the vital spirit knowledge in physic, for want of which, this decays in those parts, to which use such poor nation is almost spoiled.

in convulsions and cramps, and such like for they do not only cherish the parts by infirmities which cause distention or stretch-; their own proper heat, but draw the vital ing.

They are known by the very same marks; are both quickened and nourished. and tokens that emolient medicines are.

## CHAPTER IV.

#### Of drawing Medicines.

The opinion of physicians is, concerning; these, as it is concerning other medicines, i cines are hotter. viz. Some draw by a manifest quality, some by a hidden, and so (quoth they) they draw ! to themselves both humours and thorns, or ; splinters that are gotten into the flesh; however this is certain, they are all of them hot, and of thin parts; hot because the nature; medicines is almost the same with attractive, of heat is to draw off thin parts that so they ; for there are no discussive medicines but may penetrate to the humours that are to are attractive, nor scarce any attractive to be drawn out.

Their use is various, viz.

Use 1. That the bowels may be disbur-

2. Outwardly used, by them the offend-

3. By them the crisis of a disease is much

the spirits by which life and heat are The truth is, I am of opinion the dif-{cherished, to the part of the body which is

plaisters or ointments as are attractive (which The chief use of loosening medicines is is the physical term for drawing medicines) and natural spirits thither, whereby they

They are known almost by the same tokens that attenuating medicines are, seeing heat; and thinness of parts is in them both, they differ only in respect of quantity, thinness of parts being most proper to attenuating medicines, but attractive medi-

## CHAPTER V.

#### Of discussive Medicines.

The nature of discussing (or sweating) inedicine but is in some measure or other

discussing. The difference then is only a this; that discussive medicines are hotter than attractive, and therefore nothing else need be written of their nature.

Use. Their use may be known even from § their very name; for diseases that come by operation to these three last mentioned, viz repletion or fulness, are cured by evacution attenuating, drawing, and discussive medior emptying; yet neither blood nor gross cines: It is true, there is but little difference humours are to be expelled by sweating, or } between these three, some hold none at all ; insensible transpiration (as they call it) and if you will be so nice, you may oppose but the one requires blood-letting, the other them thus. And so medicines making purgation, but scrosus or thin humours and thick, correspond to attenuating medicines, filthy vapours, and such like superfluities, for such as make thin, repelling medicines are to be expelled by sweat, and be wary are opposed to such as draw, and such as in this too, for many of them work violently, { retain the humours and make them tough, and violent medicines are not rashly to be are opposite to such as discuss, some hold given.

*Cantion* 2. Besides, swellings are sometimes made so hard by sweating medicines, that afterwards they can never be cured; for what is thin being by such medicines taken away, nothing but what is perfectly hard remains: If you fear such a thing, mix emolients with them.

cussives, the humours offending (which to attractives, but also to attenuating, and physicians usually call the peccant humours) { discussing medicines. is driven to some more noble part of the body, or else it draws more than it dis- pulsives, which do not only stay influxions, cussseth; in such cases, concoct and at-; (for so do such medicines which stop and tenuate the matter offending before you go make thick) but such as drive the humours about to discuss it.

From hence may easily be gathered at other place. what time of the disease discussive medicines are to be used, viz. about the declin-i sives, so is not coldness nor making thick : ing of the disease, although in diseases } Yet such as are binding, cold and thin in arising from heat of b.ood, we sometimes j operation, are most effectual. use them in the encrease and state of them.

tokens attenuating medicines are, viz. by their burning and biting quality, they being very hot, and of thin parts, void of any tumours, head-aches, or the like. biting quality, therefore they contract not the tongue in tasting of them.

## CHAPTER VI.

#### Of repelling Medicines.

Repelling medicines are of contrary this niceness needless.

2. The sentence of authors about repulsive medicines is various.

For seeing an influxion may be caused many ways, a repulsive hath got as many definitions.

For such things as cool, bind, stop, and make thick, stay influxions, and therefore Caut. 3. Again, sometimes by using dis- repulsives are by authors opposed, not only

> But properly such things are called reflowing to, or inherit in the place, to some

> The truth is, binding is inherent to repul-

Your taste will find repulsives to be, tart, They are known by the same marks and for sharp, or austere, with a certain binding which contracts the tongue.

Use 1. Their use is manifold, as in hot

Use 2. By these in fevers are the vapours driven from the head, Vinegar of Roses is notable.

Univ Calif - Digitized Time of giving. They are most commo-

dious in the beginning and encrease of a disease, for then influxions most prevail.

But seeing that in the cure of tumours there are two scopes, 1. That that which way; for some are sweet, some salt, and flows to it may be repelled. 2. That that i some bitter. which is already in it may be discussed; repulsives are most commodiously used in a the beginning, discussives in the latter end.

this proviso, that repulsives exceed in the and eat away the flesh itself, as burnt Alum, beginning, discussives in the latter end.

*Caution* 1. If the matter offending be of a venomous quality, either abstain from repulsives altogether, or use purging first, lest the matter fly to the bowels and prove dangerous, especially if the bowels be weak.

great.

**3.** Lastly, Have a care lest by repulsives you contract the pores so much, that the matter cannot be removed by discussives.

## CHAPTER VII.

#### Of cleansing Medicines.

Cleansing medicines can neither be defined by heat, nor coldness, because some of both sorts cleanse.

A cleansing medicine, then, is of a terrene quality, which takes away the filth } things cleansing. with it, and carries it out.

Definition. Here, to avoid confusion, a tenacious substance. difference must be made between washing and cleansing.

A thing which washeth, carries away by fluxion, as a man washeth the dirt off from a thing.

A cleansing medicine by a certain roughness or nitrous quality, carries away the compacted filth with it.

ing and discussing medicines, the one makes cous in feeling. thick humours thin, and so scatters them, but a cleansing medicine takes the most other fluxes, to cause suppuration, to contenacious humour along with it, without tinue the heat, that so tumours may be any alteration.

Besides, of cleansing medicines, some arc of a gentler nature, some are more vehement

These are not known one and the same

The use of cleansing is external, as the use of purges are internal.

They are used to cleanse the sanies and In the middle you may mix them, with other filth of ulcers, yea, and to consume precipitate, &c.

When these must be used, not only the effects of the ulcers, but also the temperature of the body will tell you.

For if you see either a disease of fulness, which our physicians call [Plethora] or cor-2. Also forbear repulsives, if the pain be rupted humours which they call [Cacochyma] you must empty the body of these, viz. fulness by bleeding, and corrupt humours, or evil state of the body, by purging before you use cleansing medicines to the ulcer, else your cure will never proceed prosperously.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

#### Of Emplasters.

By Emplasters, here, I do mean things glutinative, and they are quite contrary to

They are of a far more glutinous and

They differ from things stopping because they do not stop the pores so much, as stick to them like Birdlime.

They have a certain glutinous heat, tempered both with coldness and moisture.

From these plasters take their names,

Their taste is either none at all, or not discernable whether hot or cold, but fat, This also is the difference between cleans-; insipid, or without taste, or sweet, and vis-

> Their use is to stop flowing of blood, and ripened.

Also they are mixed, with other medi-; taste, for many things grateful to the taste cines, that they may the better be brought provokes vomiting, therefore why may not into the form of an emplaster, and may the contrary be? stick the better to the members.

## CHAPTER IX.

#### Of supporting Medicines.

These have a great affinity with emolients, like to them in temperature, only emolients are somewhat hotter.

Yet is there a difference as apparent as the sun when he is upon the meridian, and the use is manifest. For,

Emolients are to make hard things soft, but what suppures, rather makes a generation than an alteration of the humour.

Natural heat is the efficient cause of suppuration, neither can it be done by any external means.

Therefore such things are said to suppure, which by a gentle heat cherish the inbred heat of man.

This is done by such medicines which are not only temperate in heat, but also by a gentle viscosity, fill up or stop the pores, that so the heat of the part affected be not? scattered.

the dissipation of the spirits, and internal cines. heat, yet they retain not the moisture as suppuring medicines properly and especially be separated nor distributed without heat. do.

like the internal heat of our bodies.

As things then very hot, are ingrateful either by biting, as Pepper, or bitterness: in suppuring medicines, no biting, no binding, no nitrous quality is perceived by the not the separation of the blood one jot, taste, (I shall give you better satisfaction yet they cleanse and purge the passages of both in this and others, by and by.)

For reason will tell a man, that such things hinder rather than help the work of nature in maturation.

Yet it follows not from hence, that all i suppuring medicines are grateful to the

The most frequent use of suppuration is, to ripen Phlegmonæ, a general term physicians give to all swellings proceeding of blood, because nature is very apt to help such cures, and physic is an art to help, not to hinder nature.

The time of use is usually in the height of the disease, when the flux is stayed, as also to ripen matter that it may be the easier purged away.

#### CHAPTER Χ.

Of Medicines provoking urine.

The causes by which urine is suppressed are many.

1. By too much drying, or sweating, it may be consumed.

2. By heat or inflammation of the reins, or passages whereby it passes from the reins, it may be stopped by compression.

Urine is the thinnest part of blood, separated from the thickest part in the reins.

If then the blood be more thick and viscous than ordinary, it cannot easily be sepa-For although such things as bind hinder; rated without cutting and cleansing medi-

This is for certain, that blood can neither

Yet amongst diureticks are some cold The heat then of suppuring medicines is things, as the four greater cold seeds, Winter-cherries, and the like.

> Although this seem a wonder, yet it may be, and doth stand with truth.

For cool diureticks, though they further the urine.

Diureticks then are of two sorts :

1. Such as conduce to the separation of the blood.

2. Such as open the urinal passages.

The former are biting (and are known by

they penetrate to the reins, and cut the unless the ulcer be very moist. gross humours there.

and cut gross humours, yet are they of a restored with the same flesh. more dry and terrene substance than is! The softer then, and tenderer the place convenient to provoke urine.

Hence then we may safely gather, that bitter things are not so moist nor penetrating, as such as bite like Pepper.

## CHAPTER XI.

## Of Medicines breeding flesh.

There are many things diligently to be observed in the cures of wounds and ulcers. which incur and hinder that the cure cannot be speedily done, nor the separated parts reduced to their natural state.

Viz. Fluxes of blood, inflammation, hardness, pain, and other things besides our present scope.

Our present scope is, to shew how the cavity of ulcers may be filled with flesh.

Such medicines are called Sarcoticks.

This, though it be the work of nature, yet it is helped forward with medicines, that the blood may be prepared, that it may the easier be turned into flesh.

These are not medicines which breed good blood, nor which correct the intemperature of the place afflicted, but which defend the blood and the ulcer itself from corruption in breeding flesh.

For nature in breeding flesh produceth two sorts of excrements, viz. scrosus humours, and purulent dross.

Those medicines then which cleanse and consume, these by drying are said to breed flesh, because by their helps nature per- fluence, and some physicians (though but forms that office.

Also take notice that these medicines are not so drying that they should consume the blood also as well as the sanies, nor so cleans- i may tame the poison the easier. ing that they should consume the flesh with the dross.

their taste) very hot and cutting, whence { Let them not then exceed the first degree

Their difference are various, according Bitter things, although they be very hot, to the part wounded, which ought to be

is, the gentler let the medicines be.

## CHAPTER XII.

## Of glutinative Medicines.

That is the true cure of an ulcer which joins the mouth of it together.

That is a glutinative medicine, which couples together by drying and binding, the sides of an ulcer before brought together. These require a greater drying faculty than the former, not only to consume what flows out, but what remains liquid in the flesh, for liquid flesh is more subject to flow abroad than stick to together.

The time of using them, any body may know without teaching, viz. when the ulcer is cleansed and filled with flesh, and such symptoms as hinder are taken away.

For many times ulcers must be kept open that the sanies, or fords that lie in them may be purged out, whereas of themselves they would heal before.

Only beware, lest by too much binding you cause pain in tender parts.

## CHAPTER XIII.

Of Medicines resisting poison.

Such medicines are called Alexiteria, and Alexipharmaca, which resist poison.

Some of these resist poison by astral infew) can give a reason for it.

These they have sorted into three ranks:

1. Such as strengthen nature, that so it

2. Such as oppose the poison by a contrary quality.

3. Such as violently thurst it out of; If thou dost but observe the nature and doors.

Such as strengthen nature against poison, instructor. either do it to the body universally, or else strengthen some particular part thereof.

the body is most afflicted by the poison, purging. suppose the stomach, liver, brain, or any other part : such as cherish and strengthen the parts afflicted. those parts, being weakened, may be said to resist poison.

Such as strengthen the spirits, strengthen all the body.

Sometimes poisons kill by their quality, and then are they to be corrected by their contraries.

They which kill by cooling are to be remedied by heating, and the contrary; they which kill by corroding, are to be cured by lenitives, such as temper their acrimony.

Those which kill by induration, or coagulation, require cutting medicines.

Also because all poisons are in motion, neither stay they in one till they have seized and oppressed the fountain of life, therefore they have invented another faculty to stay their motion, viz. terrene and emplastic.

For they judge, if the poison light upon these medicines, they embrace them round with a viscous quality.

Also they say the ways and passages are stopped by such means, to hinder their proceeding; take Terra Lemnia for one.

Truly if these reasons be good, which I leave to future time to determine, it may be done for little cost.

is to expel the poison out of the body, so offending is, what part of the body is afsoon as may be, and that is done by vomit, flicted by it, and which is the best way to or purge, or sweat.

You need not question the time, but do it as soon as may be; for there is no parly-; giving vomits, for they usually work more ing with poison.

motion of the venom, that will be thy best

In the stomach it requires vomiting, in the blood and spirits, sweating, if the body For many times one particular part of be plethoric, bleeding, if full of evil humours,

Lastly, The cure being ended, strengthen

## CHAPTER XIV.

## Of purging Medicines

Much jarring hath been amongst physicians about purging medicines, namely, whether they draw the humours to them by a hidden quality, which in plain English is, they know not how; or whether they perform their office by manifest quality, viz. by heat, dryness, coldness, or moisture : it is not my present scope to enter the lists of a dispute about the business, neither seem it such an hidden thing to me that every like should draw its like, only to make the matter as plain as I can, I subdivide this chapter into these following parts.

1. Cautions concerning purging.

2. Of the choice of purging medicines.

3. Of the time of taking them.

4. Of the correcting of them.

5. Of the manner of purging.

## Cautions concerning purging.

In this, first consider diligently, and be Some are of opinion that the safest way exceeding cautious in it too, what the matter bring it out.

Only here, by the way, first, have a care of violently, and afflict the body more than Letvomiting be the first, purging the next, purges do, therefore are not fit for weak and sweating the last. This is general. But, bodies; be sure the matter offending lie in

the tunicle of the stomach, else is a vomit able to determine, it being very well known to modern physicians, though the ancients given in vain.

than men, especially such as are either with

What medicine is appropriated to the simple which must needs consist of divers purging of such a humour, for seeing the qualities, because the creation is made up of offending matter is not alike in all, the and consists by an harmony of contraries) purging medicine ought not to be the same there is (I say) this faculty in all purges of to all. I shall speak more of this anon. that nature, that they contain in them a As also of the divers ways whereby medi-substance which is inimical both to the cines draw out or cast out humours, viz. stomach and bowels, and some are of by lenifying, cleansing, provoking nature opinion this doth good, namely, provokes to expulsion, and (which is stranger than; nature the more to expulsion; the reason the doctor's hidden quality) some purge by might be good if the foundation of it were binding, but indeed, and in truth, such as so, for by this reason nature herself should are properly called purging medicines, purge, not the medicine, and a physician which, besides these faculties, have gotten should help nature in her business and not another, by which they draw or call out hinder her. But to forbear being critical, the humours from the most remote parts of this substance which I told you was inimithe body, whether these do it by heat or by cal to the stomach, must be corrected in an hidden quality, physicians are scarce very purge.

Vomits are more dangerous for women denied it, that many cold medicines purge. There is this faculty in all the purges of child, or subject to the fits of the mother. Galen's model, (because he gives the whole

# CULPEPER'S LAST LEGACIES.

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## Select Medicinal Aphorisms and Receipts, for many diseases our fruil natures are incident to.

1. A general Caution. LET such as love their heads or brains, stomach clean. either forbear such things as are obnoxious 3. For a rheum in the Head, and the Palsy. to the brain, as Garlick, Leeks, Onions. beware of surfeiting and drunkenness.

2. To purge the Head.

which Mustard, in my opinion, is excel- boiled, raise the sick upright, and let him lent, and therefore a spoonful of Mustard receive the smell up his nose twice a day, put into the mouth, is excellent for one that; whilst it is very hot. is troubled with the lethargy : also the head is purged by sneezing; but be sure if you

would keep your brain clear, keep your

Take a red Onion, and bruise it well, and boil it in a little Verjuice, and put thereto a little clarified honey, and a great The head is purged by Gargarisms, of spoonful of good Mustard, when it is well

> 4. For a rheum in the Head. Boil Pimpernel well in Wine, and drink 5 I

a draught of the Wine in the evening, hot, but in the morning cold.

## 5. Another.

nead and mouth, and nose therewith.

6. For the falling off of the Hair.

Beat Linseeds very well, and mix them with Sallad-oil; and when you have well mixed them, anoint the head therewith, and pot with a narrow mouth, and hold the sore in three or four times using it will help you.

## 7. To purge the Head.

Chew the root of Pellitory of Spain, and chew it on both sides of thy mouth, and as the rheum falls down into thy mouth, spit it out, but retain the root there still, till you think the head is purged enough for that 15. For Polypus; or a fleshy substance growtime.

#### FOR THE EYES, AND THEIR IMPEDIMENTS.

8. For Eyes that are blasted.

Only wear a piece of black Sarcenet before thy eyes, and meddle with no medicine; only forbear wine and strong drink.

9. An excellent water to clear the Sight.

Take of Fennel, Eyebright, Roses, white, Celandine, Vervain and Rue, of each a their nostrils. handful, the liver of a Goat chopt small, infuse them well in Eyebright-water, then distil them in an alembic, and you shall have a water will clear the sight beyond comparison.

10. For a hurt in the Eye with a stroke.

Take Agrimony, and bruise it very well, and temper it with white Wine, and the ker be in the outside of the nose, spread it white of an egg: spread it pretty thick as a plaster, and apply it; if in the inside, upon a cloth, like a plaster, and apply it make a tent of a linen rag, and put it up to the outside of the eye lid, and, although the nostril. it be almost out, it will cure it.

## 11. To draw rheum back from the Eyes.

off the shell, and slit it in two, and apply it iny opinion, to keep a rag continually hot to the nape of the neck, and thou shalt moistened with it in the nose. find ease presently.

12. For the web in the Eye.

honey, of each equal proportions: mix ceive the smoke up into the nose with a funnel them together, and lay it to the web.

## FOR THE EARS, AND THEIR IMPEDIMENTS. 13. For pain in the Ears.

Drop a little oil of sweet Almonds into Stew Onions in a close pot, and bathe the the ear, and it easeth the pain instantly. (and yet oil of bitter Almonds is our doctor's common remedy.)

14. For an imposthume in the Ear.

Boil some milk, and put it into a stone ear over the pot whilst the milk is very hot, that the vapour of the milk may ascend into the ear: this is an often approved remedy to take away the pain; and break the imposthume. · · ) // C 1 9

FOR THE NOSE, AND ITS INFIRMITIES.

ing in the Nose.

Take the juice of Ivy, and make a tent with a little cotton, the which dip in the juice and put it up in the nostril.

### 16. To cleanse the Nose.

Snuff up the juice of red Beet-root; it will cleanse not only the nose, but also the head, this is a singular remedy for such as are troubled with hard congealed stuff in

## 17. For bleeding at the Nose.

Bind the arms and legs as hard as you can with a piece of tape-ribboning; that, perhaps, may call back the blood.

18. For a Canker in the Nose.

Boil strong ale till it be thick, if the Can-

## 19. Another for the Polypus.

The water of Adder's-tongue snuffed up Take an egg and roast it hard, then pull the nose, is very good: but it were better, in

#### 20. For bleeding at the Nose.

1

Take Amber and bruise into gross powder Take the gall of a hare, and clarified put it upon a chafing-dish of coals, and re-

21. Another.

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bleeding at the nose, it has been known that it hath been stopped by opening a vein in the ear.

#### OF THE MOUTH, AND ITS DISEASES.

## 22. A Caution.

Whosoever would keep their mouth, or tongue, or nose, or eyes, or ears, or teeth, from pain or infirmities, let them often use sneezing, and such gargarisms as they were instructed in a preceding chapter; for, in-; with it every morning, and afterwards rub deed, most of the infirmities, if not all, which your mouth with a Sage-leaf. infest those parts, proceed from rheum.

23. For extreme heat of the Mouth.

Take Rib-wort, and boil it in red Wine, and hold the decoction as warm in your mouth as you can endure it.

24. For a Canker in the Mouth. Wash the mouth often with Verjuice.

#### OF THE TEETH, AND THEIR MEDICINES.

#### 25. A Caution.

If you will keep your teeth from rotting, or aching, wash your mouth continually every morning with juice of Lemons, and afterwards rub your teeth either with a Sage-leaf, or else with a little Nutmeg in powder; also wash your mouth with a little fair water after meats; for the only way to keep teeth sound, and free from pain, is to keep them clean.

#### 26. To keep Teeth white.

Dip a little piece of white cloth in Vinegar of Quinces, and rub your guins with it, for it is of a gallant binding quality, and not only makes the teeth white, but also strengthens the gums, fastens the teeth, and also causeth a sweet breath.

#### 27. To fasten the Teeth.

Seethe the roots of Vervain in old Wine, and wash your teeth often with them, and it will fasten them.

#### 28. For the Tooth-ache.

Take the inner rind of an Elder-tree, and ] bruise it, and put thereto a little Pepper, and } make it into balls, and hold them between and then the head of rheum, as you were the teeth that ache.

## OF THE GUMS, AND THEIR INFIRMITIES.

29. For a Scurvy in the gums.

Take Cloves, and boil them in Rosewater, then dry them, and beat them to powder, and rub the gums with the powder, and drink the decoction in the morning fasting an hour after it. Use red Rosewater, for that is the best.

30. For rotting and consuming of the gums Take Sage-water, and wash your mouth

#### OF THE FACE, AND ITS INFIRMITIES.

## 31. The cause. . . . . .

It is palpable, that the cause of redness and breaking out of the face, is a venomous matter, or filthy vapours ascending from the stomach towards the head; where meeting with a rheum or flegm thence descending, mix with it, and break out in the face. Therefore let the first intention of cure be to cleanse the stomach.

#### 32. Caution negative.

Let such as are troubled with red faces. abstain from salt meats, salt fish and herrings, drinking of strong beer, strong waters or Wine, Garlick, Onions, and Mustard.

## 33. For a face full of red pimples.

Dissolve Camphire in Vinegar, and mix it, and the Vinegar with Celandine-water, and wash the face with it: this cured a maid in twenty days, that had been troubled with the infirmity half so many years' 34. To take away the marks of the small pox. Take the juice of Fennel, heat it lukewarm, and when the small Pox are well scabbed, anoint the face with it divers times in a day, three or four days together.

### OF THE THROAT, AND ITS INFIRMITIES. 35. A caution.

Diseases in the throat, most commonly proceed of rheum descending from the head upon the trachea arteria, or wind-pipe; in such cases there is many times no other cure than first to purge the body of flegm. taught in the first chapter.

#### 36. For hoarseness.

Take of sugar so much as will fill a comtimes together.

#### 37. Another.

medicine as before, only use Oil of sweet hot Almonds, or for want of it, the best Salledoil instead of spirit of Wine.

#### 38. Another.

Take Penny-royal, and see the it in running water, and drink a good draught of the decoction at night going to bed, with a little sugar in it.

#### 39. For the Quinsey.

Take notice that bleeding is good in all inflammations, therefore in this.

It were very convenient that a syrup, and an ointment of Orpine were always ready in the house for such occasions; for I know no better remedy for the Quinsey, than to drink the one, and anoint the throat with the other.

#### OF WOMEN'S BREASTS, THEIR INFIRMITIES AND CURES.

#### 40. For sore Breasts.

Take a handful of Figs, and stamp them well till the kernels are broken, then temper them with a little fresh grease, and apply them to the breast as hot as the patient can endure; it will presently take away the anguish, and if the breast will break, it will break it, else it will cure it without breaking.

41. An inward medicine for a sore Breast.

Let her drink either the juice or decoction of Vervain: it were fit that syrup were made of it to keep all the year.

## OF THE STOMACH, AND ITS INFIRMITIES.

#### 42. A caution.

from surfeiting.

#### 43. Another.

Let such as have weak stomachs, avoid mon taster, then put so much rectified spirit all sweet things, as honey, sugar, and the of Wine to it as will just wet it, eat this up like; milk, cheese and all fat meats: let at night going to bed, use this three or four thim not eat till he is hungry, nor drink before he is dry; let him avoid anger, sadness,

much travel, and all fryed meats: let him If the body be feverish, use the former not vomit by any means, nor eat when he is

44. For moisture of the Stomach.

Take a drachm of Galanga, in powder, every morning in a draught of that Wine you like best.

#### 45. For heat of the Stomach.

Swallow four or five grains of Mastich every night going to bed.

OF THE LIVER, AND ITS INFIRMITIES.

#### 46. A caution.

If the liver be too hot, it usually proceeds from too much blood, and is known by redness of urine, the pulse is swift, the veins great and full, the spittle, mouth, and tongue, seem sweeter than they used to be: the cure is letting blood in the right arm.

47. To cause the Liver well to digest

Take Oil of Wormwood, and so much Mastich in powder as will make it into a poultice, lay it warm to your right side.

#### 48. A caution.

If the liver be stopped, the face will swell, and you shall be as sure to have a pain in your right side, as though you had it there already.

## 49. For stoppage of the Liver.

Use Garden-thyme in all your drinks and broaths, it will prevent stoppages before they come, and cure them after they are come.

## 50. For the liver.

The liver of a Hare dryed, and beaten Infirmities of the stomach usually proceed into powder, cures all the diseases of the liver of man

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AND

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