## SECTION VIII (Contd)

- a. Place all switches on the power supply section to the OFF position.
- b. Place the power supply section as close as possible to the RF section of the transmitter.
- c. Insert the VFO output cable into power and RF section sockets labeled VFO. They are located on the rear apron of each of the two chassis.
- d. Insert the 6-prong power plug from the power supply section into the socket on the RF section labeled POWER.
- e. Place the power supply section FILAMENT switch to the ON position.
- f. Place the EXCITER switch to the VFO TUNE position.
- g. Place the VFO BANDSWITCH and the RF section EXCITER BANDSWITCH to the 80 M position, the frequency to approximately 3.8 MC.
- h. Adjust the slug of coil L-10 (refer to Figure 2 for location) for maximum drive to the oscillator stage of the transmitter as determined by the maximum amount of oscillator plate current dip.
- i. Place the VFO BANDSWITCH and the RF section EXCITER BANDSWITCH to the 15 M position, the frequency to approximately 21.3 MC.
- j. Adjust the slug of coil L-9 (refer to Figure 2 for location) for maximum drive to the oscillator stage as in step h.

VFO alignment and peaking is now completed and the transmitter may be reassembled for normal operation.

## SECTION IX

## TYPICAL VOLTAGE READINGS.

The voltage readings given in TABLE IV are typical for the conditions as set forth. Some allowance must be given if the meter used is not a 20,000/ohm per volt meter.

## WARNING

Use extreme caution when taking voltage readings. High voltages, dangerous to life, are involved.

500-C