SERVICE HINTS

The proper operating voltages are found on the circuit diagram, Figure 29. The proper resistances are found in the resistance chart on page 38.

Never measure resistances with the receiver turned on.

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SERVICE PROCEDURE
Receiver dead	Defective tube(s)	Replace defective tubes.
	Tubes in wrong sockets or not seated	
	Line cord not in AC outlet	visuat inspection.
	Fuse open	Check fuse. Look for power supply shorts.
	Phone jack miswired	
	No B+ voltage	
	OFF-STBY-RCV-CAL switch open or miswired	:
	R-1 open	Check voltages and resis- tances. Check wiring for
·	R-2 open or miswired	
	Speaker (or headphones) defective	
	S-4 miswired /	
:	Oscillator not working	Check wafer A-B on BAND switch, and associated coils. Test 6BH8.
Poor sensitivity on one band only	Terminals of Bandswitch or colls poorly soldered	See page 14. Resolder terminals.
Poor sensitivity on all bands	RF GAIN control turned too low	Check control setting.
	Low B+ voltages	Check C-54.
	Defective tubes	Check tubes, especially 6BZ6, 6BH8, 6AZ8, 6X4.
	If stages misaligned	Realign. See page 27.
	RF and mixer stages mis- aligned	Realign. See page 29.
	Improper setting of Q- Multiplier controls	See page 29.
Output distorts on strong AM signals when receiver is in AVC modified	AVC line is grounded	Check S-3 wiring, C-46. C-59 and C-60. Test 6BC7.
The second second	Distortion on strong local stations	Turn down RF GAIN.

Receiver oscillates ("motorboats")	Tube shields not seated against ground clips	Reseat all shields.
es bri	ne a manual am abitalahan A	
	the lead from pin 9 of 6BH8	Check solder connections.
	IF circuits regenerative	Check C-30 and C-35.
	RF and mixer circuits regenerative	Nut loose on spade lug in hole K of RF printed circuit board. See Figure 23.
	RF shield plate not prop- erly soldered to C-1	Check solder joint.
	QX SELECTIVITY control set too high	Readjust QX SELECTIVITY.
Hum	C-49 positioned wrong	Position correctly.
	Open filter capacitor	C-54 defective.
	Shorted tube	Test tubes.
	Short circult which draws excessive current	Look for wrong connections and uninsulated wires shorting.
	Bad ground to the printed circuit boards	Check solder connections of yellow wire from hole 33 on IF board to ground.
Beat frequency oscillator does not function	Bad 6AW8A	Replace tube.
	S-3, L-15, C-38, or C-39 open, shorted, or miswired	Check voltages, resistance, and wiring.
	L-15 not properly adjusted	Readjust L-15.
Receiver High-Frequency oscillator unstable	Low B+ (OB2 not "firing")	OR2 should glow blue. Measure the voltages.
	Defective 6BH8	Replace 6BH8 tube.
Adjustment of C-12 or C-16 doesn't affect alignment	Trimmers miswired	Recheck C-12 or C-16 wiring.
	Terminals shorted or not soldered on waters A. B.	Check soldering of S-1 terminals.
	C of the of switch 9-1.	Check for shorts on foil side of S-1.
Q-Multiplier not operating	Defective 12AX7	Replace 12AX7 tube.
Does not peak	L-14 improperly adjusted	Readjust L-14.
Does not null	R-25 improperly adjusted	Readjust R-25.