Wind the loading cord about 1-1/2 turns clockwise on the pulley that is attached to the 52-tooth gear on shaft E. Do not move gears while doing this. Hook spring onto both halves of the loading cord. Insert shaft B into hole on rear plate, but do not yet engage the 48-tooth gear with the detent gear. While holding the 52-tooth gear and shaft E assembly, and the detent gear at their respective scribe marks, rotate shaft B counterclockwise until loading spring stretches to the length measured before disassembly. Engage 48-tooth gear with detent gear while maintaining tension on the loading spring.

- (h) Replace the 72-tooth gear and 50-tooth sun gear assembly and shim washer, item W, while holding 85-tooth spider gear so that the scribe mark on it is horizontal (parallel with the top and bottom edges of the gear panels). Keep all other gears set at the scribe marks.
- (i) Reassemble overtravel disk with the 144-tooth overtravel gear. Detent the two together with detent ball. Use AN-G-25 grease to hold ball in place.
- (j) Replace overtravel assembly, lining up mark on overtravel gear with notch on Geneva detent spring.
- (k) Replace 85-tooth gear, shaft G, and 16-tooth gear assembly, lining up arcuate scribe mark with circumference of overtravel gear. (This mark will later line up with the Geneva wheel, but at present it is concentric with the overtravel gear.) Make sure that alignment described in step (h) is maintained.
- (1) Replace Geneva wheel and 33-tooth gear assembly and shim washer, item D. Be sure Geneva drive pin is engaged with slot in the Geneva wheel while the Geneva wheel detent is engaged, and that the arcuate scribe mark on the 85-tooth drive geartooth drive gear lines up with the circumference of the Geneva wheel.
- (m) Replace 99-tooth gear and shaft I assembly, and washer, item G. Position is not critical.
- (n) Lay the 90-tooth stop-piu gear in position with the scribe mark horizontal across the top. and collinear with scribe mark on the 85-tooth spider gear (parallel to the top and bottom edges of the gear panels.)

- (o) Replace front gear panel as follows: While sliding the panel into position, slide the 90-tooth stop-pin gear on its shaft which is attached to the front panel, being careful to keep scribe mark lined up with the mark on the 85-tooth spider gear. Also keep arcuate mark on the 85-tooth Geneva drive gear lined up with the circumference of the Geneva wheel. Further, keep the mark on the 144-tooth overtravel coupler gear lined up with notch in the Geneva wheel detent. Replace screws in front gear panel.
- (p) Check operation of the BAND CHANGE gear. If the gear box has been removed from the receiver, make the check while holding the gear box in a horizontal plane with the front gear panel facing down, so that the 90-tooth stop-pin gear will not fall off during the check. If the gear box has not been removed from the receiver, replace the retaining ring on the 90-tooth stop-pin gear shaft before making the check. Then, in either case, proceed as follows:
- (1) Shaft G should now be against the clockwise stop, and should detent when turned counterclockwise approximately 45°. The ball on shaft C will now detent shaft G every 180°.
- (2) When shaft G is turned counterclockwise 7-1/2 revolutions, or 15 detent positions from the first detent position, the pin in the 144-tooth gear on shaft II (figure 5-4), and the radial pin on the overtravel disk rotate clockwise until the radial pin just touches or is about to touch the pin in the rear gear panel. Further rotation of shaft G causes the pin in the gear to leave the radial pin that was stopped by the pin in the rear gear panel. Thus the overtravel coupler output shaft, which drives r-f switches S101 through S107 (figure 4-2), rotates 300° for the first 16 detent positions of shaft G and remains at that setting for further counterclockwise rotation of shaft G.
- (3) Shaft G should rotate 14 more detent positions or 7 revolutions from the sixteenth detent position, and should hit the counterclockwise stop approximately 45° past the thirtieth detent position. If the stop pins intersect before this, adjust them by changing phase relations of the gears at points 1, 2, and 3, shown in figure 5-4. Before deciding to change the relative positions of these gears, double check the conditions in steps (1), (2) and (3). If instructions in paragraphs 5, 6, 2, and 5, 6, 3, were followed precisely, operation of the BAND CHANGE